

BSM Higgs: Theory Status II

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CERN

18 June 2018

Workshop on the physics of HL-LHC,
and perspectives at HE-LHC

CERN



Outline

- Summary of Higgs related contributions in the BSM session
- ALPs at the HL-LHC and HE-LHC

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Testing compositeness of 2HDM

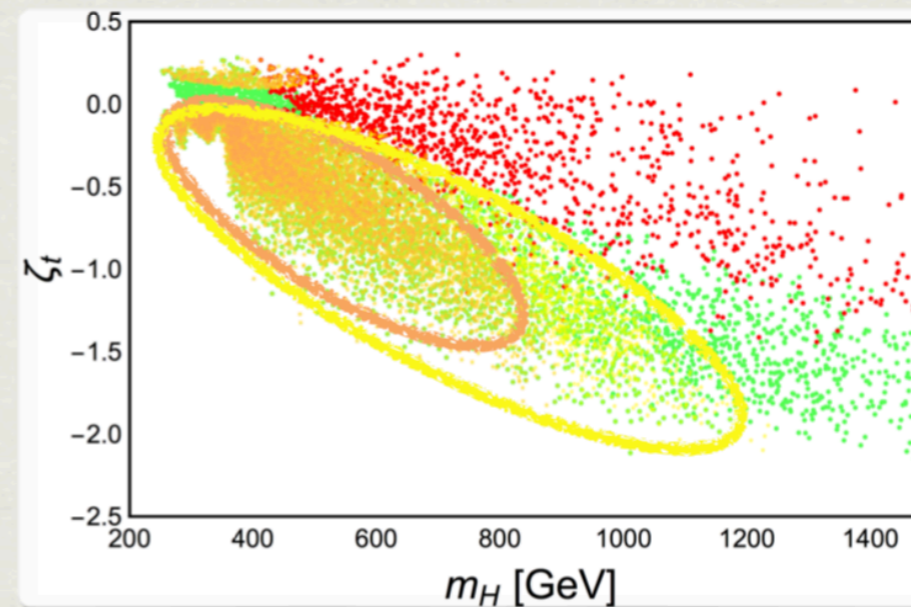
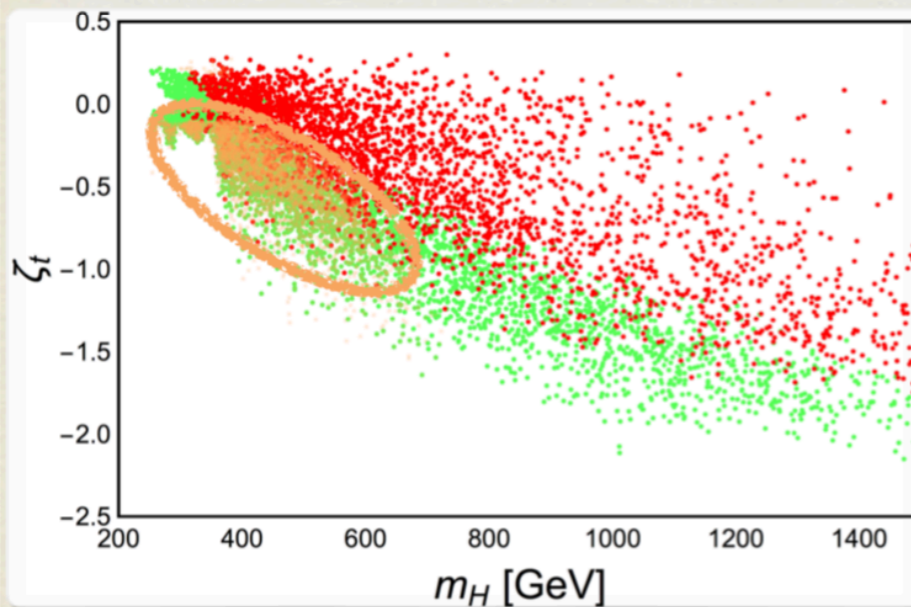
interplay between indirect and direct searches

$$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$$

see talk by
Luigi Delle Rose

end of Run 3

HL-LHC and HE-LHC



PRELIMINARY

colour legend:

- **green:** points that pass present constraints at 13 TeV
- **red:** points that have κ_V , κ_γ and κ_g within 95% CL projected uncertainty at $L = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (left) and $L = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (right) (arXiv:1307.7135)
- **orange:** points that are 95% CL excluded by direct search at $L = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (left) and $L = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (right) (CMS PAS HIG-17-008)
- **yellow:** points that are 95% CL excluded by direct search at the HE-LHC (right)

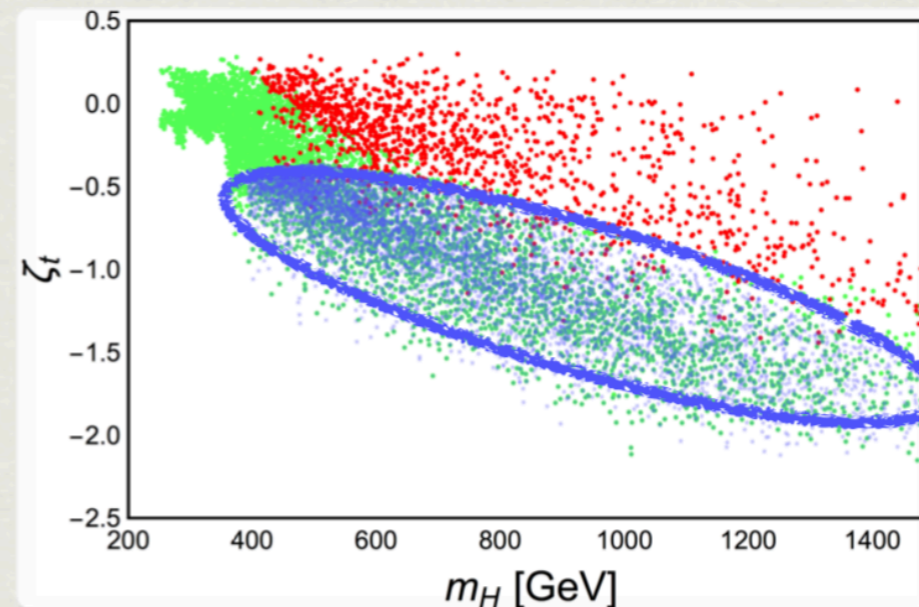
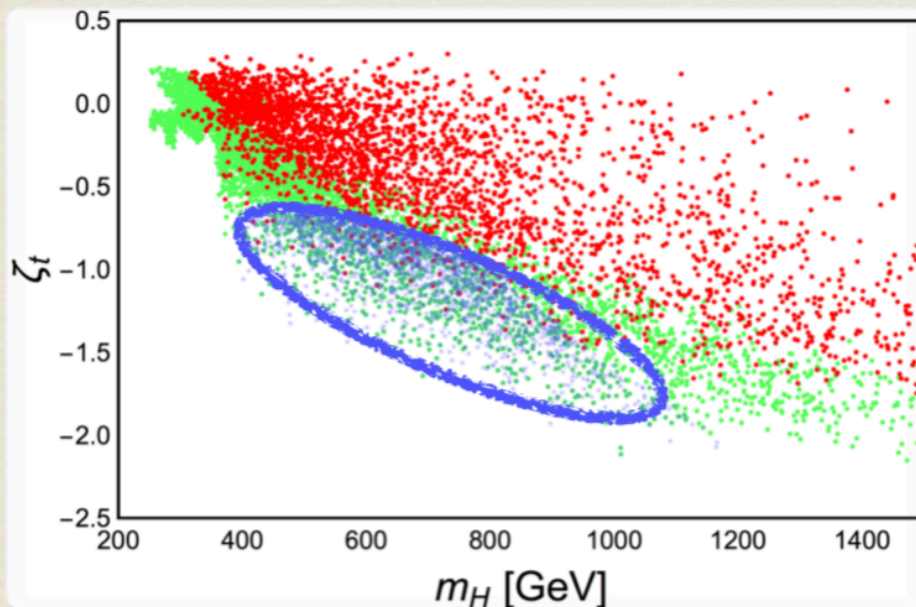
Testing compositeness of 2HDM

interplay between indirect and direct searches
 $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow tt$ (semileptonic)

see talk by
Luigi Delle Rose

end of Run 3

HL-LHC



PRELIMINARY

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- **blue:** points that are 95% CL excluded by direct search at $L = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (left) and $L = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (right) (arXiv:1804.10823)

2HDM with $U(1)$ gauge symmetries

- Sensitivity in di-lepton searches

Model	13 TeV, 36 fb ⁻¹	13 TeV, 300 fb ⁻¹	13 TeV, 3000 fb ⁻¹	27 TeV, 300 fb ⁻¹	27 TeV, 3000 fb ⁻¹
$U(1)_A$	2.2 TeV	3.07 TeV	4.09 TeV	5.02 TeV	7.03 TeV
$U(1)_B$	2.2 TeV	3.07 TeV	4.09 TeV	5.02 TeV	7.03 TeV
$U(1)_C$	1.6 TeV	2.37 TeV	3.34 TeV	3.73 TeV	5.54 TeV
$U(1)_D$	3.5 TeV	4.45 TeV	5.46 TeV	7.76 TeV	9.89 TeV
$U(1)_E$	2.3 TeV	3.18 TeV	4.21 TeV	5.24 TeV	7.27 TeV
$U(1)_F$	3.6 TeV	4.55 TeV	5.56 TeV	7.97 TeV	10.09 TeV
$U(1)_G$	1.1 TeV	1.73 TeV	2.60 TeV	2.62 TeV	4.16 TeV
$U(1)_{B-L}$	2 TeV	2.84 TeV	3.85 TeV	4.60 TeV	6.55 TeV

Table 18: HL-LHC and HE-LHC projected sensitivities for all $U(1)_X$ models studied in this work using dilepton data at 13 TeV and 27 TeV of CM energy and for $\mathcal{L} = 36, 300$ and 3000 fb^{-1} . Here, $g_X = 0.1$.

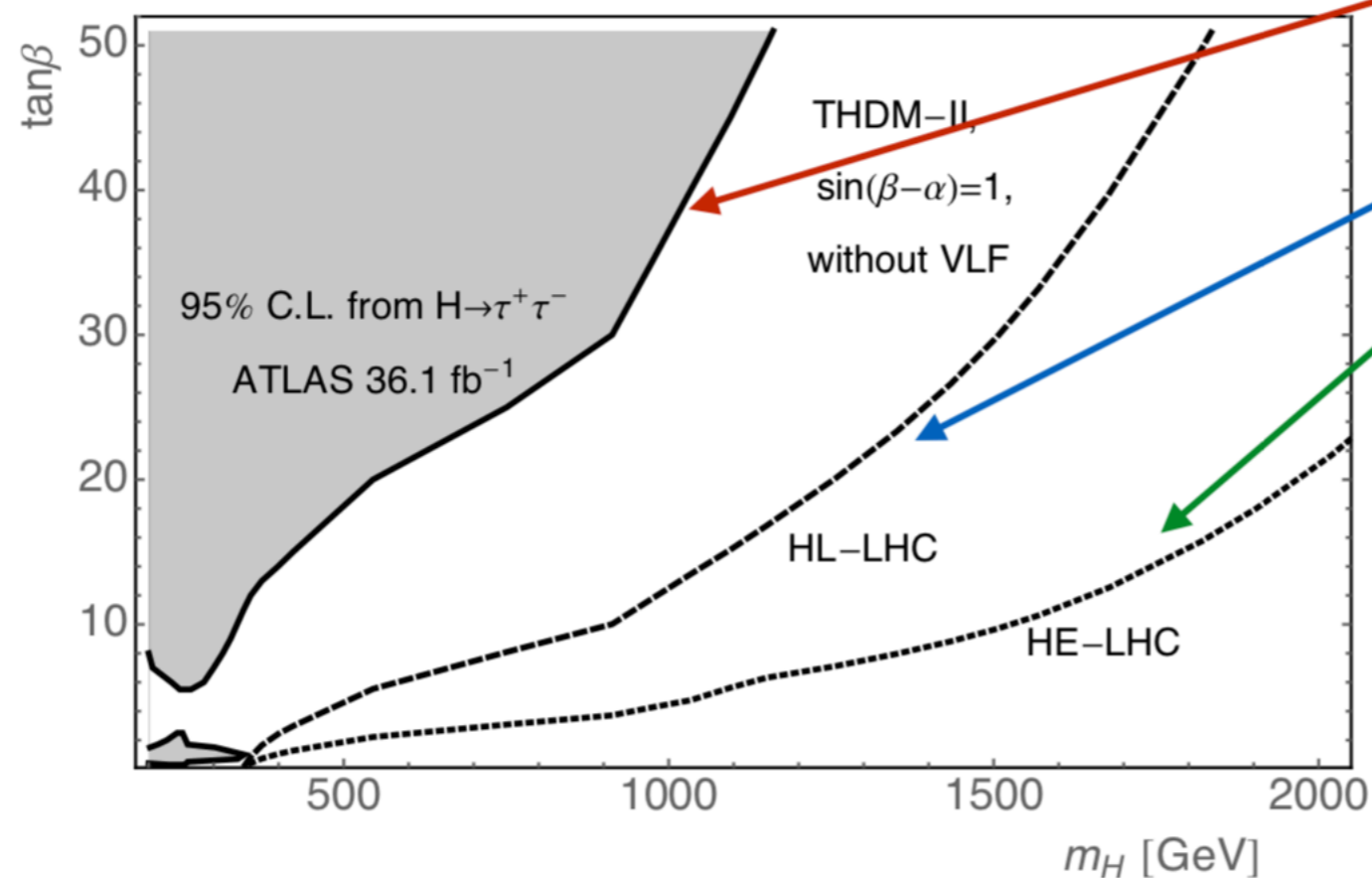
*work by D. Camargo, L. Delle
Rose, S. Moretti, F. Queiroz*

Extended Higgs and matter sector

see talk by
Radovan Dermisek

Heavy Higgses

- fairly large production rates
- hard to search for final states $H \rightarrow t\bar{t}, b\bar{b}, \tau\tau, \gamma\gamma$



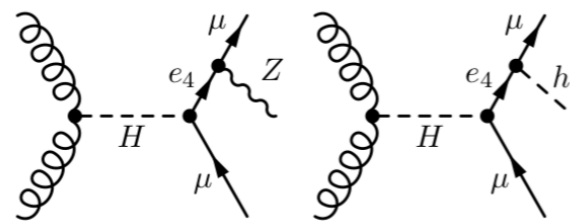
projected limits at
HL-LHC
and
HE-LHC
obtained by simple
rescaling of luminosities
and production cross
sections (assuming signal
and background scales
the same) and everything
else as in the current
ATLAS analysis

Extended Higgs and matter sector

Sensitivity to $H \rightarrow h\mu\mu, Z\mu\mu$ at HL/HE-LHC

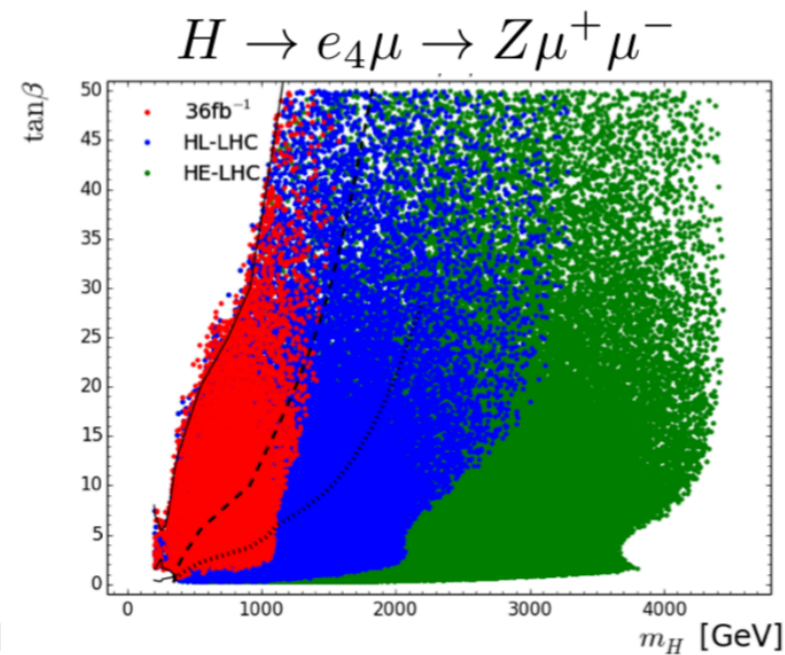
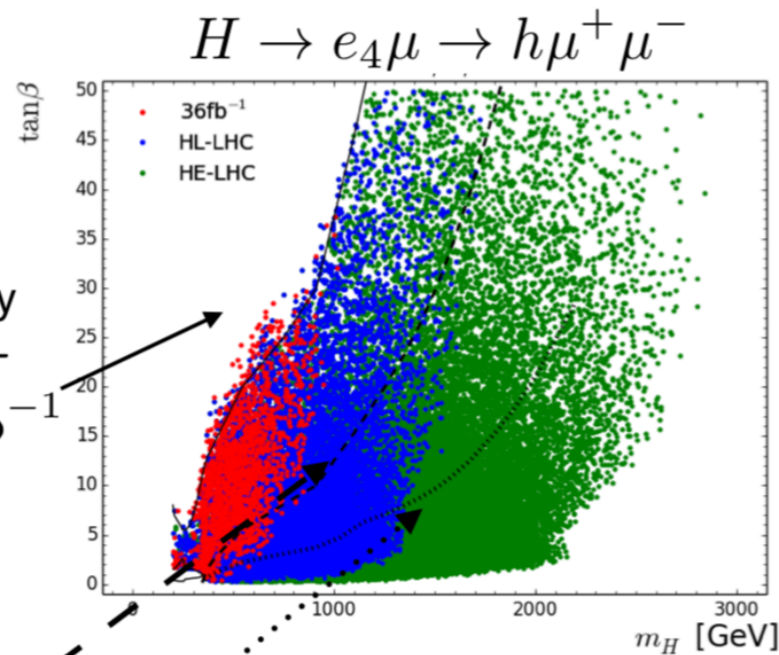
see talk by
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Scenarios satisfying all the limits that can be seen at 95% C.L.:



excluded by
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
with 36 fb^{-1}

projected
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
at HL-LHC and at HE-LHC



HL(HE)-LHC sensitive to heavy Higgses up to $\sim 3(4.5)$ TeV

Dark photons via Higgs bosons

$$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\bar{\gamma}$$

- Discovery and exclusion reach

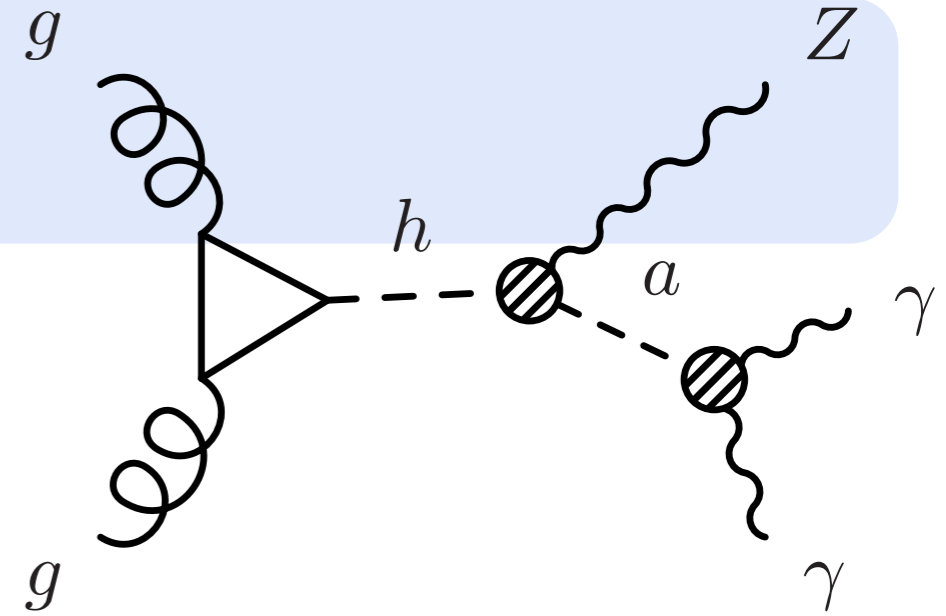
BR _{$\gamma\bar{\gamma}$} (%)	3 ab ⁻¹ @ 14 TeV		15 ab ⁻¹ @ 27 TeV	
	2 σ	5 σ	2 σ	5 σ
significance				
CMS inspired	0.012	0.030	0.0052	0.013
jet veto in $ \eta^j < 4.5$	0.020	0.051	0.021	0.053

*work by S. Biswas, E. Gabrielli,
M. Heikinheimo, B. Mele*

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with Martin Bauer and Matthias Neubert

based on arXiv:1610.00009, 1704.08207, 1708.00443
and work in progress

Motivation

- Pseudo-scalars in many extensions of the SM
 - ♦ QCD axion - solution to strong CP-problem
 - ♦ Nambu-Goldstone bosons of a broken symmetry
 - ♦ mediators to the dark sector
 - ♦ explanations of various anomalies
- Good reason to study them!
- Large regions of parameter space already probed by many different experiments
- We add a region that can be probed through exotic Higgs decays in run 2 of LHC and at future colliders

Effective Lagrangian

- Interactions at dimension-5

[Weinberg: PRL 40 (1978) 223]

[Wilczek: PRL 40 (1978) 279]

[Georgi, Kaplan, Randall: Phys. Lett. 169 B (1986)]

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{D \leq 5} = & \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu a)(\partial^\mu a) + \sum_f \frac{c_{ff}}{2} \frac{\partial^\mu a}{\Lambda} \bar{f} \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 f + g_s^2 C_{GG} \frac{a}{\Lambda} G_{\mu\nu}^A \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu, A} \\ & + e^2 C_{\gamma\gamma} \frac{a}{\Lambda} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{2e^2}{s_w c_w} C_{\gamma Z} \frac{a}{\Lambda} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{e^2}{s_w^2 c_w^2} C_{ZZ} \frac{a}{\Lambda} Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu}\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda &= 4\pi f \\ C_{VV} &= \bar{C}_{VV}/4\pi \\ f &= -2\bar{C}_{GG} f_a \end{aligned}$$

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- Decay into photons, leptons, hadrons

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- Decay into photons, leptons, hadrons
- Higgs interactions at dimension-6 and 7

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda &= 4\pi f \\ C_{VV} &= \bar{C}_{VV}/4\pi \\ f &= -2\bar{C}_{GG} f_a \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{D \geq 6} = \frac{C_{ah}}{\Lambda^2} (\partial_\mu a)(\partial^\mu a) \phi^\dagger \phi + \frac{C_{Zh}^{(7)}}{\Lambda^3} (\partial^\mu a) (\phi^\dagger iD_\mu \phi + \text{h.c.}) \phi^\dagger \phi + \dots$$

Effective Lagrangian

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$$h \rightarrow aa$$

$$h \rightarrow Za$$

[Dobrescu, Landsberg, Matchev: 0005308]

[Dobrescu, Matchev: 0008192]

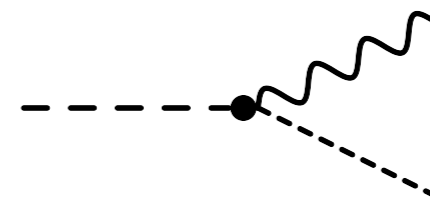
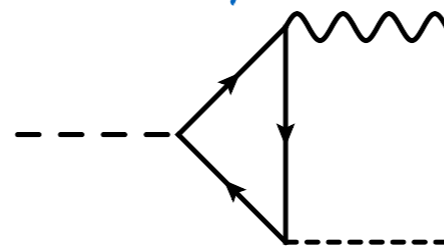
[Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: 1607.01016]

Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow Za$

- Contributions

$$\Gamma(h \rightarrow Za) = \frac{m_h^3}{16\pi\Lambda^2} \left| C_{Zh}^{(5)} - \frac{N_c y_t^2}{8\pi^2} T_3^t c_{tt} F + \frac{v^2}{2\Lambda^2} C_{Zh}^{(7)} \right|^2 \lambda^{3/2} \left(\frac{m_Z^2}{m_h^2}, \frac{m_a^2}{m_h^2} \right)$$

$\frac{(\partial^\mu a)}{\Lambda} (\phi^\dagger iD_\mu \phi + \text{h.c.})$
 Vanishes through EOM

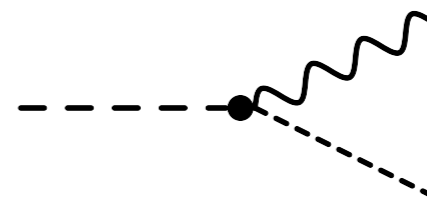
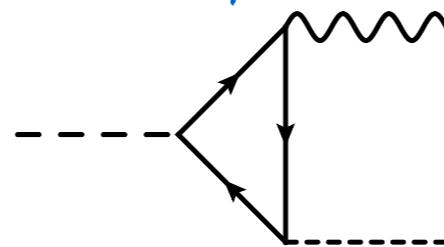


Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow Z a$

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 Vanishes through EOM



Non-polynomial operator for models with new heavy particles whose mass arises from EWSB

$$\frac{(\partial^\mu a)}{\Lambda} (\phi^\dagger iD_\mu \phi + \text{h.c.}) \ln \frac{\phi^\dagger \phi}{\mu^2}$$

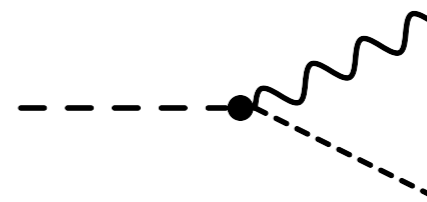
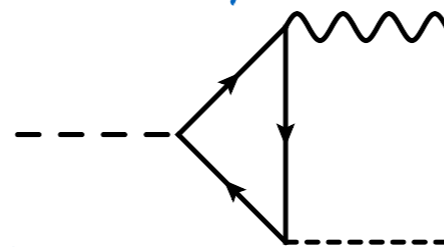
[Pierce, Thaler, Wang: 0609049]
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 [Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: 1610.00009]

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[Pierce, Thaler, Wang: 0609049]
 [Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: 1607.01016]
 [Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: 1610.00009]

- Numerically

$$C_{Zh}^{\text{eff}} \approx C_{Zh}^{(5)} - 0.016 c_{tt} + 0.030 C_{Zh}^{(7)} \left[\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right]^2$$

Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow Za$

- Current upper limit $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow \text{BSM}) < 0.34$

[ATLAS and CMS:1606.02266]

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- For $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow Za) = 0.1$ need $|C_{Zh}|/\Lambda \approx 0.34 \text{ TeV}^{-1}$
- From top loop and dim-7: $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow Za) = \mathcal{O}(10^{-3})$

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- Interesting final states

- ◆ $h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow Z\gamma\gamma$

- ◆ $h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow Zll$

- ◆ $h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow Z 2jets$

- ◆ $h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow Z + \text{invisible}$

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- All these modes can be reconstructed at run II

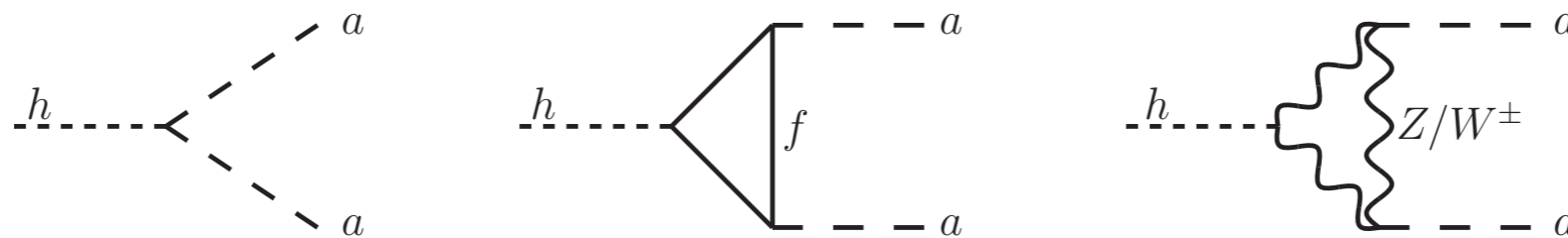
Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow aa$

- Dim-6 Higgs portal and loop diagrams

[Dobrescu, Landsberg, Matchev: 0005308]

[Dobrescu, Matchev: 0008192]

[Chang, Fox, Weiner: 0608310]



$$C_{ah}^{\text{eff}} = C_{ah}(\mu) + \frac{N_c y_t^2}{4\pi^2} c_{tt}^2 \left[\ln \frac{\mu^2}{m_t^2} - g_1(\tau_{t/h}) \right] - \frac{3\alpha}{2\pi s_w^2} (g^2 C_{WW})^2 \left[\ln \frac{\mu^2}{m_W^2} + \delta_1 - g_2(\tau_{W/h}) \right]$$

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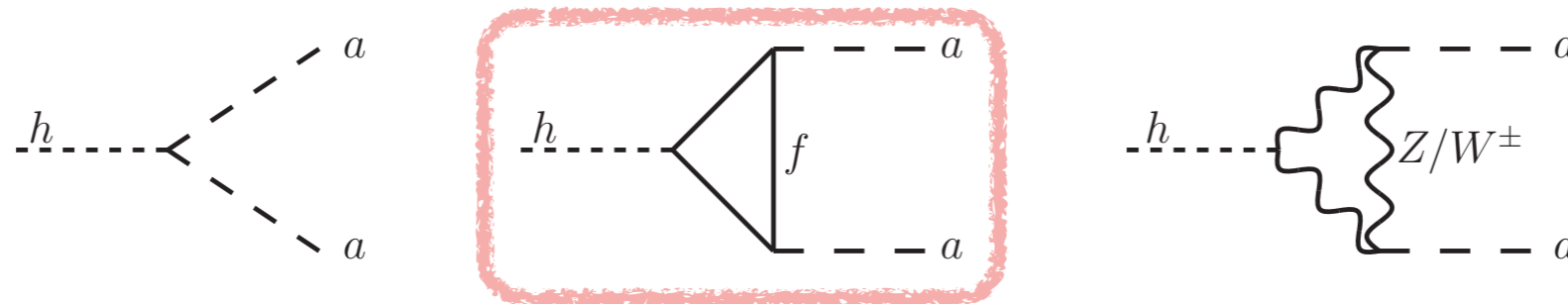
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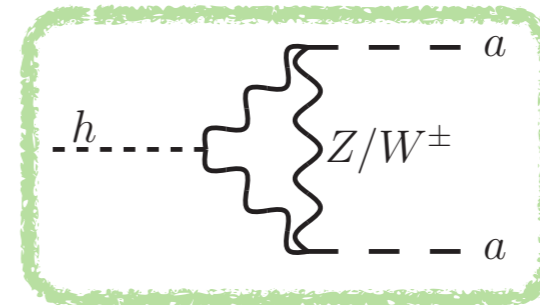
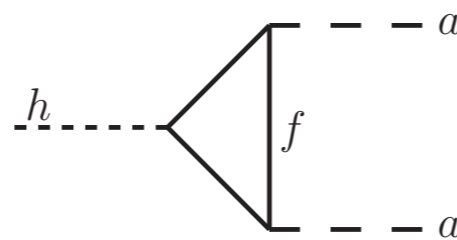
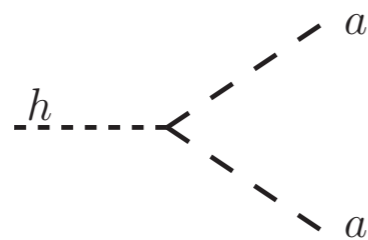
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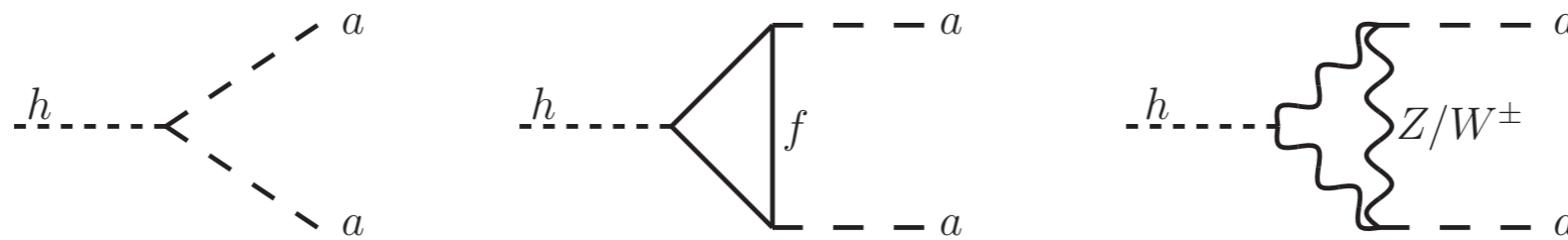
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[Dobrescu, Landsberg, Matchev: 0005308]

[Dobrescu, Matchev: 0008192]

[Chang, Fox, Weiner: 0608310]



$$C_{ah}^{\text{eff}} = C_{ah}(\mu) + \frac{N_c y_t^2}{4\pi^2} c_{tt}^2 \left[\ln \frac{\mu^2}{m_t^2} - g_1(\tau_{t/h}) \right] - \frac{3\alpha}{2\pi s_w^2} (g^2 C_{WW})^2 \left[\ln \frac{\mu^2}{m_W^2} + \delta_1 - g_2(\tau_{W/h}) \right]$$

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$$C_{ah}^{\text{eff}} \approx C_{ah}(\Lambda) + 0.173 c_{tt}^2 - 0.0025 (C_{WW}^2 + C_{ZZ}^2)$$

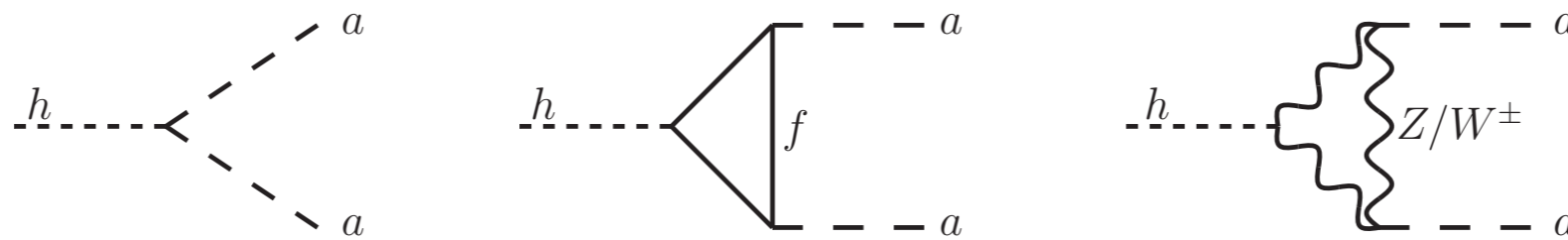
Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow aa$

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$$\Gamma(h \rightarrow aa) = \frac{v^2 m_h^3}{32\pi \Lambda^4} |C_{ah}^{\text{eff}}|^2 \left(1 - \frac{2m_a^2}{m_h^2} \right)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_a^2}{m_h^2}}$$

Exotic Higgs Decays $h \rightarrow aa$

- Current upper limit $\text{Br}(h \rightarrow \text{BSM}) < 0.34$

[ATLAS and CMS:1606.02266]

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- Interesting final states

◆ $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$

◆ $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\text{jets}$

◆ $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow l^+l^-l^+l^-$

◆ $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow \text{invisible}$

- All these modes can be reconstructed at run II

Detecting ALPs in $h \rightarrow Za$

- Average decay length perpendicular to beam axis

$$L_a^\perp(\theta) = \sin \theta \frac{\beta_a \gamma_a}{\Gamma_a} = \sin \theta \sqrt{\gamma_a^2 - 1} \frac{\text{Br}(a \rightarrow X\bar{X})}{\Gamma(a \rightarrow X\bar{X})}$$

- Fraction of ALPs decaying before travelling a certain distance

$$f_{\text{det}} = \int_0^{\pi/2} d\theta \sin \theta \left(1 - e^{-L_{\text{det}}/L_a^\perp(\theta)} \right)$$

Decay into photons
before EM calorimeter

$$L_{\text{det}} = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

Decay into electrons
before inner tracker

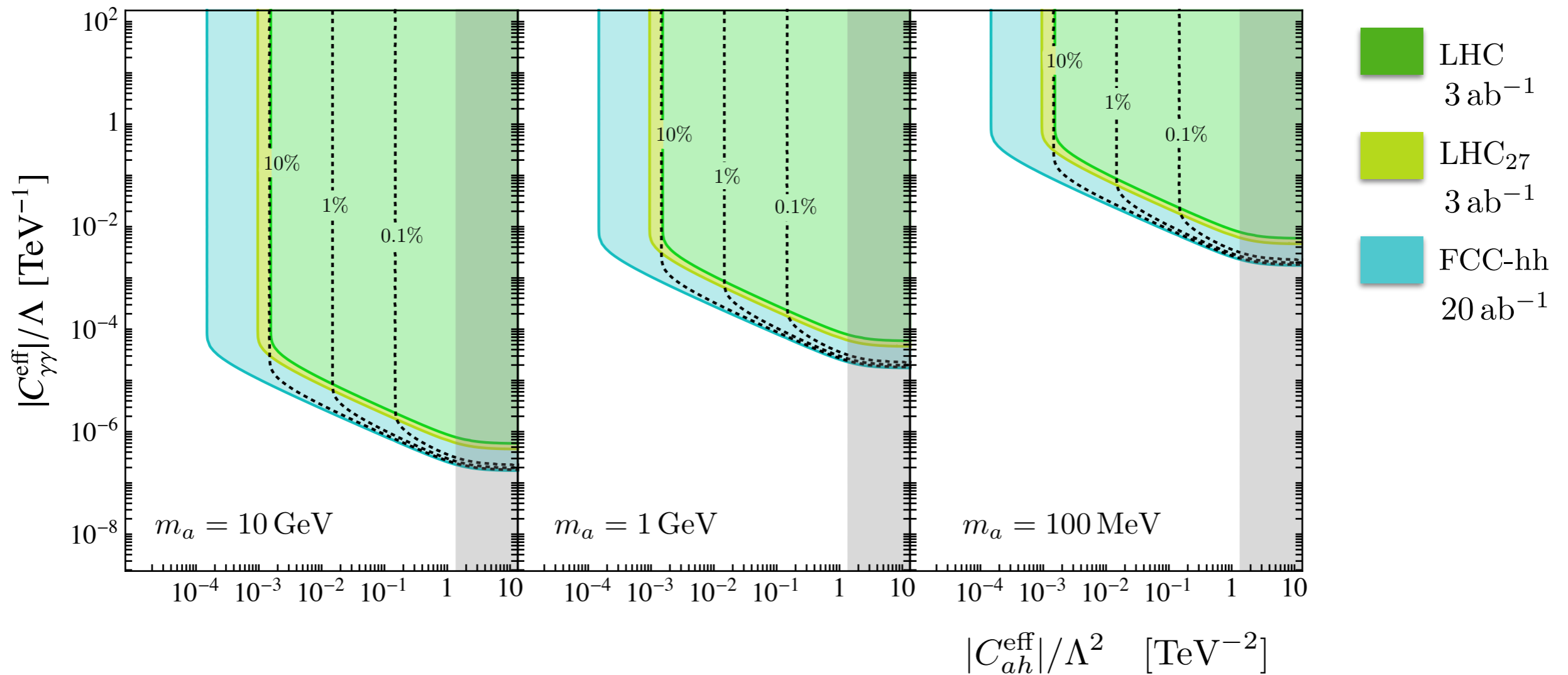
$$L_{\text{det}} = 2 \text{ cm}$$

- Effective branching ratios

$$\text{Br}(h \rightarrow Za \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X\bar{X})|_{\text{eff}} = \text{Br}(h \rightarrow Za) \times \text{Br}(a \rightarrow X\bar{X}) f_{\text{dec}} \text{Br}(Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-)$$

Exclusion at future colliders

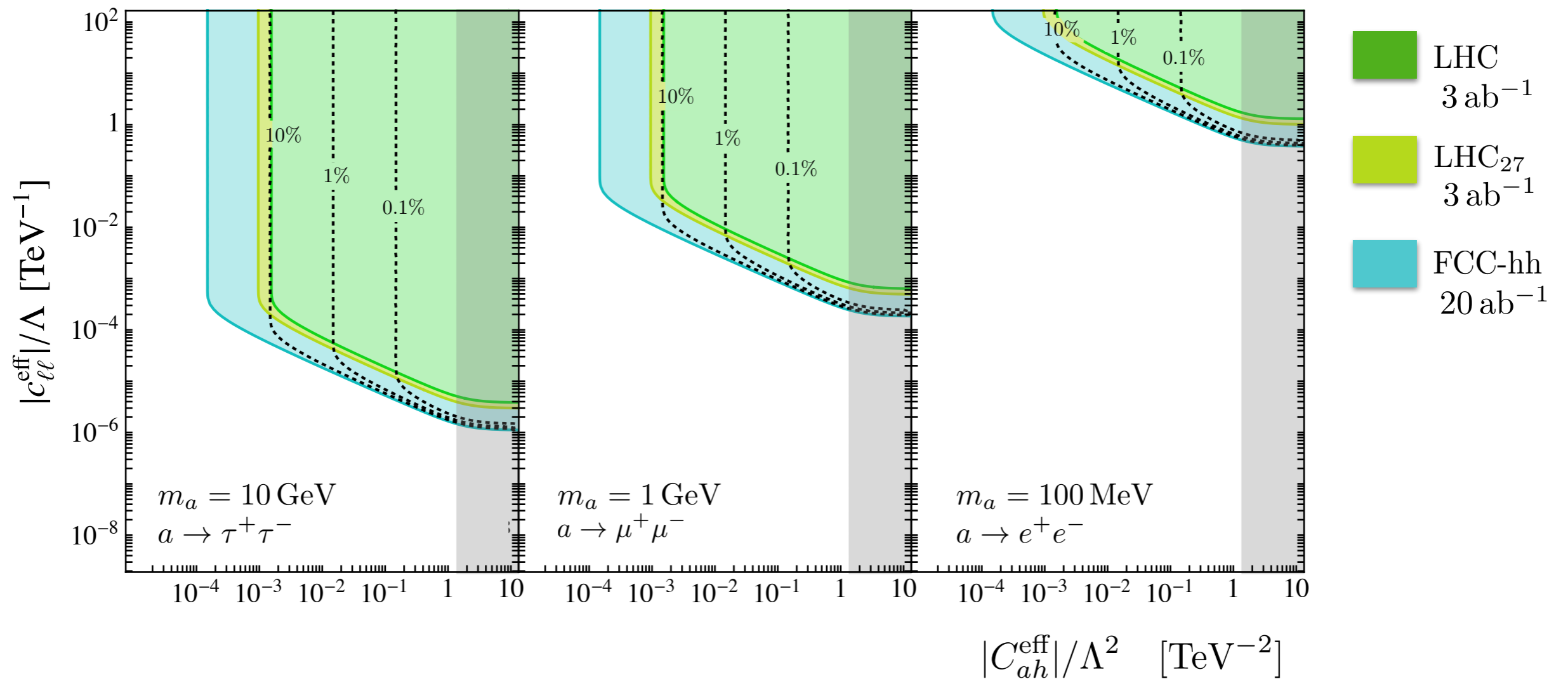
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[Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: to appear]

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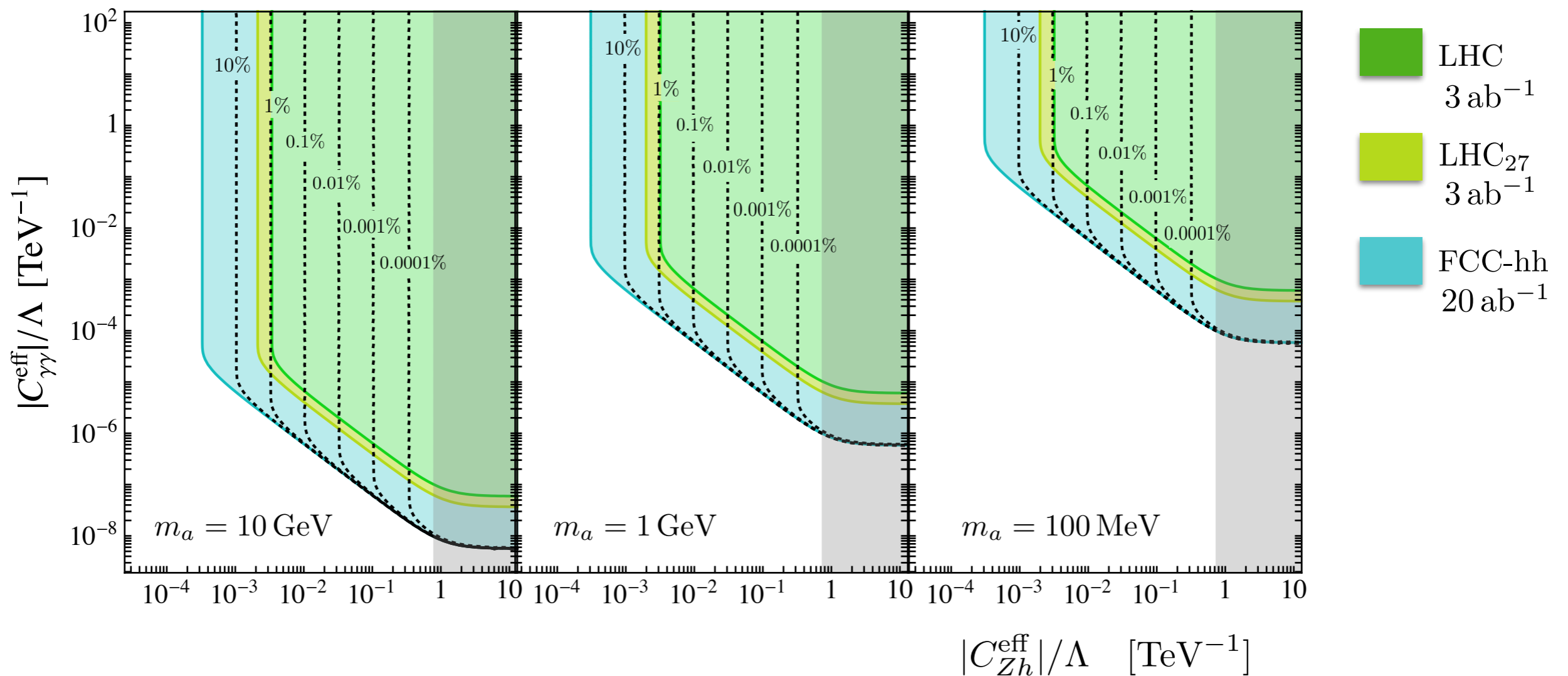
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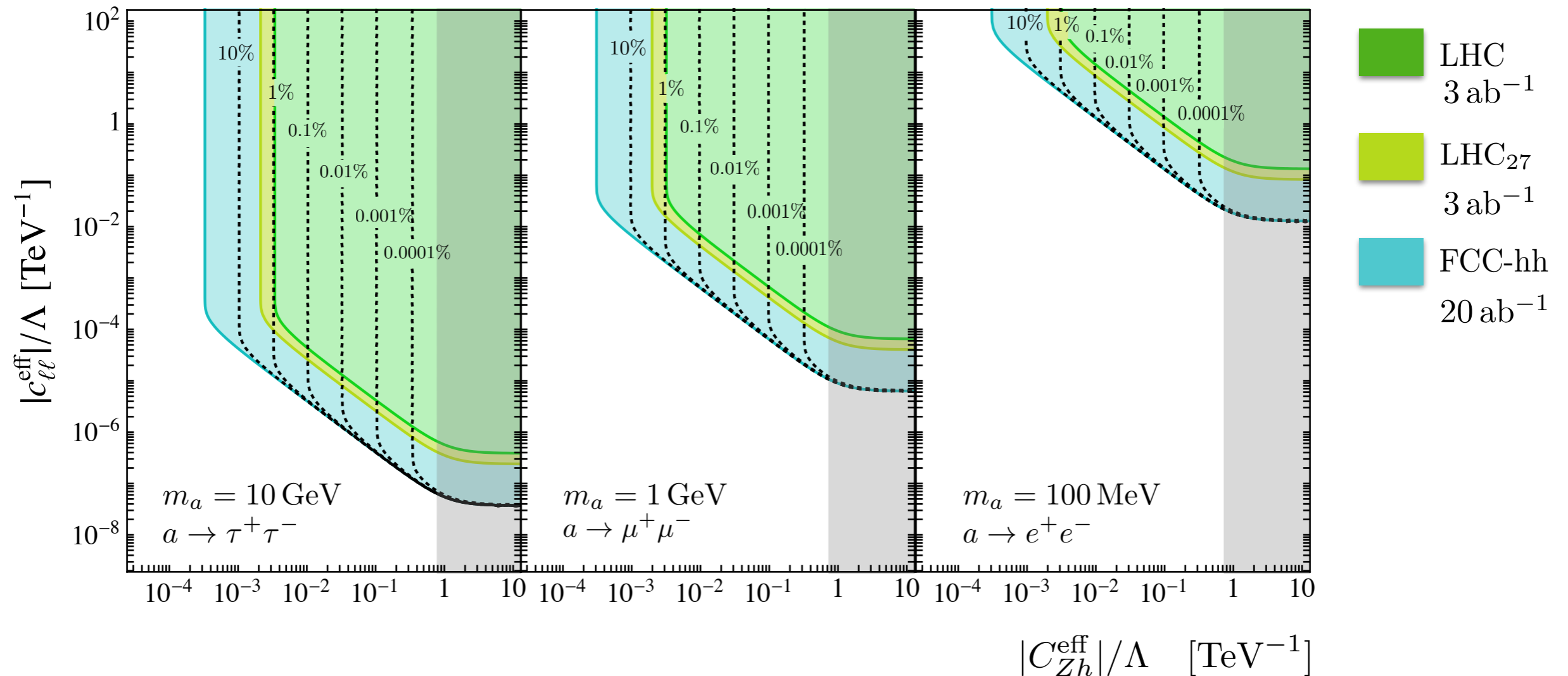
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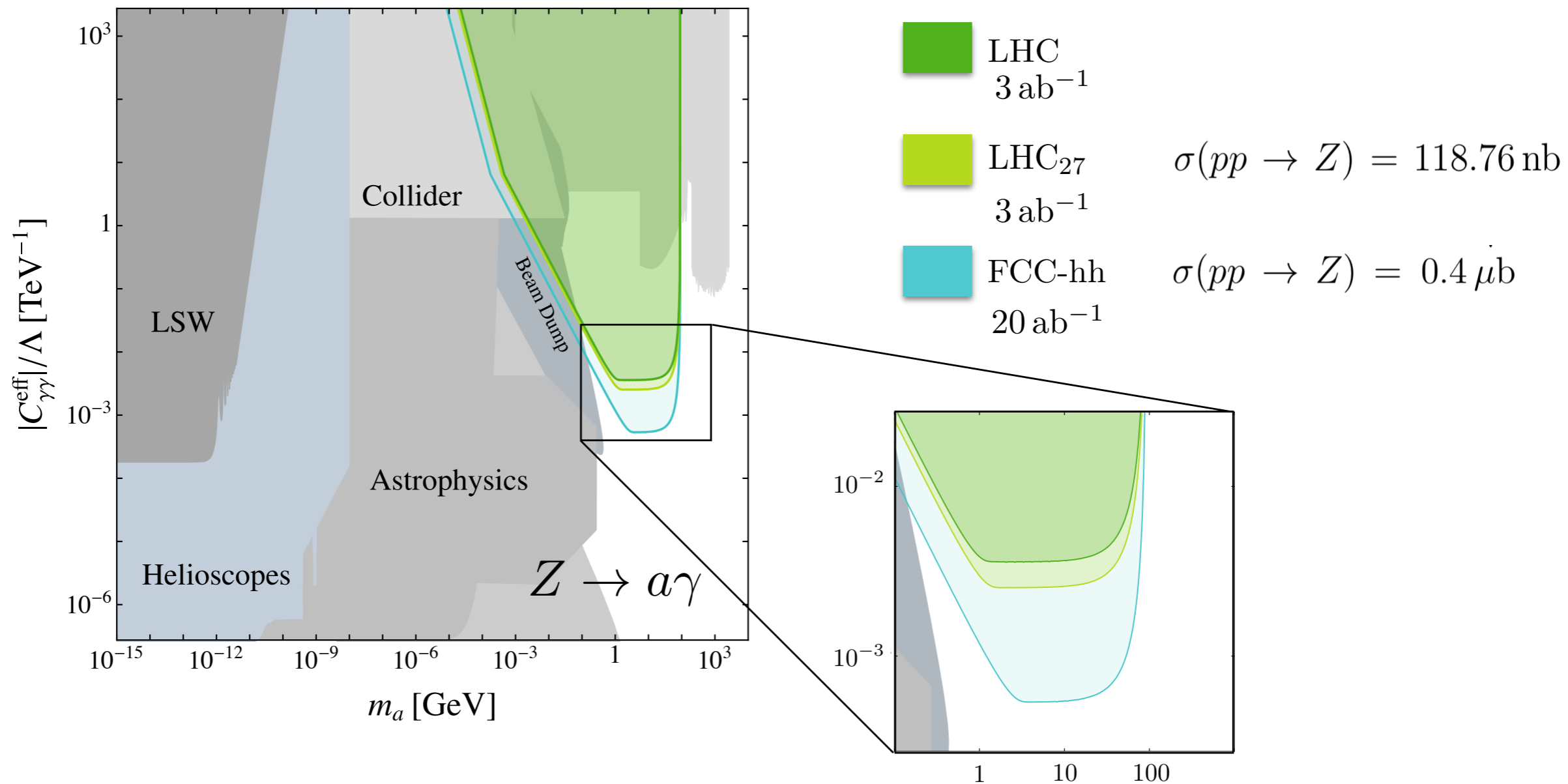
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[Bauer, Neubert, Thamm: to appear]

Exclusion at future colliders

- Current bounds on $Z \rightarrow \gamma a$
- Improvement by factor 1.5



Conclusions

- Rare Higgs decays provide a powerful way to probe the existence of ALPs with masses between 30 MeV and 60 GeV
- Future colliders very promising!