Carbon Ion Therapy at Lanzhou

Hongwei Zhao

Institute of Modern Physics (IMP)
Chinese Academy of Sciences

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Outline of this talk



History Review and key technology development



Carbon ion therapy demon-facility developed by IMP



Challenge and future plan



IMP and research fields

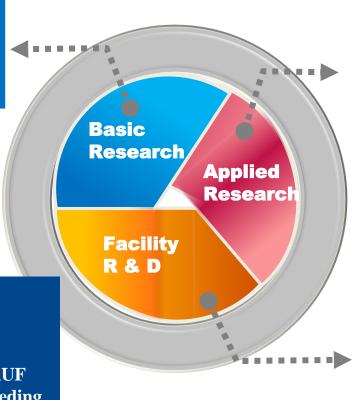


IMP is the biggest nuclear physics research center in China for heavy ion basic-science and nuclear technology application

- Nuclear physics
- Atomic physics
- Nuclear chemistry
- Radiation chemistry
- Material science
- Hadron physics
- High Energy Density physics
- Accelerator physics

High Priorities at IMP

- Precision mass measurement of exotic and stable nuclides
- CIADS, HIAF, ADANES, ADRUF
- Tumor therapy & mutation breeding
- Material sciences



- 850 staff+325 students
- 600-700 M CNY/per year

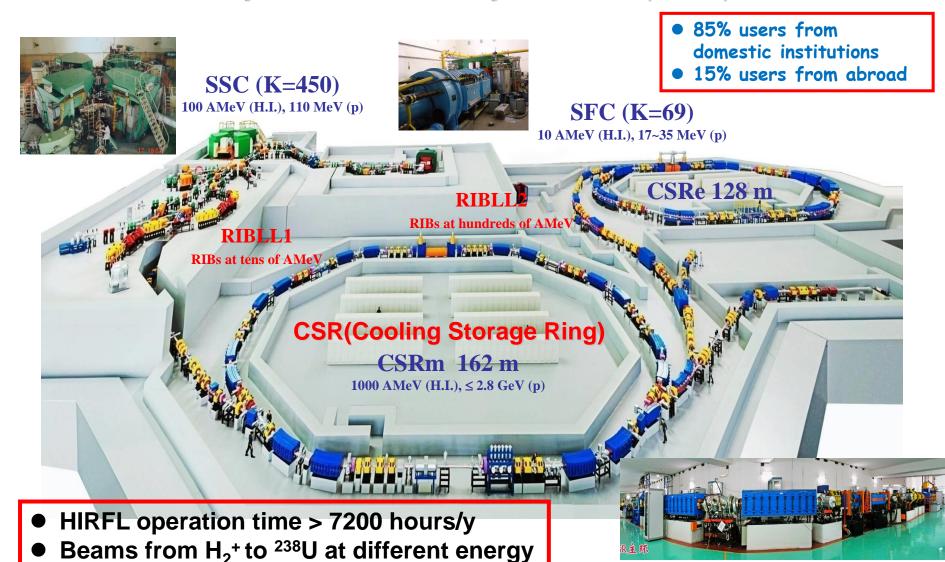
- Radiation biology
- Radiation medical science
- Radiation material
- Advanced nuclear energy
- Nuclear-detector technology
- Ion Accelerator
- Large scale experiment facilities
- Special experiment facilities

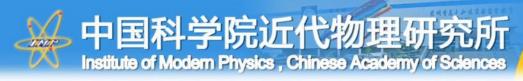


IMP Existing Facility: HIRFL



Heavy Ion Research Facility in Lanzhou (HIRFL)







History of heavy ion cancer therapy

HISTORY

First Patient

The first patient was treated with carbon ion in Phase I trials at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL).

Active Scanning

GSI developed an active ion beam delivery system called raster scanning. A target volume can be painted in three dimensions with a tightly focused pencil beam.

Fast Development

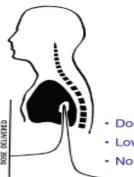
At present, more than 8 facilities in operation for carbon-ion radiotherapy in the world.

1946

1977 1994 1997 2006 Up to now

First Proposal

Robert Wilson proposed the use of Bragg Peak for radiation therapy.



- Dose localization
- Low entrance dose
- No or low exit dose

First Dedicated Facility

NIRS in Japan built the first heavy ion accelerator for medical use in the world (HIMAC).

Ion Therapy in CHINA

From November 2006 to July 2013, 213 patients were treated with carbon ions at Heavy Ion Research Facility in Lanzhou (HIRFL), China.

- Inverted depth-dose distribution
- High relative biological effect (RBE)

• ...

Heavy Ion Therapy Development at IMP





Development treatment Clinical trial of technology

superficial tumor: 103

2006-2009

Clinical trial of deap-seated

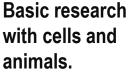
Development of tumor: 110

2009-2013

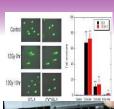
Industrialization

Construction of demo facilities.

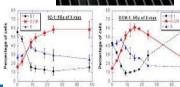
2012-2016







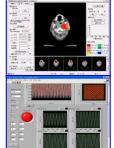






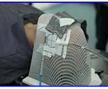


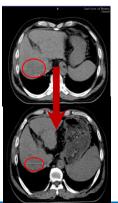








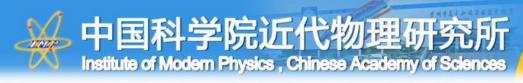






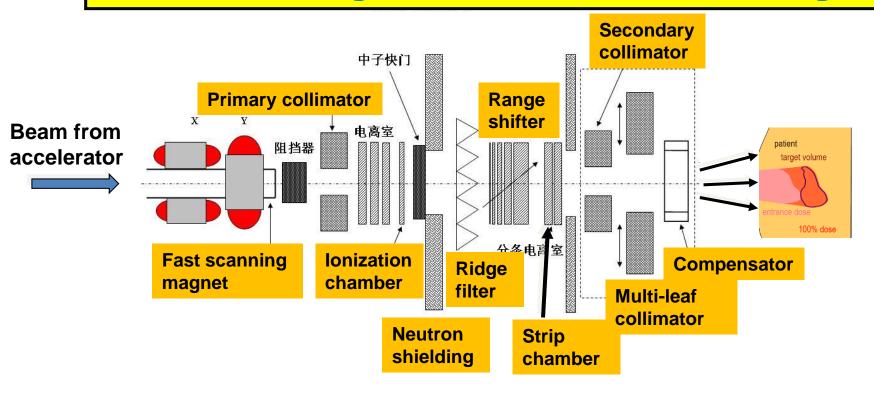




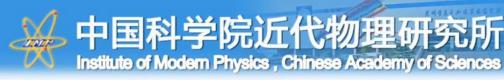




Nozzle Layout of beam delivery

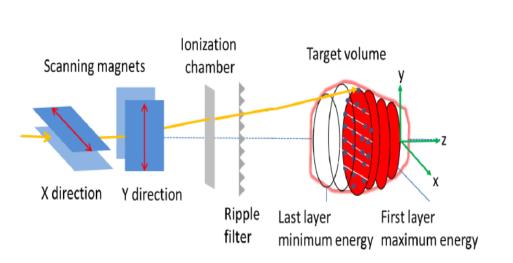


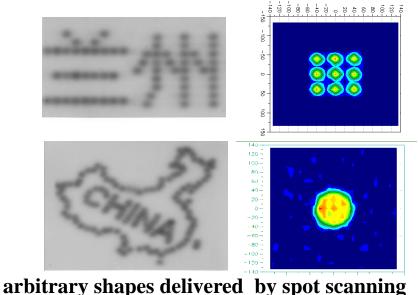
2D conformal, 2D layer-stacking conformal and 3D spot-scanning irradiations

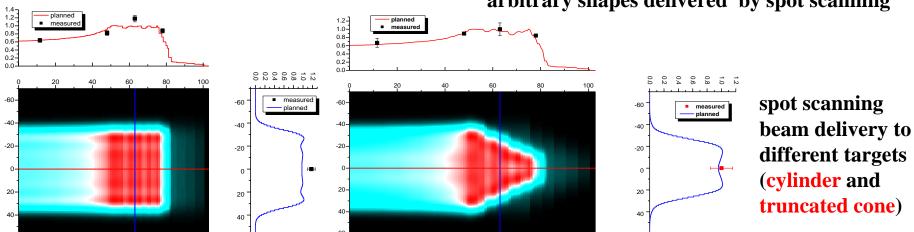




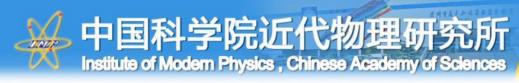
Spot Scanning Beam Delivery







compliance of measured and planned doses within an error of 5%





<u>Carbon Ion Treatment Plan</u> (ciPlan) developed by IMP





- Image preprocessing
- Organ delineation
- > 3D reconstruction
- ➤ Field set-up

- Dose calculation
- > Plan evaluation
- > QA data preparation
- Virtual simulation

- > Plan comparison
- > Auxiliary positioning
- **>** ...



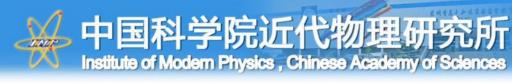
Clinical trial treatment of 213 patients at HIRFL

Treatment time	Treatment depth	Number of cases
November 06-16, 2006	1.6 cm	4
January 07-15, 2007	2.1 cm	9
March 13-20, 2007	2.1 cm	14
August 11-16, 2007	2.1 cm	9
December 15-21, 2007	2.1 cm	15
March 20-25, 2008	2.1 cm	15
September 11-17, 2008	2.1 cm	16
March 02 - 07, 2009	2.1cm	21
Total (2006-2009)		103

Tumor type	Number
Liver cancer	16
Lung cancer	22
Adenocarcinoma (adenosquamous carcinoma, pancreatic cancer)	3
Brain tumor (brain glioma, malignant meningioma, etc.)	18
Head and neck tumors (eyes, nose, throat, salivary gland, thyroid, etc.)	16
Bone and soft tissue sarcoma	13
Pelvic malignant tumors (rectal cancer, prostate cancer, chordoma, ovarian cancer, etc.)	9
Others	6

110

Total (2009-2013)





Examples of follow-up treatment effects

Postoperative recurrence of basal cell carcinoma



Before



3 years later



7 years later

Left outer canthus basal cell carcinoma



4 months later



5 years later



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Examples of follow-up treatment effects





metastatic carcinoma of lung

disappears





primary carcinoma of liver

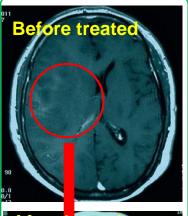
reduces 30%





cell carcinoma of salivary gland

disappears

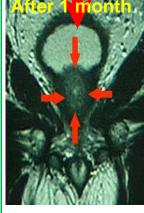






reduces 10%





prostatic carcinoma

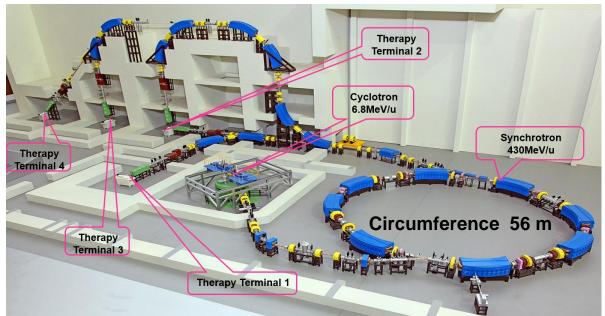
reduces 30%



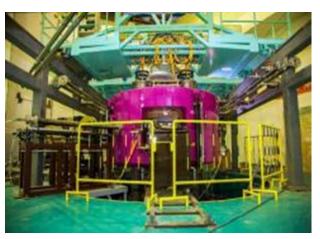
Progress of Carbon Ion Therapy Demon- Facility Developed by IMP

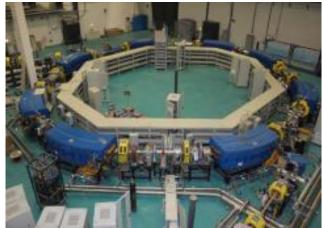
Wuwei Demo-Facility for Carbon Ion Therapy

Combination of cyclotron injector + striping injection+ synchrotron



- ¹²C⁶⁺ beam
- E: 100-430 MeV/A
- I: $0.5-1.0 \times 10^9 \text{ ppp}$
- Beam commissioning completed.
- Specifications reached
- Safety validation and detection completed.
- Clinical treatment with patients will start soon.







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Milestones of Wuwei Facility

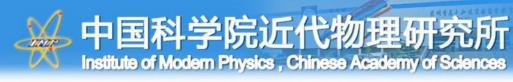
- First beam : Dec. 2015
- Registration detections of national and international standards GB9706, GB4793, GB4943, YY0505, IEC60602-2-64 and so on have been finished (2016-2018).
- Clinical trial treatment of 47 patients will be started by the end of June, 2018 to validate treatment effect and performance of the facility.
- It is expected to be in commercila operation in 2018.









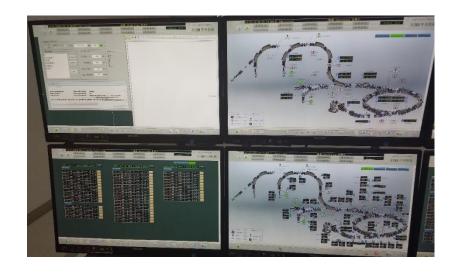




Central Control Room in Wuwei



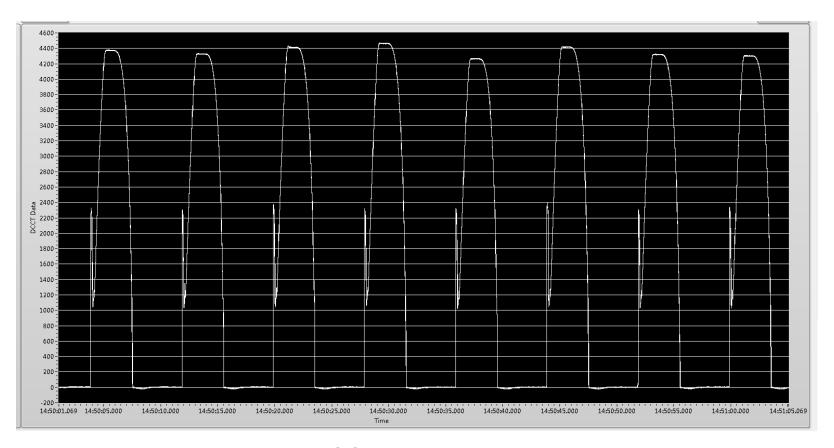






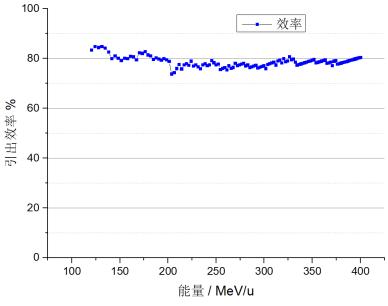


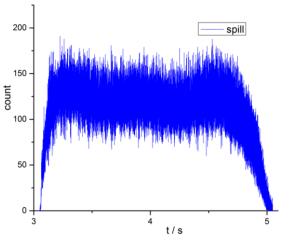
The injection beam intensity can reach 4×10^9 ppp, and the injection gain factor is 400

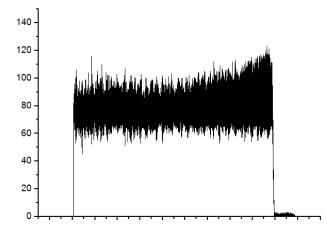


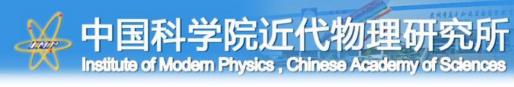
Beam current from DCCT in synchrotron during injection, acceleration and slow extraction

Slow extraction efficiency higher than 80% and the beam structure was improved through feedback system









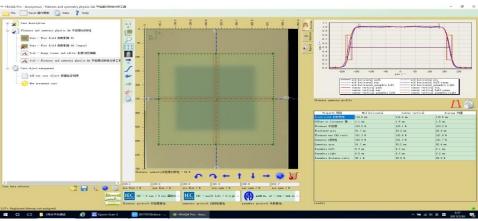


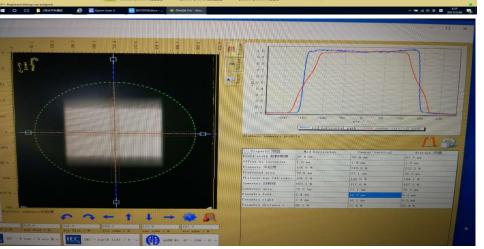
Beam Flatteness of 2# treatment terminal

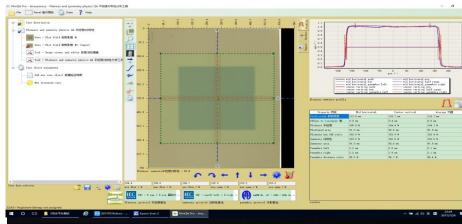
120MeV/u 103.2%

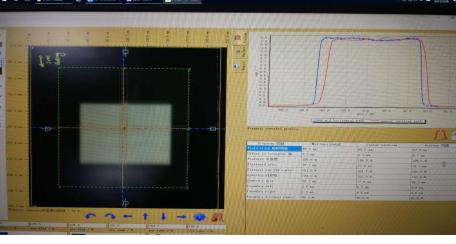
400MeV/u 105%

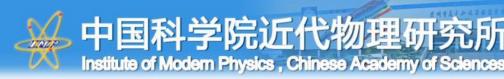
Typical requirement 100-106%





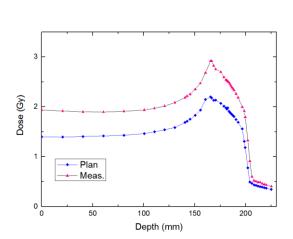




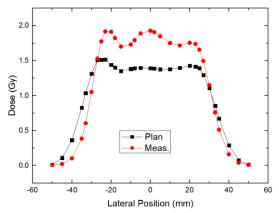


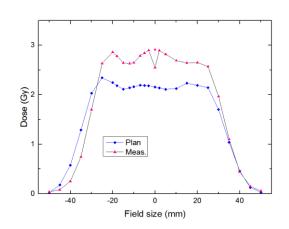


3D Spot Scanning Dose Distribution

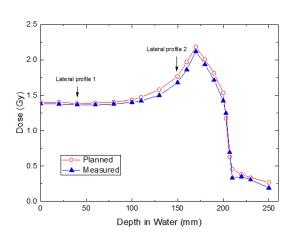


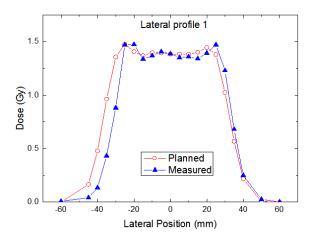
Before optimization

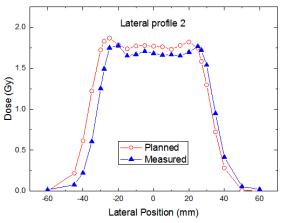




After optimization







Depth distribution

Transverse distribution

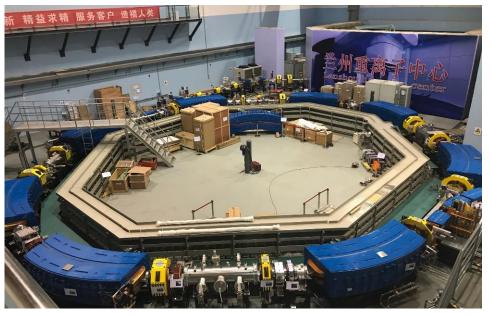
SOBP



Lanzhou Heavy-Ion Tumor Therapy Center

- **♦** Relying on Gansu Provincial Tumor Hospital.
- **♦** Installation completed.
- **♦** The facility will be commissioned by September of 2018.

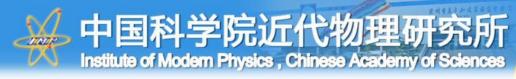






Challenge and future plan

- Patient treatment numbers for each dedicated therapy facility: 1500-2000 patients/year, challenging!
- Superconducting magnet technology may increase the magnetic field, minimize size of the magnets and rotating gantry and decrease the cost.
- Linac injector can be used to enhance the beam intensity with new injection mode.
 - **Next generation ion therapy machine**
 - Laser ion source +RFQ and DTL in one cavity+SC technology
 - More compact and new beam-delivery system





Linac +Synchrotron for carbon beam

250 (C⁴⁺)

 $\leq \pm 2 \times 10^{-3}$

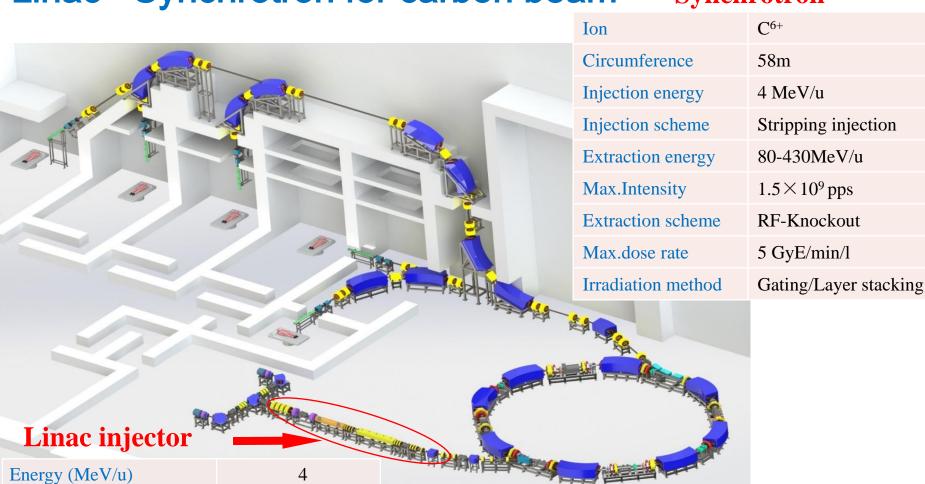
 $\leq 10 (5\sigma)$

Current (euA)

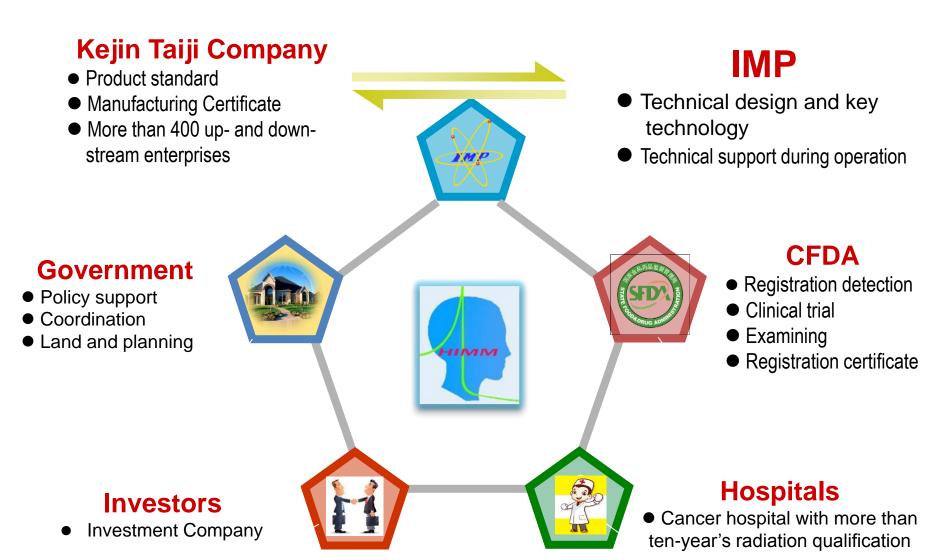
Momentum spread($\delta P/P$)

Emittance(π mm.mrad)

Synchrotron



Cooperation mode of ion therapy Project





Summary

- Heavy-ion beam has some favorable characteristics for therapy.
- IMP has demonstrated carbon ion therapy technology with 213patients clinical trial treatment by the beam from HIRFL.
- IMP built two dedicated compact demon-facilities for carbon ion therapy in Wuwei and Lanzhou.
- IMP is developing new technologies for the next generation ion therapy machine to reduce the facility size and cost.
- You are welcome to join us for collaboration.



Thank you for your attention!