



JSPS



# Studying parton correlations via double parton scatterings in associated quarkonium production at the LHC and the Tevatron

Nodoka Yamanaka  
(IPN Orsay)

In collaboration with

J.-P. Lansberg (IPN Orsay), H.-S. Shao (LPTHE Paris),  
and Y.-J. Zhang (Beihang Univ.)

2018/07/07  
ICHEP2018  
COEX, Seoul

# Motivations for associated quarkonium production studies

The study of quarkonium production has been proposed to probe perturbative and nonperturbative properties of QCD.

J/ $\psi$ +W was proposed as a golden channel to probe the color octet contribution and thus to test NRQCD

V. D. Barger et al., PLB 371 (1996) 111

J/ $\psi$ +J/ $\psi$  production could be the key process to study the double parton scattering (DPS)

Motivation for BSM search:

Y+W could be a decay channel of a charged Higgs boson

J. A. Grifols, J. F. Gunion, A. Mendez. Phys. Lett. B 197 (1987) 266.

DPS becomes important in high  $\sqrt{s}$  collision :

⇒ Important background in multi-particle final states

Recent experimental progress:

ATLAS observed J/ $\psi$ +W and J/ $\psi$ +Z

ATLAS Coll. (J- $\psi$  Z) Eur.Phys.J. C 75 (2015) 229; (J- $\psi$  W) JHEP 1404 (2014) 172

CMS & ATLAS data of di-J/ $\Psi$  in conflict with NRQCD (color singlet model)

CMS Collaboration, JHEP 1409 (2014) 094.

# *Quarkonium+vector boson production*

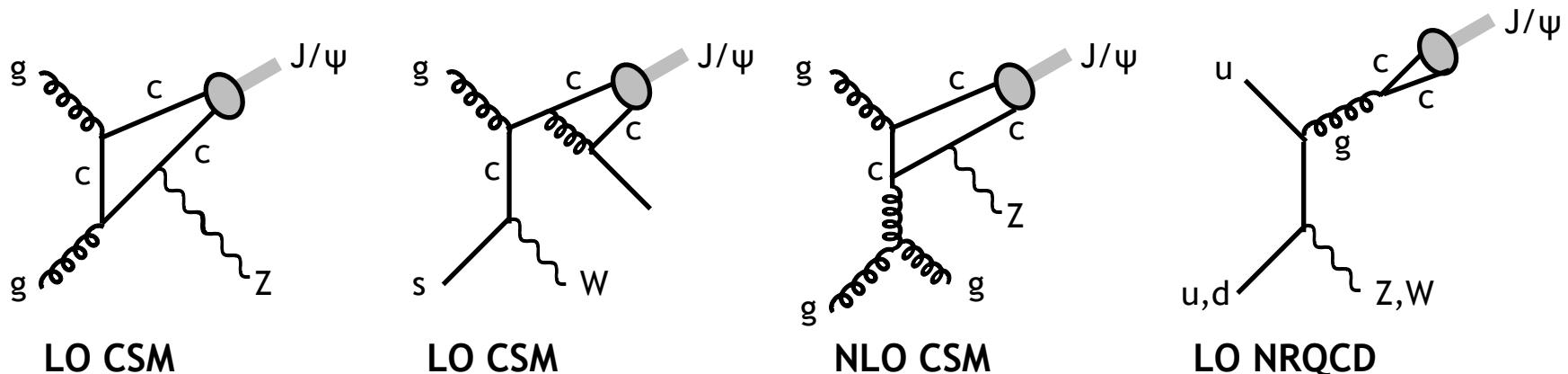
Theoretical computations were carried out up to NLO in  $\alpha_s$

NLO NRQCD  $J/\psi + W$  : L. Gang et al., PRD 83 (2011) 014001;

NLO NRQCD  $J/\psi + Z$  : L. Gang et al., JHEP 02 (2011) 071 ;

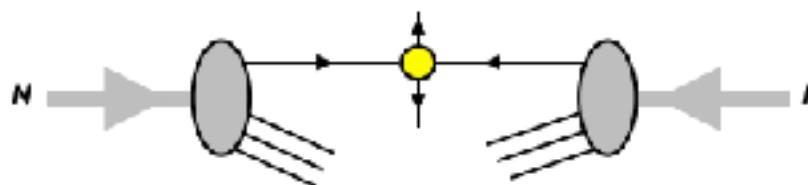
NLO CSM  $J/\psi + Z$  : B. Gong, J.P. Lansberg, C. Lorce, J.X. Wang, JHEP 1303 (2013) 115;

Missing LO CSM  $J/\psi + W$  : J.P. Lansberg, C. Lorce, PLB 726 (2013) 218

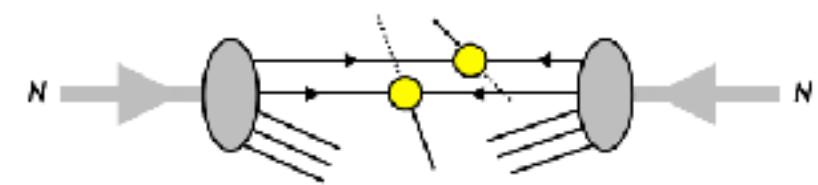


Based on these recent works, one expects the octet and singlet contributions to be on the same order of magnitude

Let us note that, in addition, double parton scattering (DPS) could also contribute to such an associated production, just as  $\gamma + \text{jet}$ ,  $W + Z$ ,  $W + W$  productions



Single Parton Scattering (SPS)



Double Parton Scattering (DPS)

# *Quarkonium+vector boson production*

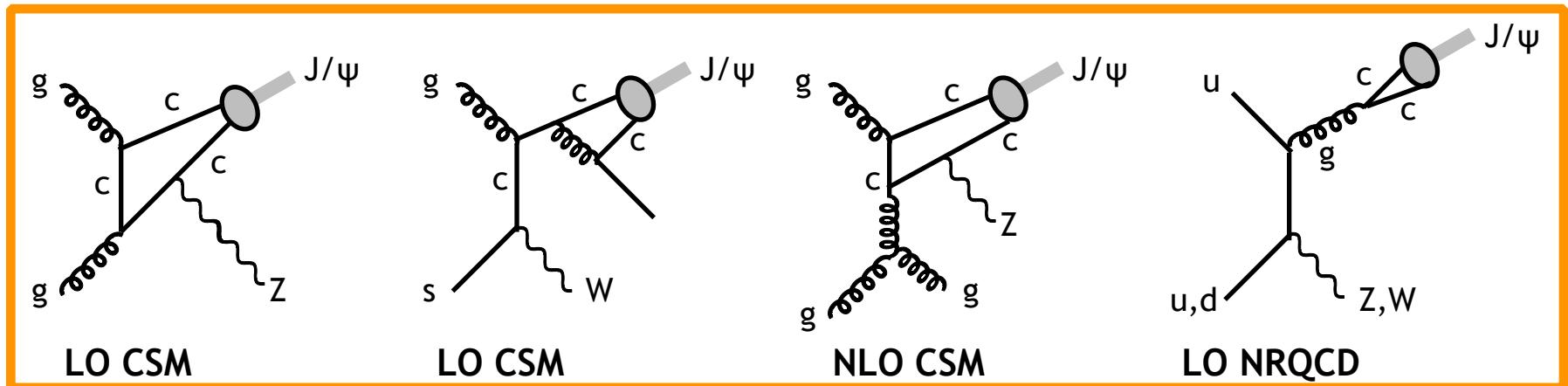
Theoretical computations were carried out up to NLO in  $\alpha_s$

NLO NRQCD  $J/\psi + W$  : L. Gang et al., PRD 83 (2011) 014001;

NLO NRQCD  $J/\psi + Z$  : L. Gang et al., JHEP 02 (2011) 071 ;

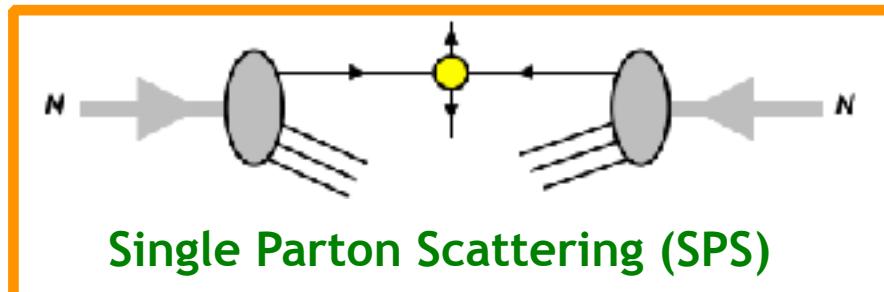
NLO CSM  $J/\psi + Z$  : B. Gong, J.P. Lansberg, C. Lorce, J.X. Wang, JHEP 1303 (2013) 115;

Missing LO CSM  $J/\psi + W$  : J.P. Lansberg, C. Lorce, PLB 726 (2013) 218

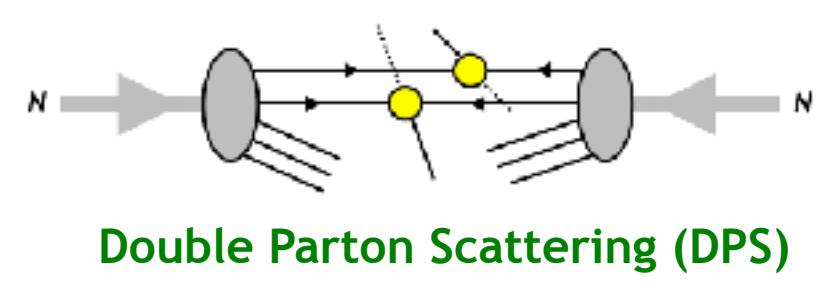


Based on these recent works, one expects the octet and singlet contributions to be on the same order of magnitude

Let us note that, in addition, double parton scattering (DPS) could also contribute to such an associated production, just as  $\gamma + \text{jet}$ ,  $W + Z$ ,  $W + W$  productions



Single Parton Scattering (SPS)



Double Parton Scattering (DPS)

# ATLAS vs. “theory”

Overall, the ATLAS data-theory comparison looks as follows:

	<i>ATLAS</i>	<i>DPS</i> $(\sigma_{eff} = 15 \text{ mb})$	<i>CSM</i>	<i>COM</i>
Z+J/ $\psi$	$1.6 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$ [1]	0.46 pb	0.025 - 0.125 pb [5]	< 0.1 pb [4]
W+J/ $\psi$	$4.5^{+1.9}_{-1.5} \text{ pb}$ [2]	1.7 pb	$(0.11 \pm 0.04) \text{ pb}$ [6]	$(0.16 - 0.22) \text{ pb}$ [3]

[1] ATLAS Collaboration, Eur. Phys. J. C **75** (2015) 229

[2] ATLAS Collaboration, JHEP **1404** (2014) 172

[3] L. Gang et al., PRD **83** (2011) 014001

[4] L. Gang et al., JHEP **1102** (2011) 071

[5] B. Gong et al., JHEP **1303** (2013) 115

[6] J.P. Lansberg, C. Lorce, PLB **726** (2013) 218

**ATLAS data are significantly above the SPS (CSM+COM), and the DPS can only account for a fraction of the data.**  
(> 3  $\sigma$  for J/ $\psi$ +Z, > 2  $\sigma$  for J/ $\psi$ +W)

A natural question arises :    **Is SPS underestimated?**

# Building up an upper limit to the SPS with the color evaporation model

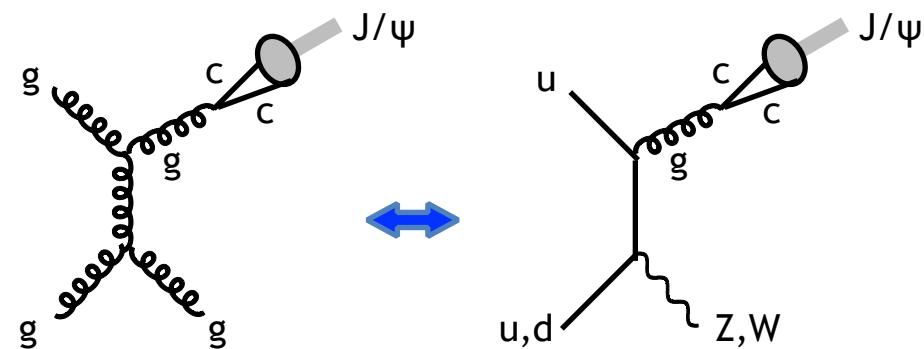
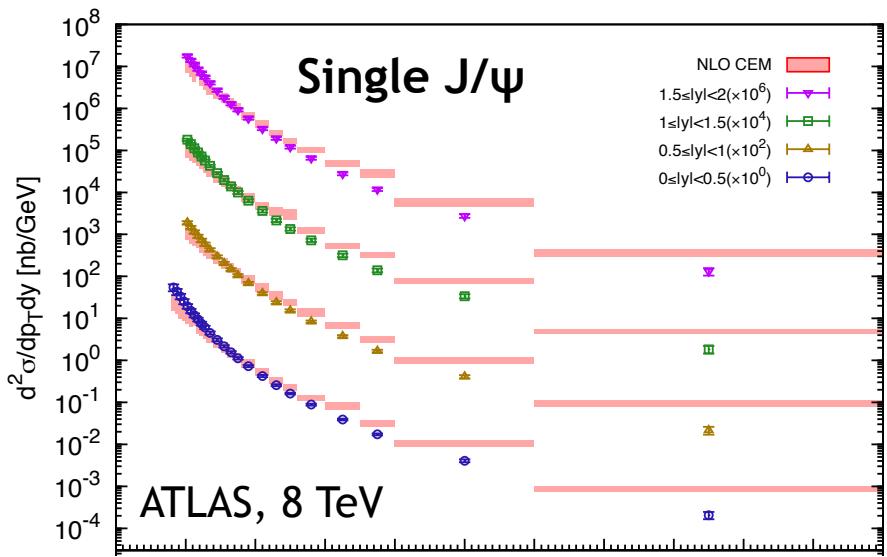
The CEM for single quarkonium production

overshoots the data at high  $p_T$  (see below).

This is due to the dominance of the 1-gluon fragmentation ( $\sim {}^3S_1{}^8$ )

The same is expected to occur for  $J/\psi + W$  and  $J/\psi + Z$ .

⇒ CEM : conservative **upper limit** on the SPS yield

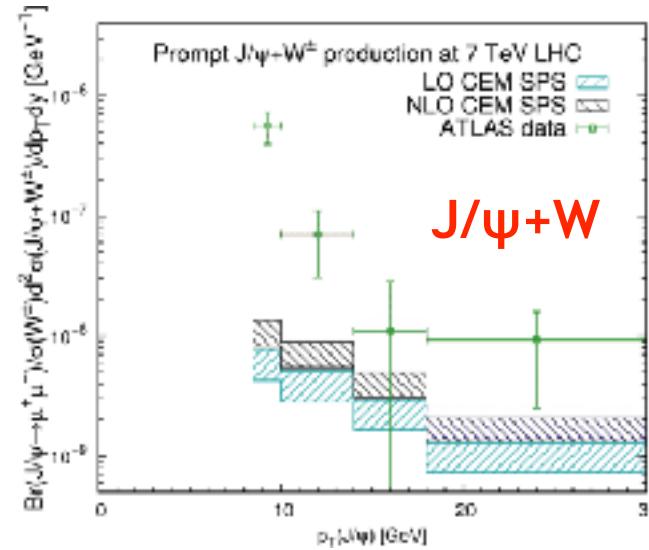
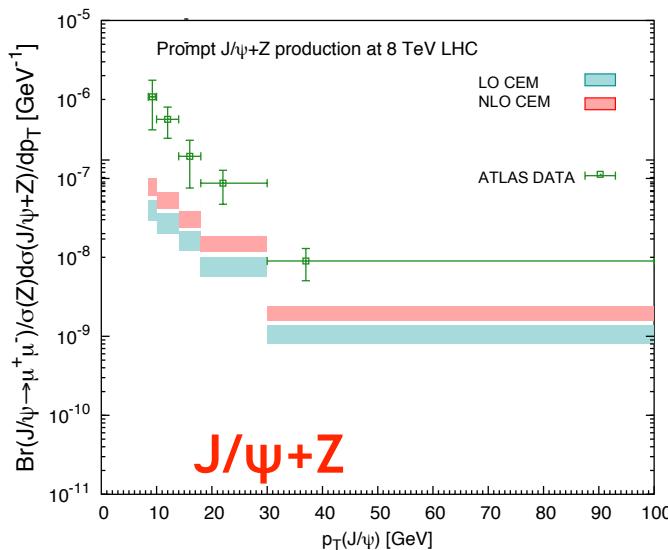


We will compute it in both cases at NLO with **MadGraph5\_AMC@NLO**.

# Results for the Color evaporation model at NLO

	ATLAS	DPS $(\sigma_{eff} = 15 \text{ mb})$	CSM	COM	CEM (NLO)
Z+J/ $\psi$	$1.6 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$	$0.46 \text{ pb}$	$0.025 - 0.125 \text{ pb}$	$< 0.1 \text{ pb}$	$0.19^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \text{ pb [1]}$
W+J/ $\psi$	$4.5^{+1.9}_{-1.5} \text{ pb}$	$1.7 \text{ pb}$	$(0.11 \pm 0.04) \text{ pb}$	$(0.16 - 0.22) \text{ pb}$	$0.28 \pm 0.07 \text{ pb [2]}$

[1] J.-P. Lansberg and H.-S. Shao, JHEP 1610 (2016) 153  
[2] J.-P. Lansberg, H.-S. Shao, and NY, PLB 781 (2018) 485



⇒ Upper limit by CEM does not solve the problem.

⇒ Can it be solved by increasing the DPS?

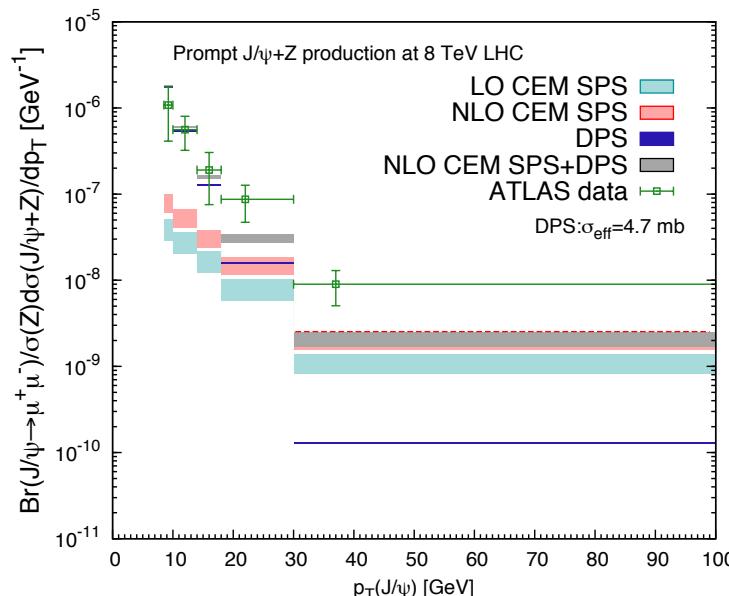
# J/ $\psi$ + Z : tuning the DPS with ATLAS data

We fit  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$  to the ATLAS data subtracted from the SPS

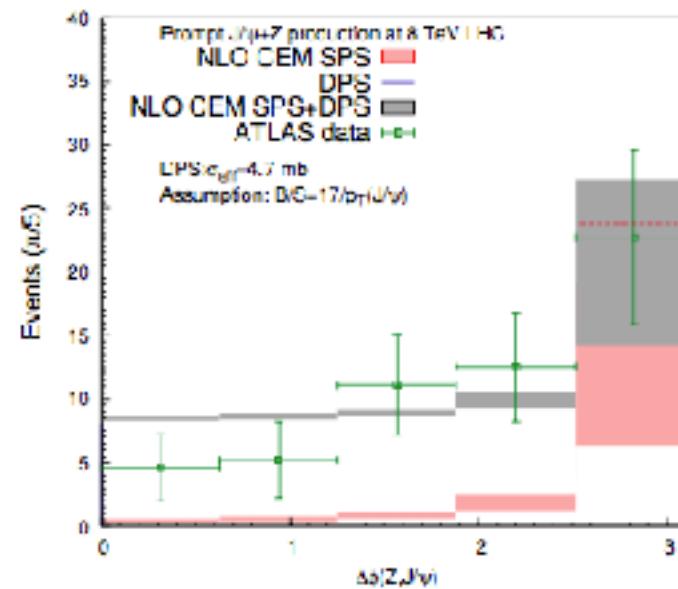
and we obtain  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = (4.7^{+2.4}_{-1.5}) \text{ mb}$

J.-P. Lansberg and H.-S. Shao, JHEP 1610 (2016) 153

ATLAS	DPS ( $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 4.7 \text{ mb}$ )	CSM	COM	CEM (NLO)	
Z+J/ $\psi$	$1.6 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$	<b>1.47 pb</b>	0.025 - 0.125 pb	< 0.1 pb	$0.19^{+0.05}_{-0.04} \text{ pb [1]}$



p<sub>T</sub> distribution



azimuthal distribution

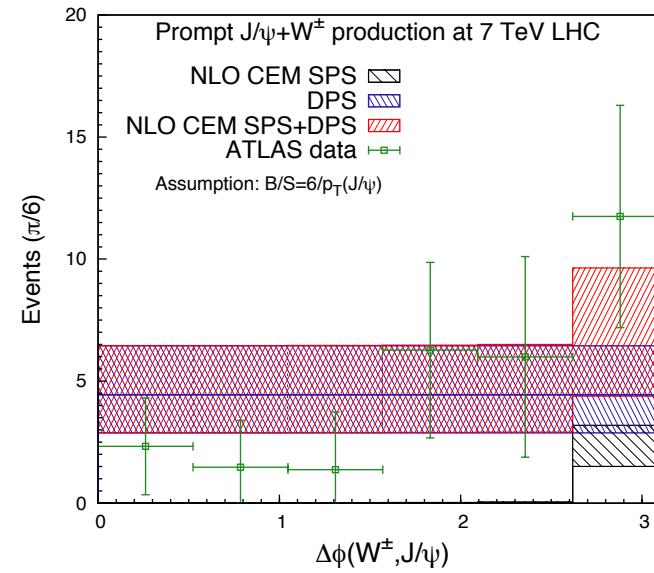
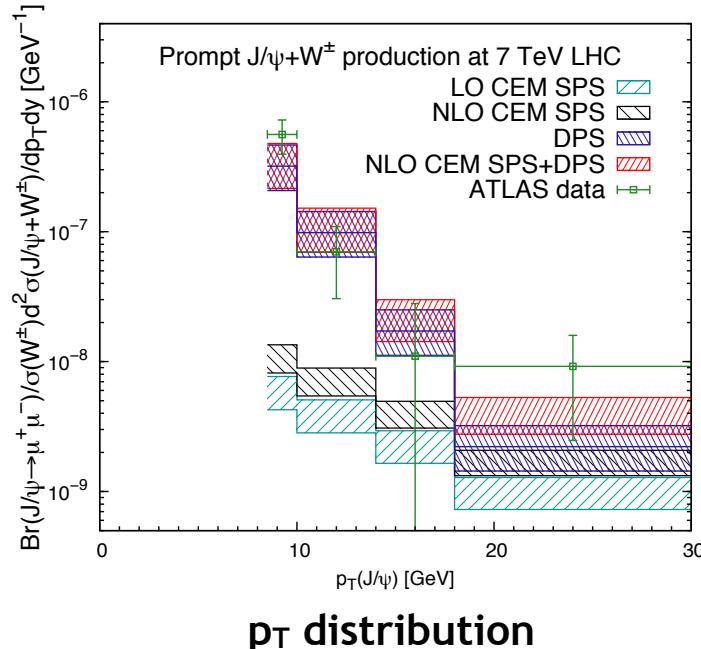
Increasing the DPS seems to solve the puzzle  
(the SPS yield favored by ATLAS acceptance is visible at  $\Delta\varphi=\pi$ ).

# J/ $\psi$ + W : tuning the DPS with ATLAS data

For J/ $\psi$ +W, we obtain  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = (6.1^{+3.3}_{-1.9}) \text{ mb}$

J.-P. Lansberg, H.-S. Shao, and NY, to appear PLB 781 (2018) 485

	ATLAS	DPS	CSM	COM	CEM (NLO)
$(\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 6.1 \text{ mb})$					
W+J/ $\psi$	$4.5^{+1.9}_{-1.5} \text{ pb}$	<b>4.18 pb</b>	$(0.11 \pm 0.04) \text{ pb}$	$(0.16 - 0.22) \text{ pb}$	$0.28 \pm 0.07 \text{ pb}$



Like for the J/ $\psi$ +Z case, increasing the DPS seems to solve the puzzle.

# Quarkonium pairs

## Di-J/ $\Psi$ production studied by LHCb, CMS, ATLAS, D0

- Only D0 and ATLAS performed DPS extraction

- D0 :  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 4.8 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 2.5(\text{syst}) \text{ mb}$ .
- ATLAS :  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 6.3 \pm 1.6(\text{stat}) \pm 1.0(\text{syst}) \text{ mb}$ .

- SPS uncertainty too large to extract  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$  from LHCb (low pT  $\rightarrow$  SPS also flat in  $\Delta\varphi$ )

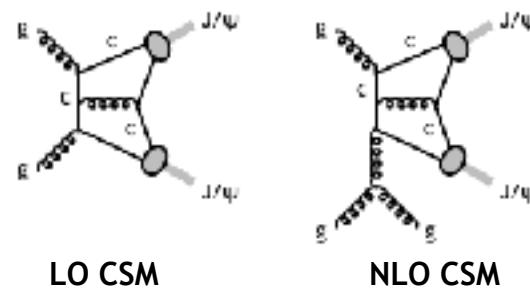
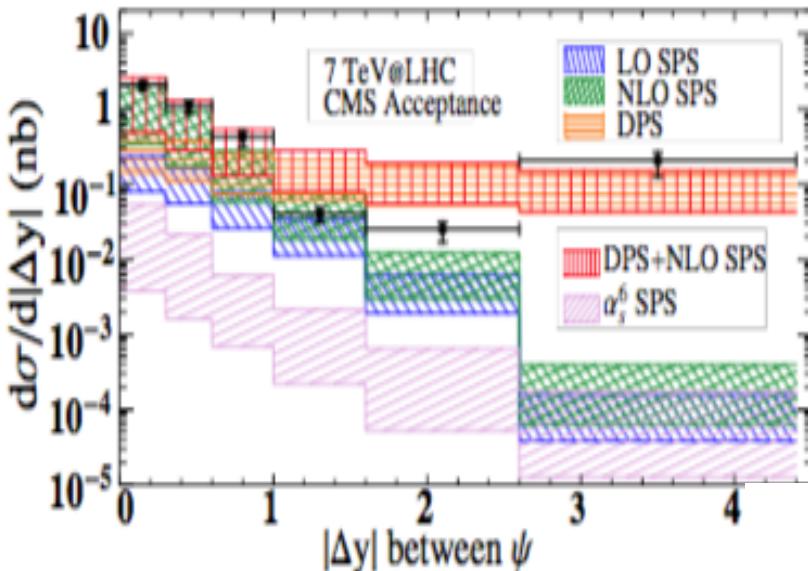
- CMS did not try to extract  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

- DPS study by Lansberg and Shao  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = (8.2 \pm 2.0 \pm 2.9) \text{ mb}$

J.-P. Lansberg and H.-S. Shao, PLB751, 479 (2015)

- However on-going discussions about the actual size of SPS

He and Kniehl, PRL 115, 022002 (2015)



The LO COM yield depends on  $(\text{NRQCD LDME})^2$  and is thus affected by large uncertainties such that some colleagues wonder if the data could be described without the DPS.

CMS Collaboration, JHEP 1409 (2014) 094

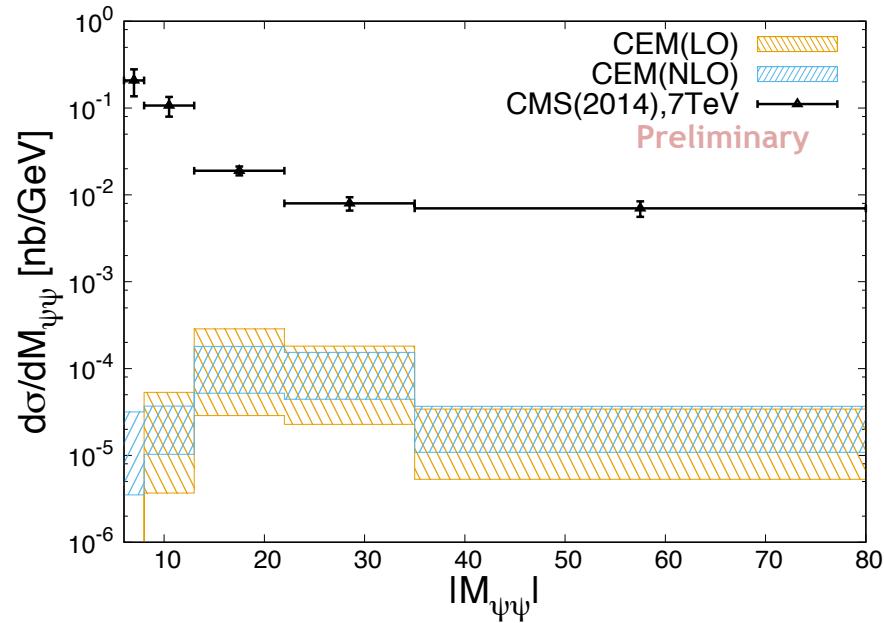
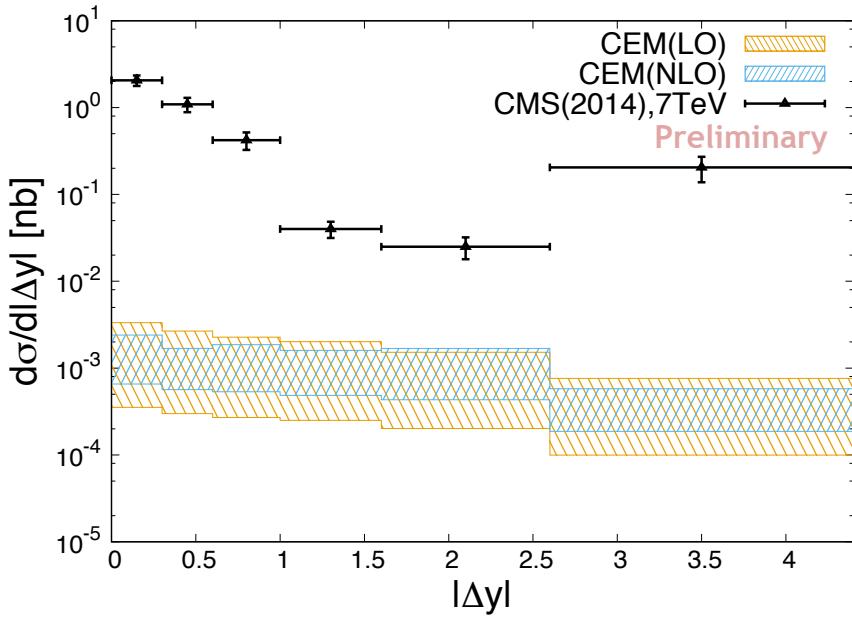
ATLAS Collaboration, EPJC 77, 76 (2017)

LHCb Collaboration, JHEP 1706 (2017) 047

D0 Collaboration, PRD 90, 111101(R) (2014)

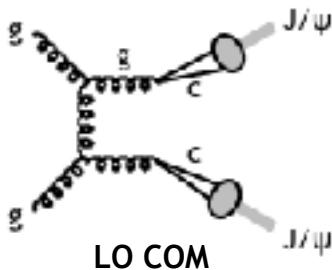
# Di- $J/\Psi$ production and the CEM

To get the order of magnitude of the contribution from octet transition, we use again the CEM :



Exp. data : CMS Collaboration, JHEP 1409 (2014) 094.

Like for  $J/\Psi + Z/W$ , CEM yield should give realistic estimation of the octet yield

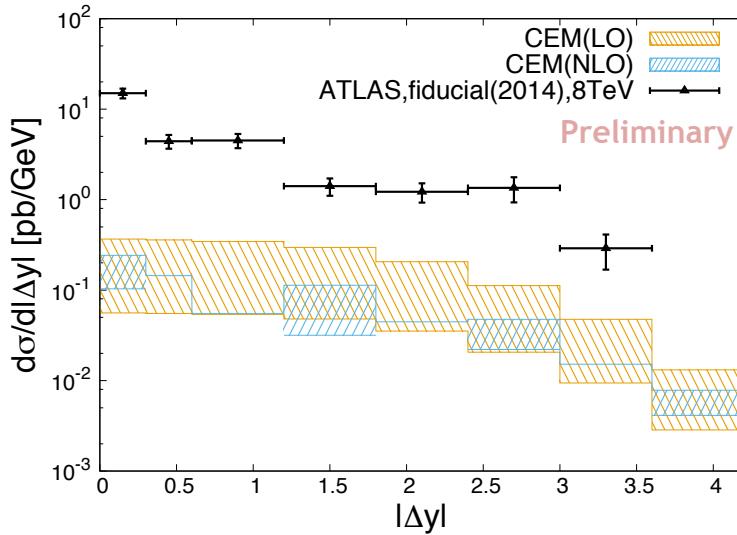


Since we found out that the LO NRQCD result of He & Kniehl overshoots our CEM result, we believe that their result is too optimistic (arguable choice of the LO LDMEs?)

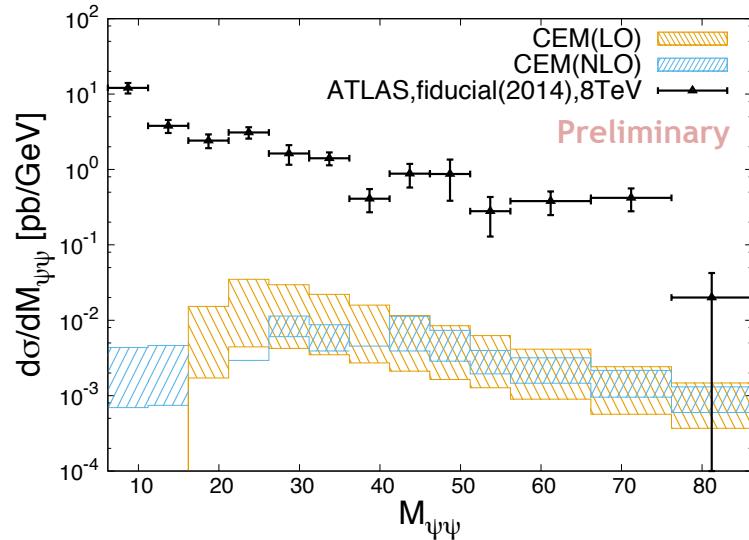
We take this as the confirmation of the DPS extraction of Lansberg and Shao

# CEM result with ATLAS setup (fiducial)

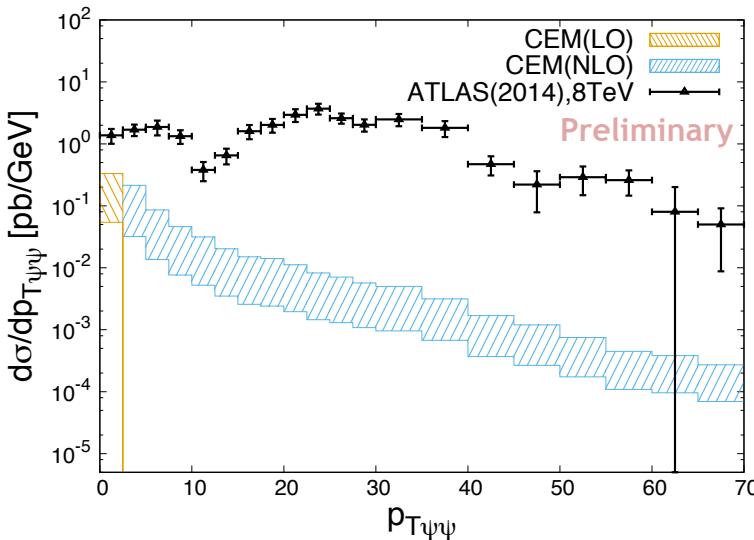
$|\Delta y|$  :



$M_{\psi\psi}$  :



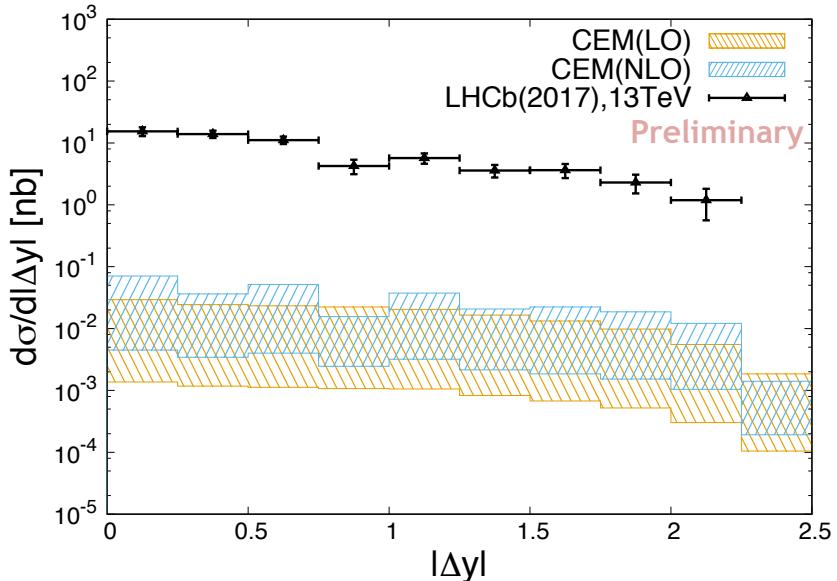
$p_{T\psi\psi}$  :



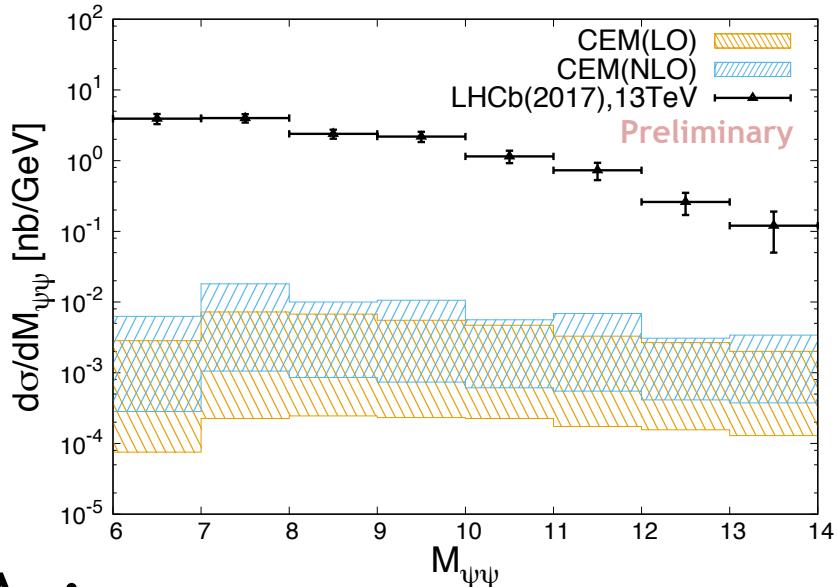
Experimental data :  
ATLAS Collaboration, EPJC 76 (2017) 77.

# CEM result with LHCb setup

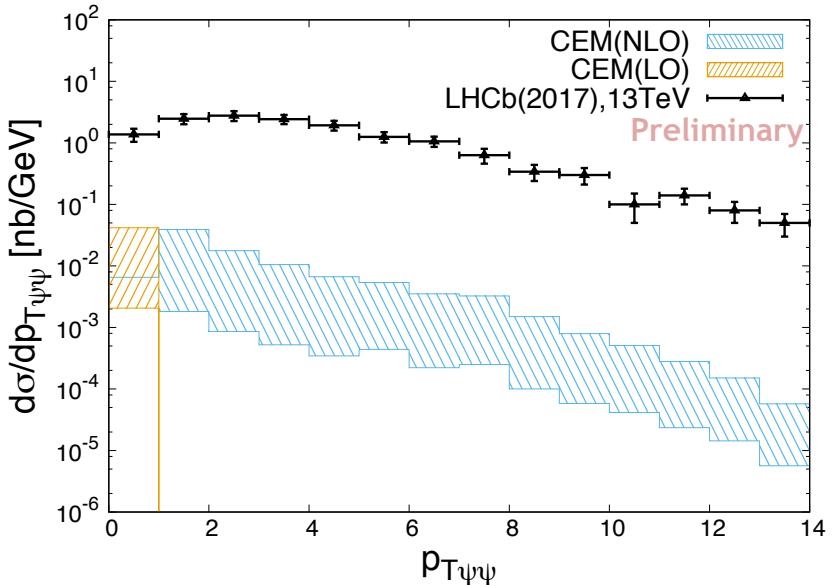
$|\Delta y| :$



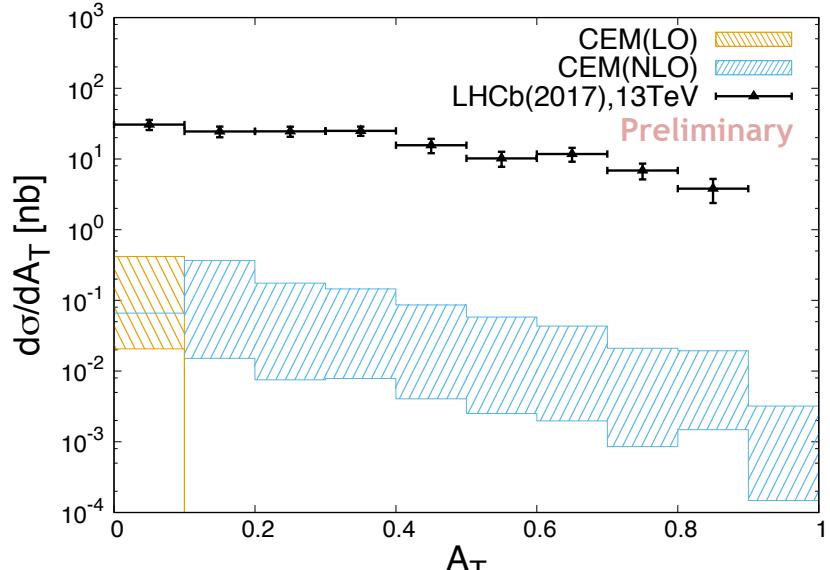
$M_{\psi\psi} :$



$p_{T\psi\psi} :$

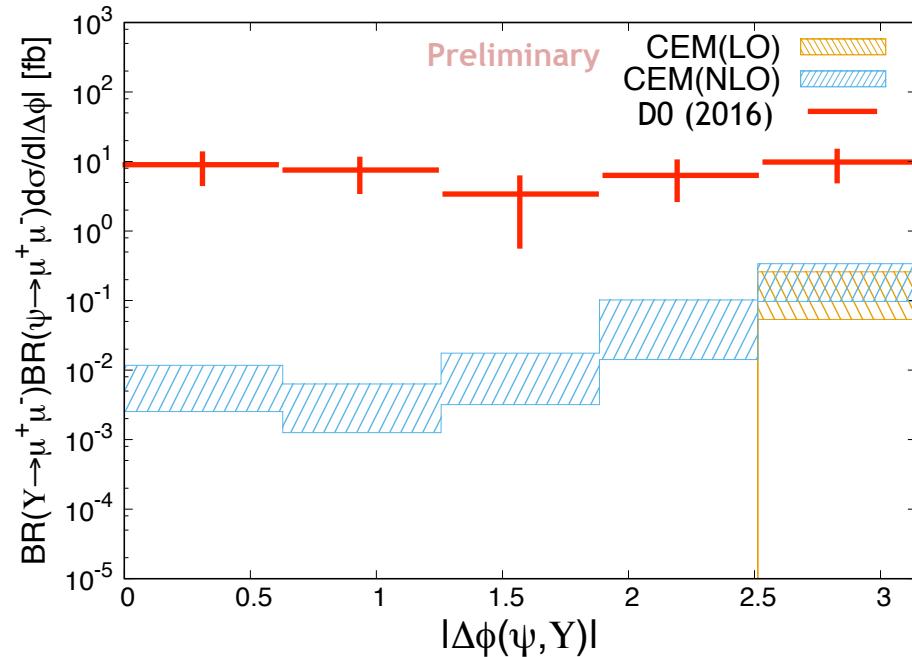


$A_T :$



# $J/\psi + \gamma$ production ( $D0$ , $p\bar{p}$ , $1.96\text{TeV}$ )

$|\Delta\varphi| :$



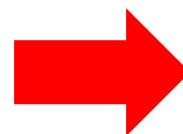
Experimental data :  
D0 Collaboration, PRL 116, 082002 (2016).

# $Y+Y$ production (CMS, 8TeV)

Exp. data ( $\sigma_{\text{exp}} = 68.8 \pm 12.7(\text{stat}) \pm 7.4(\text{syst}) \pm 2.8(\text{B}) \text{ pb}$ )

CMS Collaboration, JHEP 1705 (2017) 013.

Our result of calculation of di-Y (1S) production in CEM:

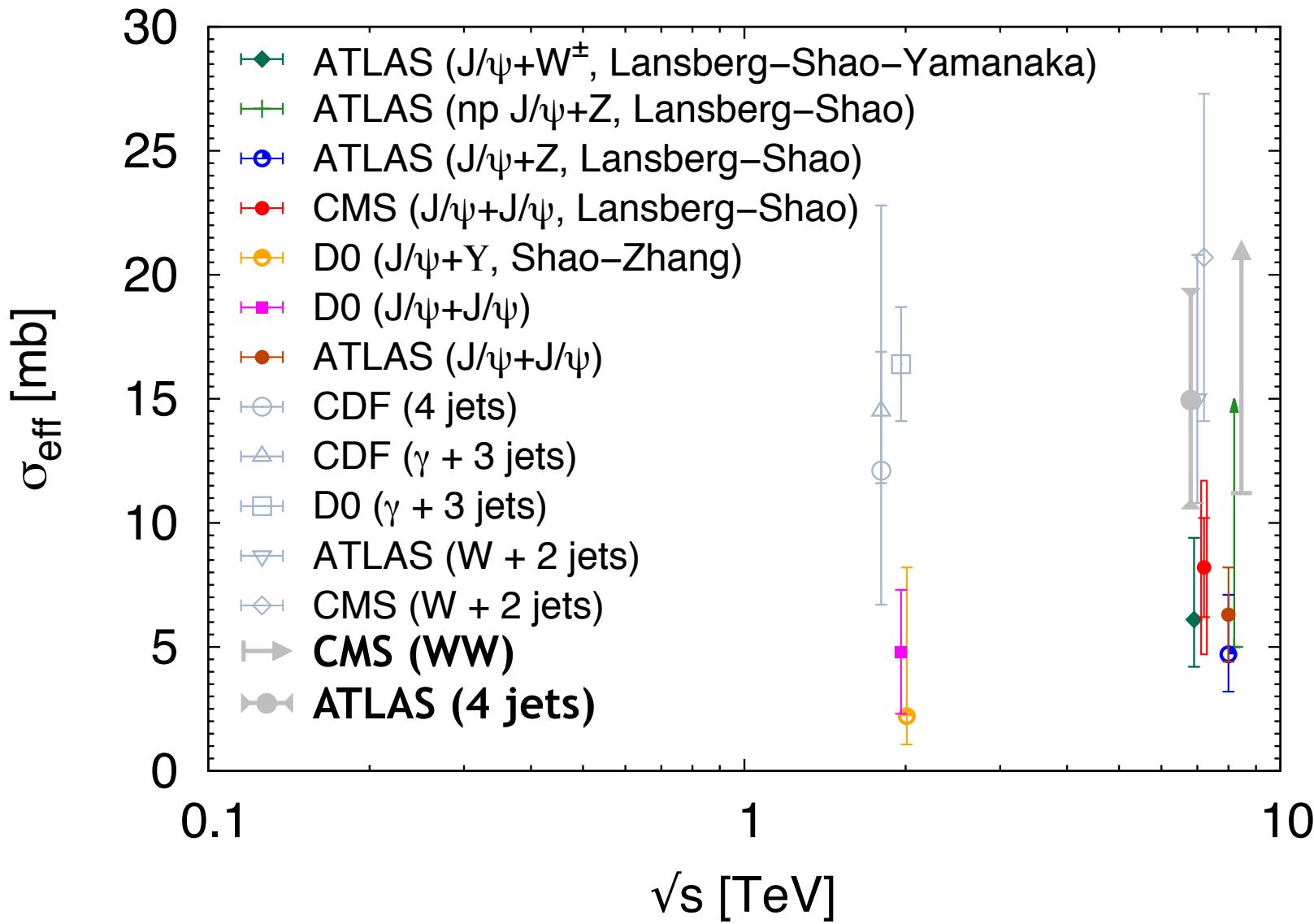


$$\begin{cases} 0.050 \text{ pb} < \sigma_{\text{fid}} < 0.172 \text{ pb} & (\text{NLO}) \\ 0.027 \text{ pb} < \sigma_{\text{fid}} < 0.125 \text{ pb} & (\text{LO}) \end{cases}$$

Preliminary

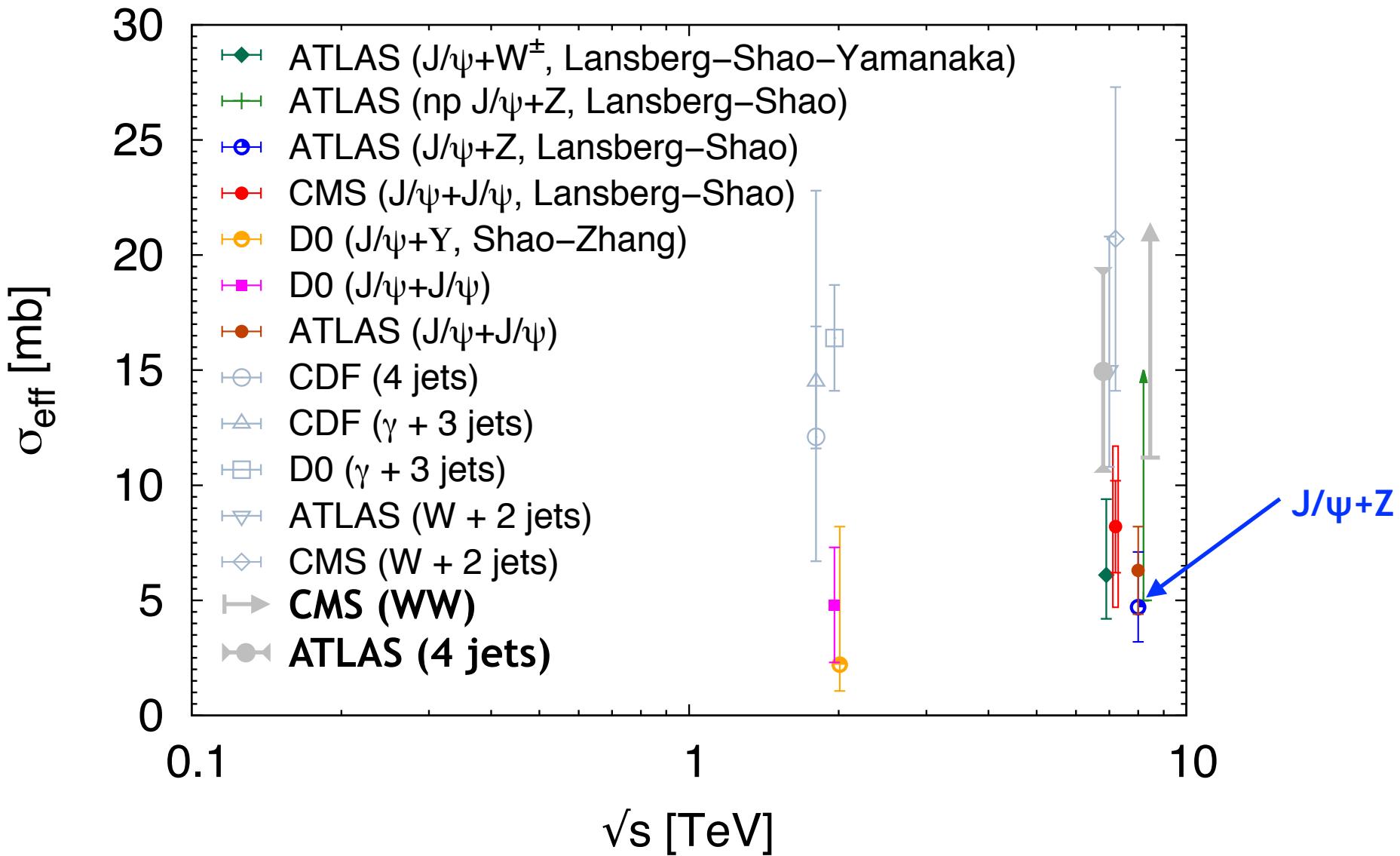
$\Rightarrow$  Deviation by more than  $4\sigma$  !

# Overall



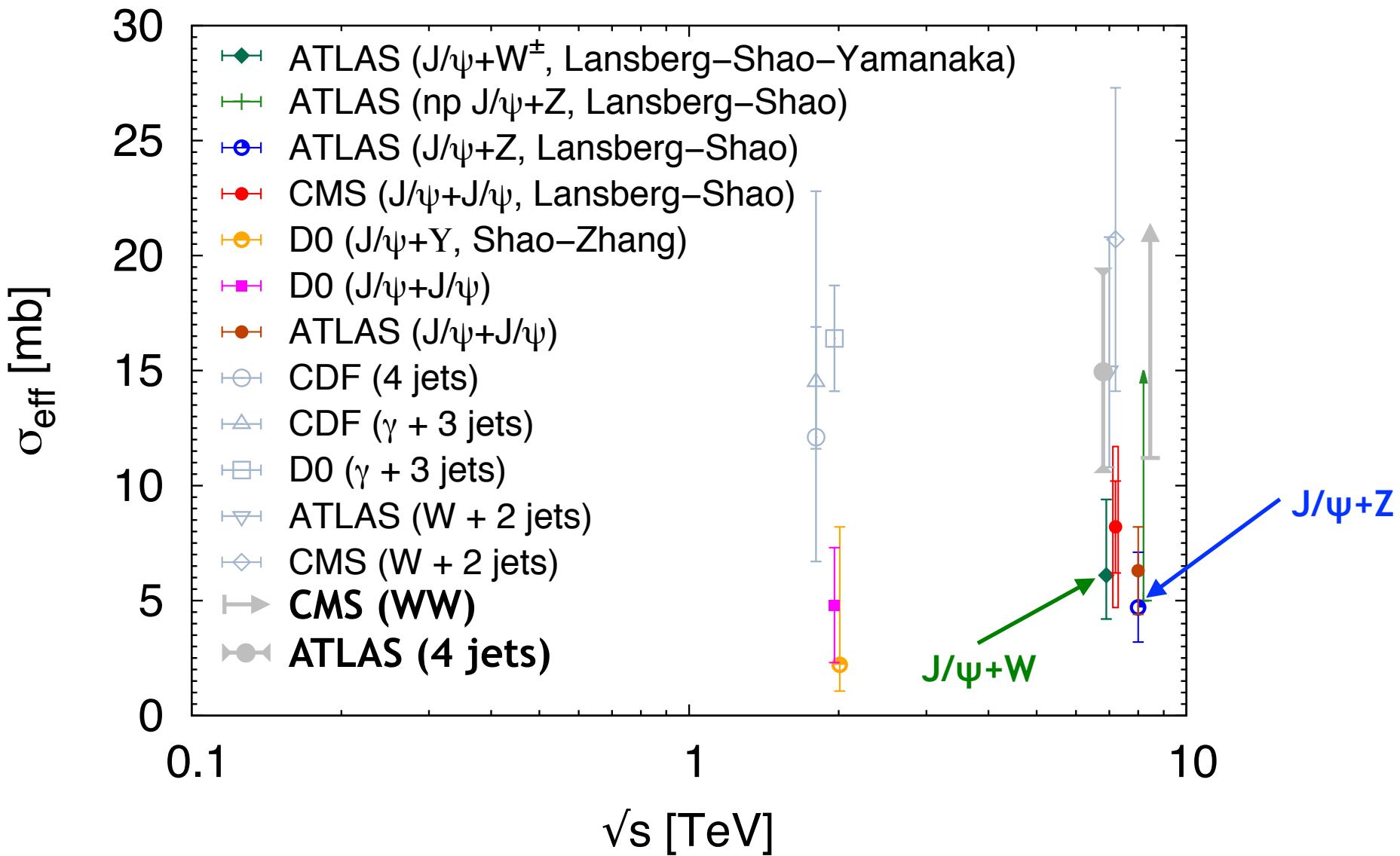
⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

# Overall



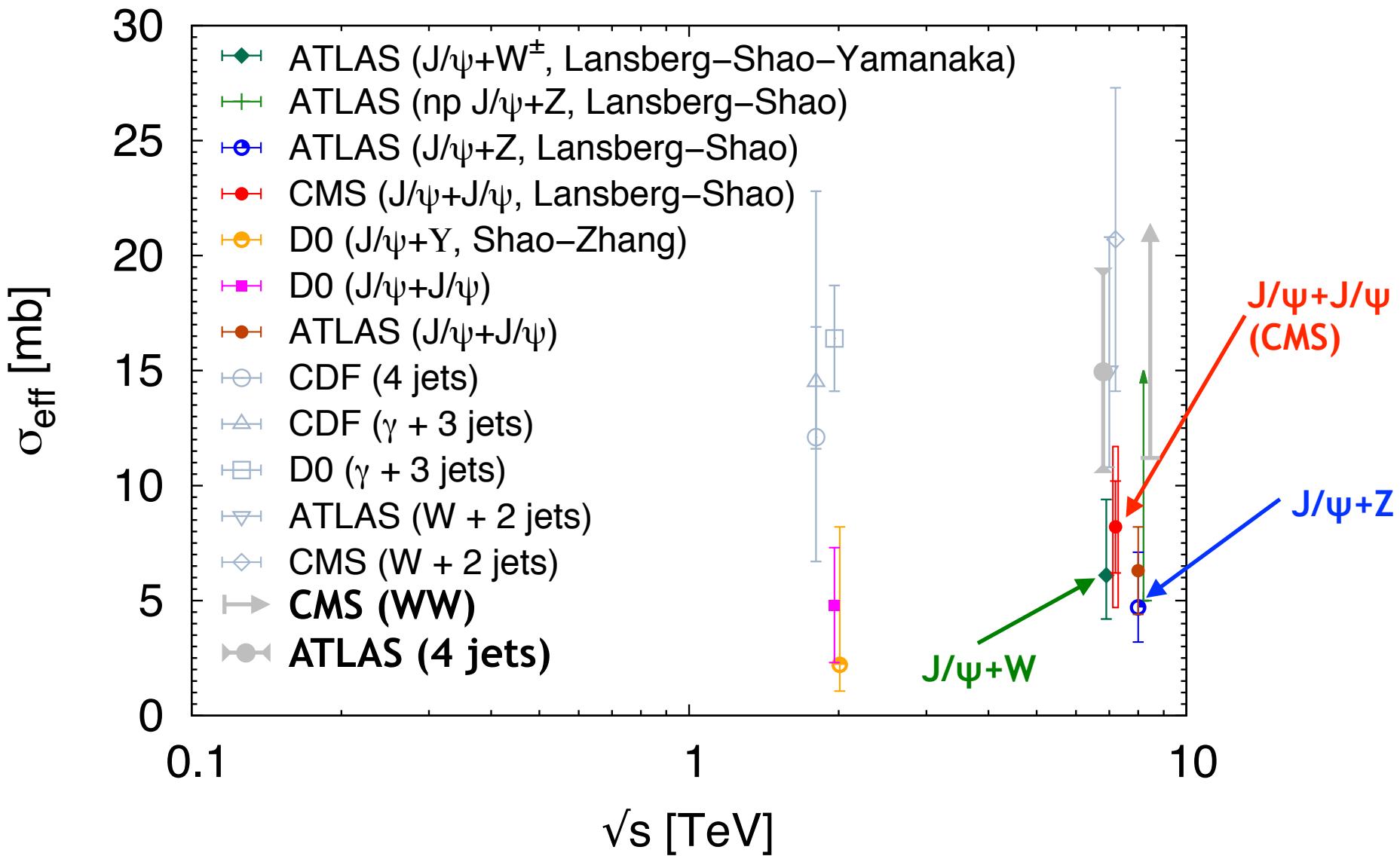
⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

# Overall



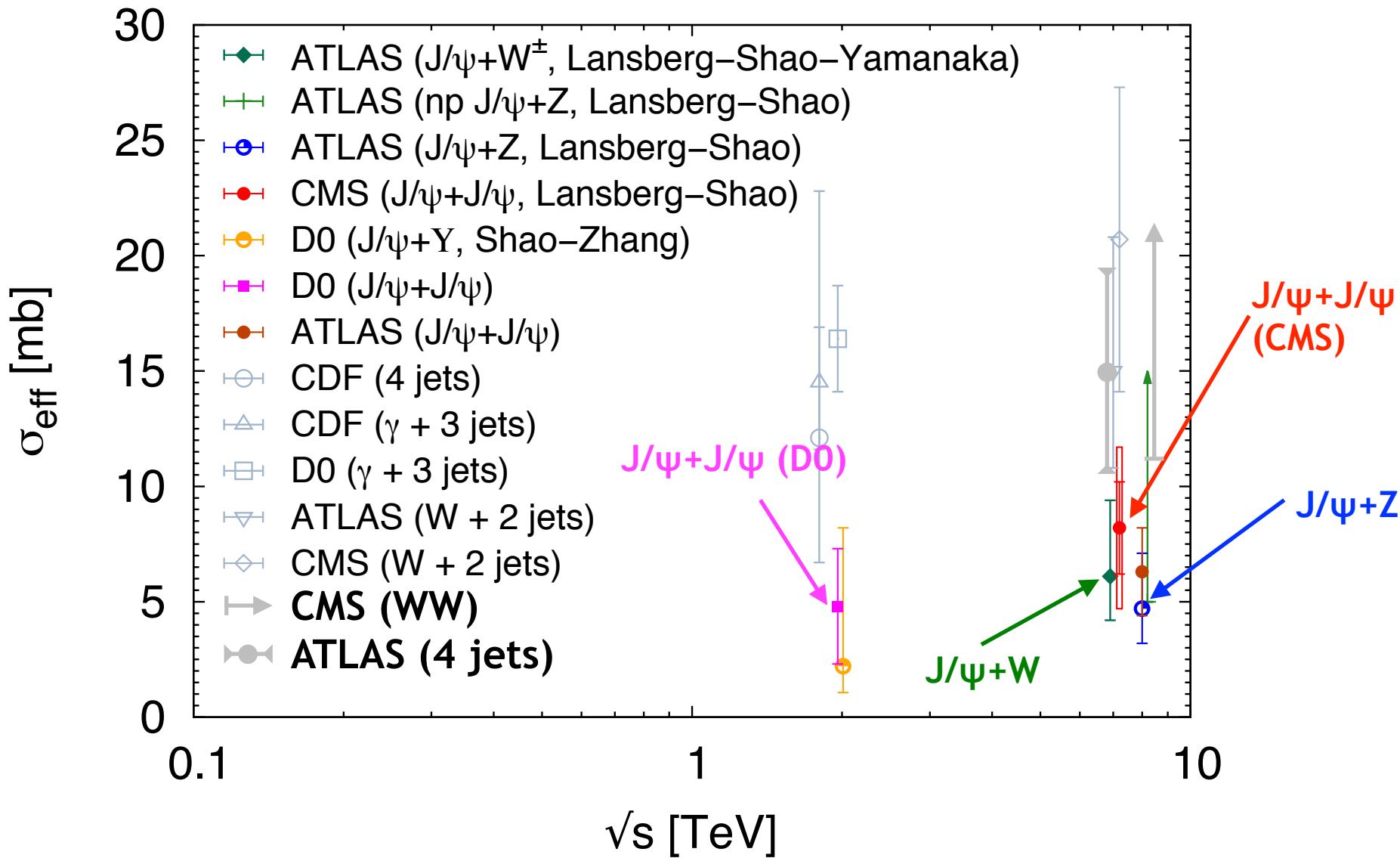
⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

# Overall



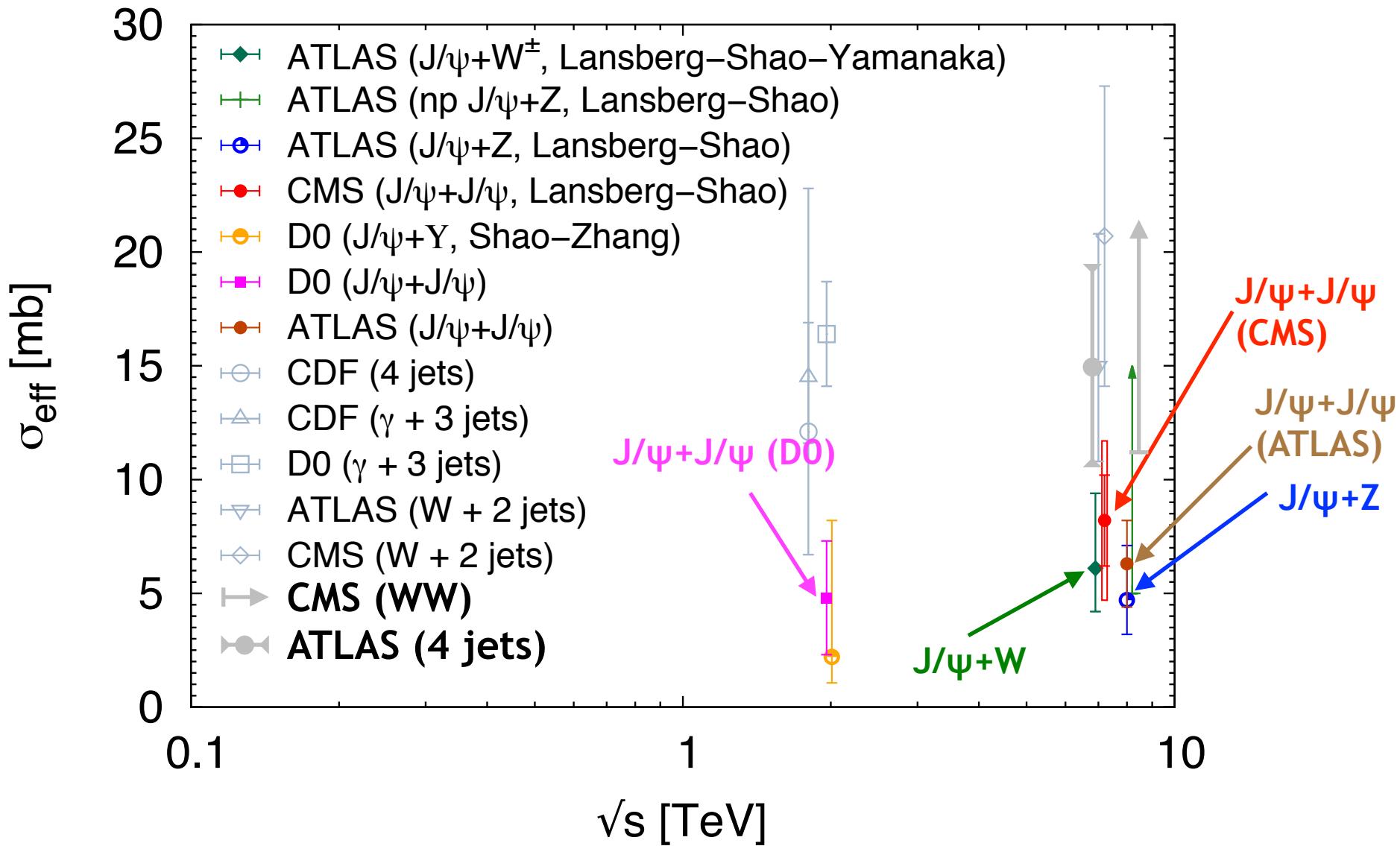
⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

# Overall



⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

## Overall



⇒ All central rapidity quarkonium data point at a small  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$

## Summary

### Summary:

- The associated production of J/ $\psi$ +W/Z was measured by ATLAS: discrepancies with SPS+DPS ( $\sigma_{\text{eff}}=15\text{mb}$ ) was seen.
- In order to check whether the SPS was underestimated, we evaluated the NLO CEM yield for J/ $\psi$ +W/Z.
- The conservative upper limit set by the CEM does not solve the discrepancy with the ATLAS data.
- In fact, J/ $\psi$ +W/Z show evidence for DPS.  
J/ $\psi$ +Z :  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = (4.7^{+2.4}_{-1.5}) \text{ mb}$   
J/ $\psi$ +W :  $\sigma_{\text{eff}} = (6.1^{+3.3}_{-1.9}) \text{ mb}$
- J/ $\psi$ +J/ $\psi$  production also requires DPS contributions in some part of the phase space.
- $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$  seems to be smaller for quarkonia than for jets:  
hint for flavor dependence?

**End**

## Digression on DPS

At **high energies**, multiple parton interactions can become relevant, despite of being formally of higher twist.

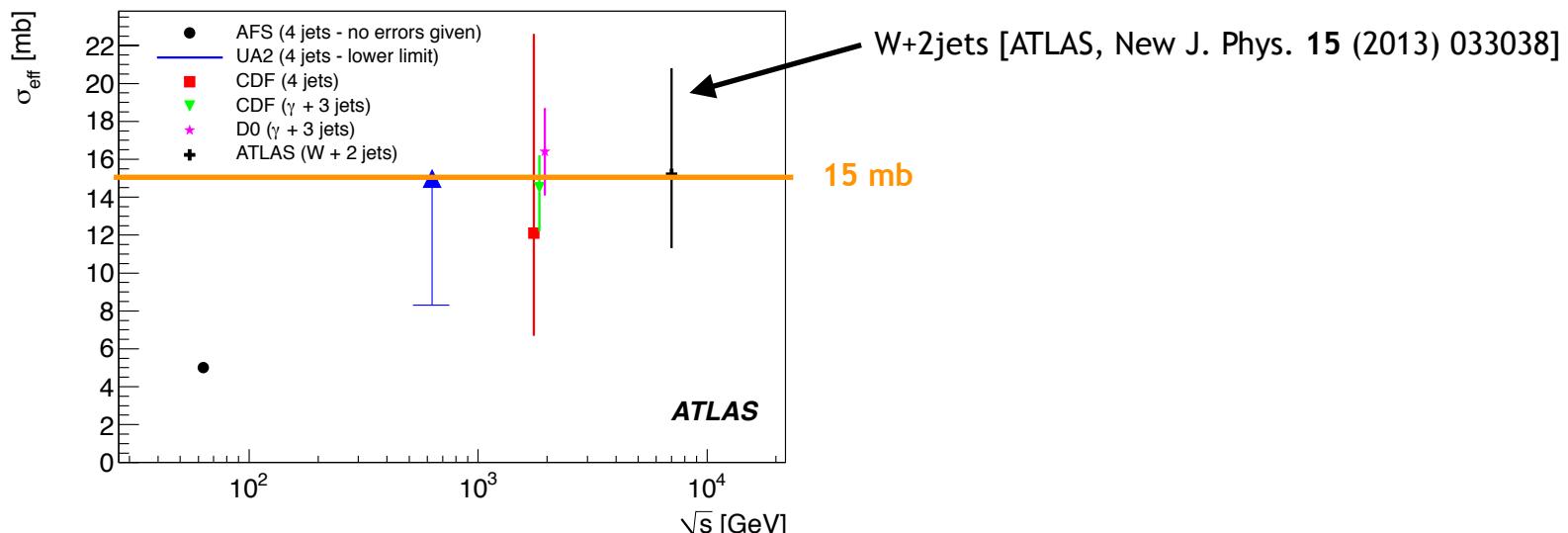
They are in fact necessary to restore the unitarity of the cross section and are related to the strong increase of the parton densities at high energy.

Similarly, this can also happen for **Double hard Parton Scatterings (DPS)**  
which then occur **independently**.

As such it makes sense to parametrize the DPS cross sections by the so-called **pocket-formula**:

$$\sigma^{\text{DPS}}(A + B) = \frac{\sigma(A)\sigma(B)}{\sigma_{\text{eff}}}$$

In the case of  $\text{J}/\psi + W$  and  $\text{J}/\psi + Z$ , ATLAS used their measured cross sections for  $\sigma(\text{J}/\psi)$ ,  $\sigma(W)$  and  $\sigma(Z)$ , and  $\sigma_{\text{eff}}$  determined by their  $W+2\text{jets}$  data (see below).



CM energy = 7 TeV

Cuts:

$$p_T > 4.5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$1.43 < |y_\Psi| < 2.2 \quad (p_T > 4.5 \text{ GeV})$$

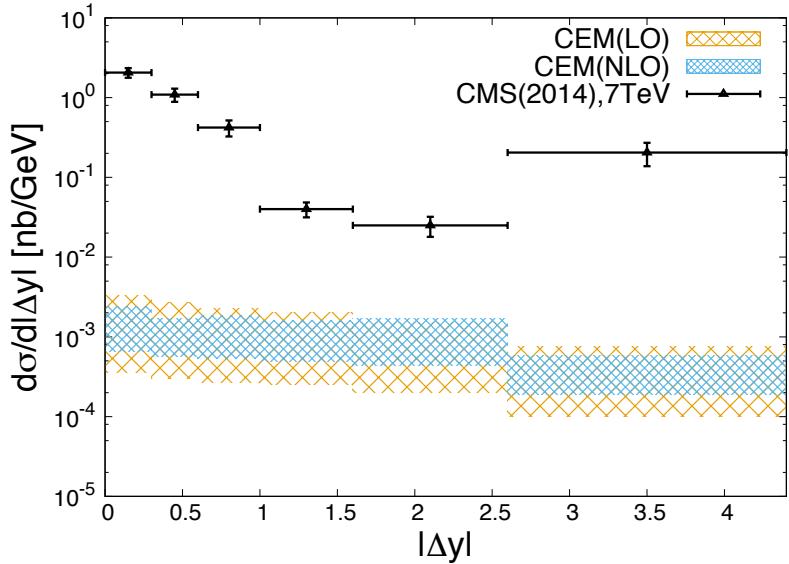
$$\text{Linear in } p_T \text{ from boundaries} \quad (4.5 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 6.5 \text{ GeV})$$

$$|y_\Psi| < 1.2 \quad (p_T > 6.5 \text{ GeV})$$

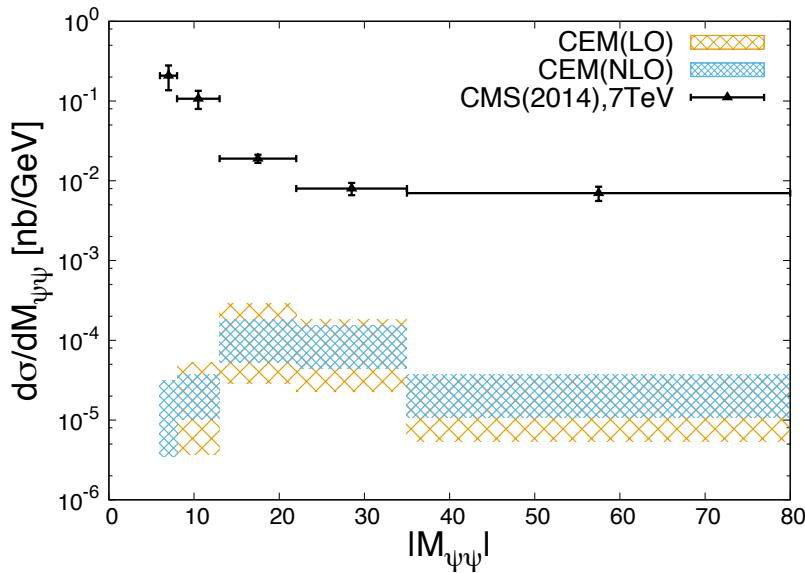
(Rapidity depends on the  $p_T$  region)

# CEM result with CMS setup (final)

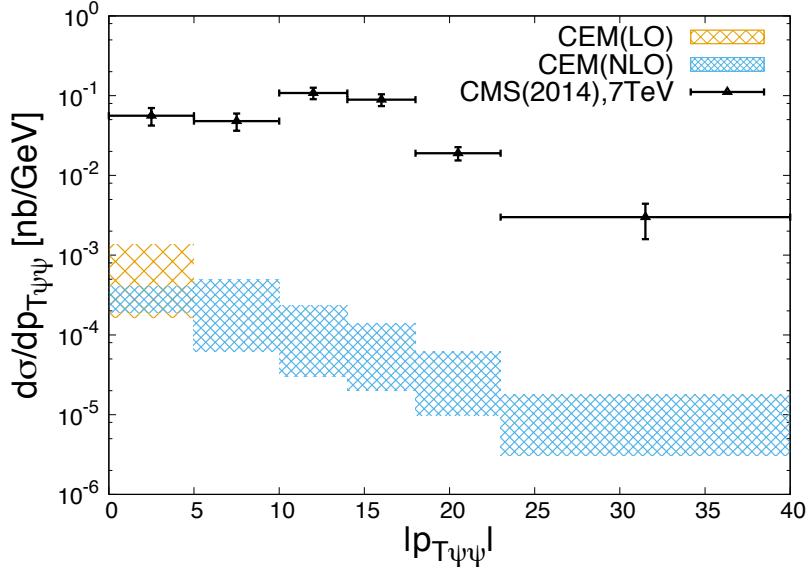
$|\Delta y|$  :



$M_{\psi\psi}$  :



$p_{T\psi\psi}$  :



CM energy = 8 TeV

Cuts:

$$p_T > 8.5 \text{ GeV} \quad |y_\psi| < 2.1 \quad (\text{Inclusive})$$

Fiducial cuts (cuts on muons from J/Ψ decay):

Trigger muons from J/Ψ :  $p_T(\mu) > 4 \text{ GeV}$

$$|\eta(\mu)| > 2.3$$

ATLAS Collaboration, EPJC 76 (2017) 77.

# Setup LHCb

CM energy = 13 TeV

Cuts (inclusive):

$p_T < 10 \text{ GeV}$

$2.0 < y_\psi < 4.5$   
(asymmetric)

LHCb Collaboration, JHEP 1706 (2017) 047.

# Setup D0

CM energy = 1.96 TeV

p $\bar{p}$  collision

Measure final states with Y(1S), Y(2S) or Y(3S) associated with a J/ $\psi$

Fiducial cuts (cuts on muons from J/ $\Psi$  and Y decays):

$$p_T(\mu) > 2 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta(\mu)| > 2.0$$

D0 Collaboration, PRL 116, 082002 (2016).

# $Y+Y$ production (CMS, 8 TeV)

CM energy = 8 TeV

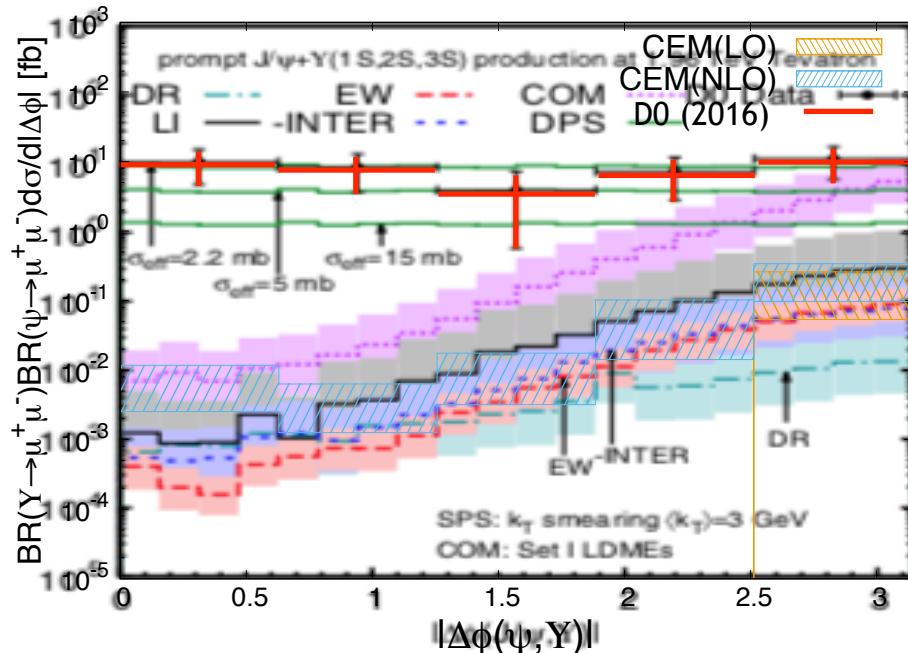
Cut (inclusive):

$$|y| < 2.0$$

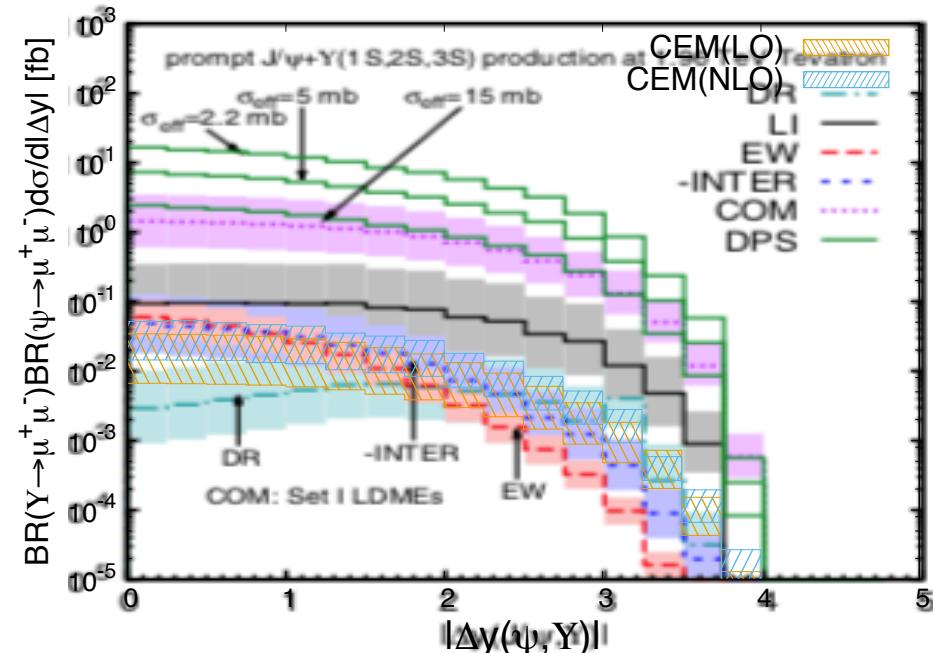
CMS Collaboration, JHEP 1705 (2017) 013.

# $J/\psi + Y$ production ( $D0$ , $p\bar{p}$ , $1.96\text{TeV}$ )

$|\Delta\phi| :$



$|\Delta y| :$



Experimental data :  
 D0 Collaboration, PRL 116, 082002 (2016).