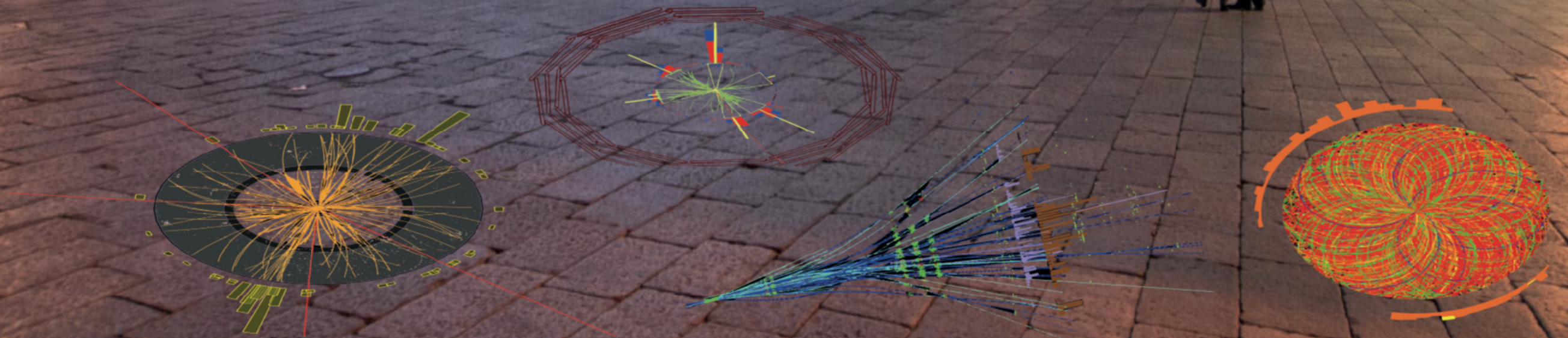


LHCP

Bologna
2018

Soft probes in ALICE

Chiara Oppedisano
for the ALICE Collaboration

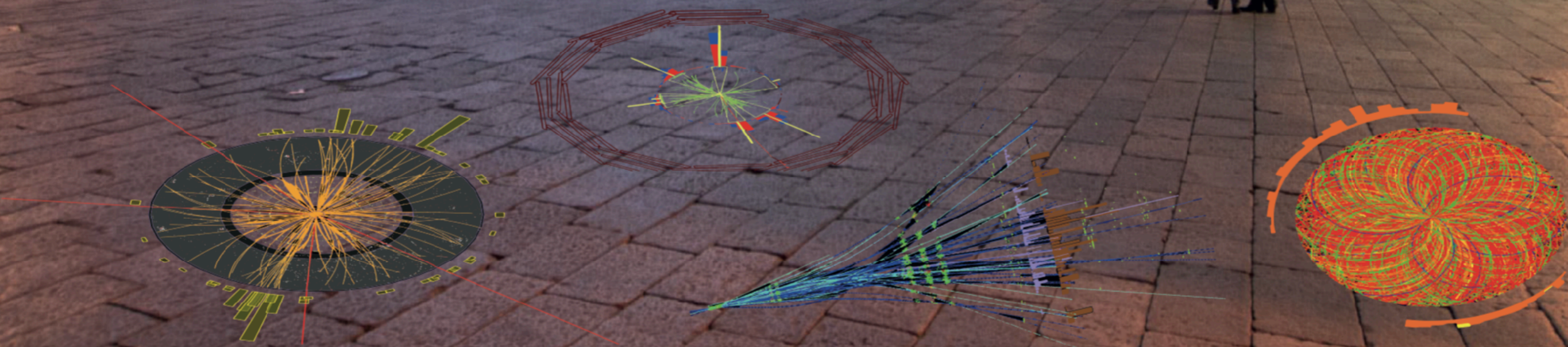


LHCP

Bologna
2018

Selection of soft probes in ALICE

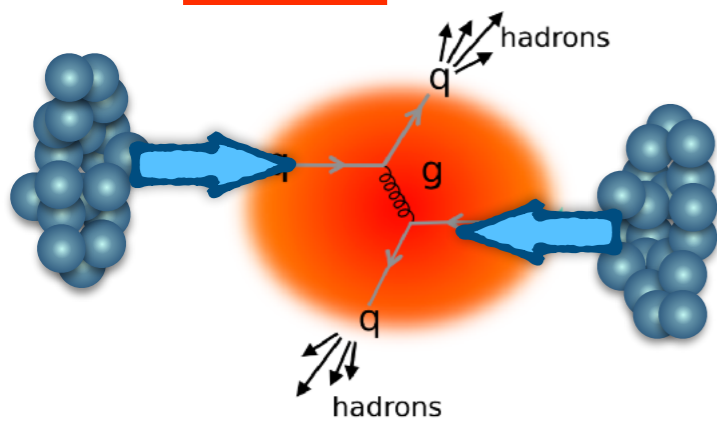
Chiara Oppedisano
for the ALICE Collaboration



Soft probes \blacktriangleright low transverse momentum, $p_T < \text{few GeV}/c$ \blacktriangleright non-perturbative phenomenological models, statistical treatment, effective theories...

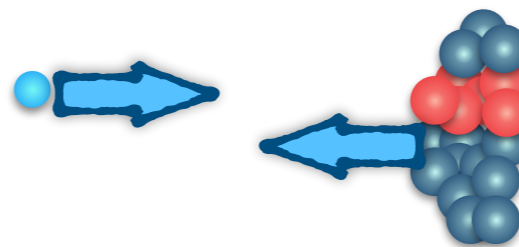
Bulk particle production in different colliding systems

A-A



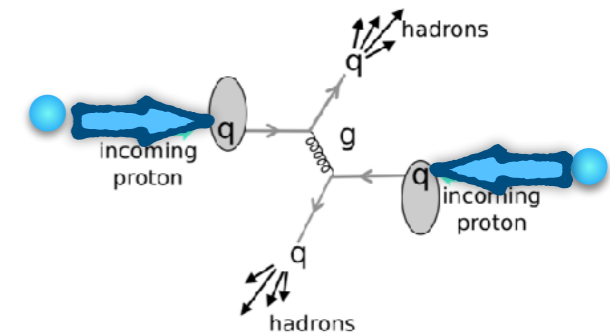
Dense medium
(QGP) formation

p-A



Cold Nuclear
Matter effects

pp

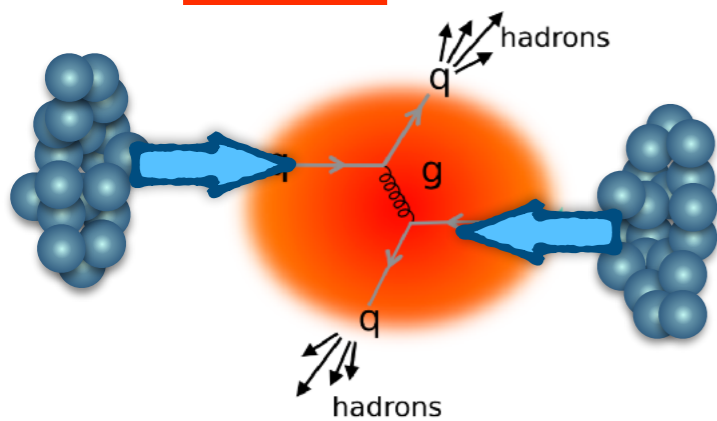


Fragmentation
in vacuum

Soft probes \rightarrow low transverse momentum, $p_T < \text{few GeV}/c \rightarrow$ non-perturbative phenomenological models, statistical treatment, effective theories...

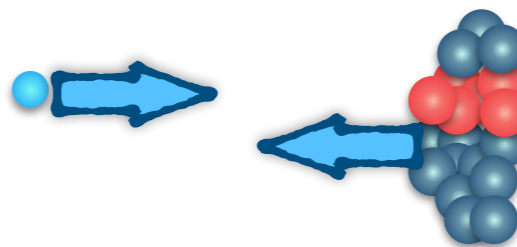
Bulk particle production in different colliding systems

A-A



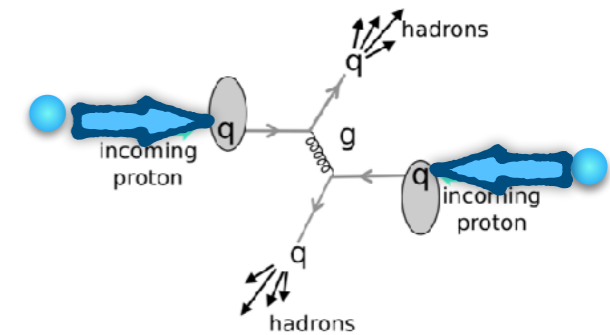
Dense medium (QGP) formation

p-A

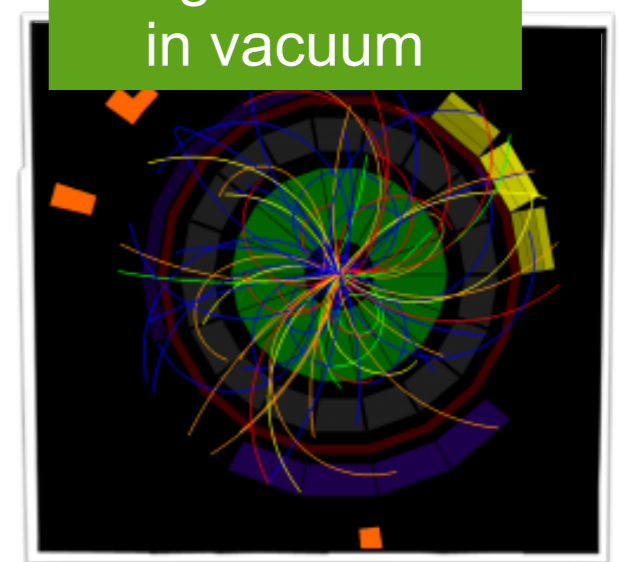
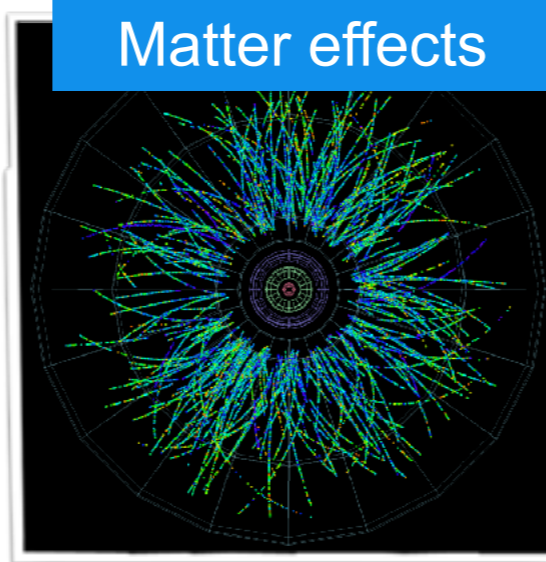
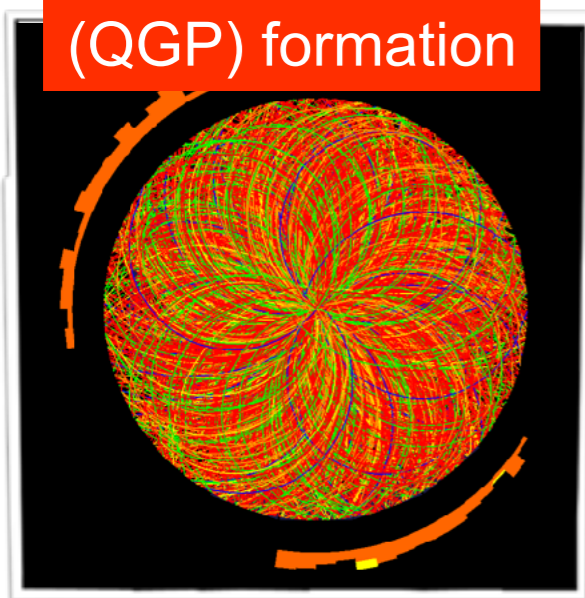


Cold Nuclear Matter effects

pp



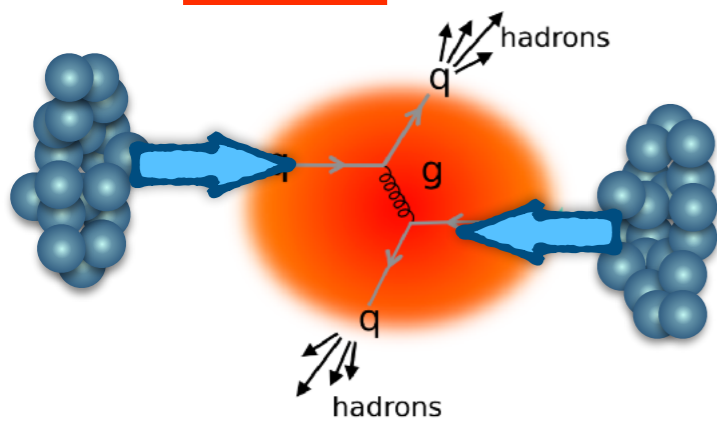
Fragmentation in vacuum



Soft probes \rightarrow low transverse momentum, $p_T < \text{few GeV}/c \rightarrow$ non-perturbative phenomenological models, statistical treatment, effective theories...

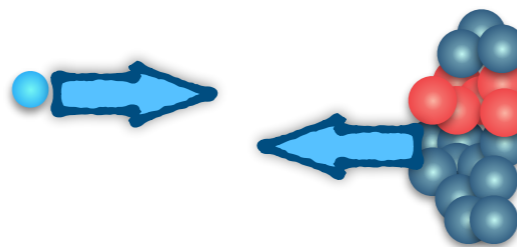
Bulk particle production in different colliding systems

A-A



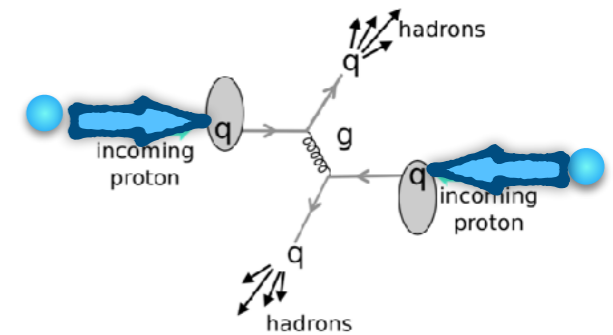
Dense medium (QGP) formation

p-A

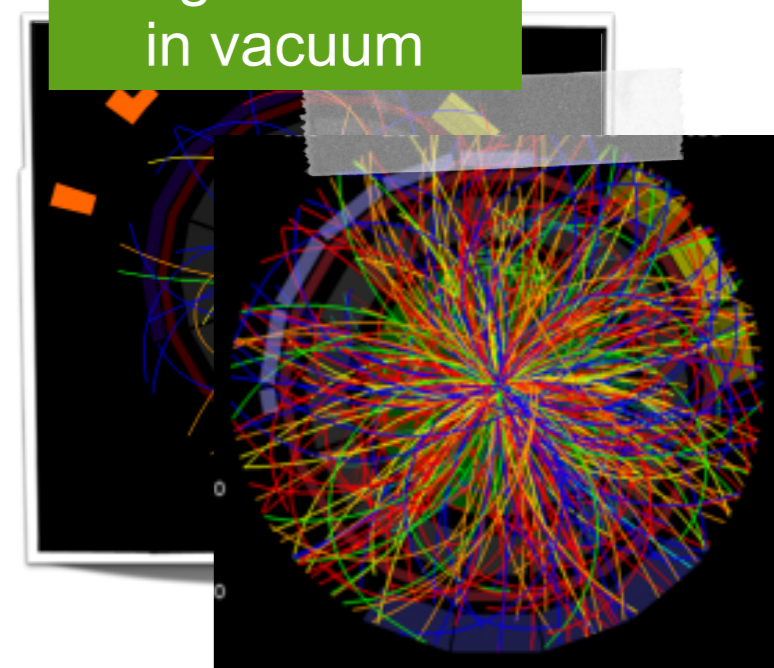
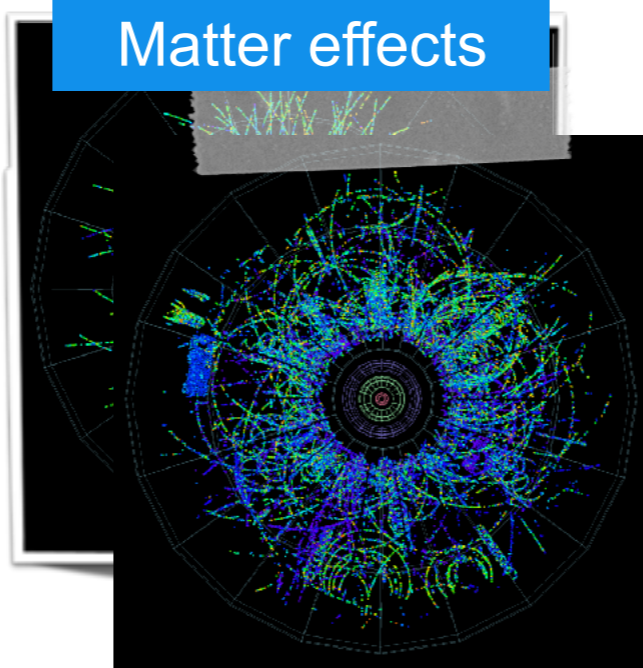


Cold Nuclear Matter effects

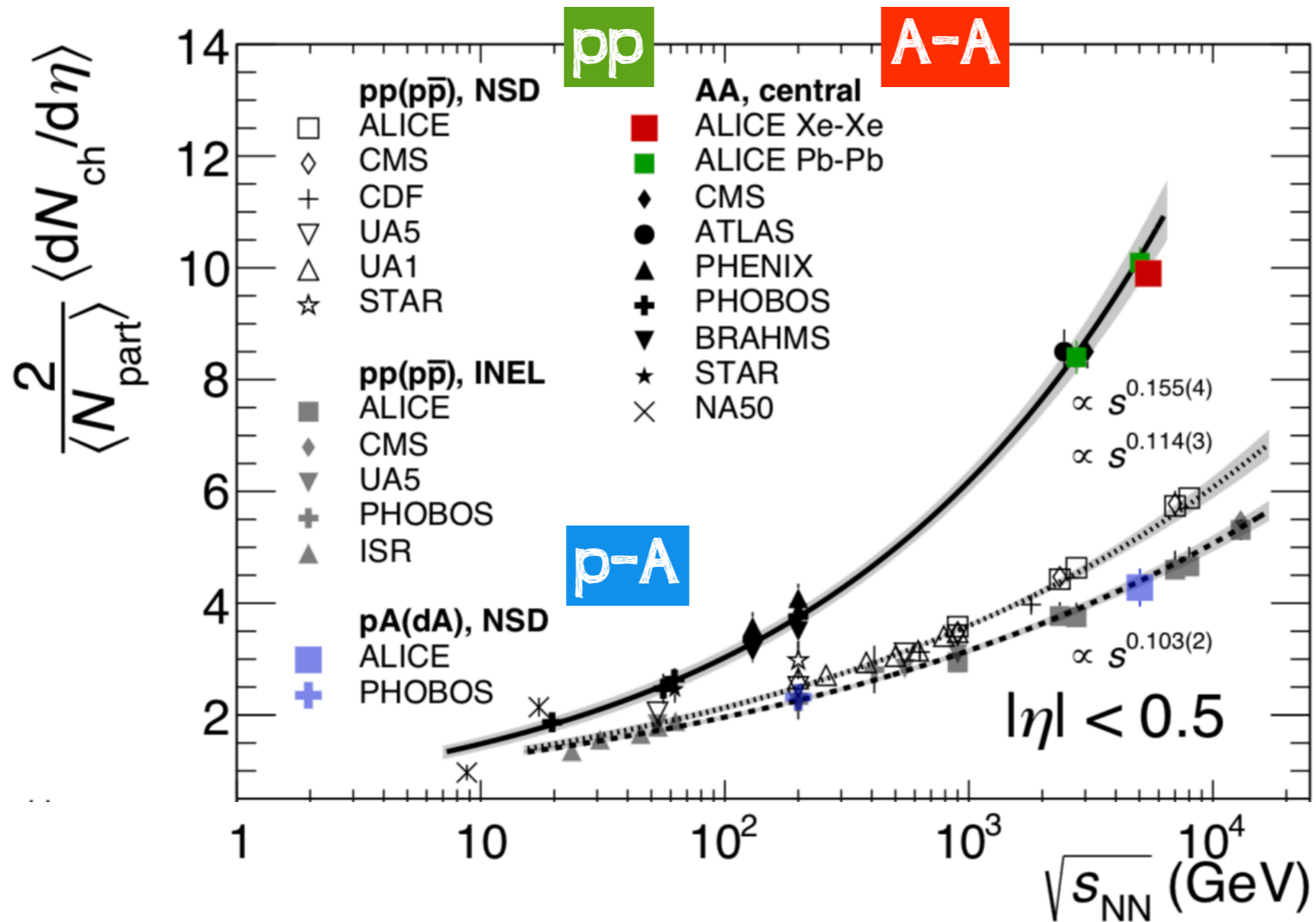
pp



Fragmentation in vacuum

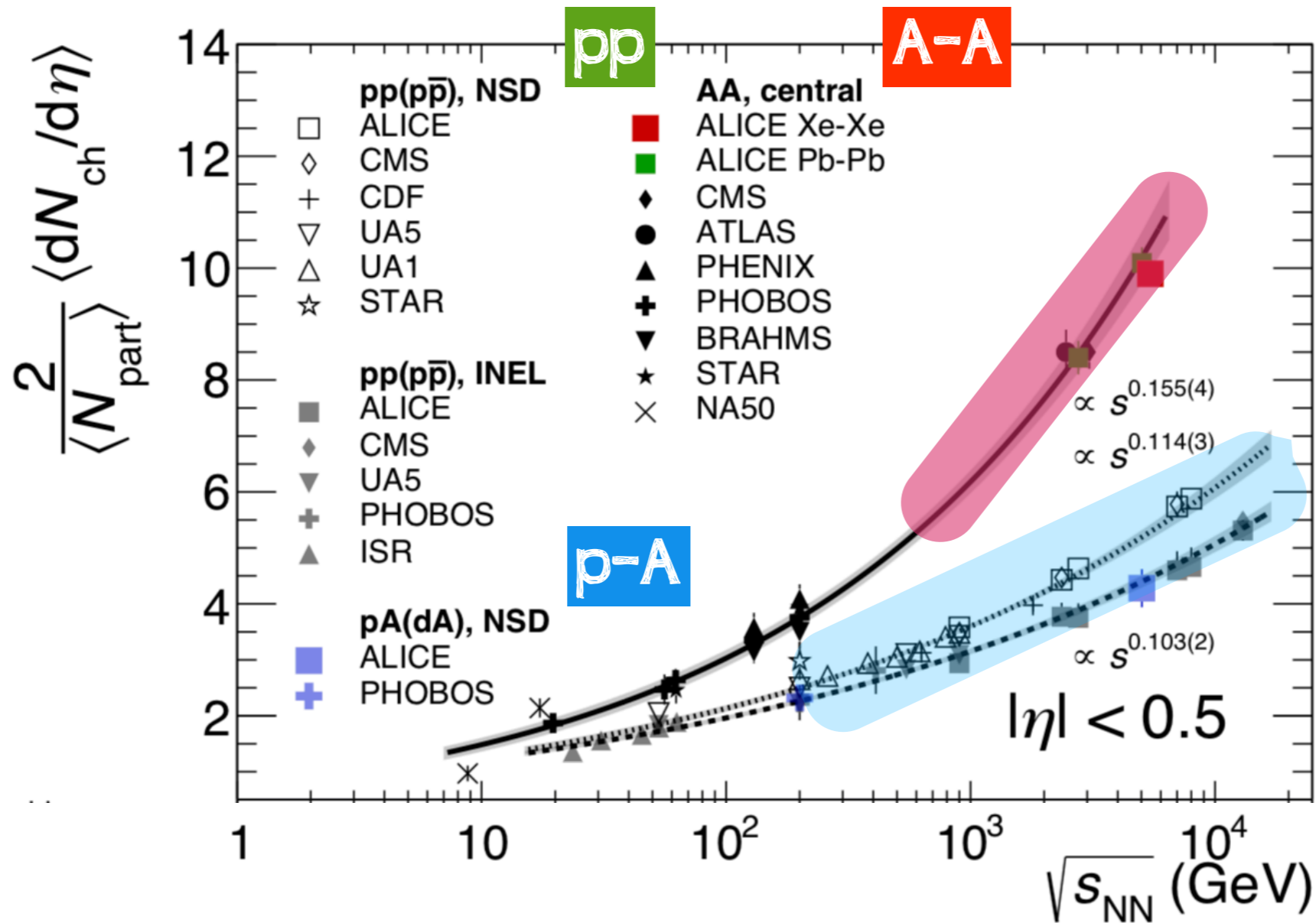


Study charged particle production varying collision systems and energies to shed light on particle production mechanism



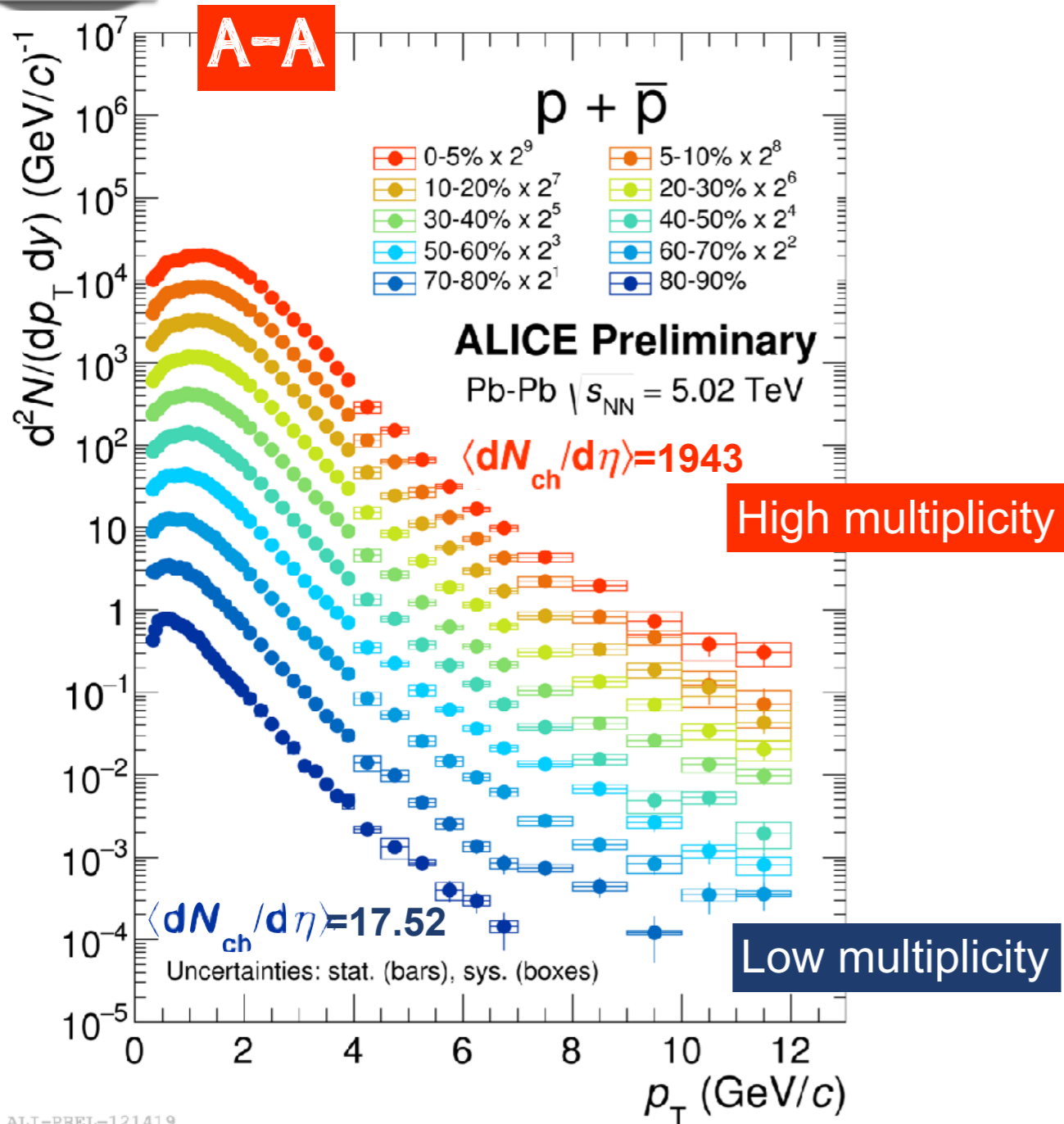
[ALICE Coll., arXiv:1805.04432]

Study charged particle production varying collision systems and energies to shed light on particle production mechanism



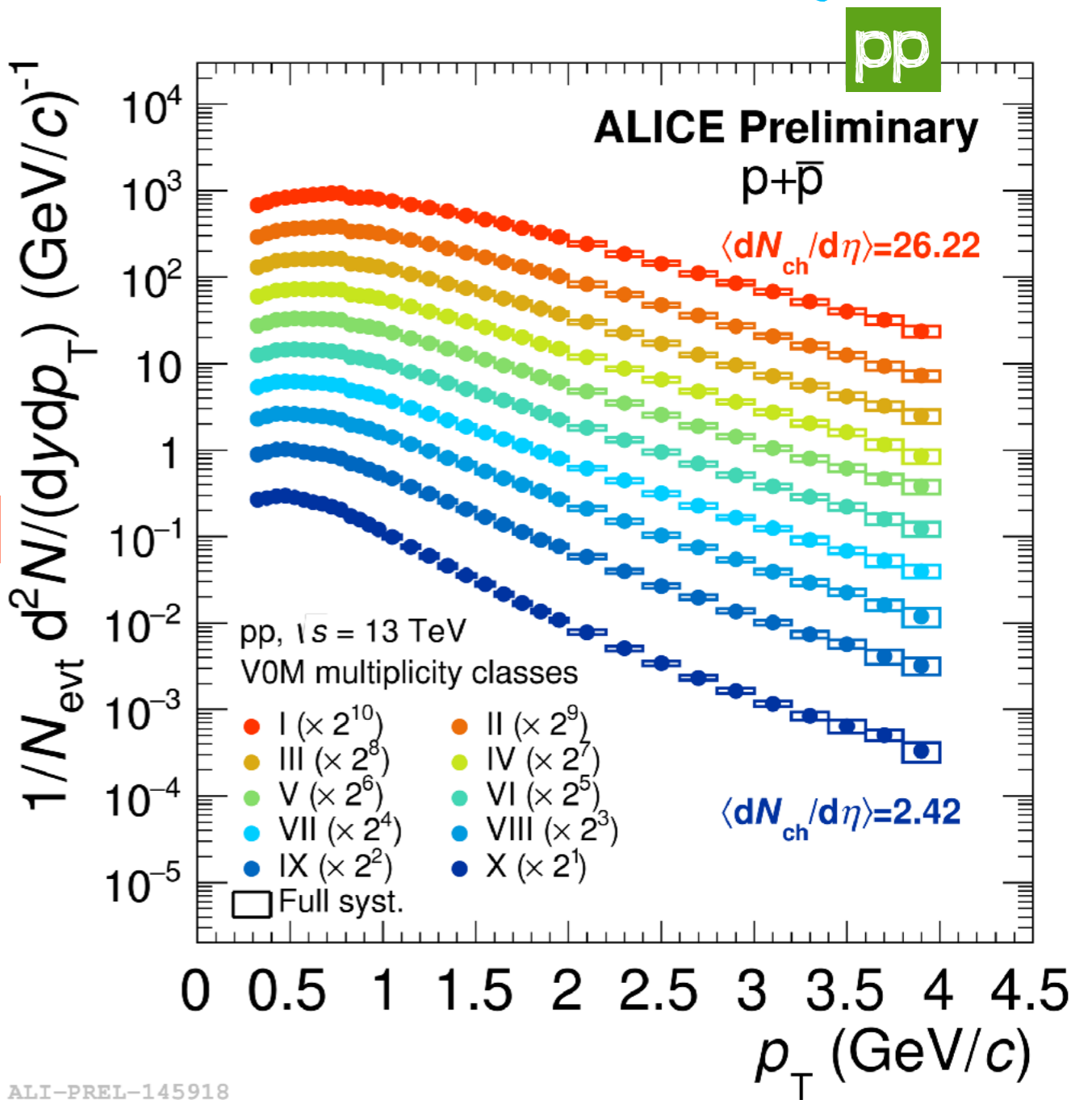
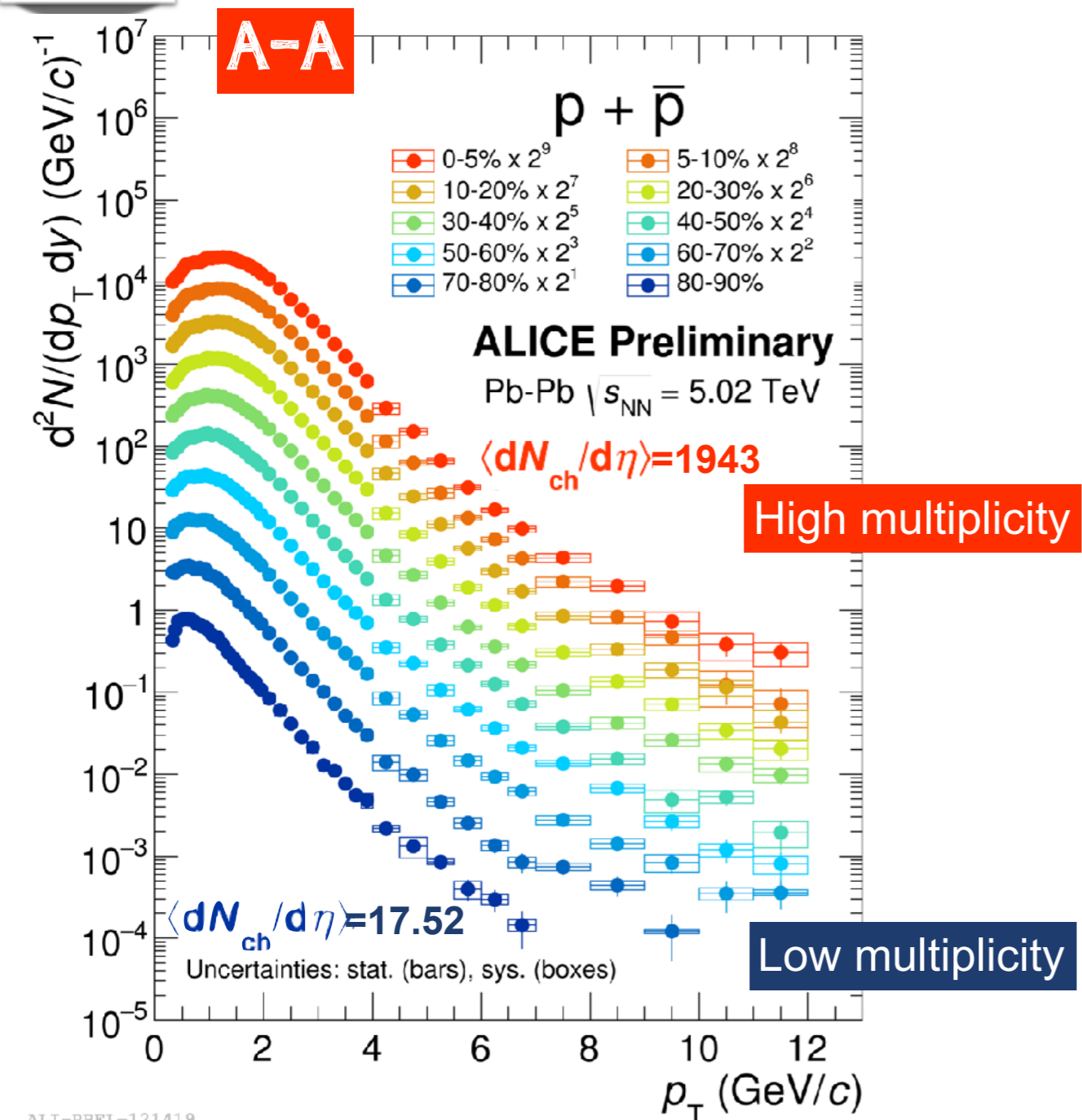
[ALICE Coll., arXiv:1805.04432]

Stronger rise with \sqrt{s} for A-A particle production per participant pair than for p-A and pp collisions



ALI-PREL-121419

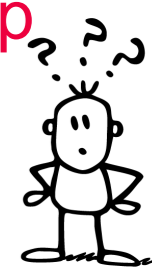
Harder spectra in central A-A collisions
 ▶ collective expansion (radial flow) of medium in local thermodynamic equilibrium



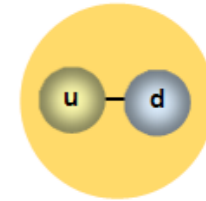
ALI-PREL-121419

Harder spectra in central A-A collisions
 ▶ collective expansion (radial flow) of medium in local thermodynamic equilibrium

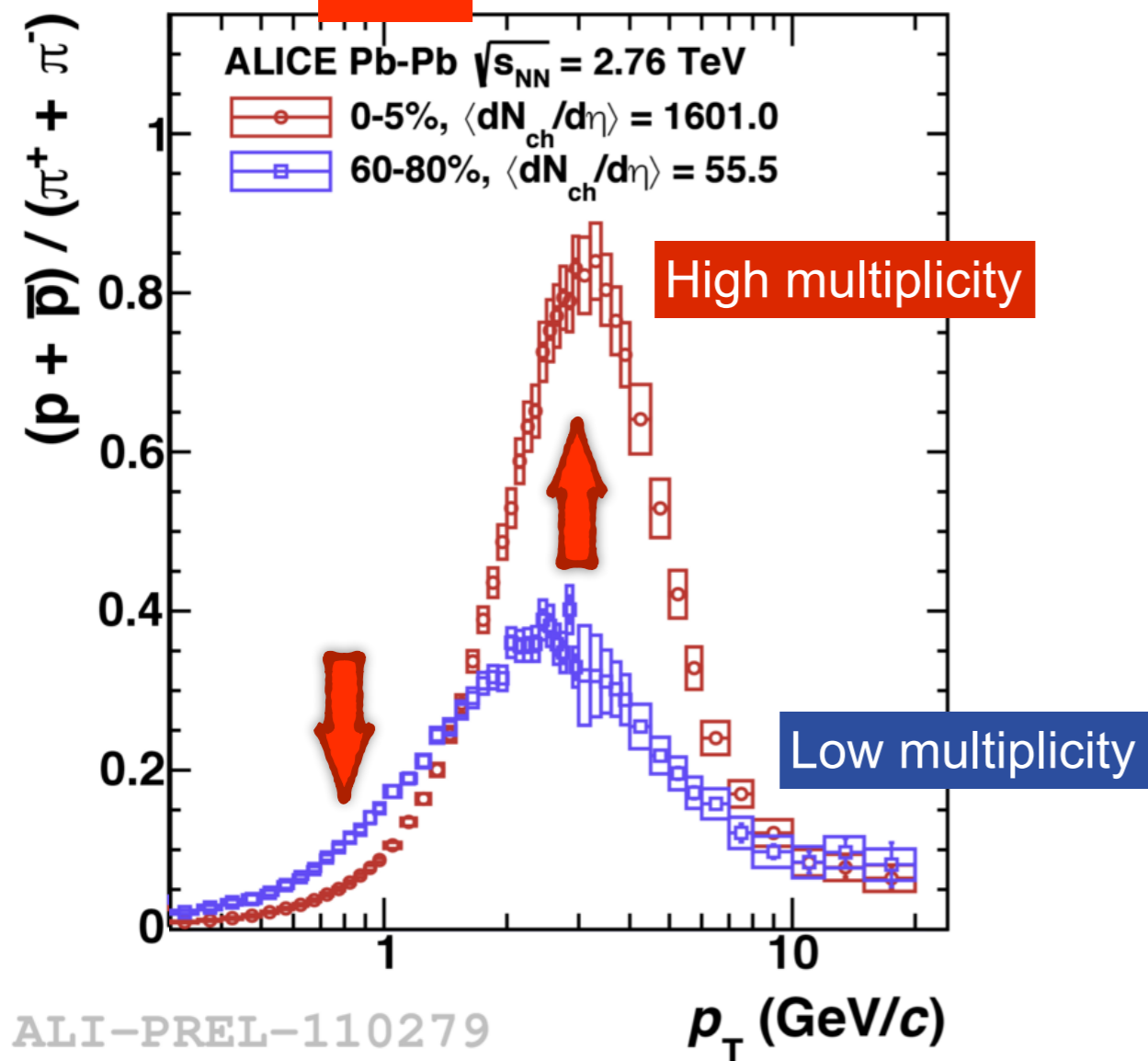
▶ hardening of spectra observed in pp collisions with increasing multiplicity



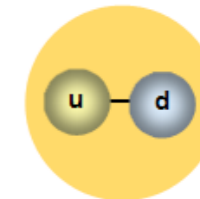
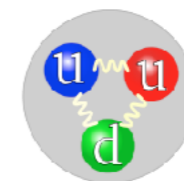
At low $p_T \rightarrow$ hydrodynamics expansion of the fireball
 At intermediate $p_T \rightarrow$ quark recombination



A-A



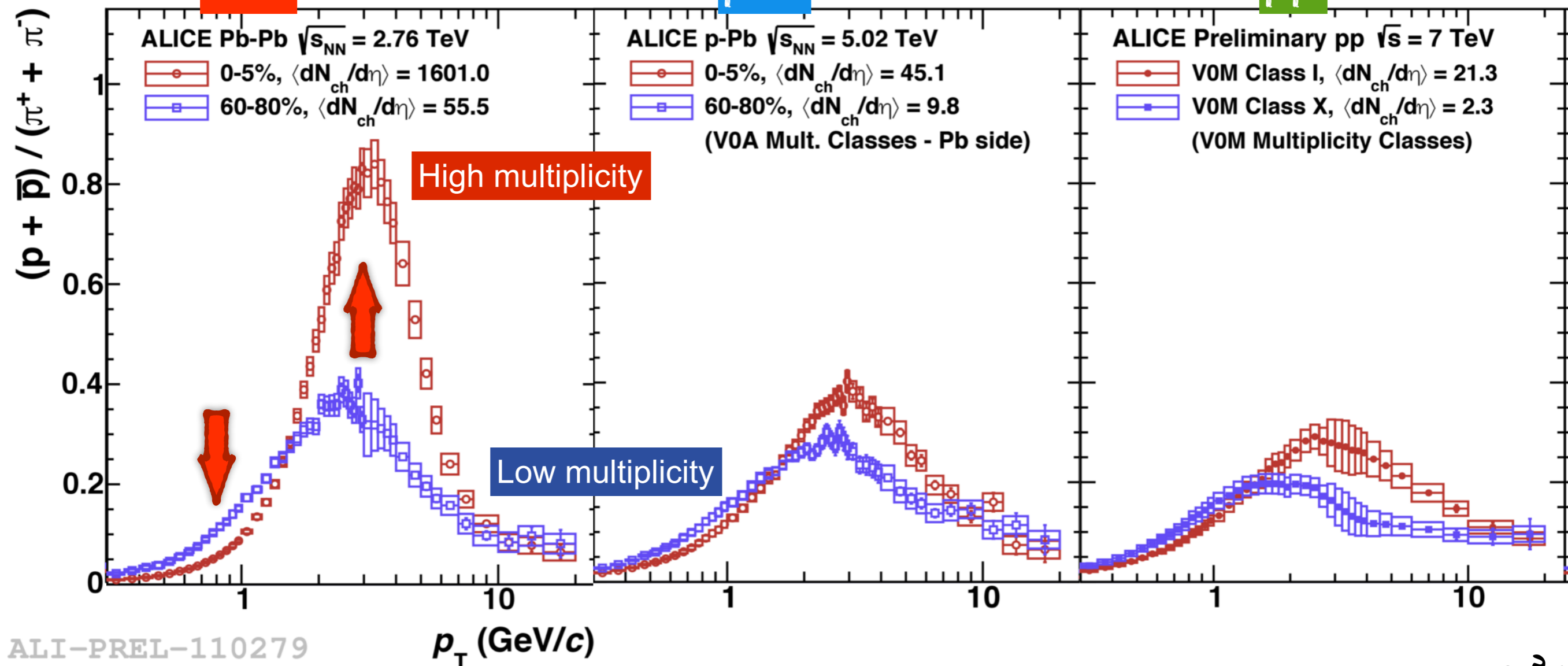
At low $p_T \rightarrow$ hydrodynamics expansion of the fireball
 At intermediate $p_T \rightarrow$ quark recombination



A-A

p-A

pp

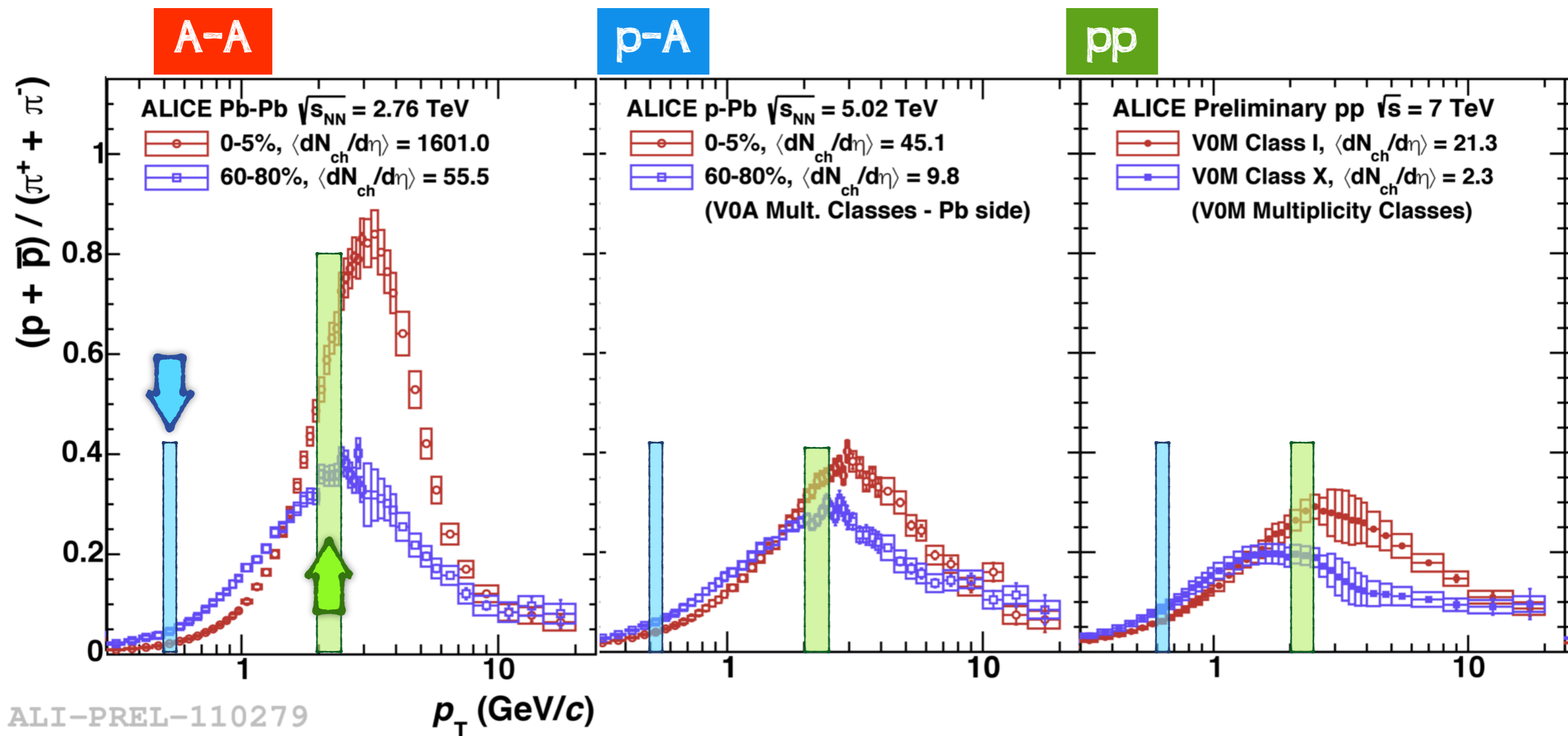


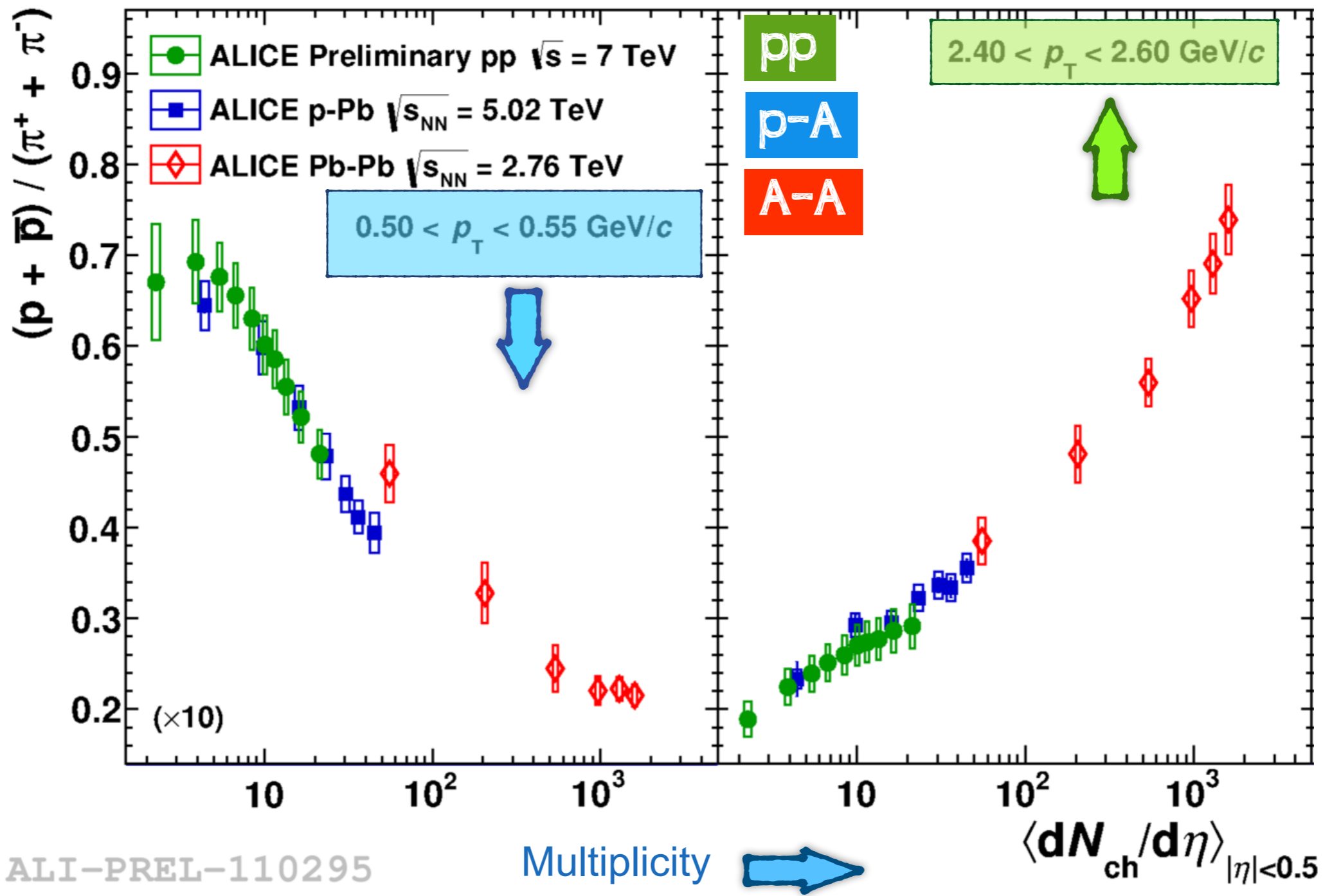
ALI-PREL-110279

\blacktriangleright qualitatively similar behaviour in smaller systems



Depletion at low p_T , enhancement at intermediate p_T

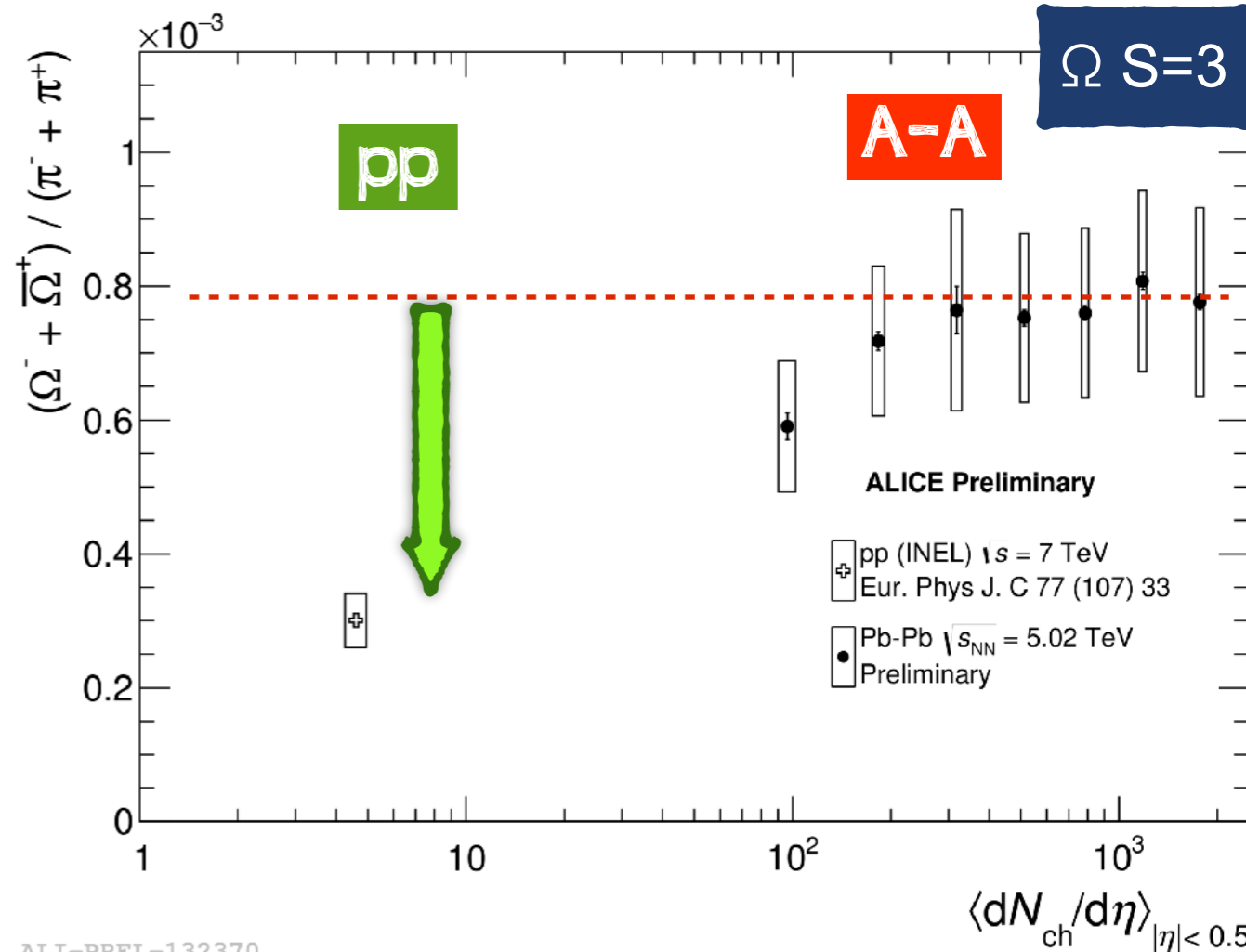
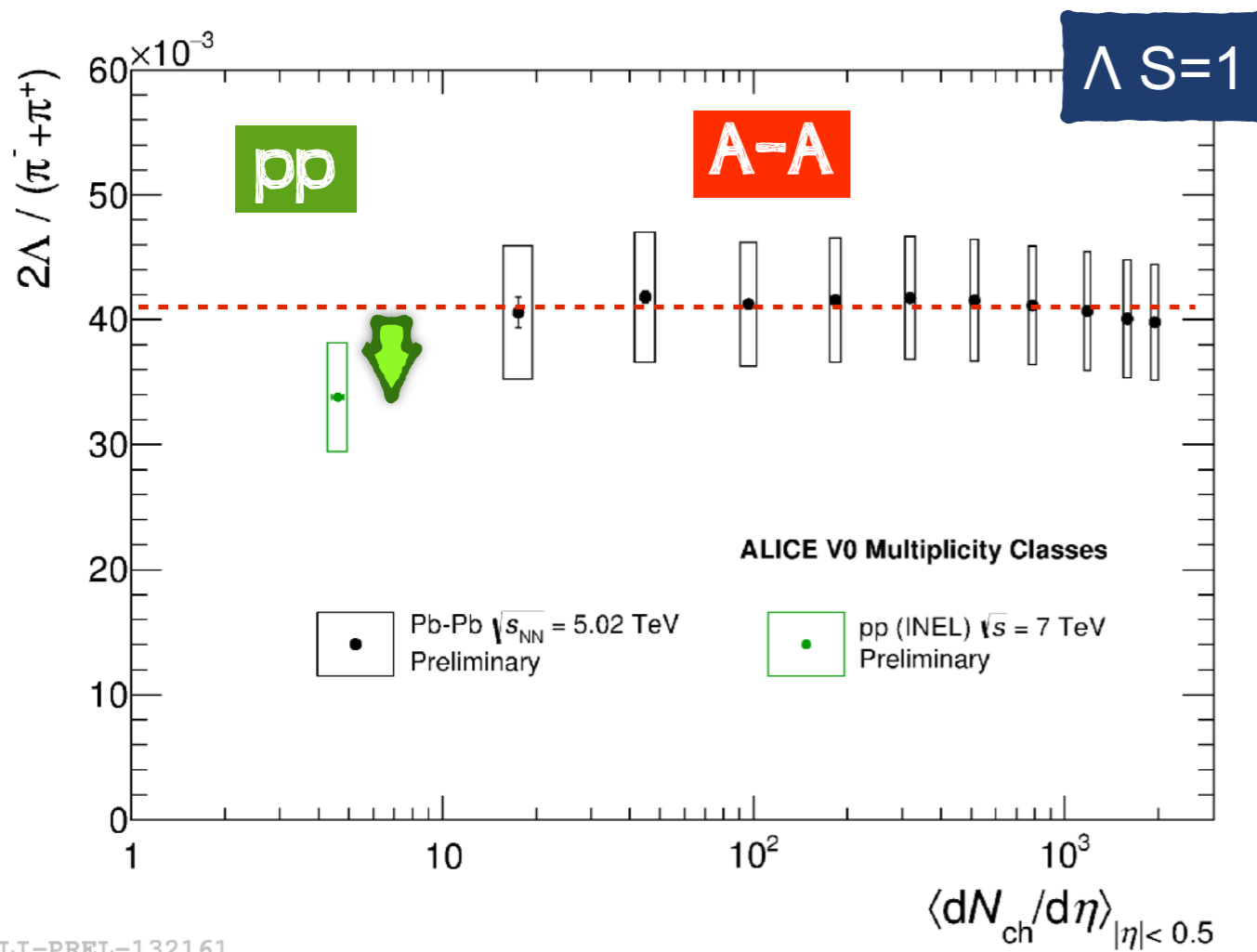




- ▶ smooth trend vs. multiplicity across different colliding systems
- ▶ common driving mechanism?



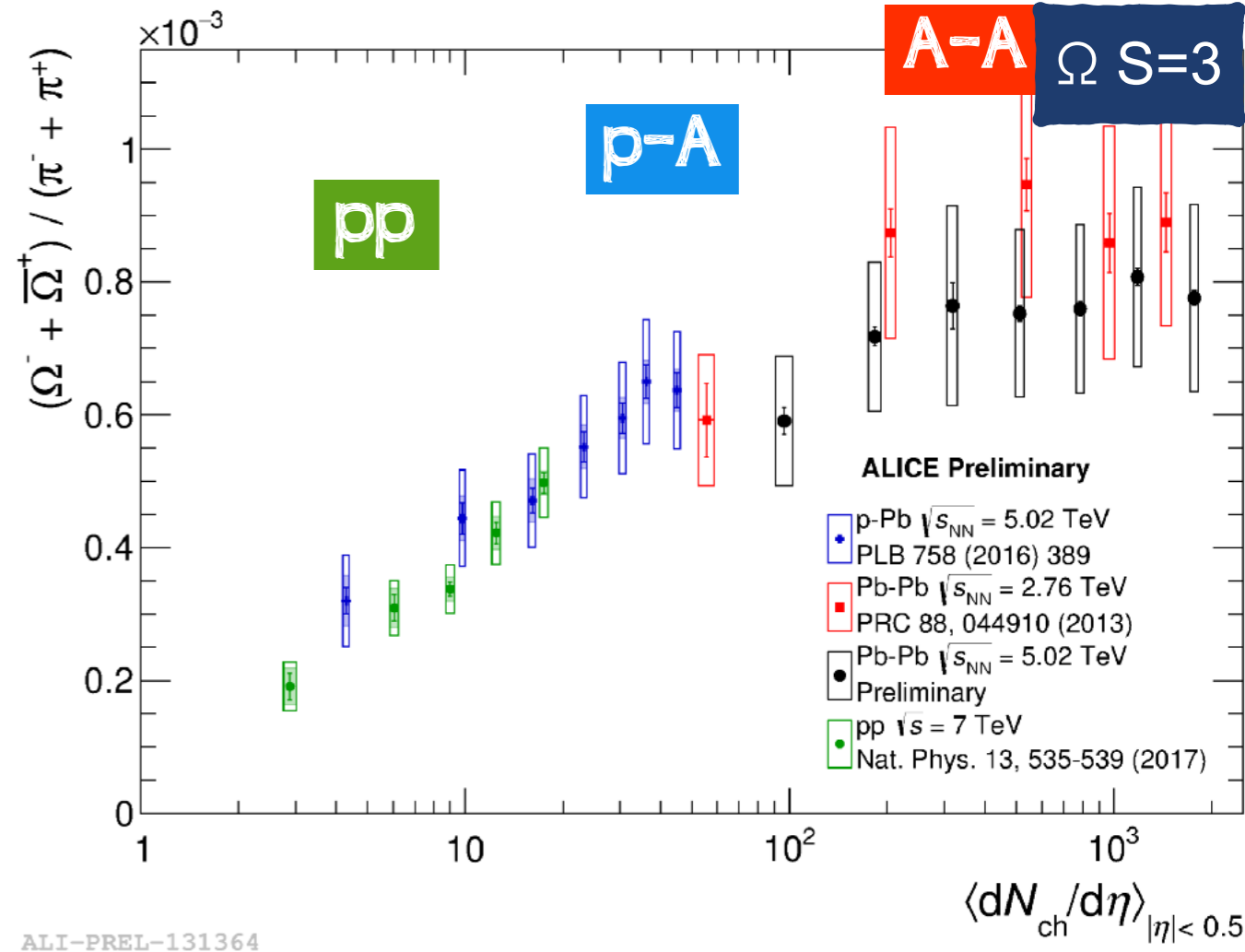
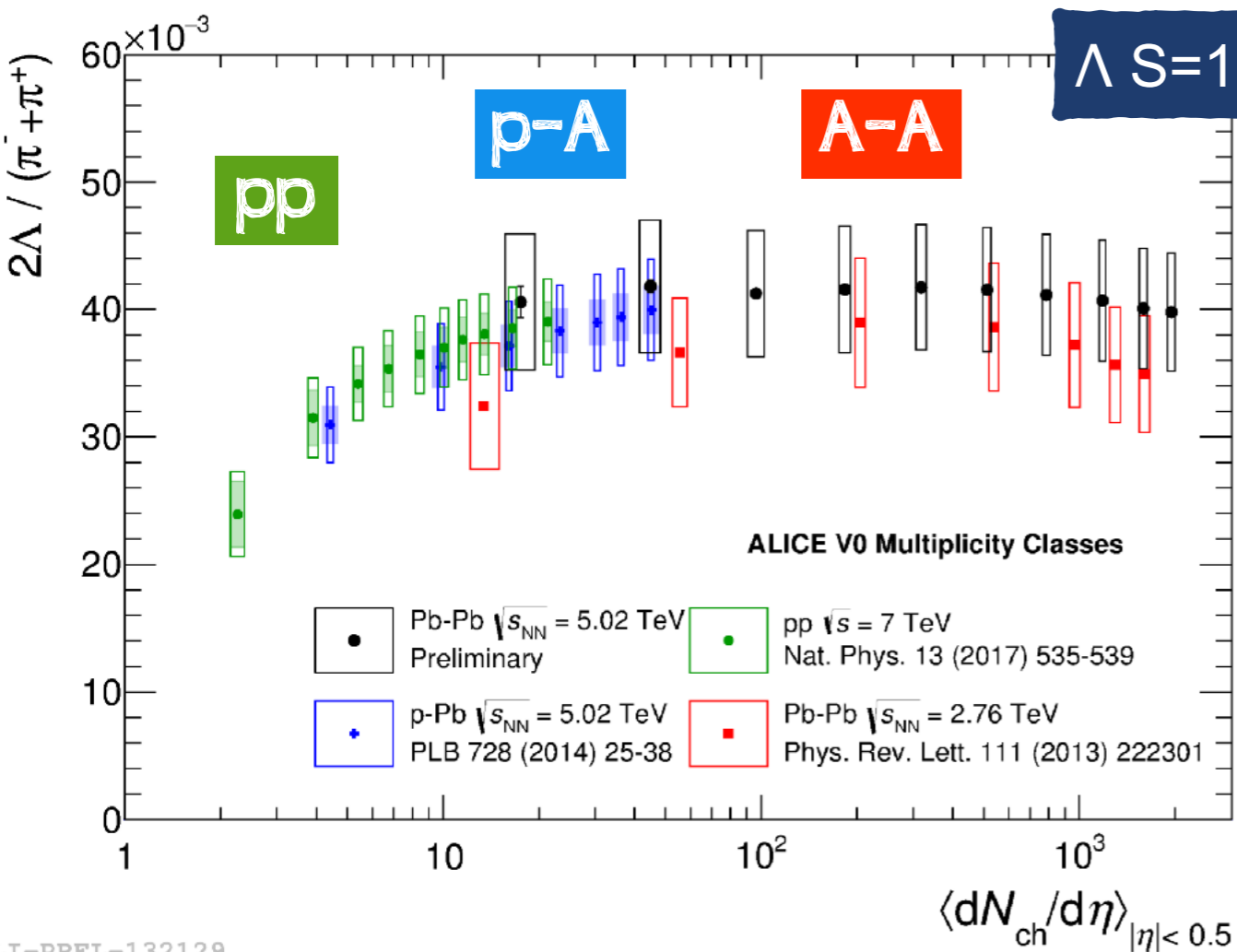
Enhanced strange particle production in A-A relative to pp, p-A collision
 increasing with s quark content \blacktriangleright QGP signature [Rafelski & Muller, PRL 48 (1982) 1066]



LI-PREL-132161

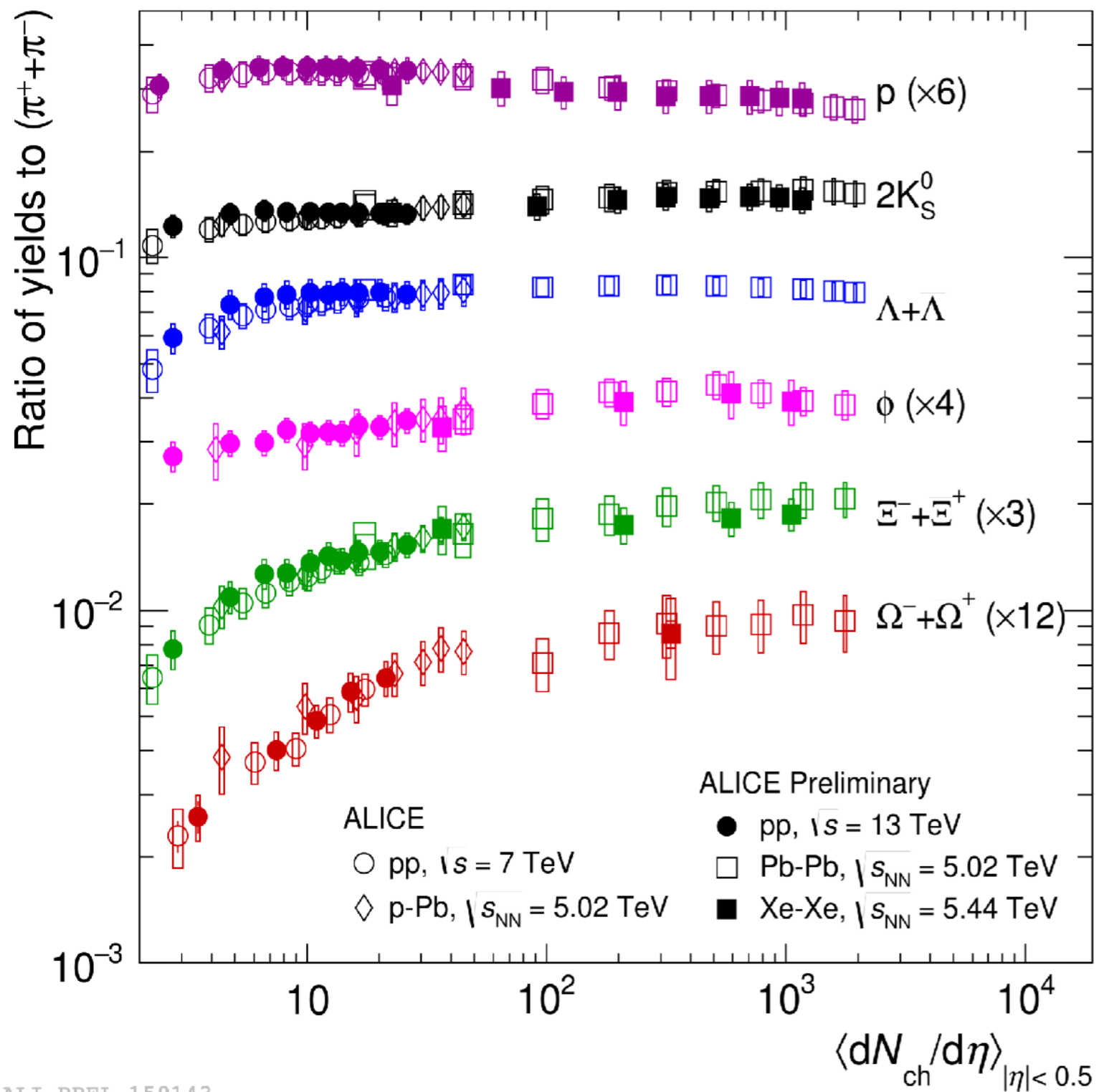
ALI-PREL-132370

Enhanced strange particle production in A-A relative to pp, p-A collision
 increasing with s quark content \blacktriangleright QGP signature [Rafelski & Muller, PRL 48 (1982) 1066]



Identical particle chemistry for fixed multiplicity independently of energy or collision system \blacktriangleright strangeness production driven by final-state multiplicity

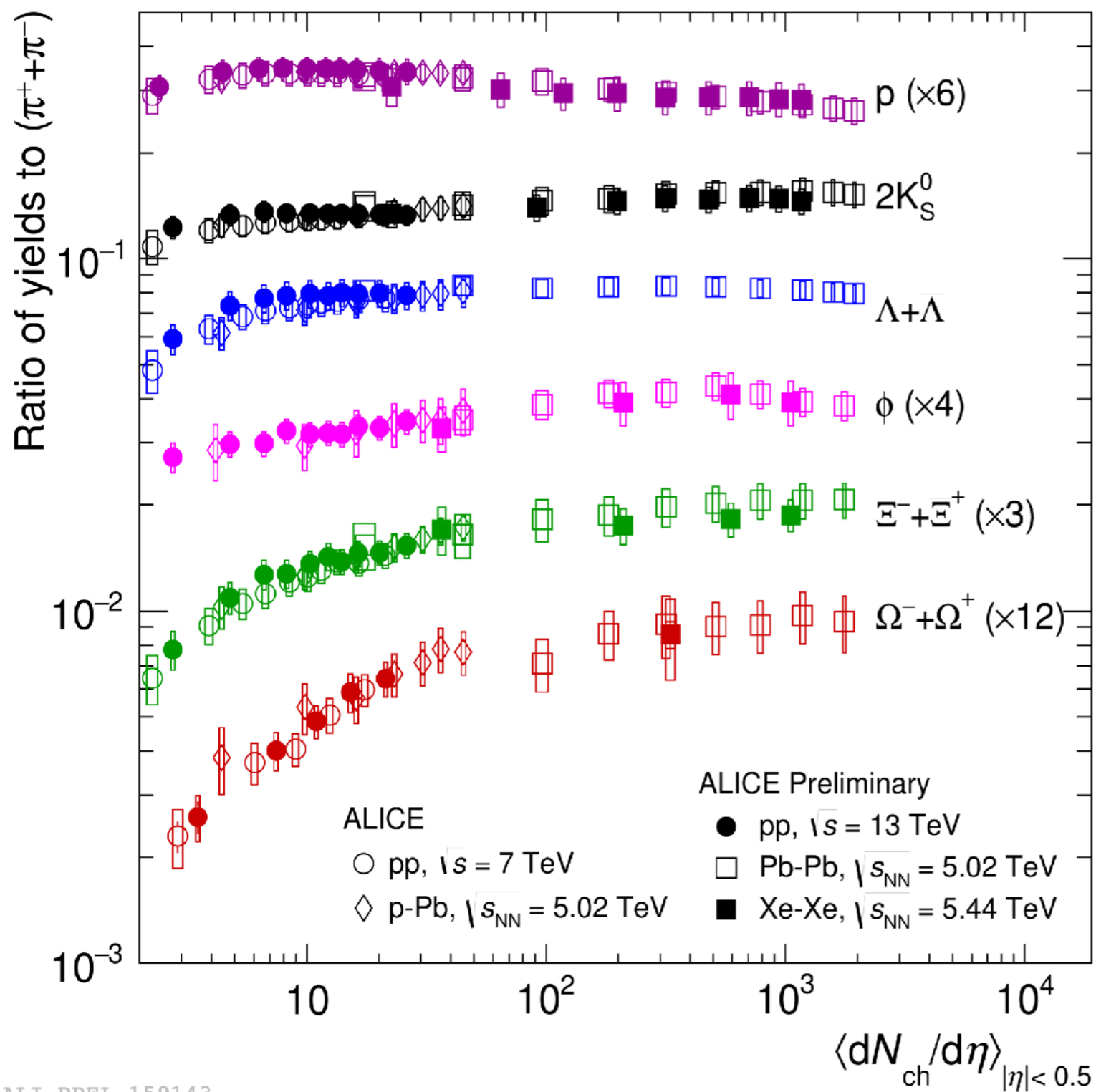




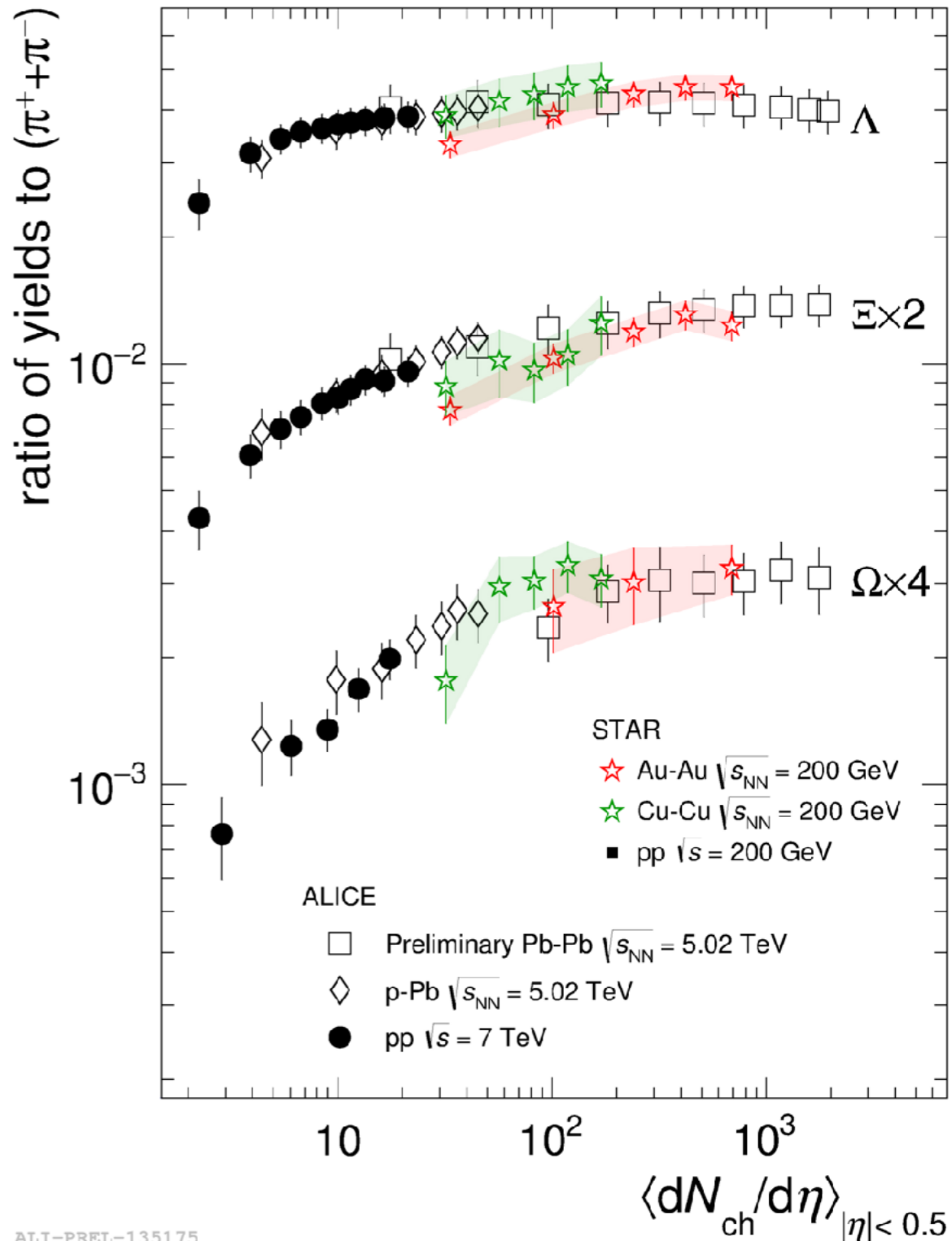
ALI-PREL-159143



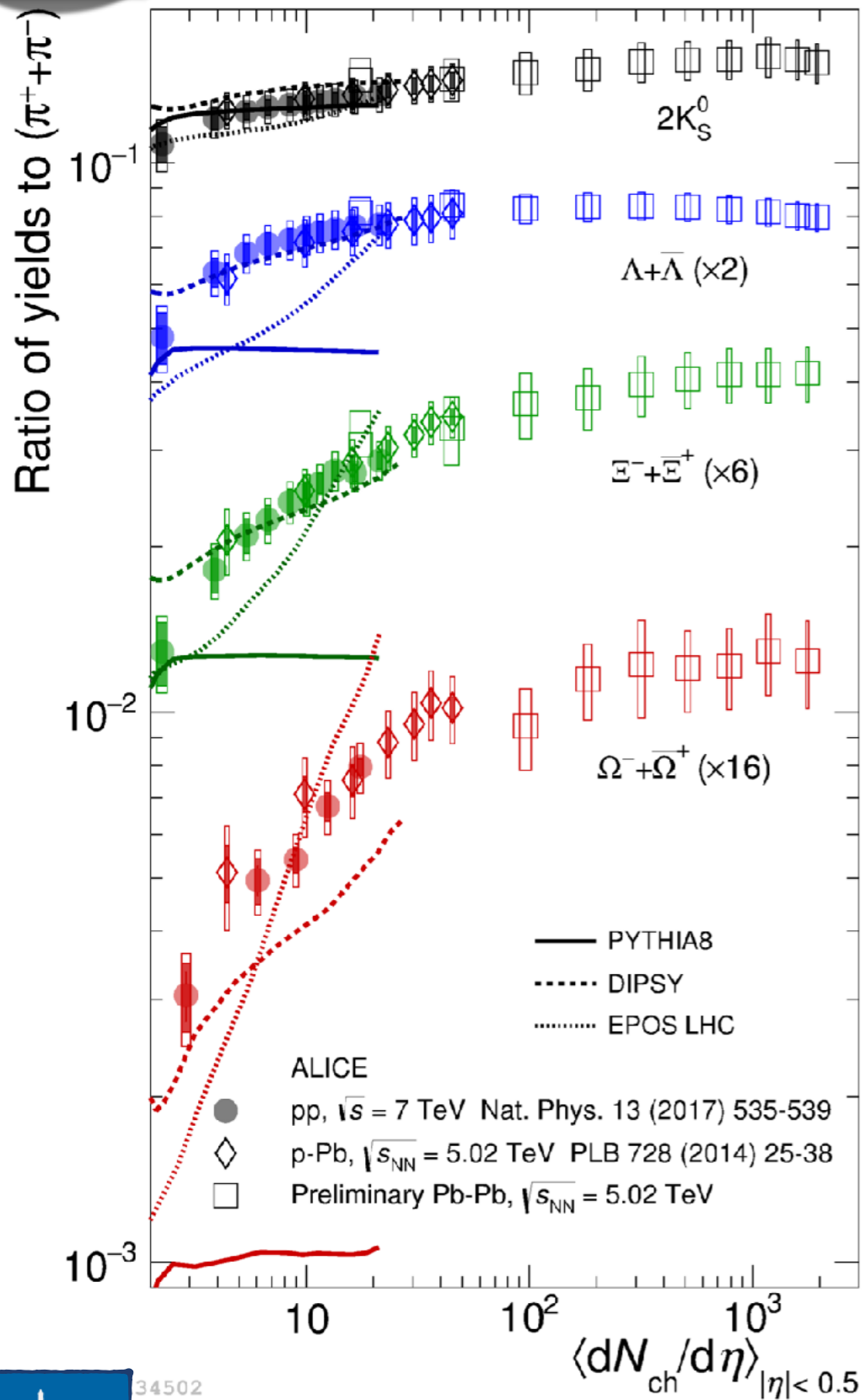
Multiplicity matters



ALI-PREL-159143



ALI-PREL-135175



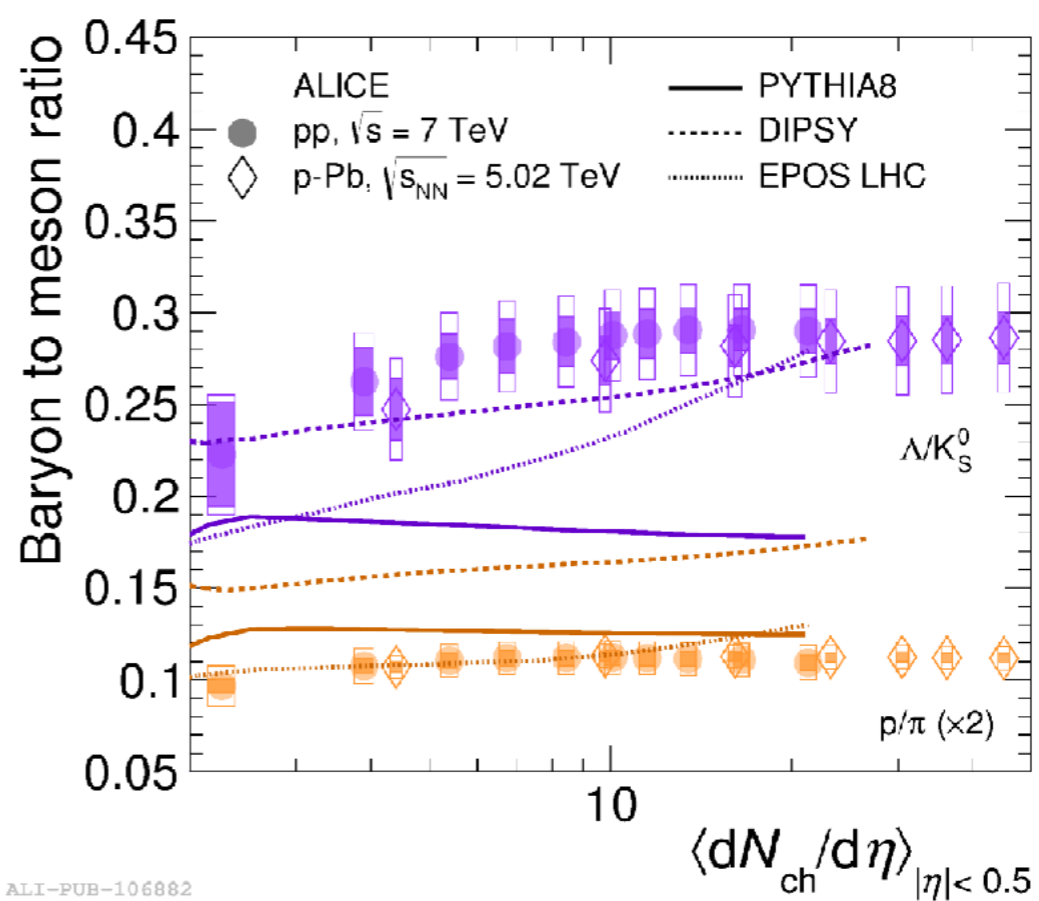
Test QCD-inspired models

PYTHIA8 (Color Reconnection) ruled out

DIPSY (Color ropes) original version cannot simultaneously reproduce the observed enhancement for all measured hadrons

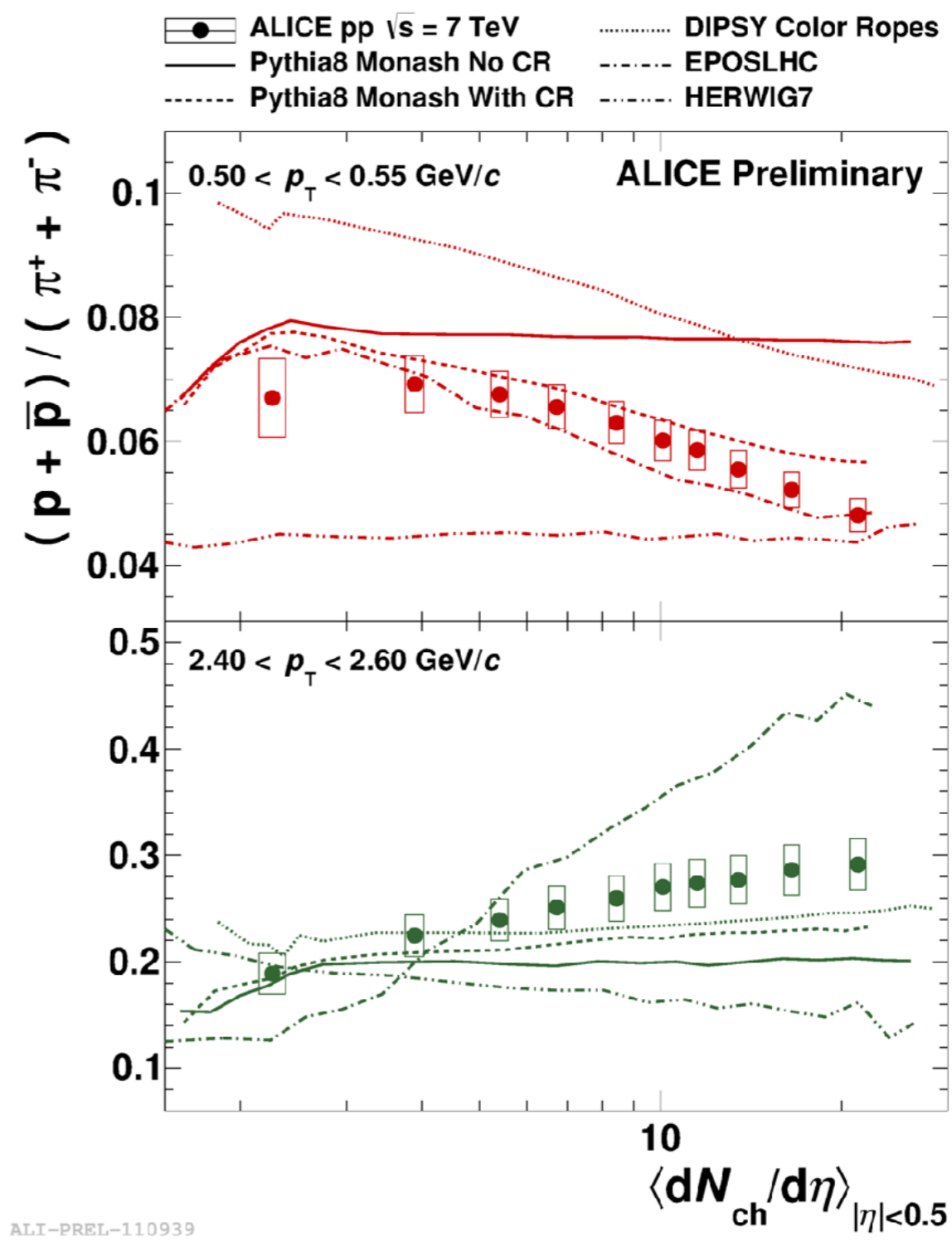
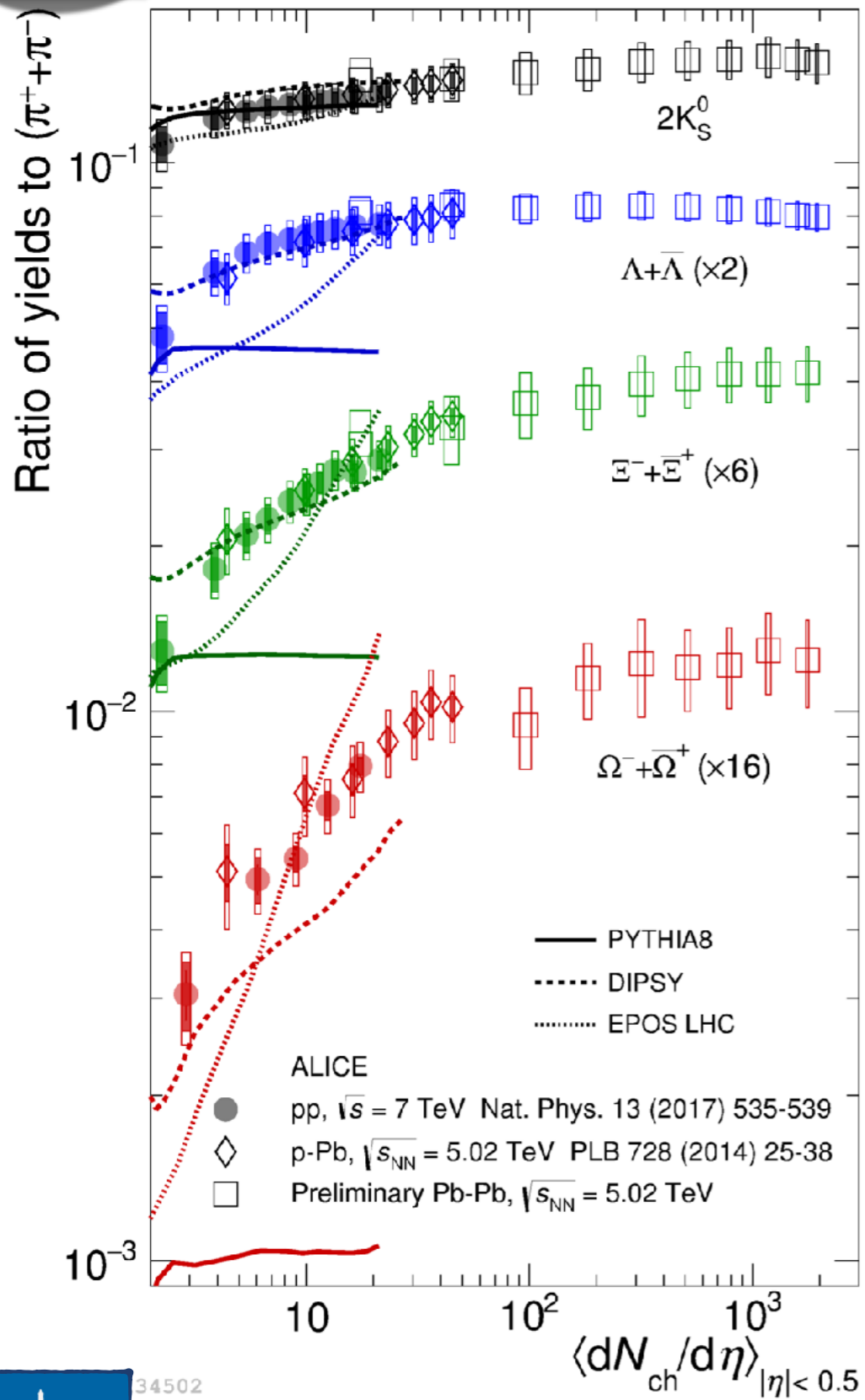
EPOS LHC (Core-corona approach) describes the trend only qualitatively

▶ fail to describe all available data





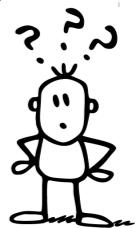
Testing QCD models



► tool to constraint models

Observations that were attributed to the creation of a dense medium in thermal and kinematic equilibrium in heavy ion collisions are observed in high multiplicity pp and p-A collisions

Are QGP droplet formed in smaller systems? Do we need a thermalized and equilibrated medium to explain the observed features?



Evidence of a continuous transition across colliding systems pp \blacktriangleright p-A \blacktriangleright A-A versus final state multiplicity at different \sqrt{s}



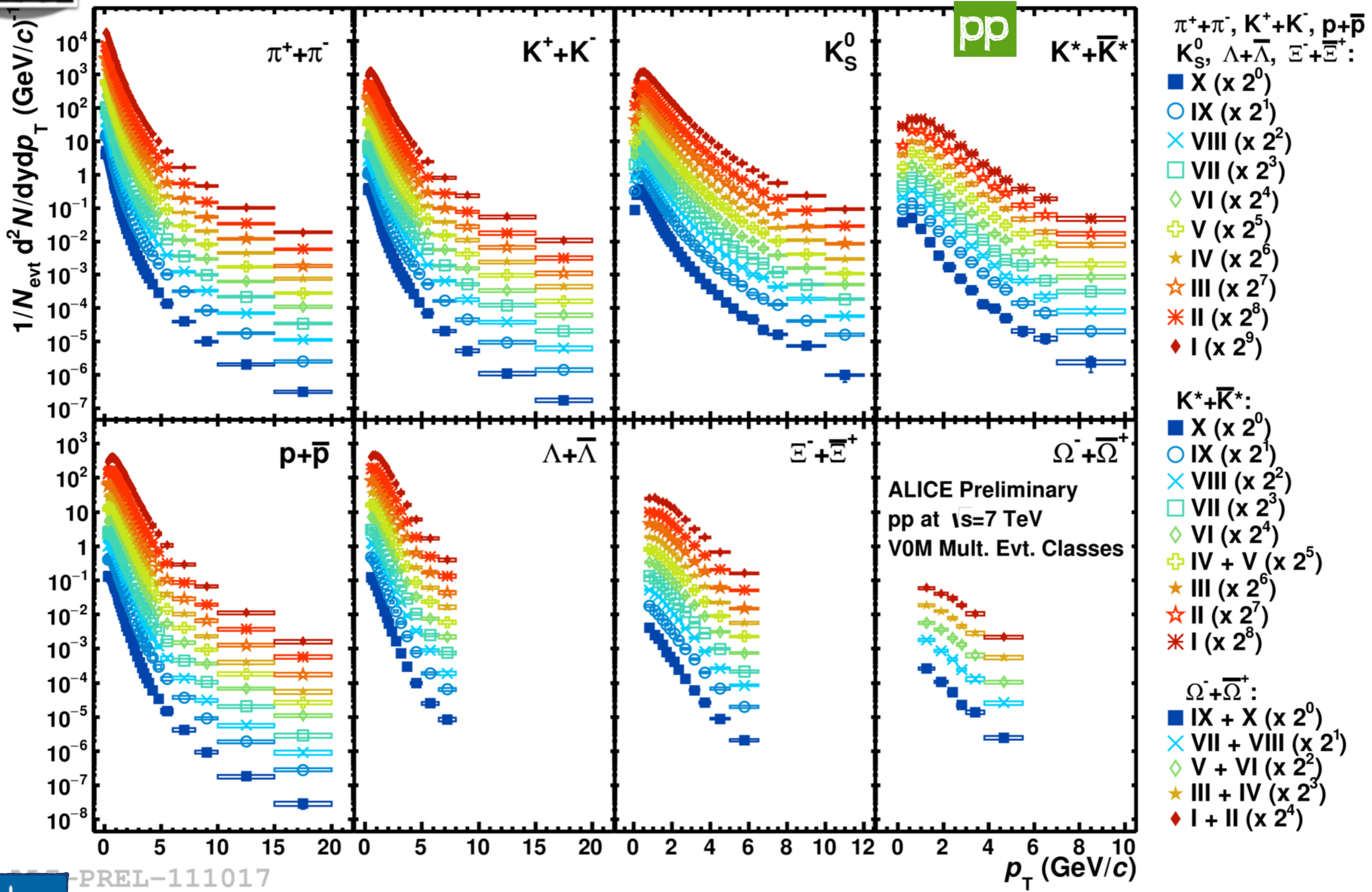
Can QCD inspired model provide microscopic descriptions to explain the observed features (string shoving, rope formation)?



Support slides

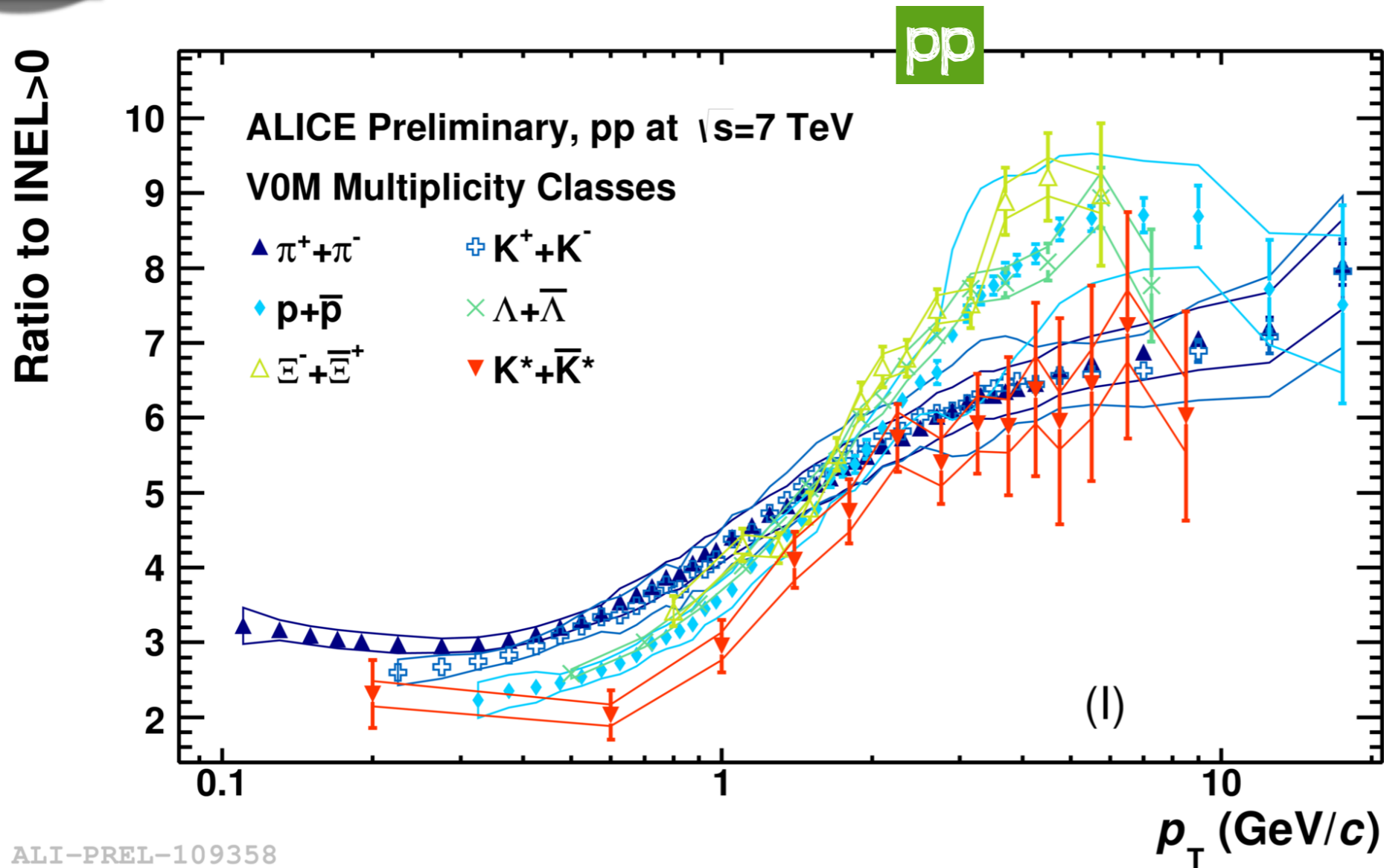


Particle spectra



PREL-111017

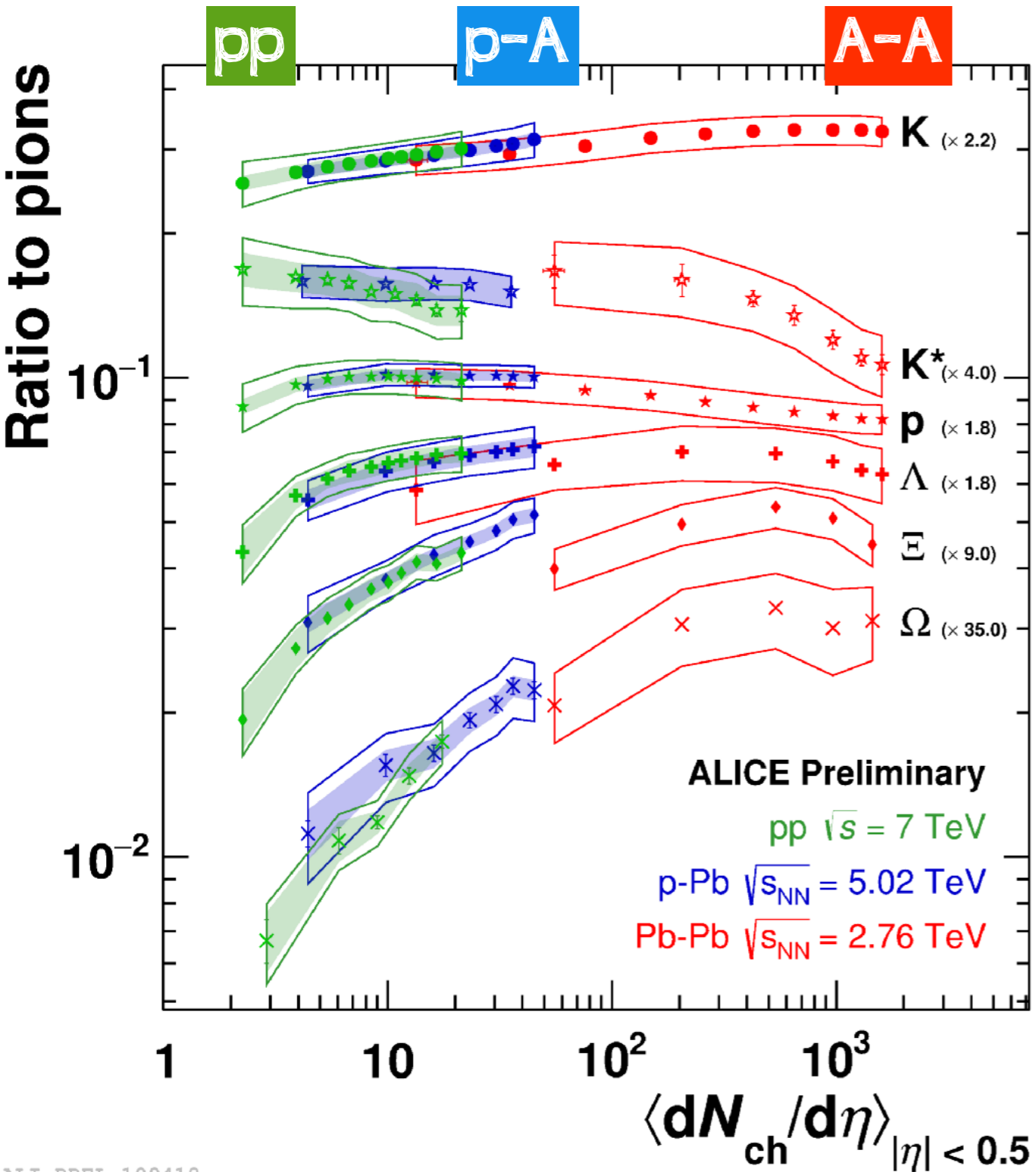




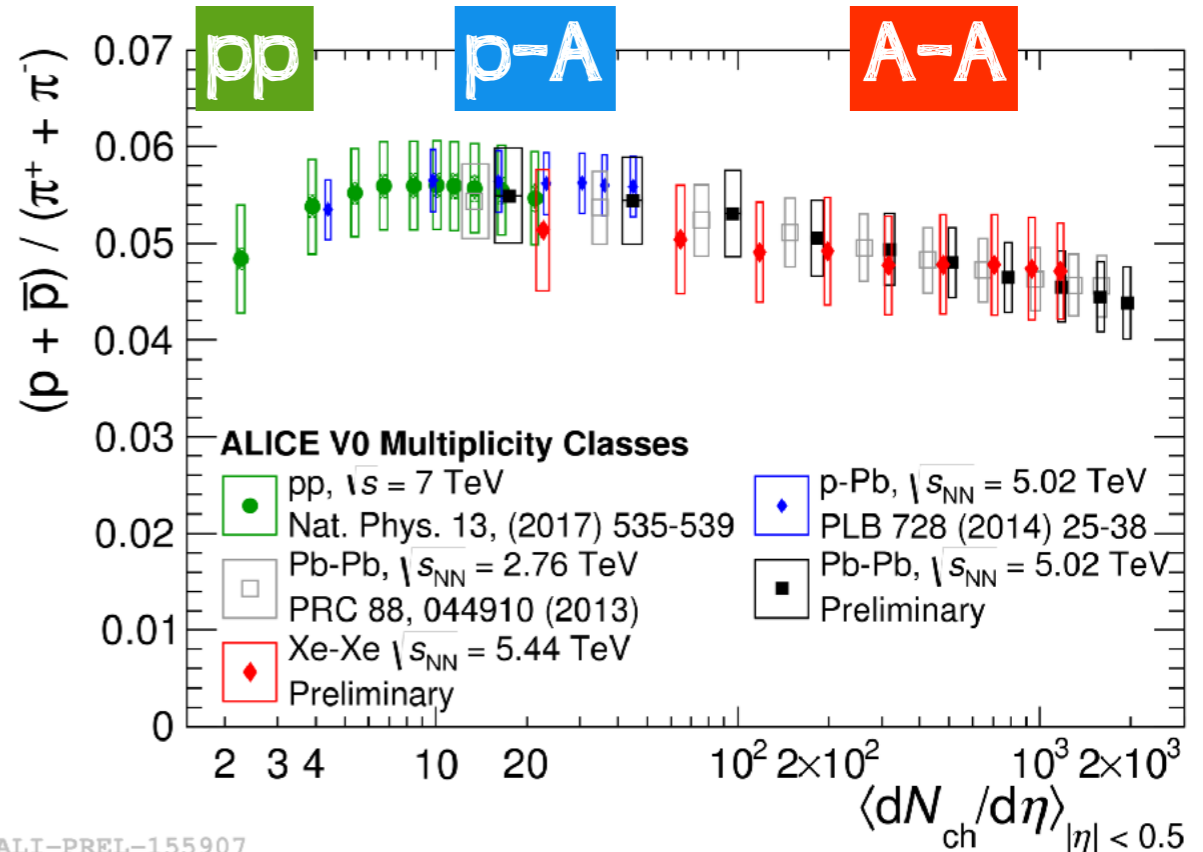
Ratio to INEL>0 spectra \blacktriangleright spectra evolution seems to be driven by no. of constituent quarks at high p_T (baryon-meson grouping)



Yield ratios



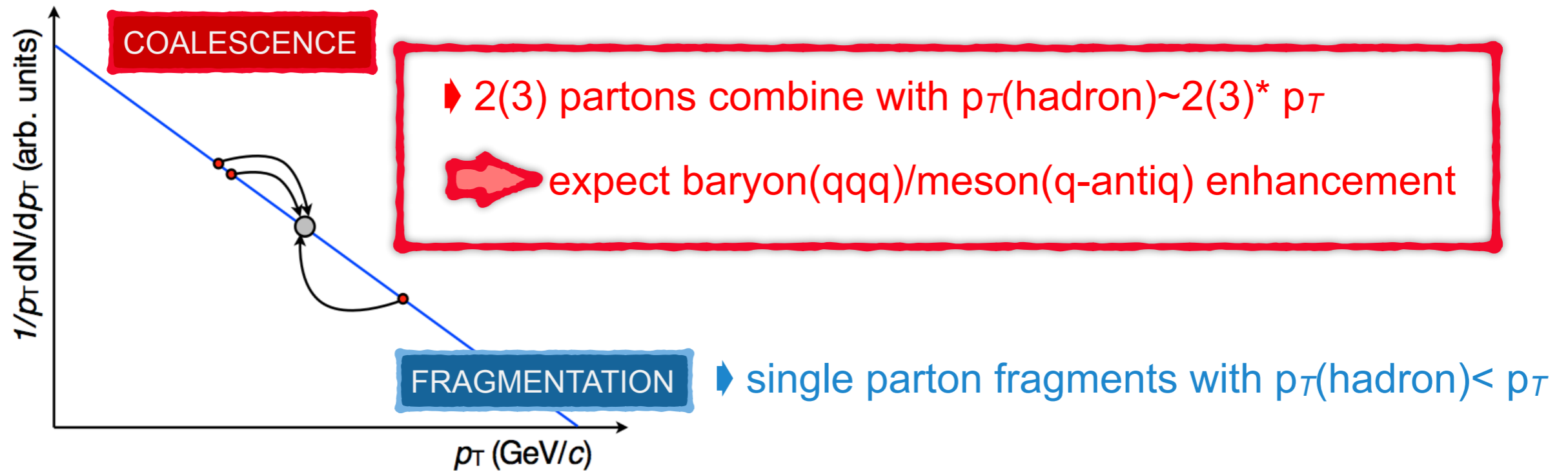
- strangeness enhancement with multiplicity
- p/ π ratio constant
- ▶ hyperon/ π enhancement connected to strangeness content

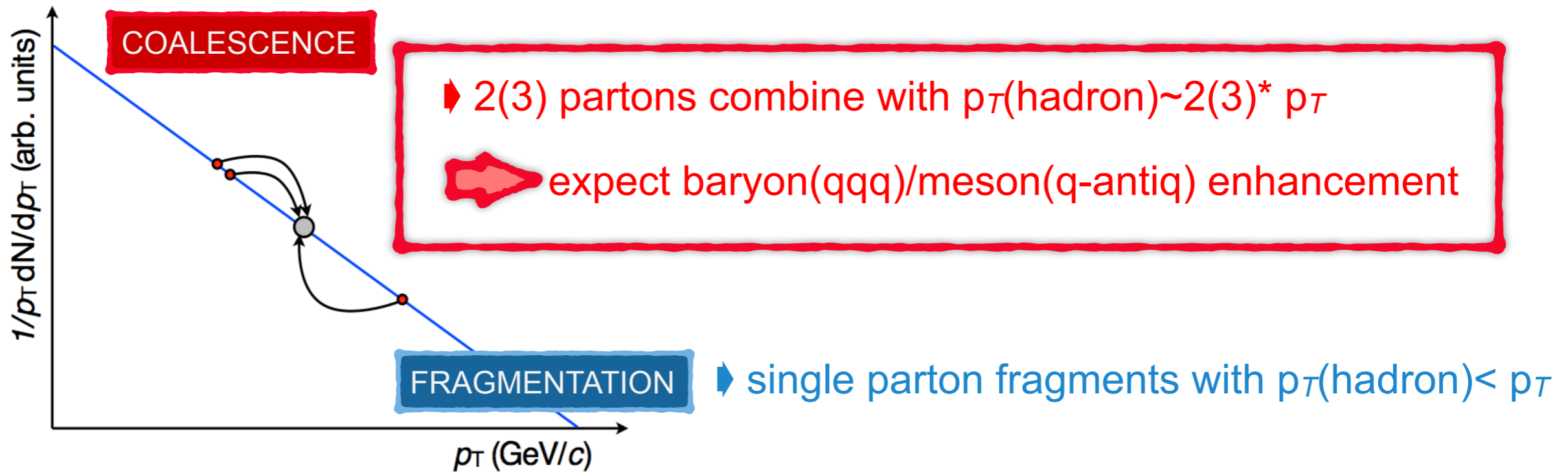


ALI-PREL-155907

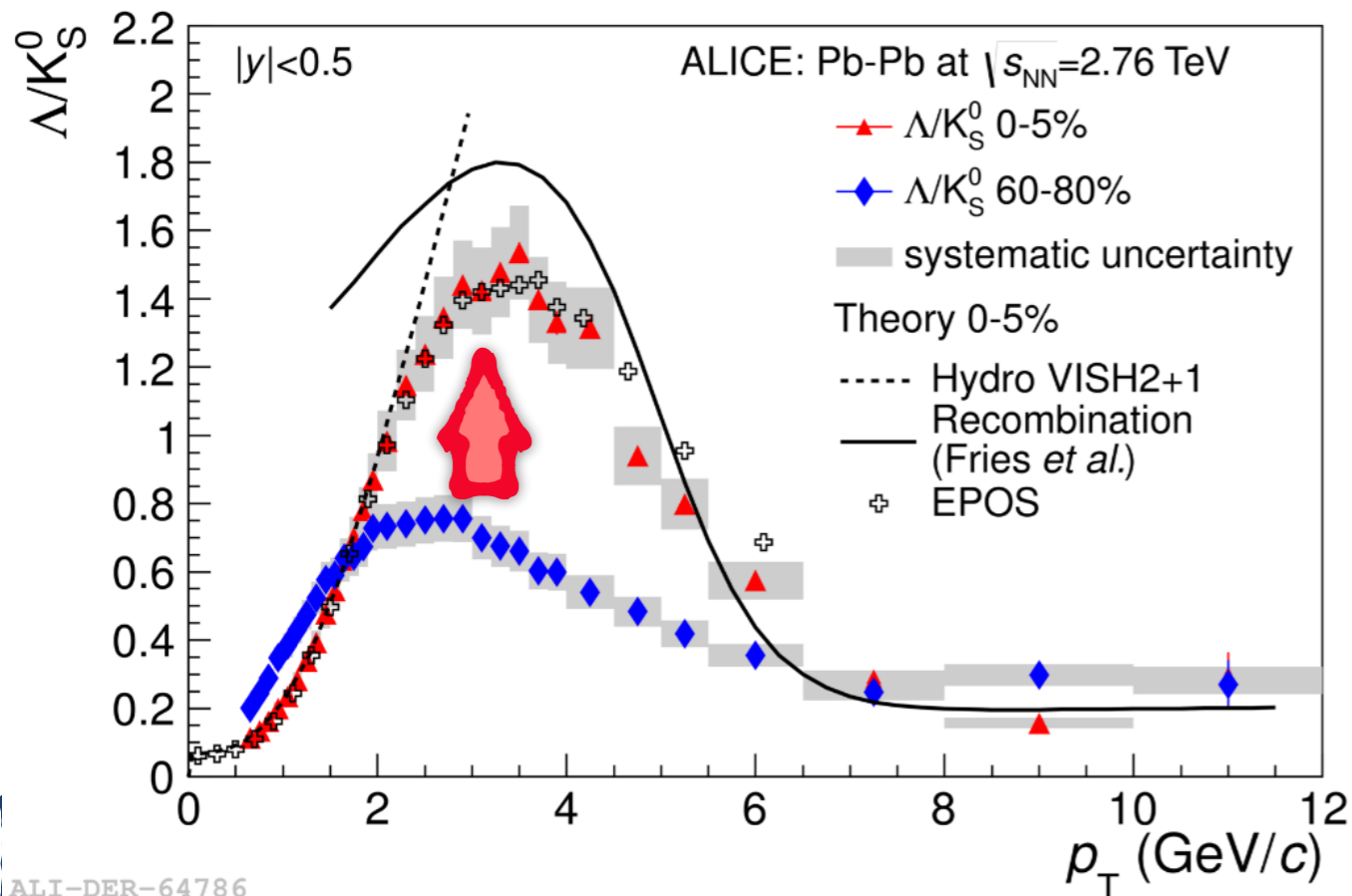
ALI-PREL-109418





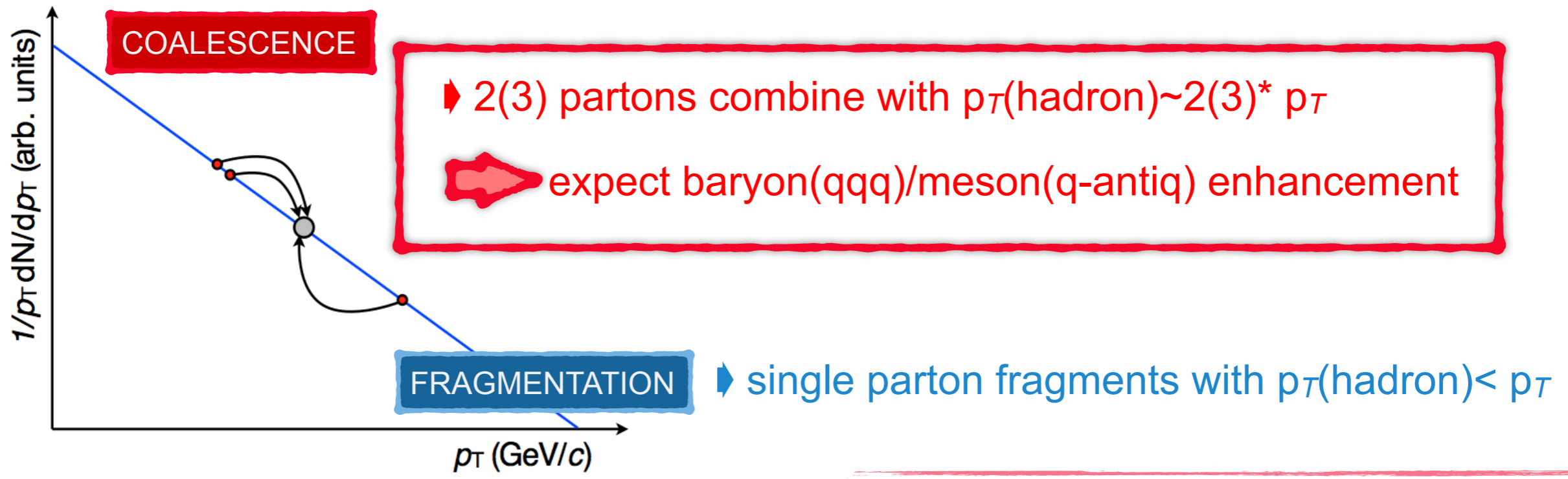


PRL 111(2013) 22301



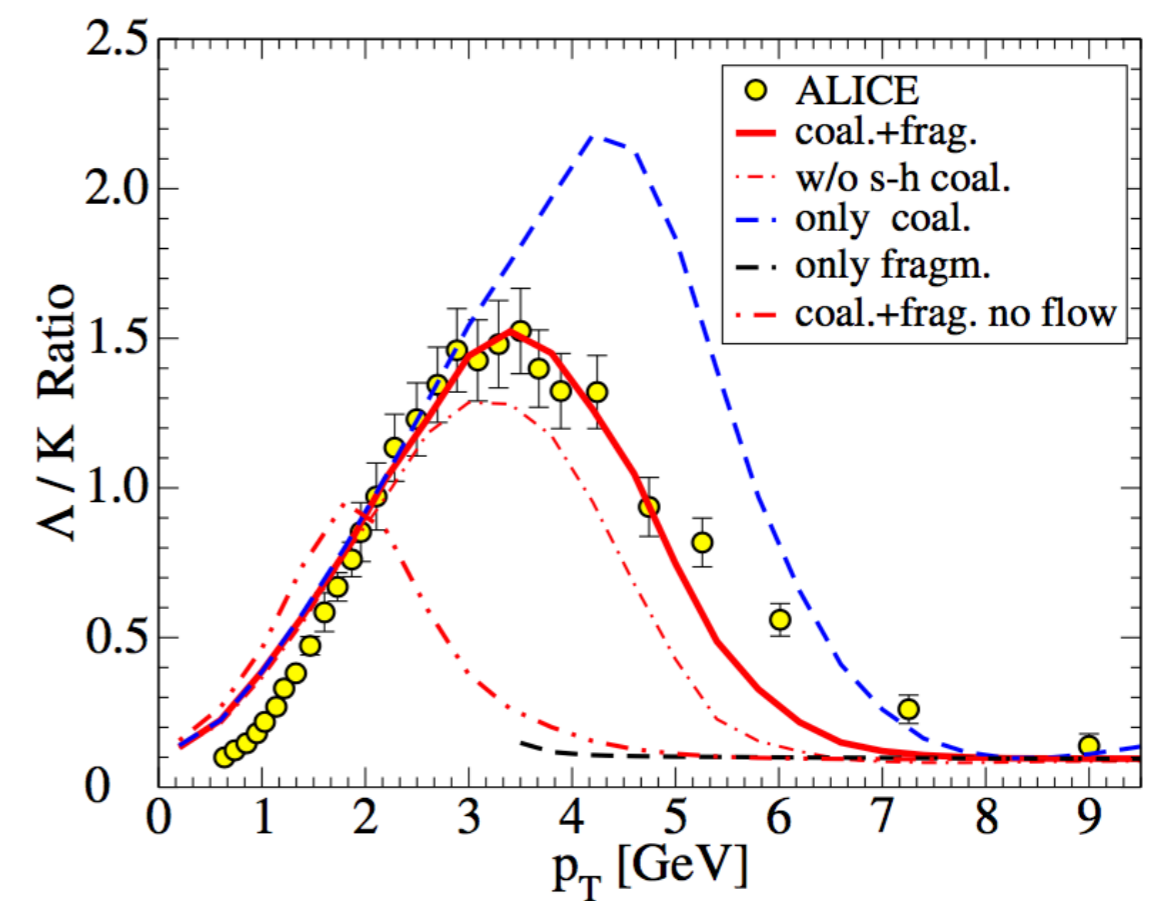
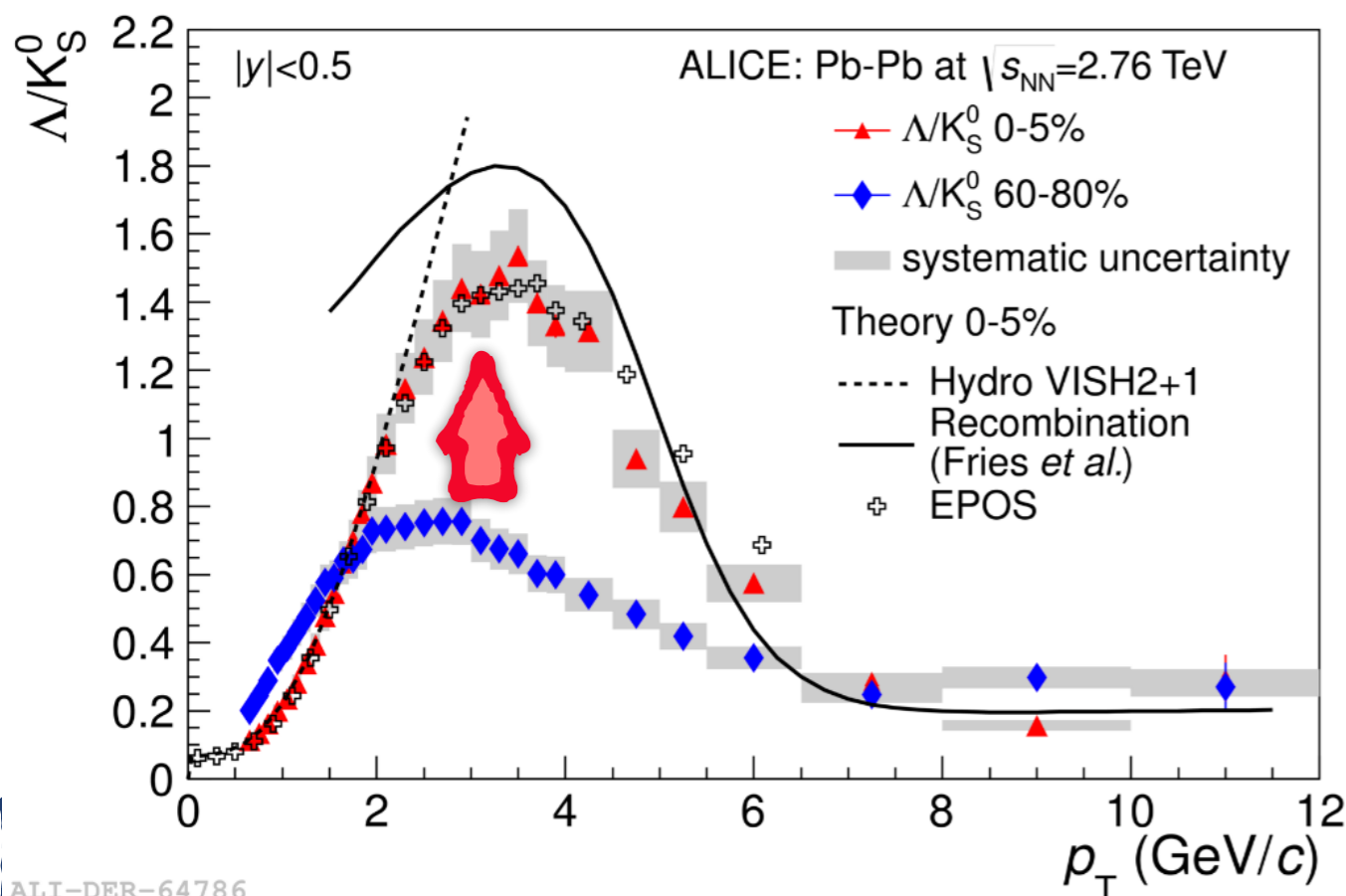
- ▶ baryon/meson enhanced in central A-A collisions at intermediate p_T
- ▶ hydrodynamics at low p_T
- ▶ coalescence+fragmentation or hydrodynamics+jets (EPOS) able to reproduce data

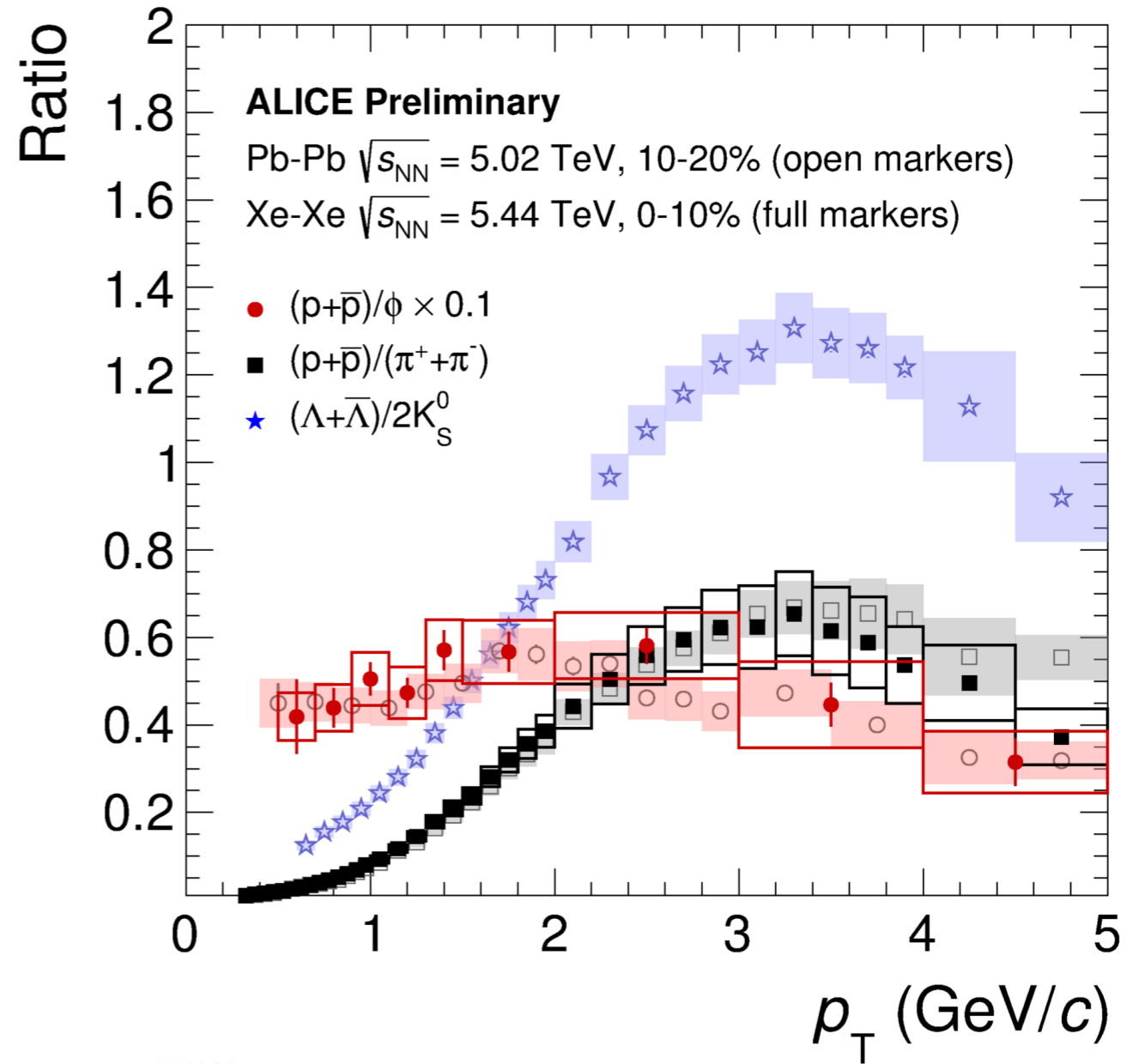
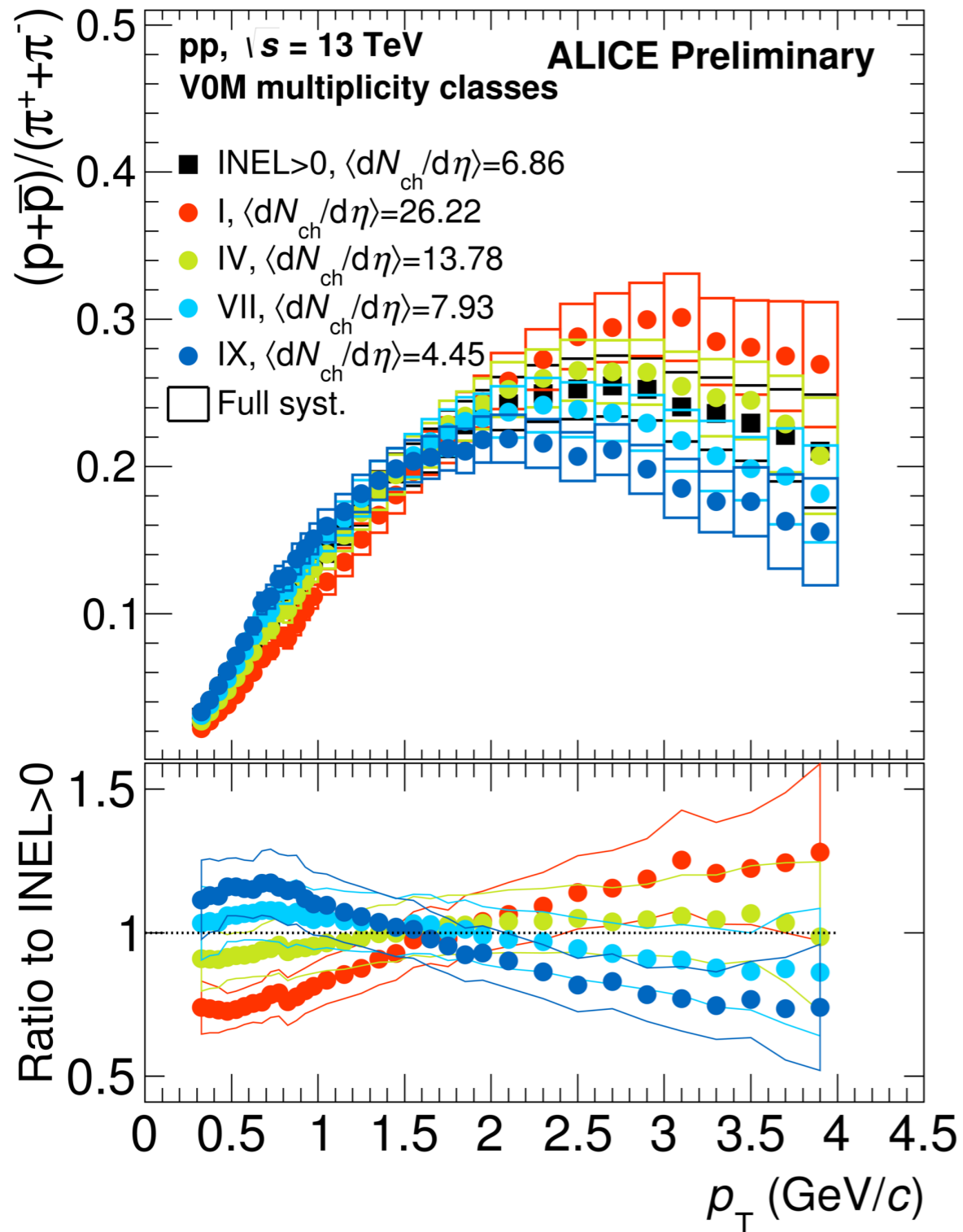
T.Pierog et al., Phys. Rev. C 92, 034906 (2015)



PRL 111(2013) 22301

V.Minissale et al., Phys.Rev. C92 (2015) no.5, 054904

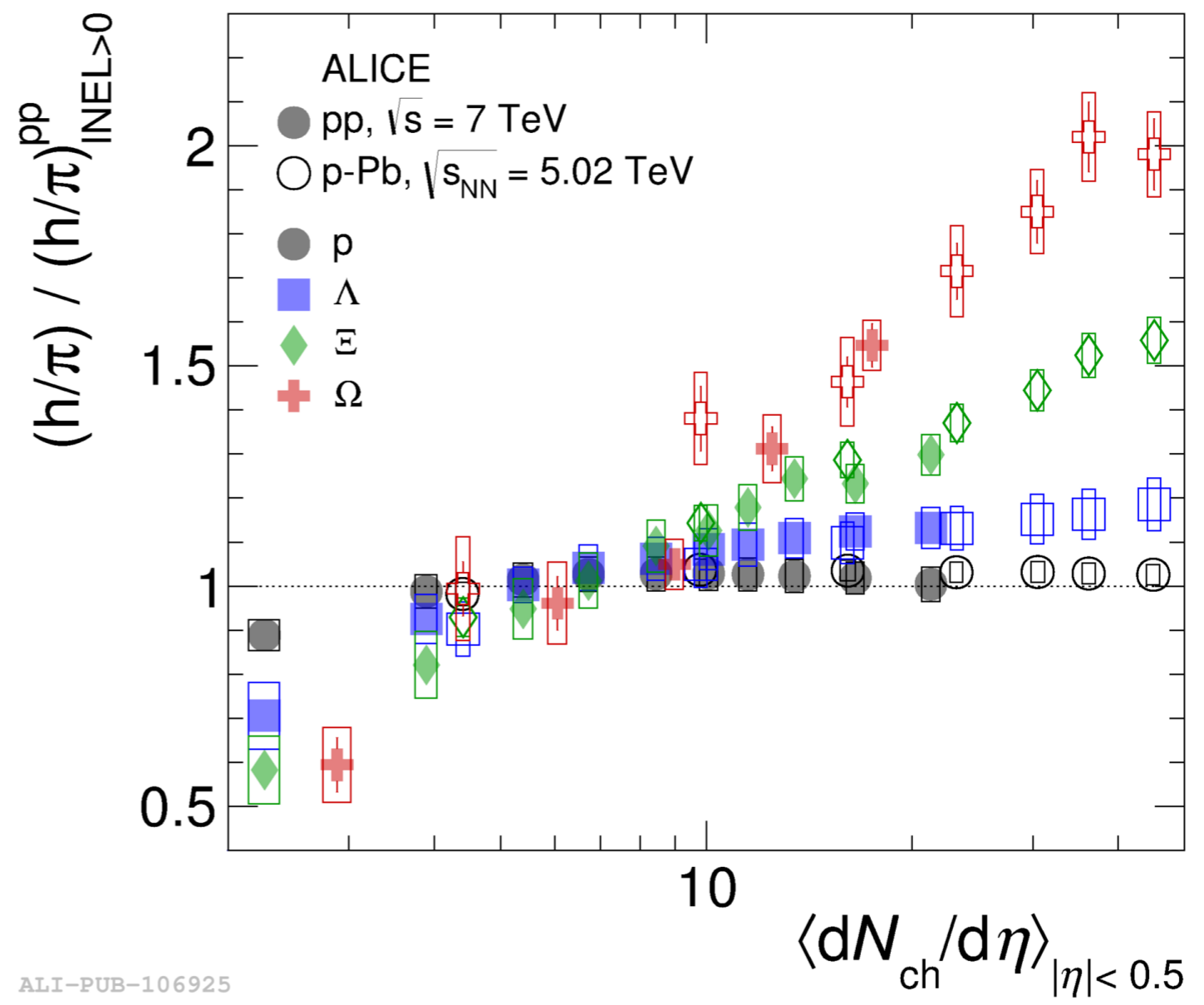
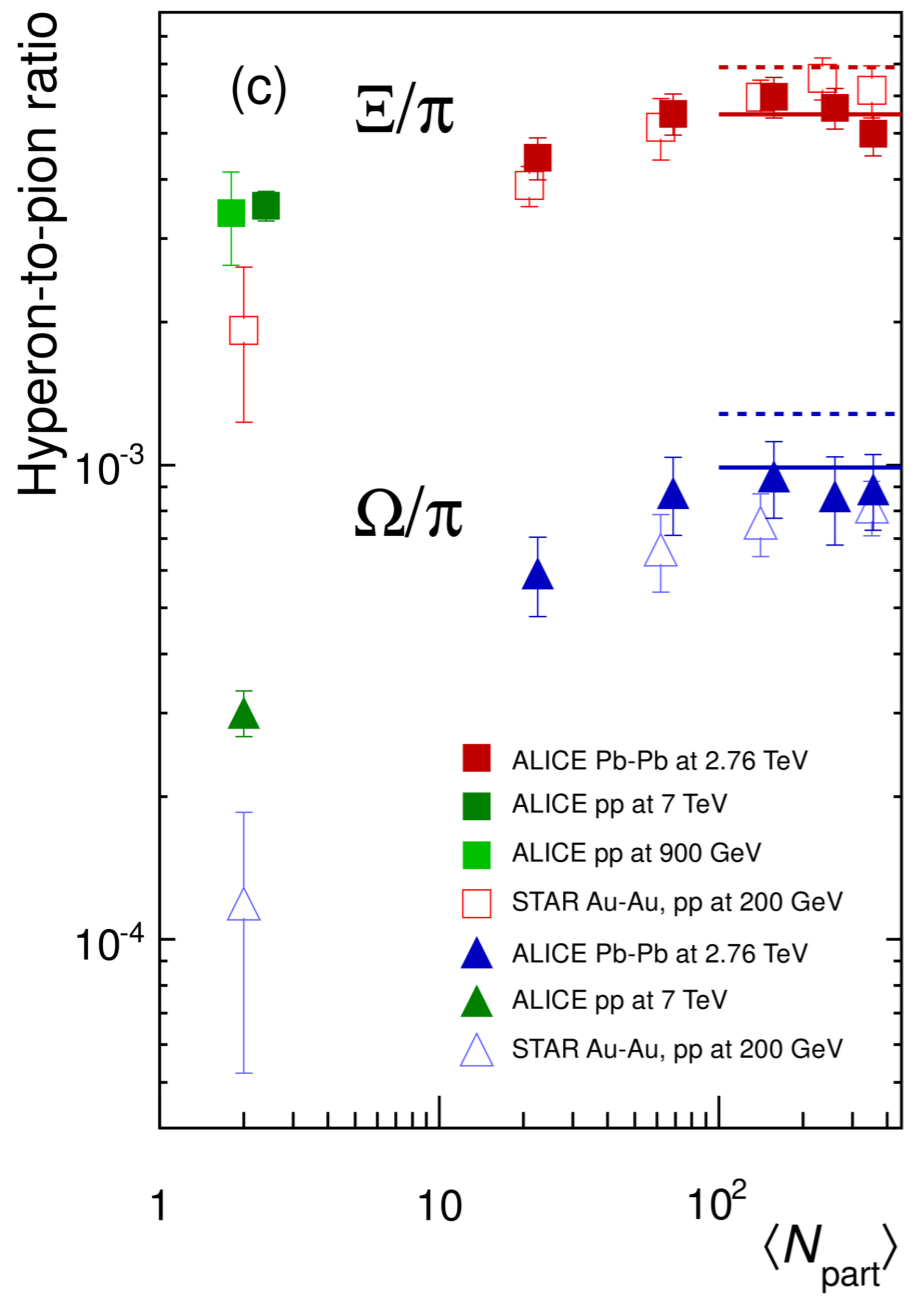




ALI-PREL-156893

p and ϕ have similar p_T spectra in central A-A collisions \blacktriangleright expected from hydrodynamic mass dependent radial flow BUT also reproduced by models including recombination

ALI-PREL-145926



ALI-PUB-106925

ALI-PUB-78357