

W+3 jets at NLO using BlackHat and Sherpa

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in collaboration with

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Blackhat+Sherpa



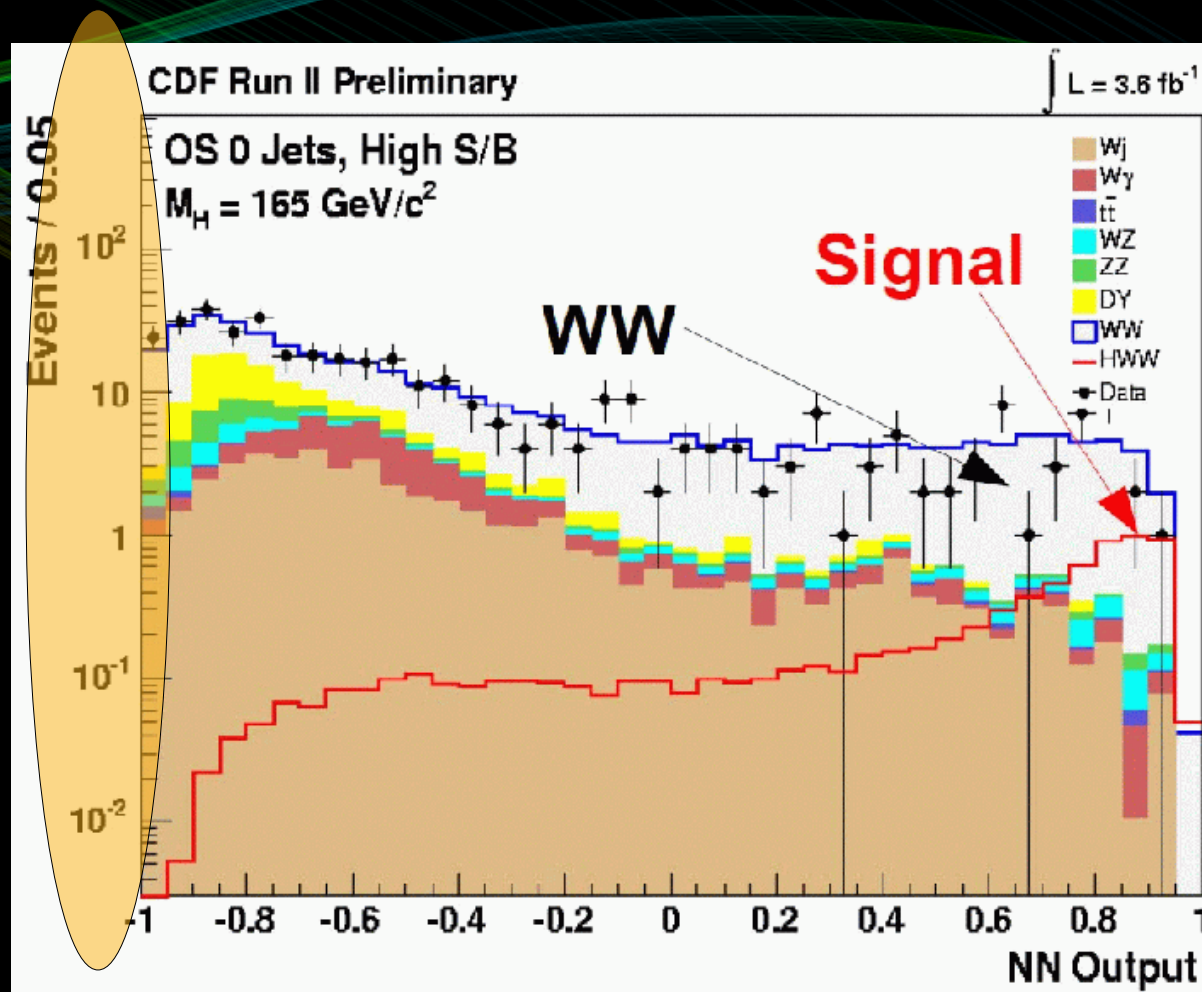
Motivation

Theoretical predictions for QCD processes are crucial for the physics program at a hadron collider

- Signal
- Background
- Many measurements are limited by theory
- Some (most) theory predictions need to be improved!

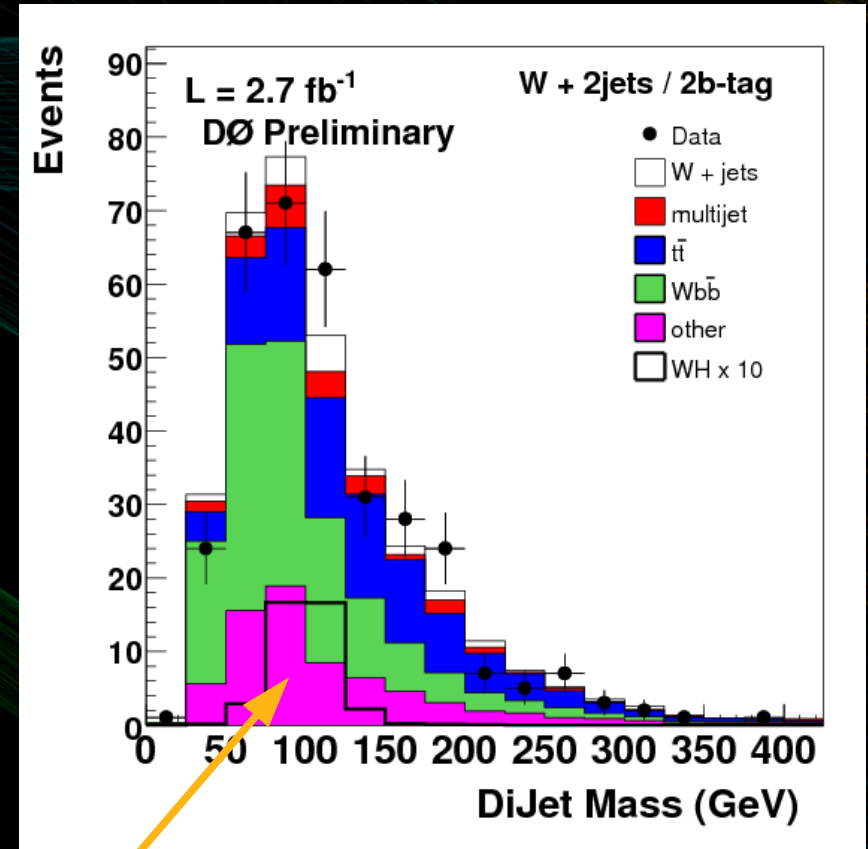
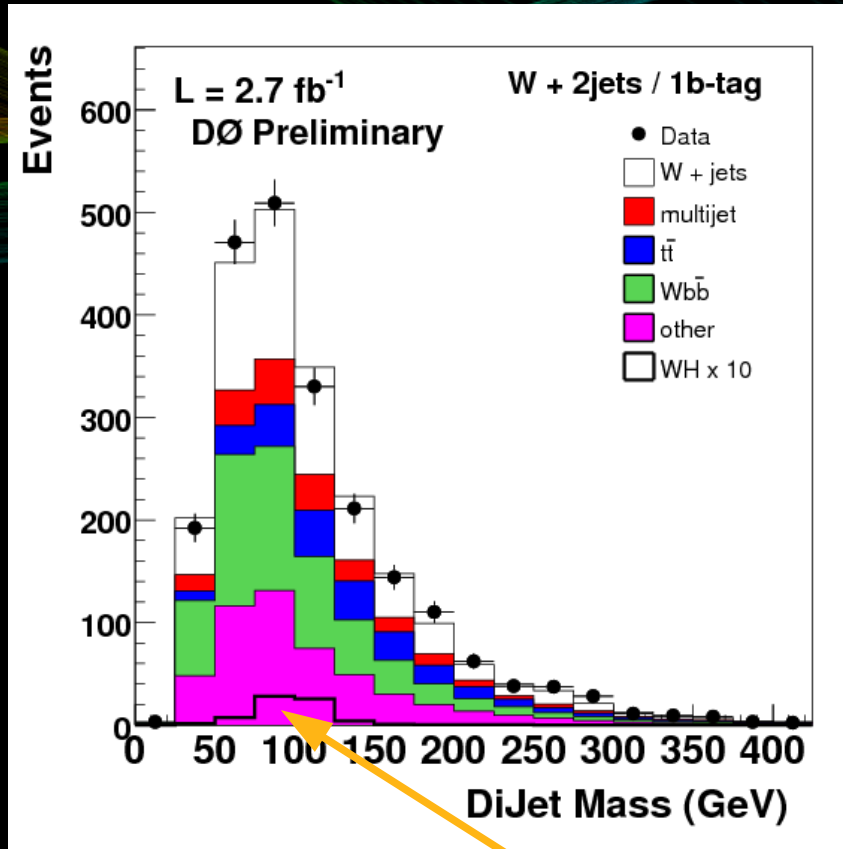
Motivation

Higgs \rightarrow WW search @ CDF



Motivation

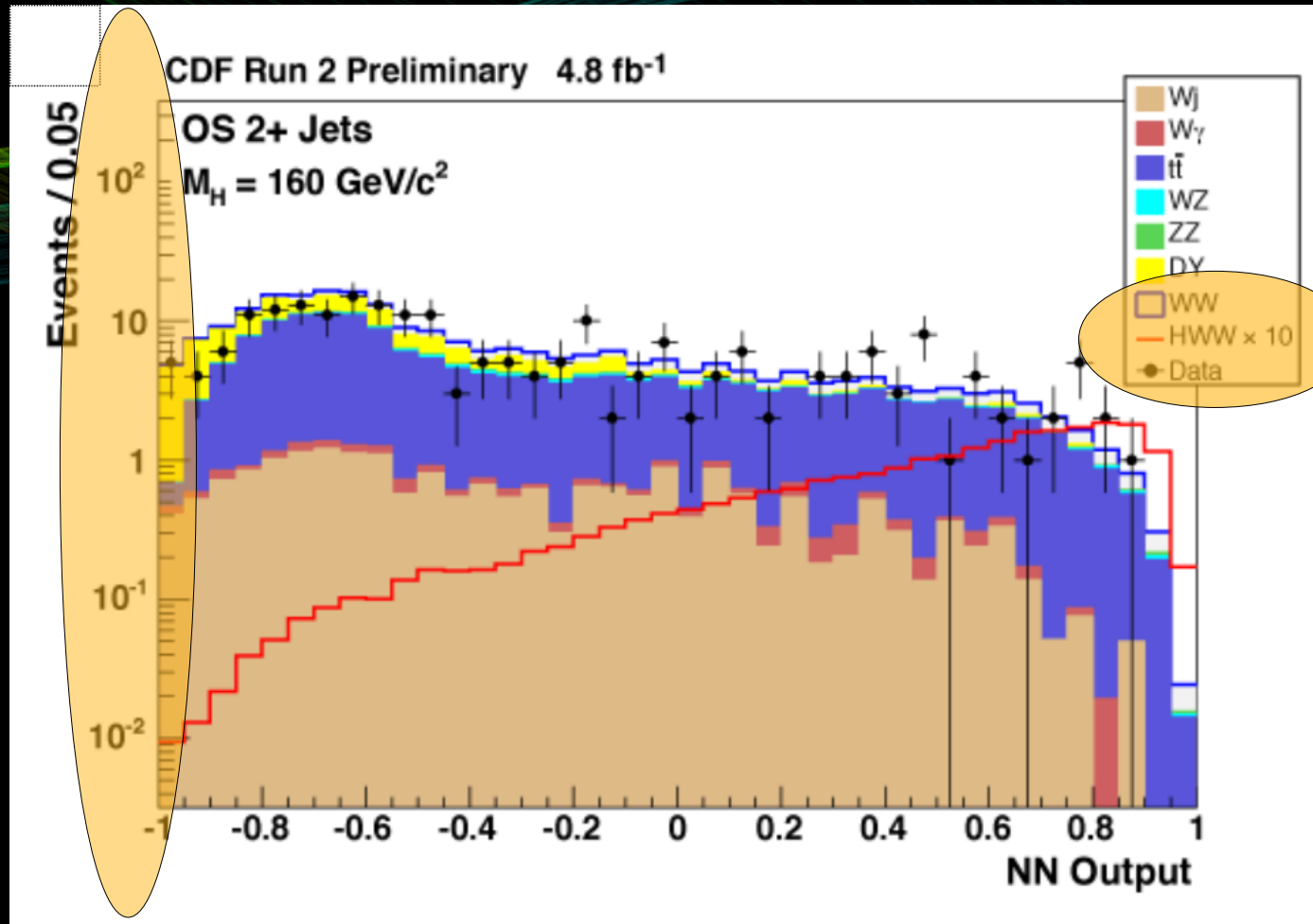
Higgs associated production WH ($H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)



Signal x 10

Motivation

Higgs search HWW



NLO Corrections

NLO corrections are needed for a good theoretical understanding of QCD processes

Improve theory prediction for

- Absolute normalization
- Corrections can be very large
- Reduce renormalization scale dependency

Number of jets	LO	NLO
1	16%	7%
2	30%	10%
3	42%	12%

- Shape of distributions

NLO Corrections

NLO Cross section:

$$\sigma_n^{NLO} = \int_n \sigma_n^{tree} + \int_n \sigma_n^{virt} + \int_{n+1} \sigma_{n+1}^{real}$$

Real & virtual corrections have infrared divergences

- Combination is free of infrared divergences
- The cancellation is between objects living in two different phase spaces

NLO Subtraction

Introduce subtraction term

$$\sigma_{n+1}^{sub}$$

- Same soft/collinear singularity structure as $n+1$ MEs

$$\int_{n+1} \left(\sigma_{n+1}^{real} - \sigma_{n+1}^{sub} \right) \text{ is finite}$$

- Easy enough to be integrated over the singular PS

$$\int_{n+1} \sigma_{n+1}^{sub} = \int_n \int_1 \sigma_{n+1}^{sub} = \int_n \Sigma_n^{sub}$$

- (numerical) NLO cross section

$$\sigma_n^{NLO} = \int_n \sigma_n^{tree} + \int_n \left(\sigma_n^{virt} + \Sigma_n^{sub} \right) + \int_{n+1} \left(\sigma_{n+1}^{real} - \sigma_{n+1}^{sub} \right)$$

NLO with Blackhat+Sherpa

NLO cross section

$$\sigma_n^{NLO} = \int_n \sigma_n^{tree} + \int_n (\sigma_n^{virt} + \sum_n^{sub}) + \int_{n+1} (\sigma_{n+1}^{real} - \sigma_{n+1}^{sub})$$



BlackHat



Sherpa

Sherpa

[Gleisberg, Hoeche, Krauss, Schoenherr, Schumann, Siegert, Winter]



Provides

- Efficient phase space integration
- Event generation
- Analysis framework
- Automated dipole subtraction for the real part
- (and much more)
- Is written in C++

[Catani, Seymour]
[Gleisberg, Krauss]

BlackHat

[Berger, Bern, Dixon, Febres Cordero, Forde, Ita, Kosower, DM]

- Goal : automate computation of virtual 1-loop amplitudes for QCD processes
- C++ framework
- Uses new progress in the unitarity techniques, spinor formalism, complex momenta
[Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau; Forde]
- Separate one-loop Amplitude into cut-containing part and rational part
- Cut containing part: 4 Dim, using Forde's method
- Use higher precision package to deal with numerical instabilities automatically
[QD: Bailey, Hida, Li]

Rational Term

- Many different techniques
 - Using Specialized Feynman Diagrams
[Xiao, Yang, Zhu; Draggiotis, Garzelli, van Hameren, Ossola, Papadopoulos, Pittau]
 - Computing the cuts in D dimensions
 - Analytic using Spinor integration
[Anastasiou, Britto, Feng, Kunszt, Mastrolia]
 - Numerical method implemented in Rocket.
[Ellis, Giele, Kunszt, Mellnikov, Zanderighi]
 - D -dimensionality can be seen as a mass
[Badger]
 - numerical adaptation in BlackHat
- On-shell recursive approach [Berger, Bern, Dixon, Forde, Kosower]
 - implemented in BlackHat



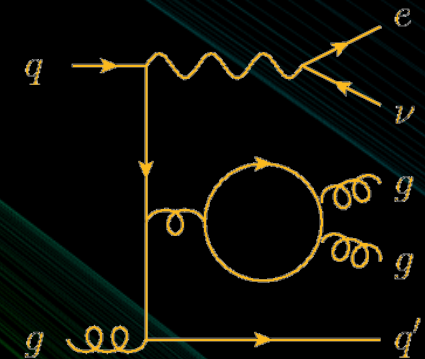
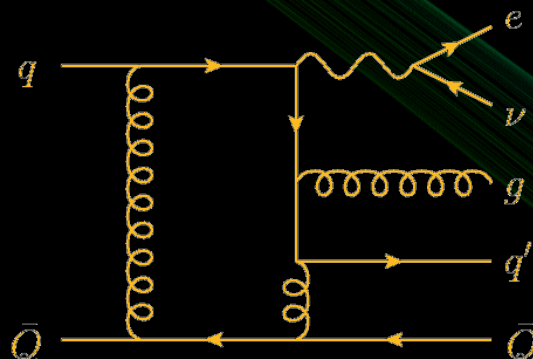
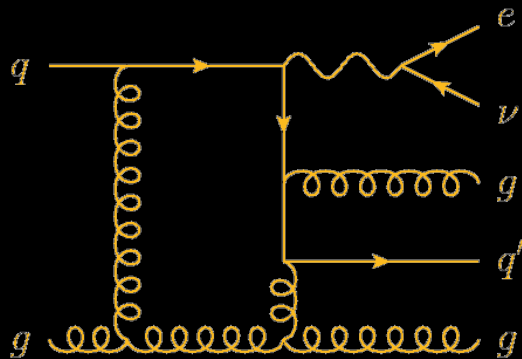
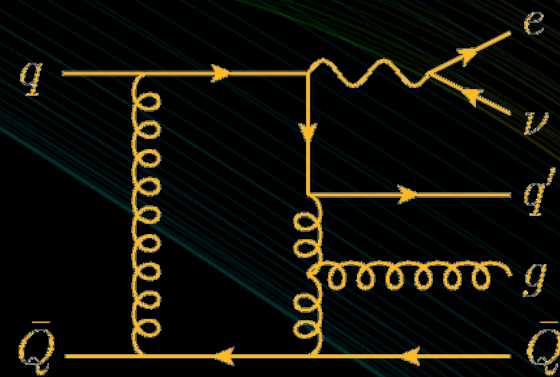
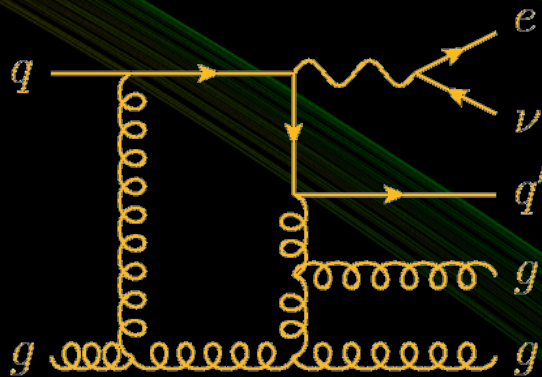
Application:

$W + \text{jets}$

W + jets

W/Z+jets processes are important

- For SM physics (Higgs, $t\bar{t}$, single top)
- Background to new physics
- Luminosity determination



So far

- MCFM [John Campbell, Keith Ellis]
 - NLO $W+1$ jet (Feynman diagrams)
 - NLO $W+2$ jets (amplitudes from unitarity methods)
- Amplitudes
 - Leading color primitive amplitudes ($2q3gW$) [BlackHat]
 - All primitive amplitudes [Ellis, Giele, Kunszt, Melnikov, Zanderighi; van Hameren, Papadopoulos, Pittau]
- Cross section
 - Leading color $W+3$ jets ($2q3gW$) [Ellis, Melnikov, Zanderighi]
 - Leading color $W+3$ jets (all subprocesses) [BlackHat]
 - Leading color $W+3$ jets (with rescaling to account for subleading color) [Ellis, Melnikov, Zanderighi]
 - Full color $W+3$ jets (all subprocesses) [BlackHat]



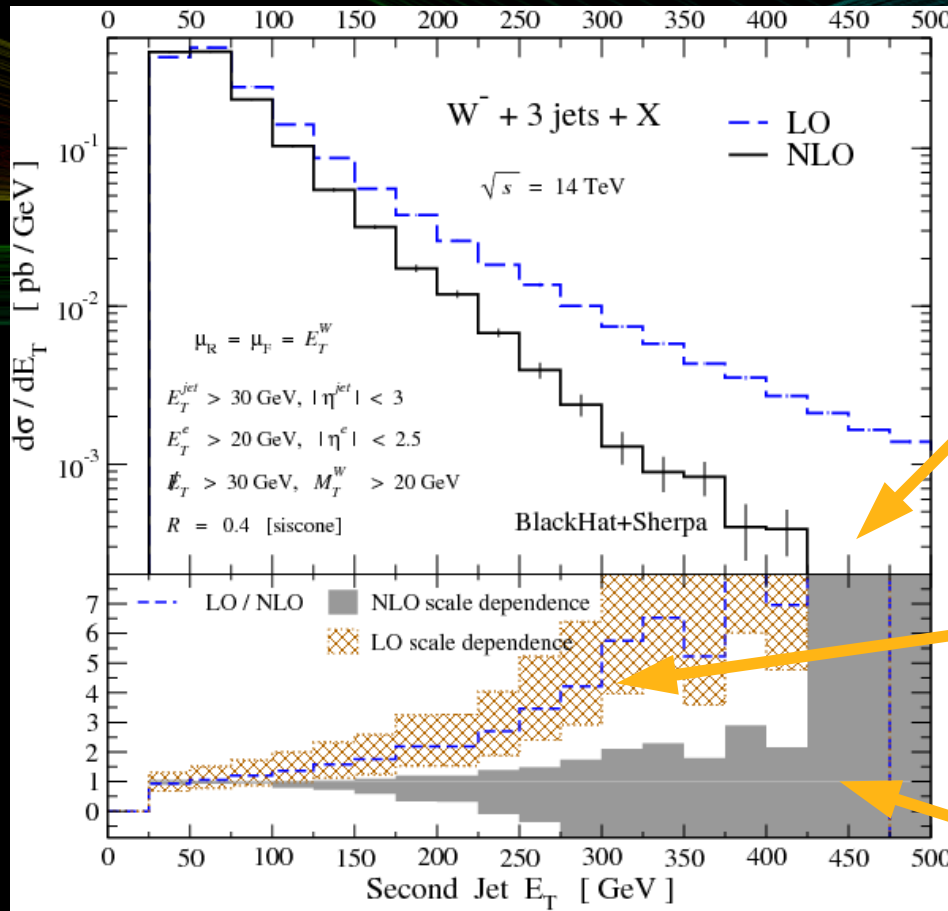
$W+3$ jets at the LHC

Scale choice

- Theory predictions depend on two unphysical scales
 - Renormalization scale
 - Factorization scale
- Due to the truncation of the perturbation series
- Want to choose a scale “typical” for the process
- Complicated processes have many scales
- Good choice of scale
 - Cross sections and distributions should be positive
 - LO has a shape close to the NLO one

Scale choice

Poorly chosen scale has consequences



Differential cross section becomes negative

Large K factor and large dependence of the K factor

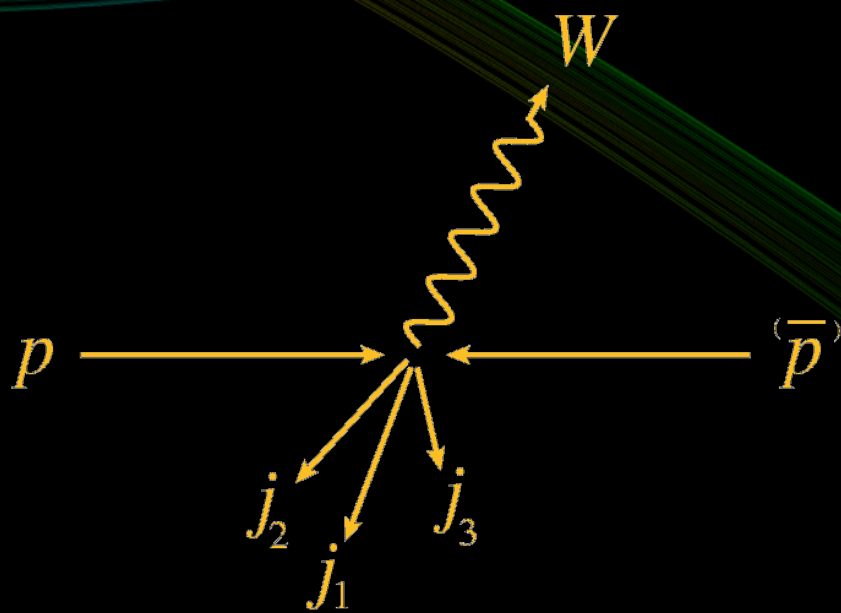
Large growth of the scale dependence of the NLO

$$E_T^W = \sqrt{m_W^2 + p_T^2(W)}$$

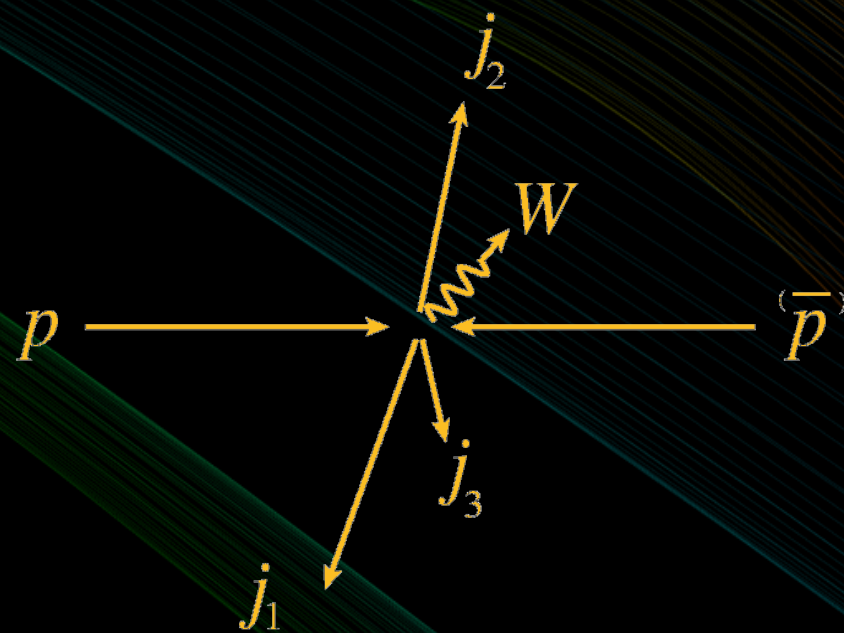
Scale choice

Possible scale choice

$$E_T^W = \sqrt{m_W^2 + p_T^2(W)} \quad H_T = \sum_{j=1,2,3} E_{T,j}^{\text{jet}} + E_T^e + \cancel{E}_T$$



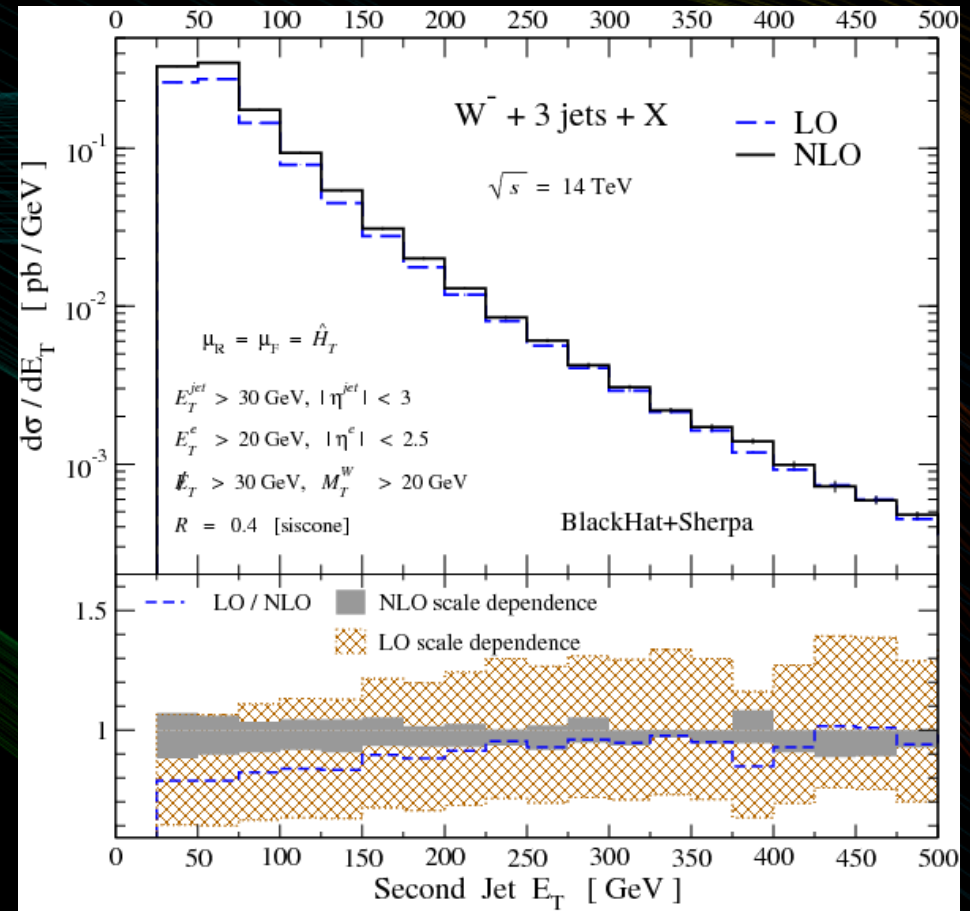
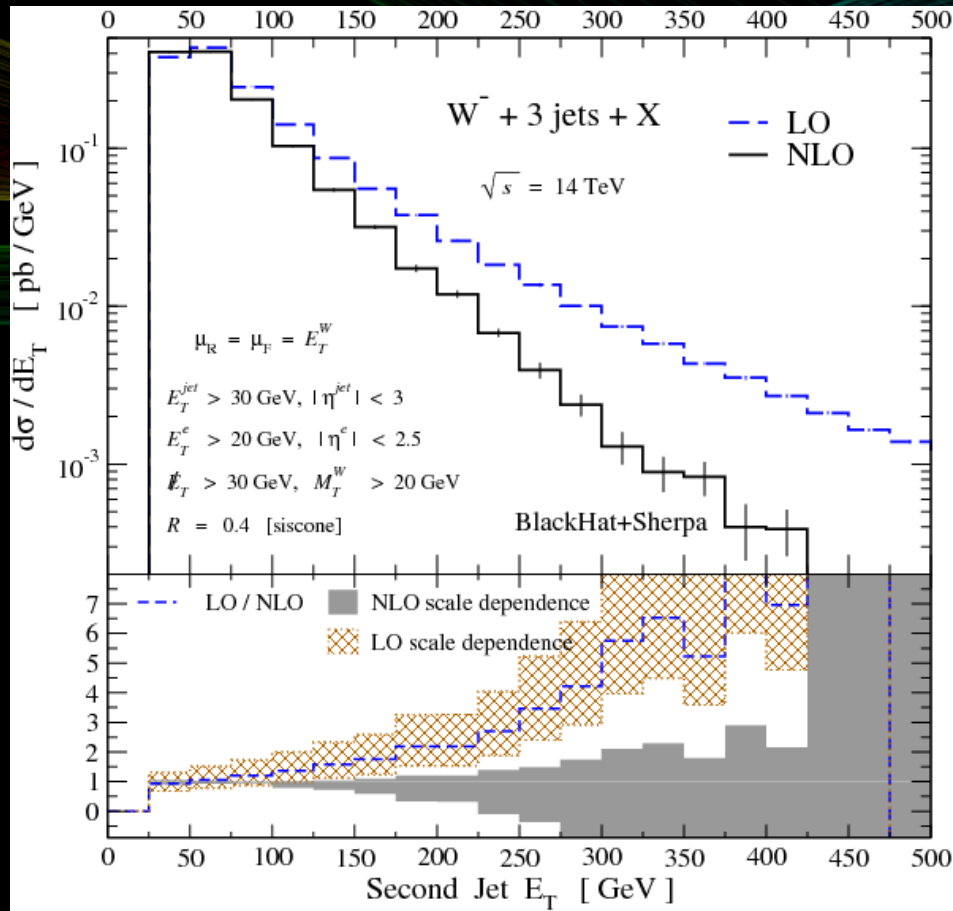
(a)



(b)

Scale choice

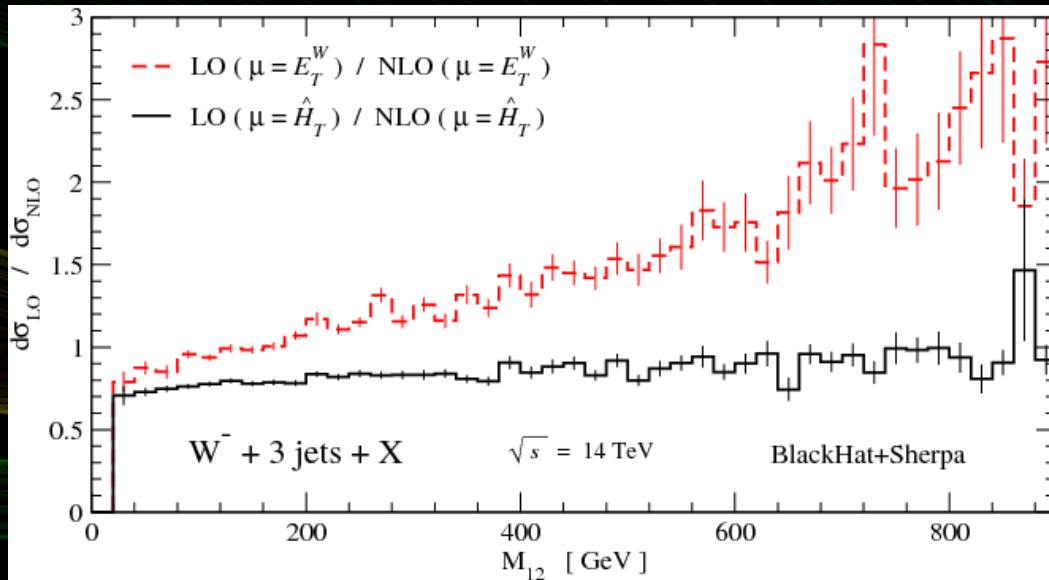
Two different scale choices



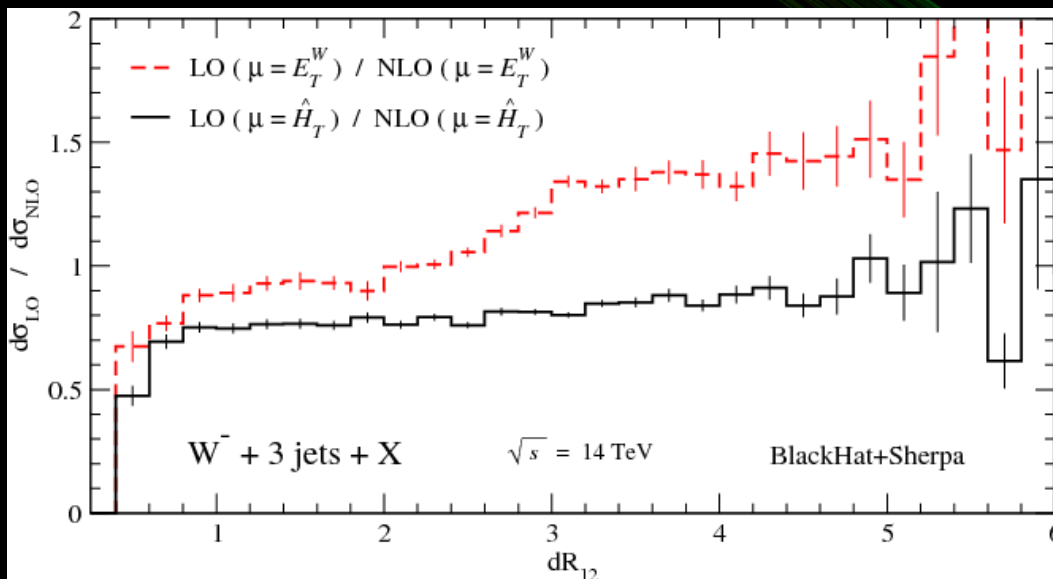
$$E_T^W = \sqrt{m_W^2 + p_T^2(W)}$$

$$H_T = \sum_{j=1,2,3} E_{T,j}^{\text{jet}} + E_T^e + \cancel{E}_T$$

Scale choice



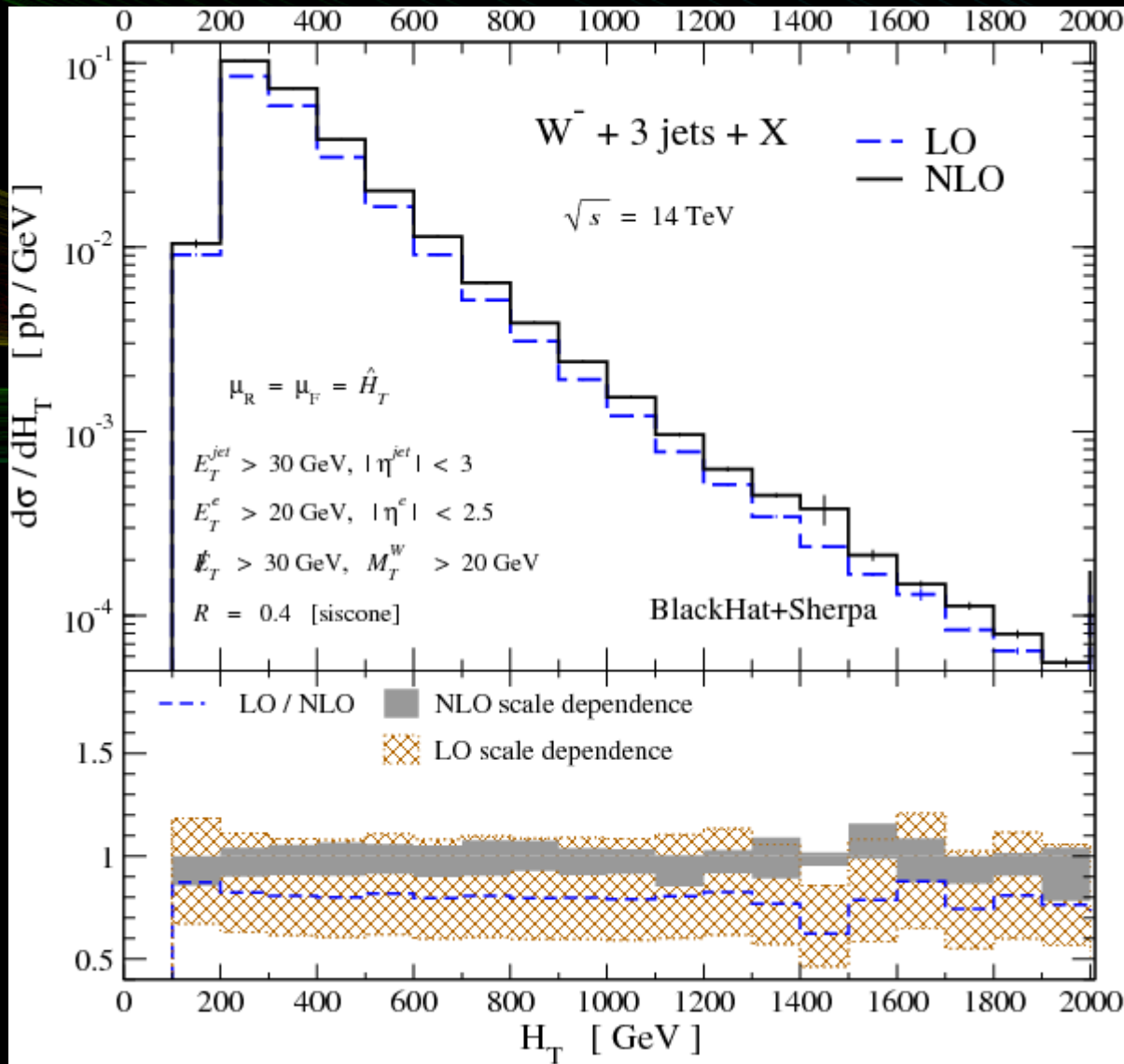
$$M_{ij}^2 = (p_i^{\text{jet}} + p_j^{\text{jet}})^2$$



- Does not work for all distributions!
- Distributions that are specifically sensitive to the W
- Choice of scale has more effect at LHC, but visible at Tevatron

$$\Delta R_{12} = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi)^2 + (\Delta\eta)^2}$$

W+3 jets @ LHC



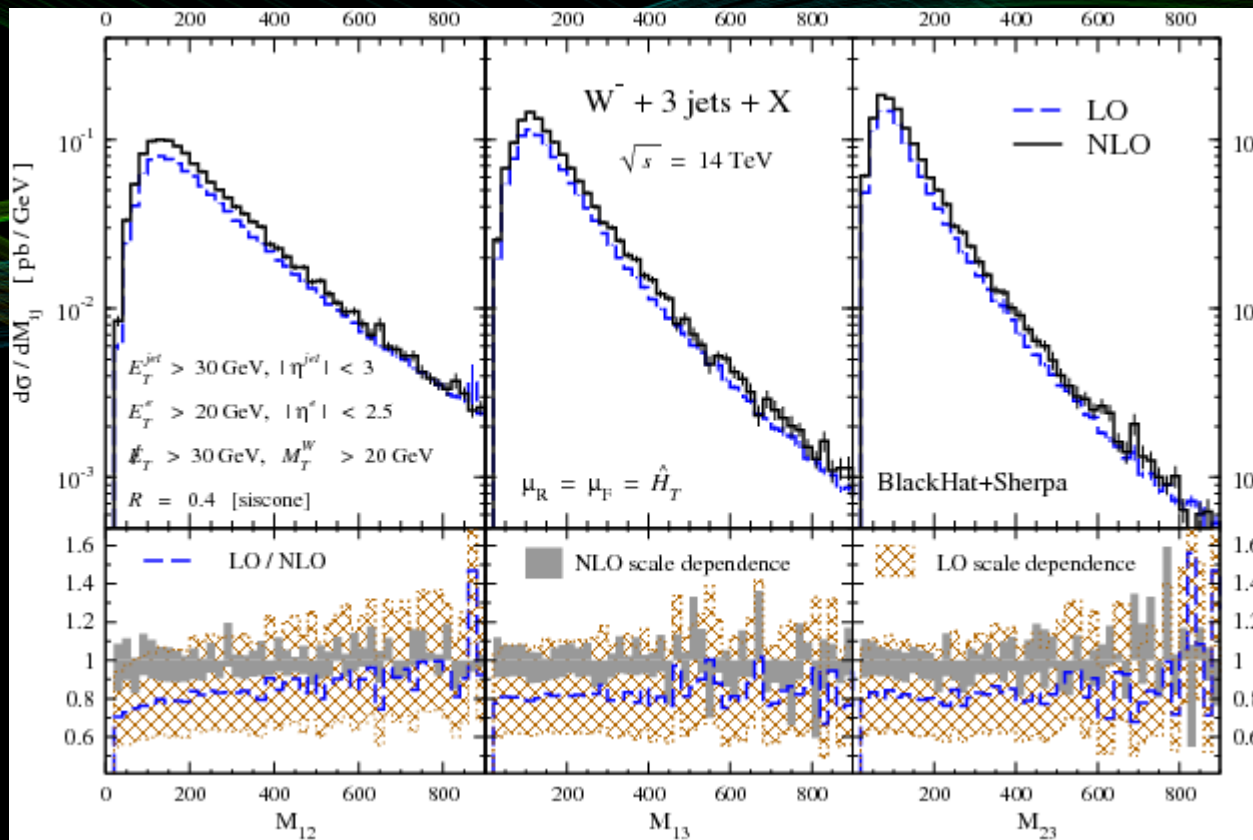
$$\mu = H_T$$

PDF: CTEQ6M

Jet algorithm: SIScone [Salam, Soyez]

W+3 jets @ LHC

$$M_{ij}^2 = (p_i^{\text{jet}} + p_j^{\text{jet}})^2$$



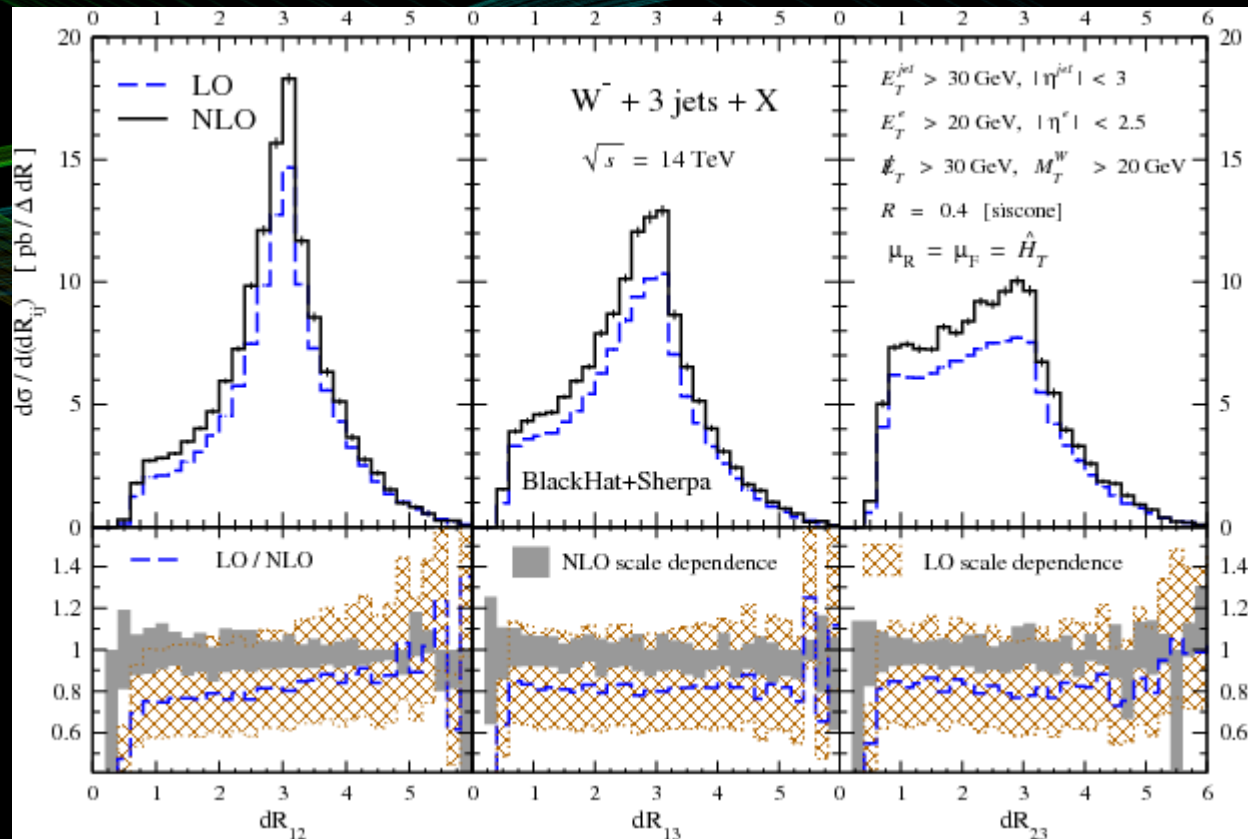
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W+3 jets @ LHC

$$\Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta\phi_{ij})^2 + (\Delta\eta_{ij})^2}$$



PDF: CTEQ6M

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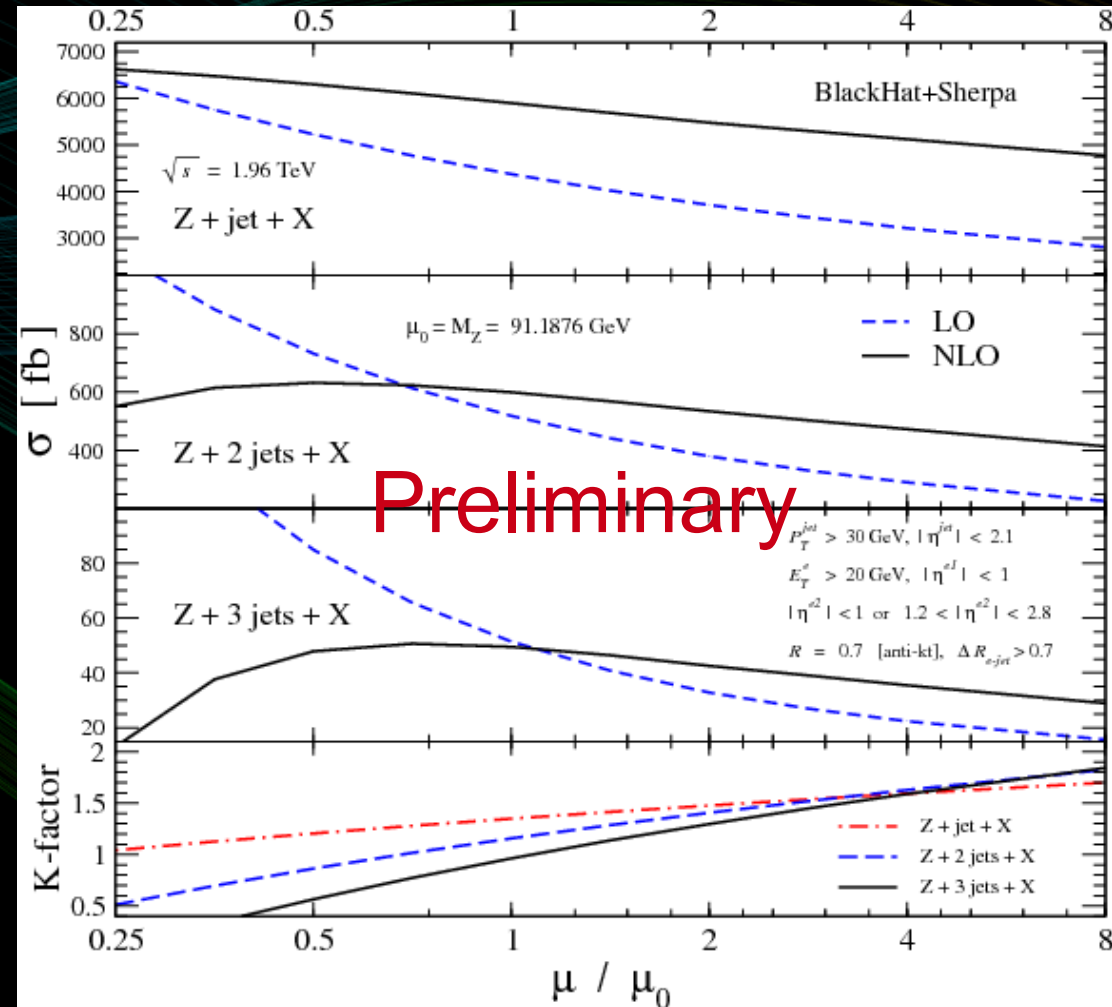
The Future for BlackHat



Imminent Future

Z(e+ e-) + 1,2,3 jets

- Work in progress
- Real integration is more challenging due to the interference with photon
- Virtual part is essentially the same



→ See David Kosower's talk

Near future

- Development of a maintainable public version of BlackHat, still experimental
 - First stage: Lightweight fast for some easy processes
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow 2, 3, 4$ jets
 - $j + j \rightarrow W/Z + 0, 1, 2$ jets
 - Second stage: All tested processes
 - Both can use the proposed Les Houches interface
 - Tested with both C++ and Fortran “client” programs

Future

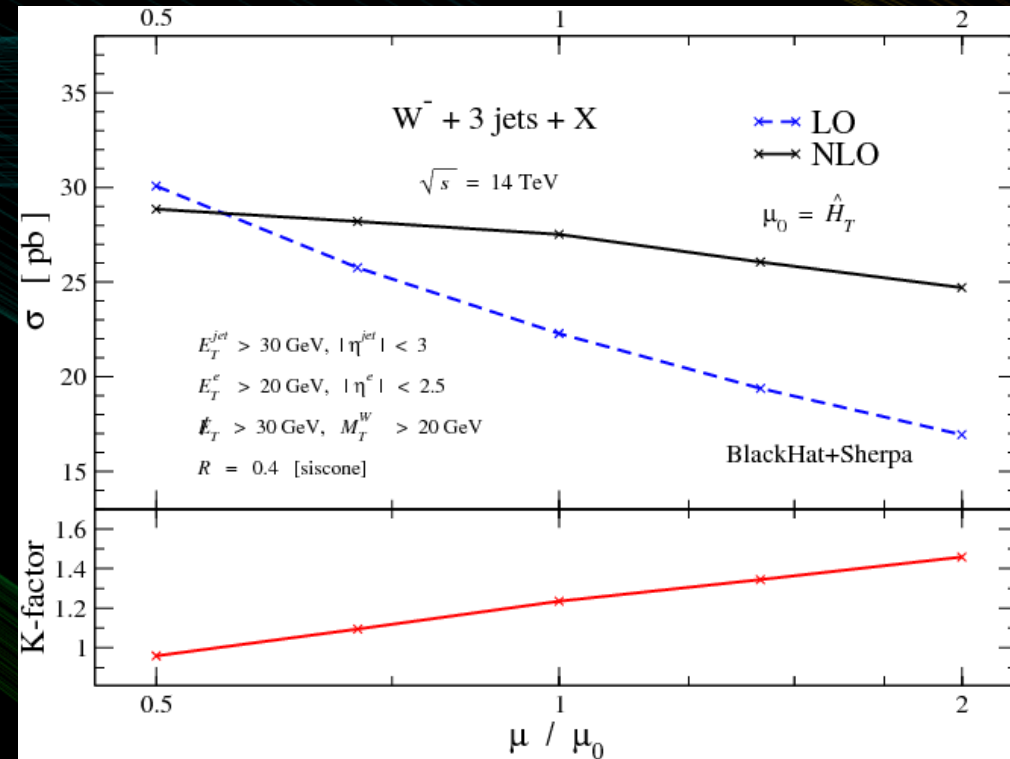
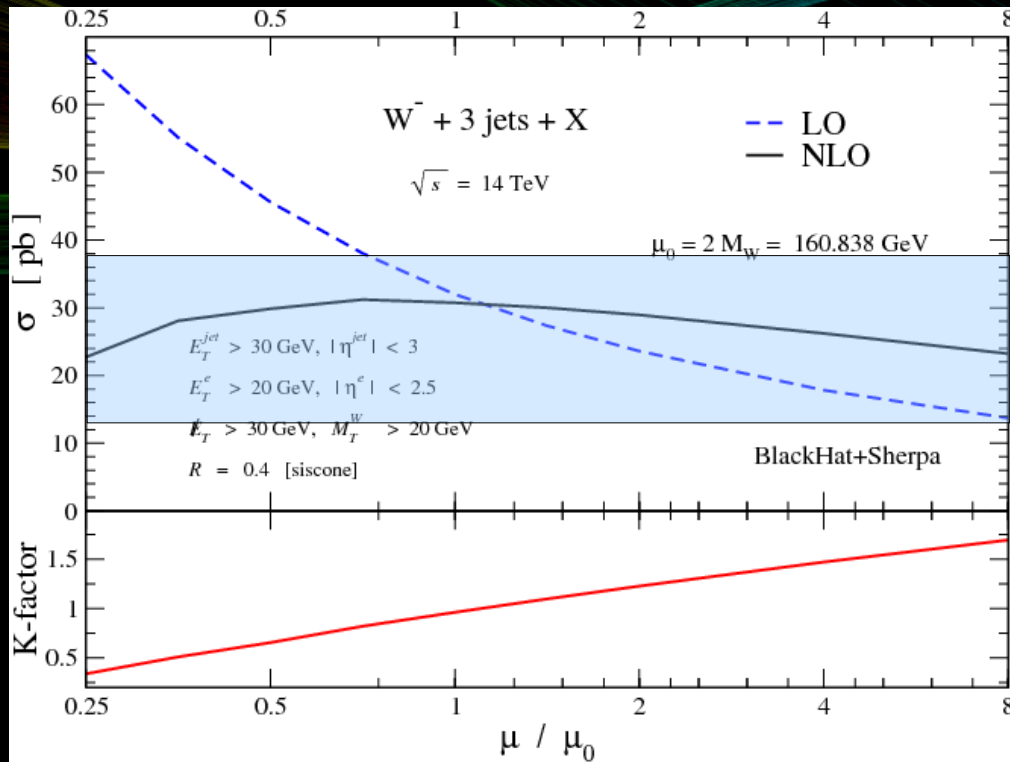
- $W + 4$ jets
 - Virtual part doable (but not necessarily easy...)
 - Real part more challenging
 - 8 (9) point real emission matrix elements are challenging
 - Many integration channels
 - Phase space integration very long
 - For this process, the virtual contribution is not the bottleneck anymore

Conclusion

- Presented full color results for NLO W+3 jets at the LHC
- Show potential of unitarity techniques for phenomenology
- Future of BlackHat
 - Vector boson + jets
 - Public version

Scale dependence

Scale dependence of the NLO cross section is reduced compared the LO one.



Dynamic scale choice is flatter