

# LEPTOQUARK TOOLBOX FOR PRECISION COLLIDER STUDIES\*

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Heidelberg, Germany  
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\*I. D. and A. Greljo, arXiv:1801.07641.

I. D., S. Fajfer, A. Greljo, J. F. Kamenik, and N. Košnik, arXiv:1603.04993.

I. D., S. Fajfer, and A. Greljo, arXiv:1406.4831.

Supported in part by Croatian Science Foundation under the project 7118.

# OUTLINE

•LEPTOQUARKS

•LEPTOQUARK PRODUCTION MECHANISMS

•LQ\_NLO @ HepForge

•PHYSICS RESULTS

•OUTLOOK

•CONCLUSIONS

# LEPTOQUARKS

$$q(\text{uark})-\ell(\text{epton})-L(\text{epto})Q(\text{uark})$$

Leptoquark (LQ) is a colored field.

$$\text{LEPTOQUARK} \equiv (SU(3), SU(2), U(1))$$

SCALAR	VECTOR
$S_3 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{3}, 1/3)$	$U_3 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{3}, 2/3)$
$R_2 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, 7/6)$	$V_2 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{2}, 5/6)$
$\tilde{R}_2 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, 1/6)$	$\tilde{V}_2 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{2}, -1/6)$
$\tilde{S}_1 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}, 4/3)$	$\tilde{U}_1 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, 5/3)$
$S_1 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}, 1/3)$	$U_1 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, 2/3)$

# LEPTOQUARKS

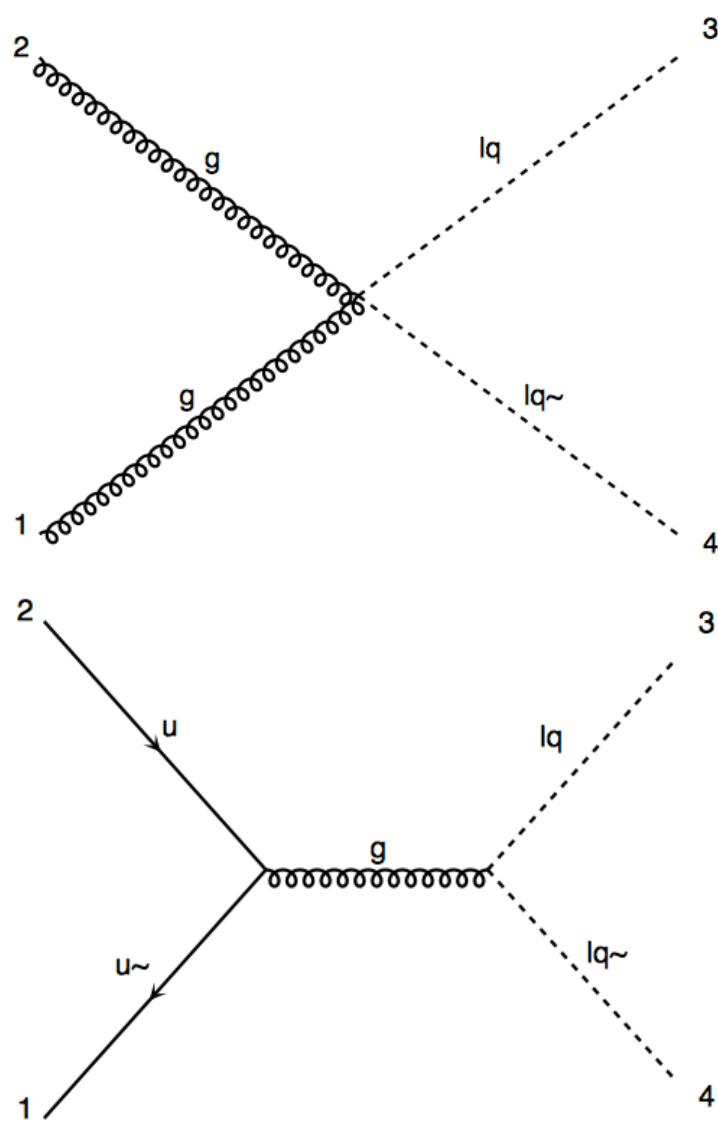
$q(\text{uark})-\ell(\text{epton})-L(\text{epto})Q(\text{uark})$

Leptoquark (LQ) is a colored field.

LEPTOQUARK  $\equiv (SU(3), SU(2), U(1))$

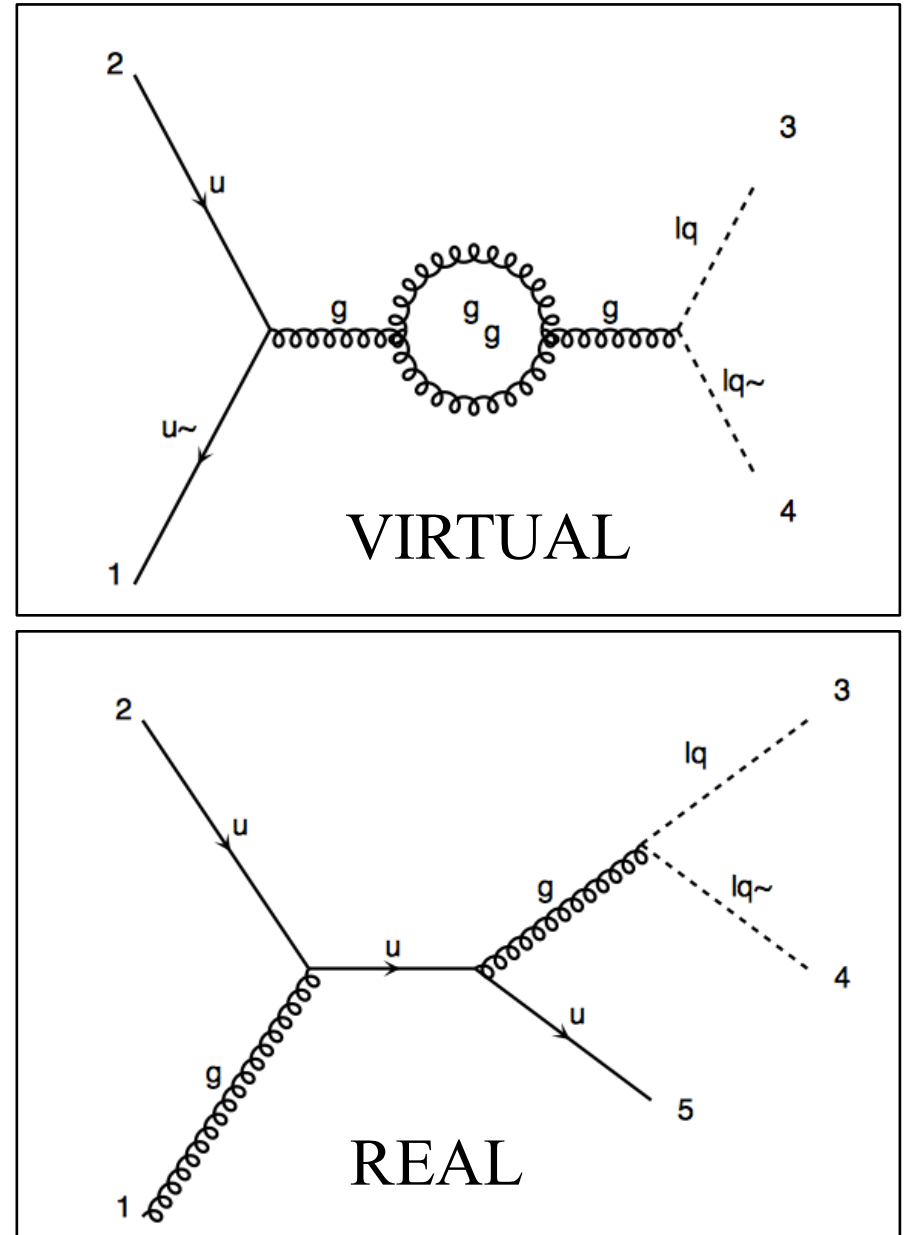
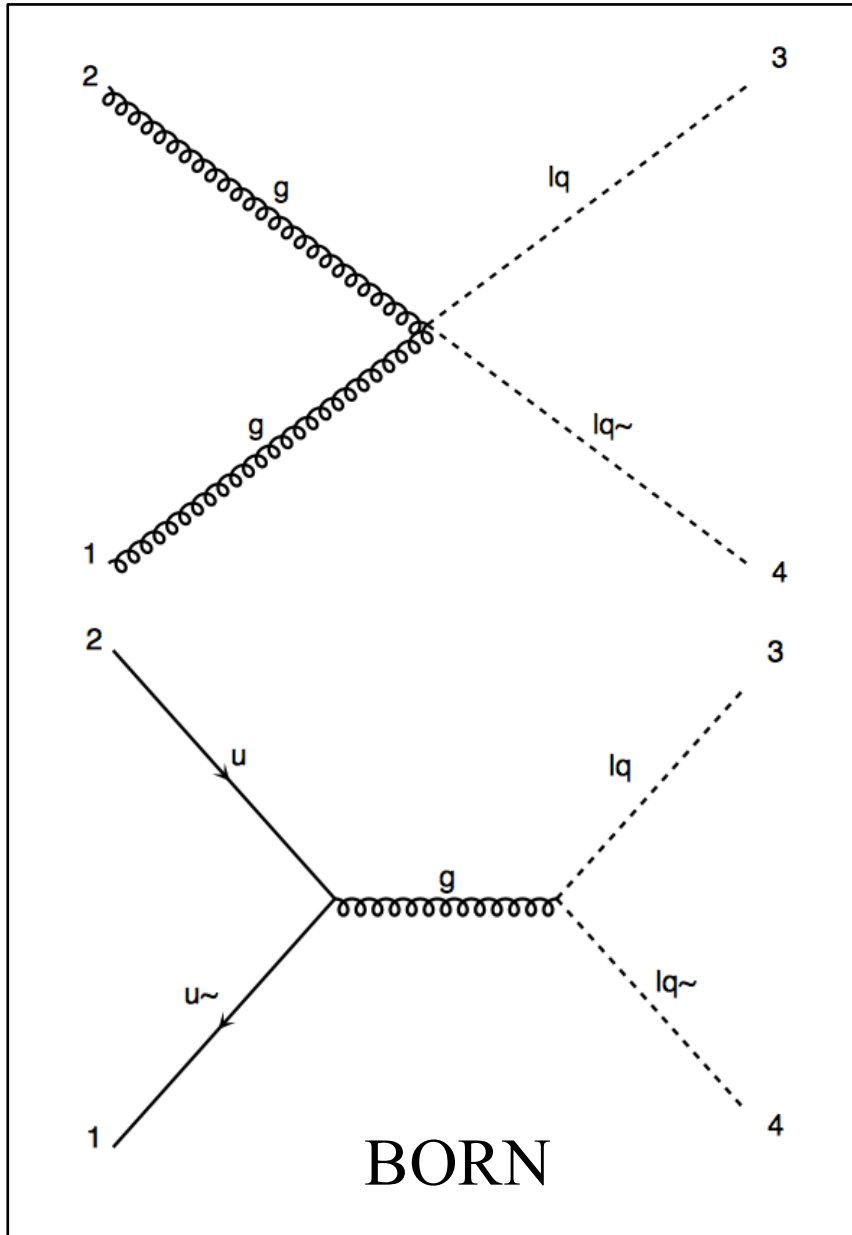
SCALAR	VECTOR
$S_3 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{3}, 1/3)$	$U_3 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{3}, 2/3)$
$R_2 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, 7/6)$	$V_2 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{2}, 5/6)$
$\tilde{R}_2 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, 1/6)$	$\tilde{V}_2 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{2}, -1/6)$
$\tilde{S}_1 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}, 4/3)$	$\tilde{U}_1 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, 5/3)$
$S_1 \equiv (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1}, 1/3)$	$U_1 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, 2/3)$

# PAIR PRODUCTION OF LEPTOQUARKS @ LO



LEADING ORDER (LO)  
FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS

# PAIR PRODUCTION OF LEPTOQUARKS @ NLO



# NEXT-TO-LEADING ORDER CALCULATIONS

M. Kramer, T. Plehn, M. Spira, and P. M. Zerwas, hep-ph/0411038.

T. Mandal, S. Mitra, and S. Seth, arXiv:1506.07369.

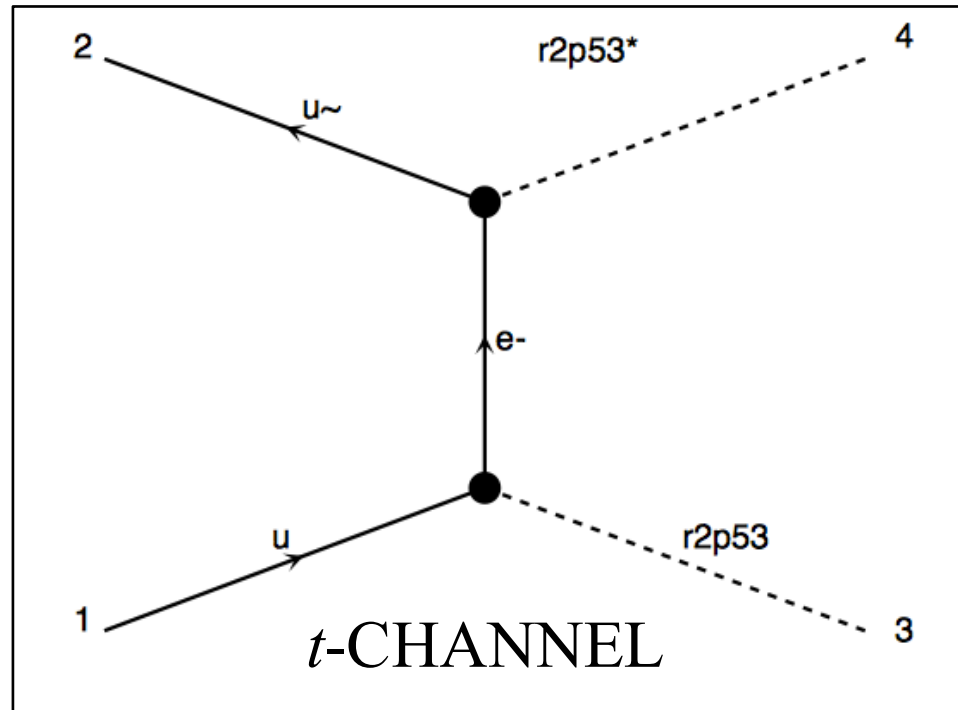
LEPTOQUARK PAIR PRODUCTION

<https://web.physik.rwth-aachen.de/service/wiki/bin/view/Main/LeptoquarkProduction>

PDFs: CTEQ6L1 (LO) & CTEQ6.6M (NLO)

CODE: Fortran 77

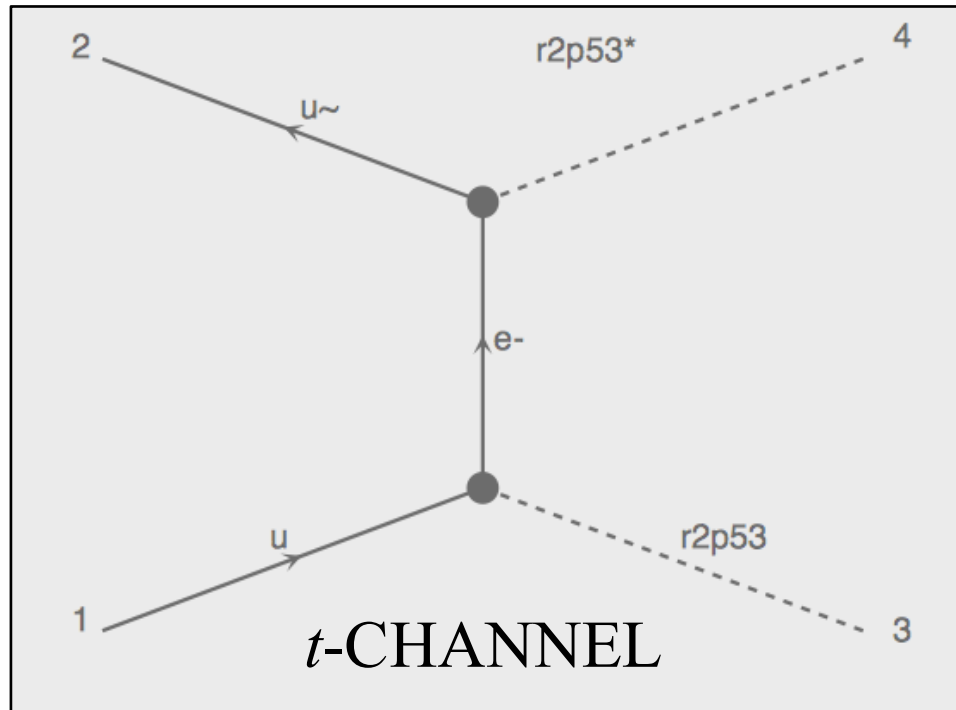
# PAIR PRODUCTION OF LEPTOQUARKS



● = YUKAWA COUPLING

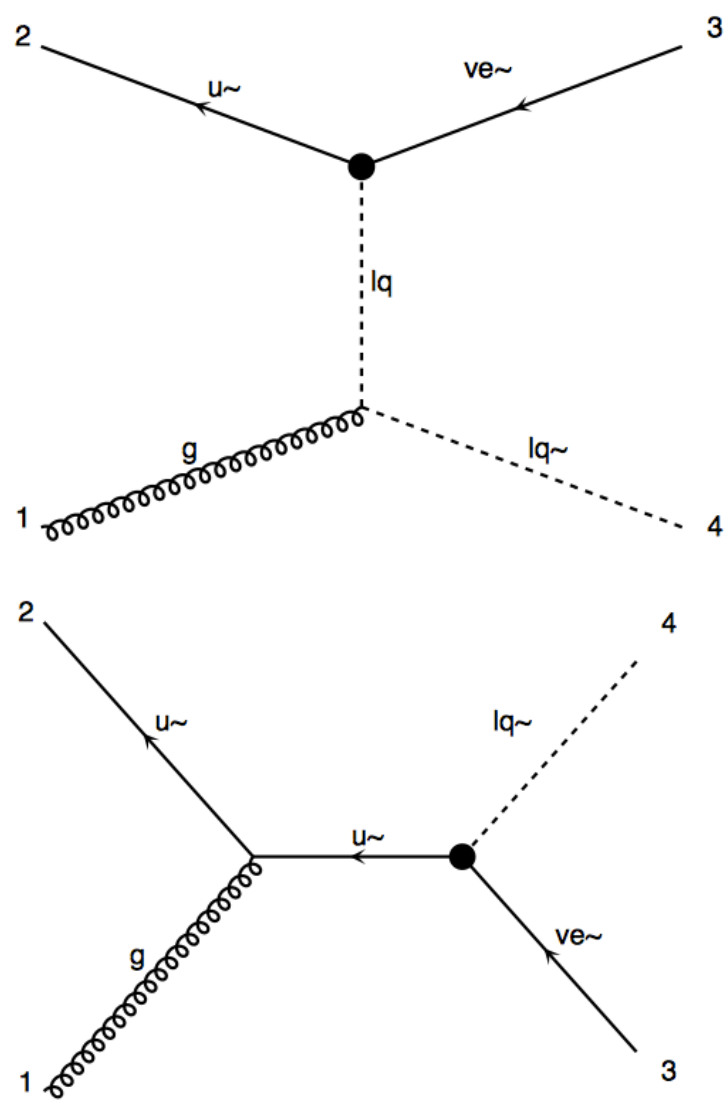


# PAIR PRODUCTION OF LEPTOQUARKS



$$\sigma_{\text{pair}} = f(\alpha_s, m_{\text{LQ}})$$

# SINGLE LEPTOQUARK + LEPTON PRODUCTION

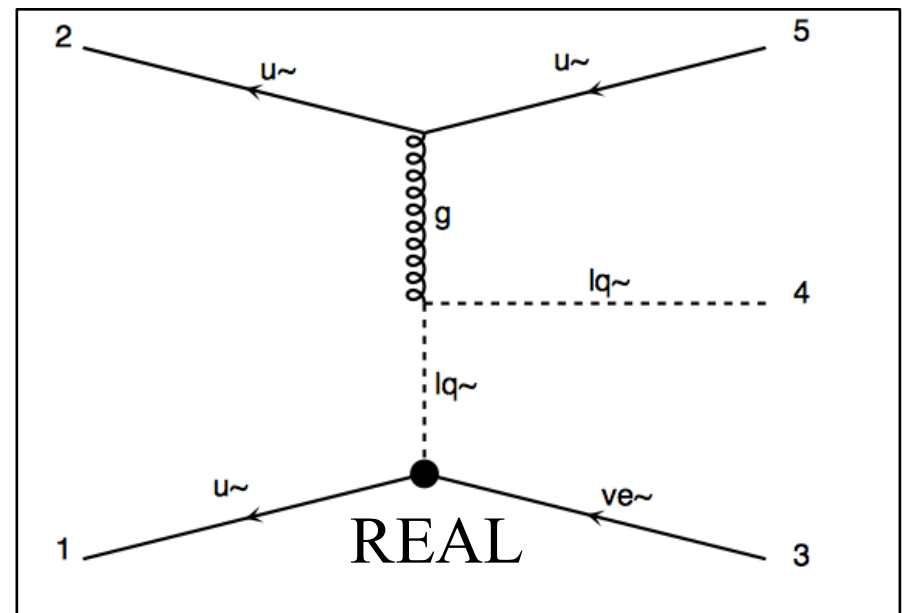
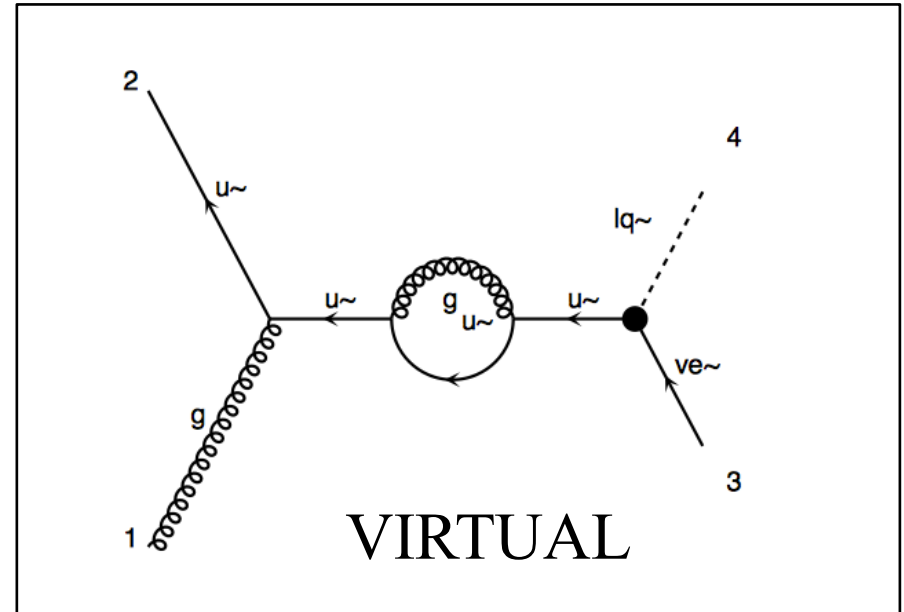
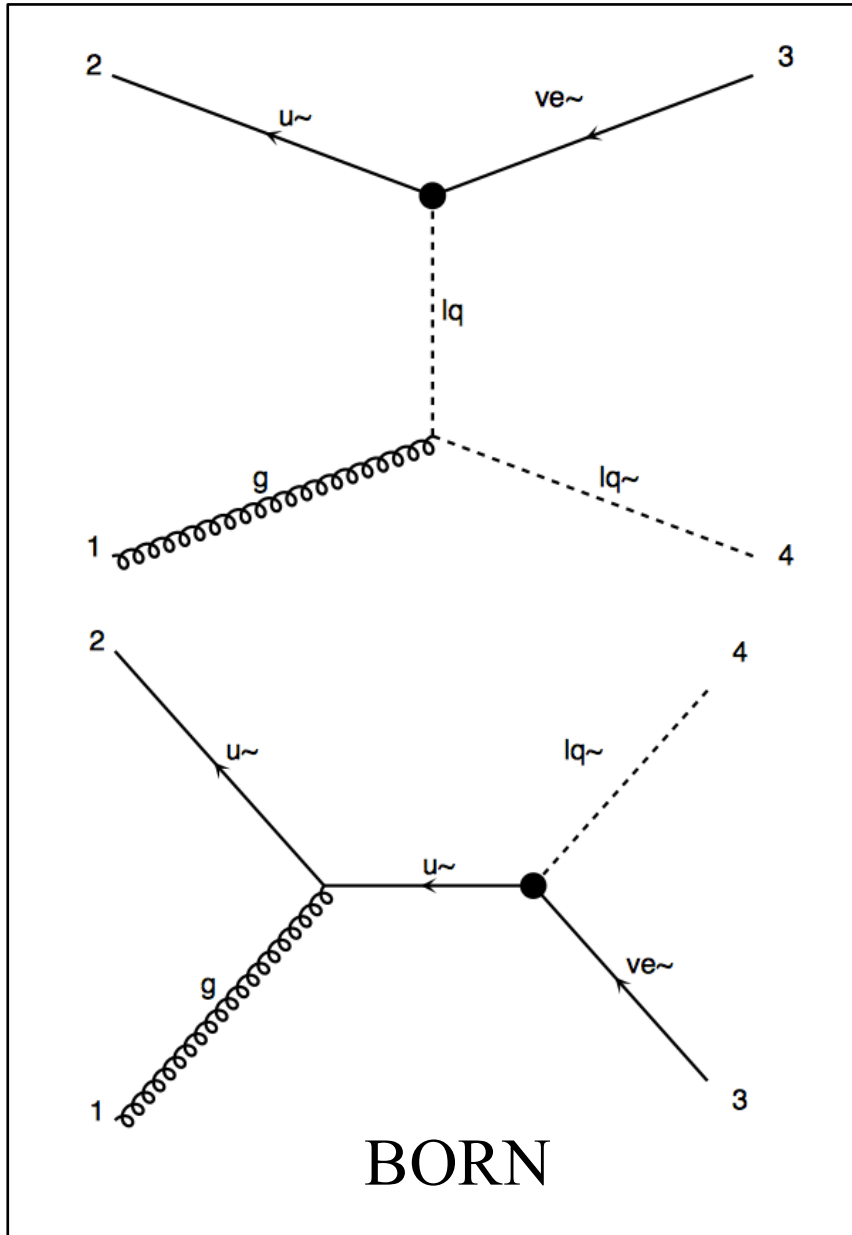


$y_{q\ell} (q-\ell-LQ)$

● = YUKAWA COUPLING ( $y_{q\ell}$ )

LEADING ORDER (LO)  
FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS

# SINGLE LEPTOQUARK + LEPTON PRODUCTION



# NEXT-TO-LEADING ORDER CALCULATIONS

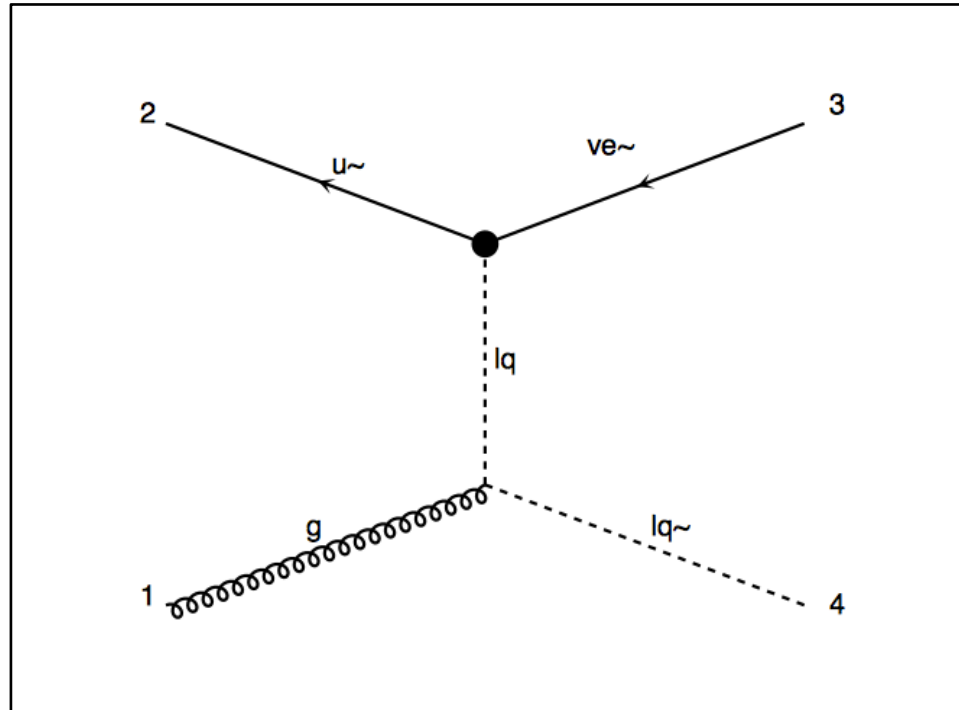
A. Alves, O. Eboli and T. Plehn, hep-ph/0211441.

J. B. Hammett and D. A. Ross, arXiv:1501.06719.

T. Mandal, S. Mitra and S. Seth, arXiv:1503.04689.

SINGLE LEPTOQUARK PRODUCTION

# SINGLE LEPTOQUARK + LEPTON PRODUCTION



$$\sigma_{\text{single}}^q = y_{ql}^2 g_q(\alpha_s, m_{LQ})$$

$$q = u, d, s, c, b$$

# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX PROJECT

LQ\_NLO contains Universal FeynRules Output (UFO) model file directories for all scalar leptoquarks ( $S_3, \tilde{R}_2, R_2, S_1, \tilde{S}_1$ ) and one vector leptoquark ( $U_1^\mu$ ) to be used with MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO.

We use the NLOCT package (version 1.02)\* together with FEYNARTS (version 3.9)◉ to generate the relevant UV and R2 counterterms at one-loop level in QCD for the NLO simulations.

We assume the Standard Model + one leptoquark scenario and impose the conservation of both baryon ( $B$ ) and lepton ( $L$ ) numbers.

\*C. Degrande,, arXiv:1406.3030.

◉T. Hahn, hep-ph/0012260.

# WHERE DOES LQ NLO EXCEL?

M. Kramer, T. Plehn, M. Spira, and P. M. Zerwas, hep-ph/0411038.

T. Mandal, S. Mitra, and S. Seth, arXiv:1506.07369.

## LEPTOQUARK PAIR PRODUCTION

A. Alves, O. Eboli and T. Plehn, hep-ph/0211441.

J. B. Hammett and D. A. Ross, arXiv:1501.06719.

T. Mandal, S. Mitra and S. Seth, arXiv:1503.04689.

## SINGLE LEPTOQUARK PRODUCTION

# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX @ HepForge

<https://www.hepforge.org>

**HepForge** is a free collaborative development for particle physics software projects.

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## HEPForge (2018)

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- Public Version Control Hosting (SVN, GIT or Mercurial)
- Developer Mailing Lists
- Bug Tracker
- Wiki and Documentation system

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# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX @ HepForge

<https://www.hepforge.org/projects>

- 
- 
- **likedm** Likelihood calculator of dark matter detection
- **lilith** A tool for constraining new physics from Higgs measurements
- **lool** Leading Order One-Loop Integrals
- **loopsim** Method to generate unitarity-based approximations to loop contributions
- **lqnlo** Leptoquark toolbox for precision collider studies
- **lusifer**
- **manet** Implementation for NVIDIA GPUs of a statistical two-sample comparison test known as the energy test
- **matrix**
- **matthew4hep**
- **mbtools** Tools for evaluating Mellin-Barnes integrals
- 
- 
-

# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX @ HepForge

<https://lqnlo.hepforge.org>

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## LQ\_NLO

LQ\_NLO is a leptoquark toolbox for precision collider studies. It contains Universal [FeynRules](#) Output (UFO) model file directories for all scalar leptoquarks and one vector leptoquark to be used with [MADGRAPH5\\_AMC@NLO](#). It also contains original FeynRules model files to allow for reusability and customisation. The main features of these UFO models and associated physics results are summarised in [arXiv:1801.07641](#).

Please acknowledge [arXiv:1801.07641](#) if you use the LQ\_NLO material.

## VERSIONS

LQ\_NLO-0.0.1 (upload date 11/2/2018)

## DESCRIPTION

LQ\_NLO provides both the leading order (LO) and next-to-leading order (NLO) UFO model files to be used with MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO. We describe the content of the latest LQ\_NLO version, i.e., LQ\_NLO-0.0.1, briefly in what follows.

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- 
-

# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX @ HepForge


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*Refresh*

Directory: /

Type	File Name	File Size
	<a href="#">LQ_NLO-0.0.1.zip</a>	0,76 MB

# LQ\_NLO TOOLBOX .fr MODEL SAMPLE

$$R_2 \equiv (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, 7/6)$$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset - y_{2ij}^{RL} \bar{u}_R^i R_2^a \epsilon^{ab} L_L^{j,b}$$

# LQ NLO TOOLBOX .fr MODEL SAMPLE

```
S[200] == {
  ClassName      -> R2p53,
  Mass           -> {MR2, Internal},
  Width         -> {WR253, Internal},
  SelfConjugate  -> False,
  PropagatorLabel -> "R253",
  PropagatorType -> D,
  PropagatorArrow -> None,
  QuantumNumbers -> {Q -> 5/3, LeptonNumber -> -1},
  Indices        -> {Index[Colour]},
  ParticleName   -> "R2p53",
  AntiParticleName -> "R2p53*",
  FullName       -> "R53"
},
```

```
S[201] == {
  ClassName      -> R2p23,
  Mass           -> {MR2, Internal},
  Width         -> {WR223, Internal},
  SelfConjugate  -> False,
  PropagatorLabel -> "R2p23",
```

# LQ NLO TOOLBOX .fr MODEL SAMPLE

```
WR253 == {
  ParameterType -> Internal,
  Value         -> (MR2*(Abs[yRL[1,1]]^2 + Abs[yRL[1,2]]^2 + Abs[yRL[1,3]]^2
    + Abs[yRL[2,1]]^2 + Abs[yRL[2,2]]^2 + Abs[yRL[2,3]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[1,1]*yLR[1,1]+CKM[1,2]*yLR[1,2]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[2,1]*yLR[1,1]+CKM[2,2]*yLR[1,2]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[1,1]*yLR[2,1]+CKM[1,2]*yLR[2,2]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[2,1]*yLR[2,1]+CKM[2,2]*yLR[2,2]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[1,1]*yLR[3,1]+CKM[1,2]*yLR[3,2]]^2
    + Abs[CKM[2,1]*yLR[3,1]+CKM[2,2]*yLR[3,2]]^2)
  + (Abs[yRL[3,1]]^2 + Abs[yRL[3,2]]^2 + Abs[yRL[3,3]]^2
    + Abs[yLR[1,3]]^2 + Abs[yLR[2,3]]^2 + Abs[yLR[3,3]]^2)*(MR2^2-
ymt^2)^2/MR2^3)/(16*Pi)
  },
```

# PHYSICS RESULTS

$$\mathcal{L} \supset (-y_{q\ell} \bar{q} P_{L,R} \ell \Phi + \text{h.c.})$$

DECAY WIDTH:

$$\Gamma(\Phi \rightarrow q\ell) = \frac{|y_{q\ell}|^2 m_{LQ}}{16\pi} \underbrace{\left( 1 + \left( \frac{9}{2} - \frac{4\pi^2}{9} \right) \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} \right)^*}_{1.0043}$$

\*T. Plehn, H. Spiesberger, M. Spira, and P. M. Zerwas, hep-ph/9703433.

# PHYSICS RESULTS

p p @ 14 TeV: PDF4LHC15\*

$m_{LQ}$ (TeV)	$\sigma^{\text{pair}}$ (pb)	$\sigma_u^{\text{single}}$ (pb)	$\sigma_d^{\text{single}}$ (pb)
0.2	75.1 <sup>+12.3%</sup> <sub>-12.1%</sub> <sup>+2.6%</sup> <sub>-2.6%</sub>	130. <sup>+7.1%</sup> <sub>-6.2%</sub> <sup>+1.6%</sup> <sub>-1.6%</sub>	86.8 <sup>+7.3%</sup> <sub>-6.2%</sub> <sup>+2.2%</sup> <sub>-2.2%</sub>
0.4	2.25 <sup>+11.5%</sup> <sub>-12.5%</sub> <sup>+4.0%</sup> <sub>-4.0%</sub>	8.68 <sup>+7.6%</sup> <sub>-7.0%</sub> <sup>+1.4%</sup> <sub>-1.4%</sub>	5.23 <sup>+7.3%</sup> <sub>-6.9%</sub> <sup>+2.2%</sup> <sub>-2.2%</sub>
0.6	0.222 <sup>+11.1%</sup> <sub>-12.7%</sub> <sup>+5.2%</sup> <sub>-5.2%</sub>	1.54 <sup>+7.3%</sup> <sub>-7.2%</sub> <sup>+1.6%</sup> <sub>-1.6%</sub>	0.864 <sup>+7.4%</sup> <sub>-7.3%</sub> <sup>+2.3%</sup> <sub>-2.3%</sub>
0.8	0.037 <sup>+10.9%</sup> <sub>-12.9%</sub> <sup>+6.4%</sup> <sub>-6.4%</sub>	0.414 <sup>+7.7%</sup> <sub>-7.6%</sub> <sup>+2.0%</sup> <sub>-2.0%</sub>	0.218 <sup>+7.8%</sup> <sub>-7.8%</sub> <sup>+2.5%</sup> <sub>-2.5%</sub>
1.0	0.00787 <sup>+11.5%</sup> <sub>-13.4%</sub> <sup>+7.7%</sup> <sub>-7.7%</sub>	0.138 <sup>+7.5%</sup> <sub>-7.7%</sub> <sup>+2.3%</sup> <sub>-2.3%</sub>	0.0686 <sup>+8.0%</sup> <sub>-8.1%</sub> <sup>+2.7%</sup> <sub>-2.7%</sub>
1.2	0.00204 <sup>+11.5%</sup> <sub>-13.6%</sub> <sup>+9.1%</sup> <sub>-9.1%</sub>	0.0535 <sup>+8.0%</sup> <sub>-8.2%</sub> <sup>+2.6%</sup> <sub>-2.6%</sub>	0.0256 <sup>+8.2%</sup> <sub>-8.5%</sub> <sup>+2.9%</sup> <sub>-2.9%</sub>
1.4	0.000574 <sup>+12.1%</sup> <sub>-14.0%</sub> <sup>+10.8%</sup> <sub>-10.8%</sub>	0.023 <sup>+8.2%</sup> <sub>-8.5%</sub> <sup>+3.0%</sup> <sub>-3.0%</sub>	0.0105 <sup>+8.6%</sup> <sub>-8.8%</sub> <sup>+3.3%</sup> <sub>-3.3%</sub>
1.6	0.000177 <sup>+12.1%</sup> <sub>-14.2%</sub> <sup>+12.5%</sup> <sub>-12.5%</sub>	0.0107 <sup>+8.4%</sup> <sub>-8.7%</sub> <sup>+3.3%</sup> <sub>-3.3%</sub>	0.00466 <sup>+8.8%</sup> <sub>-9.1%</sub> <sup>+3.6%</sup> <sub>-3.6%</sub>
1.8	0.0000585 <sup>+13.2%</sup> <sub>-14.9%</sub> <sup>+14.7%</sup> <sub>-14.7%</sub>	0.00518 <sup>+8.6%</sup> <sub>-9.0%</sub> <sup>+3.7%</sup> <sub>-3.7%</sub>	0.00219 <sup>+9.3%</sup> <sub>-9.5%</sub> <sup>+4.1%</sup> <sub>-4.1%</sub>
2.0	0.0000193 <sup>+13.3%</sup> <sub>-15.1%</sub> <sup>+17.0%</sup> <sub>-17.0%</sub>	0.00267 <sup>+9.1%</sup> <sub>-9.4%</sub> <sup>+4.2%</sup> <sub>-4.2%</sub>	0.00108 <sup>+9.5%</sup> <sub>-9.7%</sub> <sup>+4.6%</sup> <sub>-4.6%</sub>
2.2	$(6.72 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+14.1%</sup> <sub>-15.6%</sub> <sup>+19.9%</sup> <sub>-19.9%</sub>	0.0014 <sup>+9.3%</sup> <sub>-9.6%</sub> <sup>+4.6%</sup> <sub>-4.6%</sub>	0.000548 <sup>+9.7%</sup> <sub>-9.9%</sub> <sup>+5.1%</sup> <sub>-5.1%</sub>
2.4	$(2.33 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+14.5%</sup> <sub>-15.9%</sub> <sup>+23.8%</sup> <sub>-23.8%</sub>	0.00077 <sup>+9.6%</sup> <sub>-9.8%</sub> <sup>+5.1%</sup> <sub>-5.1%</sub>	0.000288 <sup>+10.1%</sup> <sub>-10.3%</sub> <sup>+5.7%</sup> <sub>-5.7%</sub>
2.6	$(8.2 \times 10^{-7})$ <sup>+15.1%</sup> <sub>-16.3%</sub> <sup>+29.0%</sup> <sub>-29.0%</sub>	0.000427 <sup>+9.5%</sup> <sub>-9.9%</sub> <sup>+5.7%</sup> <sub>-5.7%</sub>	0.000156 <sup>+10.3%</sup> <sub>-10.4%</sub> <sup>+6.4%</sup> <sub>-6.4%</sub>
2.8	$(2.87 \times 10^{-7})$ <sup>+15.3%</sup> <sub>-16.5%</sub> <sup>+37.7%</sup> <sub>-37.7%</sub>	0.000241 <sup>+10.0%</sup> <sub>-10.3%</sub> <sup>+6.2%</sup> <sub>-6.2%</sub>	0.0000851 <sup>+10.6%</sup> <sub>-10.8%</sub> <sup>+7.1%</sup> <sub>-7.1%</sub>
3.0	$(1.02 \times 10^{-7})$ <sup>+15.8%</sup> <sub>-16.6%</sub> <sup>+52.5%</sup> <sub>-52.5%</sub>	0.000139 <sup>+10.4%</sup> <sub>-10.5%</sub> <sup>+6.8%</sup> <sub>-6.8%</sub>	0.0000477 <sup>+10.9%</sup> <sub>-11.0%</sub> <sup>+7.9%</sup> <sub>-7.9%</sub>

\*J. Butterworth *et al.*, arXiv:1510.03865.

$$y_{q\ell} = 1$$



# PHYSICS RESULTS

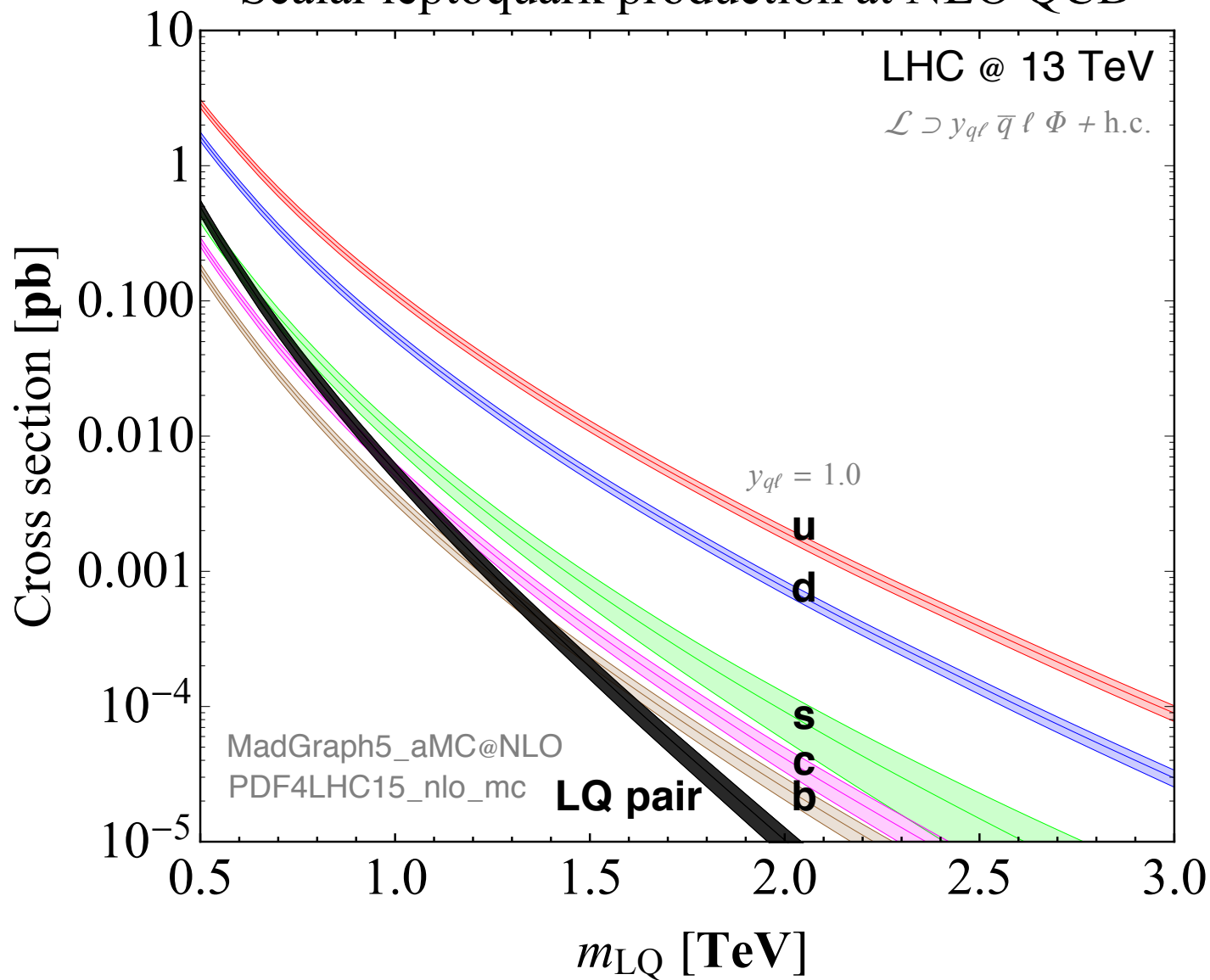
p p @ 14 TeV: PDF4LHC15

$m_{LQ}$ (TeV)	$\sigma_s^{\text{single}}$ (pb)	$\sigma_c^{\text{single}}$ (pb)	$\sigma_b^{\text{single}}$ (pb)
0.2	33.1 <sup>+7.4%+8.3%</sup> <sub>-6.6%-8.3%</sub>	23.2 <sup>+8.3%+3.1%</sup> <sub>-7.8%-3.1%</sub>	14.7 <sup>+9.4%+4.2%</sup> <sub>-9.9%-4.2%</sub>
0.4	1.57 <sup>+6.3%+9.7%</sup> <sub>-6.1%-9.7%</sub>	1.04 <sup>+6.2%+4.4%</sup> <sub>-5.2%-4.4%</sub>	0.653 <sup>+7.2%+5.2%</sup> <sub>-6.6%-5.2%</sub>
0.6	0.216 <sup>+6.8%+11.2%</sup> <sub>-6.8%-11.2%</sub>	0.135 <sup>+5.9%+5.6%</sup> <sub>-5.9%-5.6%</sub>	0.085 <sup>+6.2%+6.2%</sup> <sub>-5.1%-6.2%</sub>
0.8	0.0471 <sup>+7.1%+13.0%</sup> <sub>-7.3%-13.0%</sub>	0.028 <sup>+6.2%+7.0%</sup> <sub>-6.4%-7.0%</sub>	0.0175 <sup>+5.2%+7.2%</sup> <sub>-4.7%-7.2%</sub>
1.0	0.0134 <sup>+7.5%+15.1%</sup> <sub>-7.7%-15.1%</sub>	0.00757 <sup>+6.7%+8.4%</sup> <sub>-6.9%-8.4%</sub>	0.00469 <sup>+4.9%+8.5%</sup> <sub>-5.1%-8.5%</sub>
1.2	0.00442 <sup>+7.8%+17.7%</sup> <sub>-8.1%-17.7%</sub>	0.00244 <sup>+6.9%+9.9%</sup> <sub>-7.2%-9.9%</sub>	0.00149 <sup>+5.0%+9.7%</sup> <sub>-5.5%-9.7%</sub>
1.4	0.00165 <sup>+8.1%+20.6%</sup> <sub>-8.4%-20.6%</sub>	0.000868 <sup>+7.2%+11.6%</sup> <sub>-7.5%-11.6%</sub>	0.000535 <sup>+5.3%+11.0%</sup> <sub>-5.9%-11.0%</sub>
1.6	0.000676 <sup>+8.4%+24.4%</sup> <sub>-8.7%-24.4%</sub>	0.000344 <sup>+7.5%+13.2%</sup> <sub>-7.9%-13.2%</sub>	0.000211 <sup>+5.5%+12.6%</sup> <sub>-6.2%-12.6%</sub>
1.8	0.000294 <sup>+8.8%+28.5%</sup> <sub>-9.1%-28.5%</sub>	0.000144 <sup>+7.7%+15.0%</sup> <sub>-8.2%-15.0%</sub>	0.0000884 <sup>+5.8%+14.2%</sup> <sub>-6.5%-14.2%</sub>
2.0	0.000135 <sup>+9.1%+33.2%</sup> <sub>-9.4%-33.2%</sub>	0.000064 <sup>+7.7%+16.8%</sup> <sub>-8.3%-16.8%</sub>	0.0000388 <sup>+6.0%+15.8%</sup> <sub>-6.8%-15.8%</sub>
2.2	0.0000653 <sup>+9.3%+38.5%</sup> <sub>-9.6%-38.5%</sub>	0.0000293 <sup>+8.3%+18.9%</sup> <sub>-8.7%-18.9%</sub>	0.0000179 <sup>+6.4%+17.6%</sup> <sub>-7.1%-17.6%</sub>
2.4	0.0000327 <sup>+9.4%+44.1%</sup> <sub>-9.7%-44.1%</sub>	0.000014 <sup>+8.4%+21.2%</sup> <sub>-8.9%-21.2%</sub>	$(8.38 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+6.7%+19.7%</sup> <sub>-7.5%-19.7%</sub>
2.6	0.0000167 <sup>+9.7%+50.6%</sup> <sub>-10.0%-50.6%</sub>	$(6.93 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+8.7%+23.4%</sup> <sub>-9.2%-23.4%</sub>	$(4.13 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+7.1%+21.8%</sup> <sub>-7.8%-21.8%</sub>
2.8	$(8.82 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+10.0%+57.0%</sup> <sub>-10.2%-57.0%</sub>	$(3.47 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+9.1%+25.9%</sup> <sub>-9.6%-25.9%</sub>	$(2.06 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+7.1%+23.8%</sup> <sub>-7.9%-23.8%</sub>
3.0	$(4.79 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+10.3%+63.8%</sup> <sub>-10.5%-63.8%</sub>	$(1.78 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+9.3%+28.4%</sup> <sub>-9.8%-28.4%</sub>	$(1.05 \times 10^{-6})$ <sup>+7.5%+26.4%</sup> <sub>-8.3%-26.4%</sub>

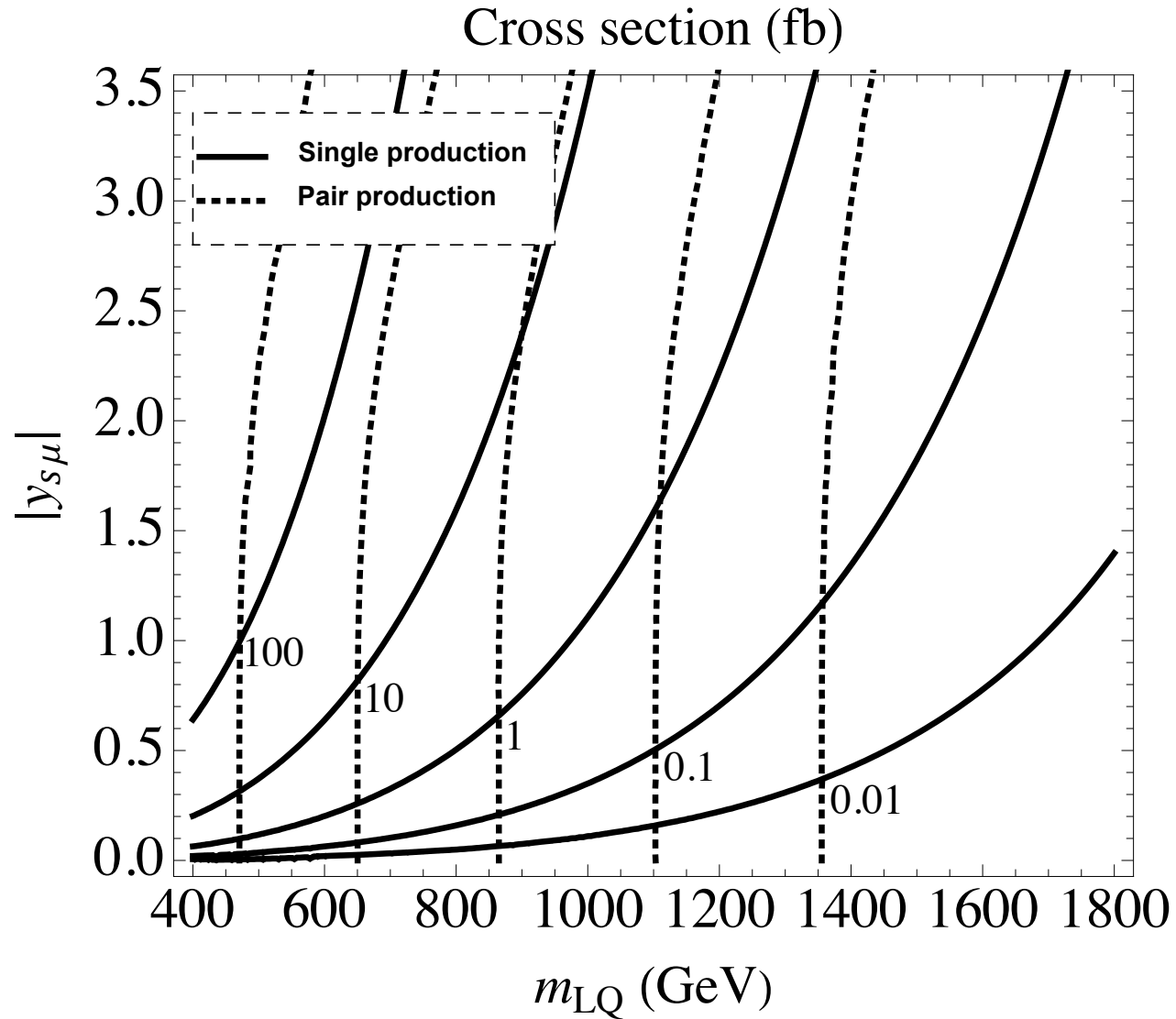
$$y_{q\ell} = 1$$

# PHYSICS RESULTS

## Scalar leptoquark production at NLO QCD



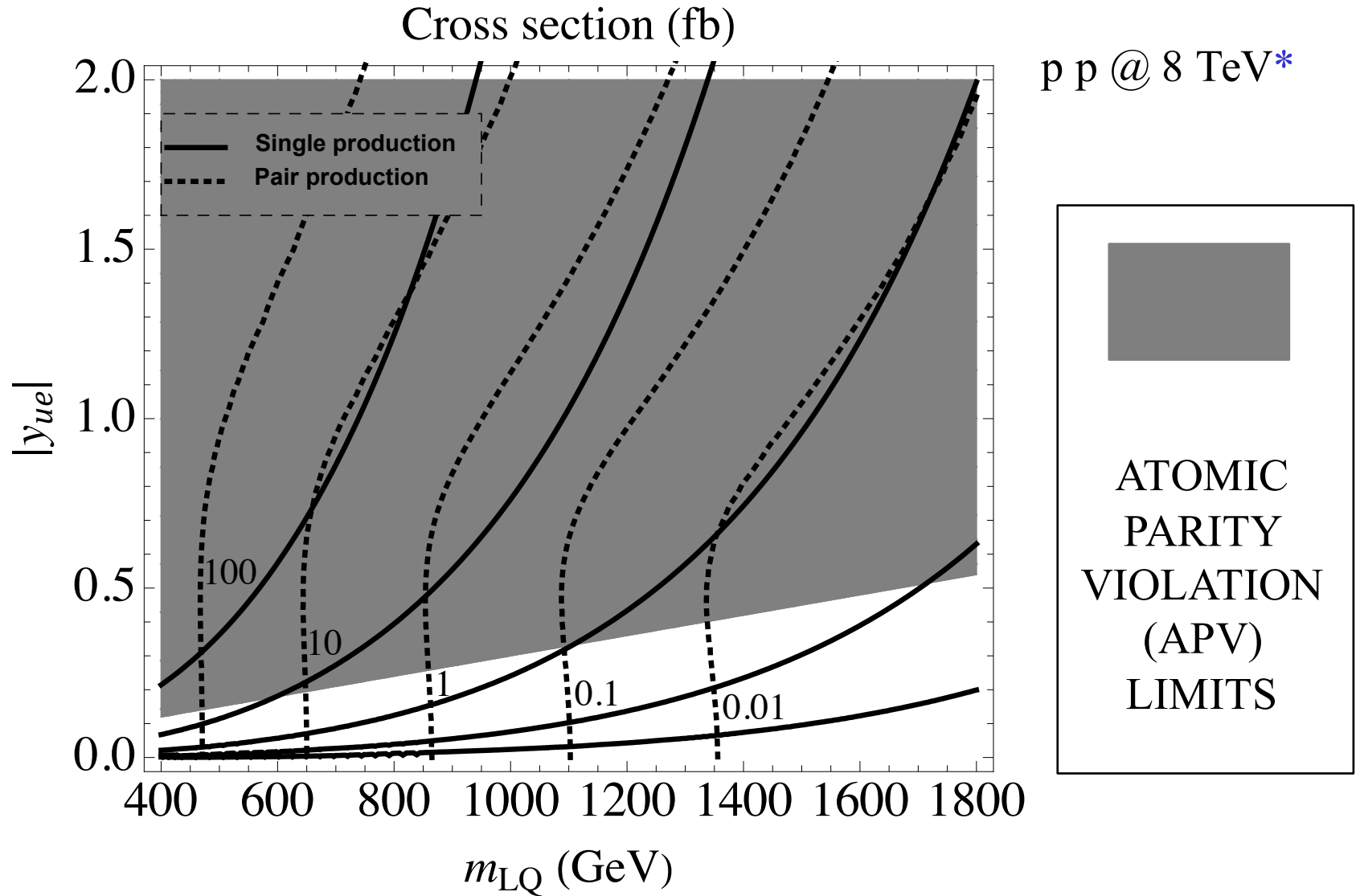
# PHYSICS RESULTS



p p @ 8 TeV\*

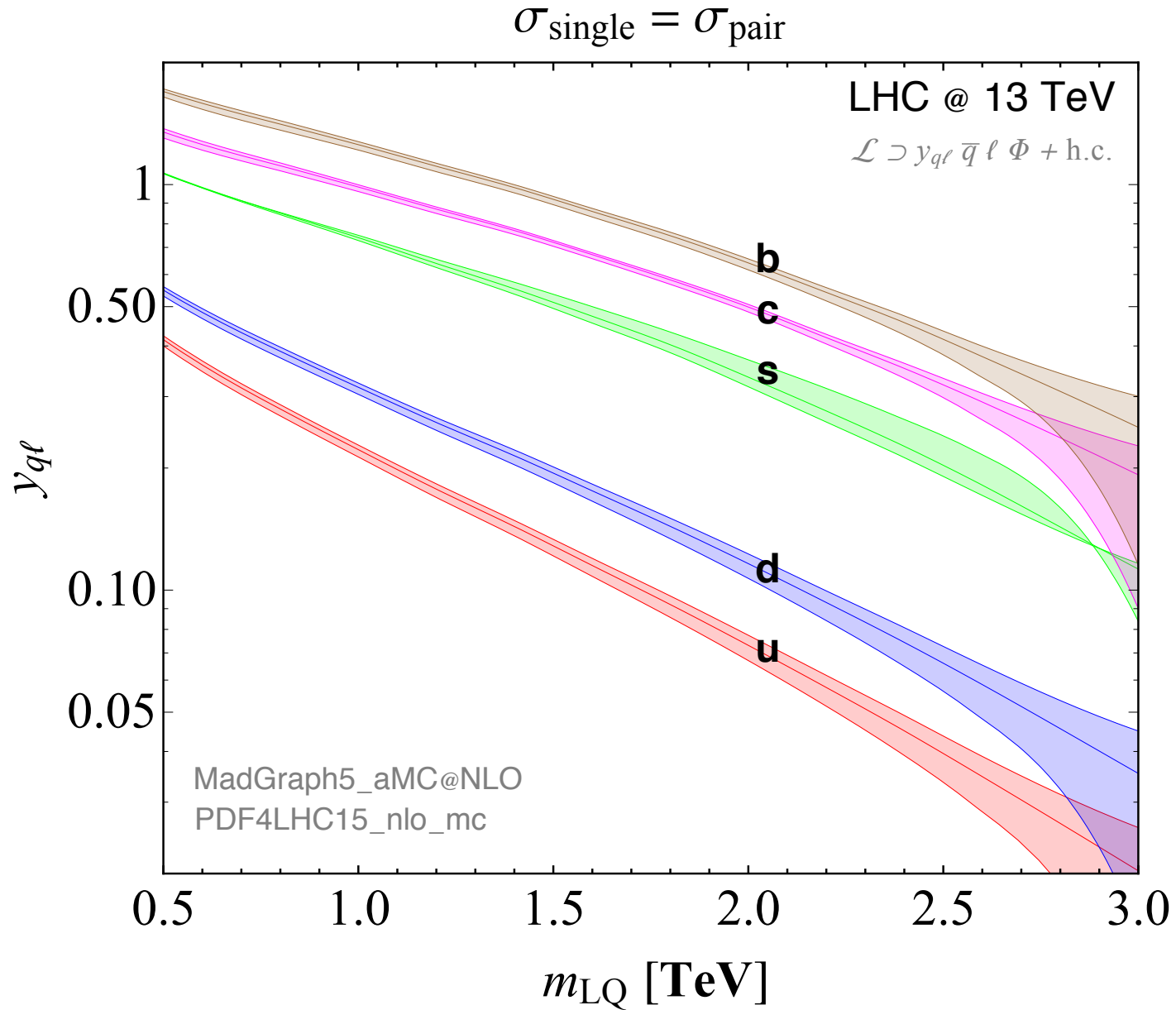
\*I. D., S. Fajfer, and A. Greljo, arXiv:1406.4831.

# PHYSICS RESULTS



\*I. D., S. Fajfer, and A. Greljo, arXiv:1406.4831.

# PHYSICS RESULTS



# PHYSICS RESULTS

## (VECTOR LEPTOQUARK)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{kinetic}}^{U_1} = -\frac{1}{2}U_{\mu\nu}^\dagger U_{\mu\nu} - ig_s \kappa U_{1\mu}^\dagger T^a U_{1\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^a + m_{U_1}^2 U_{1\mu}^\dagger U_{1\mu}$$

```
L4:= gbL vlq[mu,i] bbar[ss0,i].ta[ss2]  
Ga[mu,ss0,ss1] ProjM[ss1,ss2] + gtL vlq[mu,i]  
tbar[ss0,i].vt[ss2] Ga[mu,ss0,ss1] ProjM[ss1,ss2]
```

# PHYSICS RESULTS

## (VECTOR LEPTOQUARK)

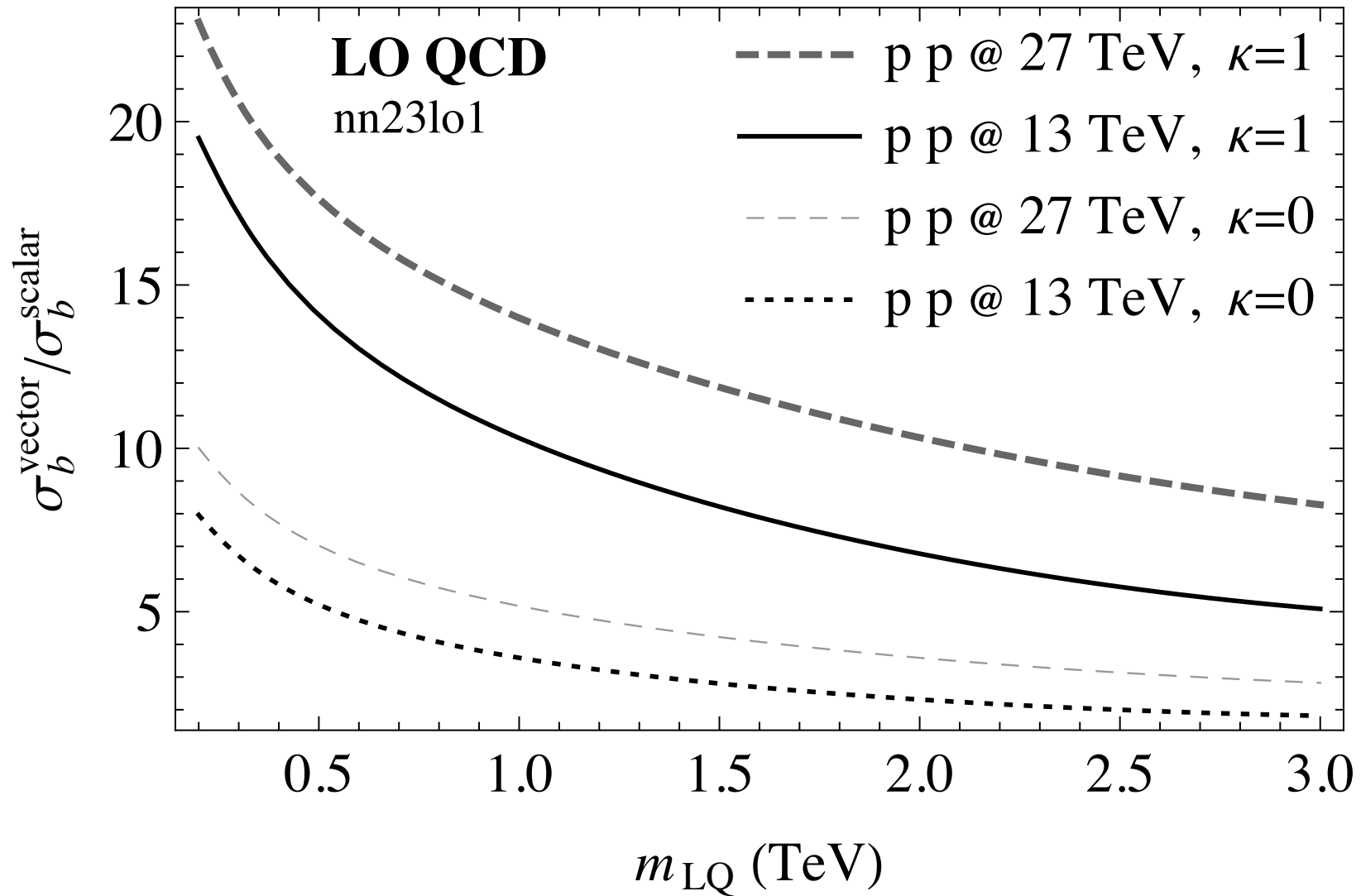
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{kinetic}}^{U_1} = -\frac{1}{2}U_{\mu\nu}^\dagger U_{\mu\nu} - ig_s \kappa U_{1\mu}^\dagger T^a U_{1\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^a + m_{U_1}^2 U_{1\mu}^\dagger U_{1\mu}$$

```
L4:= gbL vlq[mu,i] bbar[ss0,i].ta[ss2]  
Ga[mu,ss0,ss1] ProjM[ss1,ss2] + gtL vlq[mu,i]  
tbar[ss0,i].vt[ss2] Ga[mu,ss0,ss1] ProjM[ss1,ss2]
```

# PHYSICS RESULTS

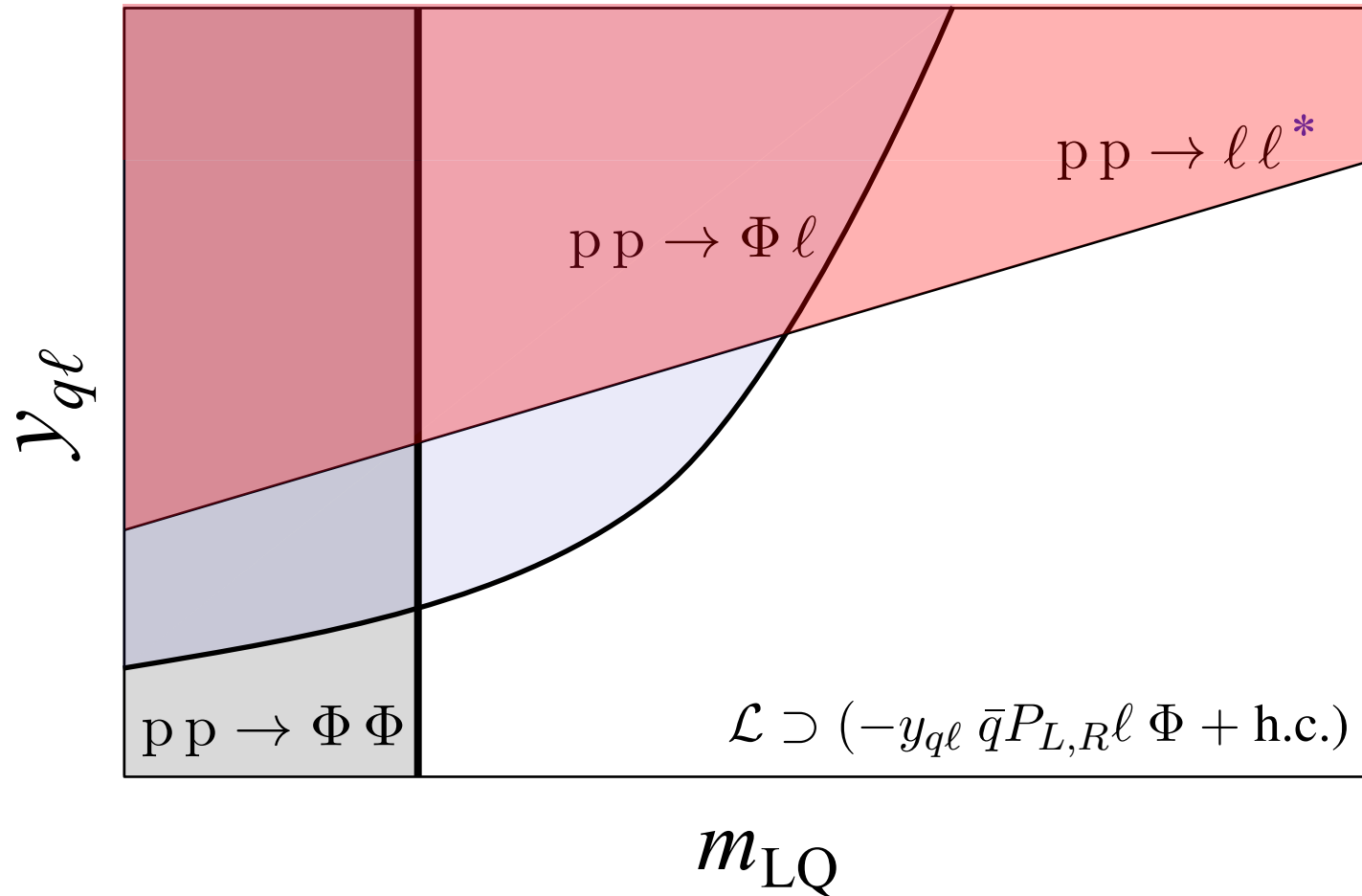
(VECTOR VS. SCALAR LEPTOQUARK)

SINGLE LEPTOQUARK + LEPTON PRODUCTION



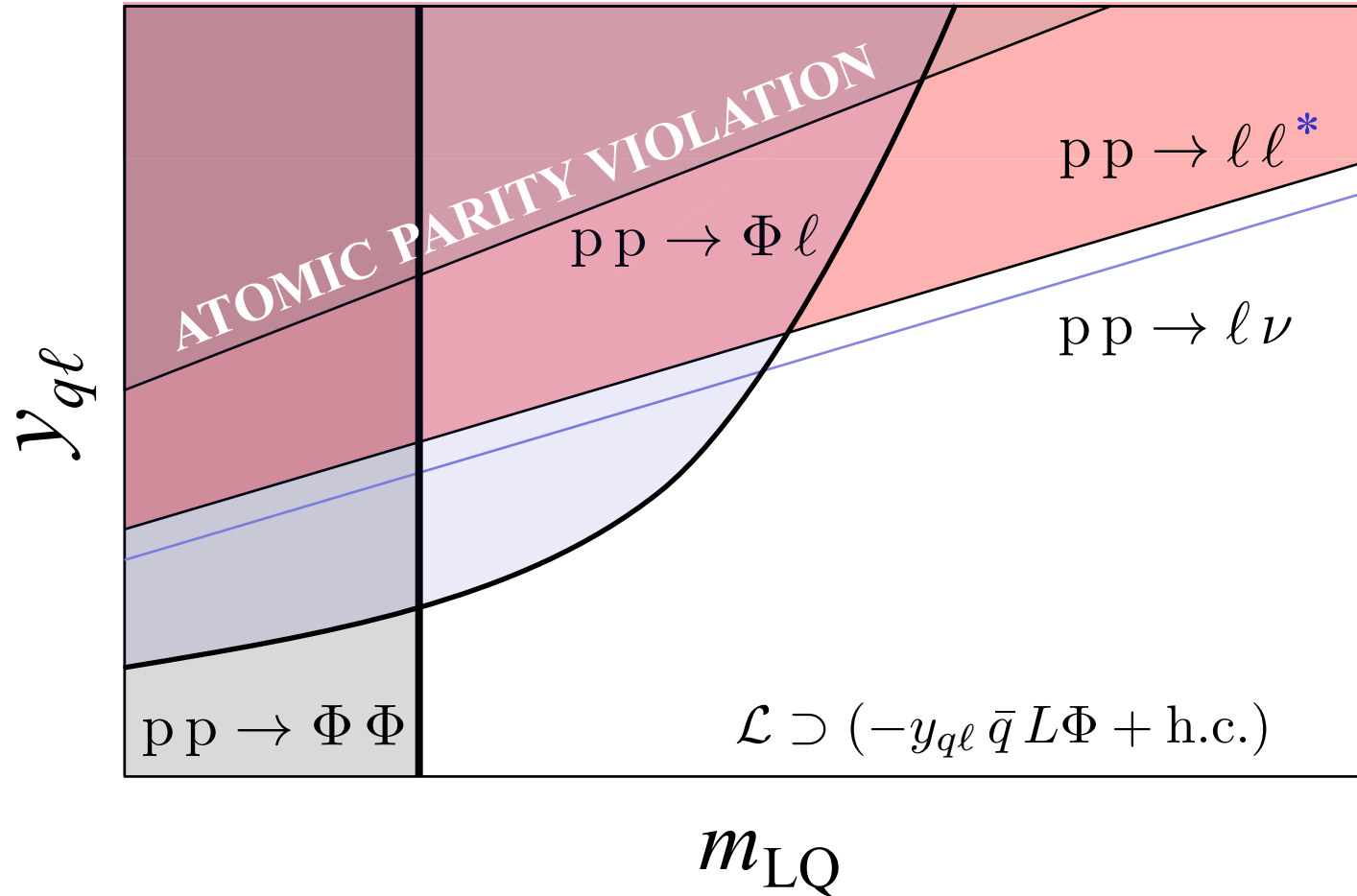


# OUTLOOK



\*D. A. Faroughy, A. Greljo, and J. F. Kamenik, arXiv:1609.07138.  
A. Greljo and D. Marzocca, arXiv:1704.09015.

# OUTLOOK



\*S. Bansal *et al.*, arXiv:1806.02370.

# CONCLUSIONS

We address the need for an up-to-date Monte Carlo event generator output that can be used for the current and future experimental searches and search recasts concerning scalar and vector leptoquarks.

Pair production of the leptoquarks can be taken to be purely QCD driven.

Single leptoquark + lepton production cross section scales with the square of the relevant Yukawa coupling. It further depends on the quark flavor and the leptoquark mass.

Universal Feynrules Output (UFO) model file directories to be used with MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO for the LO and NLO simulations can be found at LQ\_NLO @ HepForge.

**THANK YOU**

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