

# Detailed R-matrix analysis of ${}^7\text{Li}(p, \gamma)$ at 441keV

Michael Munch, Oliver Sølund Kirsebom, Jacobus Andreas Swartz, Karsten Riisager and Hans Otto Uldall Fynbo

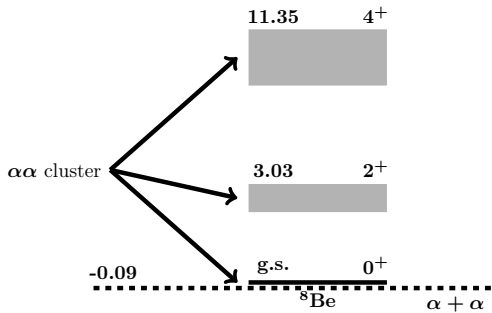
Department for Physics and Astronomy, Aarhus University

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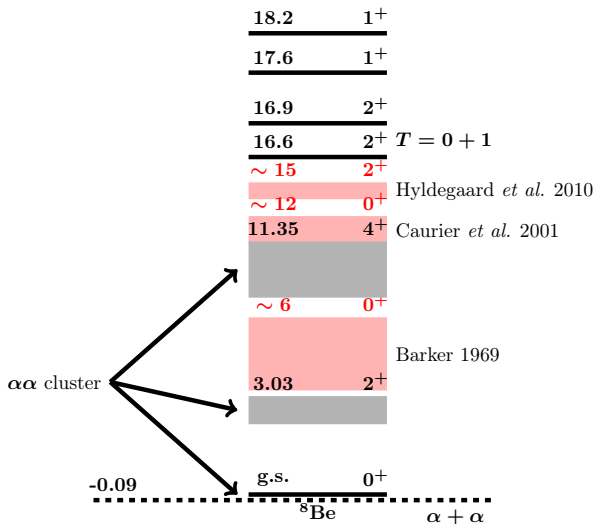
${}^8\text{Be}$

<u>18.2</u>	<u>1<sup>+</sup></u>
<u>17.6</u>	<u>1<sup>+</sup></u>
<u>16.9</u>	<u>2<sup>+</sup></u>
<u>16.6</u>	<u>2<sup>+</sup></u>

$T = 0 + 1$



# $^8\text{Be}$ intruders?



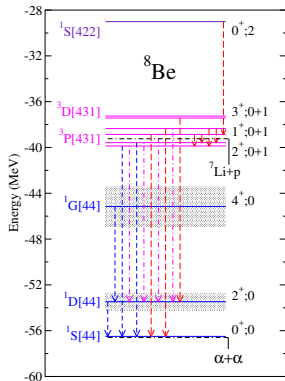
S. Hyldegaard. "Beta-decay studies of  $^8\text{Be}$  and  $^{12}\text{C}$ ". PhD thesis. Aarhus University, 2010  
 E. Caurier *et al.* *Physical Review C* 64 (2001), p. 051301  
 F. C. Barker *et al.* *Australian Journal of Physics* 21 (1968), p. 239

# ab initio

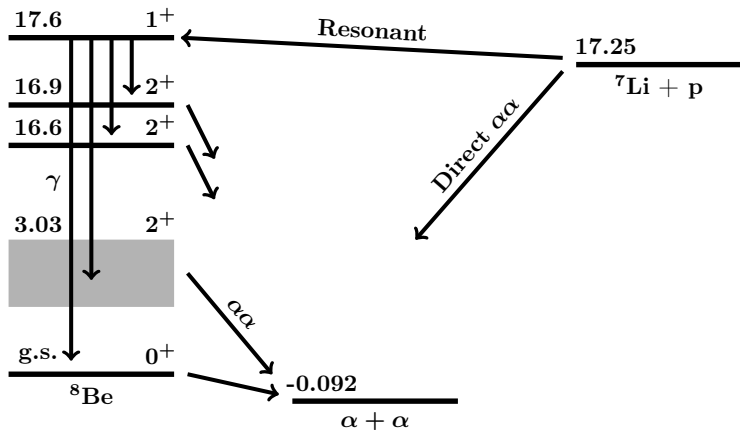
Quantum Monte Carlo  
calculations by Pastore et al.

Includes most transitions.

Isospin mixing “by hand”

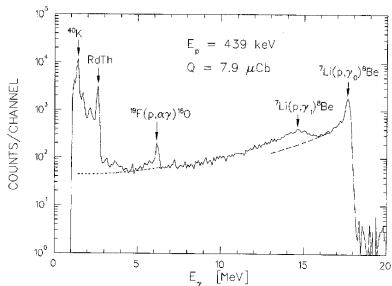


S. Pastore et al. *Physical Review C* 90 (2014), p. 024321

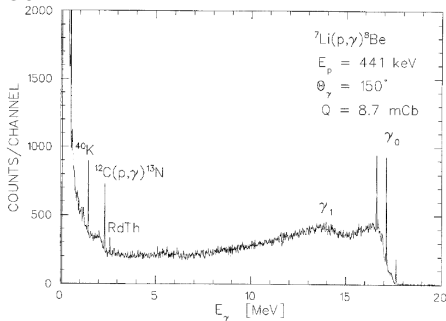
${}^7\text{Li}(p, \gamma)$ 

# Previous measurement of ${}^7\text{Li}(p,\gamma){}^8\text{Be}$

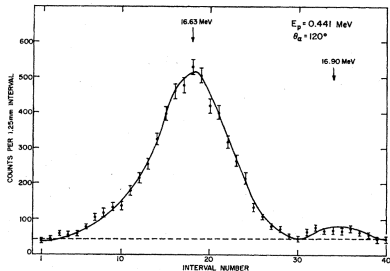
Nal



Ge



## Magnetic spectrometer



D. Zahnow et al. *Zeitschrift für Physik A* 351 (1995), pp. 229–236

W. E. Sweeney et al. *Physical Review* 182 (1969), pp. 1007–1021

## Problems:

- ▶ Non-trivial response function
- ▶ Poor resolution
- ▶ Limited range
- ▶ Background
- ▶ No interference

## Solution:

- ▶ Indirect  $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy

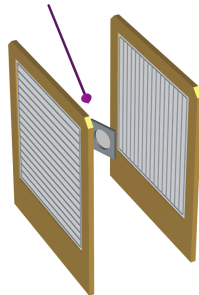
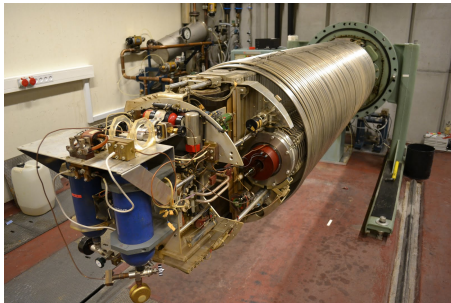
# Experiment

${}^3\text{H}^+$  beam by 5MV Van de Graaff accelerator  $\sim 1\text{nA}$

Two 5x5cm 16x16 Double Sided Silicon Strip Detectors

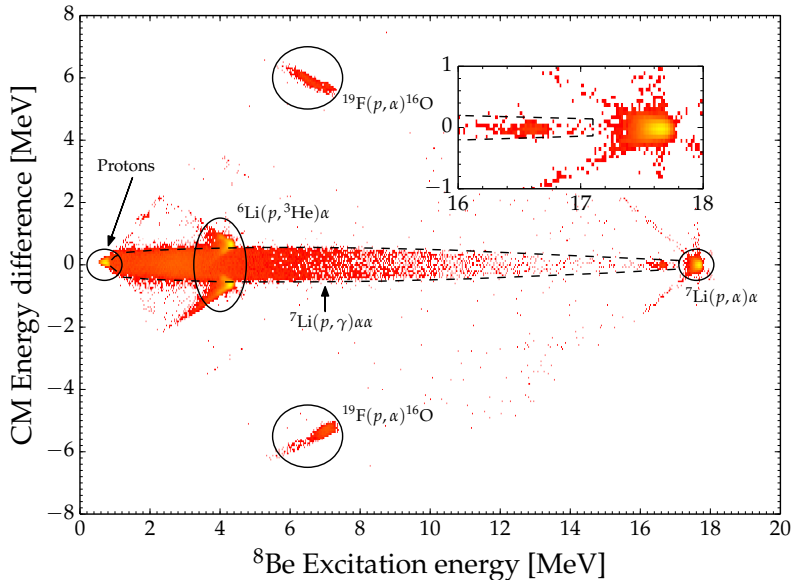
Detection: position, energy and time

Coincidences



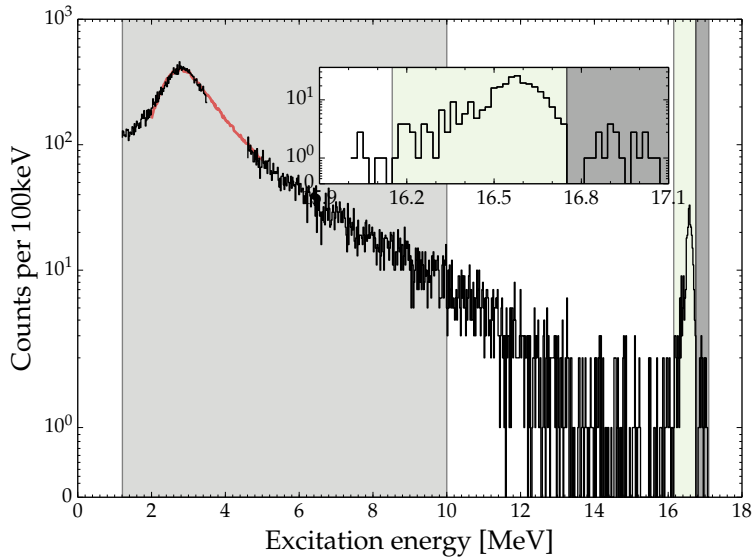


# Coincidences



# Spectrum

Determine widths by integration.

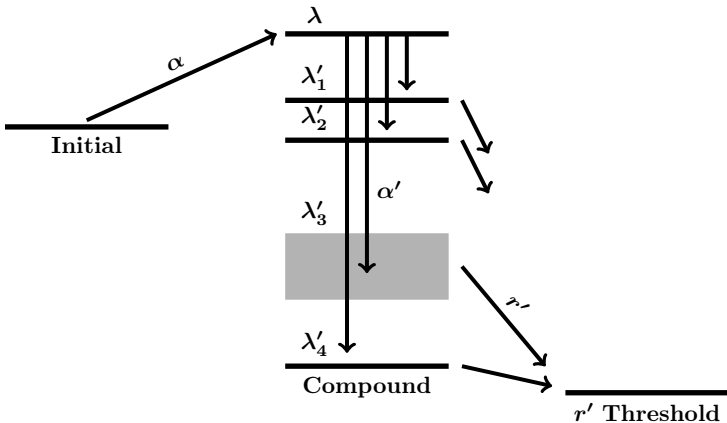


# R-matrix

$\beta$ -decay studies: “interference is important for  ${}^8\text{Be}$ ”.

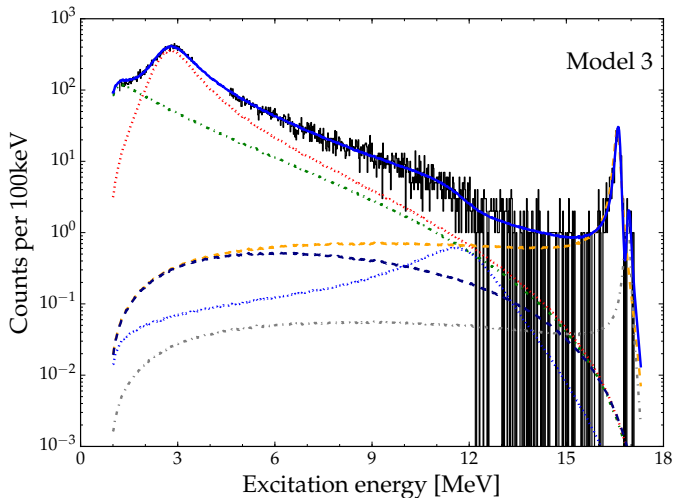
Sequential decay R-matrix expression.

(Expression in appendix)



# Model 3

Model 1 +  $2^+$  background pole +  $0^+$  intruder



## Conclusions

Parameter	Present	Lit.	GFMC	R-Mat.
$\Gamma_{0_1}$ (eV)	-	15.0(18)	12.0(3)	13.8(4)
$\Gamma_{2_1}$ (eV)	6.0(3)	6.7(13)	3.8(2)	5.01(11)
$\Gamma_{2_2}$ (meV)	35(3)	32(3)	29.7(3)	38(2)
$\Gamma_{2_3}$ (meV)	2.1(6)	1.3(3)	2.20(5)	1.6(5)

Evidence for  $0^+$  at 12.0(3) MeV with  $\Gamma_\alpha = 2.4(5)$  MeV and  $\Gamma_{M1} = 12(3)$  eV.

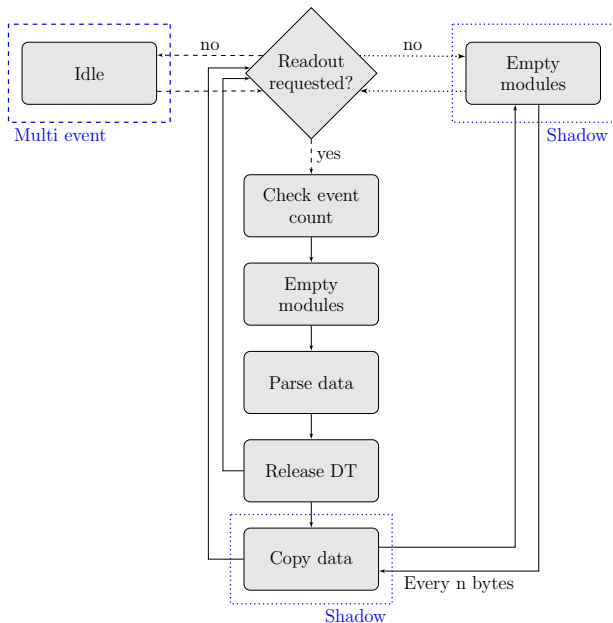
Insufficient comparison for “intermediary” region.

**Needs theoretical spectrum.**

GFMC discrepancy depends on  $1^+$  isospin mixing.

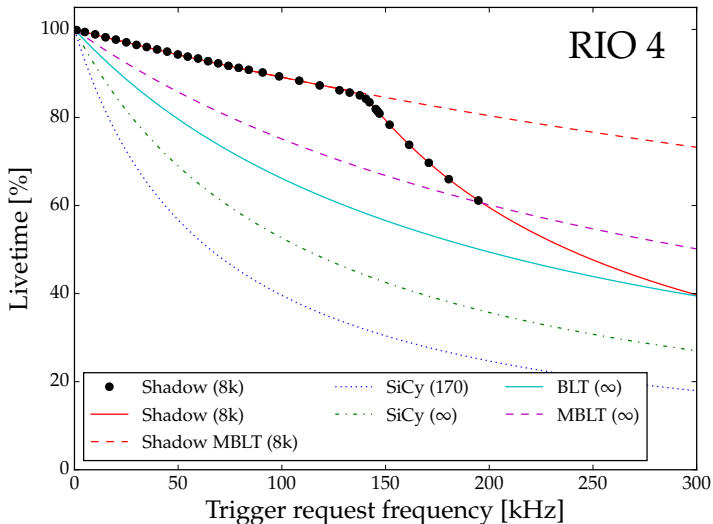
arXiv: 1802.10404

# Shadowed readout I

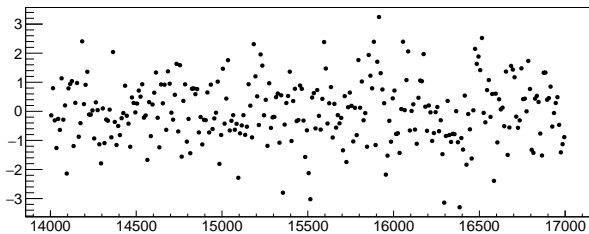
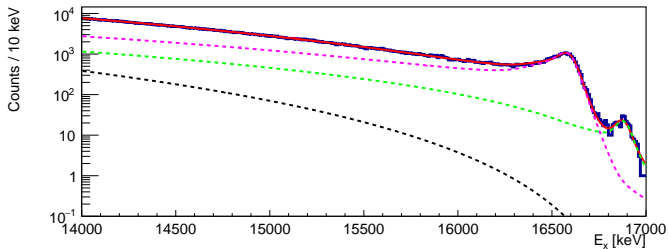


# Shadowed readout II

Collaboration with Haakan Johanson (Chalmers)



# Appendix 0: ${}^8\text{B}(\beta\alpha)$





## Appendix I: R-matrix expression

Proceeding via narrow resonance

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\alpha\alpha'}(E_2' r')}{dE_2'} = \frac{\pi}{k_a^2} \sum_{s\ell s'\ell'} g^J \frac{\Gamma_{\lambda c}^0 \delta\Gamma_{\lambda' c'}^0(E_2' r')}{(E_\lambda^0 - E)^2 + (\sum_{c_p} \Gamma_{c_p}^0/2)^2},$$

Density of states:

$$\delta\Gamma_{\lambda c'}^0(E_2' r') = \frac{2P_{c'} 2P_{r'}}{2\pi} \left| \sum_{\nu\mu} \tilde{\gamma}_{\lambda c'}(\nu) \tilde{\gamma}_{\mu r'} \tilde{A}_{\nu\mu} \right|^2$$

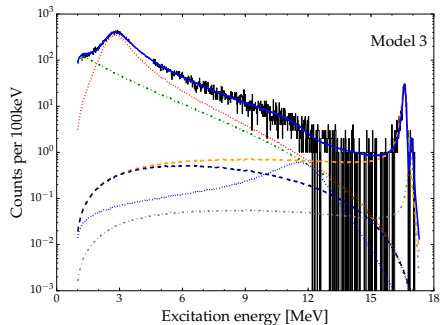
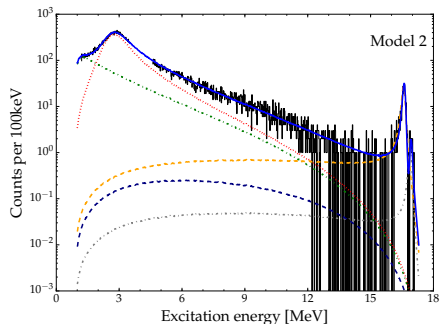
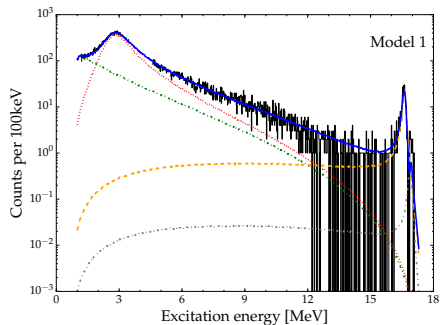
$\gamma$ -ray “penetrability”:

$$P_{c'} = E^{2L+1}$$

Observed widths:

$$\Gamma_{\lambda c'}^0(\lambda') = \int_{\lambda'} \delta\Gamma_{\lambda c'}^0(E_2' r') dE_2' \approx \frac{2P_{c'} \tilde{\gamma}_{\lambda c'}^2(\lambda')}{1 + \sum_c \tilde{\gamma}_{\lambda' c}^2 \frac{dS_c}{dE} \Big|_{\tilde{E}_{\lambda'}}}.$$

## Appendix II: Models



---  $0_1^+$     ---  $2_1^+$     ---  $2_3^+$     — Total  
---  $0_2^+$     ---  $2_2^+$     ---  $2_1^+$

# Appendix III: Numbers

Parameter	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
$E_{0_1}$ (keV)	[0]	[0]	[0]
$\gamma_{0_1 M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	4.35(5)	4.36(6)	[4.36]
$\Gamma_{0_1 M1}^0$ (eV)	13.7(3)	13.8(4)	[13.8]
$\gamma_{0_1 \alpha_0}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	[22.1]	[22.1]	[22.1]
$\Gamma_{0_1 \alpha_0}^0$ (eV)	[5.57]	[5.57]	[5.57]
$E_{0_2}$ (MeV)	-	-	12.0(3)
$\gamma_{0_2 M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	-	-	0.58(8)
$\Gamma_{0_2 M1}^0$ (eV)	-	-	12(3)
$\gamma_{0_2 \alpha_0}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	-	-	-15.2(15)
$\Gamma_{0_2 \alpha_0}^0$ (MeV)	-	-	2.4(5)

Parameter	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
$E_{2_1}$ (keV)	$3008^{+55}_{-9}$	2960(22)	2969(11)
$\gamma_{2_1, M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	3.31(3)	3.22(6)	3.13(3)
$\Gamma_{2_1, M1}^0$ (eV)	5.57(11)	5.3(2)	5.01(11)
$\gamma_{2_1, E2}$ ( $10^{-22} \times \text{eV}^{-3}$ )	-4.2(12)	-4(500)	0.9(592)
$\Gamma_{2_1, E2}^0$ (meV)	1.9(12)	< 10 meV	< 1 meV
$\gamma_{2_1, \alpha_2}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	$-29.9^{+0.3}_{-1.5}$	-29.3(5)	28.6(3)
$\Gamma_{2_1, \alpha_2}^0$ (MeV)	1701(27)	1601(45)	1546(25)
$E_{2_2}$ (keV)	16 629(11)	16 588(5)	16 590(5)
$\gamma_{2_2, M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	11.6(7)	12.7(4)	12.9(4)
$\Gamma_{2_2, M1}^0$ (meV)	27.9(17)	38(2)	38(2)
$\gamma_{2_2, \alpha_2}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	[3.1]	[3.1]	[3.1]
$\Gamma_{2_2, \alpha_2}^0$ (keV)	[108]	[108]	[108]
$E_{2_3}$ (keV)	[16922]	16 912(25)	16 910(23)
$\gamma_{2_3, M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	$3.2^{+1.7}_{-0.9}$	4.3(8)	4.5(7)
$\Gamma_{2_3, M1}^0$ (meV)	0.8(8)	1.4(5)	1.6(5)
$\gamma_{2_3, \alpha_2}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	[2.2]	[2.2]	[2.2]
$\Gamma_{2_3, \alpha_2}^0$ (keV)	[74]	[74]	[74]
$E_{2_4}$ (MeV)	-	24(3)	[24]
$\gamma_{2_4, M1}$ ( $10^{-11} \times \text{eV}^{-1}$ )	-	-1.1(2)	-1.8(2)
$\Gamma_{2_4, M1}^0$ (meV)	-	57(20)	160(40)
$\gamma_{2_4, \alpha_2}$ ( $\sqrt{\text{keV}}$ )	-	38(7)	35.9(18)
$\Gamma_{2_4, \alpha_2}^0$ (MeV)	-	20(8)	18.0(18)
$\chi^2/\text{ndf}$	878/735	838/731	808/730
$P$ (%)	0.02	0.36	2.3

## Appendix IV: Resonance scan

Yield of  $2\alpha$  between 2 and 3MeV.

