

# $\mathcal{CP}$ Violation and the CKM matrix

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On behalf of the **CKMfitter** Collaboration

# Outline

## 1 Introduction

## 2 Analysis and results

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# Flavor transitions in the quark sector

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} \sim (F_{\mu\nu})^2 + \bar{\psi} \not{D} \psi$$

Gauge couplings to fermions

$$+ (D_\mu H)^2 - V(H)$$

Short-range weak interactions

Higgs self-interaction

$$+ Y H \bar{\psi} \psi$$

Structure of flavor:  
Spectrum of fermion masses  
CKM matrix

- Flavor transitions pattern is likely to change in presence of NP
- Goal here is to test the SM, and possibly point out tensions

# The CKM matrix

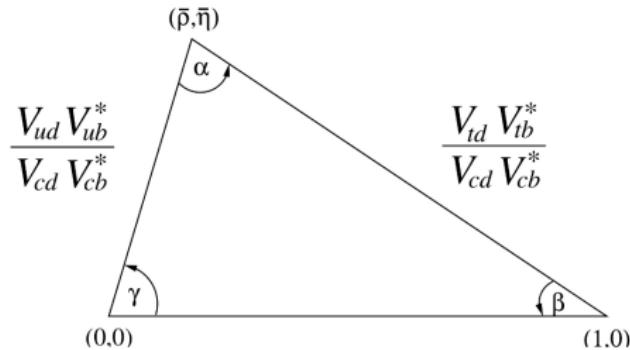
$$V = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

three mixing angles,  
one single CPV phase

$$V_{u\alpha} V_{u\beta}^* + V_{c\alpha} V_{c\beta}^* + V_{t\alpha} V_{t\beta}^* \stackrel{\alpha \neq \beta}{=} 0$$

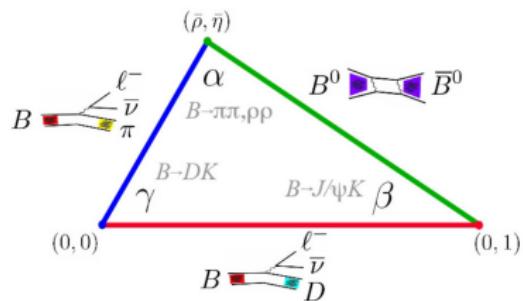
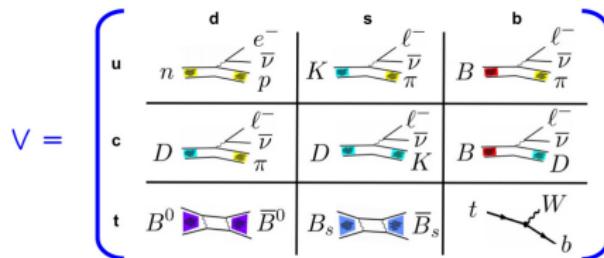
$V$  is measured to be hierarchical

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} & d & s & b \\ u & \text{■} & \text{■} & \cdot \\ c & \text{■} & \text{■} & \cdot \\ t & \cdot & \text{■} & \text{■} \end{array} \right]$$



$$\frac{|V_{us}|}{(|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2)^{1/2}} = \lambda, \quad \frac{|V_{cb}|}{(|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2)^{1/2}} = A\lambda^2, \quad -\frac{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*} = \bar{\rho} + i\bar{\eta}$$

# Measuring the CKM matrix



Observables with **very different properties** are available:

- *Tree*: e.g.,  $|V_{ub}|$
- *Loop*: e.g.,  $\Delta m_d$ ,  $\Delta m_s$ ,  $\epsilon_K$ ,  $\sin(2\beta)$
- $\mathcal{CP}$ -conserving: e.g.,  $|V_{ub}|$ ,  $\Delta m_d$ ,  $\Delta m_s$
- $\mathcal{CP}$ -violating: e.g.,  $\gamma$ ,  $\epsilon_K$ ,  $\sin(2\beta)$
- *Exp. uncs.*: e.g.,  $\alpha$ ,  $\sin(2\beta)$ ,  $\gamma$
- *Syst. uncs.*: e.g.,  $|V_{ub}|$ ,  $|V_{cb}|$ ,  $\epsilon_K$ ,  $\Delta m_d$ ,  $\Delta m_s$

# Theoretical inputs

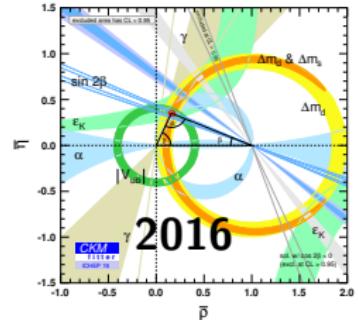
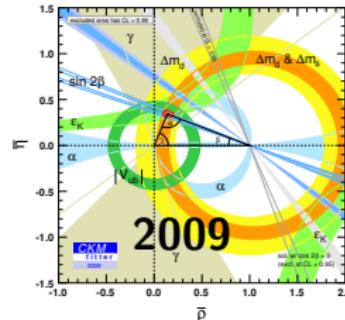
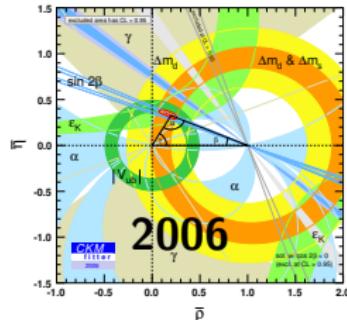
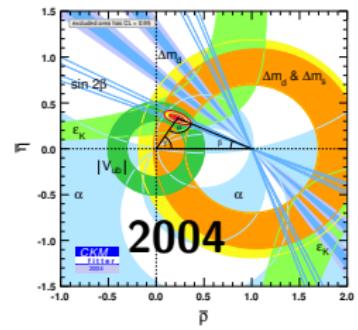
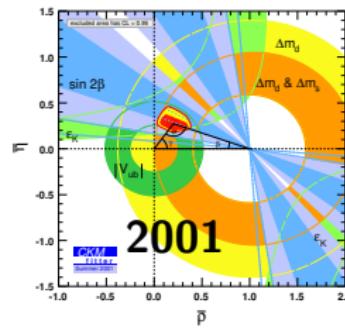
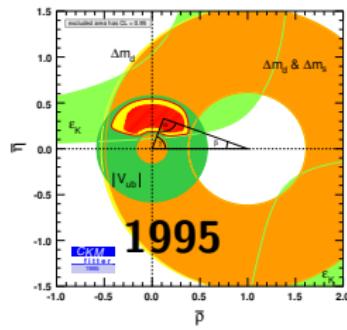
→ Need to deal with **hadronic effects** inherent to the quark sector

Meson-mixing	$B_{(s)}\bar{B}_{(s)}$ , $K\bar{K}$ : bag-parameters $\hat{B}_{B_s}, \hat{B}_{B_s}/\hat{B}_{B_d}, \hat{B}_K$
(semi-)leptonic decays	$\pi \rightarrow \ell\nu$ , $K \rightarrow \pi\ell\nu$ , etc.: decay constants, form factors Ex.: $f_\pi$ , $f_+^{K \rightarrow \pi}(0)$

→ Lattice QCD: extractions of non-pert. parameters;  
dominated by **systematic uncertainties**

# Progress over the years

→ Long road for a better theoretical control (e.g., Lattice QCD), and more accurate data (LEP, KTeV, NA48, BaBar, Belle, CDF, DØ, LHCb, CMS, ...)



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# Statistical approach

- **CKMfitter**: Frequentist statistics based on a  $\chi^2$  analysis
- $\chi^2_{min}$ : **goodness-of-fit** under SM (or NP), **estimators** for  $V_{CKM}$
- $\Delta\chi^2$  ( $\chi^2$ -distributed): **Confidence Level** (CL) intervals
- *Range fit scheme (Rfit)* incorporates **theoretical uncertainties**
- Theo. inputs: published Lattice papers, **with error budgets**, different sources of syst. uncertainty are **combined linearly**, using FLAG reports as a guide to sort results

$$\mathcal{L}^{Rfit} \equiv \mathcal{L}_{stat} \times \mathcal{L}_{theo},$$

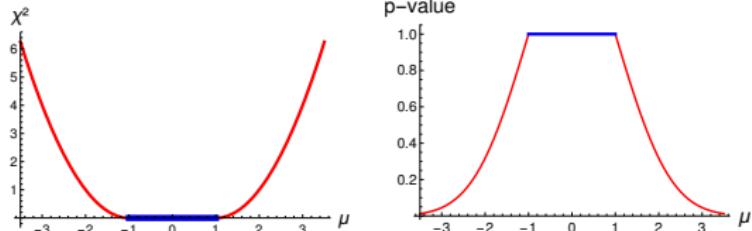
$$\chi^2 = -2 \ln \mathcal{L}$$

$\mathcal{L}_{stat}$ : exp. data

$\mathcal{L}_{theo}$ : had. inputs

[cf. Charles, Descotes-G., Niess, LVS '17]

Example in 1D,  $0 \pm 1_{stat} \pm 1_{theo}$  ( $N_{dof} = 1$ )



$\chi^2$ : flat bottom, quadratic walls

## Analysis and results

CKM	Process	Observables		Theoretical inputs	
$ V_{ud} $	$0^+ \rightarrow 0^+ \beta$	$ V_{ud} _{\text{nucl}}$	$=$	$0.97420 \pm 0 \pm 0.00021$	
$ V_{us} $	$K \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$	$ V_{us} _{\text{SL}} f_+^{K \rightarrow \pi}(0)$	$=$	$0.2165 \pm 0.0004$	Nuclear matrix elements
	$K \rightarrow e \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow e \nu)$	$=$	$(1.582 \pm 0.007) \cdot 10^{-5}$	$f_+^{K \rightarrow \pi}(0)$
	$K \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow \mu \nu)$	$=$	$0.6356 \pm 0.0011$	$f_K$
	$\tau \rightarrow K \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow K \nu)$	$=$	$(0.6960 \pm 0.0096) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$155.6 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6$ MeV
$\frac{ V_{us} }{ V_{ud} }$	$K \rightarrow \mu \nu / \pi \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$\frac{\mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow \mu \nu)}{\mathcal{B}(\pi \rightarrow \mu \nu)}$	$=$	$1.3367 \pm 0.0029$	$f_K/f_\pi$
	$\tau \rightarrow K \nu / \tau \rightarrow \pi \nu$	$\frac{\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow K \nu)}{\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \pi \nu)}$	$=$	$(6.438 \pm 0.094) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1.1959 \pm 0.0007 \pm 0.0029$
$ V_{cd} $	$\nu N$	$ V_{cd} _{\text{not lattice}}$	$=$	$0.230 \pm 0.011$	
	$D \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(D \rightarrow \mu \nu)$	$=$	$(3.74 \pm 0.17) \cdot 10^{-4}$	$f_{D_s}/f_D$
	$D \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$	$ V_{cd}  f_+^{D \rightarrow \pi}(0)$	$=$	$0.1426 \pm 0.0019$	$f_+^{D \rightarrow \pi}(0)$
$ V_{cs} $	$W \rightarrow c \bar{s}$	$ V_{cs} _{\text{not lattice}}$	$=$	$0.94^{+0.32}_{-0.26} \pm 0.13$	
	$D_s \rightarrow \tau \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(D_s \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	$=$	$(5.55 \pm 0.24) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$f_{D_s}$
	$D_s \rightarrow \mu \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(D_s \rightarrow \mu \nu)$	$=$	$(5.39 \pm 0.16) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$247.8 \pm 0.3 \pm 2.0$ MeV
	$D \rightarrow K \ell \nu$	$ V_{cs}  f_+^{D \rightarrow K}(0)$	$=$	$0.7226 \pm 0.0034$	$f_+^{D \rightarrow K}(0)$
$ V_{ub} $	semileptonic $B$	$ V_{ub} _{\text{SL}}$	$=$	$(3.98 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.22) \cdot 10^{-3}$	form factors, shape functions
	$B \rightarrow \tau \nu$	$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	$=$	$(1.08 \pm 0.21) \cdot 10^{-4}$	$f_{B_s}/f_B$
$ V_{cb} $	semileptonic $B$	$ V_{cb} _{\text{SL}}$	$=$	$(41.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3}$	form factors, OPE matrix elements
$ V_{ub}/V_{cb} $	semileptonic $\Lambda_b$	$\frac{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_p \rightarrow p \mu^- \bar{\nu})_{q^2 > 15}}{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_p \rightarrow \Lambda_c \mu^- \bar{\nu})_{q^2 > 7}}$	$=$	$(0.947 \pm 0.081) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$\frac{\zeta(\Lambda_p \rightarrow p \mu^- \bar{\nu})_{q^2 > 15}}{\zeta(\Lambda_p \rightarrow \Lambda_c \mu^- \bar{\nu})_{q^2 > 7}} = 1.471 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.290$
$\alpha$	$B \rightarrow \pi \pi, \rho \pi, \rho \rho$	branching ratios, $CP$ asymmetries		isospin symmetry	
$\beta$	$B \rightarrow (\bar{c} \bar{c}) K$	$\sin(2\beta)_{[cc]}$	$=$	$0.699 \pm 0.017$	subleading penguins neglected
$\cos(2\beta)$	$B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)} h^0$	$\cos(2\beta)$	$=$	$0.91 \pm 0.25$	
$\gamma$	$B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K^{(*)}$	inputs for the 3 methods		GGSZ, GLW, ADS methods	
$\phi_s$	$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi(KK, \pi\pi)$	$(\phi_s)_{b \rightarrow c \bar{c}s}$	$=$	$-0.021 \pm 0.031$	
$V_{tq}^* V_{tq'}$	$\Delta m_d$	$\Delta m_d$	$=$	$0.5065 \pm 0.0019 \text{ ps}^{-1}$	$\hat{B}_{B_s}/\hat{B}_{B_d}$
	$\Delta m_s$	$\Delta m_s$	$=$	$17.757 \pm 0.021 \text{ ps}^{-1}$	$\hat{B}_{B_s}$
	$B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu$	$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu)$	$=$	$(2.8^{+0.7}_{-0.6}) \cdot 10^{-9} [\times (1 - 0.063)]$	$f_{B_s}$
$V_{td}^* V_{ts}$ and $V_{cd}^* V_{cs}$	$\varepsilon_K$	$ \varepsilon_K $	$=$	$(2.228 \pm 0.011) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$\hat{B}_K$
					$\kappa_\varepsilon$

**black:** no change; **blue:** slight change; **red:** update since ICHEP'16

(colors **do not** reflect the impact of the exp./theo. input!)

# Overall results of the 2018 update

Global fit remains excellent:

ICHEP'16: p-value  $\sim 21\%$  ( $1.3\sigma$ )  $\rightarrow$  CKM'18: p-value  $\sim 51\%$  ( $0.7\sigma$ )

$$A = 0.8403^{+0.0056}_{-0.0201} \text{ (2% unc.)}$$

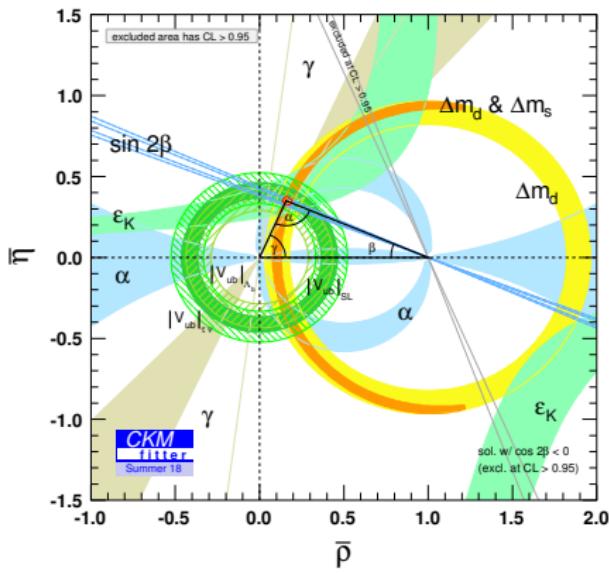
$$\lambda = 0.224747^{+0.000254}_{-0.000059} \text{ (0.07% unc.)}$$

$$\bar{\rho} = 0.1577^{+0.0096}_{-0.0074} \text{ (5% unc.)}$$

$$\bar{\eta} = 0.3493^{+0.0095}_{-0.0071} \text{ (2% unc.)}$$

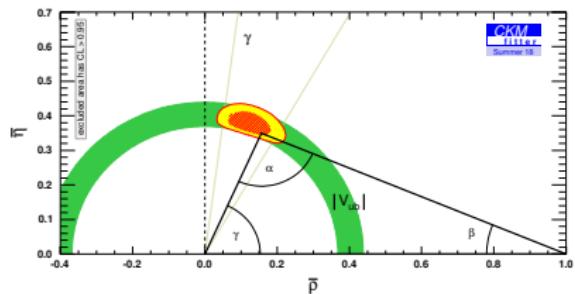
68% C.L. intervals

$B_d$  Unitary Triangle:

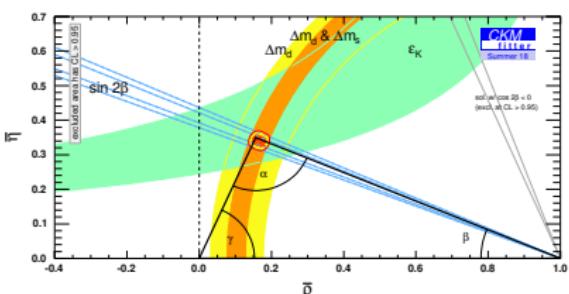


# Consistency among classes of observables

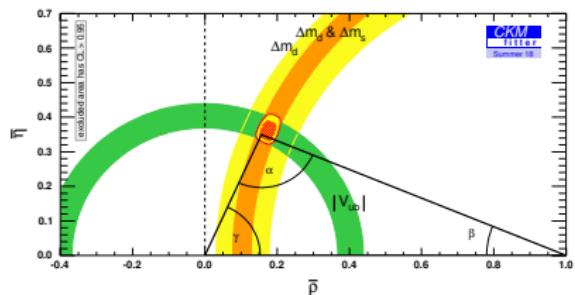
tree level



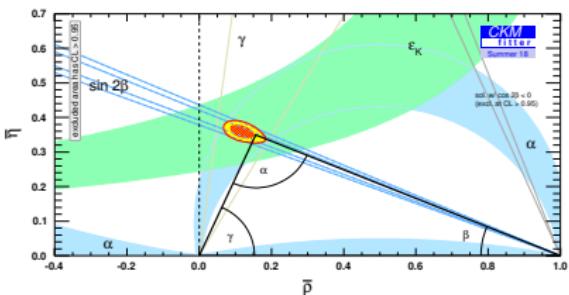
loop-induced



$\mathcal{CP}$ -conserving



$\mathcal{CP}$ -violating

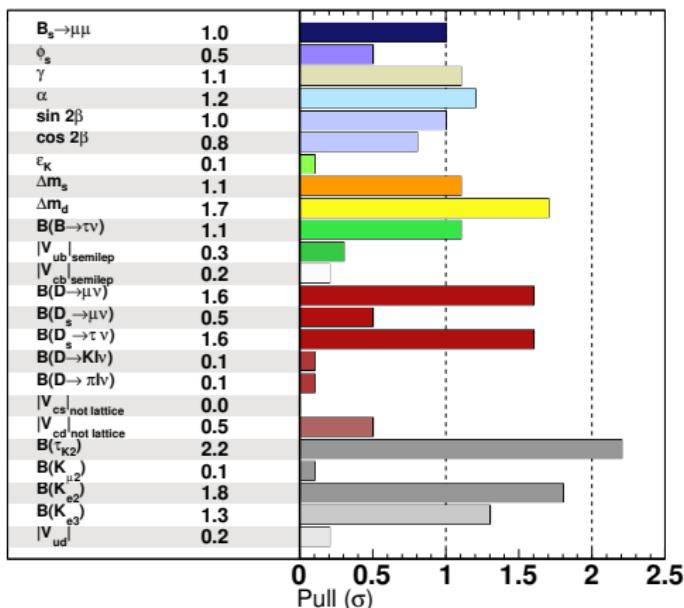


# Pulls: individual tensions

$$pull_{\mathcal{O}_{exp}} = \sqrt{\chi^2_{min} - \chi^2_{min, !\mathcal{O}_{exp}}},$$

$! \mathcal{O}_{exp}$ :  $\chi^2_{min}$  w/o  $\mathcal{O}_{exp}$

- If Gaussian errors:  
uncorrelated random vars.,  
mean 0 and variance 1
- Here, correlations  
are expected
- No sector (e.g.,  $K, D, B$ )  
particularly in tension



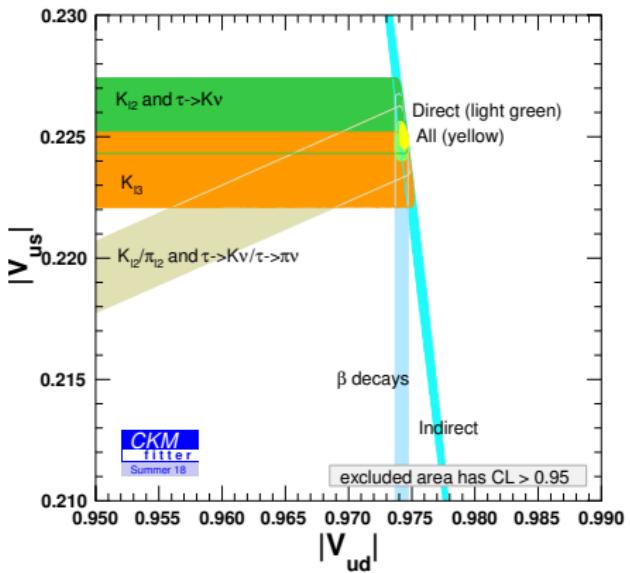
# First two generations: $|V_{ud}|$ and $|V_{us}|$ plane

→  $|V_{ud}|$  from nuclear transitions

→  $K, \pi, \tau$  decays

→ **Good agreement** among different classes of inputs

→ Pull in  $|V_{us}| f_+^{K \rightarrow \pi}(0)$  has decreased from  $2.3\sigma$  to  $1.3\sigma$



$V_{ud}$ :  $\pm 0.007\%$  [ind.],  $\pm 0.004\%$  [comb.]

$V_{us}$ :  $\pm 0.3\%$  [ind.],  $\pm 0.07\%$  [comb.]

# First two generations: $|V_{cd}|$ and $|V_{cs}|$ plane

→  $\mathcal{B}(D_s \rightarrow \mu\nu)$ :

average of HFLAV and BESIII

→  $f_+^{D \rightarrow \pi}(0)$ : syst.  $4 \times$  smaller

$$'16, f_+^{D \rightarrow \pi}(0) = 0.666 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.048$$

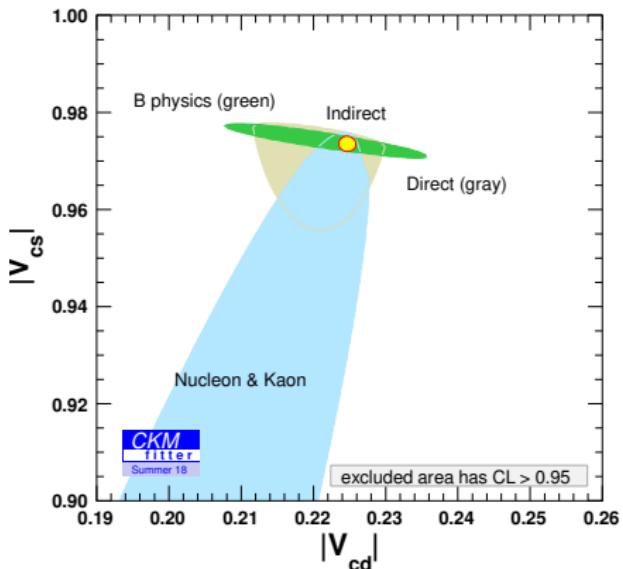
$$'18, f_+^{D \rightarrow \pi}(0) = 0.621 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$$

→  $f_+^{D \rightarrow K}(0)$ : syst.  $3 \times$  smaller

$$'16, f_+^{D \rightarrow K}(0) = 0.747 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.034$$

$$'18, f_+^{D \rightarrow K}(0) = 0.741 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.012$$

→ Ind. inputs determine  
the extraction of  $|V_{cd}|$ ,  $|V_{cs}|$



$|V_{cd}|: \pm 0.07\%$  [ind.],  $\pm 0.07\%$  [comb.]

$|V_{cs}|: \pm 0.006\%$  [ind.],  $\pm 0.006\%$  [comb.]

# $|V_{cb}|$ and $|V_{ub}|$ semi-leptonic extractions

similar theo. frameworks for **charmed** and **charmless** modes, but  
different tools for **inclusive** (OPE in powers of  $1/m_b$ )  
and **exclusive** (HQET, Form Factors from Lattice QCD)

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→ Exclusive  $|V_{cb}|$ :

- Belle studies show tensions among **CLN/BGL** parameterizations
- Belle  $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$  combined (tagged and untagged), **BGL**:

$$|V_{cb}|_{B \rightarrow D^*} = (42.4 \pm 0.7(\text{exp.}) \pm 1.1(\text{LQCD}) \pm 0.2(\text{EM})) \times 10^{-3}$$

[Fermilab-MILC'14'14, Grinstein+'17]

- Belle and Babar  $B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$  combined, **BGL**:

$$|V_{cb}|_{B \rightarrow D} = (40.5 \pm 0.8(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.6(\text{LQCD}) \pm 0.2(\text{EM})) \times 10^{-3}$$

[Fermilab-MILC'15, Bigi+'16]

$$\Rightarrow |V_{cb}|_{\text{excl.}} = (41.2 \pm 0.6(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.9(\text{LQCD}) \pm 0.2(\text{EM})) \times 10^{-3}$$

# $|V_{cb}|$ : excl. and incl. $B$ -meson decays

→ Inclusive extraction:  $|V_{cb}|_{incl.} = (42.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  ( $m_b^{kin}$ )

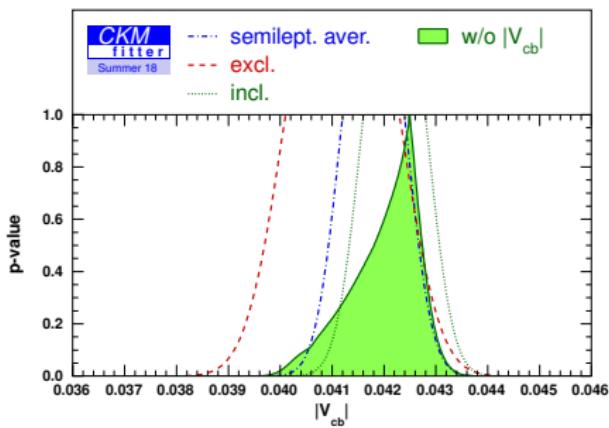
[Gambino+ '07, HFLAV]

→ Our inputs for excl. and incl.  
are **compatible**

→ Average about  $1\sigma$  higher:

$$'16, |V_{cb}| = (41.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$'18, |V_{cb}| = (41.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$$



$V_{cb}$ :  $\pm 1.7\%$  [ind.],  $\pm 1.8\%$  [comb.]

## $|V_{ub}|$ : excl. and incl. $B$ -meson decays

$\rightarrow B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$ : Simultaneous fit to Lattice and differential rates data:

$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl.}} = (3.72 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-3}$$

[Fermilab-MILC'15]

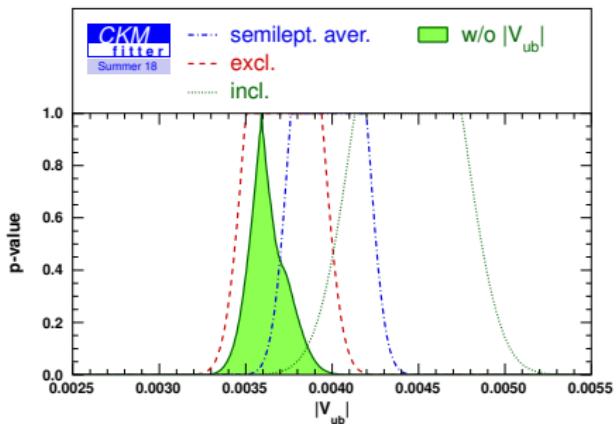
→ BLNP:  $|V_{ub}|_{incl.} = (4.44 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$

[Neubert'05, HFLAV]

→ Average did not change:

$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{SL}} = (3.98 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-3}$$

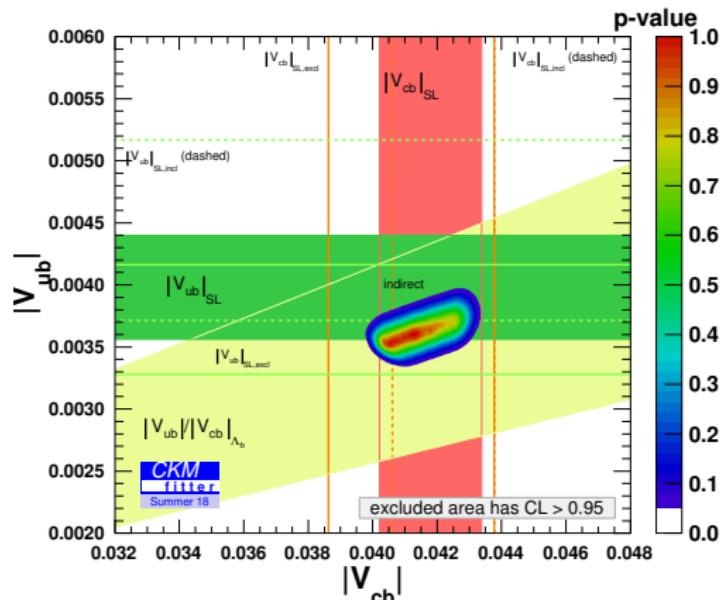
→  $|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl.}}$  is still preferred by the indirect extraction



$V_{ub} \pm 3.9\% \text{ [ind.]} \pm 2.0\% \text{ [comb.]}$

# $|V_{ub}|$ and $|V_{cb}|$ plane

- LHCb: measurement of  $\frac{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\mu\nu)_{q^2 > 15 \text{ GeV}^2}}{\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu\nu)_{q^2 > 7 \text{ GeV}^2}}$
- Our inputs for  $|V_{cb}|_{\text{excl.}}$  and  $|V_{cb}|_{\text{incl.}}$  are compatible
- $|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl.}}$  is still preferred by the indirect extraction



# $\alpha$ angle

- Branching ratios and  $\mathcal{CP}$  asymmetries for  $B \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\pi, \rho\rho$
- Isospin analysis constrains hadronic penguin and tree amplitudes

[ $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$  update: Belle, LHCb]

[Detailed discussion: Charles, Deschamps, Descotes-G., Niess '17]

As in previous editions:

- Average dominated by  $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$  and  $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$
- $B \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\rho$  agree w/  $\alpha$  [ind.]
- $B \rightarrow \rho\pi$  is in tension: possible origin discussed in [Charles+'17]

**CKM'14 edition**

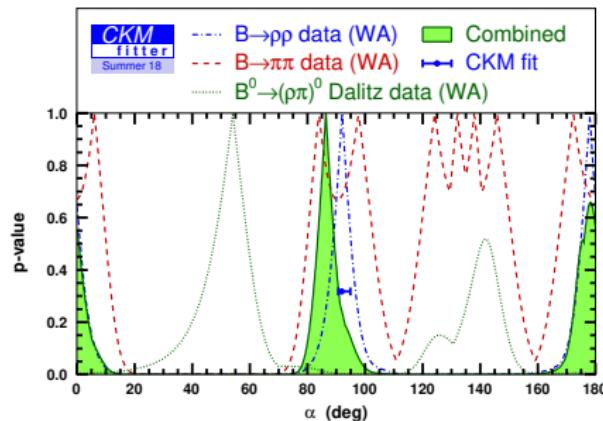
$$\begin{aligned}\alpha [\text{dir.}] & (87.7^{+3.5}_{-3.3})^\circ \cup (-1.1^{+3.8}_{-4.0})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{indir.}] & (91.5^{+4.2}_{-1.3})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{comb.}] & (91.0^{+2.3}_{-1.1})^\circ\end{aligned}$$

**ICHEP'16 edition**

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha [\text{dir.}] & (-2.2^{+3.7}_{-4.9})^\circ \cup (88.8^{+2.3}_{-2.3})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{indir.}] & (92.1^{+1.5}_{-1.1})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{comb.}] & (92.0^{+1.3}_{-1.1})^\circ\end{aligned}$$

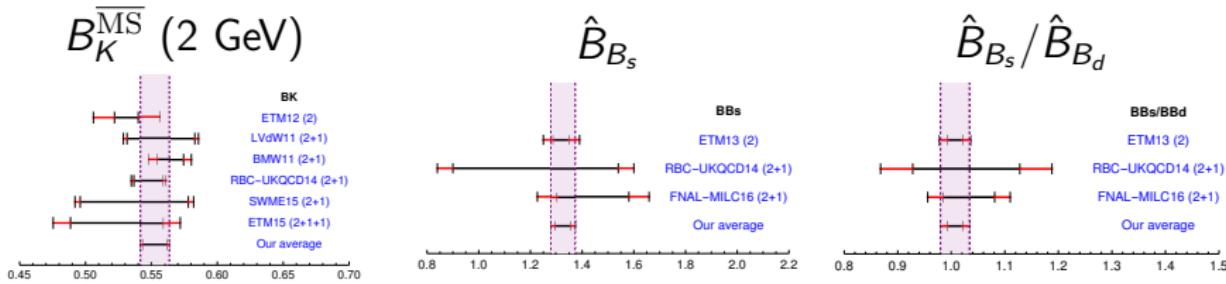
**CKM'18 edition**

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha [\text{dir.}] & (86.4^{+4.5}_{-4.3})^\circ \cup (-1.8^{+4.3}_{-5.1})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{indir.}] & (91.9^{+3.0}_{-1.2})^\circ \\ \alpha [\text{comb.}] & (91.6^{+1.7}_{-1.1})^\circ\end{aligned}$$



# $|\Delta F|=2$ transitions ( $F = S, B$ )

- Observables:  $\Delta m_s$ ,  $\Delta m_d$ ,  $\epsilon_K$  (future prospect: include  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ )
- Experimental accuracy below the percent level
- Accuracy for the Bag Parameters around a few percent



Educated  $R$ -fit average; **black**: theoretical uncs., **red**: statistical uncs.  
rescaling of uncertainties and averages follow our  $R$ -fit scheme

## Indirect extractions:

$$\hat{B}_K = 0.83^{+0.13}_{-0.19}(19\%), \quad \frac{B_{B_s}}{B_{B_d}} = 1.143^{+0.056}_{-0.069}(5\%), \quad B_{B_s} = 1.287^{+0.077}_{-0.072}(6\%)$$

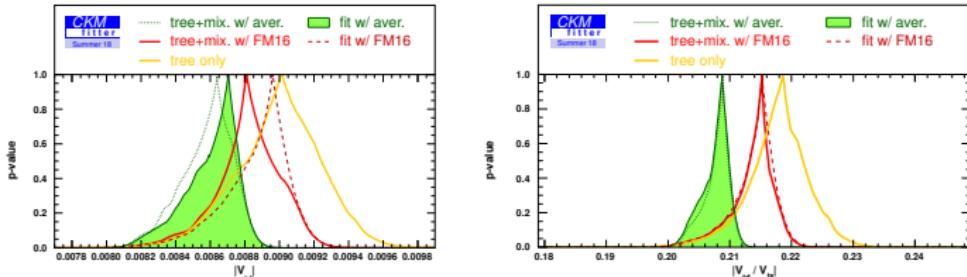
- Fit results consistent, but mostly not competitive w/ LQCD

# $|V_{td}|, |V_{ts}|$ extractions

Aver., CKM'18:  $\hat{B}_{B_s} = 1.327(16)(30)$ ,  $\hat{B}_{B_s}/\hat{B}_{B_d} = 1.007(13)(14)$

FNAL-MILC'16:  $\hat{B}_{B_s} = 1.443(78)(138)$ ,  $\hat{B}_{B_s}/\hat{B}_{B_d} = 1.033(29)(48)$

w.r.t. tree only,  
 $p\text{-v. } \in [0.4, 0.9]$



( $|V_{ts}|$  extractions are similar and not shown)

$f_{B_q} \sqrt{\hat{B}_{B_q}^{(1)}}$  would lead to more accurate results for the “FM16” curves,  
 talk by A. El-Khadra

No clear tension among our different extractions

# Rare $B$ decays

- SM under good theoretical control, w/ suppressed ratios
- LHCb results w/ part of Run II, no official combination w/ CMS
- Same values for branching ratios as for ICHEP'16
  
- Predictions for rare  $B$  decays:

$$\mathcal{B}(B_d \rightarrow e^+ e^-) [10^{-15}] = 2.238^{+0.111}_{-0.097}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) [10^{-11}] = 9.54^{+0.46}_{-0.46}$$

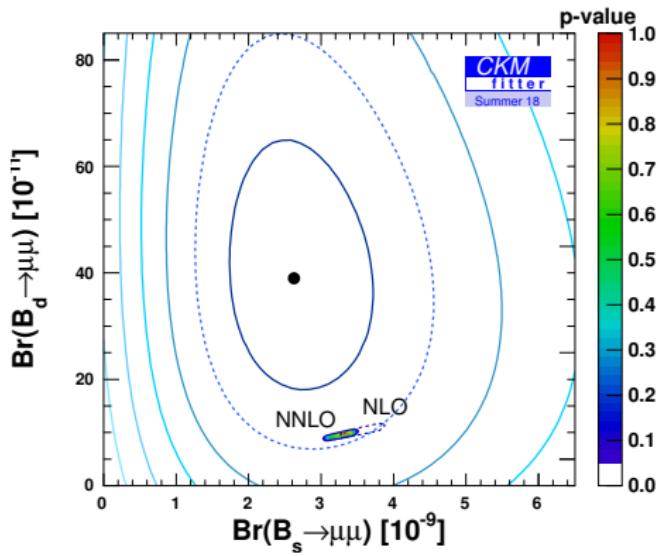
$$\mathcal{B}(B_d \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-) [10^{-8}] = 2.005^{+0.092}_{-0.095}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow e^+ e^-) [10^{-14}] = 7.63^{+0.34}_{-0.41}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) [10^{-9}] (\text{ind.}) = 3.25^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-) [10^{-7}] = 6.89^{+0.35}_{-0.29}$$

[For  $s \rightarrow d\nu\bar{\nu}$  rare  $K$  decays: CKMfitter Webpage]



# Advertisement: CKMlive web interface

- Run dedicated CKM fits from **CKMfitter** package @ [CKMlive](#)
- User chooses the set of observables, and the values of the theoretical and experimental inputs, plus fitting parameters

The screenshot shows the CKMlive web interface. At the top, there's a dark header bar with the CKMlive logo on the left and a 'Sign in' button on the right. Below it is a navigation bar with links for 'Home' and 'Legal information'. The main content area has a blue header 'CKMlive Web Project'. It contains text explaining the project's purpose, registration requirements, and contact information. A sidebar on the left is mostly empty.

CKMlive is meant to allow the High Energy Physics community to run dedicated analyses conducted with the CKMfitter software.

You must register [here](#) first. Once registered, you will be able to [start analyses](#) using the CKMfitter environment.

The CKMlive project is brought to you by **Jérôme CHARLES**, **Alexandre CLAUDE**, **Sébastien DESCOTES-GENON**, **Stéphane MONTEIL**. The mailing list [ckm live@clermont.in2p3.fr](mailto:ckm live@clermont.in2p3.fr) is available to ask any questions on the project.

Some [slides](#) introducing the project.

# Conclusions

Global fits shown here:

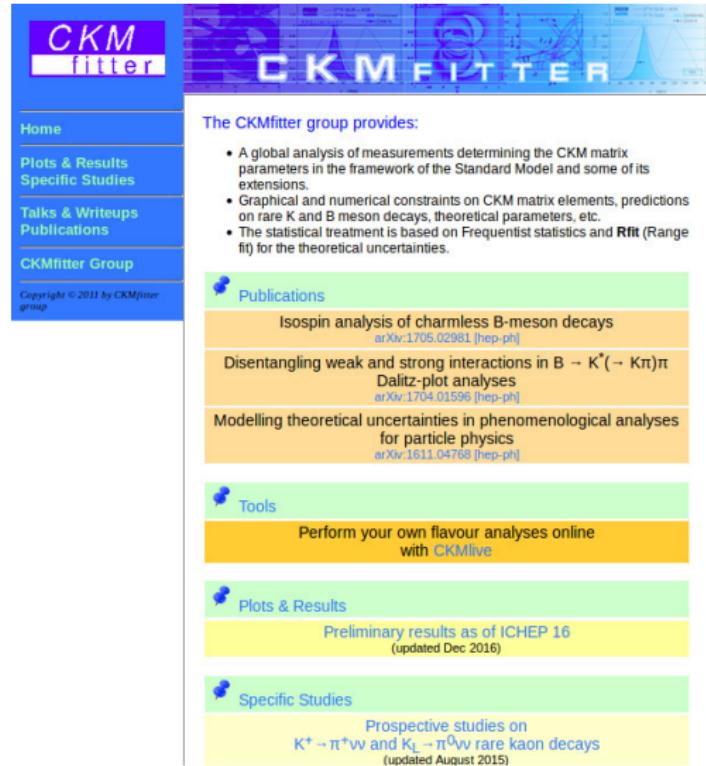
- SM framework: CKM mechanism for quark flavor transitions
  - Theoretical inputs (mainly Lattice QCD)
  - Experimental results ( $B$  factories, etc.)
- Global fit of a **rich variety of processes sensitive to  $\mathcal{CP}$  Violation and SM predictions in agreement**
- We are then able to extract accurate values for parameters describing the CKM matrix:  $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$  or much better
- The **mechanism of  $\mathcal{CP}$  Violation in the SM** (still) gives an **accurate picture of nature**: *no clear indication of NP*
- Exciting future prospects for Belle II, LHC, NA62,...

# CKMfitter Collaboration

## MORE DETAILS @

[CKMfitter](#)

Jérôme Charles, Theory  
 Olivier Deschamps, LHCb  
 Sébastien Descotes-Genon, Theory  
 Heiko Lacker, ATLAS/BABAR  
 Stéphane Monteil, LHCb  
 José Ocariz, ATLAS/BABAR  
 Jean Orloff, Theory  
 Alejandro Perez, BABAR  
 Luis Pesantez, Belle/Belle II  
 Wenbin Qian, LHCb  
 Vincent Tisserand, LHCb/BABAR  
 Karim Trabelsi, Belle/Belle II  
 Philip Urquijo, Belle/Belle II  
 Luiz Vale Silva, Theory



The CKMfitter group provides:

- A global analysis of measurements determining the CKM matrix parameters in the framework of the Standard Model and some of its extensions.
- Graphical and numerical constraints on CKM matrix elements, predictions on rare K and B meson decays, theoretical parameters, etc.
- The statistical treatment is based on Frequentist statistics and Rfit (Range fit) for the theoretical uncertainties.

**Publications**

- Isospin analysis of charmless B-meson decays  
[arXiv:1705.02981 \[hep-ph\]](#)
- Disentangling weak and strong interactions in  $B \rightarrow K^*(\rightarrow K\pi)\pi$   
Dalitz-plot analyses  
[arXiv:1704.01596 \[hep-ph\]](#)
- Modelling theoretical uncertainties in phenomenological analyses for particle physics  
[arXiv:1611.04768 \[hep-ph\]](#)

**Tools**

- Perform your own flavour analyses online with [CKMlive](#)

**Plots & Results**

- Preliminary results as of ICHEP 16  
(updated Dec 2016)

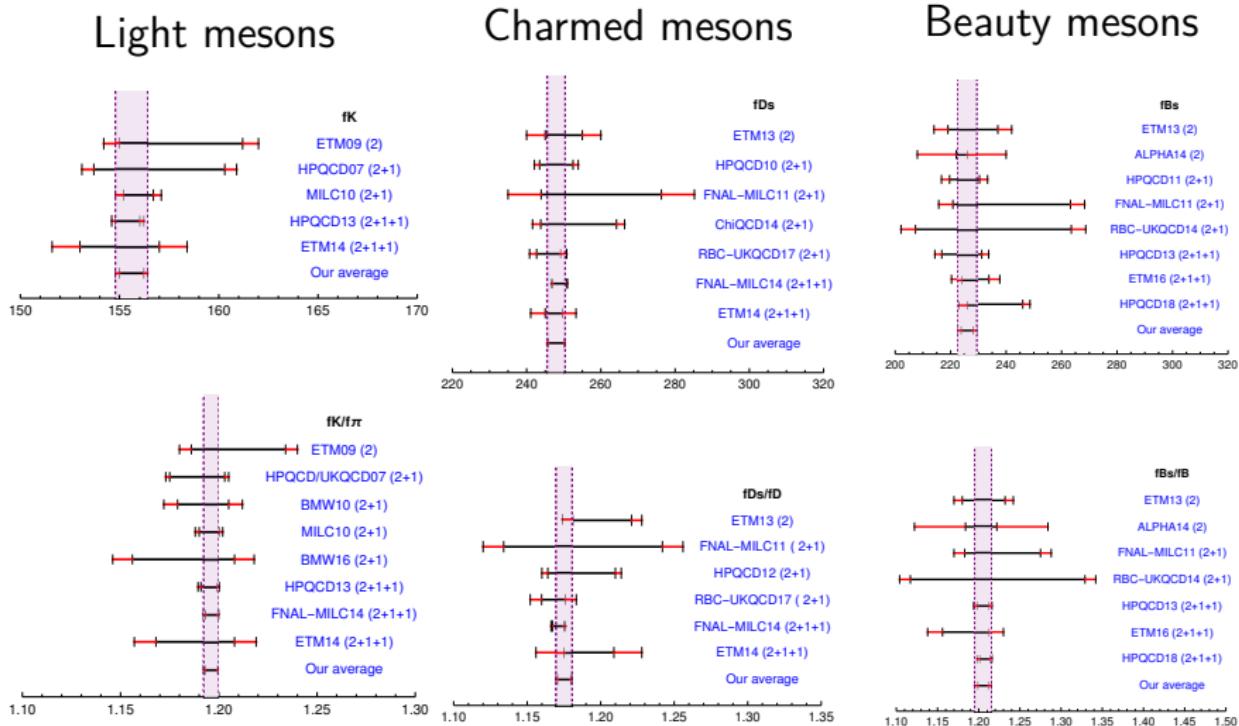
**Specific Studies**

- Prospective studies on  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\nu\nu$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0\nu\nu$  rare kaon decays  
(updated August 2015)

## THANKS!

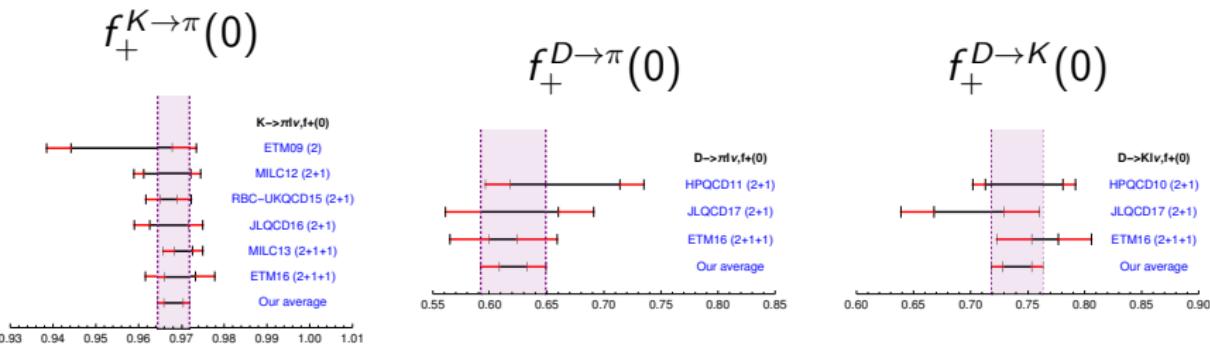
# Backup

# Lattice inputs, I: decay constants



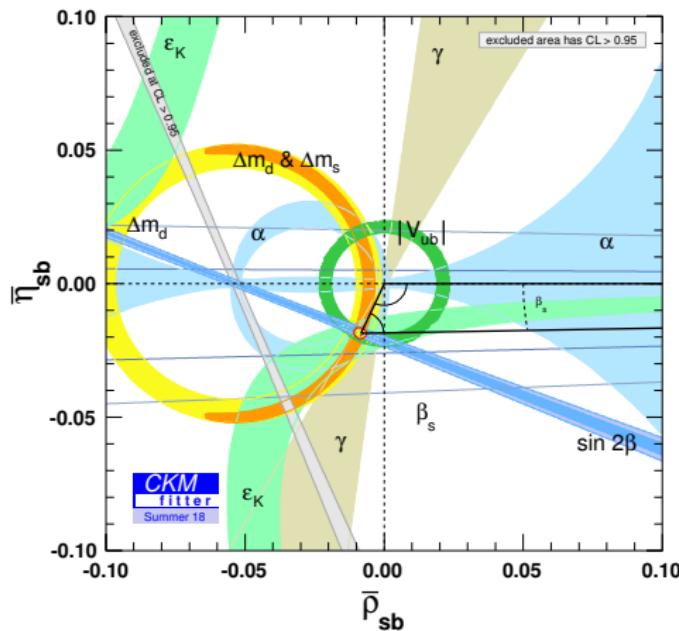
Educated  $R$ fit average; **black**: theoretical uncs., **red**: statistical uncs.

# Lattice inputs, II: semileptonic form factors



Educated *R*fit average; **black**: theoretical uncs., **red**: statistical uncs.

# Other triangles, I



$$\bar{\rho}_{bs} + i\bar{\eta}_{bs} = -\frac{V_{us} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cs} V_{cb}^*} (\lambda^4, \lambda^2, \lambda^2)$$

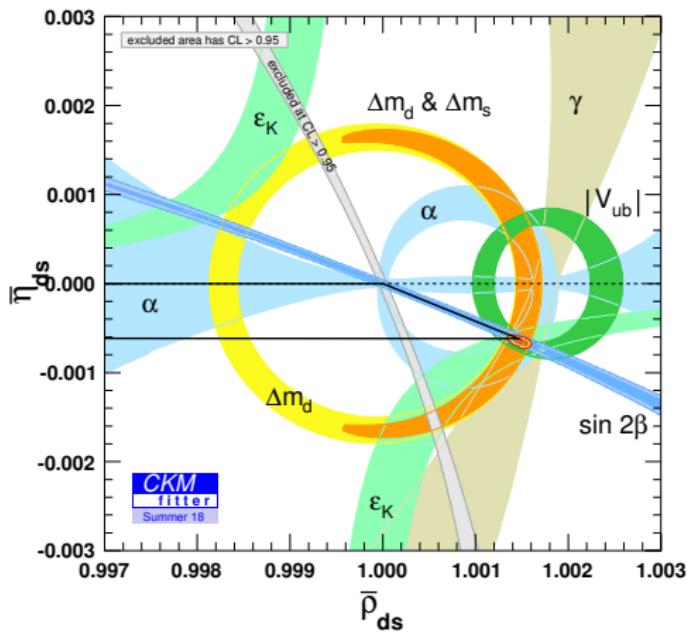
$\beta_s$  easily visualized

$$\bar{\rho}_s = -0.00834^{+0.00035}_{-0.00056}$$

$$\bar{\eta}_s = -0.01861^{+0.00039}_{-0.00048}$$

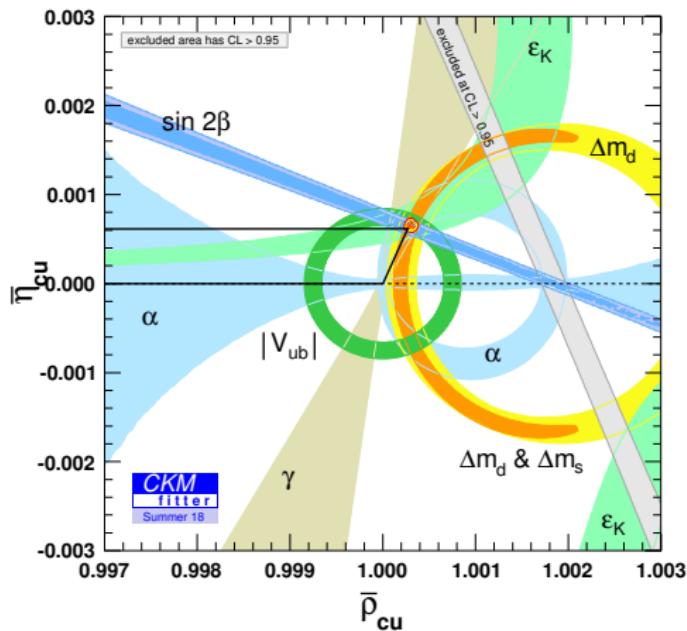
68% C.L. intervals

# Other triangles, II



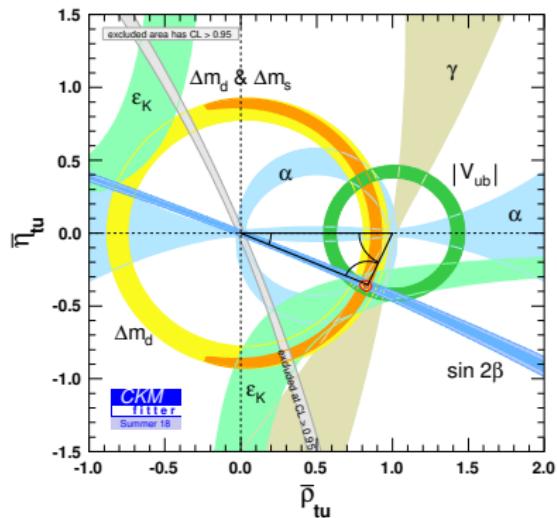
$$\bar{\rho}_{ds} + i\bar{\eta}_{ds} = -\frac{V_{ud} V_{us}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cs}^*} (\lambda, \lambda, \lambda^5)$$

# Other triangles, III

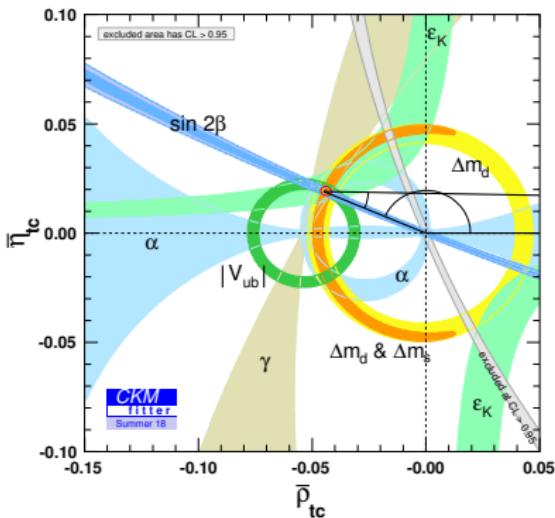


$$\bar{\rho}_{cu} + i\bar{\eta}_{cu} = -\frac{V_{cd} V_{ud}^*}{V_{cs} V_{us}^*} (\lambda, \lambda, \lambda^5)$$

# Other triangles, IV

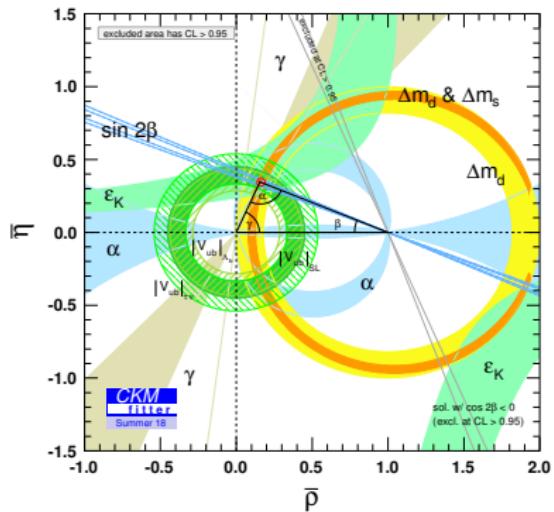
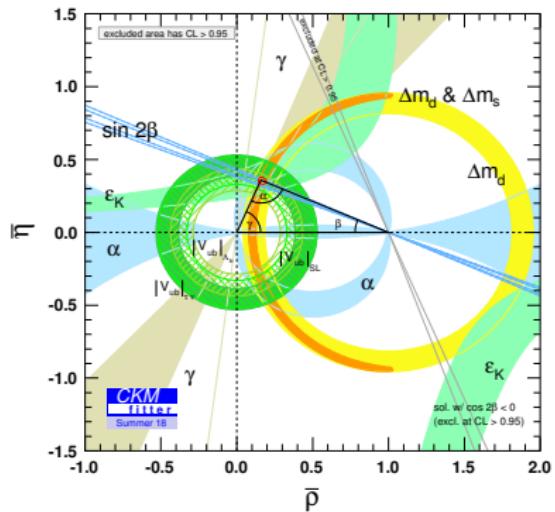


$$\bar{\rho}_{tu} + i\bar{\eta}_{tu} = -\frac{V_{td}V_{ud}^*}{V_{ts}V_{us}^*} \quad (\lambda^3, \lambda^3, \lambda^3)$$



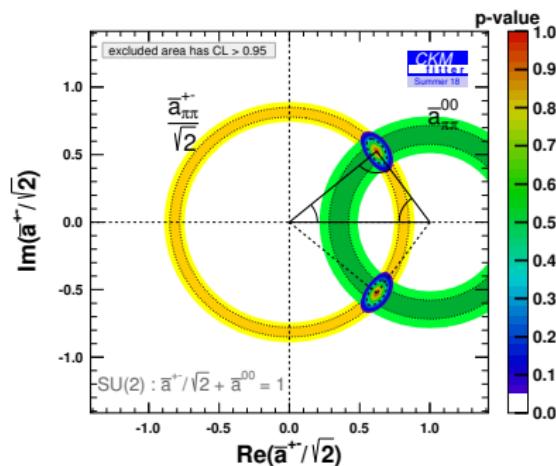
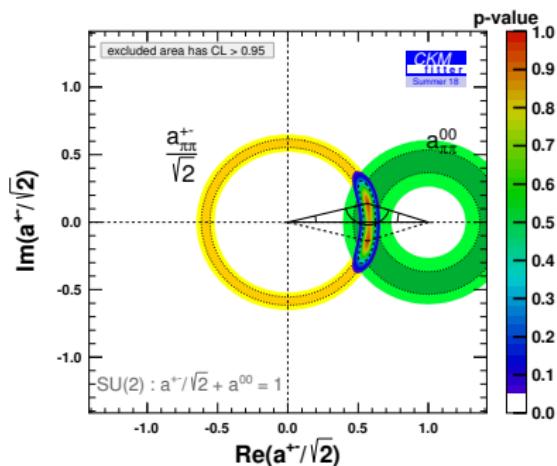
$$\bar{\rho}_{tc} + i\bar{\eta}_{tc} = -\frac{V_{td}V_{cd}^*}{V_{ts}V_{cs}^*} \quad (\lambda^4, \lambda^2, \lambda^2)$$

# Inclusive vs. exclusive



# $\alpha$ angle

- Review of the topic: [Charles, Deschamps, Descotes-Genon, Niess '17]
- Isospin triangular relations are well satisfied
- $\pi\pi$ :  $\alpha$  exhibits a 8 mirror solution



# Other angles

→ Slight change in  $\sin(2\beta)$ , following LHCb'17 results [LHCb'17, HFLAV]

→ **First evidence for  $\cos(2\beta) > 0$**  (@  $3.7\sigma$ ) [BaBar, Belle: arXiv:1804.06152]

Time-dependent Dalitz plot  $B^0 \rightarrow [K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-]_{D^{(*)}} h^0$ ,  $h^0 \in \{\pi^0, \eta, \omega\}$

Excludes trigonometric ambiguities in  $\beta$  on its own

Pull for  $\cos(2\beta)_{\text{exp}}$  of 0.8

→  $\gamma$ : same as for ICHEP'16 (LHCb update not included)

$\gamma[\text{°}] = 72.1^{+5.4}_{-5.7}$  [dir.],  $\gamma[\text{°}] = 65.64^{+0.97}_{-3.42}$  [ind.],  $\gamma[\text{°}] = 65.81^{+0.99}_{-1.66}$  [comb.]

→  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi(KK, \pi\pi) \Rightarrow \phi_s^{c\bar{c}s}$ : several updates from LHCb

from  $\phi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -0.030 \pm 0.033$ , to  $\phi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -0.021 \pm 0.031$

## Tests of unitarity

$$|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 - 1 = -0.00082^{+0.00085}_{-0.00014} \text{ (CL} \equiv 1 \sigma)$$

$$|V_{cd}|^2 + |V_{cs}|^2 + |V_{cb}|^2 - 1 = -0.0007^{+0.0026}_{-0.0117} \text{ (CL} \equiv 1 \sigma)$$

( $V_{tb}$  is not determined directly with a competitive accuracy)

---

## Tree level only fit

Global fit of observables dominated by tree level in the SM

p-value  $\sim 43\%$  ( $0.8\sigma$ )

$$A = 0.8396^{+0.0080}_{-0.0298}, \quad \lambda = 0.224756^{+0.000163}_{-0.000065}$$

$$\bar{\rho} = 0.123^{+0.023}_{-0.023}, \quad \bar{\eta} = 0.375^{+0.022}_{-0.017}$$

68% C.L. intervals

# Comments on some specific inputs

→ Different averaging procedure, hadron collider result:  
 $\alpha_s = 0.1181 \pm 0 \pm 0.011$

[PDG]

→  $m_{top}^{pole}$ : in lack of a global average from more recent data,  
 we consider the average by ATLAS, CDF, CMS and D0

[hep-ex:1403.4427, iJES: in situ jet energy scale]

$$m_{top}^{pole} = 173.34 \pm 0.36(\text{stat + iJES}) \pm 0.67(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

→ Other (perturbative) theo. inputs:

$$\eta_{\text{NLO}}^{K,tt} = 0.5765 \pm 0 \pm 0.0065$$

[Buras+'90, Herrlich+'94'96]

$$\eta_{\text{NNLO}}^{K,ct} = 0.497 \pm 0 \pm 0.047$$

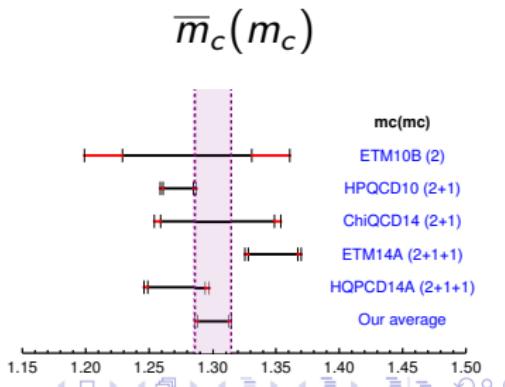
[Brod+'10'12]

$$\eta_{\text{NNLO}}^{K,cc} = 1.87 \pm 0 \pm 0.76$$

[Brod+'10'12]

$$\eta_{\text{NLO}}^B = 0.5510 \pm 0 \pm 0.0022$$

[Buchalla+'96]



# Averaging lattice results

## Collecting lattice results

- follow FLAG to exclude limited results
- supplement with more recent published results with error budget

## Splitting error estimates into stat and syst

- Stat : essentially related to size of gauge conf
- Syst : fermion action,  $a \rightarrow 0$ ,  $L \rightarrow \infty$ , mass extrapolations...  
added **linearly** using error budget

## “Educated Rfit” used to combine the results

- no correlations assumed
- product of (Gaussian + Rfit) likelihoods for central value
- product of Gaussian (stat) likelihoods for stat uncertainty
- syst uncertainty of the combination = most precise method
  - the present state of art cannot allow us to reach a better theoretical accuracy than the best of all estimates
  - best estimate should not be penalized by less precise methods