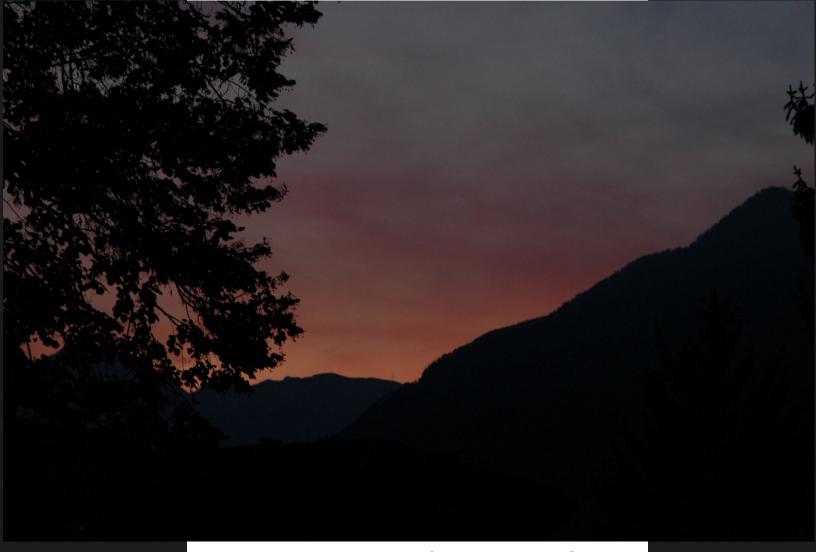


Next-to-Leading Order Jet Physics with BlackHat

David A. Kosower Institut de Physique Théorique, CEA–Saclay *on behalf of the* BlackHat Collaboration Carola Berger, Z. Bern, L. Dixon, Fernando Febres Cordero, Darren Forde, Harald Ita, DAK, Daniel Maître, Tanju Gleisberg RADCOR, Ascona (TI), Switzerland October 25–30, 2009

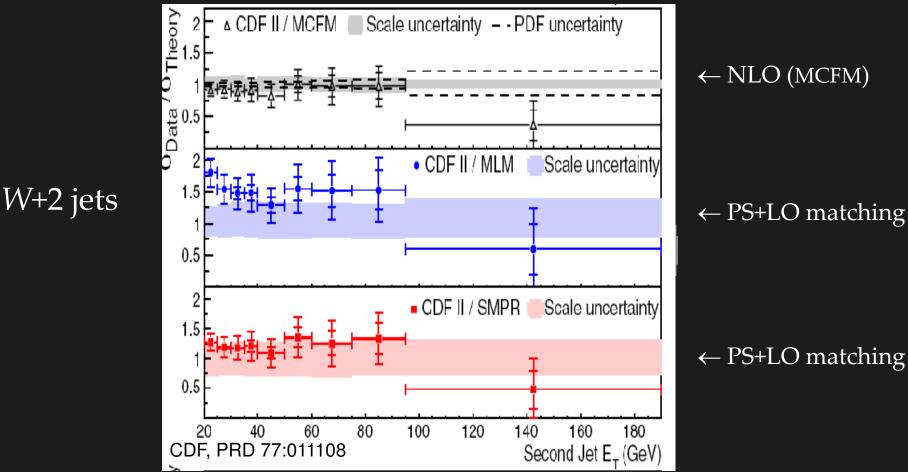
November 18?

proton - (anti)proton cross sections



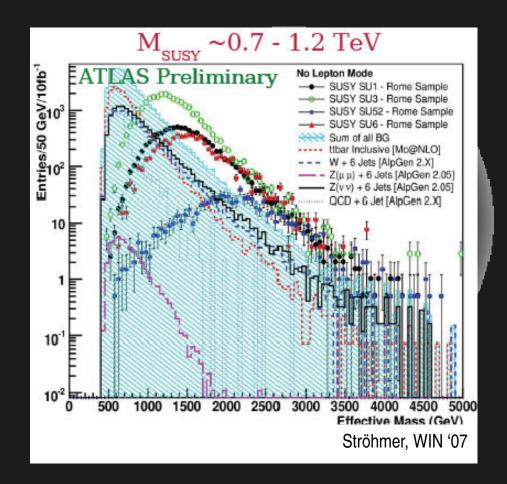
Campbell, Huston & Stirling '06





• ... need quantitative predictions; for *W*+more jets too

Backgrounds to New Physics



Next-to-Leading Jet Physics with Black Hat, RADCOR, Ascona, October 25–30, 2009

Ingredients for NLO Calculations

- Tree-level matrix elements for LO and real-emission terms known since '80s 🗸
- Singular (soft & collinear) behavior of tree-level amplitudes, integrals, initial-state collinear behavior $k noun since '90s \checkmark$
- NLO parton distributions k noun since '90s \checkmark
- General framework for numerical programs k nown since '90s \checkmark Catani, Seymour (1996) [Giele, Glover, DAK (1993); Frixione, Kunszt, Signer (1995)]
- Automating it for general processes \Rightarrow Frederix's talk Gleisberg, Krauss; Seymour, Tevlin; Hasegawa, Moch, Uwer; Frederix, Gehrmann, Greiner (2008)
- Bottleneck: one-loop amplitudes _2.Re



W+2 jets (MCFM) \rightarrow W+3 jets •

Bern, Dixon, DAK, Weinzierl (1997-8); Campbell, Glover, Miller (1997)

An experimenter's wishlist

Hadron collider cross-sections one would like to know at NLO Run II Monte Carlo Workshop, April 2001

Single boson	Diboson	Triboson	Heavy flavour
$W + \leq 5j$	$WW + \leq 5j$	$WWW + \leq 3j$	$t\bar{t} + \leq 3j$
$W + b\bar{b} + \leq 3j$	$WW + b\overline{b} + \leq 3j$	$WWW + b\overline{b} + \leq 3j$	$tar{t} + \gamma + \leq 2j$
$W + c\bar{c} + \leq 3j$	$WW + c\overline{c} + \leq 3j$	$WWW + \gamma\gamma + \leq 3j$	$t\bar{t} + W + \leq 2j$
$Z + \leq 5j$	$ZZ + \leq 5j$	$Z\gamma\gamma + \leq 3j$	$t\bar{t} + Z + \leq 2j$
$Z + b\bar{b} + \le 3j$	$ZZ + b\overline{b} + \leq 3j$	$WZZ + \leq 3j$	$t\ddot{t} + H + \leq 2j$
$Z + c\overline{c} + \leq 3j$	$ZZ + c\overline{c} + \leq 3j$	$ZZZ + \leq 3j$	$tar{b}+\leq 2j$
$\gamma + \leq 5j$	$\gamma\gamma + \leq 5j$		$b\bar{b} + \leq 3j$
$\gamma + b\bar{b} + \leq 3j$	$\gamma\gamma+bar{b}+\leq 3j$		
$\gamma + c\bar{c} + \leq 3j$	$\gamma\gamma + c\overline{c} + \leq 3j$		
	$WZ + \leq 5j$		
	$WZ + b\overline{b} + \leq 3j$		
	$WZ + c\overline{c} + \leq 3j$		
	$W\gamma + \leq 3j$		
	$Z\gamma + \leq 3j$		

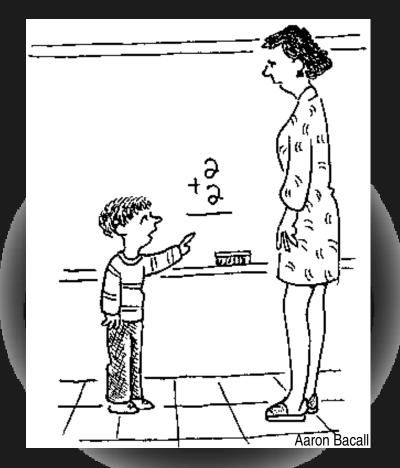
Campbell

Next-to-Leading Order QCD Tools: Status and Prospects - p.5/29

Next-to-Leading Jet Physics with Black Hat, RADCOR, Ascona, October 25–30, 2009

Traditional Approach

- Pick a process
- Grab a graduate student
- Lock him or her in a room
- Supply caffeine, a modicum of nourishment, and occasional instructions
- Provide a computer, a copy of *Mathematica* & a C++ compiler



"Rather than learning how to solve that, shouldn't I be learning how to write software that can solve that?"

Industrialization

- Moving from bespoke calculations to mass production is more than just automation
- Need a technology which scales
- Likely to be dominantly numerical (more direct, fewer pieces)
- Gain insight by thinking about computational complexity Don't get hung up about prefactors or nitpick about precise values of *n*

- Polynomial complexity scales well (example: Berends–Giele recursion relations with caching ⇒ Giele's talk)
- Numerical evaluation critical to obtaining this scaling
- Extend polynomial complexity to loops: use numerical implementation of on-shell methods
- For the future:
 - Identical contributions: remove by symmetry (phase space)
 - Correlated contributions: sum via Monte Carlo (helicities?)
 - Anticorrelated contributions: sum explicitly
 - Expansion in color orders: O(1) at leading color, $O(n^4)$ at next-to-leading color

Intelligent Automation

- BLACKHAT Carola Berger, Z. Bern, L. Dixon, Fernando Febres Cordero, Darren Forde, Harald Ita, DAK, Daniel Maître, Tanju Gleisberg
 - On-shell Methods
 - Do analysis analytically
 - Do algebra numerically
 - C++ framework for automated one-loc integral basis, spinor products, residue caching

ions: organization, tree ingredients,

- Thus far: gluon amplitudes; V + one/two quark pairs + gluon amplitudes
- Tevatron and LHC phenomenology results
- \Rightarrow Daniel Maître's talk

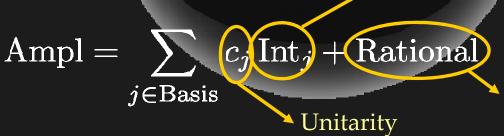
New Technologies: On-Shell Methods

- Use only information from physical states
- Use properties of amplitudes as calculational tools
 - Factorization \rightarrow on-shell recursion relations
 - Unitarity \rightarrow unitarity method
 - Underlying field theory \rightarrow integral basis
- Formalism

*I*³ⁿ

Known integral basis:





On-shell Recursion; D-dimensional unitarity via∫mass

Unitarity as a Practical Tool

Bern, Dixon, Dunbar, & DAK (1994) Sew together tree amplitudes to form loop amplitudes

- Generalized Unitarity sew together more than two amplitudes
 - No tensor reduction needed
- Basis set of integration of the cuts: coefficient given by purely algebraic computation); triangles; bubbles
 - No higher-point integrals needed
- Rational terms from *D*-dimensional unitarity Bern & Morgan (1996); Bern, Dixon, Dunbar, & DAK (1997); Anastasiou, Britto, Feng, Kunszt & Mastrolia (2007); Giele, Kunszt, & Melnikov (2008)

Triangle and Bubble Integrals

- Triangle coefficients can be extracted from triple cuts
- But boxes have triple cuts too ⇒ need to isolate triangle from them
 - Subtract box integrands (Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau)
 - Compute using contour integral at ∞ (Forde)
 - Spinor residue extraction (Britto, Feng, Mastrolia)

• Other groups pursuing complementary lines of attack for numerical calculations within the unitarity framework:

Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau, Actis, Bevilacqua, Czakon, Draggiotis, Garzelli, van Hameren, Mastrolia, Worek; Ellis, Giele, Kunszt, Lazopoulos, Melnikov, Zanderighi; Giele, Winter;

• New developments for analytic calculations of internal masses: Anastasiou, Britto, Feng, Mastrolia; Badger

- To compute a physical cross-section, also need
 - real-emission contributions
 - subtraction terms
 - Integration over phase space
 - Analysis package

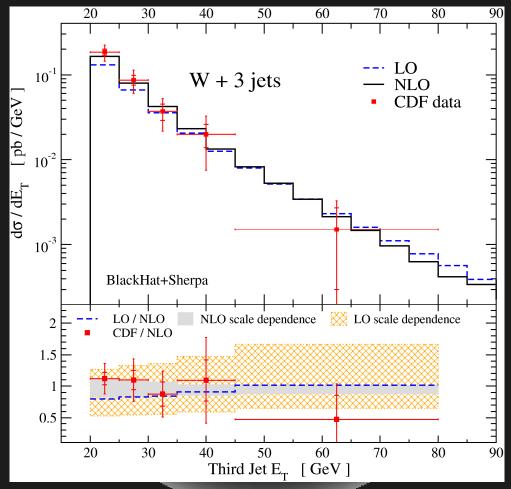
Use **SHERPA** for these

Standard CDF jet cuts

$$\begin{split} E_T^e &> 20 \,\, {\rm GeV}; \, |\eta^e| < 1.1 \\ E_T^\nu &> 20 \,\, {\rm GeV}; \, m_T^W > 20 \,\, {\rm GeV} \\ E_T^{\rm jet} &> 20 \,\, {\rm GeV}; \, |\eta^{\rm jet}| < 2 \end{split}$$

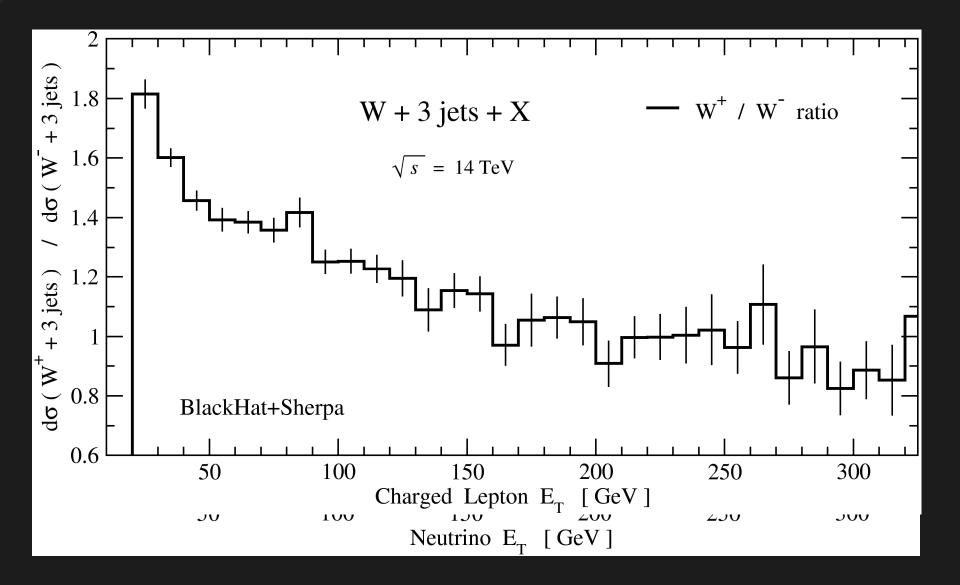
• SIScone (Salam & Soyez), with $\overline{R} = 0.4$

W+3 Jet Production

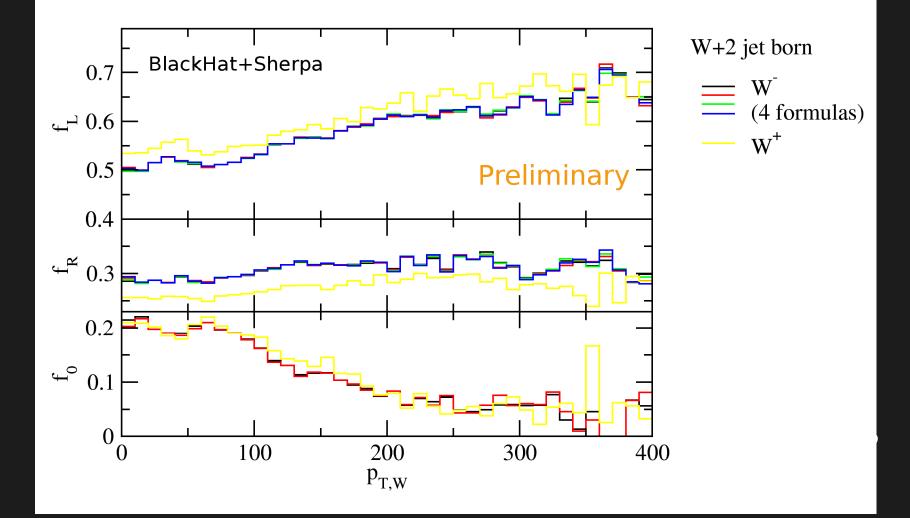


- Reduced scale dependence at NLO
- Good agreement with CDF data (arXiv:0711.4044)

W+3 jets at the LHC: W^+/W^- Ratio

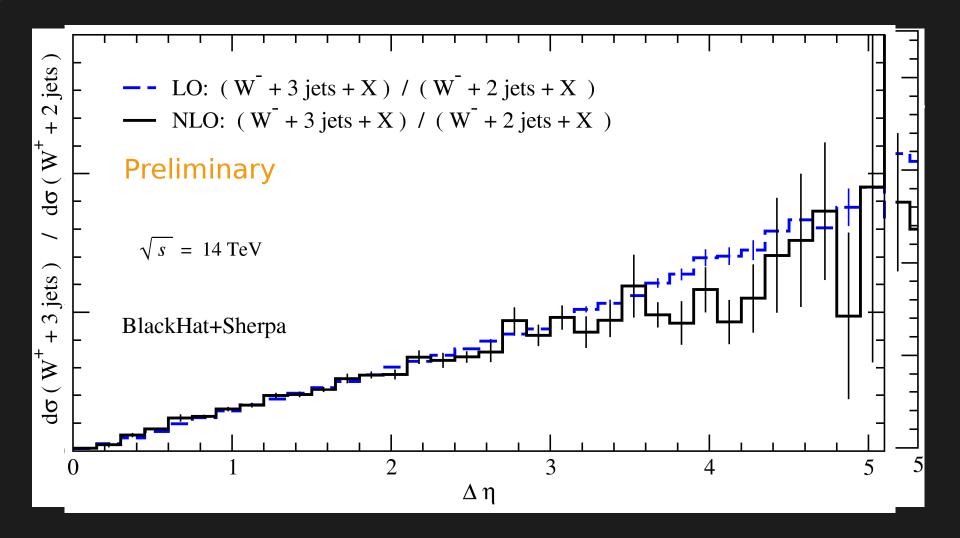


W Polarization



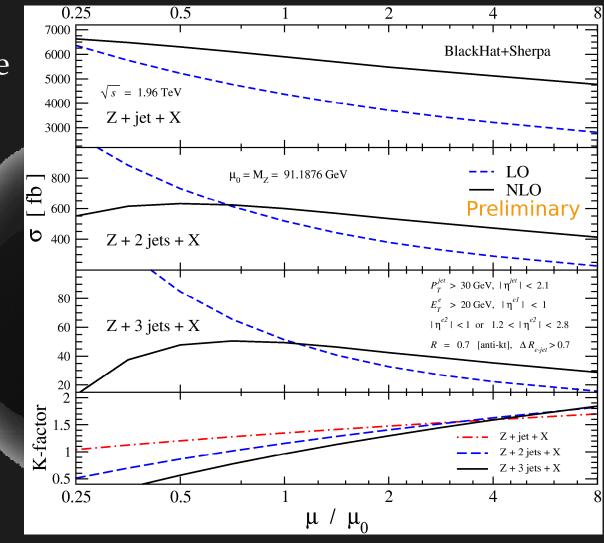
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Radiation Between Jets: W+3/W+2-Jet Ratio

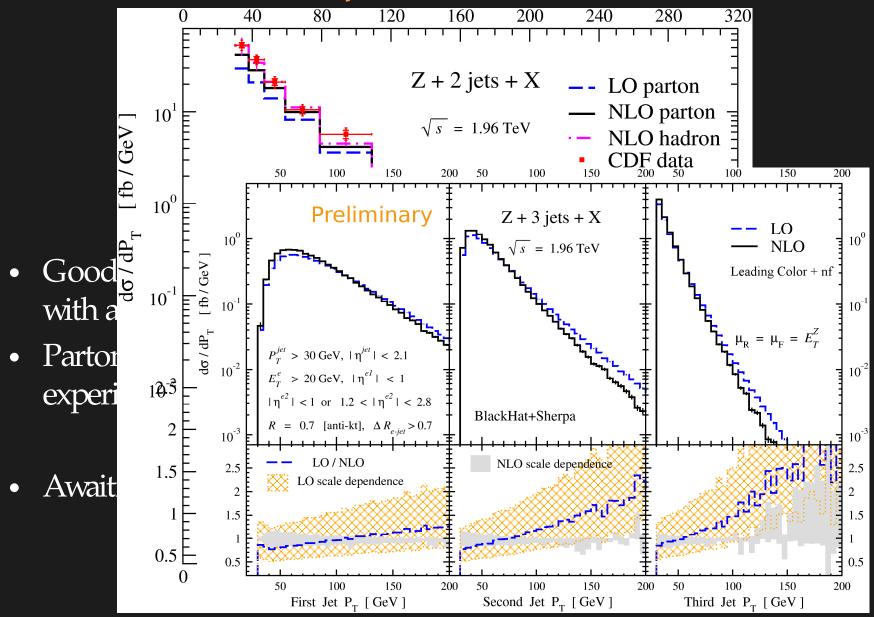


Z + Jets at Tevatron

Reduced scale dependence
NLO importance grows with number of jets



Z+3 Jets at Tevatron



Summary

- On-shell methods are method of choice for QCD calculations for colliders
- Automated seminumerical one-loop calculations
- Phenomenologically useful NLO parton-level calculations:
 - W+3 jets at Tevatron and LHC
 - Z+3 jets at Tevatron and LHC