

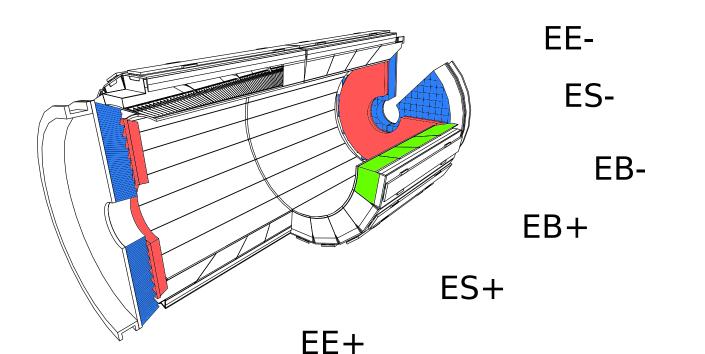
# The CMS ECAL data acquisition system and its performance at the LHC Run 2

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# ECAL and ES subsystems



ECAL: Electromagnetic Calorimeter

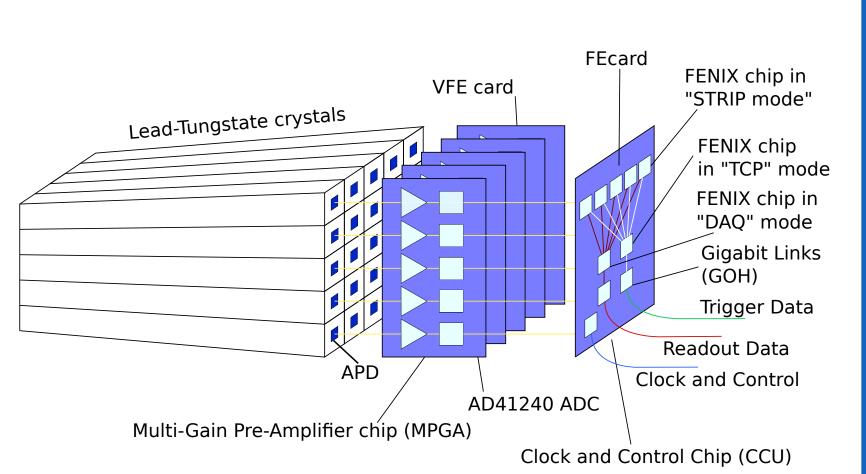
ES: Endcap preShower

EE: ECAL Endcap EB: ECAL Barrel

Each subsystem is divided in supermodules called Front End Drivers

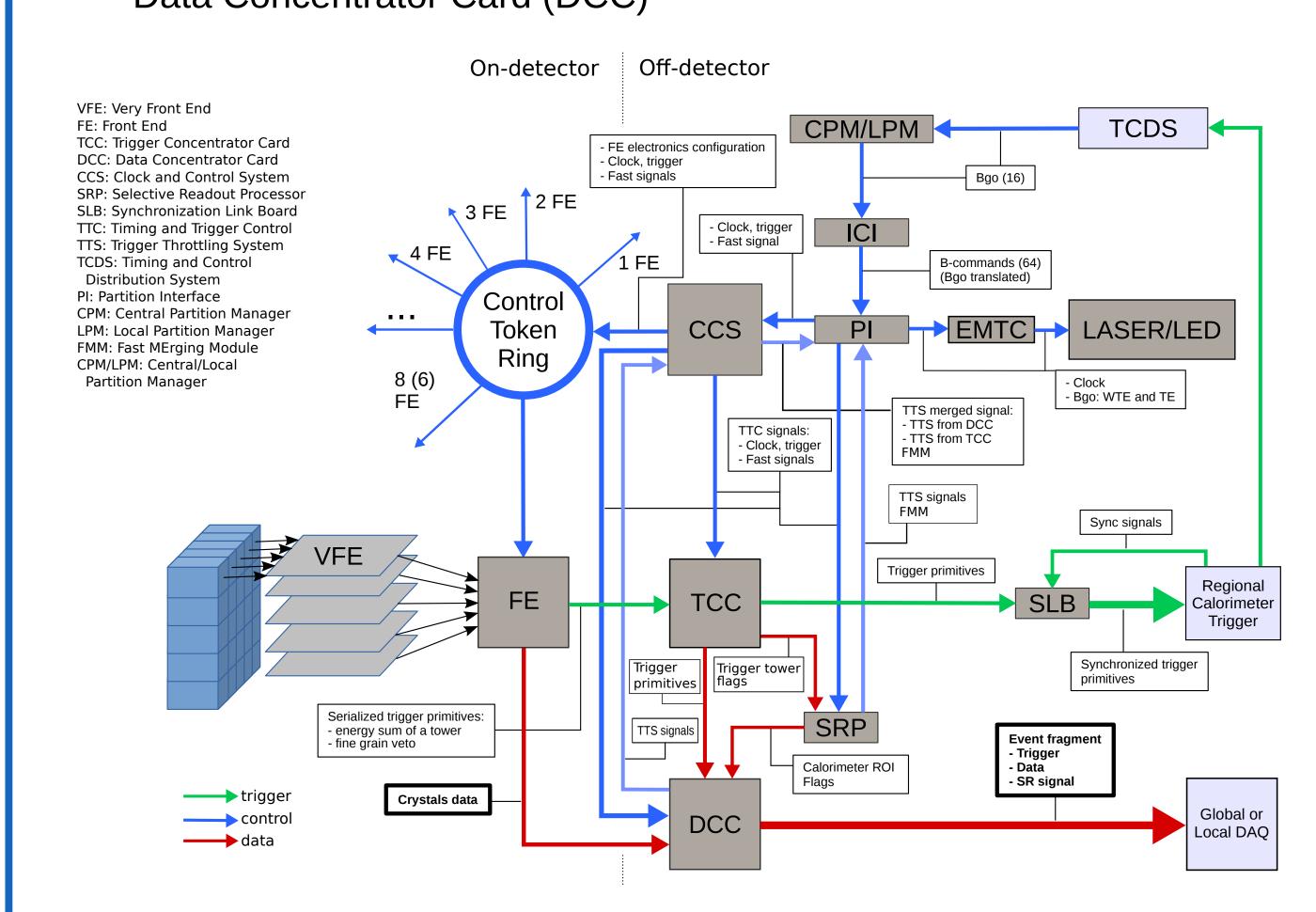
#### **ECAL Front End**

- \* On-detector
- \* Signal digitization and trigger primitives generation
- \* Organised in Trigger Towers (TTs), each grouping 25 crystals

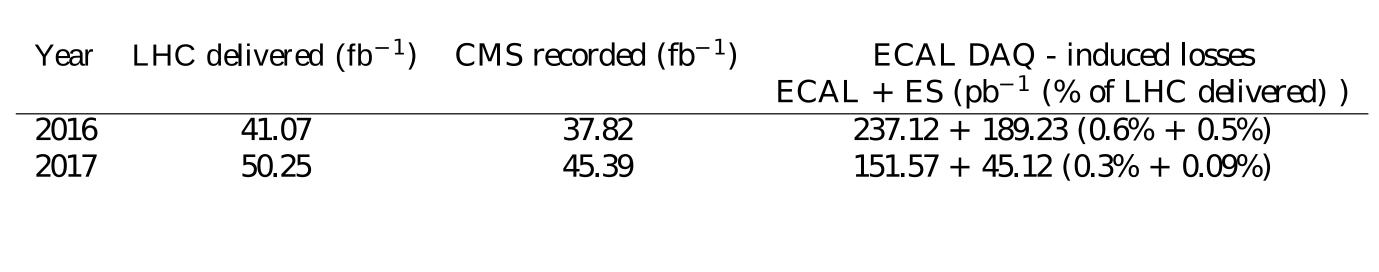


## ECAL Trigger and DAQ hardware system

- \* Off-detector, organised in 54 FEDs
- \* Each FED manages from 48 to 68 TTs and is composed by:
- \* Clock and Control System (CCS)
- \* Trigger Concentrator Card (TCC)
- \* Data Concentrator Card (DCC)



# Performance: Recorded luminosity

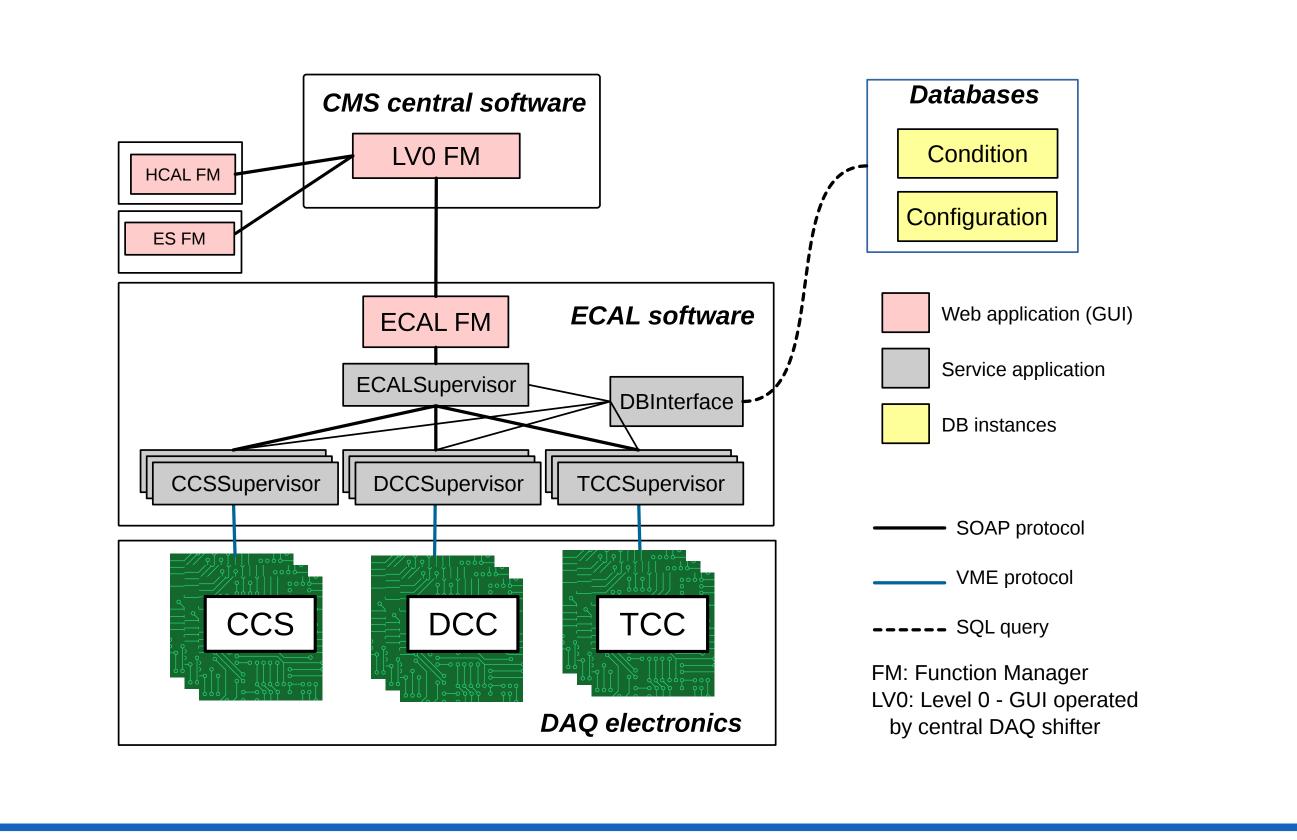


Considering pp collisions at 13TeV, data from [1]

- [1] CMS Lumi: https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/LumiPublicResults
- [2] XDAQ: https://svnweb.cern.ch/trac/cmsos

# ECAL and ES Online Software

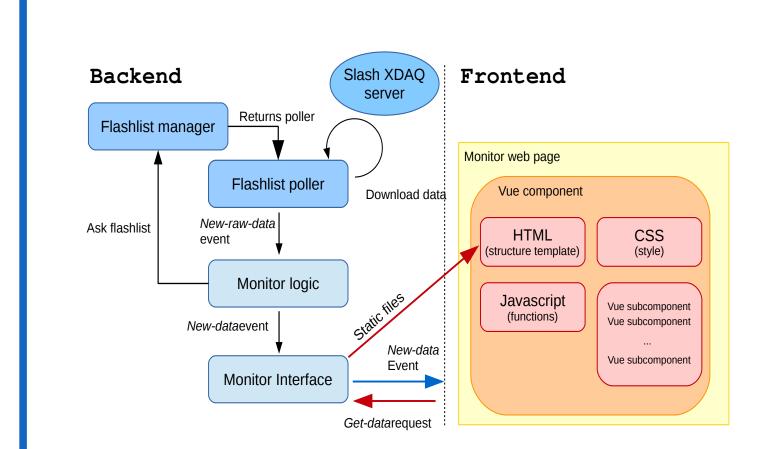
- \* Configuration, control and monitoring of ECAL and ES Trigger and DAQ system.
- \* Hierarchical structure of applications based on XDAQ libraries [2].

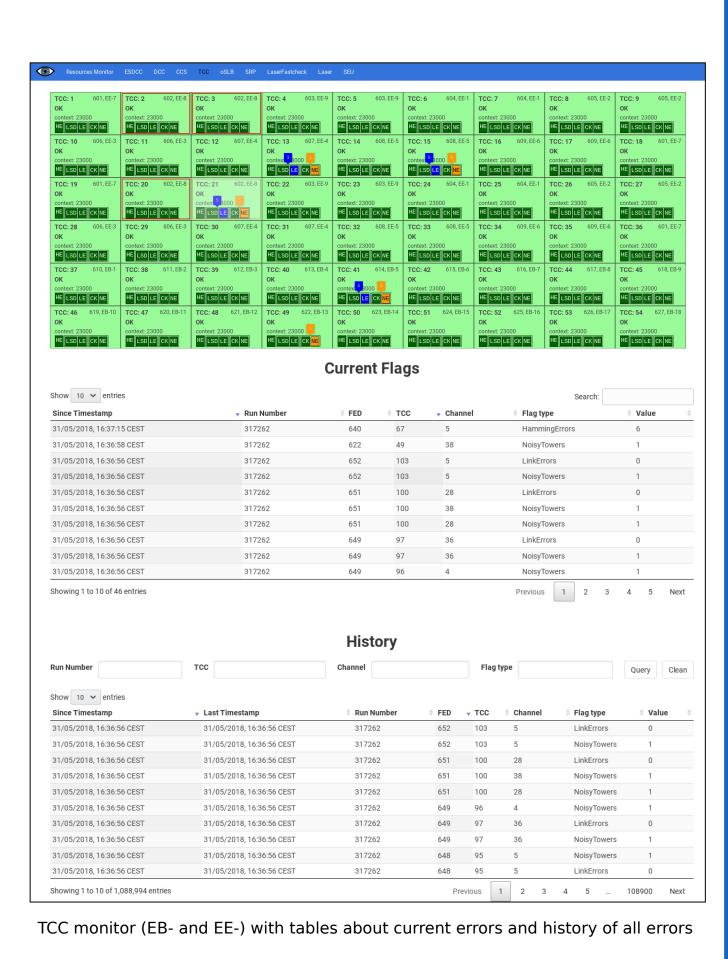


### Monitoring software

Web application monitoring ECAL and ES Trigger and DAQ systems.

- \* Based on information published by online software applications
- \* Backend: nodejs + express
- \* Frontend: Vuejs components and Bulma libraries.





# Auto-recovery of Single Event Upsets (SEUs) in ECAL

- \* When a DCC board detects a SEU, It goes in error
- \* Its supervisor reacts by changing state in "Running with SEU"
- \* The ECAL Supervisor handles the SEU fix action

