

# Supersymmetric Higgs Production via Vector-Boson Fusion



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(in coll. with W. Hollik, T. Plehn, H. Rzehak)

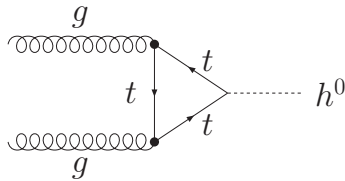
Phys.Rev.Lett.102:091802,2009 (arXiv:0804.2676 [hep-ph])

- Vector-Boson Fusion:  
Standard Model (SM) vs.  
Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM)
- SUSY-QCD corrections
- SUSY-EW corrections
- Numerical Results

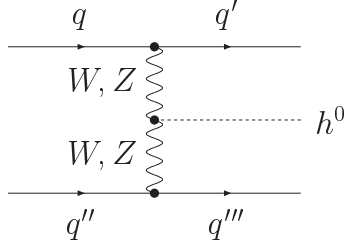
# Production Modes

Main (MSSM-)Higgs-boson production modes:

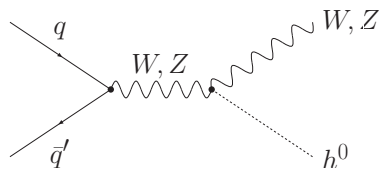
● **Gluon-Gluon Fusion**



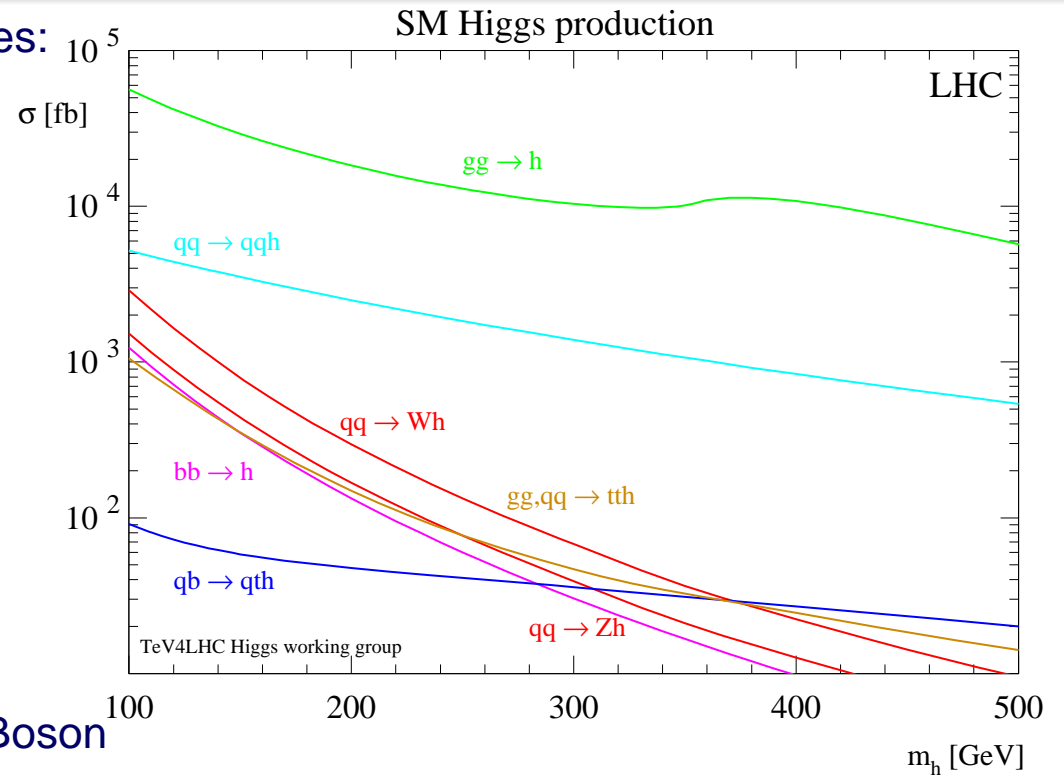
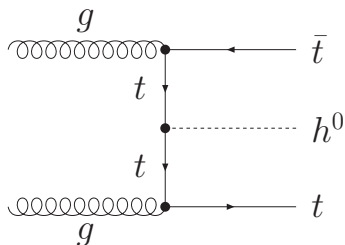
● **Vector-Boson Fusion**



● **Associated Production with a Gauge Boson**



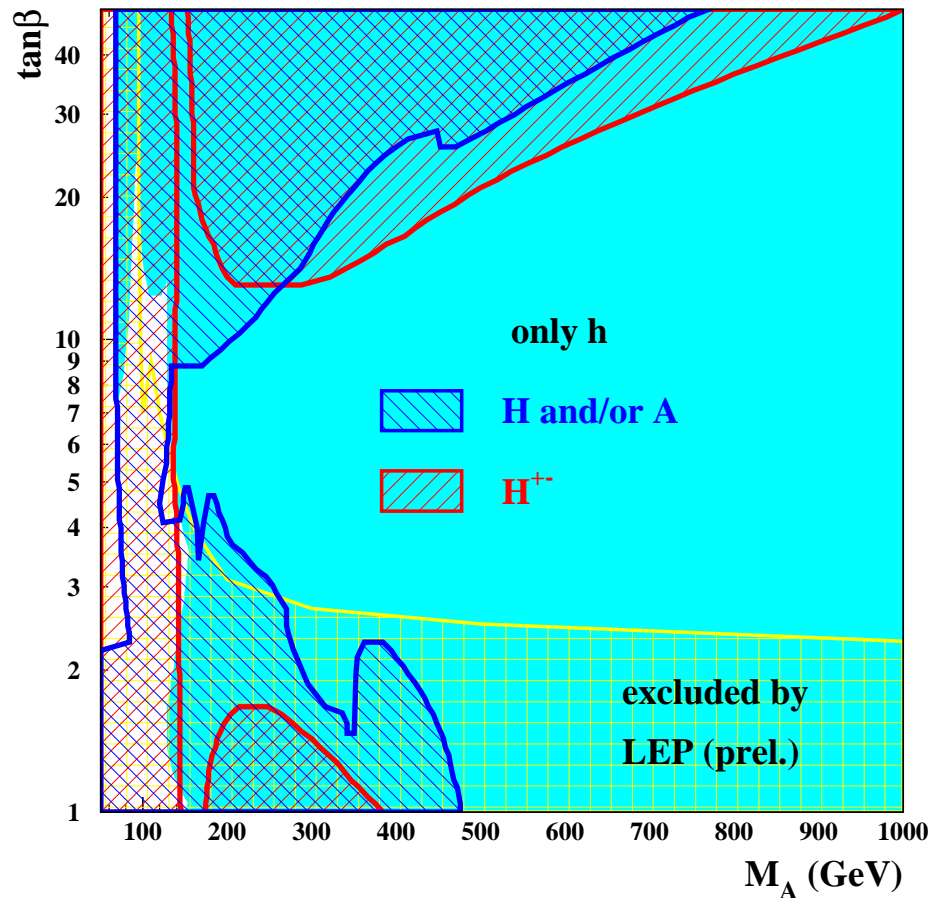
● **Associated Production with Top-Quark–Antiquark Pair**



# LHC Higgs Discovery Potential

MHMAX scenario

[Atlas 2005]



Significant region where only **one** Higgs boson can be found

Which model if  $m_H \lesssim 140$  GeV and coupling SM-like?

Can we distinguish SM from MSSM in the Higgs sector by other means?

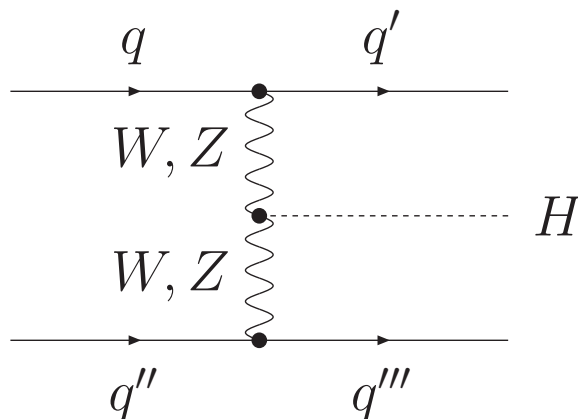
⇒ Loop corrections to Higgs production processes

# Higgs Production via Vector Boson Fusion

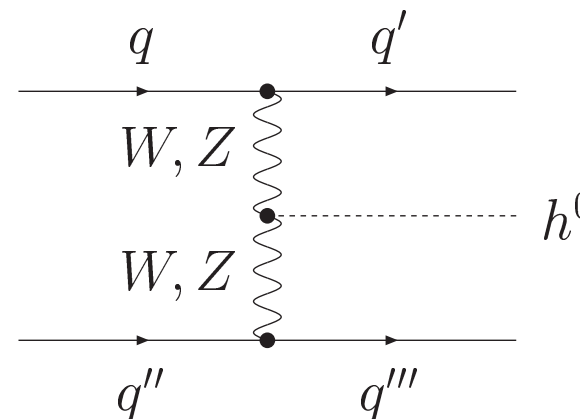
- Second-largest production cross section of Higgs bosons at the LHC (after gluon-gluon fusion)
- Distinct kinematic properties:
  - 2 jets in forward regions of the detector
  - Reduced jet activity in central region
  - central Higgs boson
- Most promising channel for early discovery of the Higgs with  $h^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$  decay

[Plehn, Rainwater, Zeppenfeld]

Standard Model (SM):

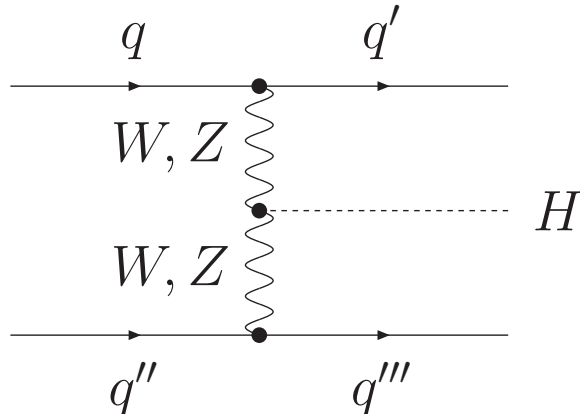


MSSM:

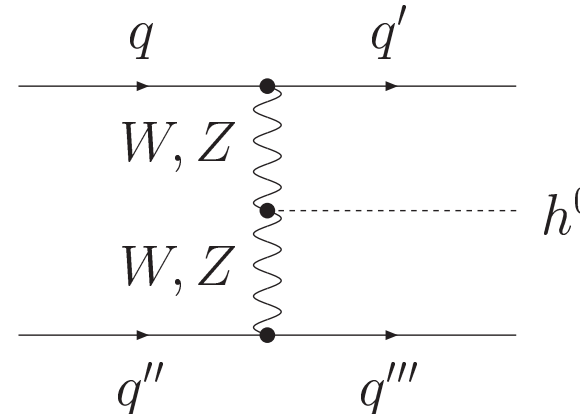


# At the Born level

Standard Model (SM):



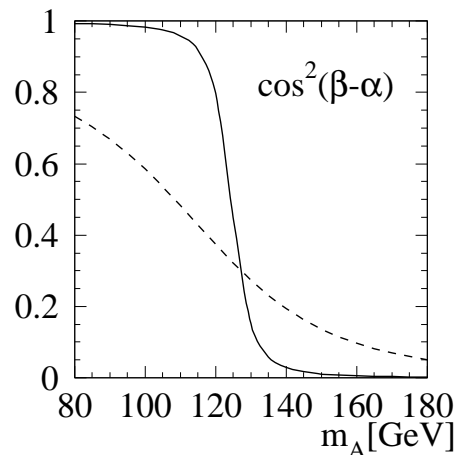
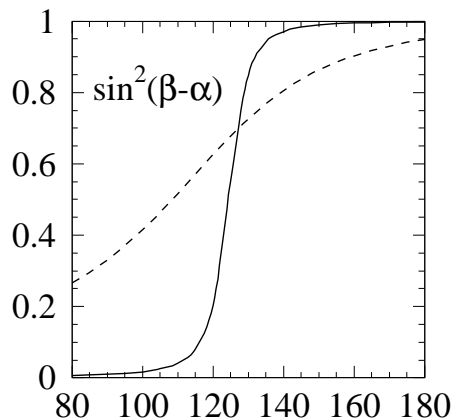
MSSM:



- Replace SM-Higgs boson with (SM-like) MSSM  $h^0$ -Boson

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet & \quad \Gamma_{WW h^0, ZZ h^0}^{MSSM} = \Gamma_{WW H, ZZ H}^{SM} \cdot \sin(\beta - \alpha) \\ \Rightarrow & \quad \sigma^{MSSM} = \sigma^{SM} \cdot \sin(\beta - \alpha)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$\alpha$  = mixing angle of CP-even MSSM Higgs bosons;  $\tan \beta$  = ratio of Higgs vevs



$$\tan \beta = \begin{cases} 4 & \text{dashed} \\ 30 & \text{solid} \end{cases}$$

[Plehn, Rainwater, Zeppenfeld 1999]

# Higher-order corrections

- SM-NLO corrections completely known:

- QCD:  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s) \sim 5 - 10\%$

[Djouadi, Spira, Zerwas; Han, Valencia, Willenbrock]

[Figy, Oleari, Zeppenfeld; Berger, Campbell]

- QCD+EW:  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha) \sim 5\%$

[Ciccolini, Denner, Dittmaier]

- Vector-boson-fusion–gluon-gluon interference negligible

[Andersen, Binoth, Heinrich, Smillie; Bredenstein, Hagiwara, Jäger]

- Estimate of NNLO QCD contributions (gluon-induced processes, small)

[Harlander, Vollinga, Weber]

- MSSM

- NLO SUSY-QCD vertex corrections for degenerate squark masses

[Djouadi, Spira]

- Complete NLO SUSY contributions

[Hollik, Plehn, MR, Rzehak]

- Complete NLO MSSM contributions

[Figy, Palmer, Weiglein (in preparation)]

# Supersymmetry

Symmetry between bosons and fermions:

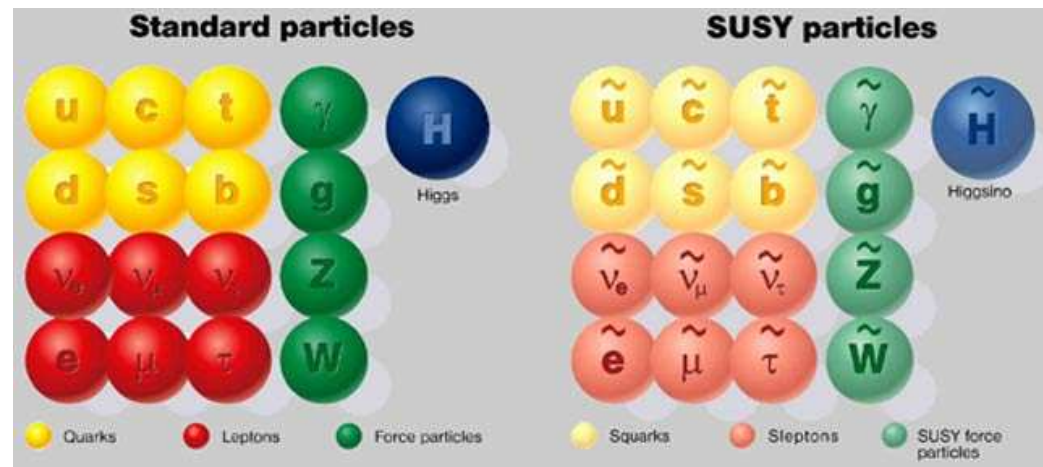
$$Q |\text{boson}\rangle = |\text{fermion}\rangle ;$$

$$Q |\text{fermion}\rangle = |\text{boson}\rangle$$

$Q$ : Supersymmetry Operator

Simplest model: Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM)

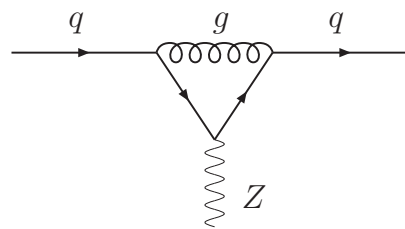
- Supersymmetric partner to each Standard Model particle
- Two Higgs doublets  $\Rightarrow$  5 Higgs bosons ( $h^0, H^0, A^0, H^\pm$ )
- Particles with same quantum numbers mix  
(e.g. Zino, Photino, 2 neutral Higgsino  $\rightarrow$  4 Neutralino  
Wino, charged Higgsino  $\rightarrow$  2 Chargino)





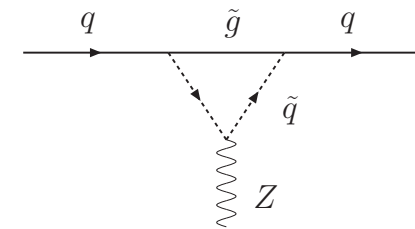
# Additional Loop Corrections

- SM is subsector of the full MSSM
- $\Rightarrow$  SM loop corrections form part of the full MSSM set
- R-parity conservation allows separation of SM and SUSY part at one-loop level



(loop consists either of SM

or SUSY

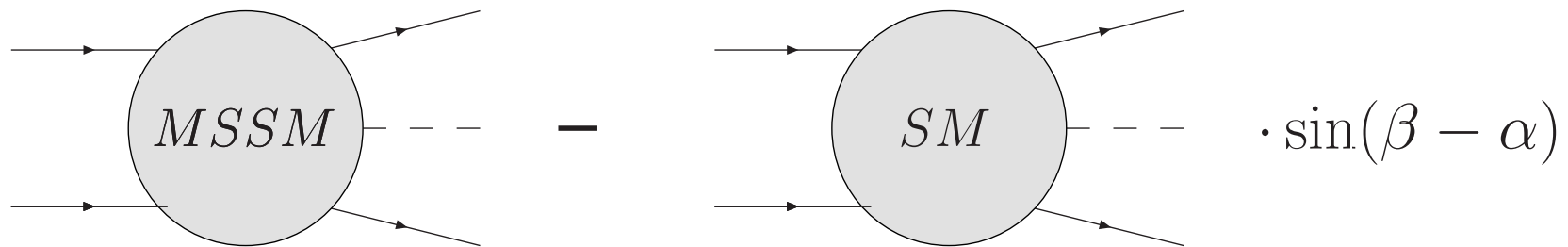


particles)

- Not completely true in the Higgs sector:
  - MSSM is a (type-II) Two-Higgs doublet model (THDM)
  - Some THDM parameters fixed by SUSY relations (e.g.  $m_{h^0}$  not a free parameter any longer)
  - Renormalisation in the Higgs sector requires both SM and SUSY part so that divergencies cancel (depending on renormalization scheme)
- Split between SM and additional SUSY contribution more difficult

# SUSY=MSSM-SM

- SM part (QCD and EW) already calculated
- Simple transfer to MSSM by  $\sigma^{SM(MSSM)} = \sigma^{SM} \cdot \sin(\beta - \alpha)^2$
- In the end want one-loop corrections for complete MSSM
- $\Rightarrow$  Subtract SM part from MSSM to obtain additional SUSY contribution



using  $m_H^{SM} = m_{h^0}^{MSSM}$

- Subtraction performed on amplitude level
- Cross-check that for non-Higgs couplings this corresponds to just omitting the SM particles

# Corrections in the Higgs sector

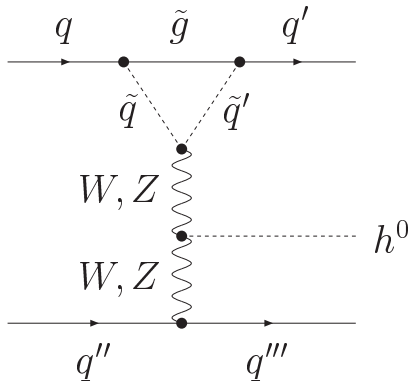
- In the MSSM at Born level:  $m_{h^0} \leq m_Z \approx 91 \text{ GeV}$   
Large corrections at higher orders:  $m_{h^0} \lesssim 135 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow$  need to be taken into account
- Also corrections to Higgs couplings present
- Effective potential method  
SUBH [Carena, Espinosa, Quiros, Wagner]
  - Corrected couplings automatically from potential
- Feynman-diagrammatic approach  
FEYNHIGGS [Hahn, Heinemeyer, Hollik, Rzehak, Weiglein]
  - finite-momentum effects
- $\overline{DR}$  renormalization of Higgs sector requires  $Z$ -factors for external on-shell Higgs bosons  
Also higher-order corrections there

	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma(ud \rightarrow udh)$	$(\sigma_{\alpha_{\text{eff}}} - \sigma_{\text{full}})/\sigma$
effective theory		
$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	-0.389 %	-0.122 %
full	-0.266 %	
Feynman diagrams		
$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	-0.393 %	-0.076 %
full	-0.317 %	
Feynman diagrams, loop-improved $Z_{\text{FH}}$		
$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	-0.343 %	-0.115 %
full	-0.228 %	

In the following: Feynman diagrams, 1-loop  $Z$ -factors

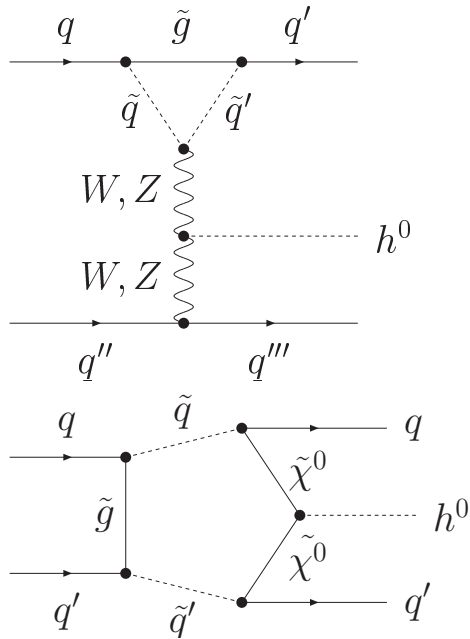
# Strong Corrections

Strong ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$ ) corrections:



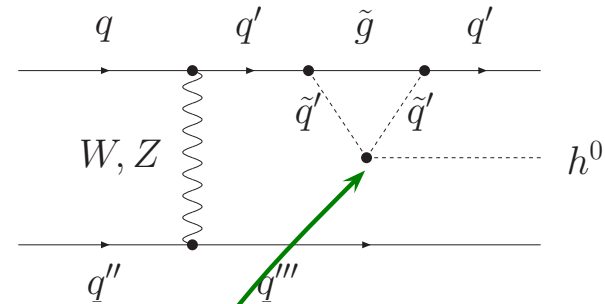
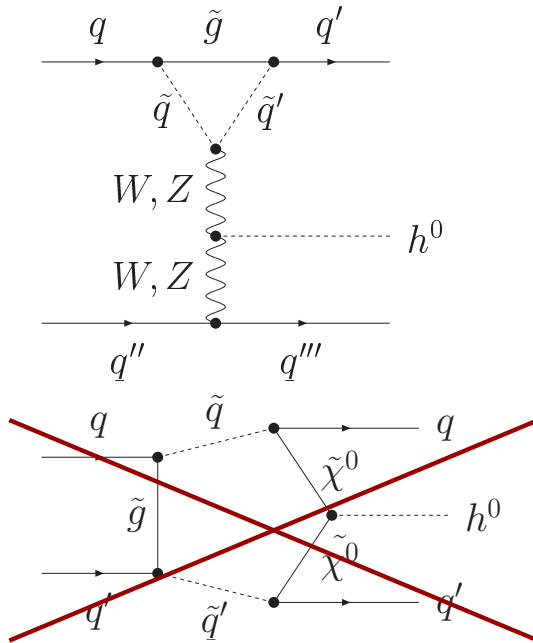
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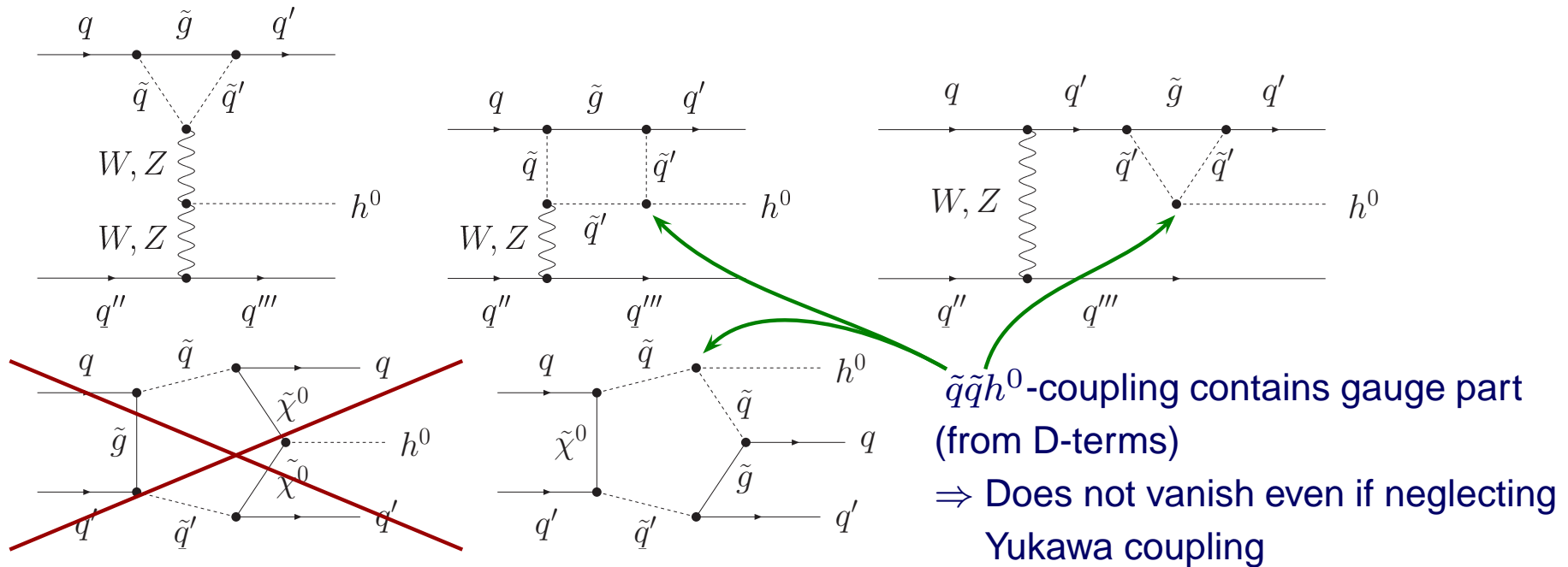


$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}h^0$ -coupling contains gauge part  
(from D-terms)

$\Rightarrow$  Does not vanish even if neglecting  
Yukawa coupling

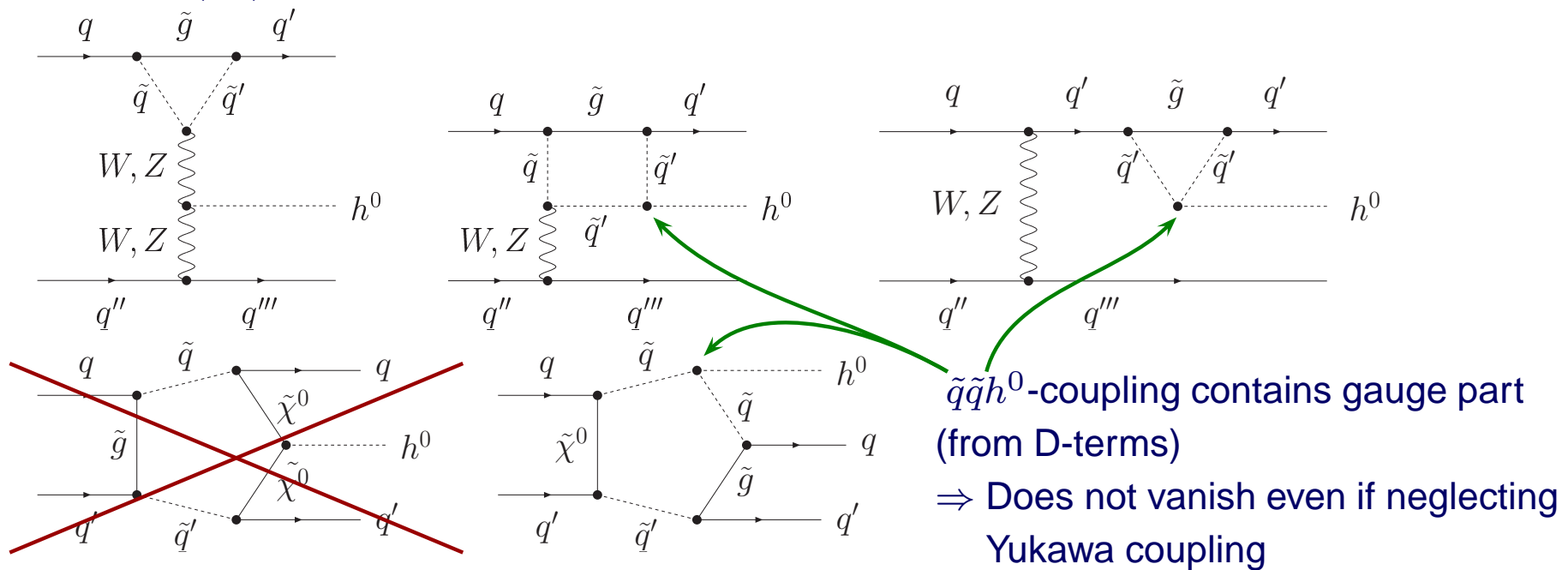
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Additional possibility for pentagon diagrams:





# Suppressions

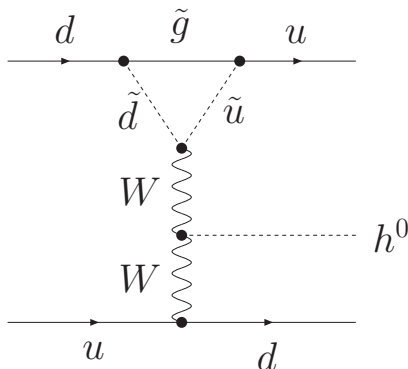
- Size of the strong corrections (Parameter point SPS1a):

	$(\sigma^{\text{one-loop}} - \sigma^{\text{born}}) / \sigma^{\text{born}}$	
Vertex corrections	$-1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}\%$	[Djouadi, Spira]
effective $qqh^0$ -Vertex	$5.4 \cdot 10^{-3}\%$	
Box diagrams	$-5.2 \cdot 10^{-3}\%$	
Pentagon diagrams	$-3.1 \cdot 10^{-4}\%$	
total SUSY-QCD corrections	$-1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}\%$	

⇒ Large suppressions

- Why are the corrections so small:

Vertex Corrections:



- W-coupling purely left-handed
- Quarks approximately massless
- ⇒ No chirality flip
- ⇒ Trace over fermion line cannot yield  $m_{\tilde{g}}$ , only kinematic term  $\sim m_{h^0}/2$ .

# Suppressions

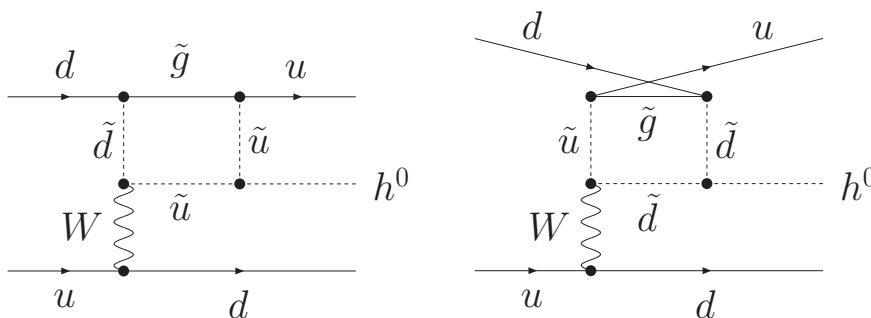
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- Why are the corrections so small:

Box diagrams:



- $\Gamma_{\tilde{q}^\dagger \tilde{q} h^0} \propto T_3 - Qs_W^2$
- $\rightarrow \Gamma_{\tilde{u}^\dagger \tilde{u} h^0} \propto \frac{1}{3} \quad \Gamma_{\tilde{d}^\dagger \tilde{d} h^0} \propto -\frac{5}{12}$
- ⇒ Contributions cancel by one order of magnitude (up to differences between  $\tilde{u}$ - and  $\tilde{d}$  masses, which are governed by same soft-breaking terms and also small in common SUSY-breaking scenarios).

# Suppressions

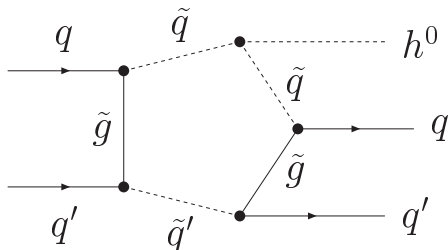
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Pentagon diagrams:

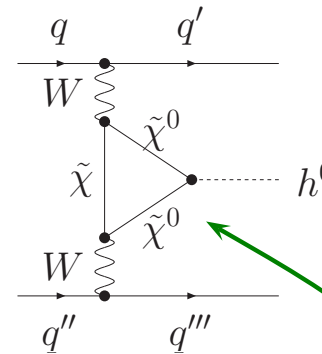
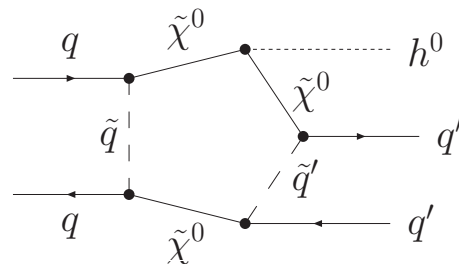
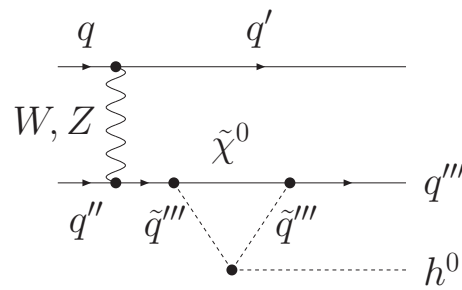
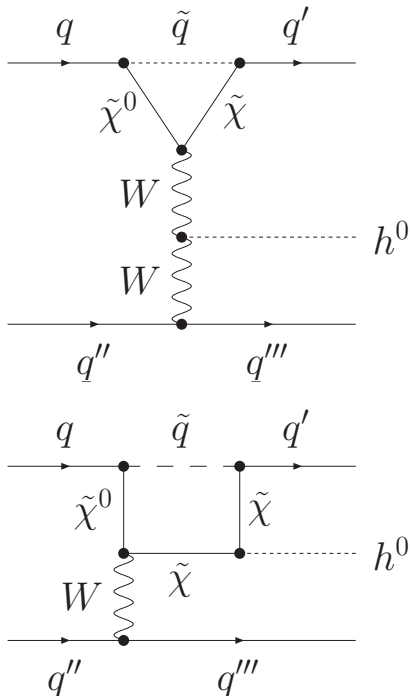


- Large masses in the loop
- Different kinematic structure than tree-level diagram
- ⇒ Greatly reduced by kinematic cuts

# Electro-weak Corrections

Electro-weak ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ ) corrections:

Any strong diagram with replacement  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0$  +



Also corrections to  $VVh$  vertex appear

$\Rightarrow$  Additional diagrams lead to more natural size of corrections

# Total Corrections

Size of the supersymmetric corrections (Parameter point SPS1a):

diagram	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ [%]	diagram	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ [%]
$\Delta\sigma \sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha)$		$\Delta\sigma \sim \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	
self energies	0.199		
$qqW + qqZ$	-0.392	$qqW + qqZ$	-0.0148
$qqh$	-0.0260	$qqh$	0.00545
$WW h + ZZ h$	-0.329		
box	0.0785	box	-0.00518
pentagon	0.000522	pentagon	-0.000308
sum of all $\Delta\sigma/\sigma = -0.484$ %			

# Numerical Results

Size of the supersymmetric corrections:

(SPS: Set of reference points which probe “typical” parts of the supersymmetric parameter space)

	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ [%]			total NLO
	$WW_h$ $+ZZ_h$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$	
SPS1a	-0.329	-0.469	-0.015	-0.484
SPS1b	-0.162	-0.229	-0.006	-0.235
SPS2	-0.147	0.129	-0.002	-0.131
SPS3	-0.146	-0.216	-0.006	-0.222
SPS4	-0.258	-0.355	-0.008	-0.363
SPS5	-0.606	-0.912	-0.010	-0.922
SPS6	-0.226	-0.309	-0.010	-0.319
SPS7	-0.206	-0.317	-0.006	-0.323
SPS8	-0.157	-0.206	-0.004	-0.210
SPS9	-0.094	-0.071	-0.003	-0.074

Again:

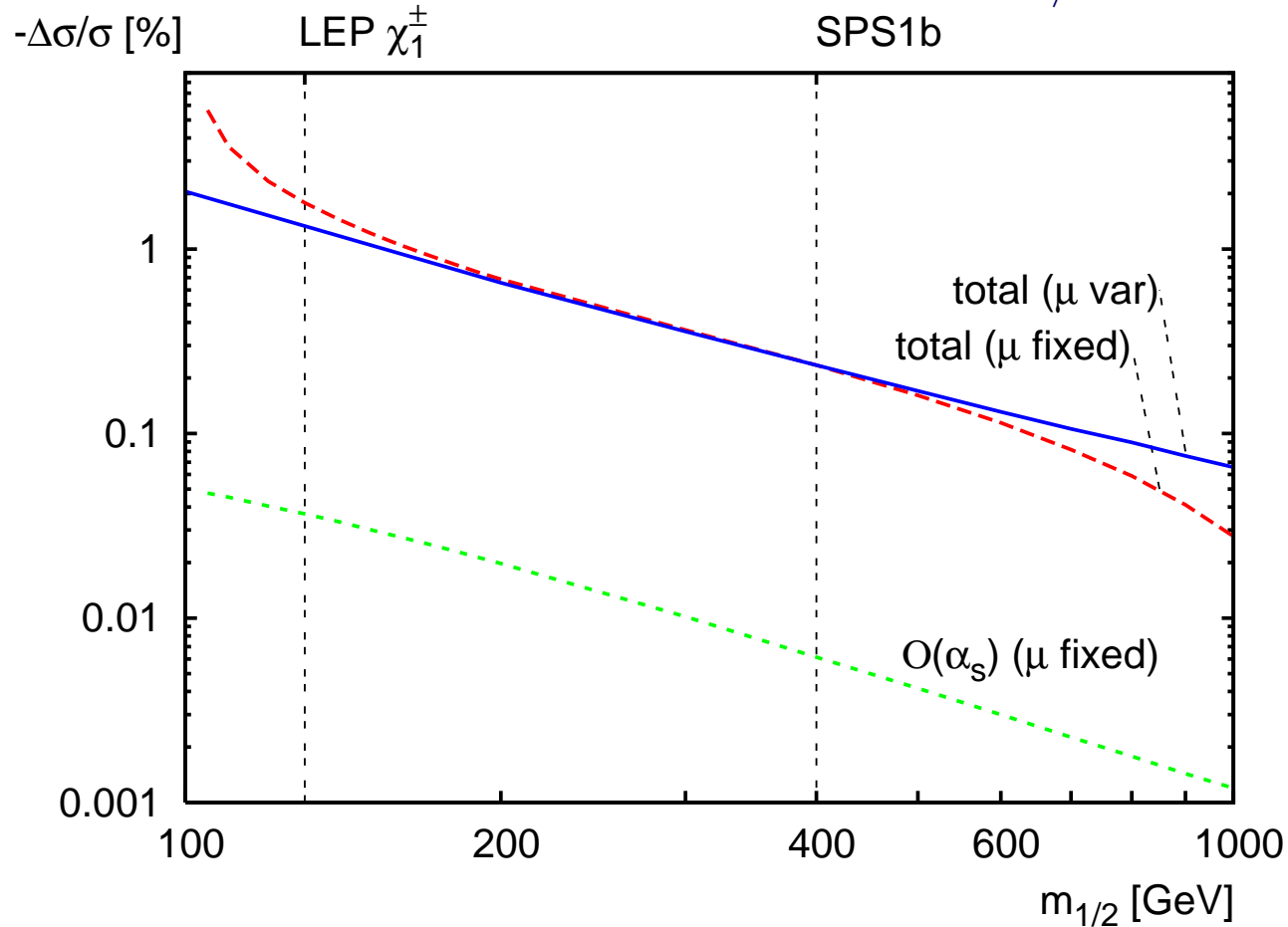
SUSY-QCD corrections tiny

SUSY-EW corrections give  
main contribution

Typical size less than or  
around 1%

# Mass dependence of the corrections

Starting point: SPS1b  $\rightarrow$  vary GUT scale parameter  $m_{1/2}$



- **SUSY-QCD** strongly suppressed over whole mass range
- Maximal size of corrections in this scenario:  $-2\%$   
(most stringent experimental limit from LEP2 chargino bound)
- Can reach up to 4% for parameter points still allowed by direct SUSY searches

# Conclusions

- Higgs-boson production via Vector Boson Fusion important discovery mode for the Higgs boson and to study electroweak symmetry breaking
- Supersymmetric diagrams can lead to additional effects beyond simple tree-level factor  $\sin(\beta - \alpha)^2$
- Supersymmetric QCD corrections strongly suppressed
- Supersymmetric electro-weak corrections modify cross section on the percent level



# BACKUP

# Higgs self-couplings

Parameter point SPS1a:

	effective theory		Feynman diagrams	
	$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	full	$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	full
$\lambda_{HHH}$	0.208	0.198	0.210	0.210
$\lambda_{HHh}$	-0.285	-0.275	-0.284	-0.279
$\lambda_{Hhh}$	-0.216	-0.219	-0.220	-0.257
$\lambda_{hhh}$	0.952	1.503	0.950	1.276
$\alpha_{\text{eff}}$	-0.1132		-0.1158	
$m_h$	109.8 GeV		111.0 GeV	
$m_H$	391.5 GeV		391.6 GeV	

Common factor  $\frac{-3em_W}{2c_W^2 s_W}$  excluded

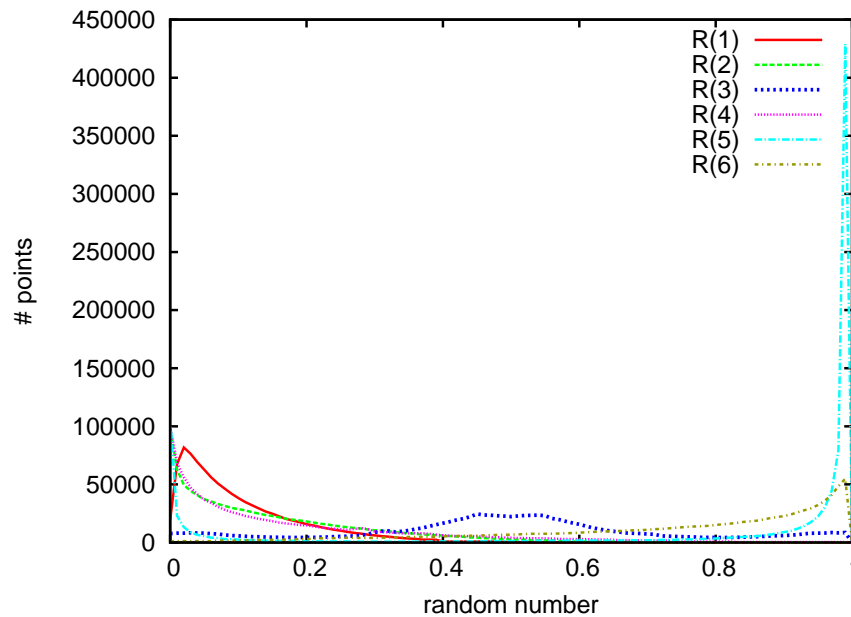
# Technical Details

52504 individual Feynman diagrams calculated  
→ impossible without the help of automated tools

- Amplitudes and Fortran code generation:  
FeynArts, FormCalc
- Hadronic cross sections: HadCalc
- General-purpose phase-space generator

[Hahn, Perez-Victoria, Schappacher]

[MR]



⇒ Strongly peaked distribution of random points

# Technical Details

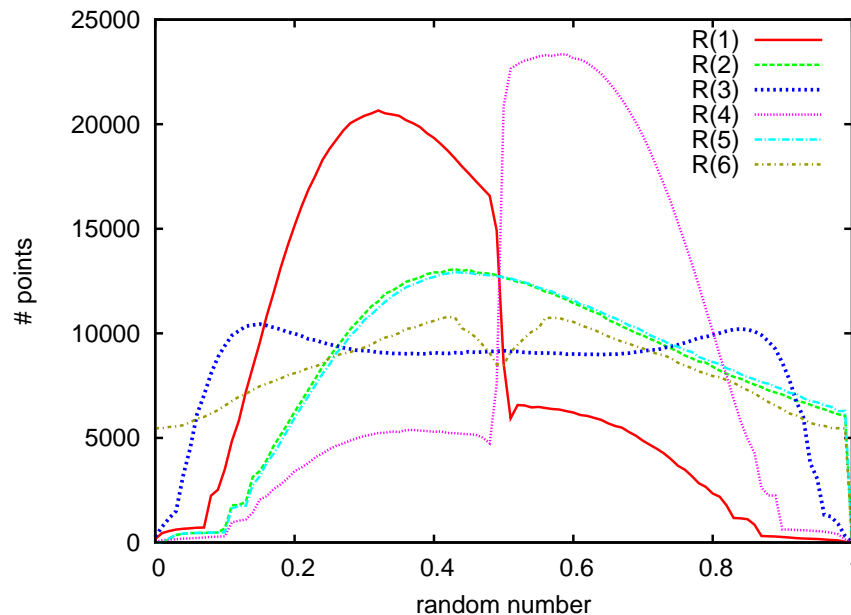
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[Hahn, Perez-Victoria, Schappacher]

[MR]

[Rainwater, Zeppenfeld]



⇒ Improvement by factor of 10 to obtain similar accuracy

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FeynArts, FormCalc [Hahn, Perez-Victoria, Schappacher]
- Hadronic cross sections: HadCalc [MR]
- Phase space generator [Rainwater, Zeppenfeld]
  - Train Vegas grid with  $10^7$  phase space points using tree-level amplitude only
  - Use trained Vegas grid as start point for full evaluation
  - ⇒ Additional factor 5 improvement
- Loop integrals: LoopTools [Hahn, MR; v. Oldenborgh]
- Higgs sector: FeynHiggs [Hahn, Heinemeyer, Hollik, Rzehak, Weiglein]