

Structure of hybrid static potential flux tubes in SU(2) Yang-Mills-theory

Lasse Müller in collaboration with **Marc Wagner**

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Outline

Hybrid mesons

- Definition
- Modification of Wilson loop
- Hybrid static potential

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[C. Reisinger (Master Thesis): "Hybrid static potentials in SU(3) gauge theory on the lattice"]

[C. Reisinger, S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, M. Wagner : "Computation of hybrid static potentials in SU(3) lattice gauge theory", arXiv:1708.05562 [hep-lat]]

Chromoelectric and Chromomagnetic field

- Computation on the lattice
- Results for ordinary and one example of hybrid static $Q\bar{Q}$

[C. Meyerdierks (Bachelor Thesis): Investigation of the structure of static potential flux tubes]

Related existing work where gluon is represented by a static adjoint source:

[M. Cardoso, N. Cardoso, P. Bicudo: "Lattice QCD computation of the colour fields for the static hybrid quark-gluon-antiquark system, and microscopic study of the Casimir scaling", arXiv:0912.3181 [hep-lat]]

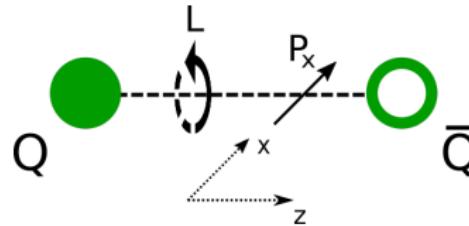
Hybrid mesons

Excited gluons contribute to quantum numbers of meson:

- Angular momentum with respect to the separation axis z :
 $L \in \{\Sigma \doteq 0, \Pi \doteq 1, \Delta \doteq 2\}$
- The combination of parity and charge conjugation:
 $P \circ C \in \{g \doteq +, u \doteq -\}$
- The spatial inversion along an axis perpendicular to z :
 $P_x \in \{+, -\}$

E. g.: ordinary $Q\bar{Q}$ corresponds to Σ_g^+

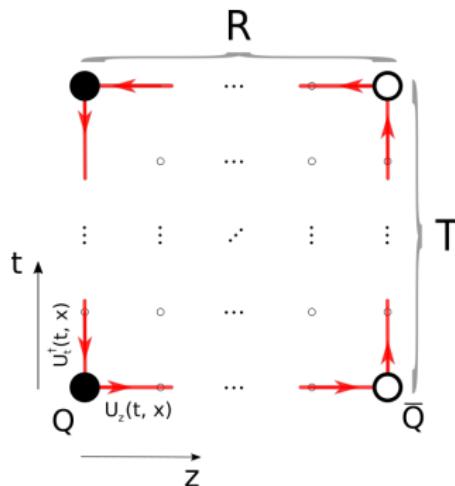
⇒ Modification of Wilson loop according to quantum numbers



Ordinary Wilson loop

ordinary Wilson loop

$$W = S_z \cdot S_t \cdot S_z^\dagger \cdot S_t^\dagger$$

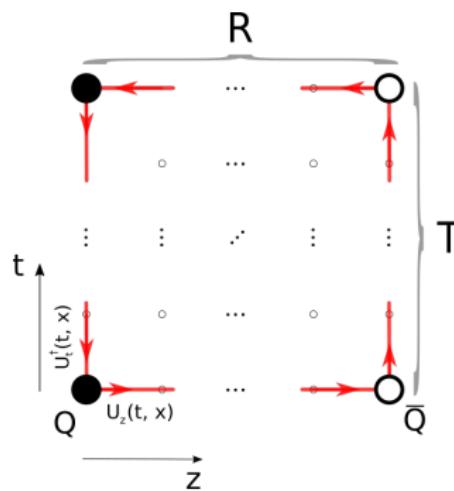


$$U_\mu(t, x) = e^{igaA_\mu(t, x)} \quad S = \prod_j U_j$$

Modified Wilson loop of trial state for Π_u

ordinary Wilson loop (red)

$$W = S_z \cdot S_t \cdot S_z^\dagger \cdot S_t^\dagger$$

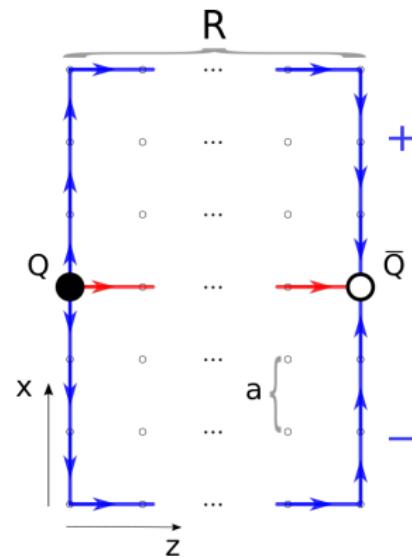


$$U_\mu(t, x) = e^{igaA_\mu(t, x)}$$

$$S = \prod_j U_j$$

insertion of trial state for
 $\Pi_u \Leftrightarrow L = 1, P \circ C = -$

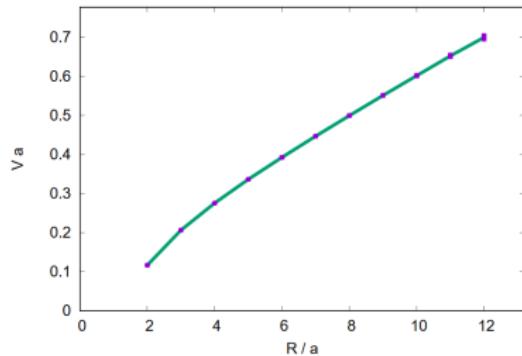
$$W_{\Pi_u} = (S_+ - S_-) S_t \cdot (S_+^\dagger - S_-^\dagger) S_t^\dagger$$



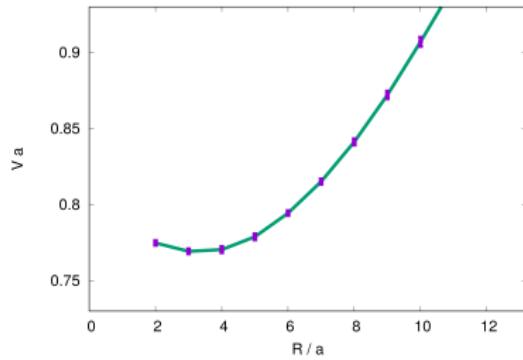
Hybrid static potentials

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \langle W(R, T) \rangle \propto e^{-V(R) \cdot T}$$

from [C. Reisinger (Master Thesis): "Hybrid static potentials in SU(3) gauge theory on the lattice"]:



ordinary static potential



static potential for Π_u

Chromoelectric and chromomagnetic field

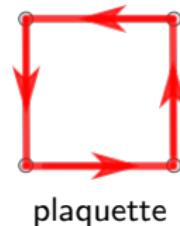
On the lattice field strength tensor corresponds to plaquette

$$P_{\mu\nu} = \text{Tr} \left[e^{igaF_{\mu\nu}} \right] \Rightarrow \text{Tr} \left(F_{\mu\nu}^2 \right) \approx \frac{2}{g^2 a^2} (2 - P_{\mu\nu})$$

$\Rightarrow E^2$ and B^2 are gauge invariant quantities

$$\langle B_j(\vec{x})^2 \rangle_{Q\bar{Q}} - \langle B_j^2 \rangle_{vac} = \frac{2}{g^2 a^2} \left[\langle P_{kl} \rangle - \frac{\langle W \cdot P_{kl}(T/2, \vec{x}) \rangle}{\langle W \rangle} \right]$$

$$\langle E_j(\vec{x})^2 \rangle_{Q\bar{Q}} - \langle E_j^2 \rangle_{vac} = \frac{2}{g^2 a^2} \left[\frac{\langle W \cdot P_{0j}(T/2, \vec{x}) \rangle}{\langle W \rangle} - \langle P_{0j} \rangle \right]$$



plaquette

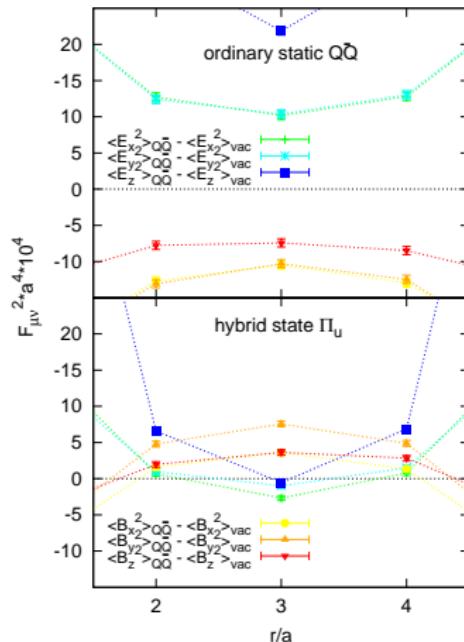
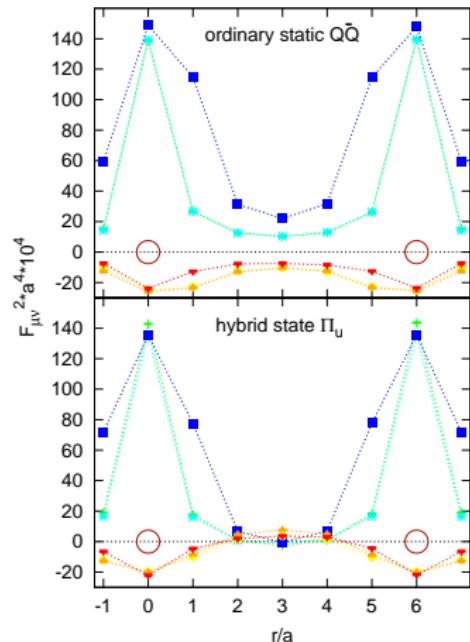
$\langle E^2 \rangle$ in
presence of $Q\bar{Q}$

$$\frac{\langle \square \rangle}{\langle \square \rangle} - \langle \square \rangle$$

$\langle E^2 \rangle$ in vacuum

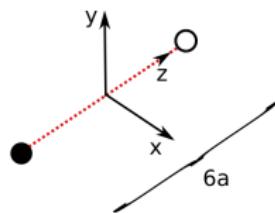
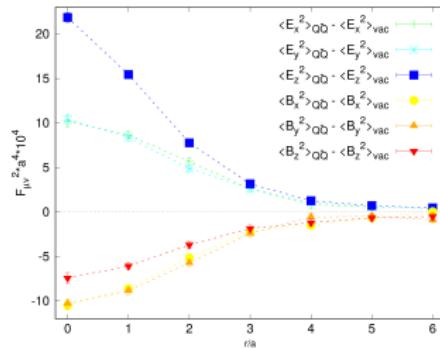
Separation axis

Computed in SU(2) Lattice gauge theory with Lattice parameter $a \approx 0.073\text{fm}$



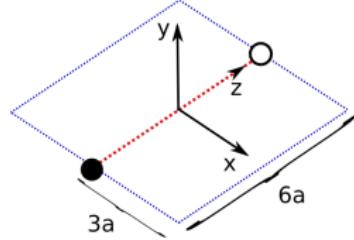
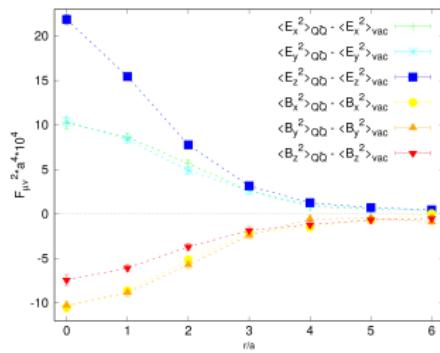
In the middle of the $Q\bar{Q}$ -pair

ordinary $Q\bar{Q}$ (Σ_g^+)

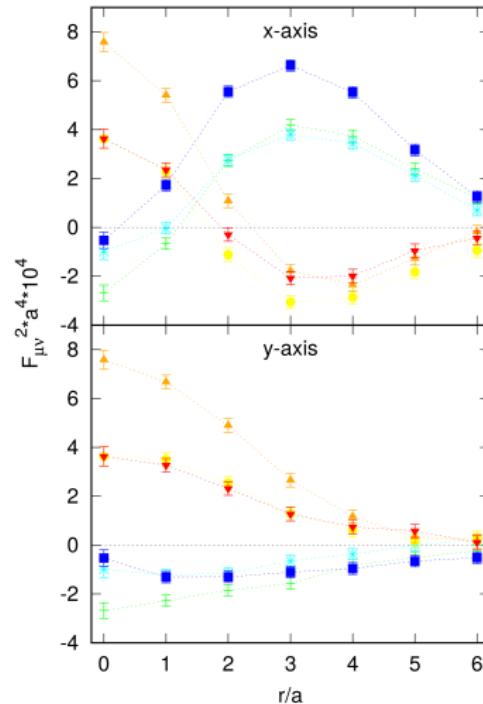


Middle of the $Q\bar{Q}$ -pair

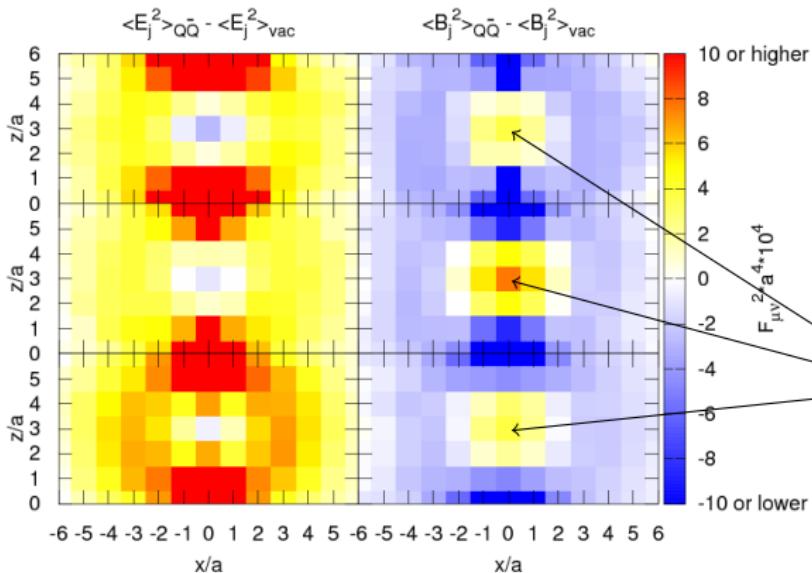
ordinary $Q\bar{Q}$ (Σ_g^+)



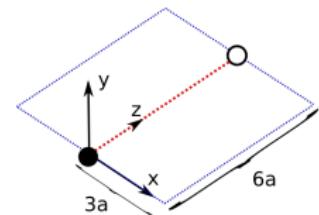
hybrid state Π_u



xz-plane



hybrid state Π_u

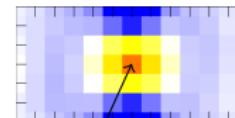


Gluon generating
hybrid quantum
numbers

Conclusion and outlook

Conclusion:

- Gluonic excitations affect the flux tube structure significantly
- For the Π_u hybrid static potential the chromomagnetic field is considerably larger near the center compared to the ordinary static potential



Outlook:

- Investigation of other hybrid states to be able to make general conclusions
- Increase statistics to confirm convergence
- Behaviour for different separations R