

SuperKEKB/BelleII

Paoti Chang
National Taiwan University
2nd Workshop on Beyond 3 Generation
Standard Model



SuperKEKB Looks Promising

Subject: News from KEK

From: "Masanori Yamauchi" <masanori.yamauchi@kek.jp>

Date: Thu, 7 Jan 2010 17:12:26 +0900

Dear colleagues,

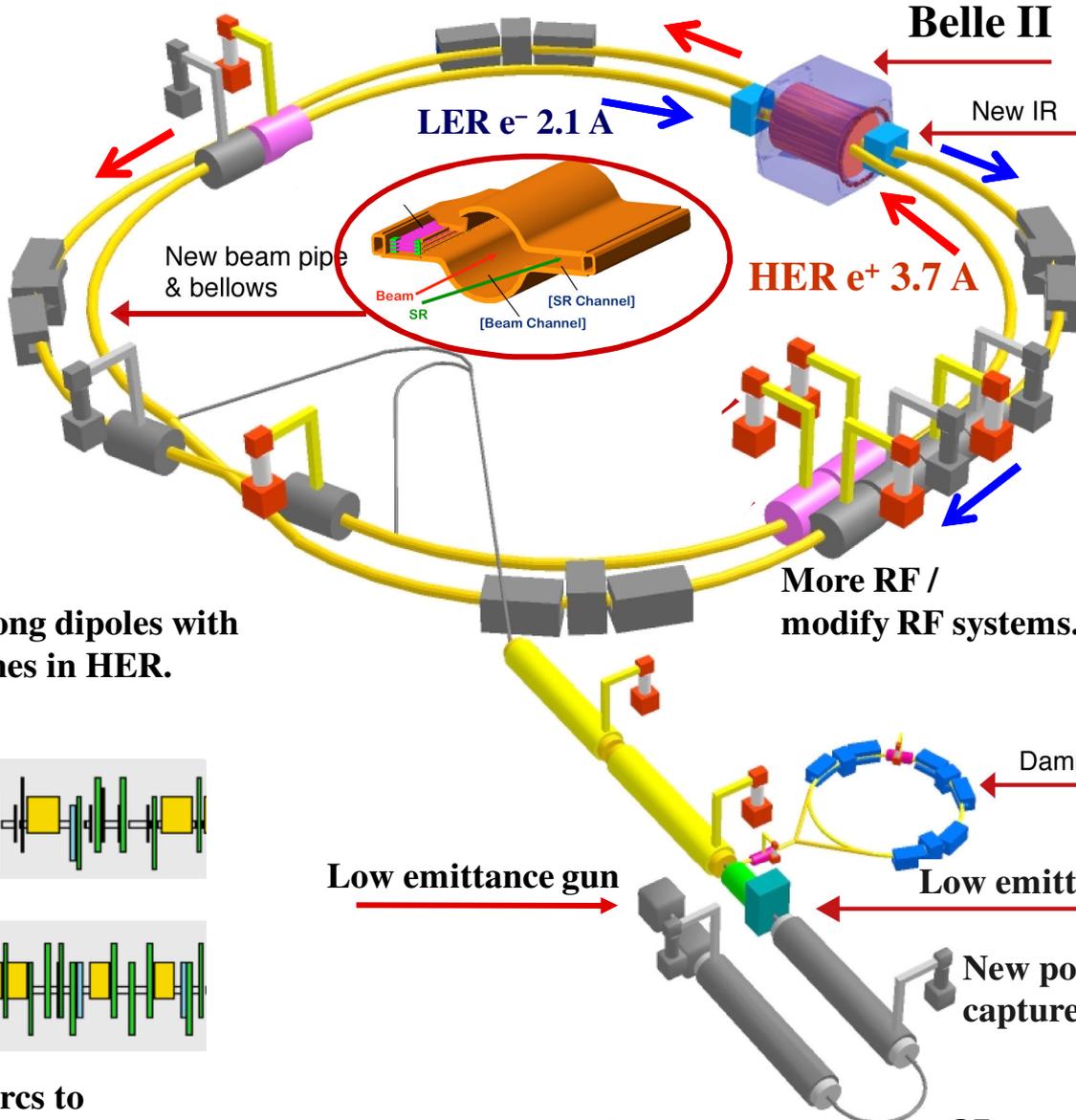
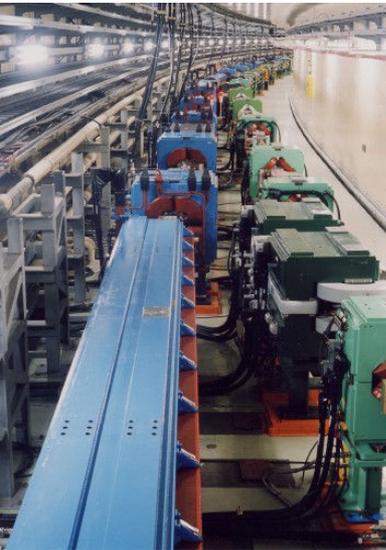
The Japanese Government has announced KEK's budget for JFY2010, in which preliminary approval was given to the KEKB upgrade program, and a budget was allocated to partially start construction. This does not yet constitute full approval of the overall project, but can be interpreted as a provisional decision by the Government in these difficult times of drastic change in the Japanese Government.

Happy 2010 to you all,

Masa Yamauchi

Running Belle/KEKB in 2010 is still under discussion, most likely for machine studies and runs other than $\Upsilon(4S)$.

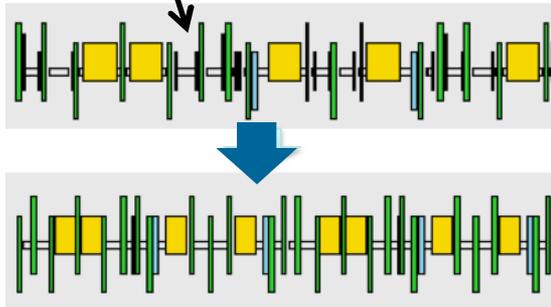
KEKB upgrade → SuperKEKB(nano-beam)



Two separate focusing quads/each 2 beams closer to IP;
Superconducting / permanent magnets



Replace long dipoles with shorter ones in HER.



Redesign the HER arcs to reduce the emittance.
01/16/2010

Low emittance gun

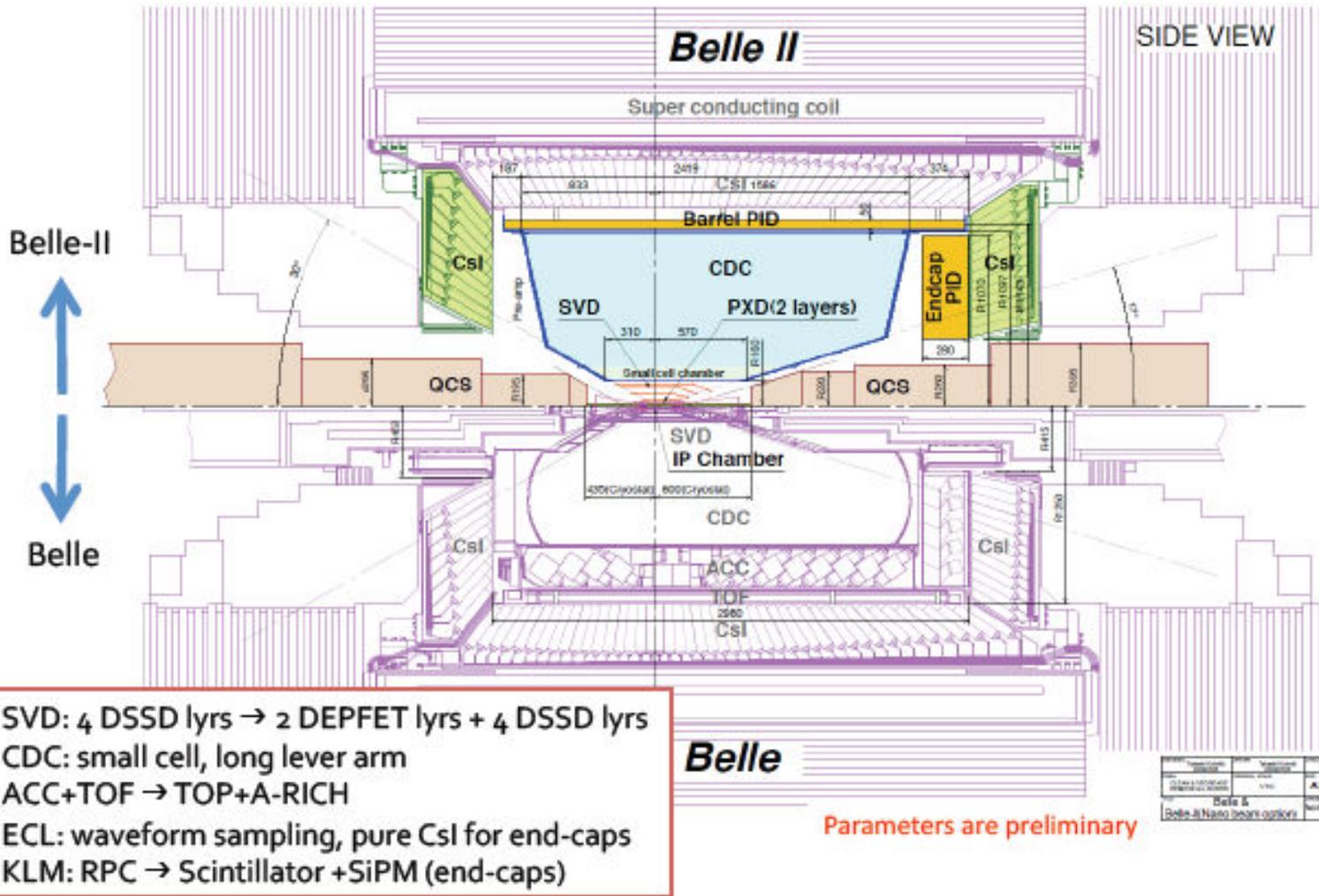
Damping ring

Low emittance positrons

New positron target / capture section

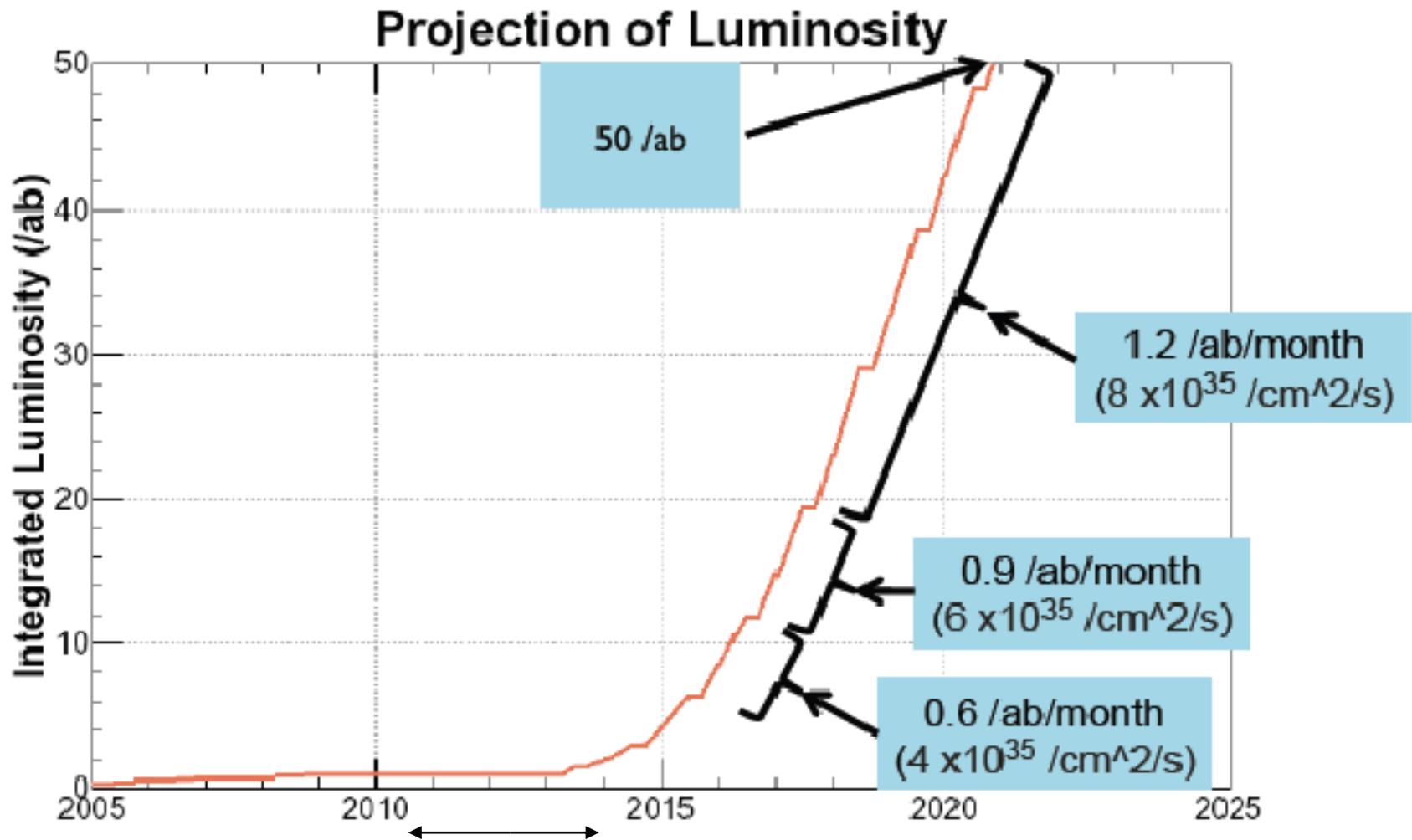
Target Luminosity: $8.0 \times 10^{35} / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$
SuperKEKB/BelleII

Belle II Detector



SVD: 4 DSSD lyrs → 2 DEPFET lyrs + 4 DSSD lyrs
 CDC: small cell, long lever arm
 ACC+TOF → TOP+A-RICH
 ECL: waveform sampling, pure CsI for end-caps
 KLM: RPC → Scintillator + SiPM (end-caps)

Luminosity projection



Belle-II Collaboration has been formed

- 2004.06 **SuperKEKB Lol**
- 2008.01 **KEK Roadmap**
- 2008.03 **1st Proto collaboration meeting**
- 2008.10 **Detector study report**
- 2008.12 **New collaboration, Belle-II, started**
~300 collaborators from 43 institutions in 13 countries
Peter Krizan (Ljubljana) elected as the first spokesperson
- 2009.11 **4th open collaboration meeting**

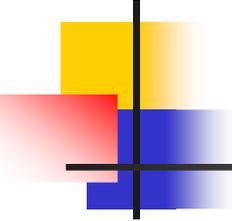


Task for This Forum

- How can super B factory pin down parameters of 4th generation assuming t' and b' are discovered at the LHC?
- $\Delta A(K\pi)$, A_{FB} of $K^*\Pi$, $D-\bar{D}$ mixing, ...

4 generation Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa Matrix

V_{ud}	V_{us}	V_{ub}	$? V_{ub}'$
V_{cd}	V_{cs}	V_{cb}	$? V_{cb}'$
V_{td}	V_{ts}	V_{tb}	$? V_{tb}'$
$? V_{td}'$	$? V_{ts}'$	$? V_{tb}'$	V_{cb}'



V_{ub} and V_{cb}

Directly measured
matrix elements
including W -decays

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.97418 & 0.2253 & 0.0043 & < 0.046 \\ 0.224 & 0.973 & 0.041 & < 0.20 \\ < 0.045 & < 0.125 & > 0.78 & < 0.63 \\ < 0.075 & < 0.21 & < 0.63 & > 0.78 \end{pmatrix}$$


See H. Lacker's talk

- Estimation given by the two groups
- Theoretically limited
- Tension between V_{ub} inclusive and exclusive

Mode	-----			
	SuperKEKB		SuperB	
	5 ab^{-1}	50 ab^{-1}	2 ab^{-1}	75 ab^{-1}
$ V_{cb} $ (inclusive)			1%	0.5%
$ V_{cb} $ (exclusive)			4%	1.0%
$ V_{ub} $ (inclusive)	5%	3%	8%	2.0%
$ V_{ub} $ (exclusive)	12%	5%	8%	3.0%

UT angle ϕ_1/β

H. Lacker

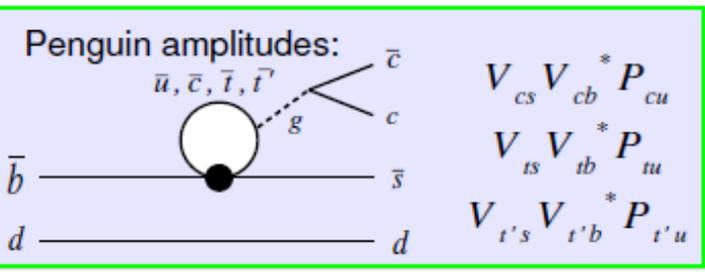
Complications with 4th generation:

1) $K-\bar{K}$ mixing $\Rightarrow \sin(2\beta - 2\theta_d) \rightarrow \sin(2\beta - 2\theta_d + 2\delta_1)$ mit $\delta_1 = \text{Arg}\left(\frac{V_{ud}V_{us}^*}{V_{cd}V_{cs}^*}\right) + \pi$

Experimental precision on " β " of $1^\circ \sim$ constraint on δ_1 !

- Weak phases of t- & t'-penguin = weak phase of c-penguin?
 - Current 4th generation constraints: $|V_{cs}V_{cb}^*| \ll |V_{us}V_{ub}^*|, |V_{t's}V_{t'b}^*|$
- \Rightarrow q/p not any more pure phase \Rightarrow decay amplitudes & phases to be included or to be constrained using J/ψ h decays?

Mode	SuperKEKB		SuperB	
	5 ab ⁻¹	50 ab ⁻¹	2 ab ⁻¹	75 ab ⁻¹
$\sin 2\phi_1 / \sin 2\beta$	0.016	0.012	0.018	0.005
$\Delta S_{\phi K^0}$	0.073	0.029	0.13	0.02
$\Delta S_{\eta' K^0}$	0.038	0.020	0.05	0.01
$\Delta S_{K_S^0 K_S^0 K_S^0}$	0.105	0.037	0.15	0.02



UT angle ϕ_2/α

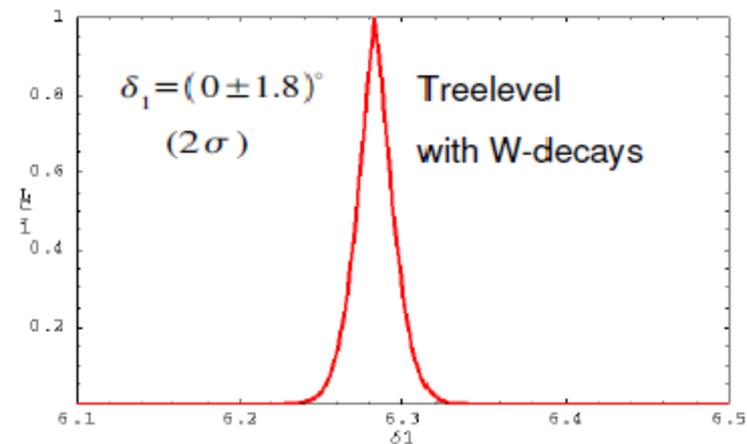
- Is it really an independent measurement without assuming the close triangle?
- Isospin violation: $O(1.5^\circ)$

P_{EW} with 4th generation could be much larger: $\frac{P_{EW}}{T^{+0}} \approx \frac{3}{2} \left[\frac{V_{td} V_{tb}^*}{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*} \frac{C_9' + C_{10}'}{C_1 + C_2} + \frac{V_{t'd} V_{t'b}^*}{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*} \frac{C_9' + C_{10}'}{C_1 + C_2} \right]$

Mode	SuperKEKB		SuperB	
	5 ab ⁻¹	50 ab ⁻¹	2 ab ⁻¹	75 ab ⁻¹
$\phi_2(\alpha)(\pi\pi)$	10°	3°	~ 16°	3°
$\phi_2(\alpha)(\rho\rho)$	3°	1°	~ 7°	1 – 2°
$\phi_2(\alpha)(\rho\pi)$	3°	1°	~ 12°	3°
$\phi_2(\alpha)(\text{combined})$	2°	1°	~ 6°	1 – 2°

UT angle ϕ_3/γ

$$\gamma = \text{Arg} \left(-\frac{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*} \right)$$
 but the following CKM element combinations appear in
 weak decay or
 also K- \bar{K} mixing



Mode	SuperKEKB		SuperB	
	5 ab^{-1}	50 ab^{-1}	2 ab^{-1}	75 ab^{-1}
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ (Dalitz)	7°	2.5°	9°	1.5°
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ (ADS)			12°	2.0°
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ (GLW)			15°	2.5°
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ (ADS+GLW)	16°	5°		
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ ($D^{(*)}\pi$)	18°	6°	20°	5°
$\phi_3(\gamma)$ (combined)	6°	2°	6°	$1 - 2^\circ$

Other channels

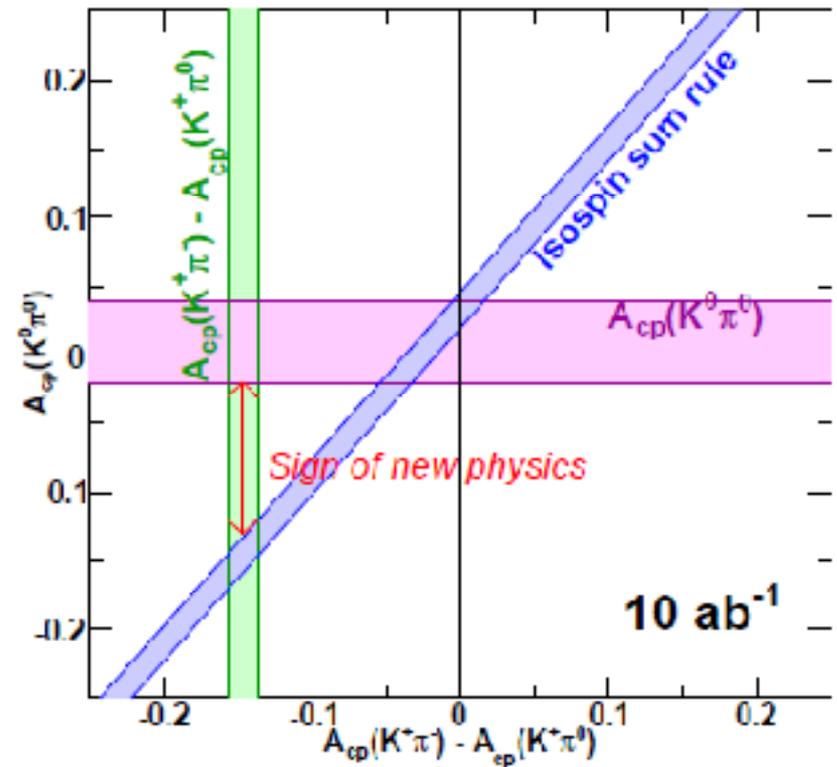
Mode	SuperKEKB		SuperB	
	5 ab ⁻¹	50 ab ⁻¹	2 ab ⁻¹	75 ab ⁻¹
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	7%	6%		
$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	0.01	0.005	0.012	0.004
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	10%	3%	20%	4%
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu)$			visible	5%
$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow D \tau \nu)$	7.9%	2.5%		
$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow D \tau \nu)$	28.5%	9.0%		
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D \tau \nu)$			10%	2%
C_9 from $A_{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$	11%	4%		
C_{10} from $\bar{A}_{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$	13%	4%		
C_7/C_9 from $\bar{A}_{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-)$		5%		
$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell)$			7%	1%
$A^{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell)_{s_0}$			25%	9%
$A^{FB}(B \rightarrow X_s \ell \ell)_{s_0}$			35%	5%

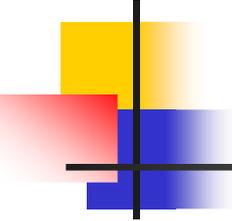
K π Puzzle

H. Lacker, M. Nakao

$$A_{CP}(K_S \pi^0) \frac{2 BH(K^0 \pi^0) \tau_0}{BH(K^+ \pi^-) \tau_+} = A_{CP}(K^+ \pi^-) - A_{CP}(K^+ \pi^0) \frac{2 BH(K^+ \pi^0) \tau_0}{BH(K^+ \pi^-) \tau_+} + A_{CP}(K^0 \pi^+) \frac{BH(K^0 \pi^+) \tau_0}{BH(K^+ \pi^-) \tau_+}$$

	5 ab⁻¹	50 ab⁻¹
$A(K^0 \pi^0)$	0.072	0.042

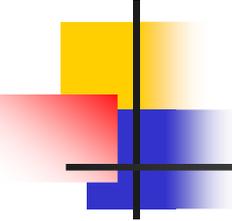




D mixing

SuperKEKB

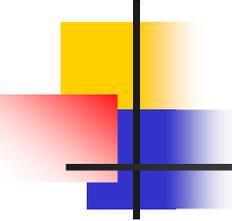
	$(\sim 0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1})^\ddagger$	(5 ab^{-1})	(50 ab^{-1})
Charm physics			
<i>D</i> mixing parameters			
x	0.25%	0.10%	0.07%
y	0.18%	0.08%	0.05%
$\delta_{K\pi}$	11°	6°	4°
$ q/p $	0.16	0.07	0.05
ϕ	0.13 rad	0.07 rad	0.04 rad
A_D	2.4%	1%	0.3%
New particles			



Bs Physics

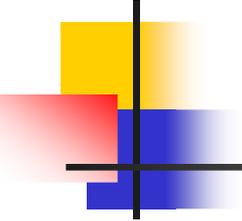
SuperB

Observable	Error with 1 ab ⁻¹	Error with 30 ab ⁻¹
$\Delta\Gamma$	0.16 ps ⁻¹	0.03 ps ⁻¹
Γ	0.07 ps ⁻¹	0.01 ps ⁻¹
β_s from angular analysis	20°	8°
A_{SL}^s	0.006	0.004
A_{CH}	0.004	0.004
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	-	$< 8 \times 10^{-9}$
$ V_{td}/V_{ts} $	0.08	0.017
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	38%	7%
β_s from $J/\psi\phi$	10°	3°
β_s from $B_s \rightarrow K^0\bar{K}^0$	24°	11°



LFV in τ decays

Observable	Belle 2006	SuperKEKB	
	($\sim 0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$)	(5 ab^{-1})	(50 ab^{-1})
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) [10^{-9}]$	< 45	< 30	< 8
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\eta) [10^{-9}]$	< 65	< 20	< 4
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu) [10^{-9}]$	< 209	< 10	< 1



Back Up

Comparison of parameters

Low Energy ring / High Energy ring	KEKB design	KEKB achieved (with crab)	SuperKEKB High-Current	SuperKEKB Nano-Beam
β_y^* (mm)	10 / 10	6.5 / 5.9 (5.9 / 5.9)	3 / 6	0.26 / 0.26
ε_x (nm)	18 / 18	18(15) / 24	24 / 18	2.8 / 2.0
σ_y (μm)	1.9	1.1	0.85 / 0.73	0.084 / 0.072
ξ_y	0.052	0.108 / 0.056 (0.101 / 0.096)	0.3 / 0.51	0.08 / 0.08
σ_z (mm)	4	~ 7	5 / 3	5 / 5
I_{beam} (A)	2.6 / 1.1	1.8 / 1.45 (1.62 / 1.15)	9.4 / 4.1	3.6 / 2.1
N_{bunches}	5000	~ 1500	5000	~ 2000
Luminosity ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	1	1.76 (2.08)	53	80

Preliminary

Also consider smaller boost: $E_{\text{HER}}/E_{\text{LER}}$ KEKB 8GeV/3.5GeV \rightarrow SuperKEKB 7GeV/4GeV
easier for accelerator people; not very critical for physics

Beam parameters

	KEKB Design	KEKB Achieved : with crab	SuperKEKB High-Current	SuperKEKB Nano-Beam
Energy (GeV) (LER/HER)	3.5/8.0	3.5/8.0	3.5/8.0	4.0/7.0
β_y^* (mm)	10/10	5.9/5.9	3/6	0.27/0.42
ϵ_x (nm)	18/18	18/24	24/18	3.2/1.7
σ_y (μm)	1.9	0.94	0.85/0.73	0.059
ξ_y	0.052	0.129/0.090	0.3/0.51	0.09/0.09
σ_z (mm)	4	~ 6	5/3	6/5
I_{beam} (A)	2.6/1.1	1.64/1.19	9.4/4.1	3.6/2.6
N_{bunches}	5000	1584	5000	2500
Luminosity ($10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	1	2.11	53	80

x40

Detector upgrade

Critical issues at $L = 8 \times 10^{35}/\text{cm}^2/\text{sec}$

❖ Higher event rate

❖ higher rate trigger, DAQ and computing

❖ Improve performance

❖ try better PID options

❖ low p_μ identification for $b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$ efficiency

❖ hermeticity \rightarrow missing E “reconstruction”

❖ Higher background

❖ radiation damage and occupancies

❖ fake hits and pile-up noise in the ECL

