

JAI Student Design Project

HE-LHC Design Tasks

Team	Work on IR4	Work on General Machine
Optics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work with RF group to adjust optics depending on how much space is needed for the cavities • Adjust separation dipoles depending on findings of RF and Magnet team • Work with magnet team to explore the advantages weaker quadrupoles with a large aperture have on the beam stay clear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optimising the arc cell <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ A larger fill factor would relax magnet design goals or could increase the energy ○ Can be achieved by making the arc cells longer ○ Comes at the cost of larger beta functions and dispersion – reducing the beam aperture • Improving the dispersion suppressor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Geometry dictated by LEP geometry ○ Also contains sextupoles for chromaticity correction ○ Currently not fully compatible with arc cell
RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design the HE-LHC RF cavities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Aim to make them as short as possible to help optics design team and fit more instrumentation ○ Aim to minimise the distance between the beams to ease separation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design the crab cavities for main experiments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The total voltage needed for full crossing will depend on the crossing angle ○ Space require for crab cavities crucial to know for experimental interaction region design
Magnets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design a quadrupole with weaker field and larger aperture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ This is done in IR4 and IR6 in LHC to increase the beam stay clear ○ Can potentially help the optics team • Look into the feasibility of a 10 T dual aperture separation dipole <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The dual aperture causes very high return fields in the separation between the beams ○ This magnet is used in several areas of the machine 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optimising the arc dipole <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Initially the FCC dipole was used but it is too big for the tunnel (need space for transport) ○ The size was reduced but now there are very large (several 100G) surface fields ○ Could also look into the option of using high temperature superconductors ○ Potentially links with arc optimisation work