



CAPP's Axion Data

with mass range around $10 \mu\text{eV}$

Woohyun Chung

Center for Axion and Precision Physics Research (CAPP)
Institute for Basic Science (IBS)

OUTLINE

- Introduction
 - IBS/CAPP
 - CAPP's effort (CULTASK)
- CAPP-PACE (Pilot Axion Cavity Exp.)
 - R&D machine
 - First complete LT axion experiment
 - 50 MHz data and more...
- Critical R&D
 - High Field Magnets
 - Quantum-limited Amplifiers
 - SC and dielectric cavity
- Future Plans
 - Improve B^2 and T_{sys}
- Summary

Center for Axion and Precision Physics Research (CAPP) Funded by the Institute for Basic Science (IBS)

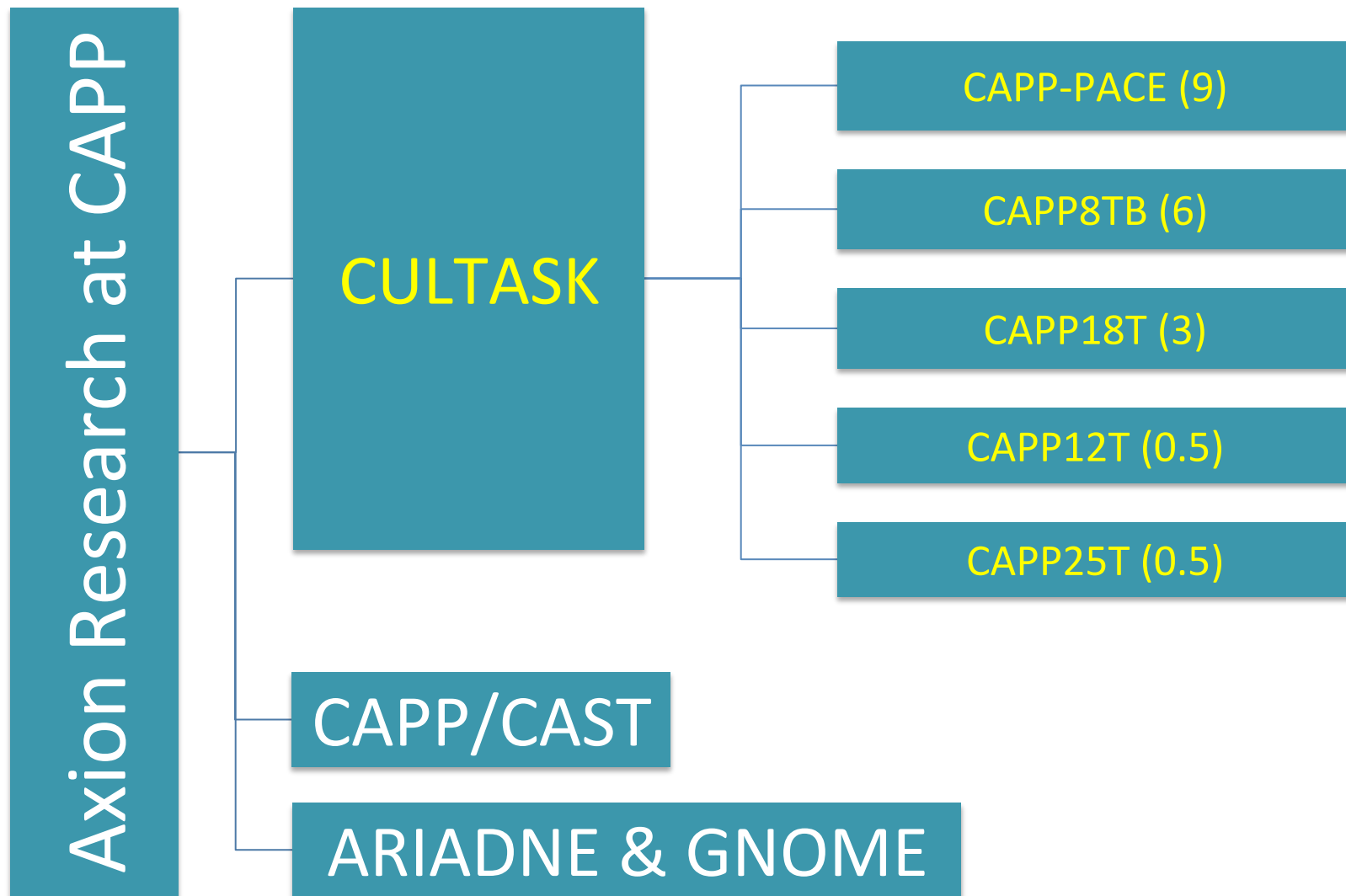
- Led by Director Yannis Semertzidis
- Physics at CAPP:
 - **Dark Matter Axion Search (Cosmic Frontier)**
 - **Storage Ring Proton EDM (Strong CP)**
 - **Muon g-2, J-PARC, COMET, CAST, ARIADNE**
- Located at and working with KAIST
(Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology)
- 50+ members and growing



IBS HQ Construction Overview



CAPP's Axion Research



Axion Detection Scheme (CULTASK)

P. Sikivie's Haloscope:

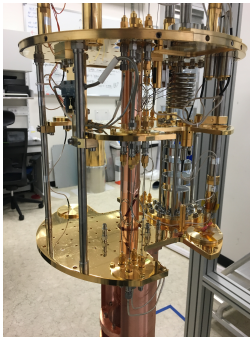
Axion Conversion Power ($\sim 10^{-24} \text{W}$):
$$P_{a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} = g_{a\gamma\gamma}^2 \frac{\rho_a}{m_a} B^2 V C_{mnp} \min(Q_L, Q_a)$$

Signal to Noise Ratio:
$$SNR \equiv \frac{P_{\text{signal}}}{P_{\text{noise}}} = \frac{P_{a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}}{k_B T_{\text{sys}}} \sqrt{\frac{t_{\text{int}}}{\Delta f_a}}$$

Scan rate:
$$\frac{df}{dt} \sim B^4 V^2 C^2 Q_L T_{\text{sys}}^{-2}$$

Cryogenics

<50mK



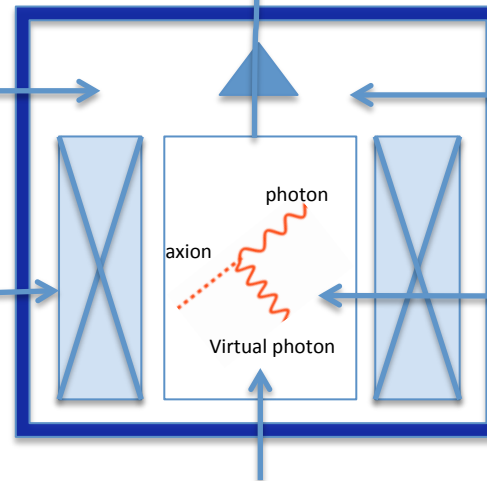
High Field SC Magnet

25T and then 35T

BNL (HTS Technology) Design



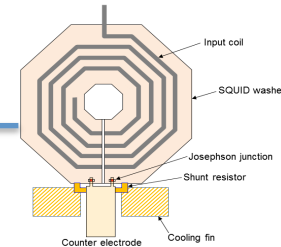
To RF Receiver



(Reverse) Primakoff Effect

SQUID Amplifier

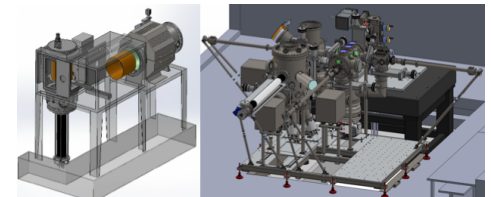
SQUID or JPA (commercial?)



High Q Tunable Cavity

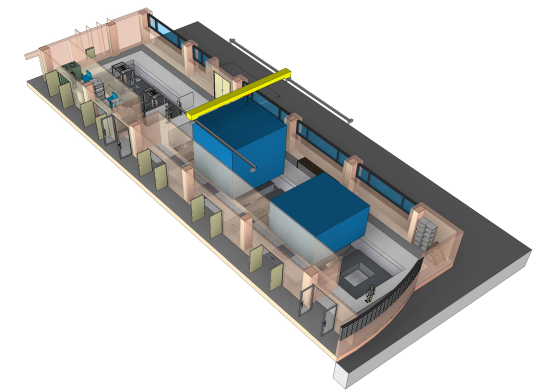
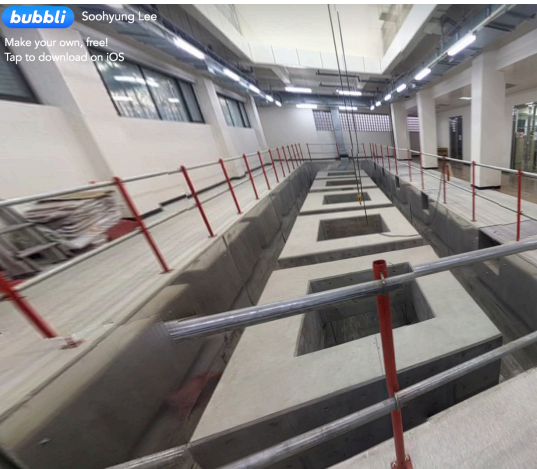
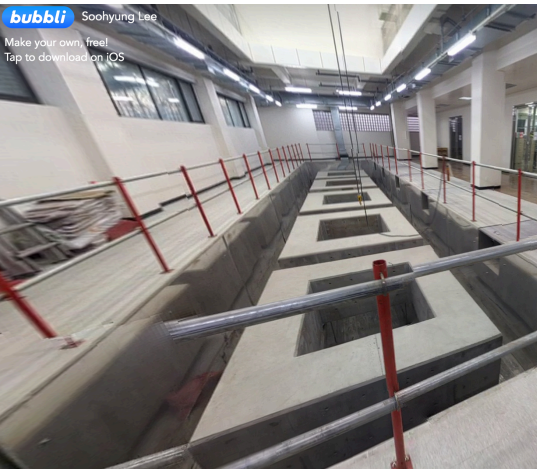
Superconducting Coating

Prof. Jinhwan Lee of KAIST

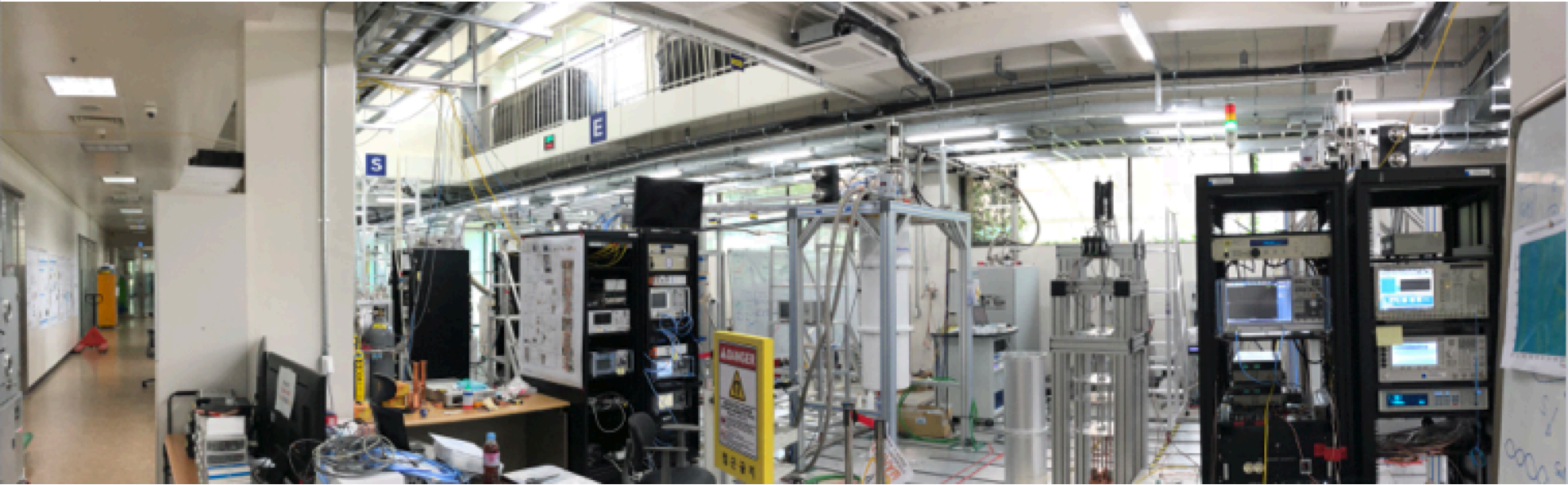


In 2017

Axion Lab with 7 Low Vibration Pads in KAIST Munji campus



CAPP Experimental Hall (LVP)



July 5th 2018

ICHEP - 2018 Seoul

CULTASK Refrigerators and Magnets

Refrigerators

Vendor	Model	T_B (mK)	Cooling power	Installation
BlueFors (BF3)	LD400	10	18 μ W@20mK 580 μ W@100mK	2016
BlueFors (BF4)	LD400	10	18 μ W@20 580 μ W@100	2016
Janis	HE3	300	25 μ W@300mK	2017
BlueFors (BF5)	LD400	10	18 μ W@20mK 580 μ W@100K	2017
BlueFors (BF6)	LD400	10	18 μ W@20mK 580 μ W@100K	2017
Leiden	DRS10 00	100	1mW @100mK	2018
Oxford	Kelvinox	<30	400 @120mK	2017

Magnets

B field	Bore (cm)	Material	Vendor	Delivery
26T	3.5	HTS	SUNAM	2016
18T	7	HTS	SUNAM	2017
9T	12	NbTi	Cryo- Magnetics	2017
8T	12	NbTi	AMI	2016
8T	16.5	NbTi	AMI	2017
25T	10	HTS	BNL/CAPP	2020
12T	32	Nb₃Sn	Oxford	2020

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SQUID and Cavity R&D

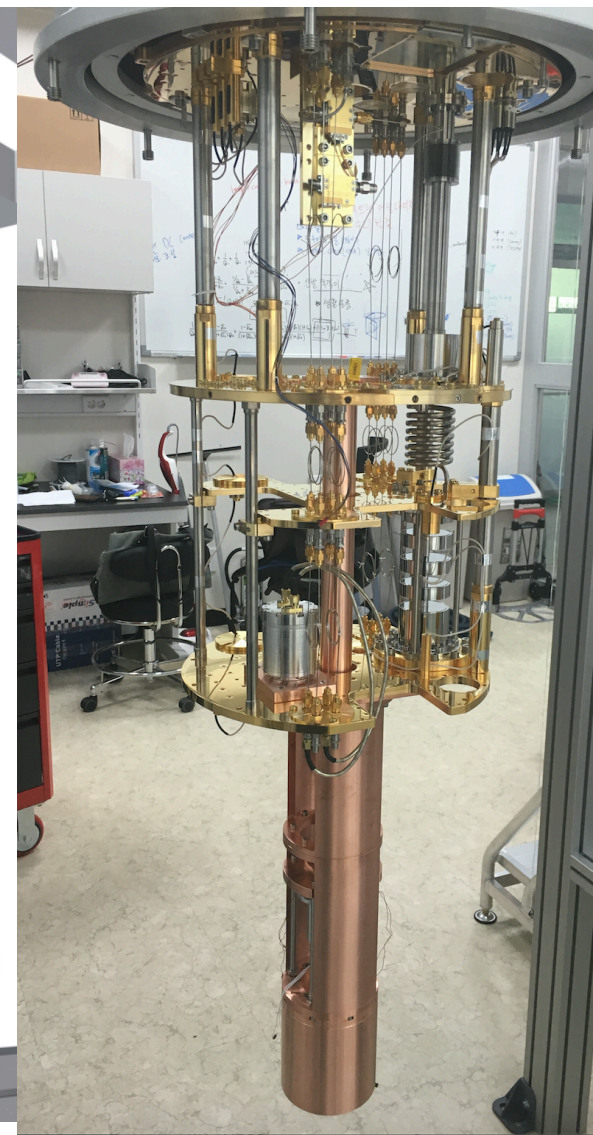
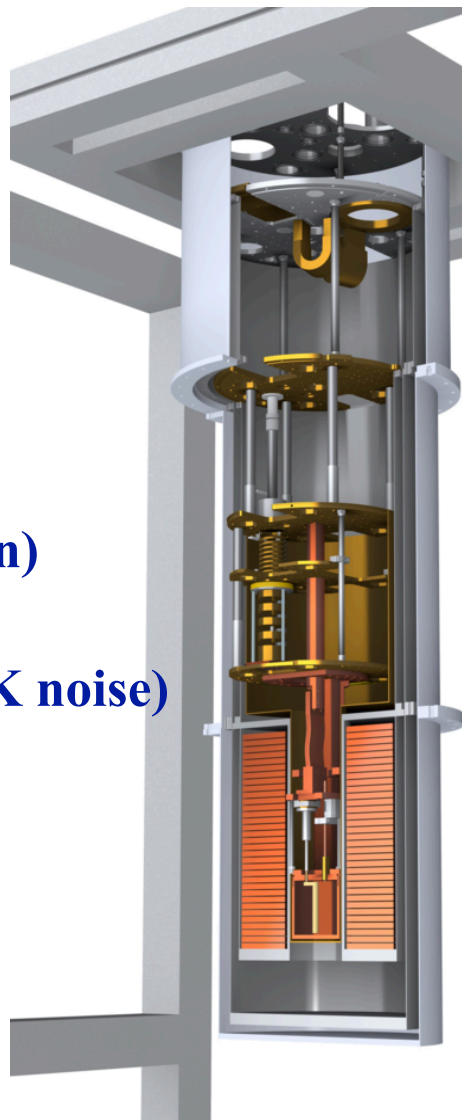
CAPP-PACE

CAPP-PACE

- R&D Machine preparing for CAPP25T
- First complete axion experiment in Korea
- Optimization study for
 - Cryogenics and cryo-RF
(Heat vs Noise)
- First engineering run in Jan. 2018
 - 2.45 – 2.50 GHz scan for 22 days
 - Flawless operation of
 - Freq. tuning system w/ Piezo actuators and a sapphire rod
 - DAQ and Controls
 - Target sensitivity: 10^*KSVZ
- Second run is about to start
 - 2.50 – 2.75 GHz

CAPP-PAACE

- T_{cavity} : **<40mK (WR)**
- Magnetic field: **8T**
- Bore size: **11.8cm**
- Cavity volume: **0.59L**
- Frequency: **2.45~2.75GHz**
(2.45~2.50 at 1st run)
- Q unloaded: **>80,000**
- Low noise amplifier: **HEMT (1K noise)**
- C (geometrical factor) **>0.55**
- DAQ Efficiency: **0.45**
- Target sensitivity: **10*KSVZ**



CAPP-PACE

Cavity: OFHC Cu split type

Unloaded Q-factor of $\sim 120,000$ w/ Sapphire rod

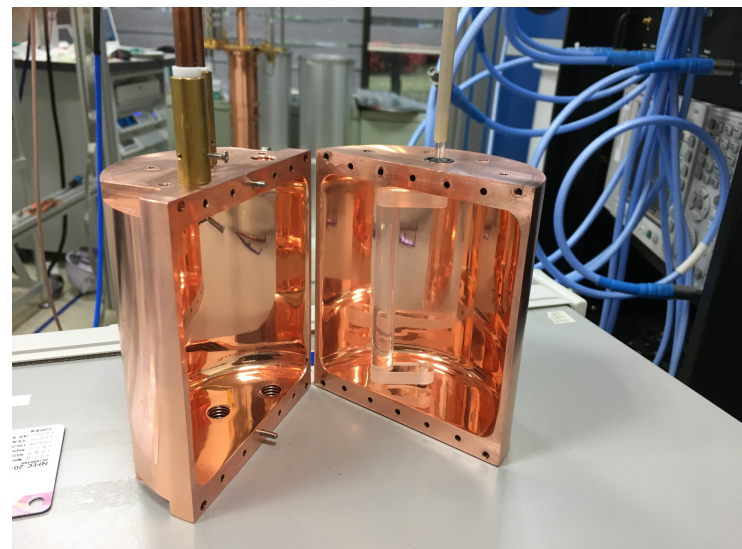
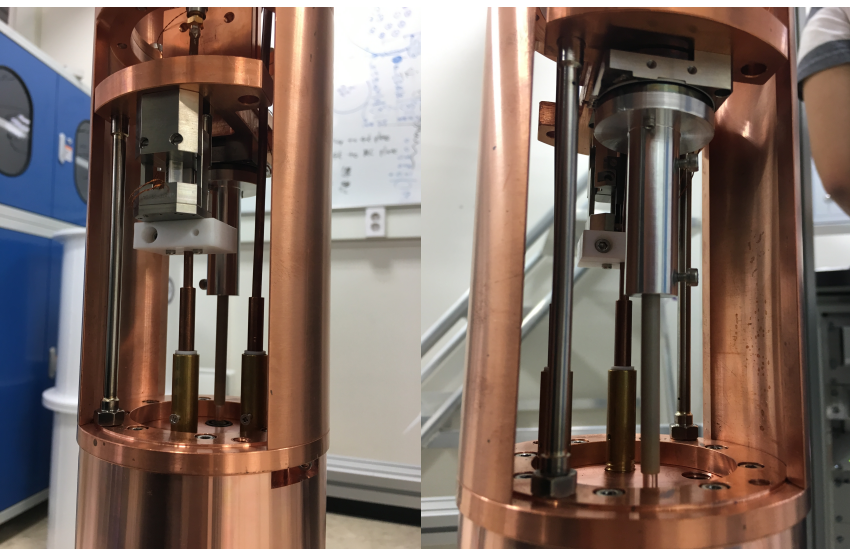
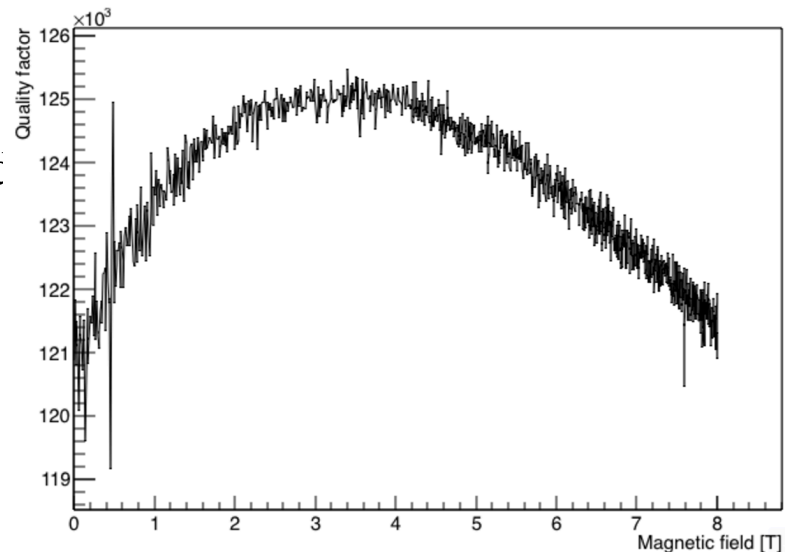
Pure (6N) Cu and Al (annealed) will be fabricated

FTS: Attocube piezoelectric actuators

Thermal link to 1K plate

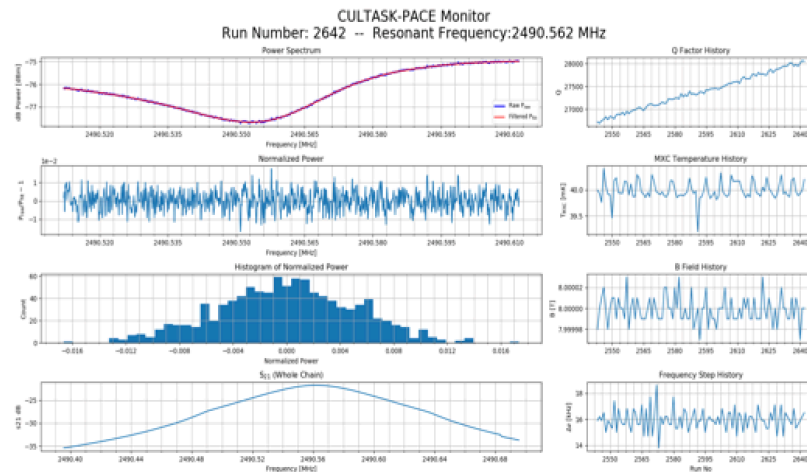
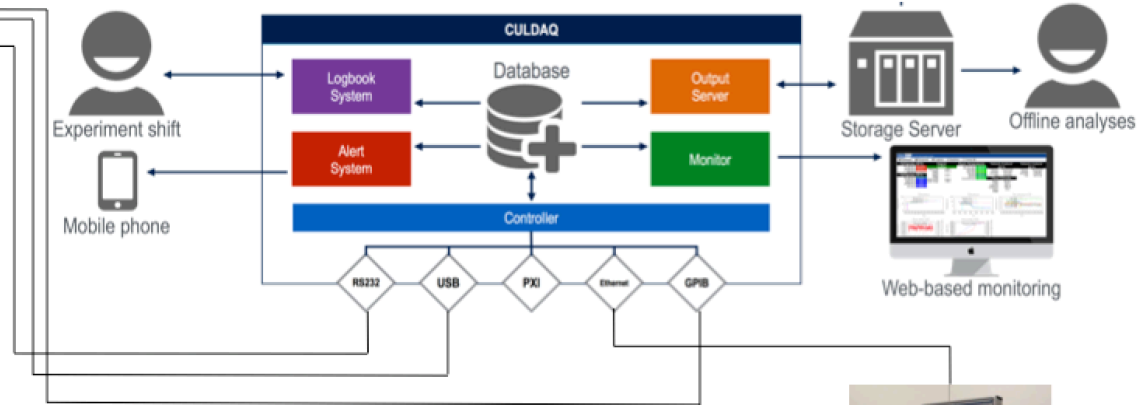
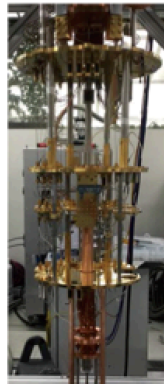
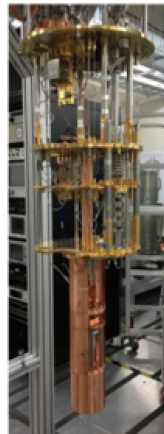
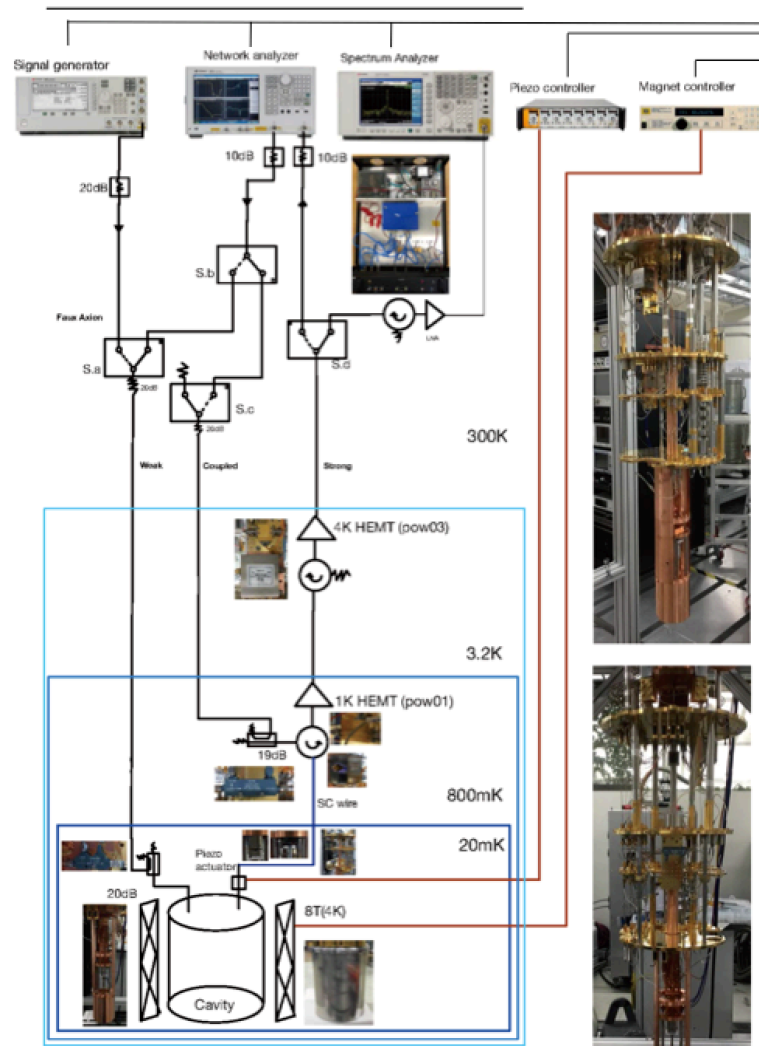
→ Sapphire rod to cavity by cryo bearing

Rotator resolution of 1/1000 deg → 16 kHz per step



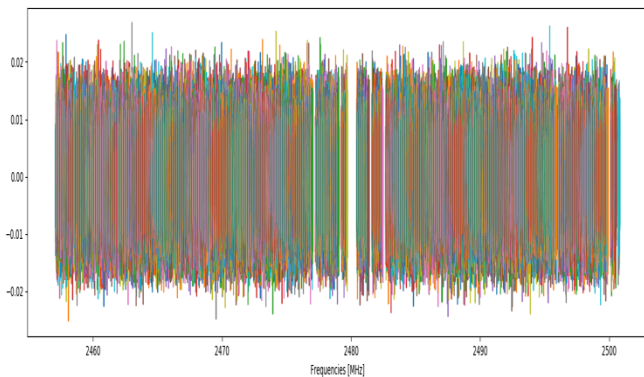
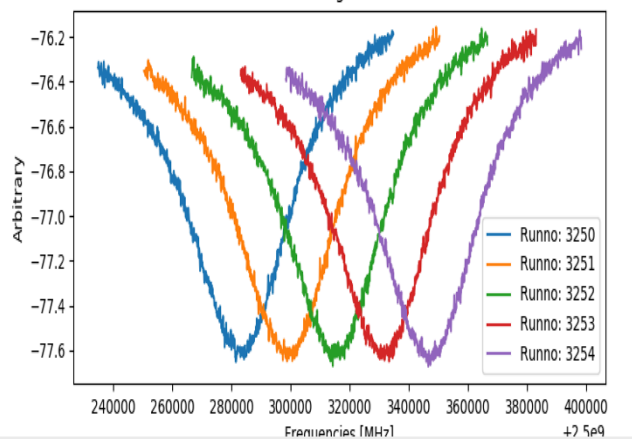
CAPP-PACE

RF read-out chain & Controls

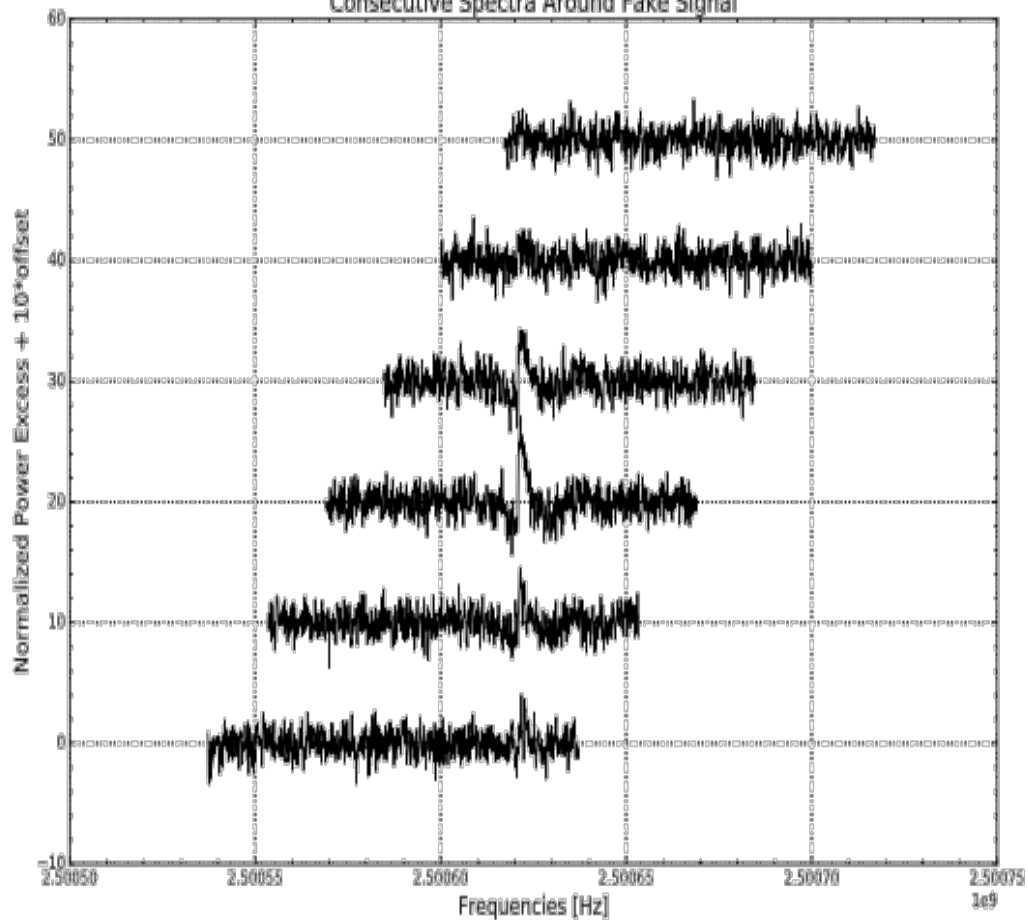


CAPP-PACE 1st data (2.24- 2.50 GHz)

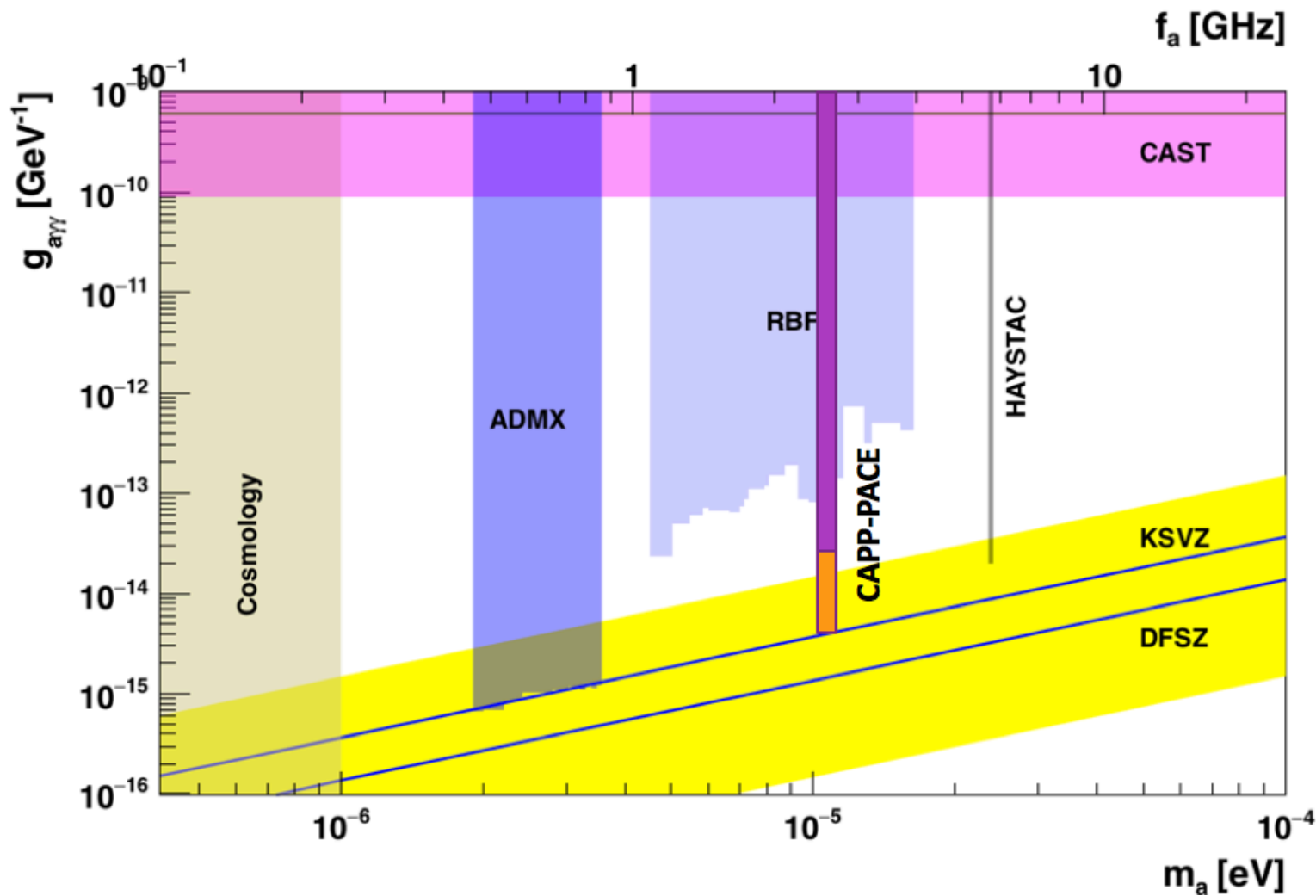
Vertical Align/Combine



Consecutive Spectra Around Fake Signal



CAPP-PACE Sensitivity (planned)



CAPP-PACE R&D

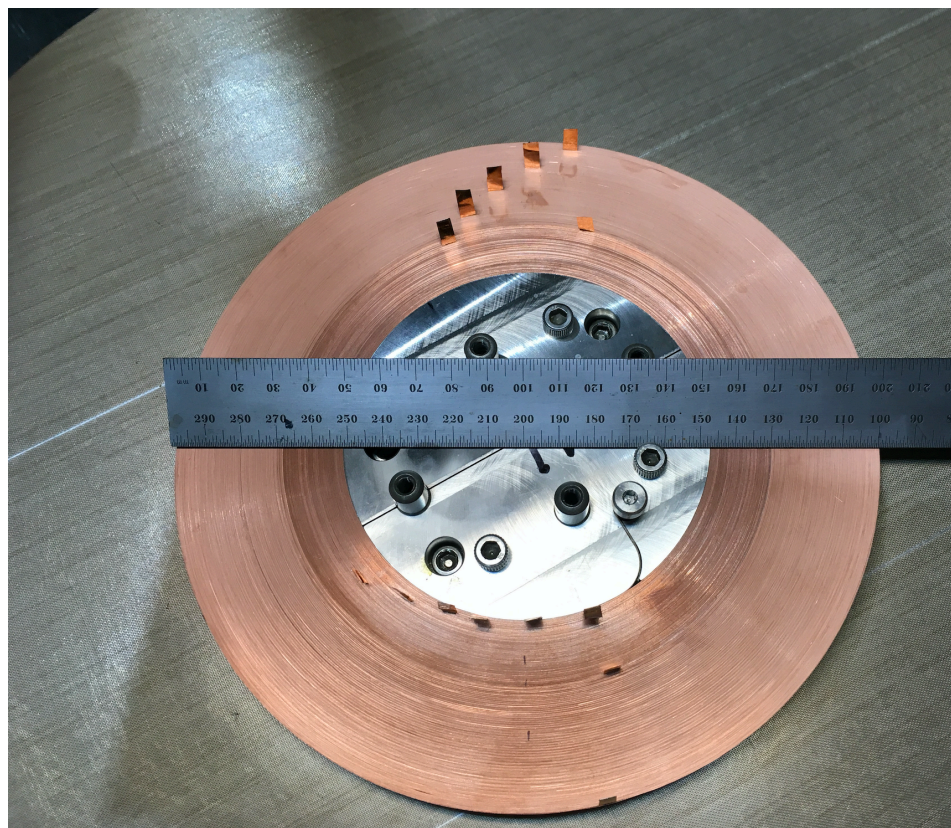
How to improve?

- **Maximize B^2V**
 - 25T 10cm bore HTS magnet by BNL (2020)
 - 12T 32cm bore LTS magnet by Oxford (2020)
 - Way to increase frequency with volume fixed
 - Dielectric rings (TM_{030} and TM_{050})
 - Photonic cells
- **Scan faster (minimize T_{amp} ← dominating factor)**
 - Quantum Amplifier - SQUID or JPA
 - Optimize cryo-RF receiver chain
- **Others**
 - Improve Q-factor of cavity – pure metal or SC cavity
 - Dead-time-less DAQ

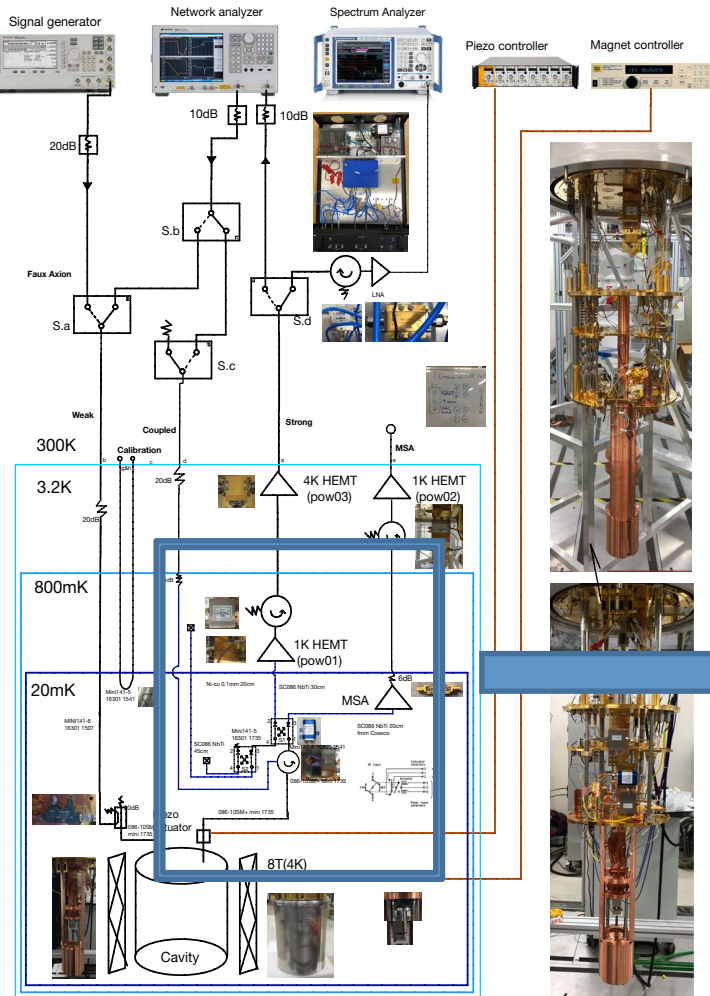
CAPP-PACE R&D

25T 10cm bore HTS magnet by BNL

- The first (of 24) pancake wound! - test will follow
- 5 km of SC tape will be delivered next 5 months

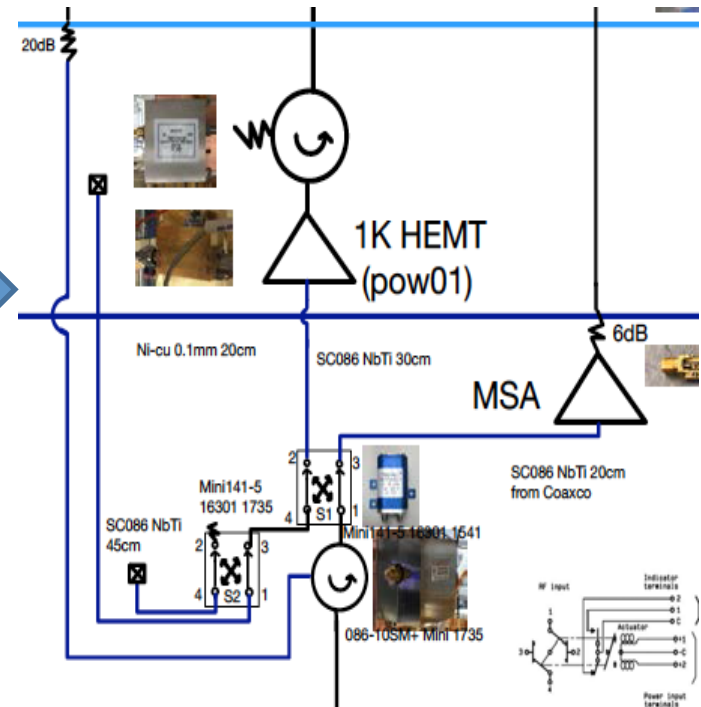


CAPP-PACE NT Measurements



05/14/2018 modified. Port 1&4 of Switch2 is interchanged. Readout line from S1 to HEMT is directly connected. Coupled line configuration is modified.

- “Cold Terminator method” with cryo-switch
- “On-Off Resonance method” ADMX style
- Custom-made Y-factor method
- LHe dewar tests

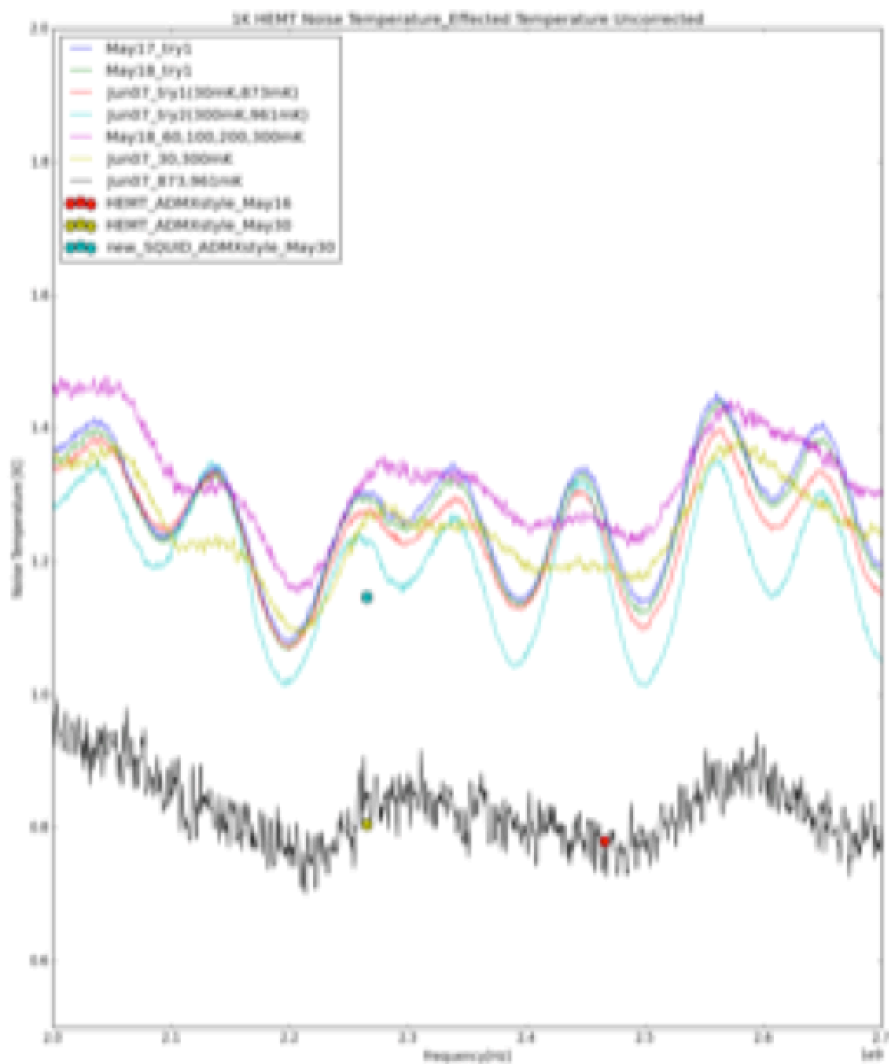


CAPP-PACE NT Measurements

Before Corrections

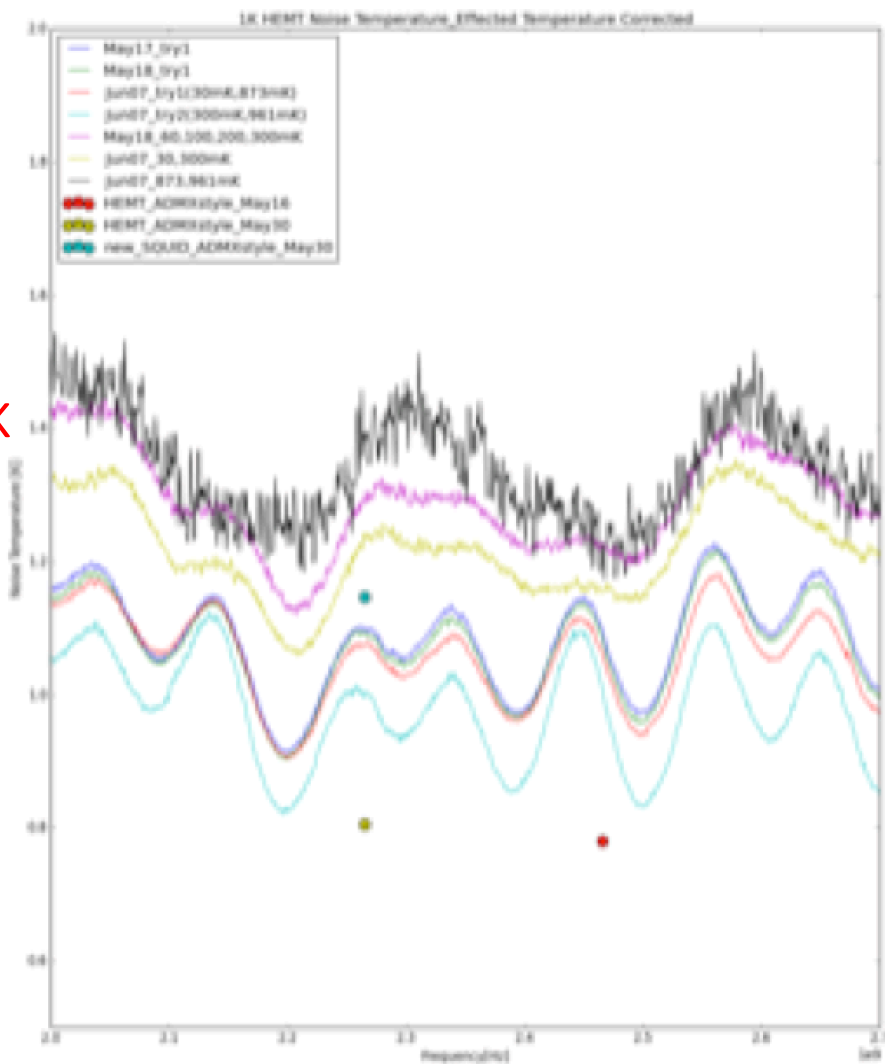
Cold Terminator Method

After Corrections



1.4 K

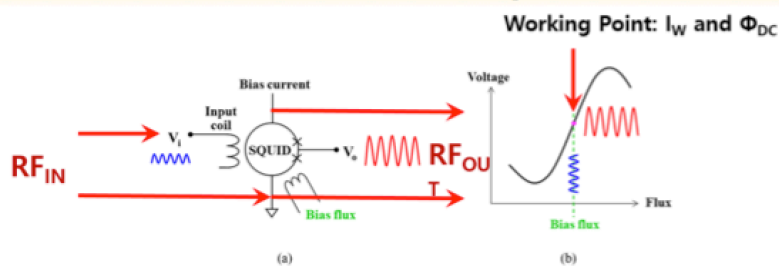
1.0 K



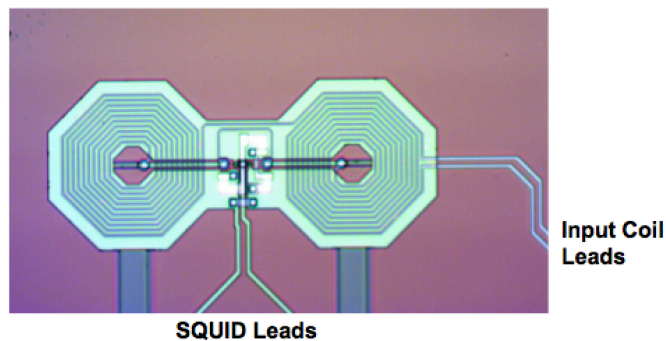
CAPP-PACE R&D (Quantum Amplifiers)

- Andrei Matlashov is leading an effort to optimize SQUID for axion experiment
- New type of microwave SQUID amplifier from IPHT (Jena, Germany)

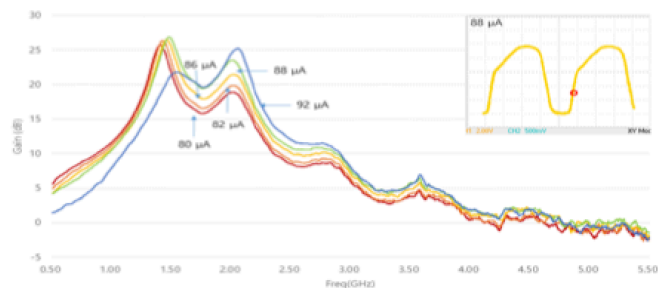
Microwave SQUID Amplifiers



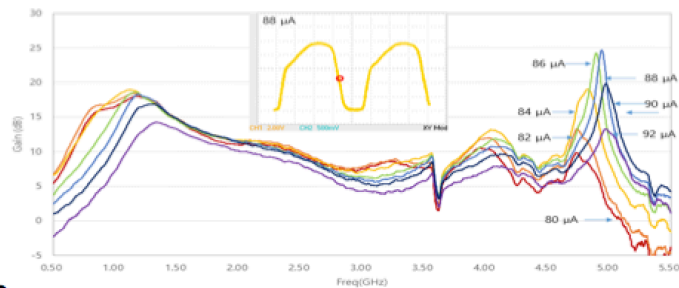
SQUID Gradiometer Configuration



Gain vs. Frequency



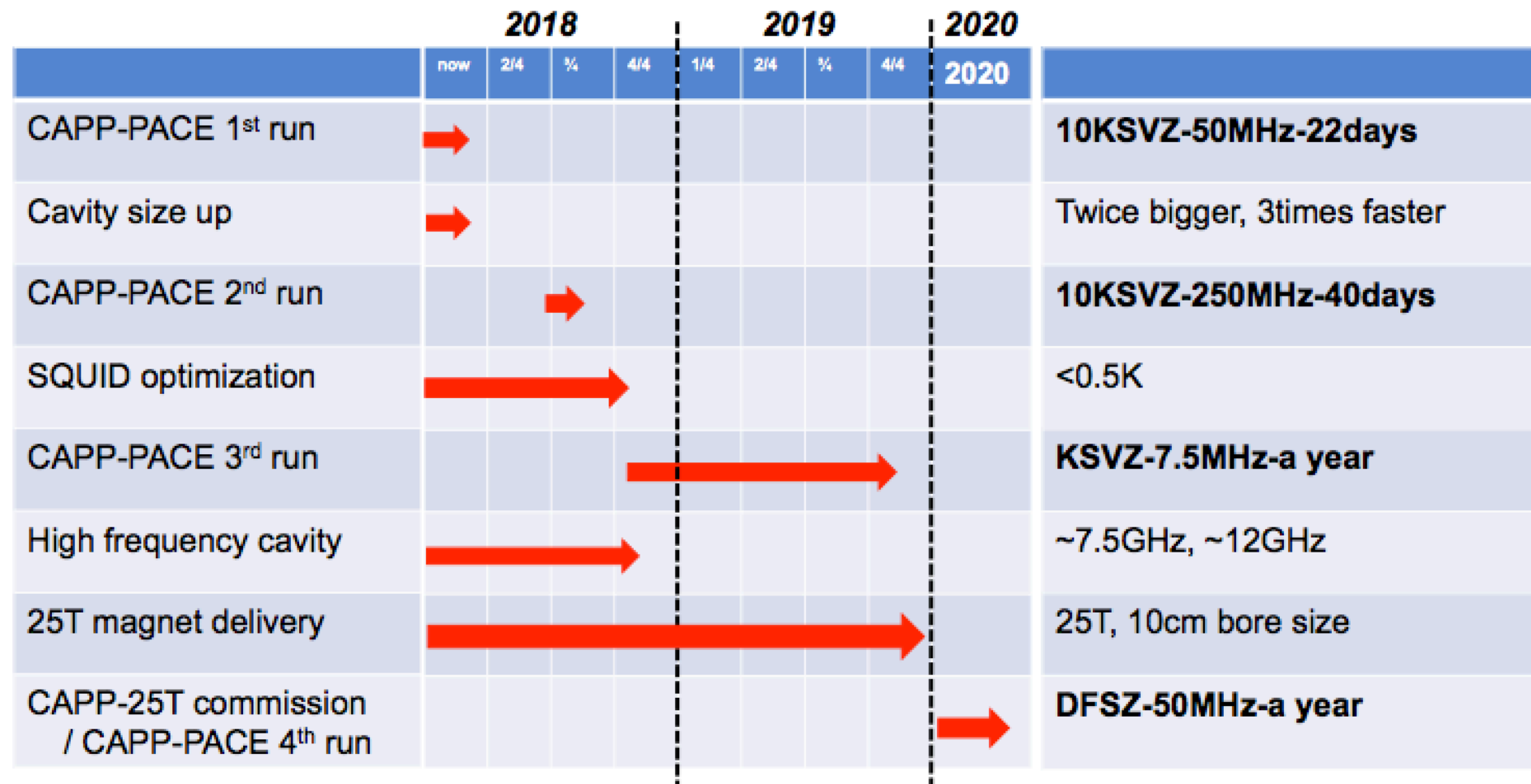
A $I_W = 80; 82; 86; 88; 92 \mu\text{A}$
 $\Delta F_{20\text{dB}} \geq 1.3 - 2.2 \text{ GHz}$
 $\Delta F_{15\text{dB}} \geq 1.1 - 2.3 \text{ GHz}$



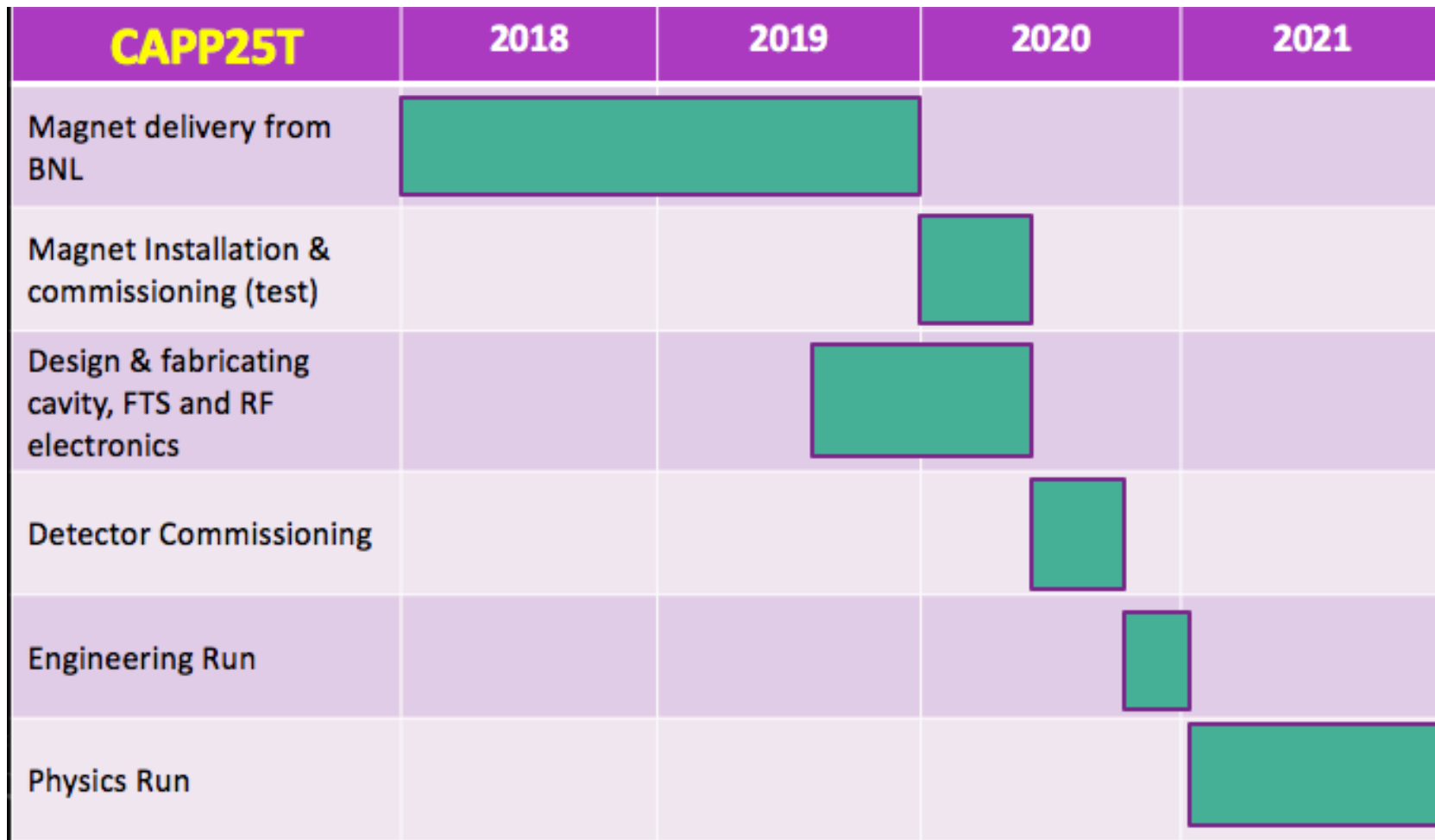
B $I_W = 80; 82; 84; 86; 88; 90; 92 \mu\text{A}$

- Sergey Uchaikin (from D-Wave) will join the group in July to lead JPA effort

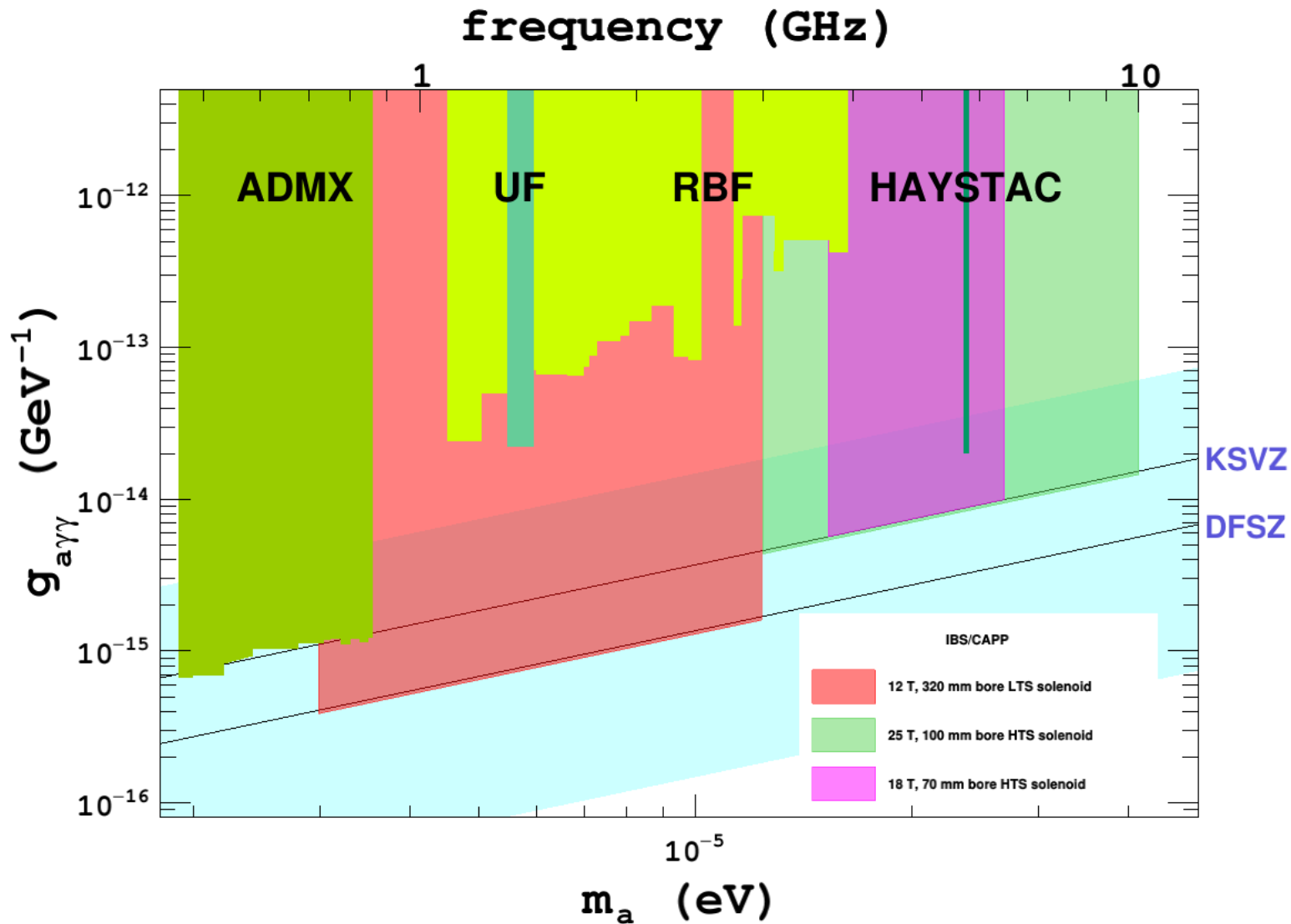
Timeline (CAPP-PACE)



Timeline (CAPP25T)



CULTASK Sensitivity



Summary

- **Axion Research at CAPP/IBS in Korea is getting mature**
- **CAPP-PACE is becoming a complete axion experiment and leading R&D efforts of CAPP**
- **Major R&D Efforts**
 - **Higher B Field: HTS (18T, 25T...)**
 - **Larger Volume: (12T 32cm LTS magnet)**
 - **Adding SQUID or JPA**
 - **R&D for Higher Frequencies (>10 GHz)**
- **Stay tuned for optimized Quantum Amplifiers!**

Thank You For Your Attention!