EXTENDING COVERAGE FOR EXOTIC HIGGS DECAYS

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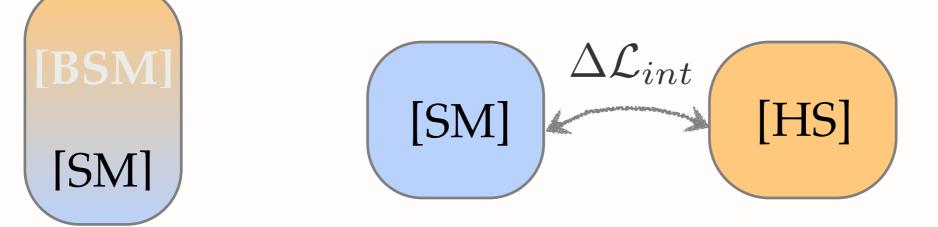
Princeton Center for Theoretical Science Triggering on New Physics at the HL-LHC January 17, 2018

- First thing you do with any new particle: does it do anything unexpected?
- Higgs decays are an especially attractive place to look for new, on-shell BSM states:
 - |*H*|² one of leading places in SM where SM singlets can couple: easy for NP to talk to the Higgs
 - 125 GeV Higgs has accidentally small SM width: even small couplings to NP can substantially distort branching ratios
- HL-LHC: phenomenal data set, ~10⁸ Higgs bosons

- Motivations for new physics at the weak scale:
 - co-responsible for generating it
 - stabilize it
 - thermal dark matter
 - ...why not?

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These motivations apply horizontally as well as vertically



- Extended Higgs sectors: SM + s, MSSM + S, composite models, ...
 - simplest realization of Higgs portal coupling: $|S|^2 |H|^2$
 - NMSSM: dynamically generate μ, relax phenomenological constraints on V(H), neutralino dark matter
 - electroweak phase transition: baryogenesis, cosmological history of the SM

Naturalness

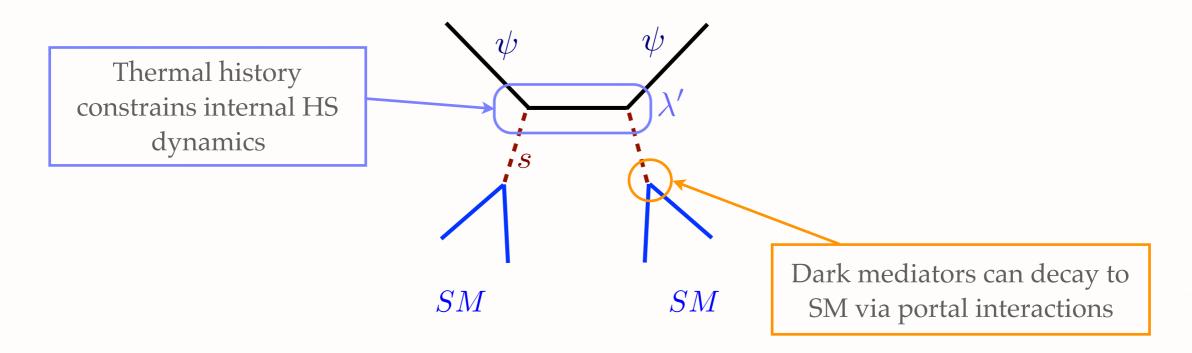
• Twin Higgs and related models:

- weak-scale states needed for naturalness can be SM singlets
 - Higgs portal interactions by construction; also possibly hypercharge

[Chacko, Goh, Harnik; Craig, Howe; Craig, Knapen, Longhi; ...]

Dark matter:

- First work on exotic Higgs decay: $h \rightarrow \text{dark matter}$
- "WIMP miracle": a statement about cold dark matter freezing out via perturbative interactions
- Hidden sector freezeout:



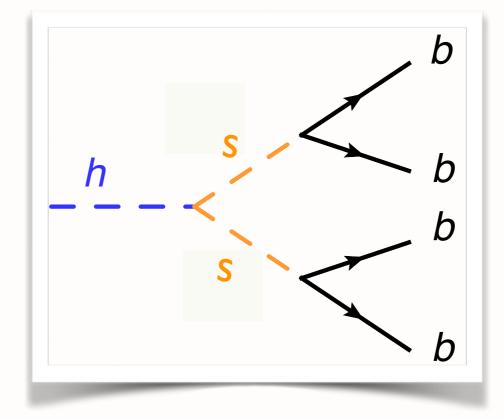
[Suzuki, Shrock; Pospelov, Ritz, Voloshin; Martin, JS, Unwin; Evans, Gori, JS]

• Why not?

- Hidden sectors are a generic ingredient in UV theories: e.g., SUSYbreaking
- Generic signatures of new physics may be light, weakly coupled states just as well as heavier, SM-charged states
- Characterize signatures by leading operators mediating SM-HS interactions
 - Higgs portal: unique possibilities at LHC: direct Higgs production, small SM width

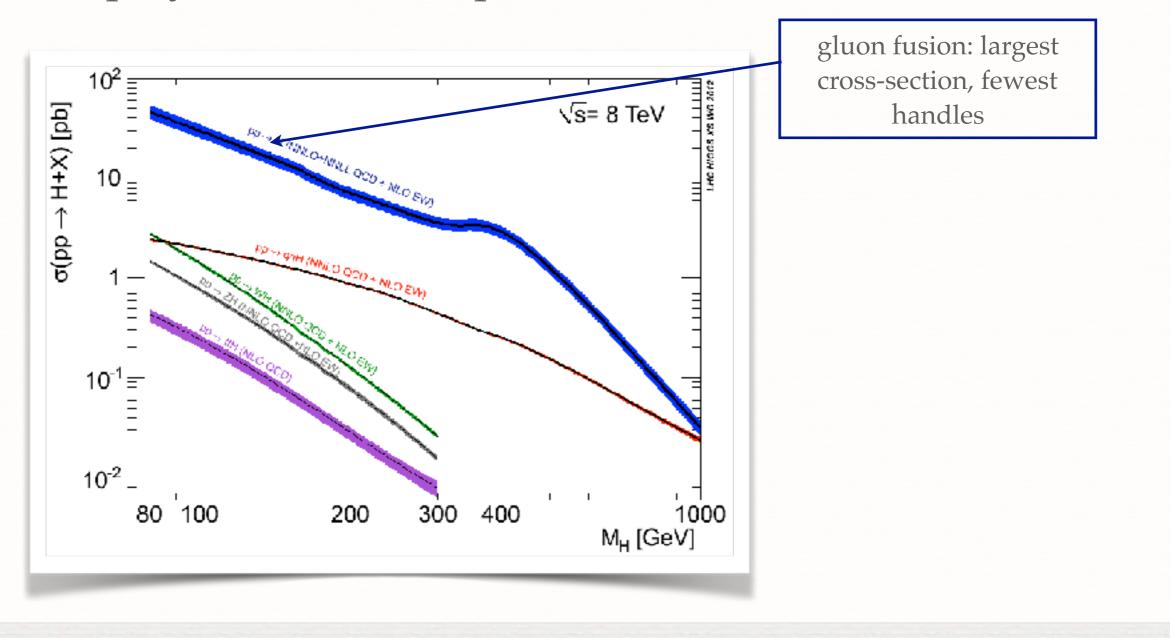
Example: $h \rightarrow 4b$

• Generic prediction of Higgs-portal (pseudo-)scalars: $h \rightarrow ss(aa) \rightarrow 4b$

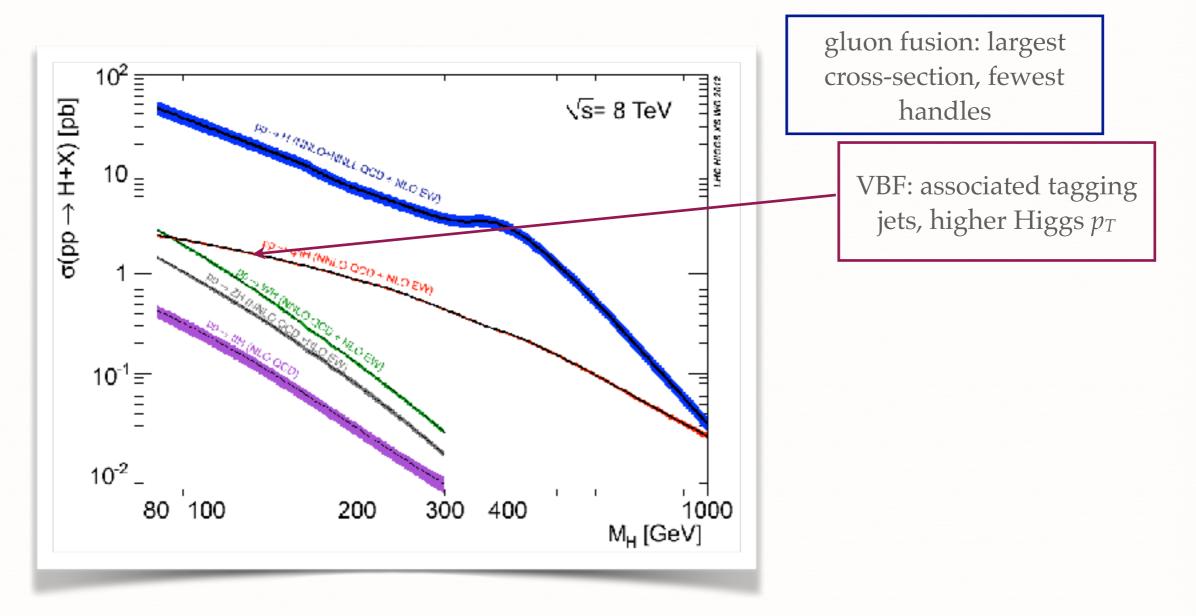


• characterized by two quantities: m_{s} , Br $(h \rightarrow ss)$

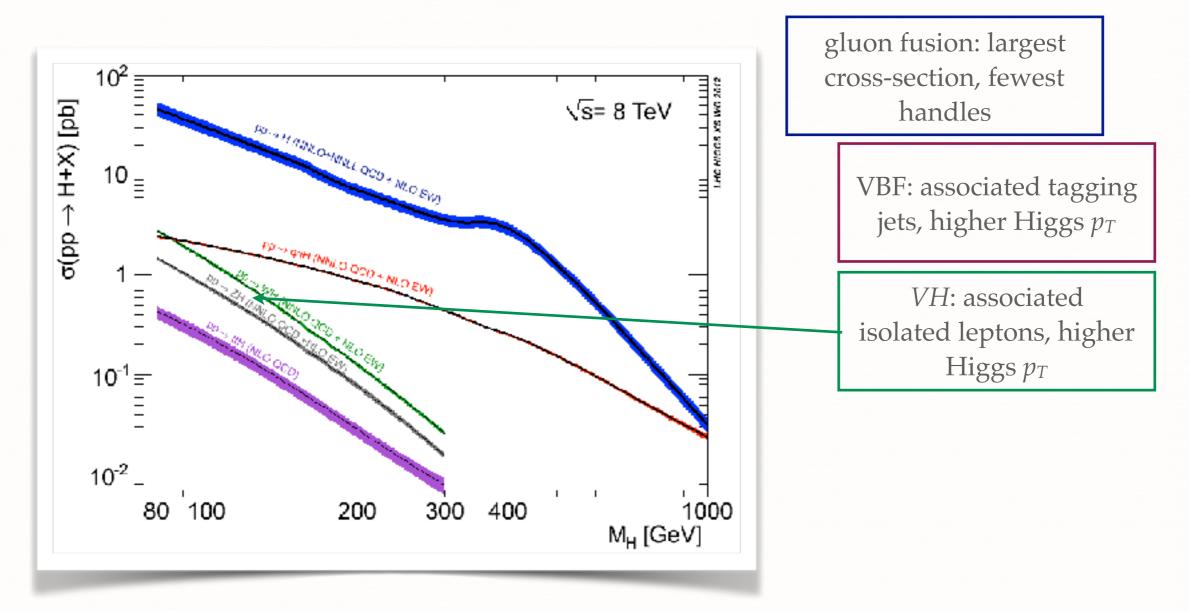
Unique feature of Higgs as portal to new physics at LHC: interplay of associated production modes



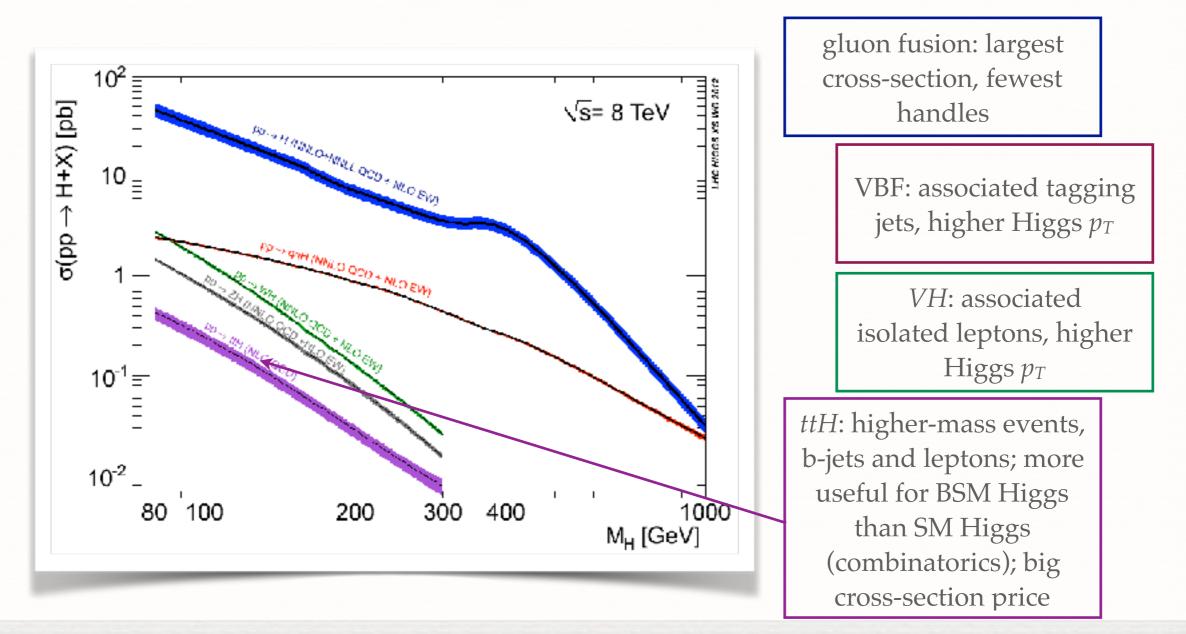
Unique feature of Higgs as portal to new physics at LHC: interplay of associated production modes



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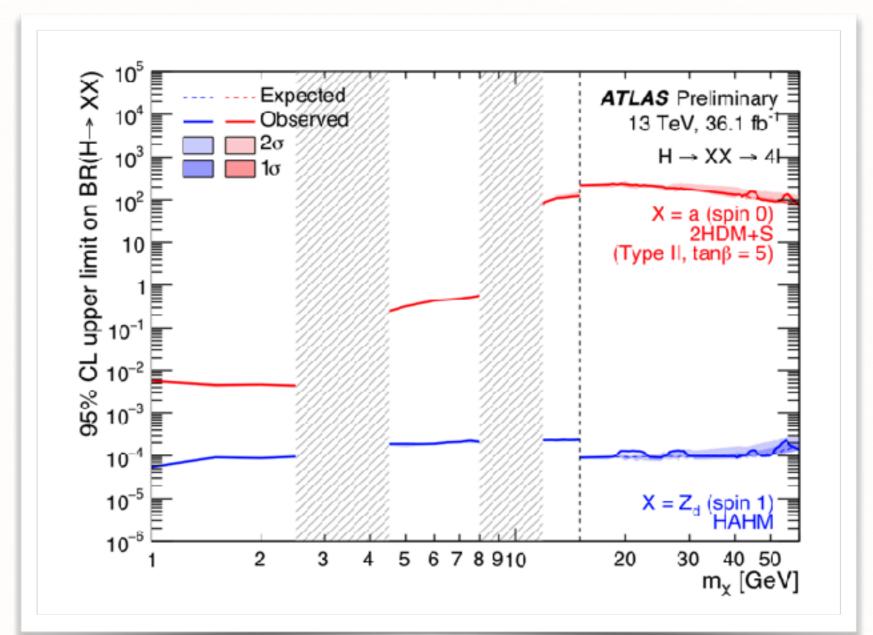


 Unique feature of Higgs as portal to new physics at LHC: interplay of associated production modes



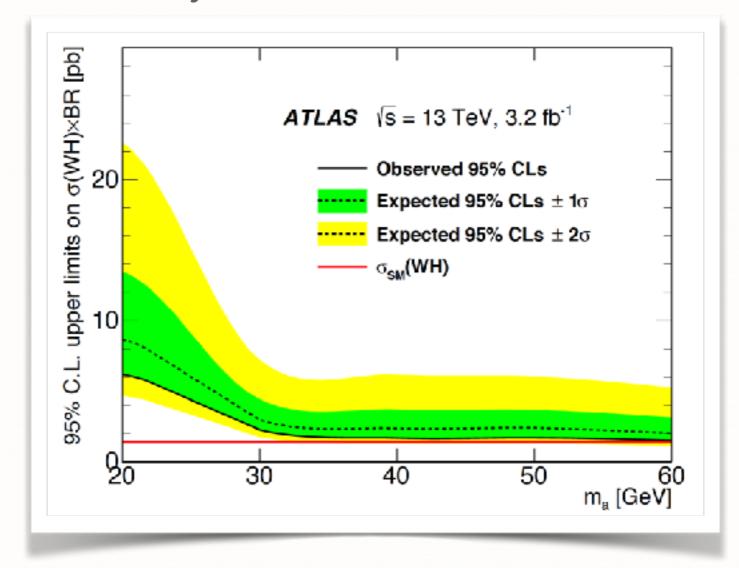
Exotic Higgs decays at the LHC

Clean signals can access big ggF cross-section:



Exotic Higgs decays at the LHC

• Much less sensitivity to $h \rightarrow 4b$:



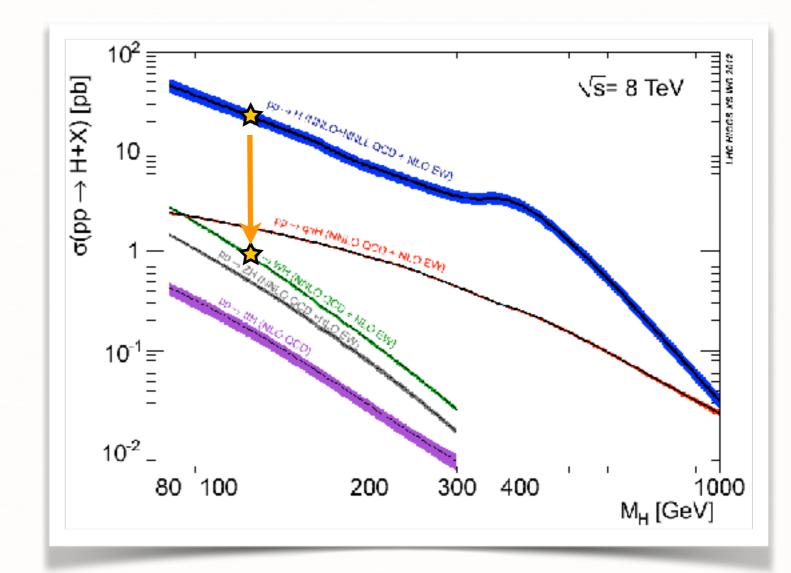
and if some particles are invisible, even more challenges

Exotic Higgs decays at the LHC

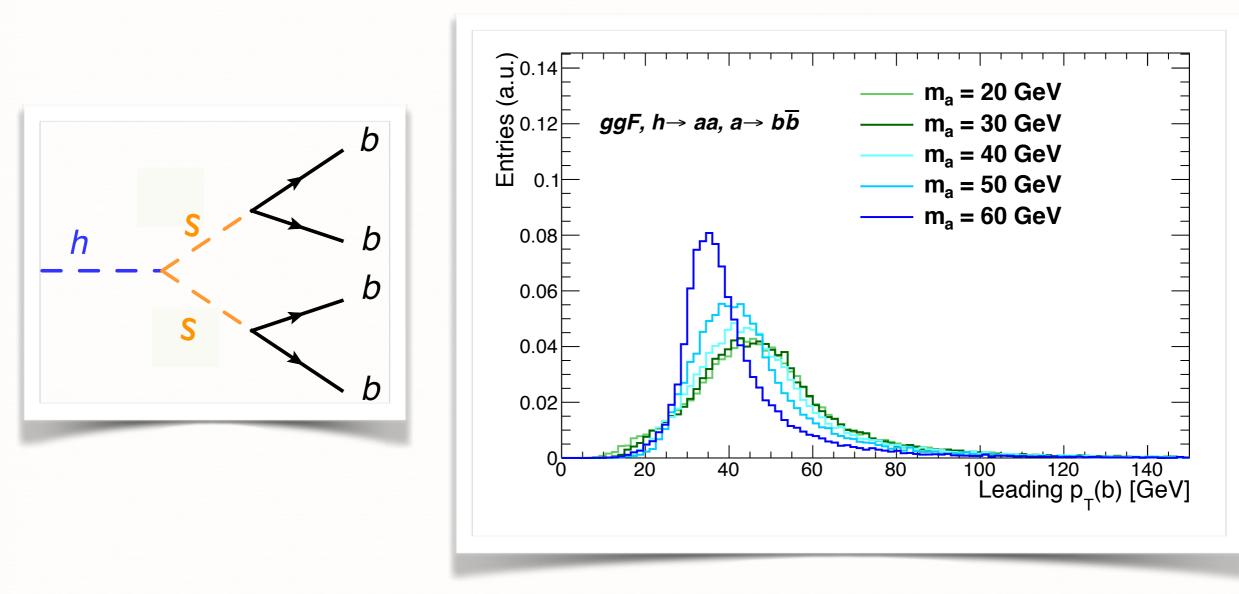
Problem starts at the trigger

h a b b b b

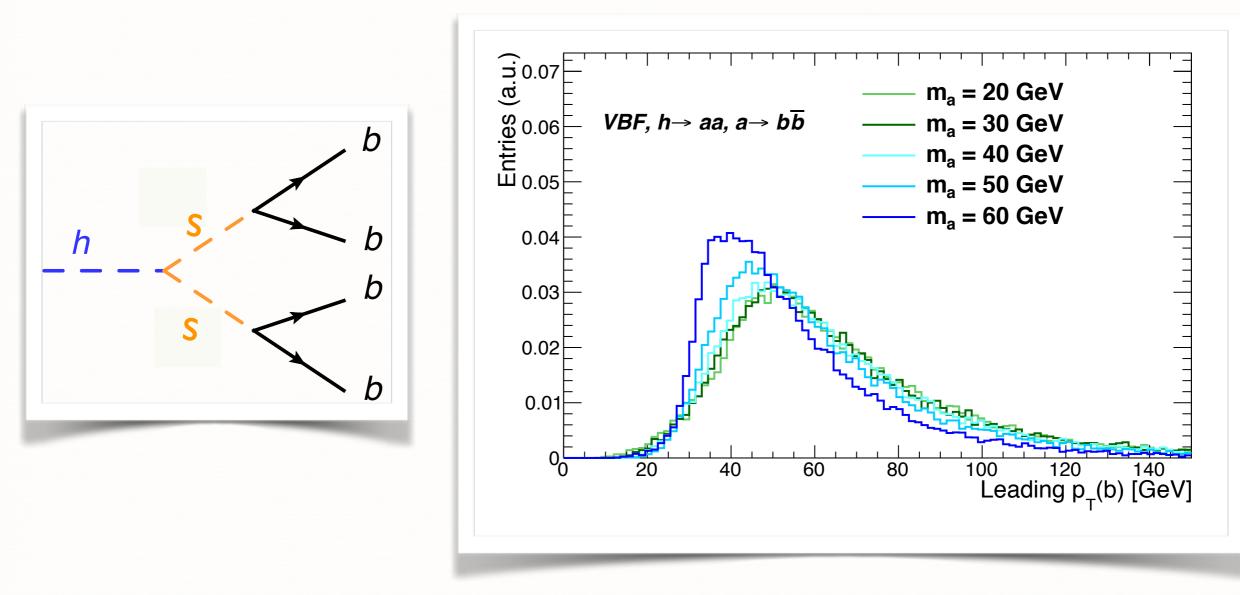
Lepton trigger: lose two orders of magnitude right out of the gate



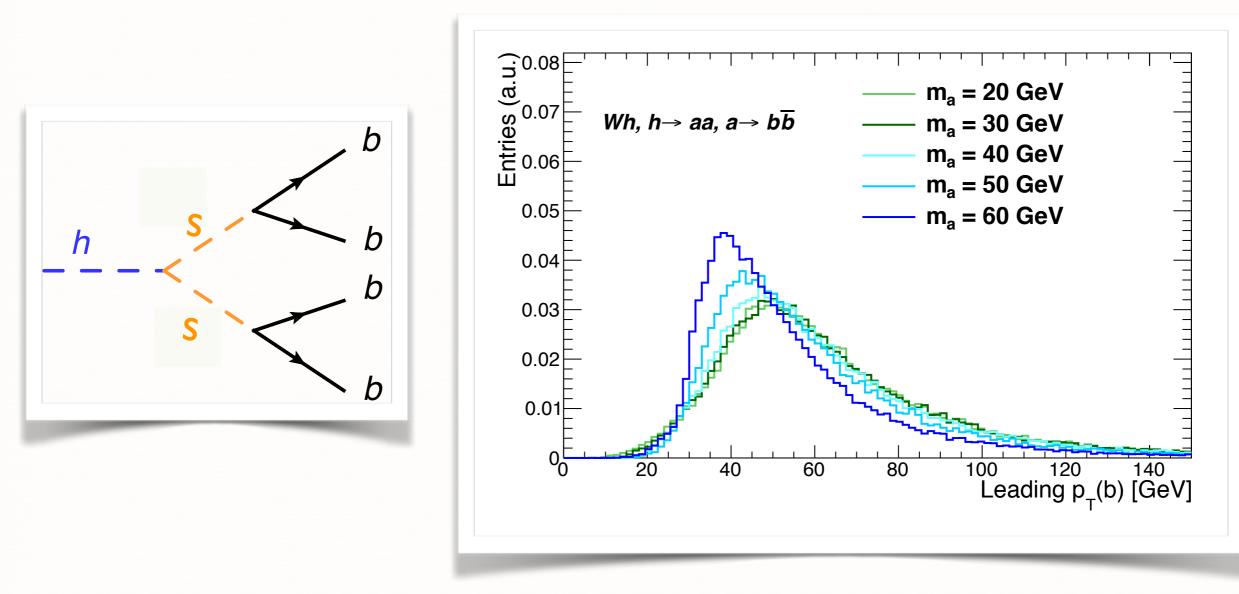
 Multi-body decay modes make kinematic challenge harder:



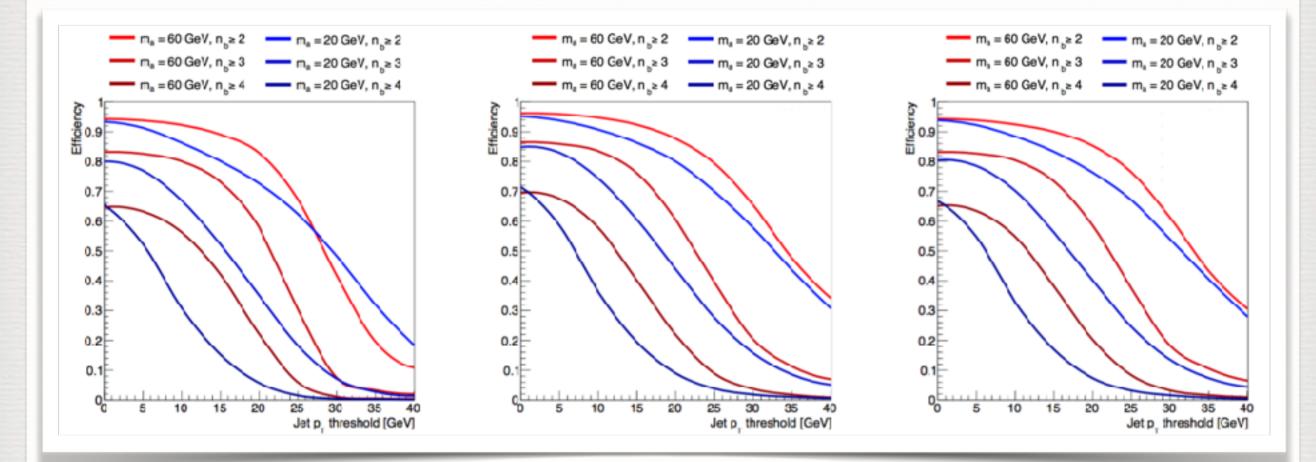
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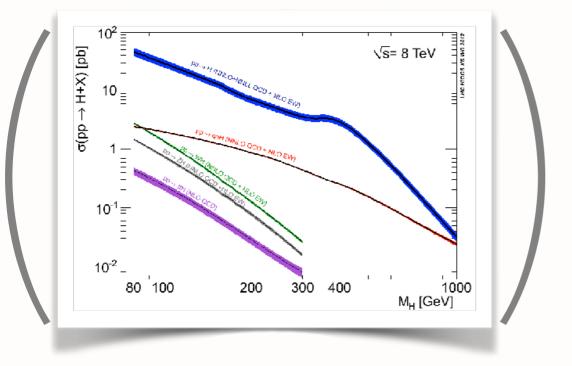
Signal loss from *p_T* threshholds:

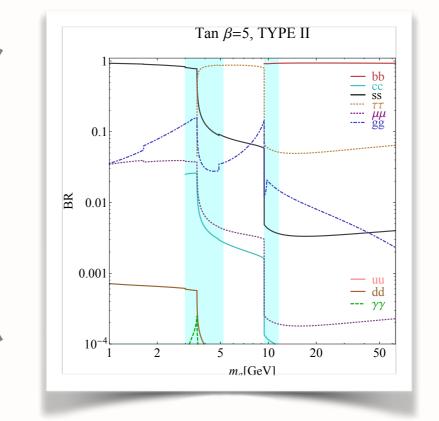


Extending reach

• Extend sensitivity to $h \rightarrow aa(ss)$ with other final states: new trigger strategies

X



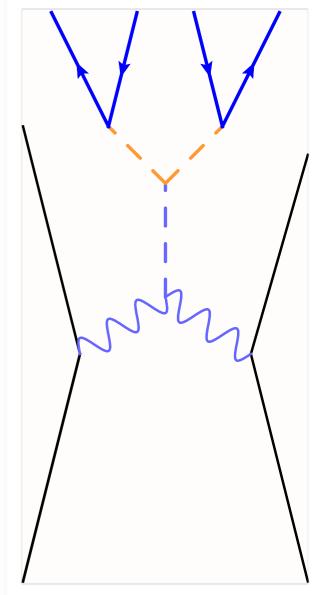


Combination triggers?

Extending reach

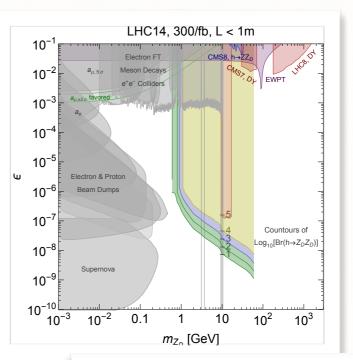
• $h \rightarrow bb\tau\tau?$

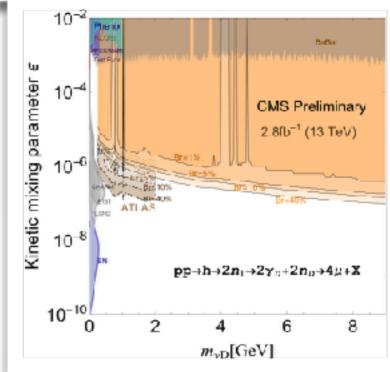
- Estimating QCD fake rates for low-mass di-tau a challenge for theorists
- VBF + soft lepton trigger?
 - also useful for electroweak SUSY
 - Not obviously slam-dunk: a lot depends on threshholds. Kinematic study needed
 - Multilepton triggers alternate possibility



Displaced decays

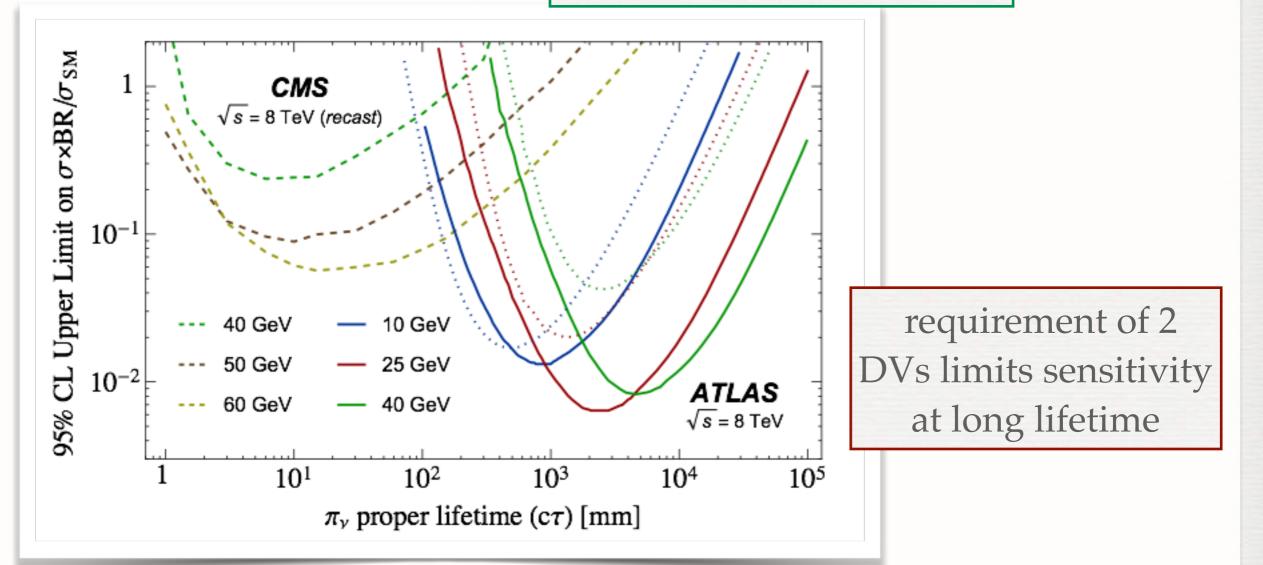
- New physics may easily be longlived!
 - If Higgs is decaying into a multi-state hidden sector, generic possibility
- Major advantage: inherently lowbackground, striking signals
- Major challenge: triggering
 - Again, major obstacle is low mass scale of Higgs events





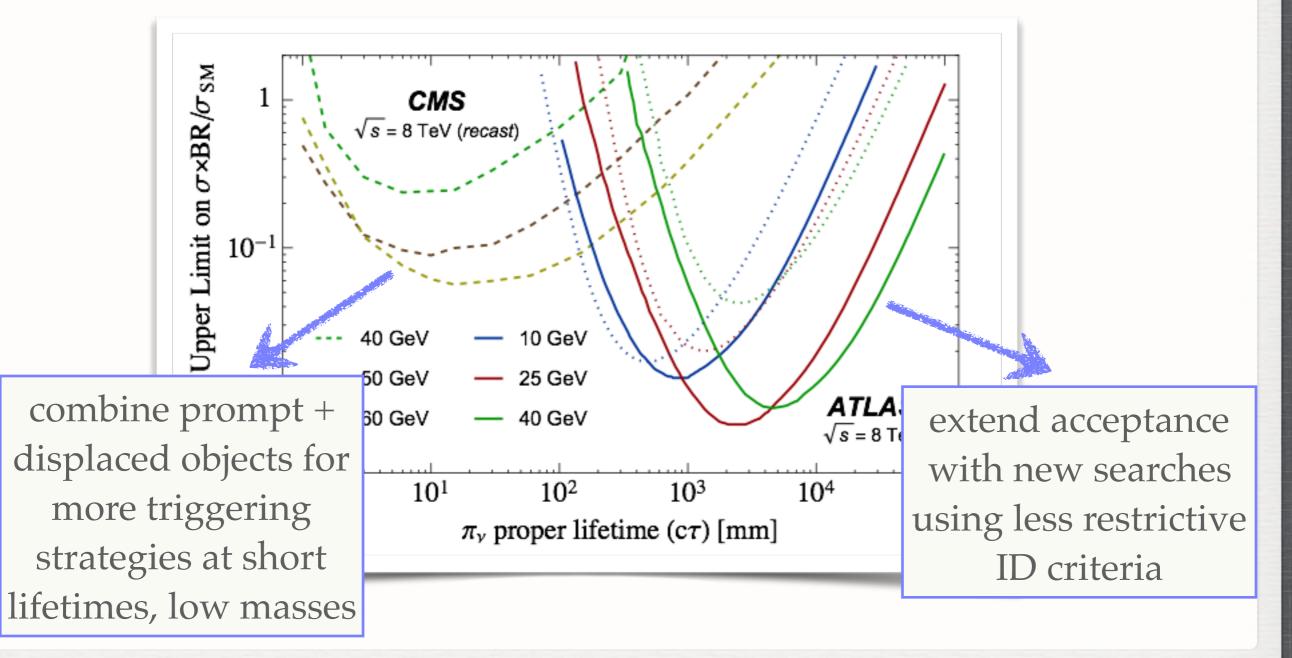
Displaced decays

 Run I results for exotic Higgs decays: high HT requirement in trigger limits sensitivity at low mass, short lifetime



Displaced decays

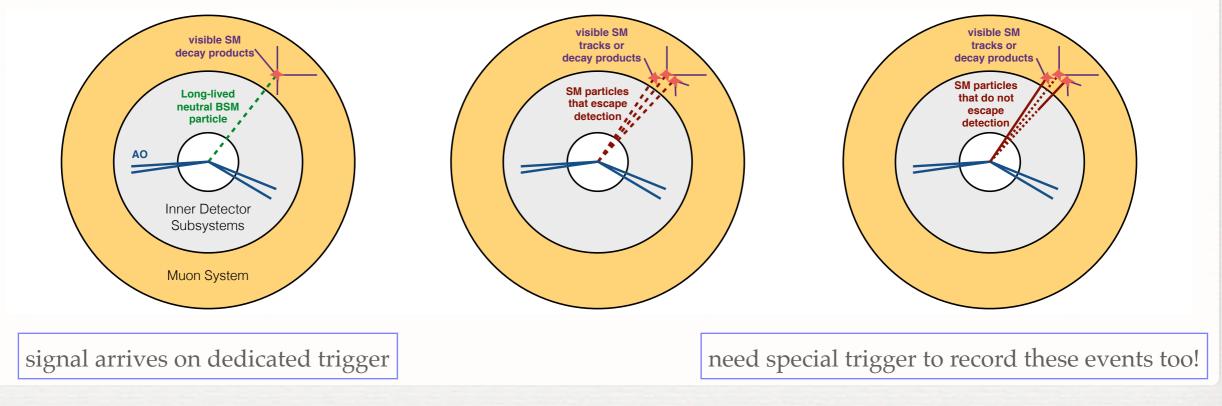
Two essential strategies to increase reach:



[Csaki, Kuflik, Lombardo, Slone; Coccaro, Curtin, Lubatti, Russell, JS]

Decays to very long-lived particles

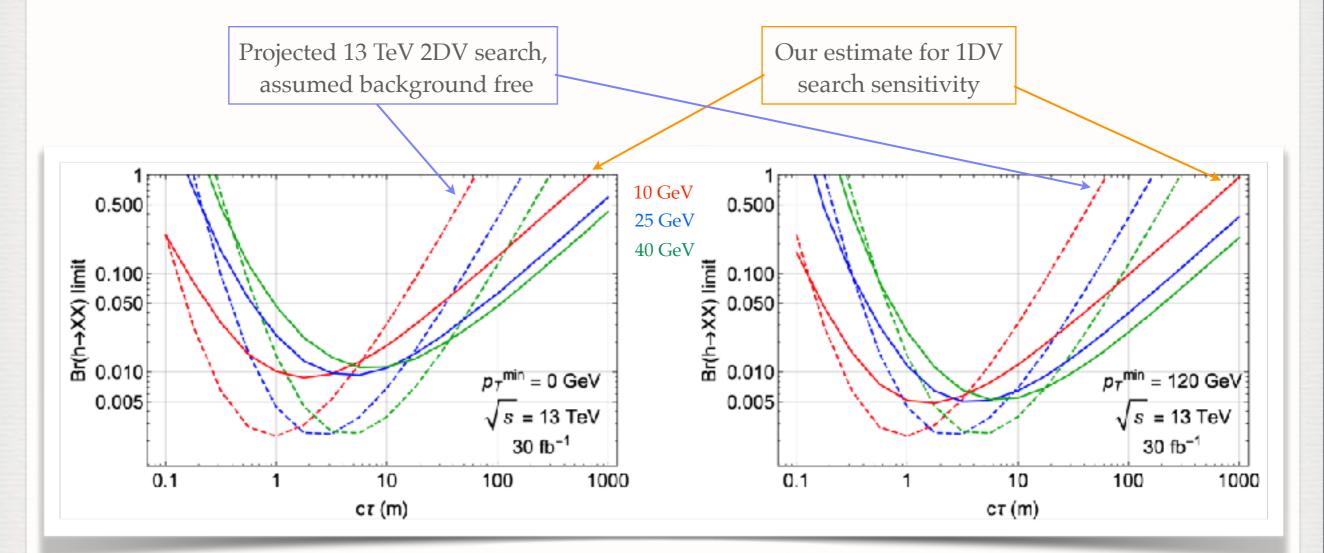
- To get better sensitivity to long lifetimes, single-vertex search in muon system. Not background-free!
- Can't compute background from first principles ⇒ estimate from data
 - ...but even getting the needed control sample on tape can be challenging



[Coccaro, Curtin, Lubatti, Russell, JS]

Decays to very long-lived particles

Notable gains in sensitivity at long lifetime:



Conclusions

- LHC has unique opportunity to look for new physics in decays of the 125 GeV Higgs boson
 - phenomenal HL-LHC data set will allow deep tests of Higgs couplings to dark sectors...
 - Improvided the events are actually recorded
- Challenge of Higgs physics is always object thresholds
 - combine objects in triggers to keep threshholds as low as possible
 - new displaced triggers of very high interest for Higgs physics