GLE and GLE-Wannabe Events in Solar Cycle 24

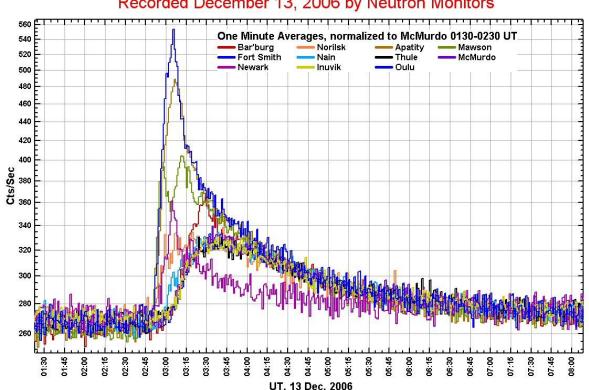
Christina M.S. Cohen (Caltech)
(J.G. Luhmann, R.A. Mewaldt, M.L. Mays, H.M. Bain, Y. Li, C.O. Lee)

Ground Level Enhancements

- Historically
 - Increases in at least 2 separate ground-based monitors
 - · neutronm.bartol.udel.edu/~pyle/GLE_List.txt

 Spaceship Earth Observations of the Solar Minimum GLE

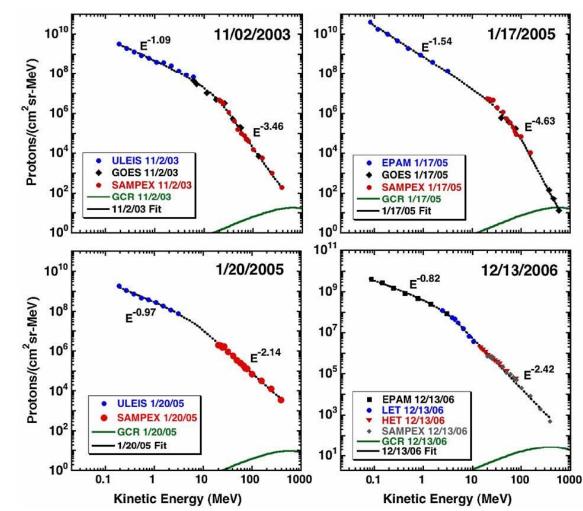
Recorded December 13, 2006 by Neutron Monitors



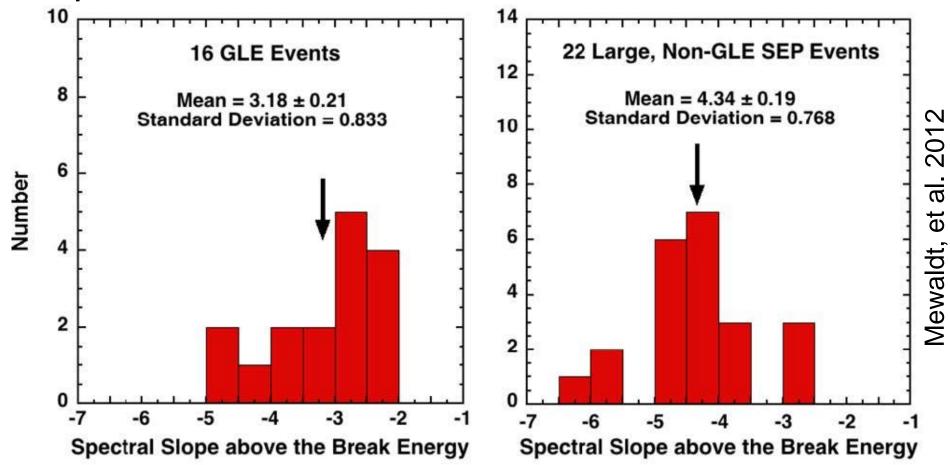
Ground Level Enhancements

- Historically
 - Increases in at least 2 separate ground-based monitors
 - neutronm.bartol.udel.edu/~pyle/GLE_List.txt
- Extreme type of SEP
 - Hard spectra
 - High fluences out to hundreds of MeV
 - Space weather hazard
 - Instrumentation
 - Astronauts
 - Polar flight passengers/crew

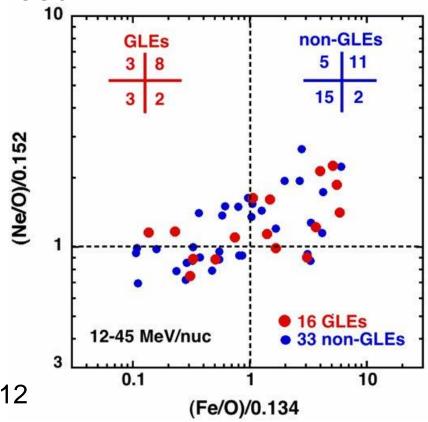
- · Characteristics (vs large non-GLE SEP events)
 - · Spectra are best characterized as double power-law



- Characteristics (vs large non-GLE SEP events)
 - · Spectra are best characterized as double power-law
 - · Spectra above break is harder



- Characteristics (vs large non-GLE SEP events)
 - · Spectra are best characterized as double power-law
 - · Spectra above break is harder
 - · Fe/O and Ne/O often enhanced



Mewaldt, et al. 2012

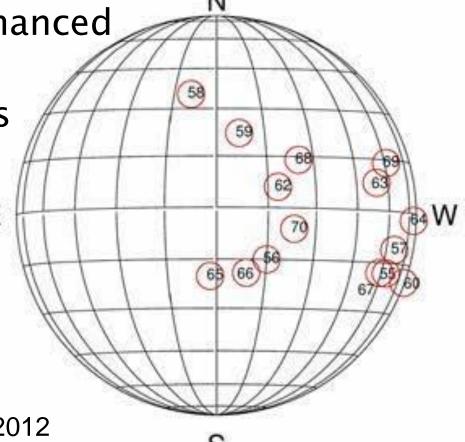
· Characteristics (vs large non-GLE SEP events)

· Spectra are best characterized as double power-law

· Spectra above break is harder

Fe/O and Ne/O often enhanced

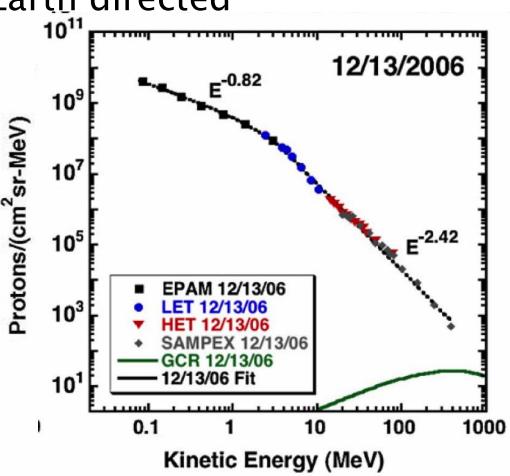
 Source regions are more likely to be active regions in the western solar hemisphere



Gopalswamy, et al. 2012

GLE-Wannabes

- GLE events are not preferentially directed towards Earth
 - · But by definition non-Earth directed cannot be a GLE event
- Searched for GLE-Wannabe events with
 - Compared to13 Dec 2006 event
 - · Found 5 candidates

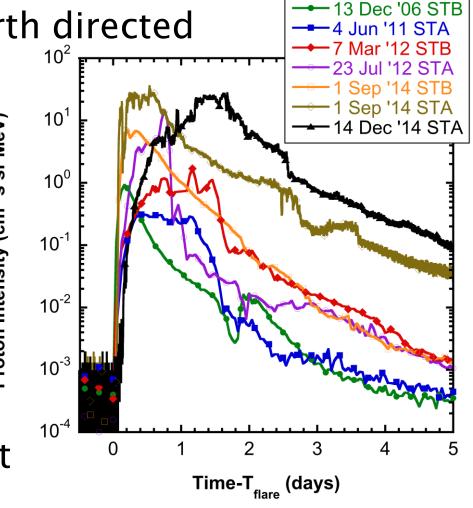


GLE-Wannabes

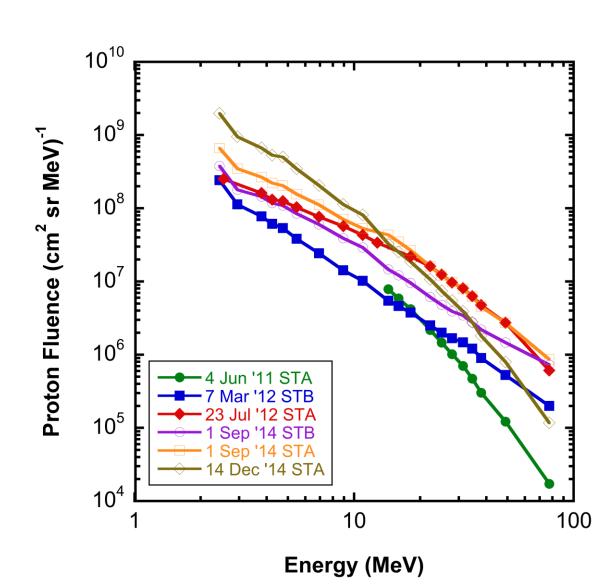
 GLE events are not preferentially directed towards Earth

 But by definition non-Earth directed cannot be a GLE event

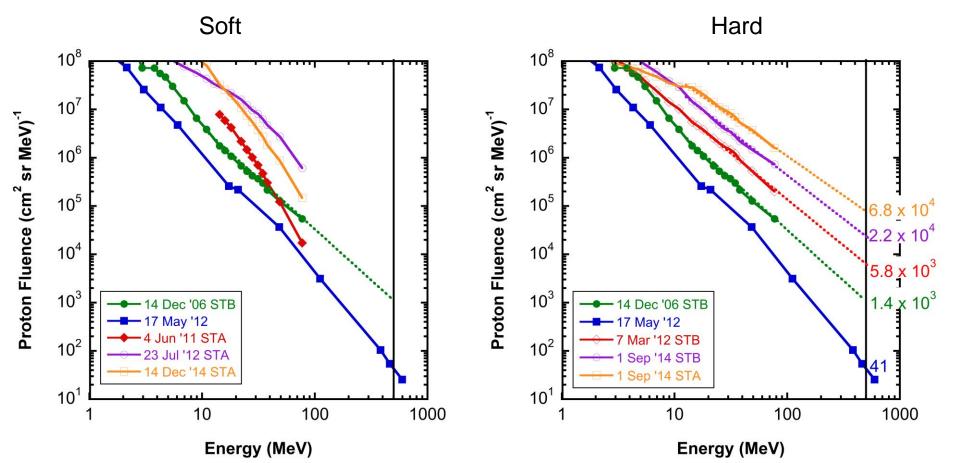
- Searched for GLE-Wannabe events with STEREO
 - Compared to13 Dec 2006 event
 - · Found 5 candidates
 - All source (except 1)
 were west of spacecraft



- Fluence Spectra
 - · LET+HET



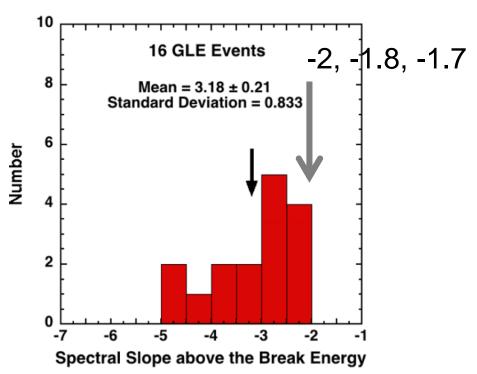
- Fluence Spectra
 - · LET+HET
 - · Compared to GLEs of 17 May 2012 & 13 Dec 2006

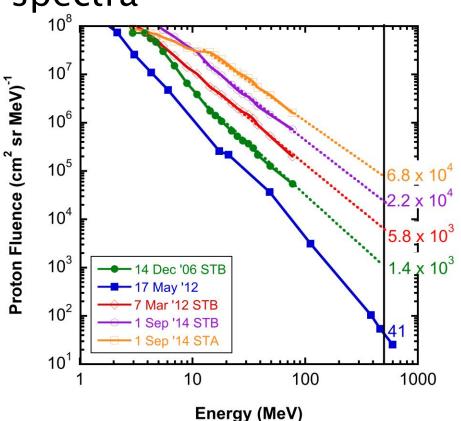


- Fluence Spectra
 - · LET+HET
 - · Compared to GLEs of 17 May 2012 & 13 Dec 2006

· Higher fluence and hard spectra

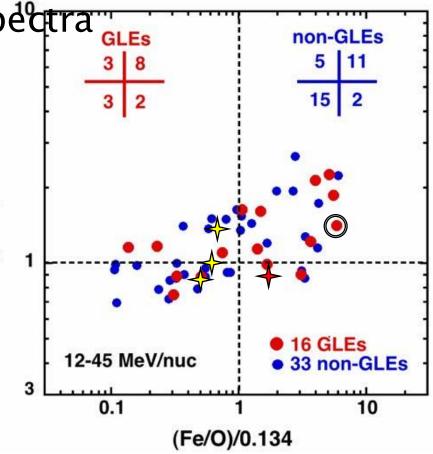
similar to GLE events





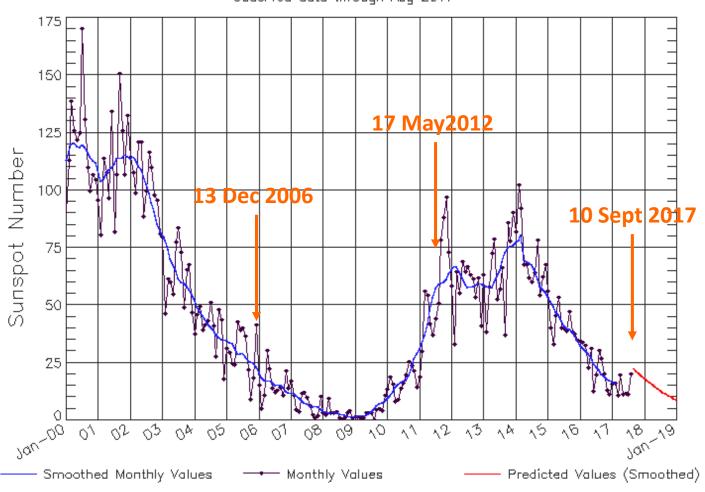
Hard

- Fluence Spectra
 - · LET+HET
 - · Compared to GLEs of 17 May 2012 & 13 Dec 2006
 - · Higher fluence and hard spectra similar to GLE events
 - Composition
 - · Only 7 Mar 2012 shows খ্র Ne enhancement

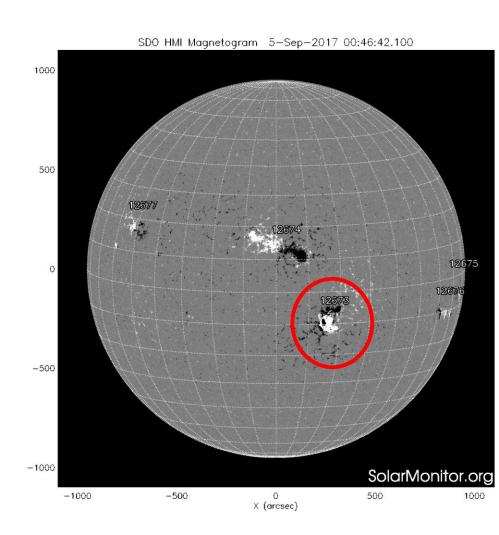


· Late in the cycle

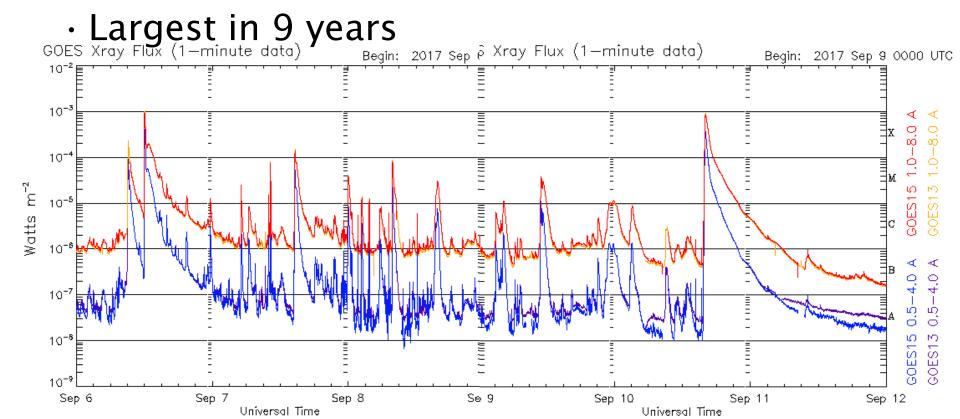
ISES Solar Cycle Sunspot Number Progression
Observed data through Aug 2017



- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions



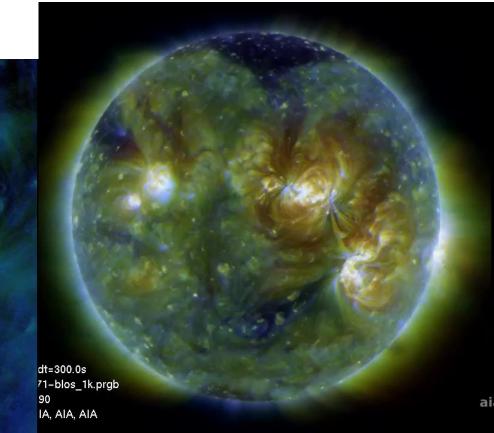
- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions
 - 12673 βγδ flaring



- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions
 - 12673 $\beta \gamma \delta$ flaring

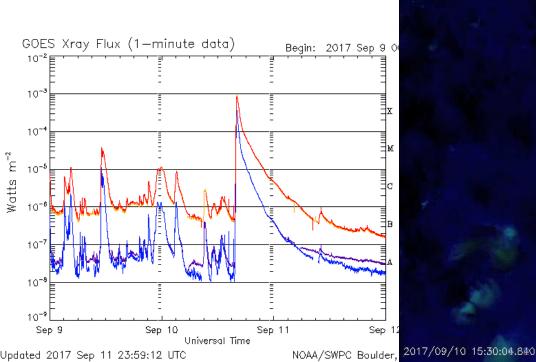
2017/09/06 11:48:16.840

· Largest in 9 years



- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions
 - \cdot 12673 $\beta \gamma \delta$ flaring

Largest in 9 years

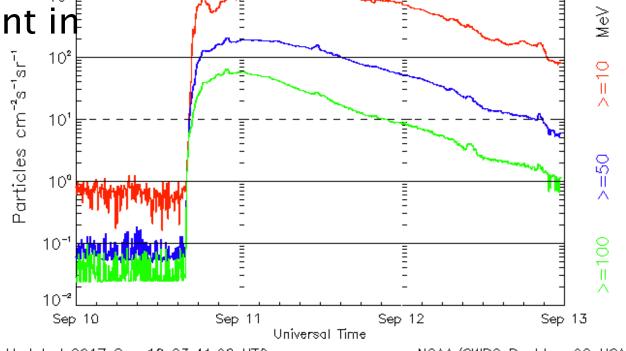


- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions

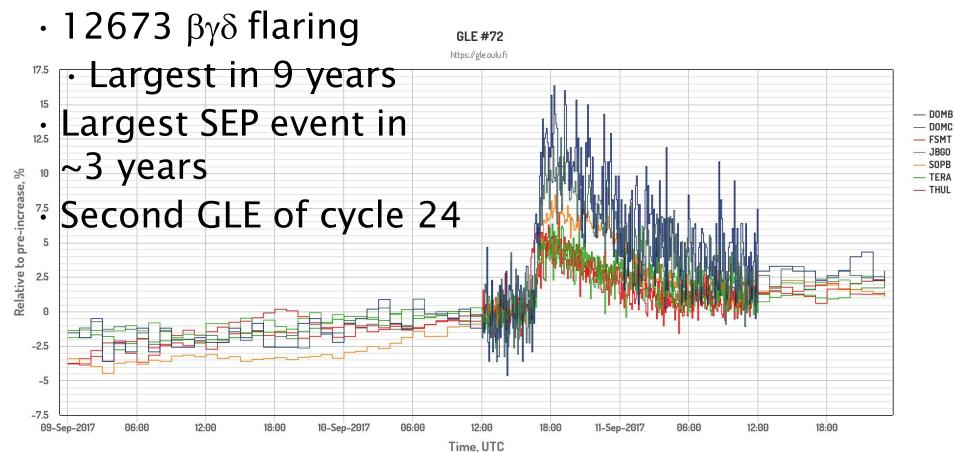
 $\cdot \ 12673 \ \beta \gamma \delta \ flaring \ {}^{\text{GOES13 Proton Flux (5 minute data)}}_{10^4} + \underbrace{}^{\text{Begin: 2017 Sep 10 0000 UTC}}_{\text{Largest in 9 years}}$

Largest SEP event in

~3 years



- Late in the cycle
 - Several large active regions



Event Spectra

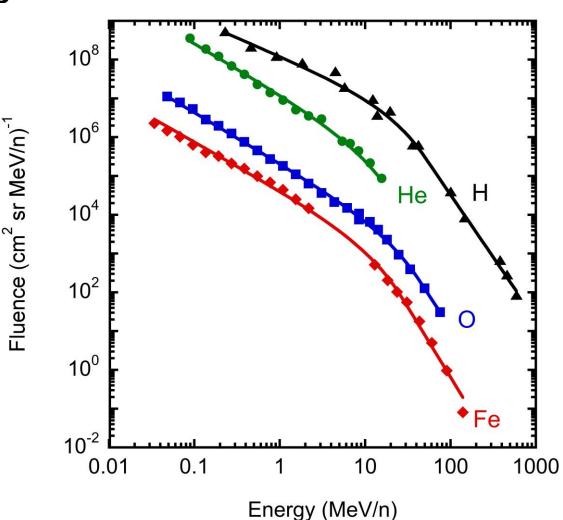
- Broken power laws
 - γ above break

$$\cdot H = -3.2$$

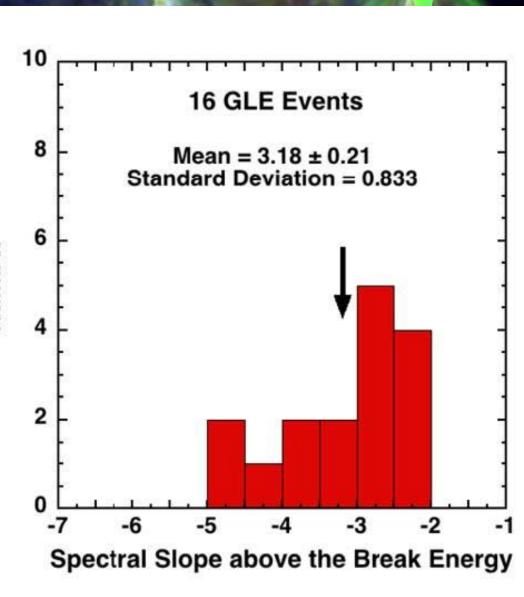
• He =
$$-3.5$$

$$\cdot 0 = -3.4$$

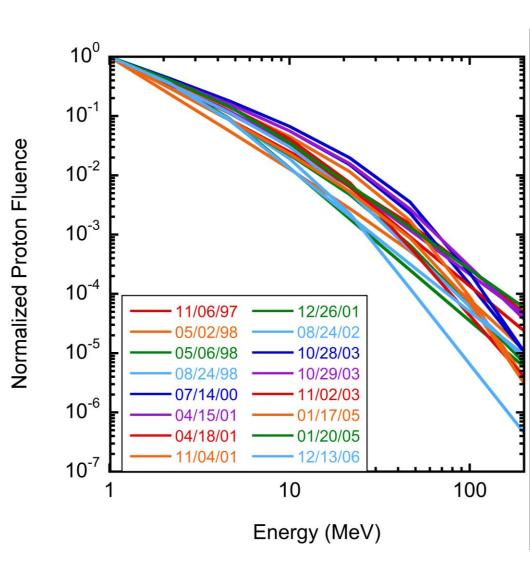
• Fe =
$$-3.6$$



- Broken power laws
 - · y above break
 - \cdot H = -3.2
 - He = -3.5
 - $\cdot 0 = -3.4$
 - - 5.6 Close to GLE average

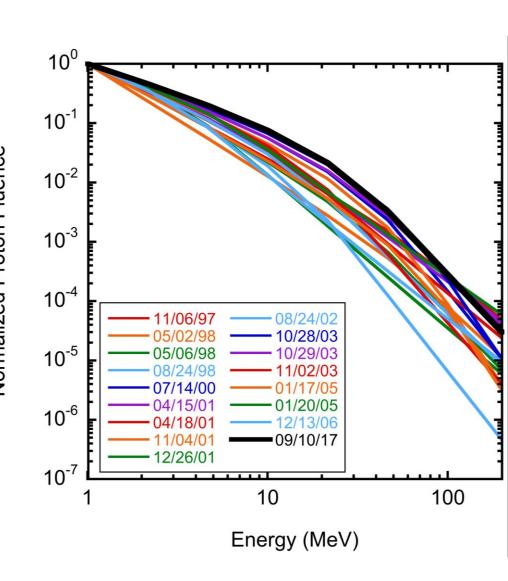


- Broken power laws
 - γ above break
 - \cdot H = -3.2
 - He = -3.5
 - $\cdot 0 = -3.4$
 - Fe = -3.6
 - Close to GLE average

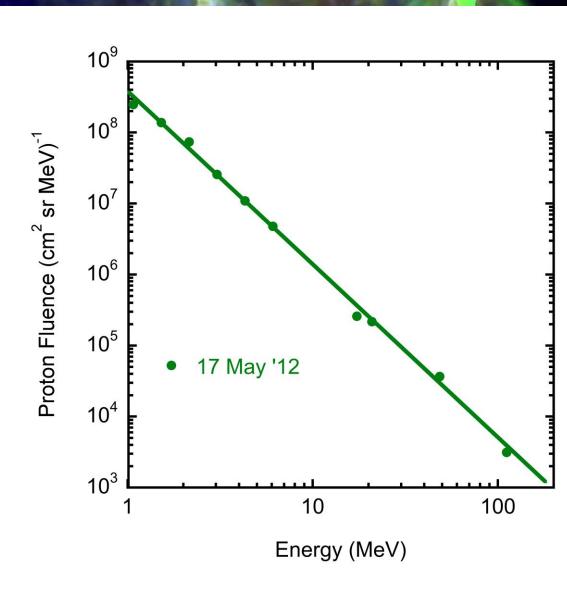


- Broken power laws
 - · y above break
 - $\cdot H = -3.2$
 - He = -3.5
 O = -3.4
 Fe = -3.6
 Close to GLE average
 Harder below break Close to GLE average

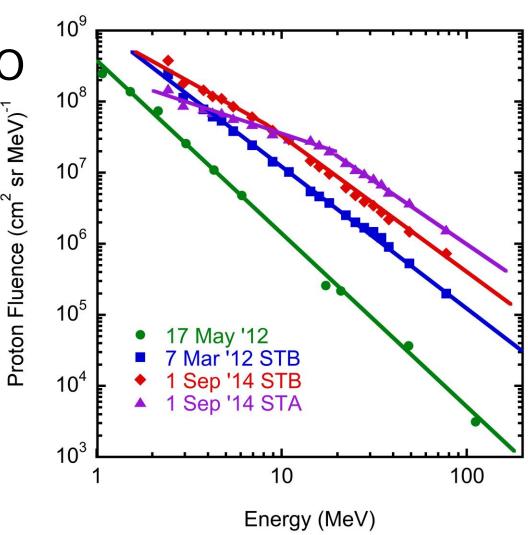
 - Most similar to 28 Oct '03



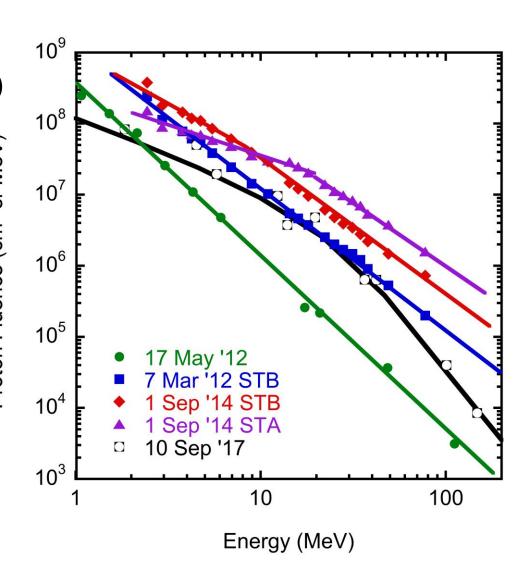
· 17 May 2012



- · 17 May 2012
- GLE-Ws from STEREO
 - · 7 March 2012
 - · 1 September 2014

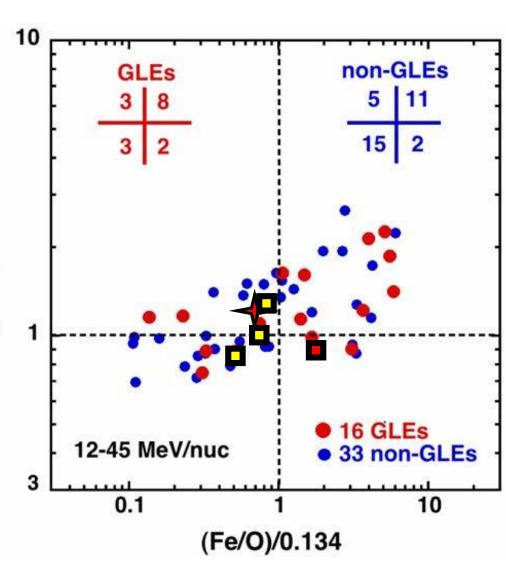


- · 17 May 2012
- · GLE-Ws from STEREO
 - · 7 March 2012
 - · 1 September 2014
- · 10 September 2017 ₺
 - · Bigger than 17 May '12
 - Softer than others (except for possibly 1 Sept '14 STA)
 - Only one with a break~20 MeV



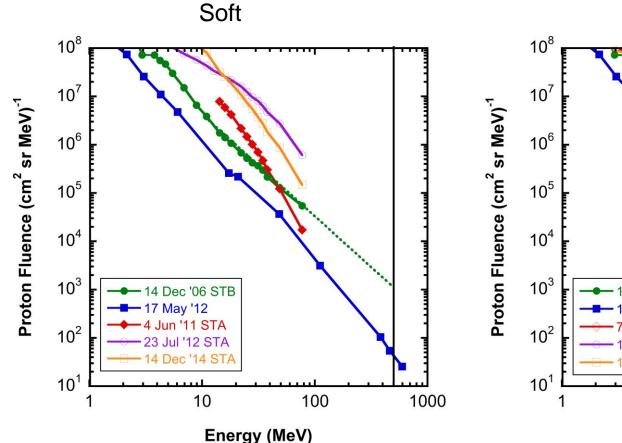
Composition

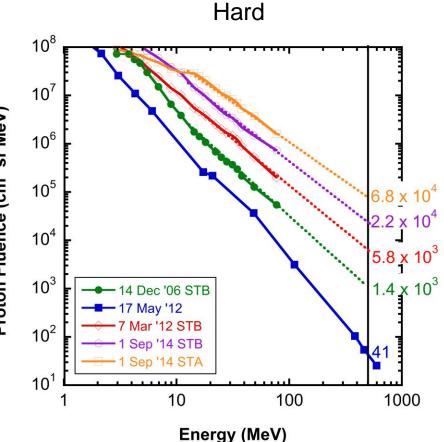
- · 10 Sep 2017
 - · Fe/O=0.10,Ne/O=0.18
- · 17 May 2012
 - \cdot Fe/O=0.23,Ne/O=0.14
- · 7 Mar 2012
 - Fe/O=0.11,Ne/O=0.2€
- · 1 Sep 2014 STB
 - · Fe/O=0.10,Ne/O=0.15
- · 1 Sep 2014 STA
 - \cdot Fe/O=0.07,Ne/O=0.13



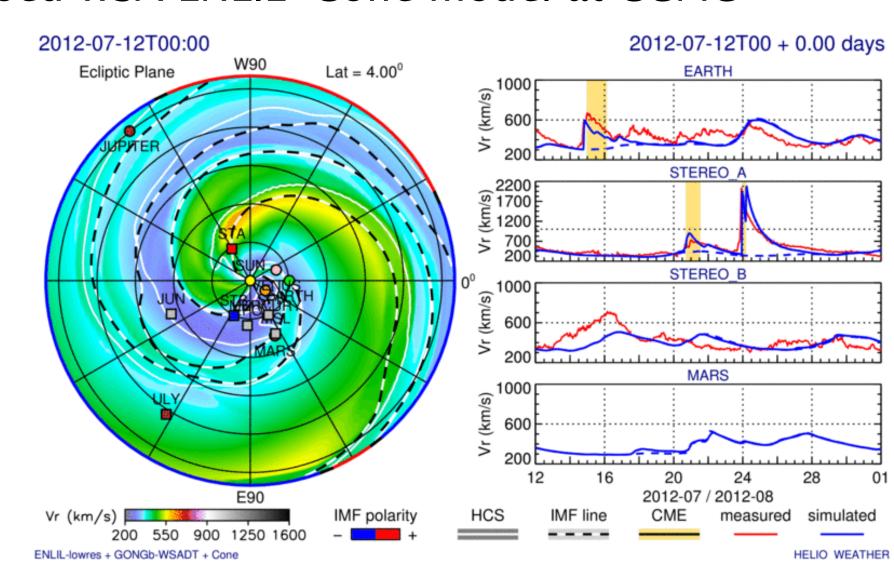
The Making of a GLE-W

- Of the STEREO events only some had hard spectra
- What is different?





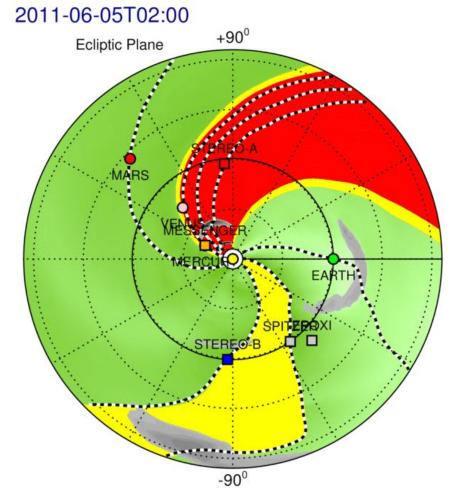
· Used WSA-ENLIL+Cone model at CCMC



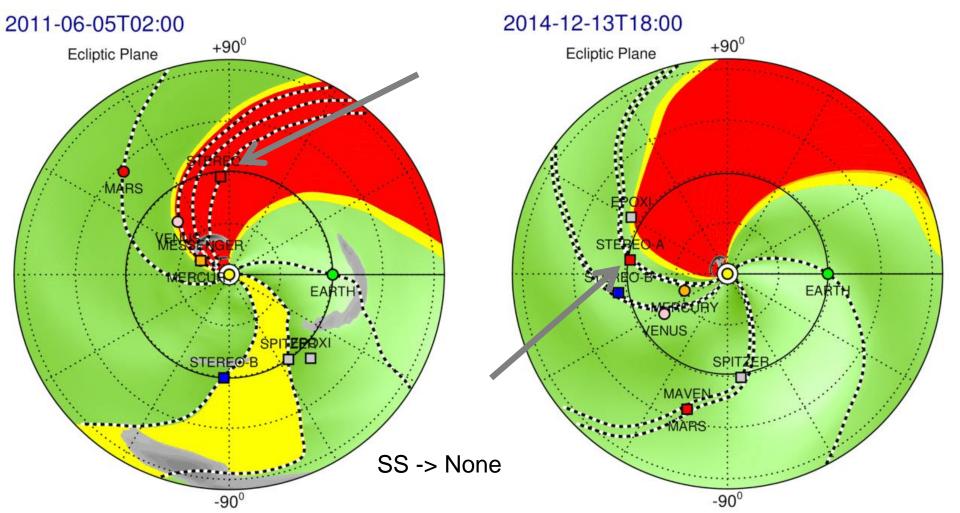
- · Used WSA-ENLIL+Cone model at CCMC
- · Identify regions connected to shock by speed

increase

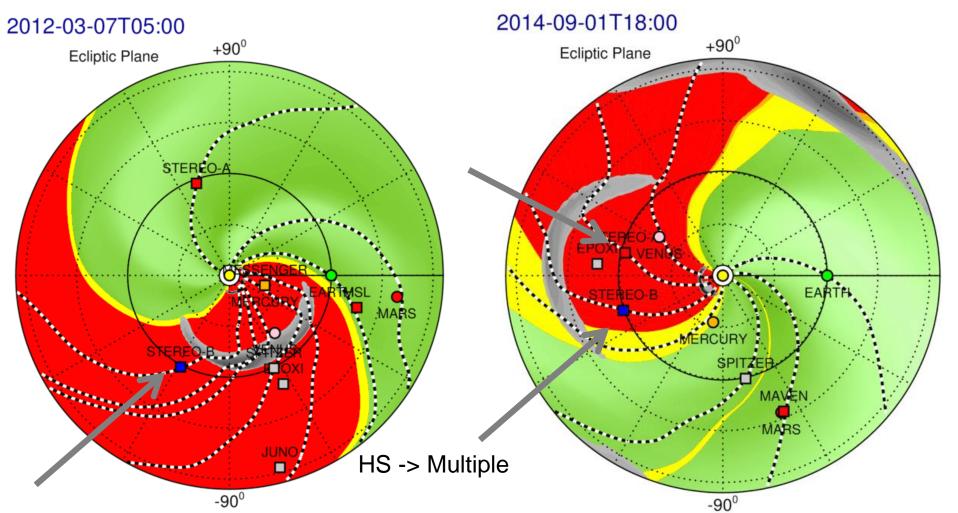
- · 20-200 km/s
- · 200-400 km/s
- · >400 km/s



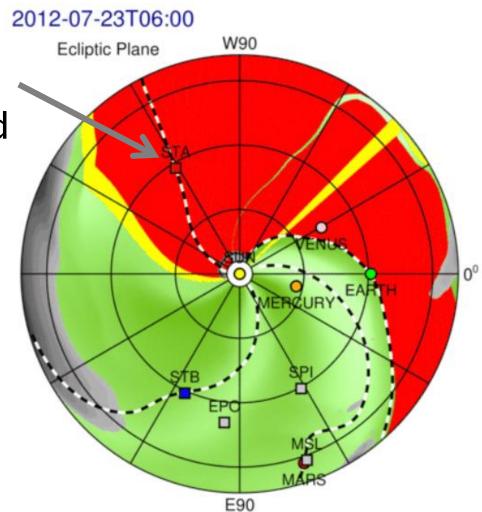
- · Soft-spectra events vs hard-spectra events
 - Prior CME connections



- · Soft-spectra events vs hard-spectra events
 - Prior CME connections



- · Soft-spectra events vs hard-spectra events
 - Prior CME connections
 - SS events have no prior CMEs
 - HS events are connected to both event and prior CME
 - 23 July 2012 very complicated event less clear
- Haven't modeled cycle 24 GLEs yet



Summary

- Found GLE-W events in STEREO
 - \cdot 3 had hard spectra that extrapolated to 500 MeV were $> \sim 4-1600 \times 13$ Dec 2006
 - · Spectral indices similar to that of GLE events
 - · No enhanced Fe, only 1 enhanced in Ne
- Sept 2017 GLE event
 - · Average spectral index, but with break at ~20 MeV
 - · Not enhanced in Fe but slightly in Ne
 - · Bigger than 17 May 2012, but softer
- · Cycle 24 GLE events are not enhanced in Fe
- Multi-CME connection may play a role in generating GLE events