

IT-INFN-CNAF Status Update

LHC-OPN Meeting
INFN CNAF, 10-11 December 2009

Stefano Zani

INFN CNAF

- CNAF is the main computing facility of the INFN
 - Core business: **TIER1 for all the LHC Experiments** (Atlas, CMS, Alice and LHCb)
 - Other Activities: Provide Computing Resources for several other experiments in which INFN is involved (CDF, Babar, Virgo, SuperB, ..)
 - R&D on GRID middleware development

The Computing facility

Infrastructure

Computing center infrastructure expansion has been completed in spring 2009

- More than 130 Racks are in place and the cooling system is capable of dissipating the heat produced by 2MW of installed computing devices.
- The total Electrical Distribution available for the Center is about 5MW
- The total “Protected Electrical Power” is about 3.4 MW (2 Rotary UPS + 2 Diesel Engines)

Computing Resources “at a glance”



- COMPUTING NODES

- More than 2800 cores (6.6 MSpecINT2K or 23000 HEP Spec)
 - 1U “Standard” Servers (1 Mother Board 2 Quad Core - 8 Cores in 1U)
 - 1U Twin Servers (2 Mother Boards with 2 Quad Core -16 Cores in 1 U)
 - Blade Chassis (With 16 Servers in 10 U – 12.8 Cores in 1 U with integrated I/O Modules and management system)



- STORAGE

- 2,5 PB of Disk Capacity
 - SAN (EMC2+SUN) Served by 200 Disk Servers (STORM+GPFS)
- 5 PB of TAPE Capacity (Expandable Up to 10PB) served by 20 Drives



- NETWORK

- 3 Core Switch/Routers
- 60 Gigabit aggregation Switches
- 20 Gb/s WAN Connectivity



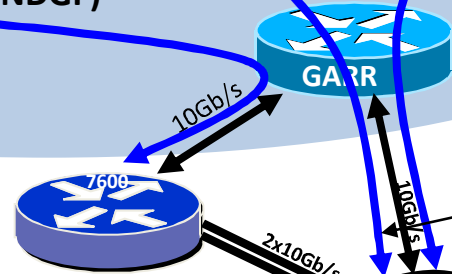
INFN CNAF TIER1 Network



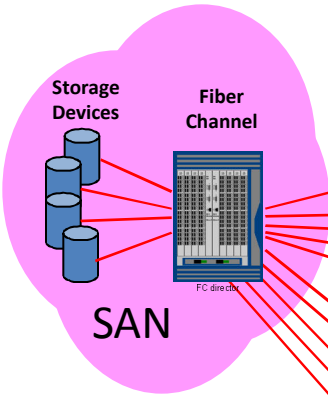
RAL
PIC
TRIUMPH

WAN

- T1-T1's (BNL, FNAL, TW-ASGC, NDGF)
- T1-T2's
- CNAF General purpose

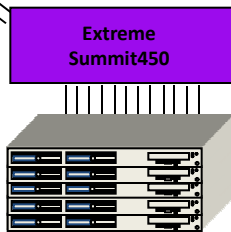
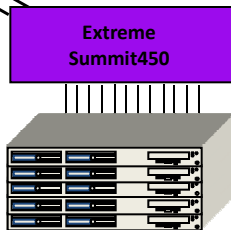
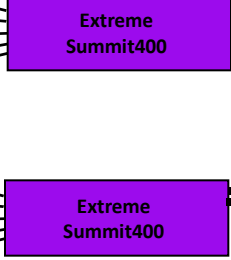


- LHC-OPN dedicated link 10Gb/s T0-T1 (CERN)
- T1-T1 (PIC, RAL, TRIUMPH) LHC-OPN (Cross Border)
- CNAF-KIT
- CNAF-IN2P3
- CNAF-SARA
- T0-T1 BACKUP 10Gb/s



Storage Servers

- Disk Servers
- Castor Stagers



Worker Nodes

Worker Nodes

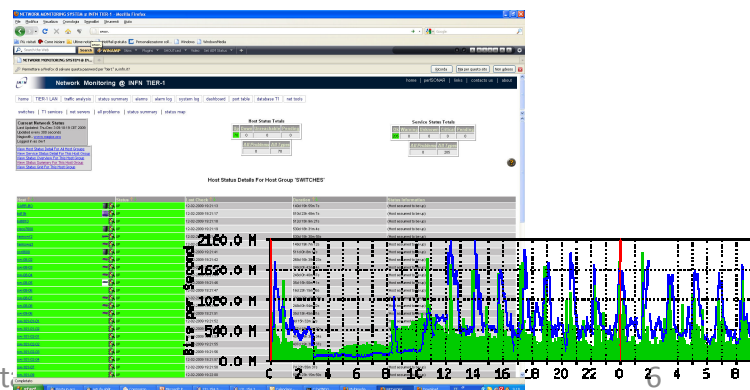
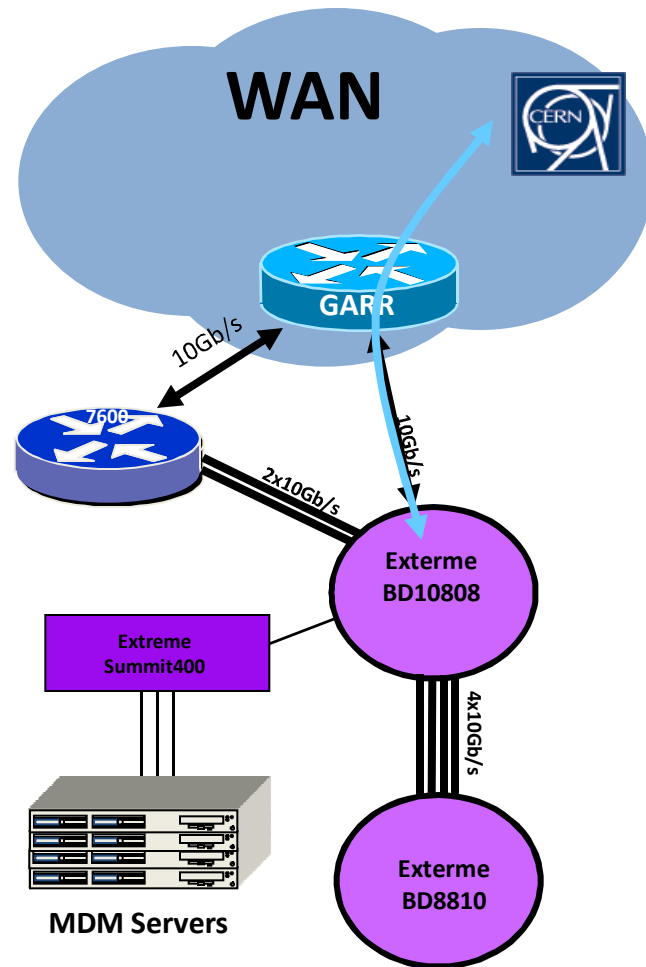
Worker Nodes



In Case of network Congestion: Uplink upgrade from 4 x 1Gb/s to 10 Gb/s or 2x10Gb/s

Monitoring

- Monitoring
 - MDM Devices are on line and connected to the core switch since summer '09. (Recently fixed the GPS issue with an antenna signal splitter)
 - Internal monitoring done with:
 - MRTG (Each port of the net)
 - Nagios managing alerts with automatic SMS on critical events
 - Netflow/Sflow For traffic accounting

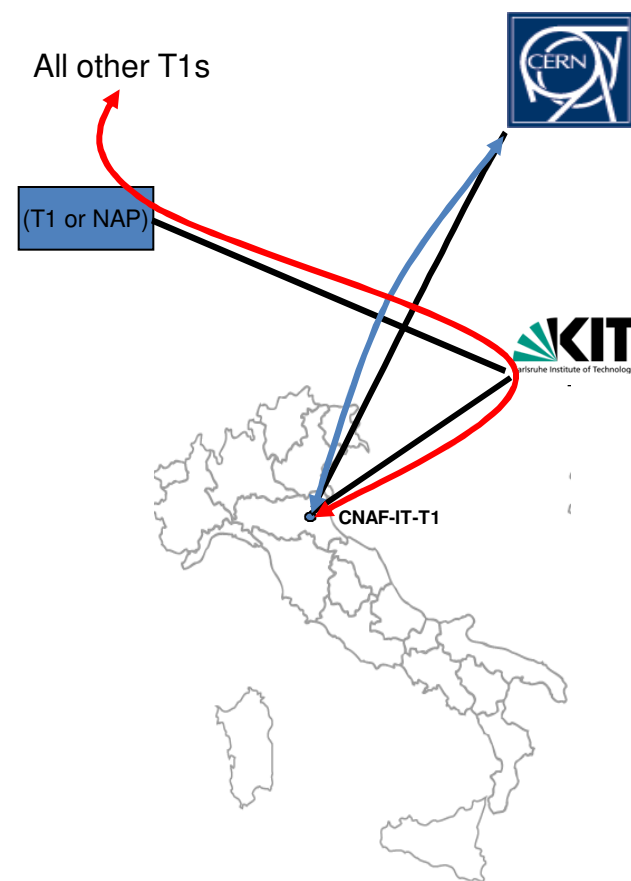


T1 WAN Connectivity evolution (Wishes)

T1 Connectivity

- **Wishes** to have a dedicated link for all the T1-T1 connectivity via a T1 or NAP well connected to US T1s. For resiliency reasons it would be better to avoid using CERN for this task.

...But solutions to have a second link through CERN seems to be more feasible in brief time and GARR is facing the possibility to start testing a 100 Gb/s Between CNAF and CERN via GEANT before the end of 2010.



T2 WAN Connectivity evolution

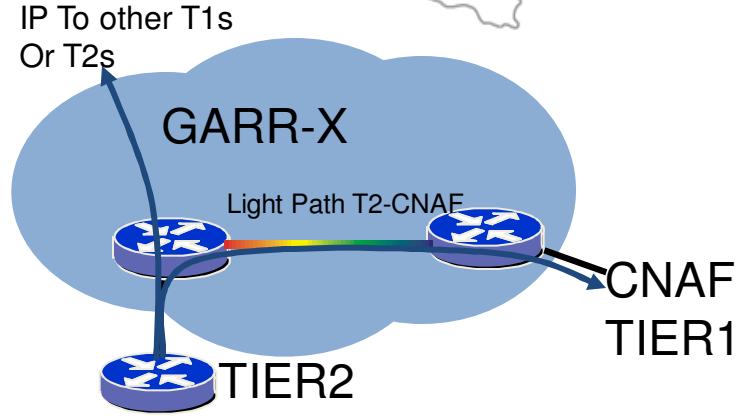
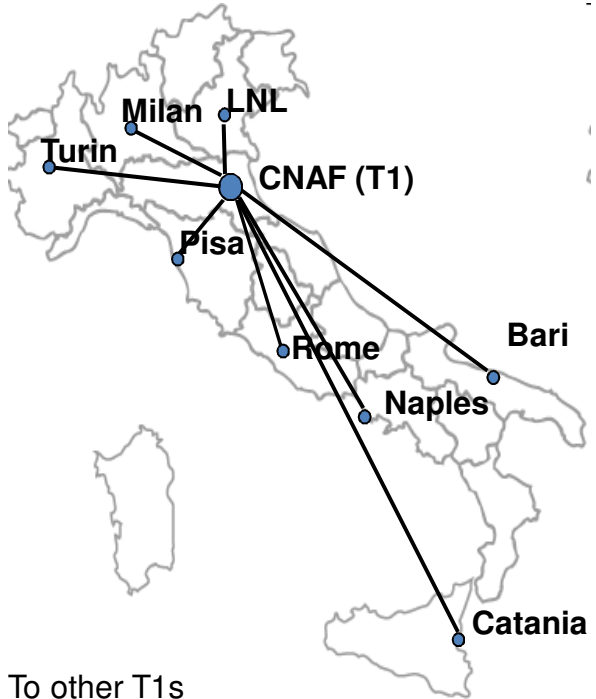
Italian TIER-2's

Bari, Catania, Milan, Naples, Legnaro (PD), Pisa, Rome and Turin.

Currently connected via GARR with 1Gb/s connections

Italian T2's WAN interconnections are evolving from 1 Gb/s to 10 Gb/s GARR-X accesses (Q4 2010)

Each T2 needs an IP connection in order to reach all other T1s and T2s via GEANT and INFN is asking GARR a dedicated light paths for the traffic between INFN CNAF and all the Italian T2s.



Next steps on LAN side..



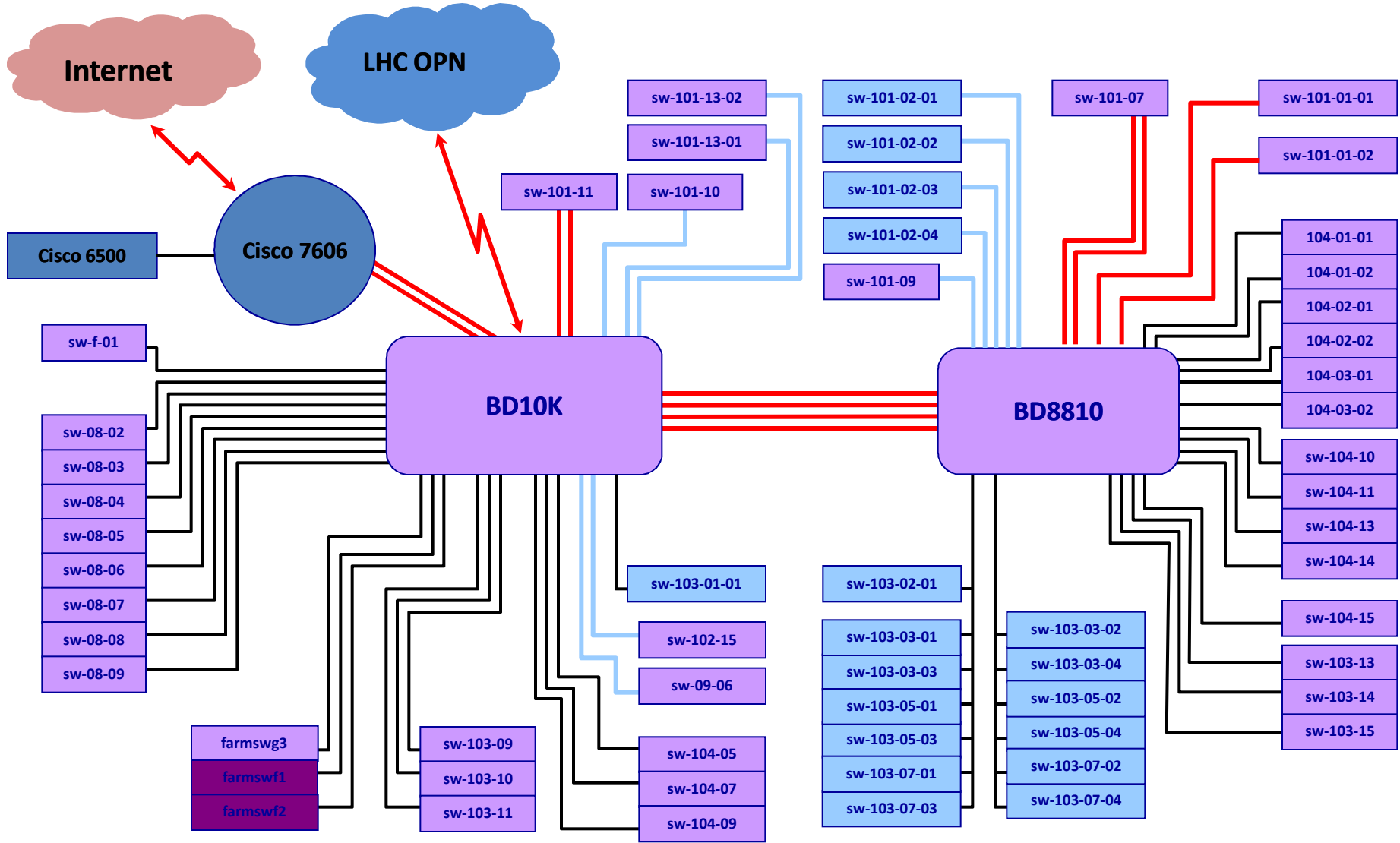
- New Cisco Nexus 7000 installation as a CORE (end of January) switch for the TIER1 resources
- GridFTP Servers and SE Direct 10Gb/s CORE Connection
- Virtual Nodes on demand and their interconnection issues to be handled..



That's it
Questions?

Backup Slides

Network Layout



— 2 x 1 Gbps
— 4 x 1 Gbps
— 1 x 10 Gbps

10/11/2009

LHCOPN – current status

