

Neutrino Experiment for Oscillation at Short Baseline

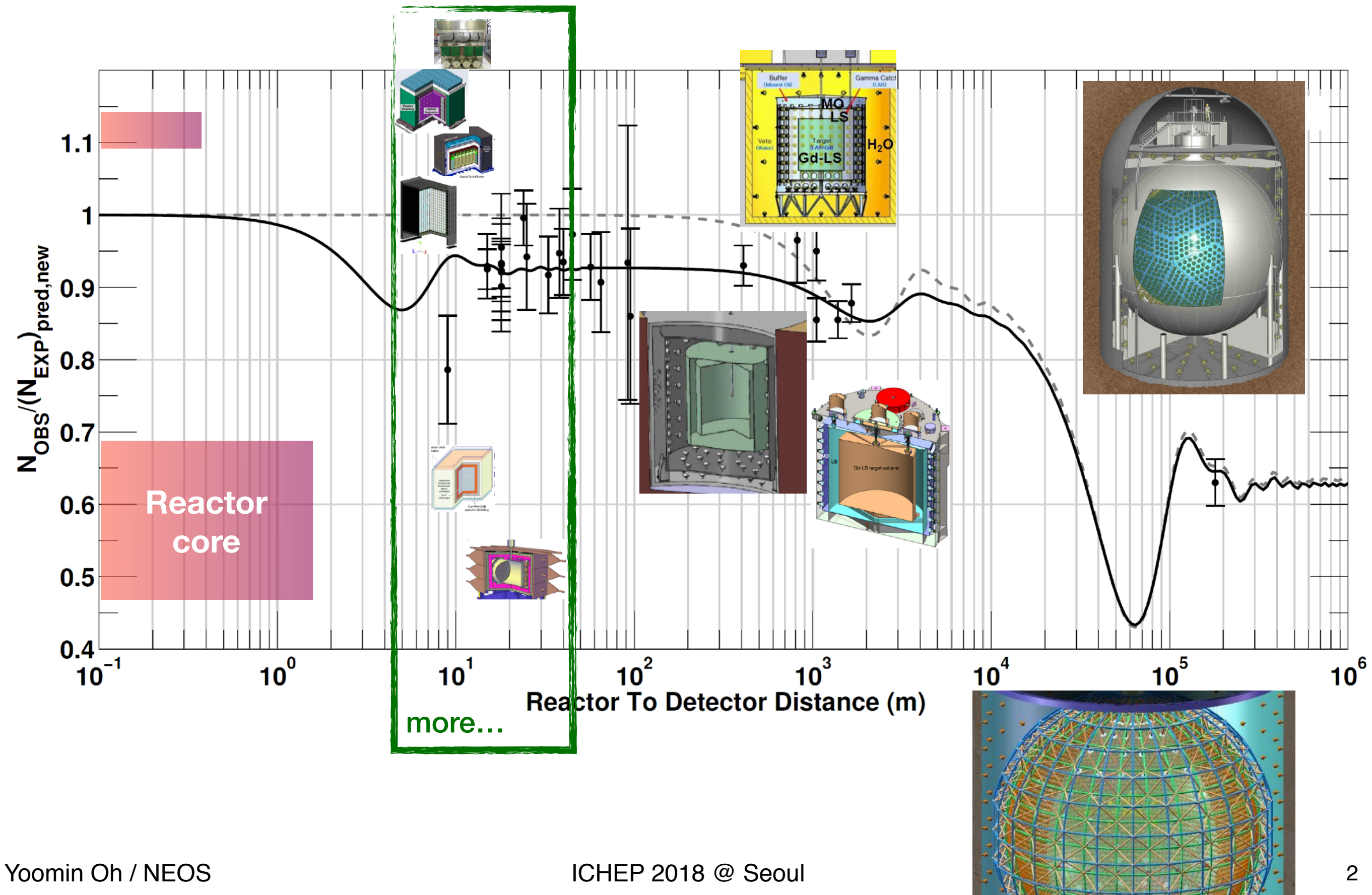
July 4-9 @ ICHEP 2018, Seoul

Yomin Oh
for the NEOS collaboraiton

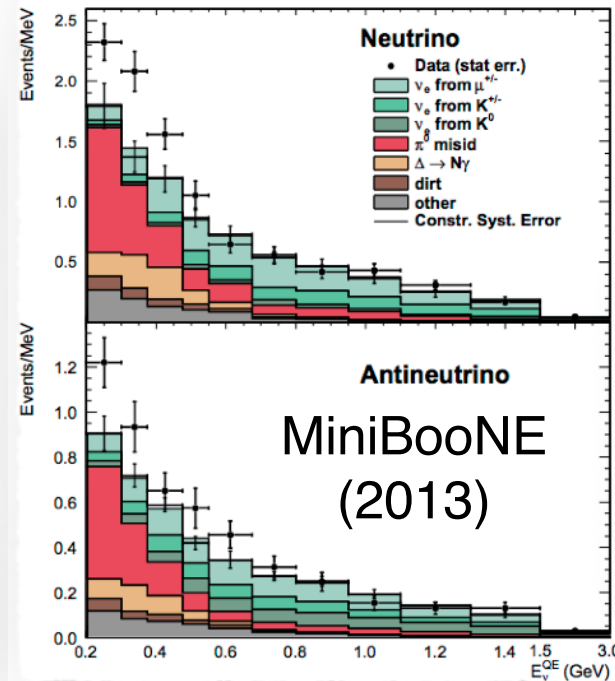
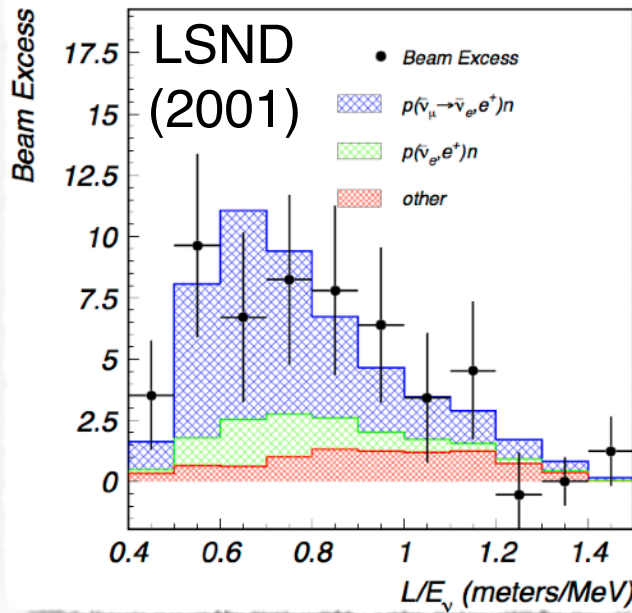
Center for
Underground Physics 



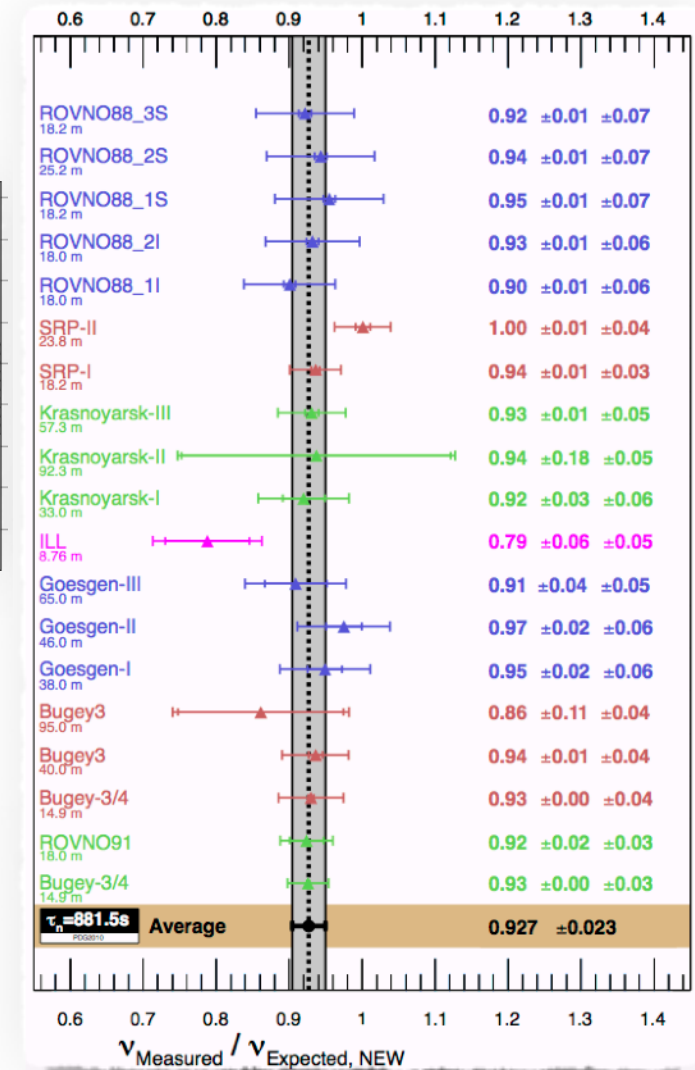
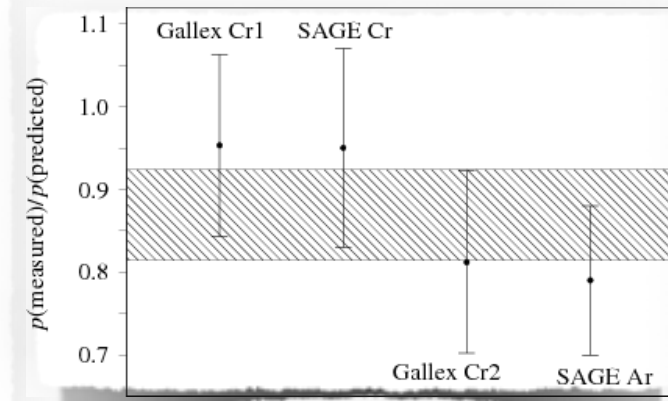
Reactor neutrino experiments



Motivation — anomalies

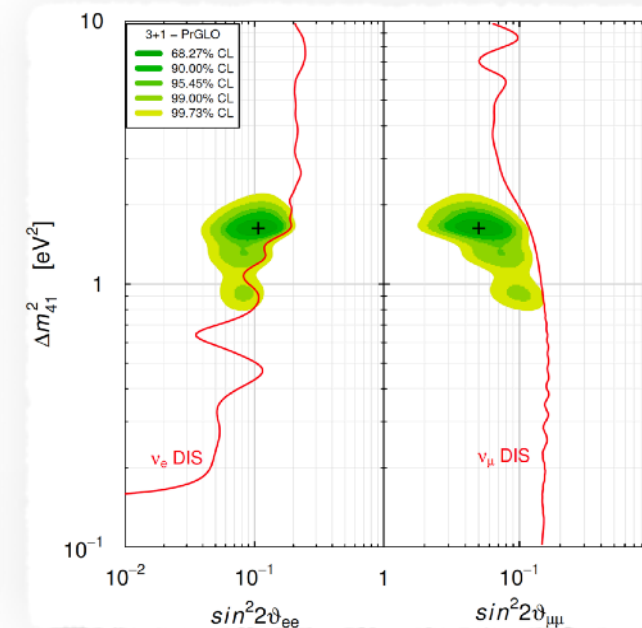
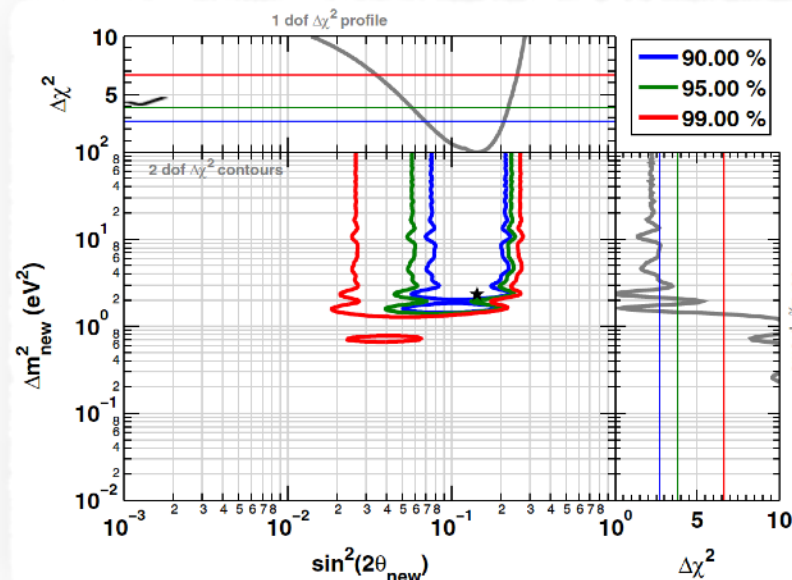


Gallex/SAGE (2009)



$\sim 1\text{eV}$ sterile neutrino

Mention (2011)

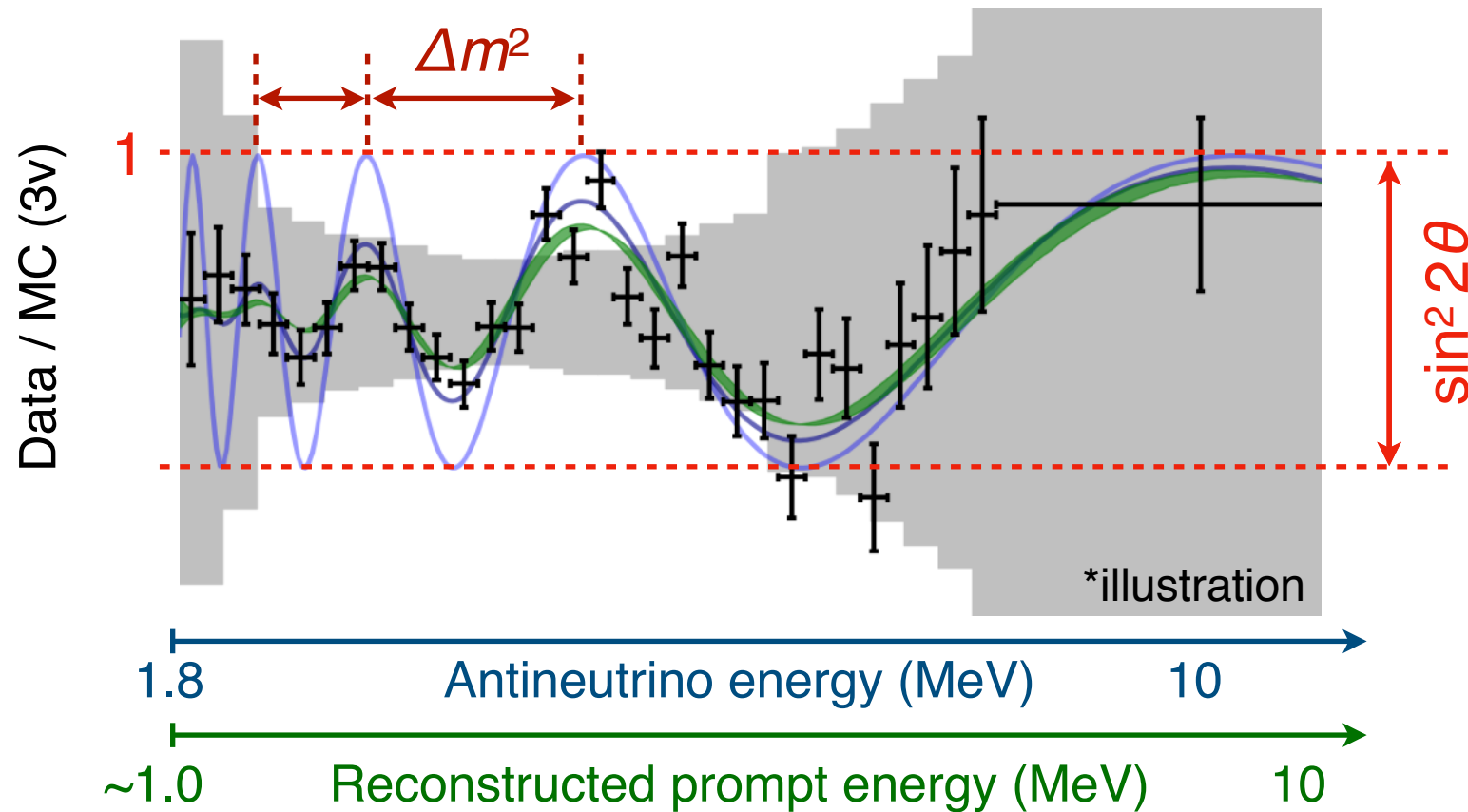


Gariazzo (2016)

white paper (2012)

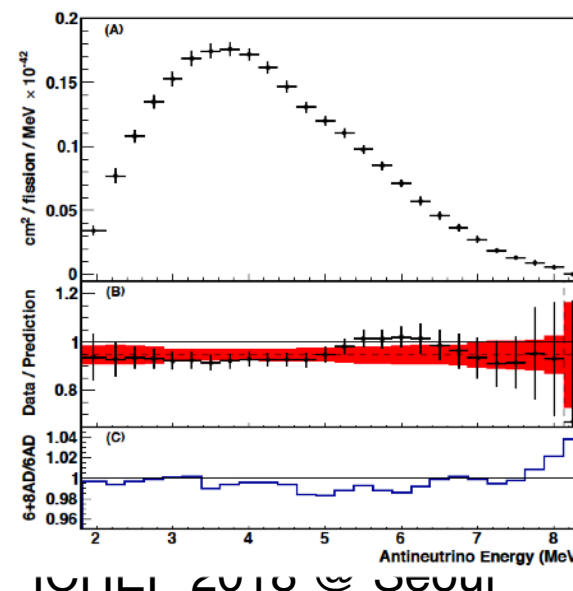
NEOS Sensitivity to 3+1v oscillation

$$P(\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) \sim 1 - \sin^2 2\theta_{14} \sin^2 \left(1.27 \frac{\Delta m^2 L}{E_\nu} \left[\frac{\text{eV}^2 \cdot \text{m}}{\text{MeV}} \right] \right)$$



Single detector experiment:

- a decent model spectrum,
- detector simulation



washed out by:

⊗ **Baseline**

size of reactor, detector

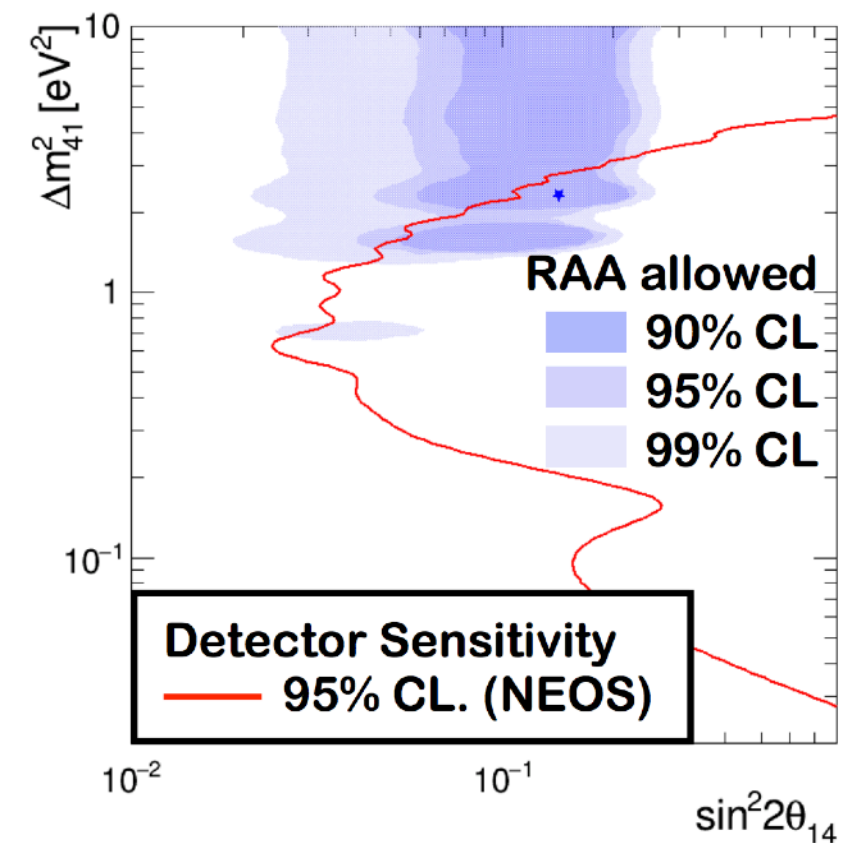
⊗ **Detector**

neutrino → prompt energy

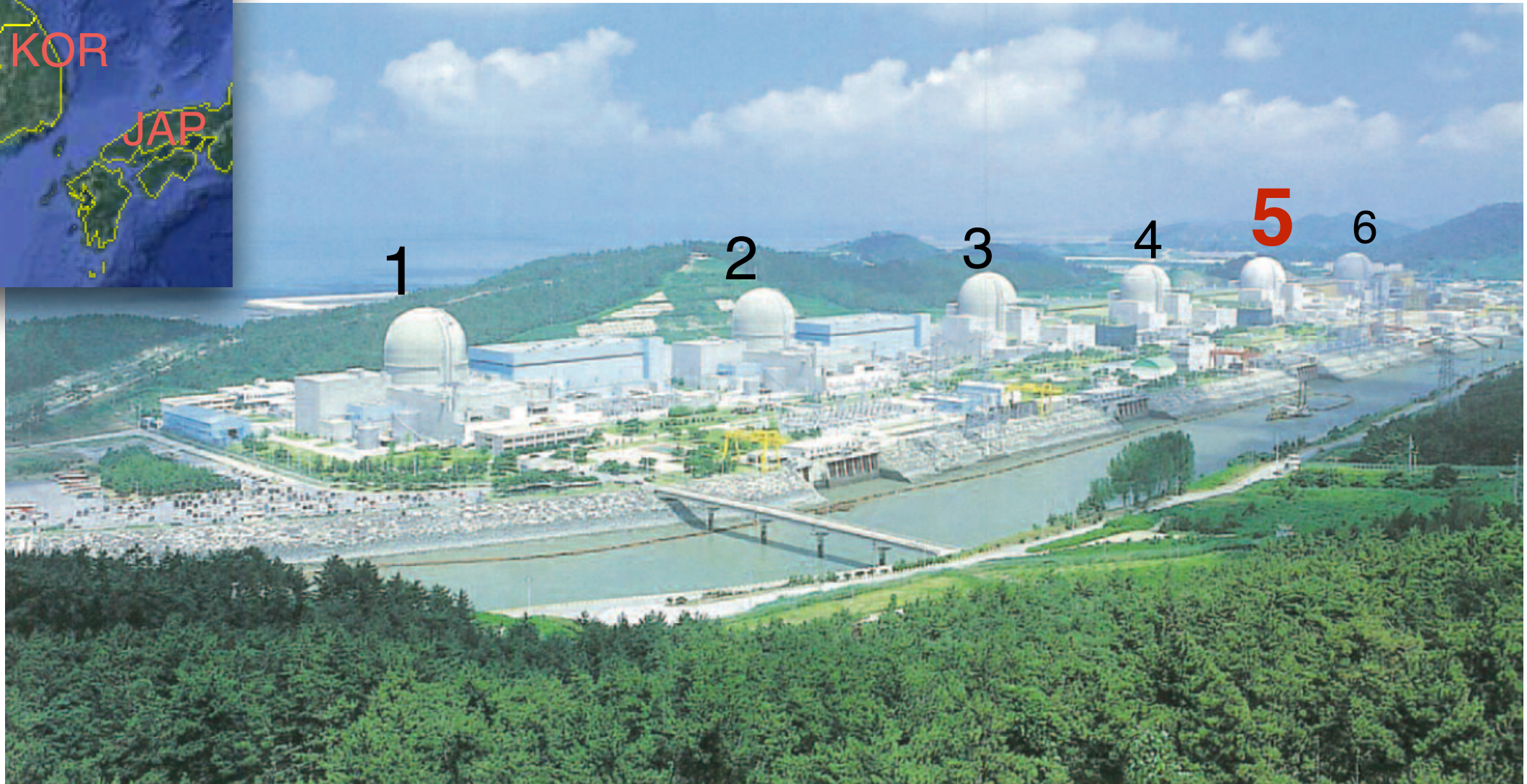
⊗ **Uncertainties in model**

bin-to-bin (un)correlated

⊗ **Statistics, background, ...**

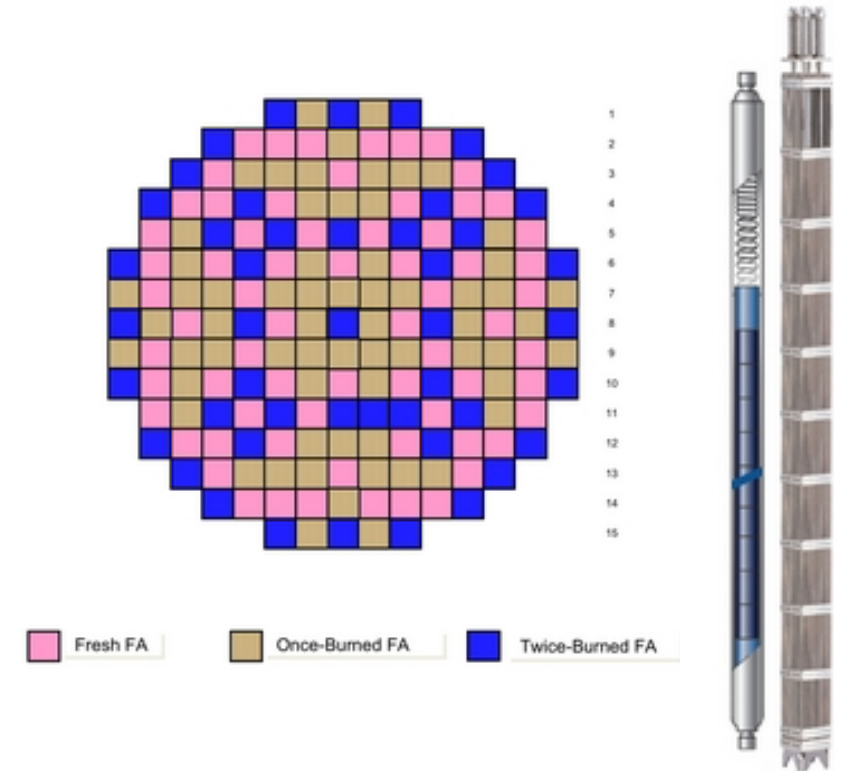
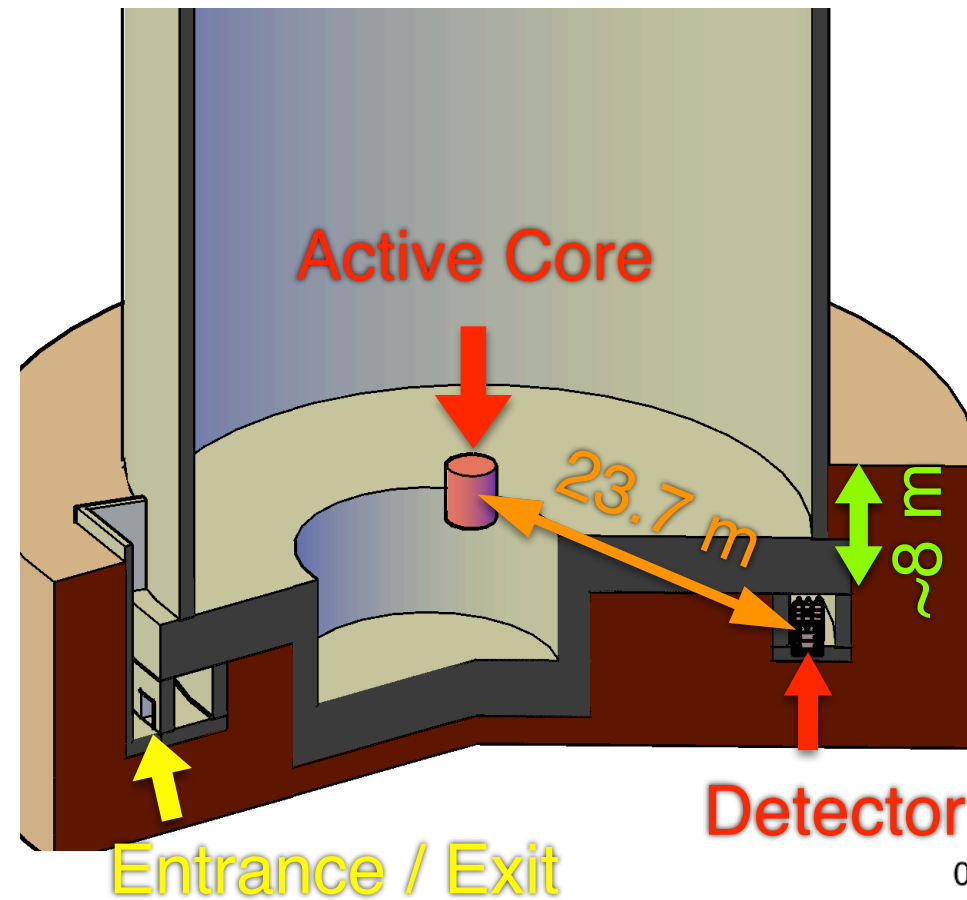
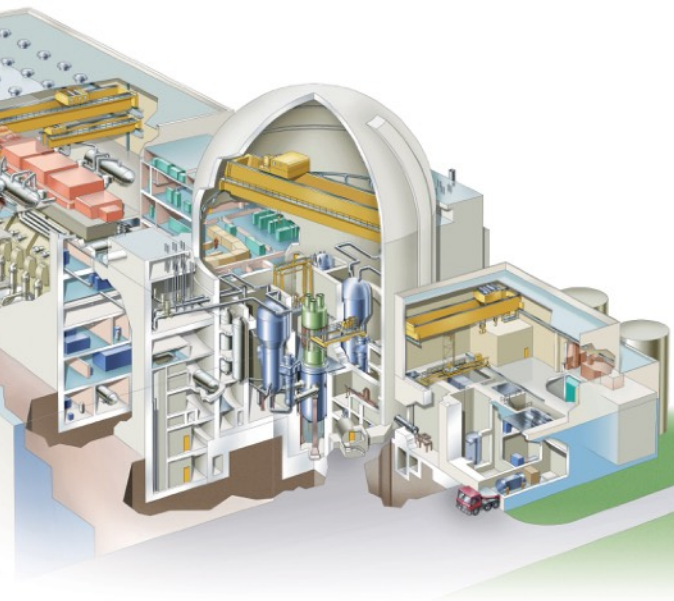


Experimental site

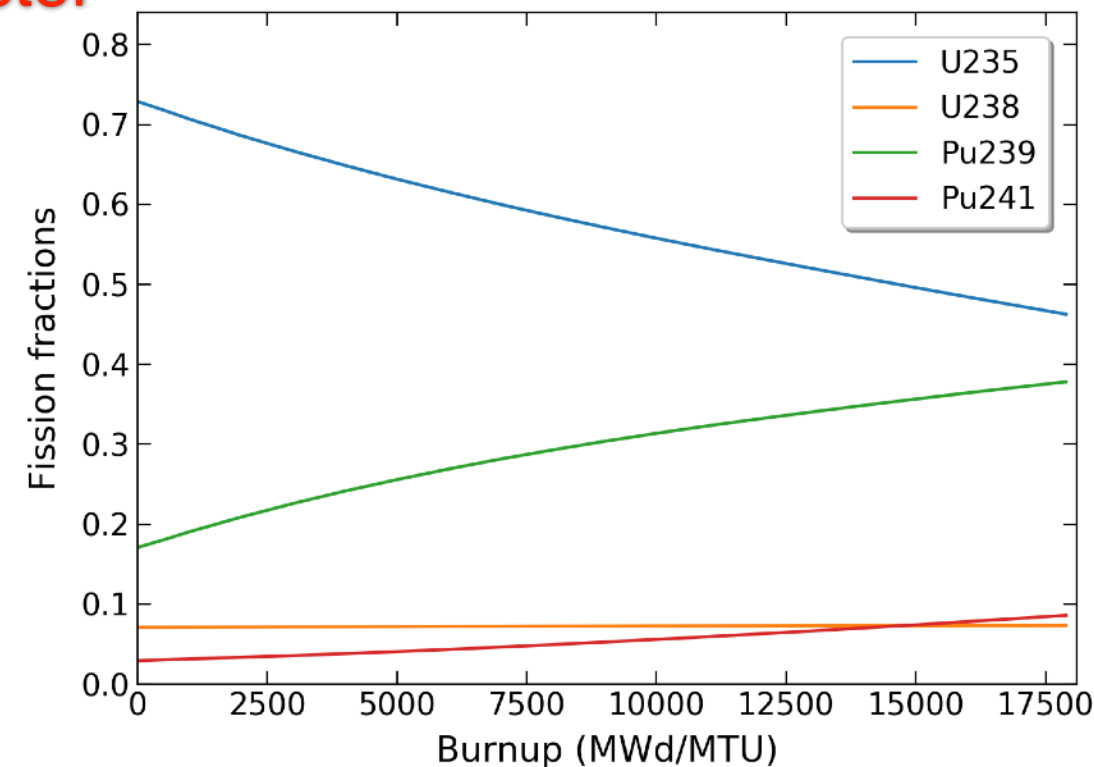


- Hanbit-5 reactor in Yeonggwang (靈光, ghost illumination), Korea
- Distance between neighboring reactor cores: 256 m
- Same reactor complex being used for the RENO experiment

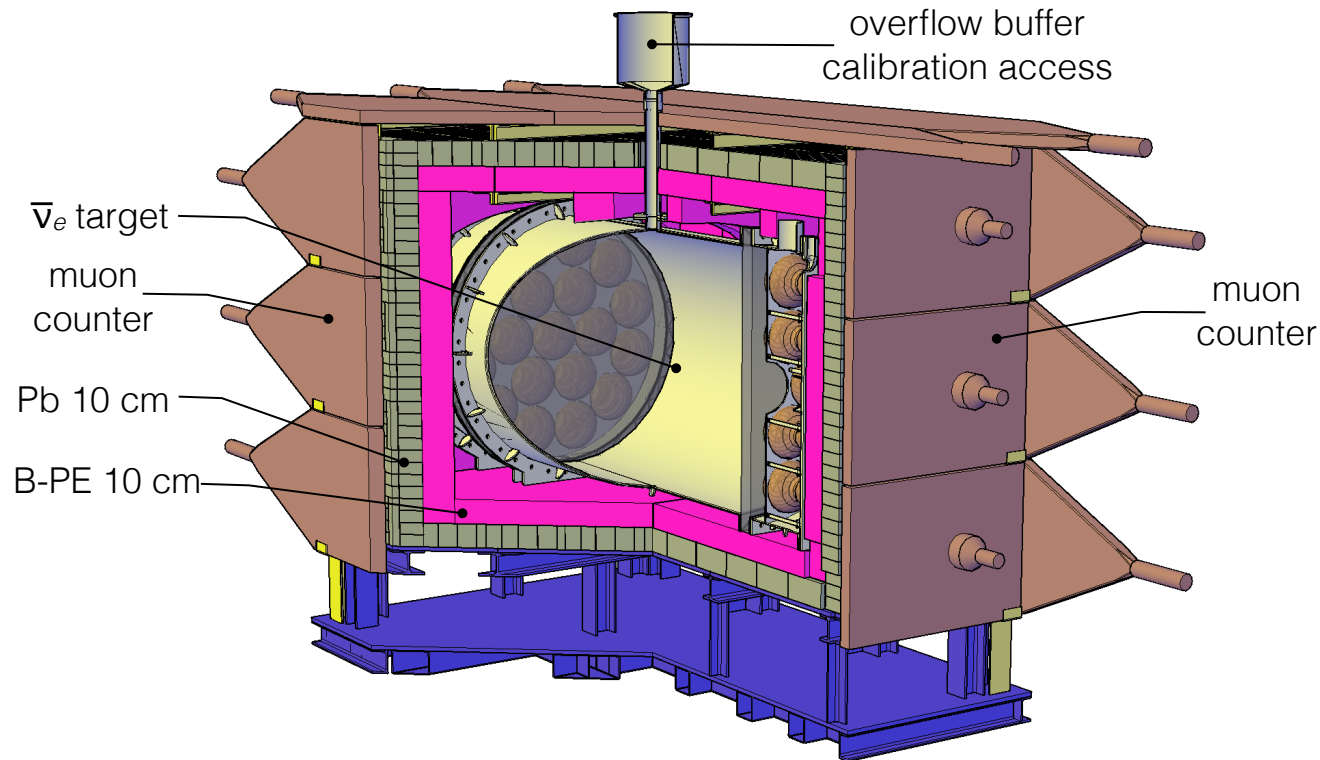
Hanbit-5 reactor and tendon gallery



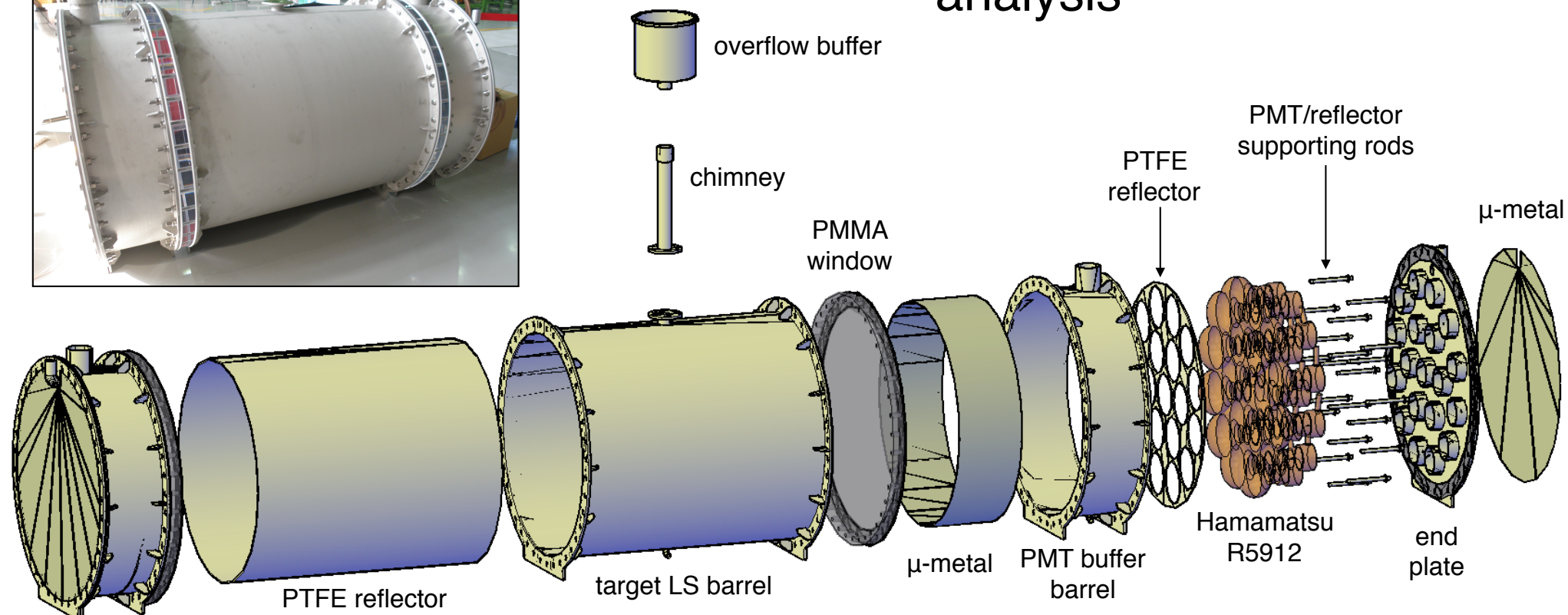
- OPR-1000, Thermal power: 2.8 GW
- Active core size: Φ 3.1 m, H 3.8 m
- 177 fuel rods, 1/3 changes after a cycle
- LEU fuel: $\sim 4.x\%$ U-235 enrichment
- Detector-core distance: 23.7 m
- Overburden > 20 m.w.e.



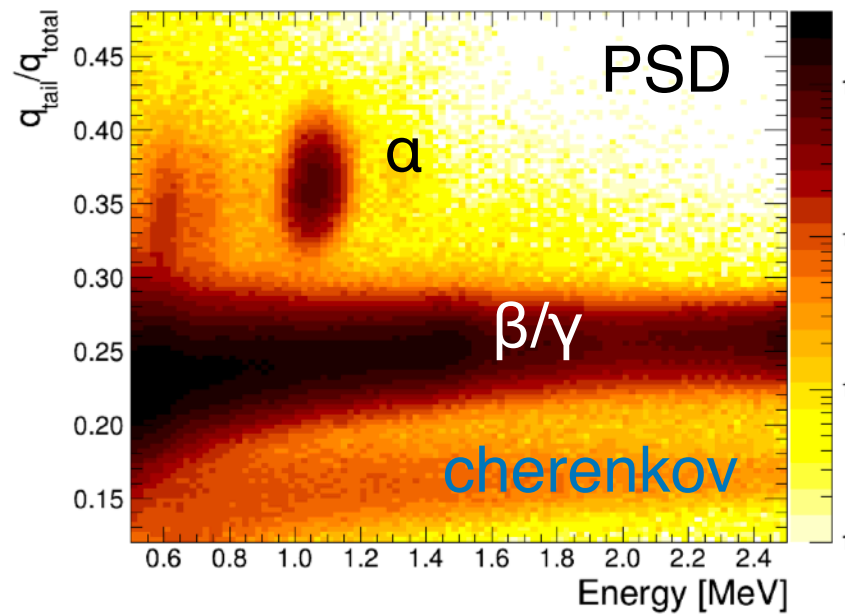
Detector design & construction



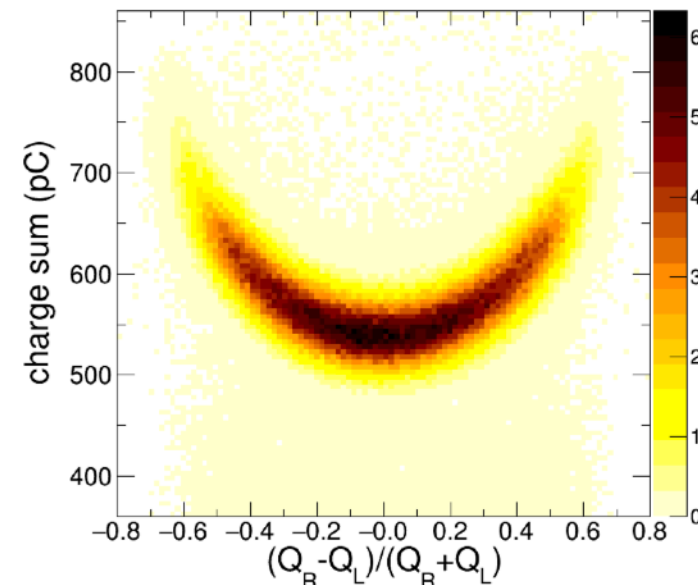
- Simple / compact / homogeneous.
- efficiency, energy resolution.
- 1000L of 0.5% Gd loaded LS.
- 2 x 19 8-inch PMTs.
- No γ -catcher buffer layer.
- LAB:UG-F = 9:1 for PSD.
- Source calibration through chimney.
- FADC 500 MS/s for waveform analysis



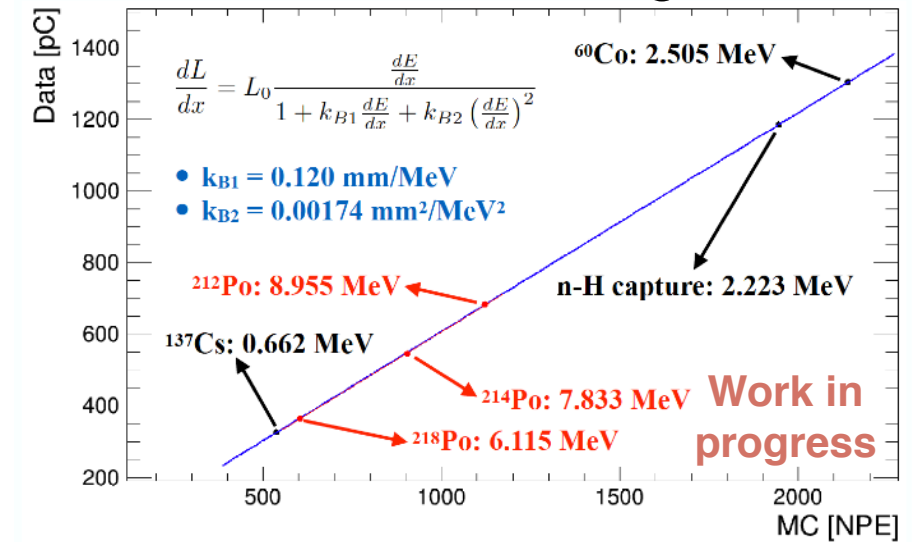
Detector responses & simulation



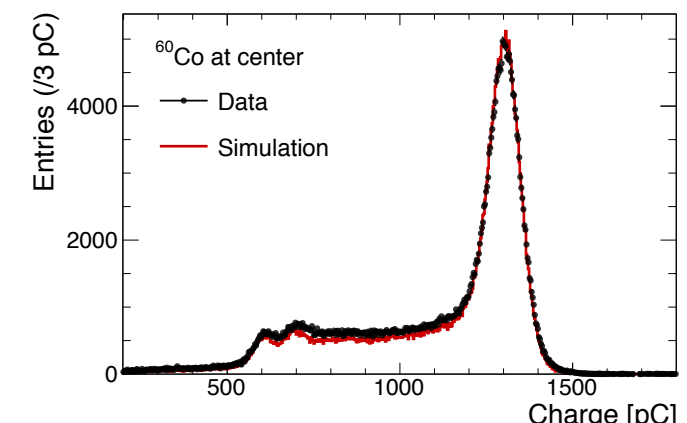
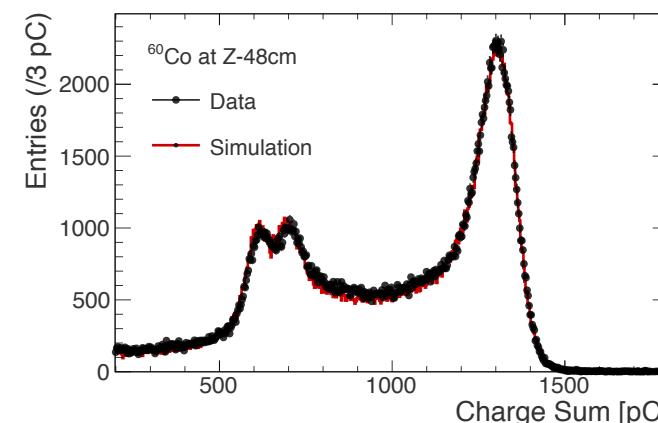
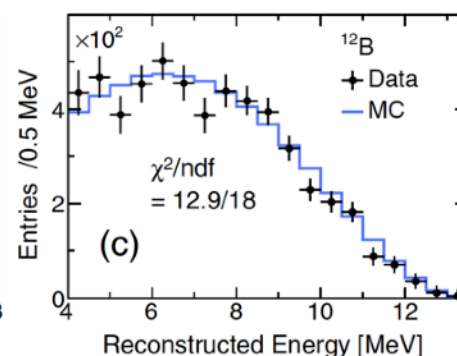
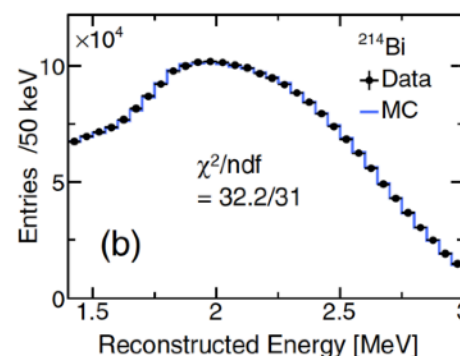
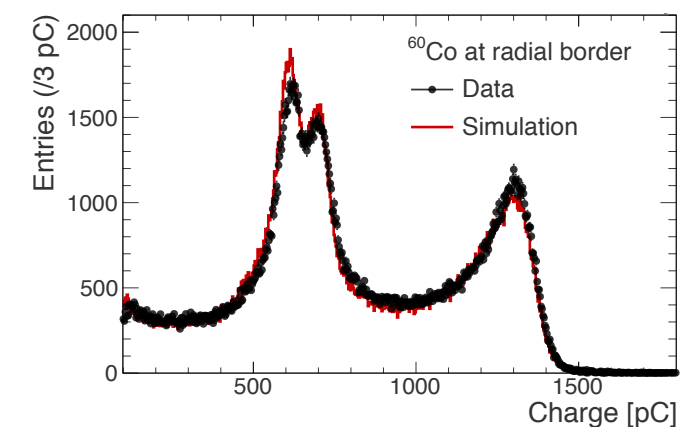
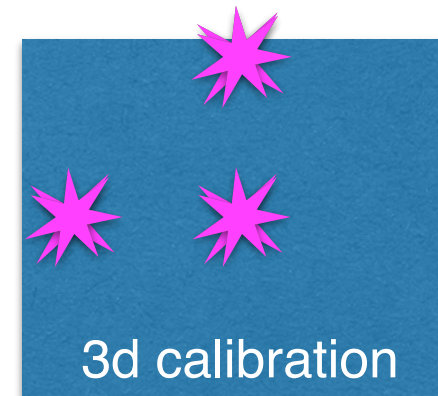
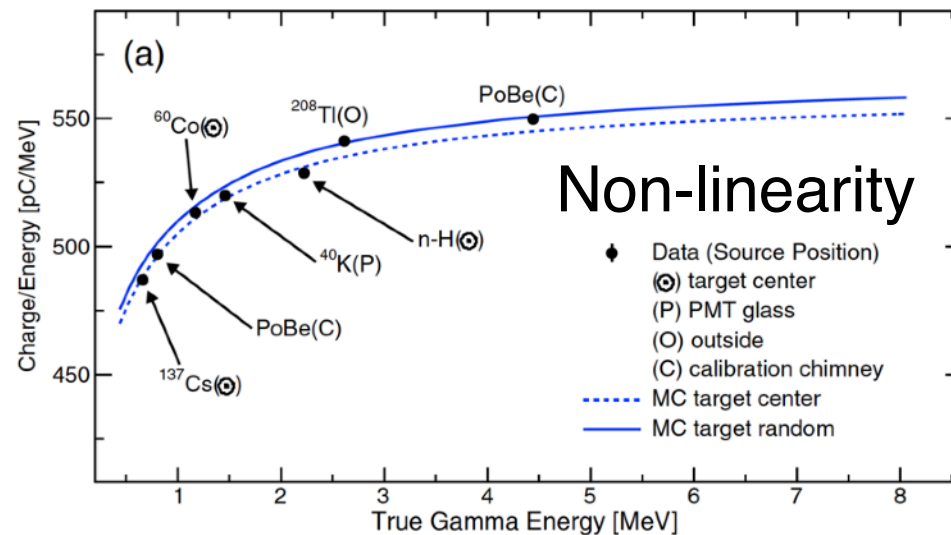
Non-uniformity



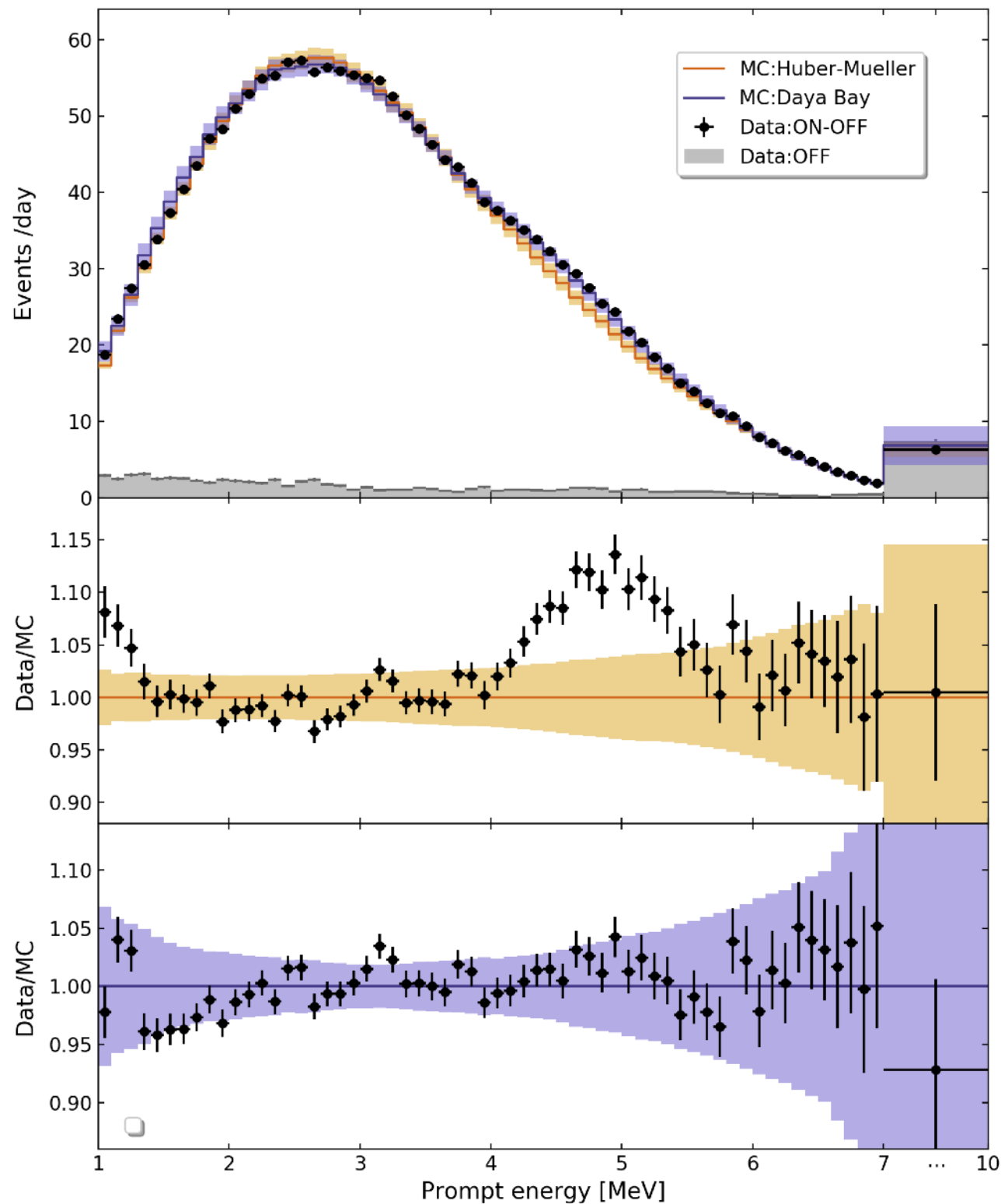
Quenching



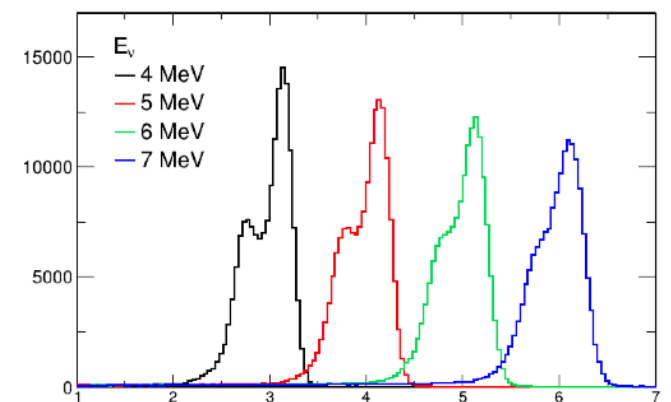
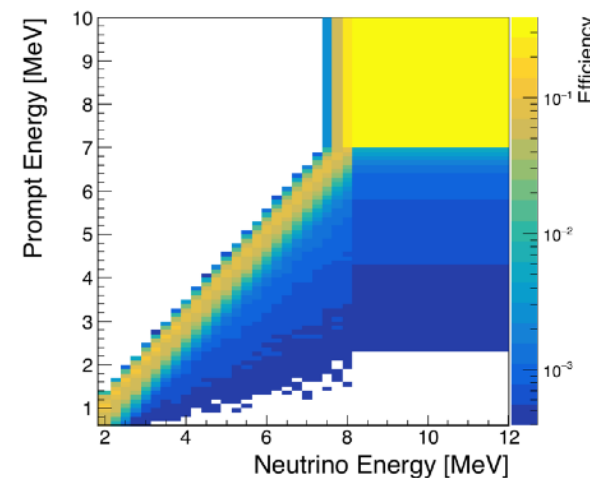
Escaping γ 's



Prompt energy spectrum

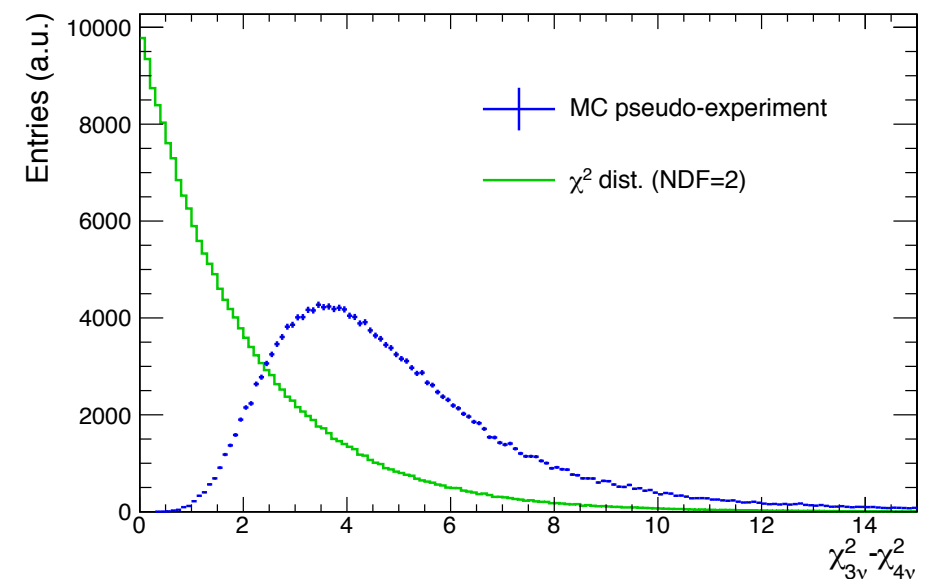
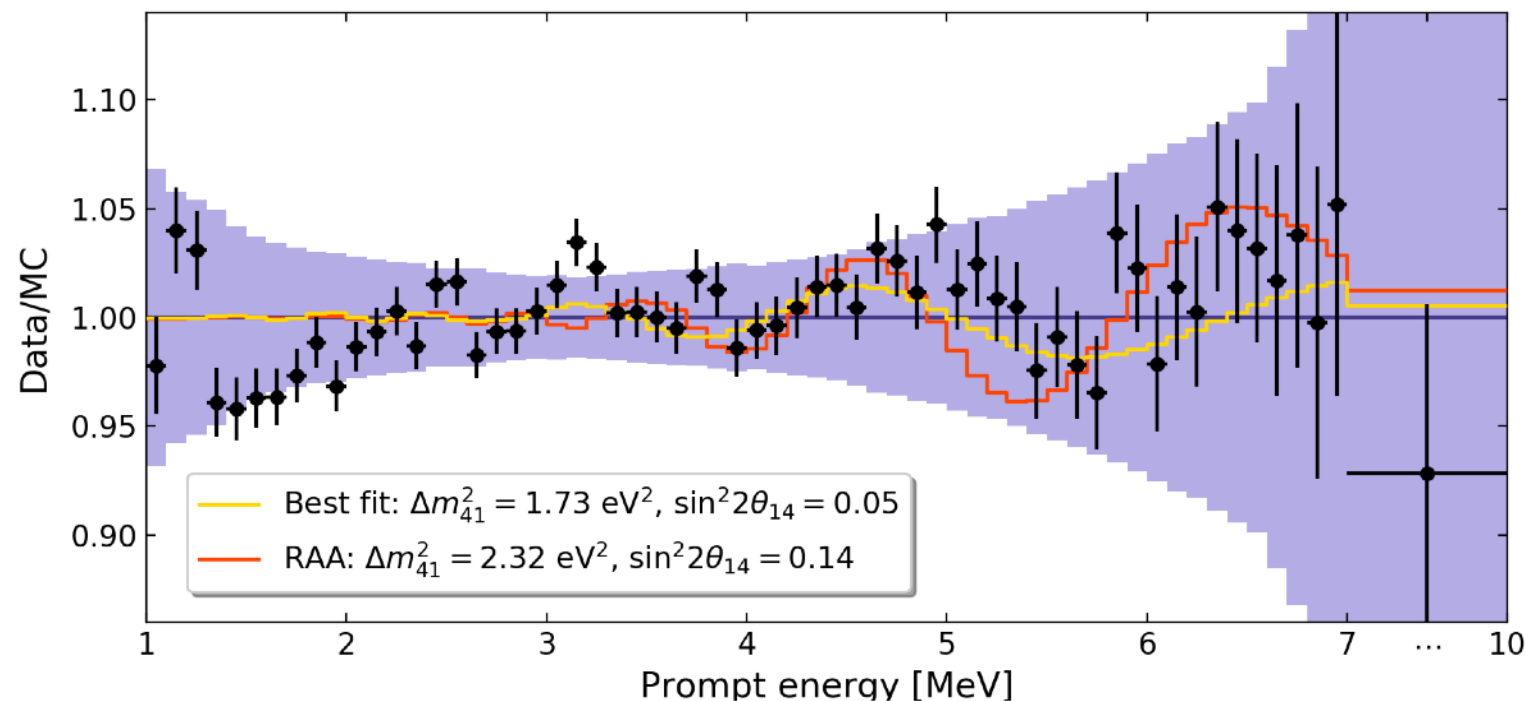
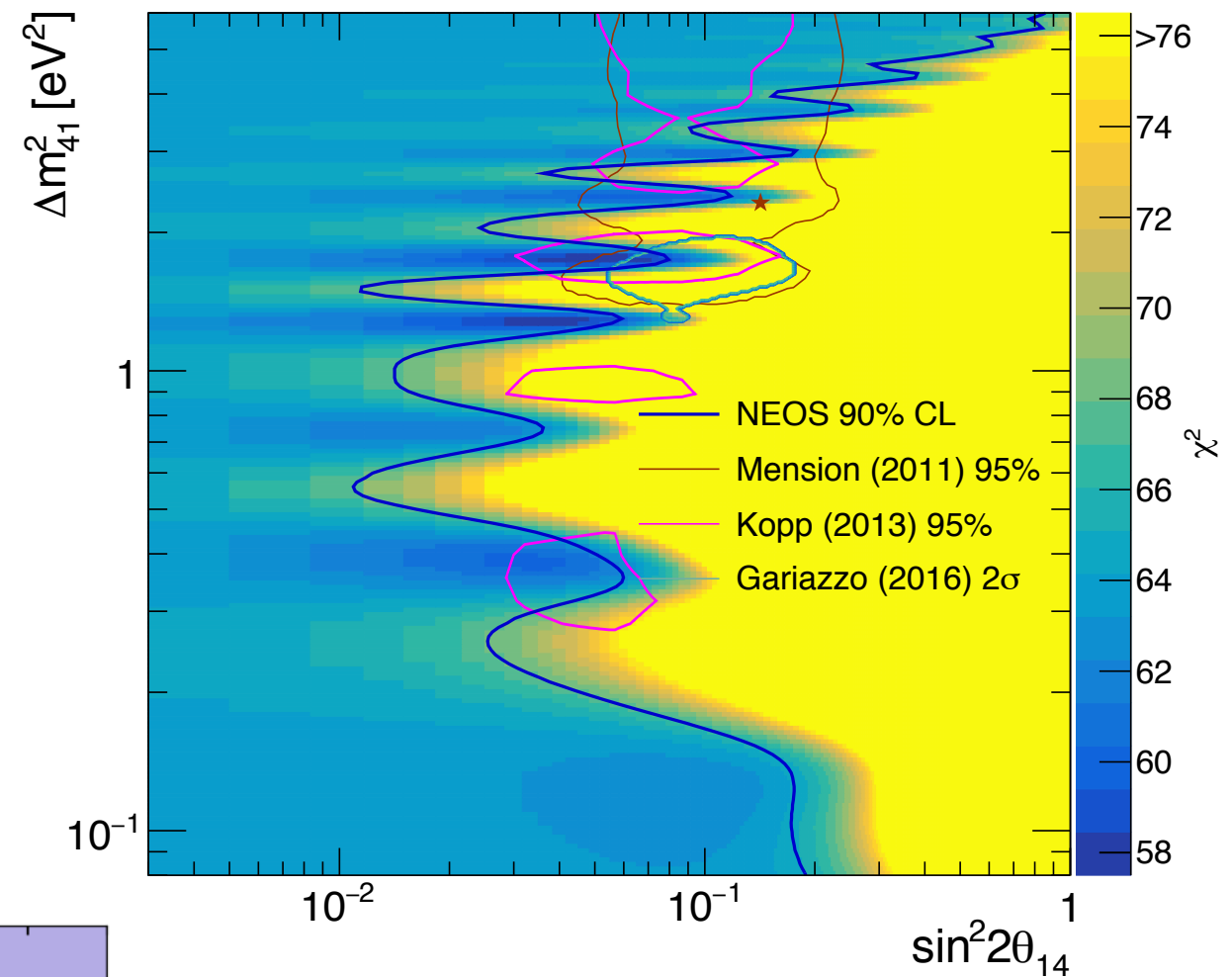


- 1976 IBD candidates/day (on), 85 /day (off); S/N~23.
- Negligible background change between on-off periods.
- Spectral anomaly observed (vs Huber-Mueller normalization).
- Small structural fluctuations.
- Reference spectra generated using detector response matrix, - energy escape due to detector size

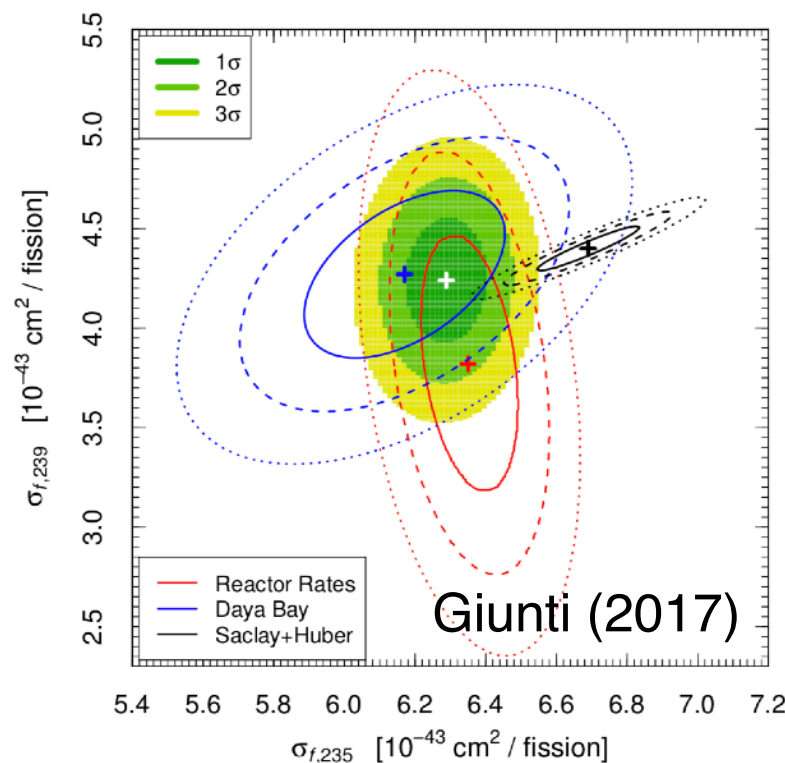
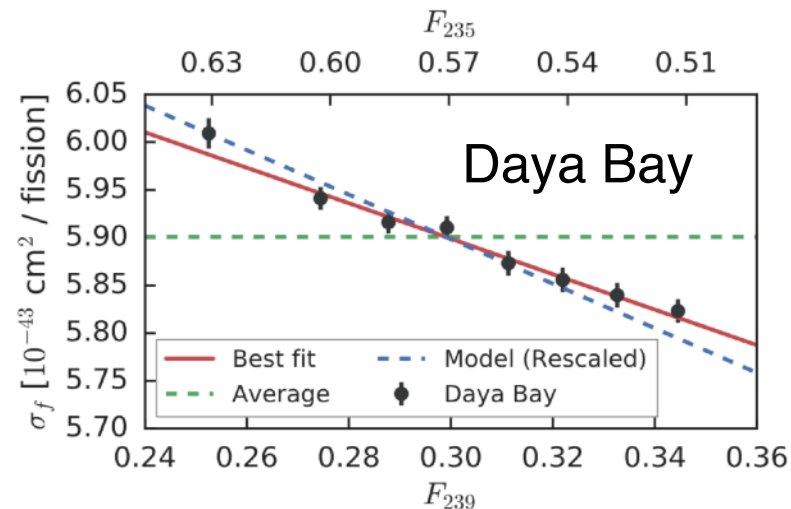
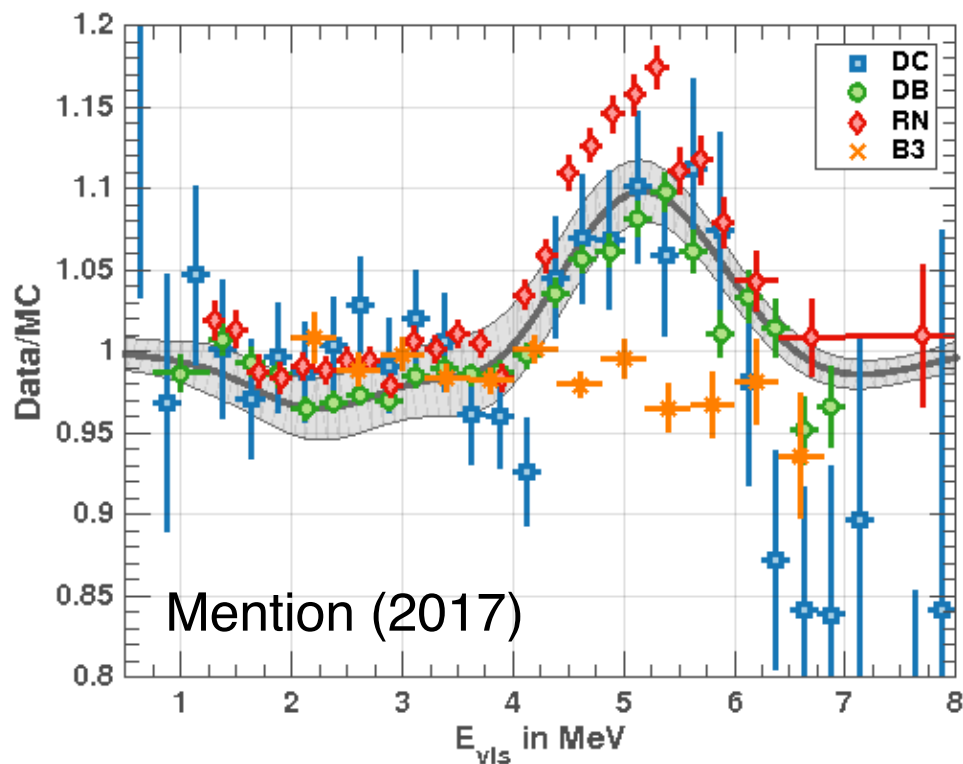


Active-to-sterile oscillation

- Normalized with the Daya Bay shape
- Best fits at:
 $(1.73 \text{ eV}^2, 0.05)$, $(1.30 \text{ eV}^2, 0.04)$
 with $\chi^2(3\nu) - \chi^2(4\nu) = 6.5$,
 p-value = 0.22
- Not a definitive answer for 3+1 ν oscillation or fine structures in reactor ν spectrum.



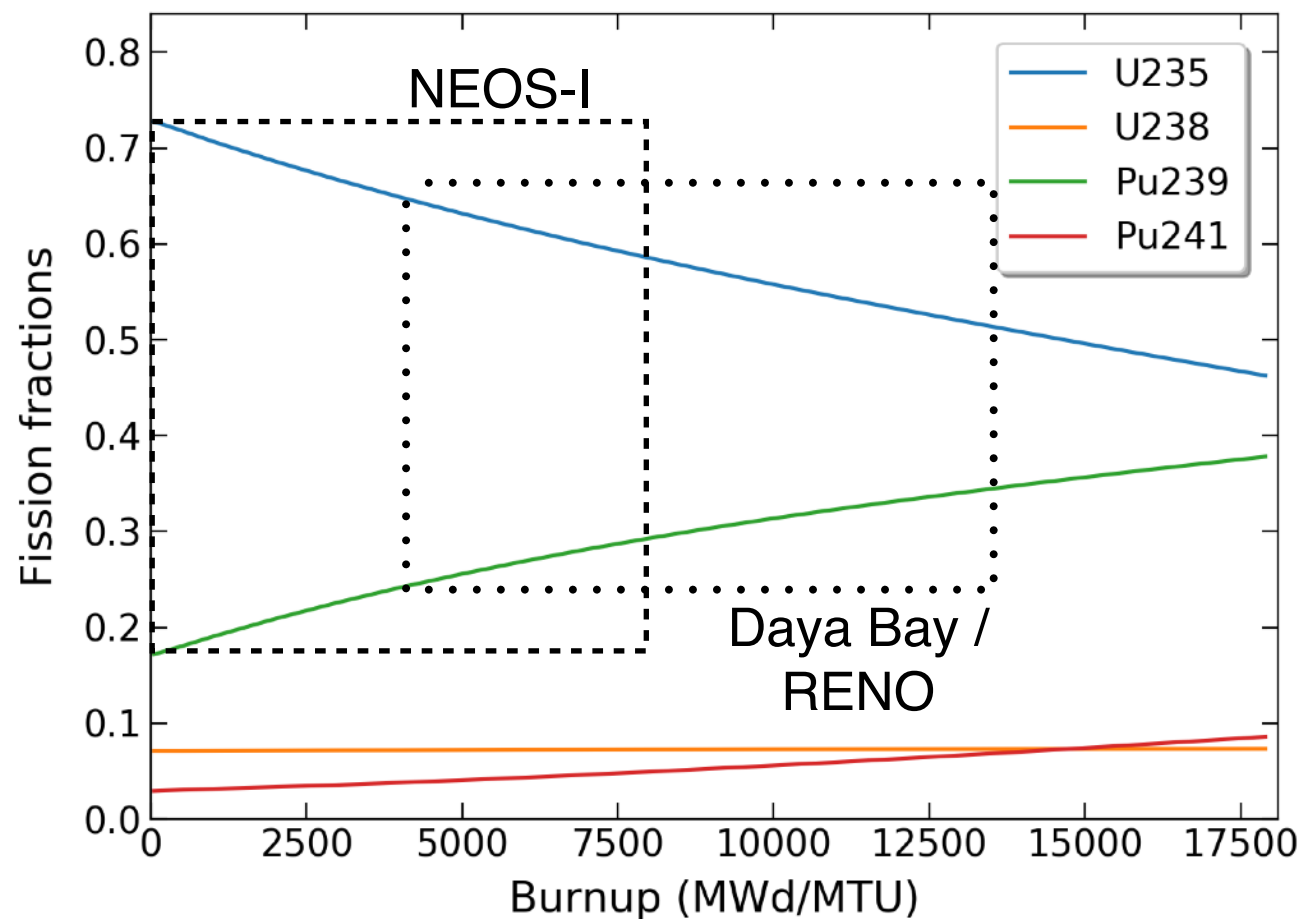
Recent Issues



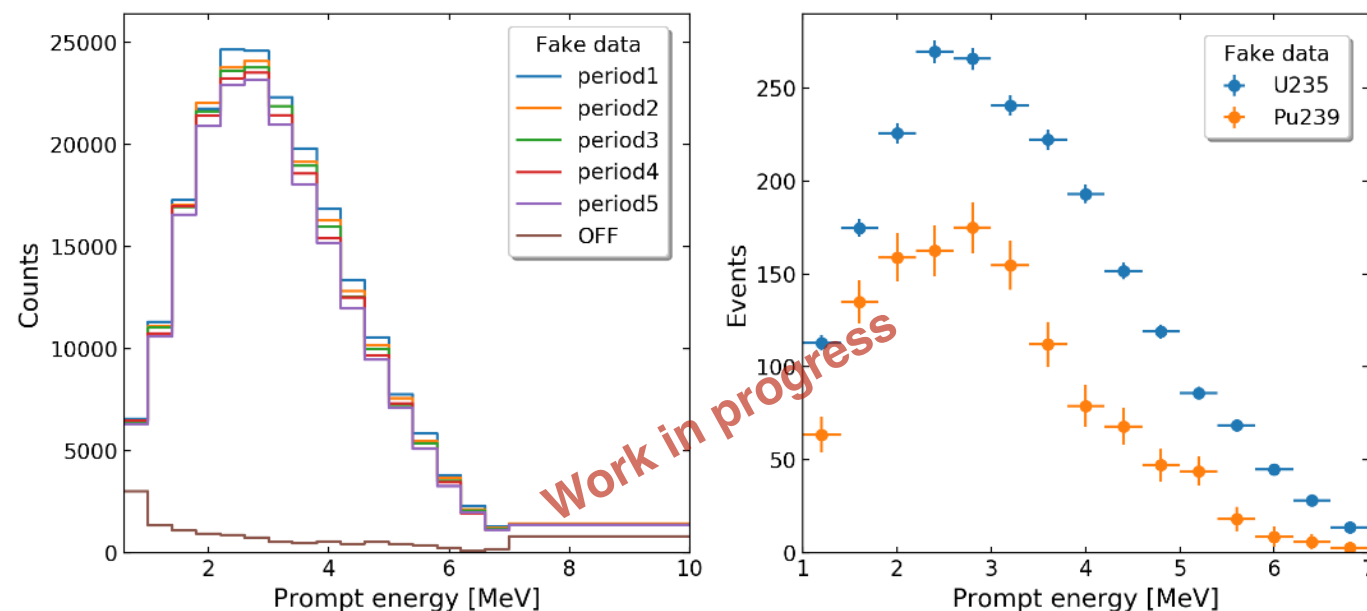
*“... sterile neutrino models **fail to simultaneously account for all** the $\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e$ data, the $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ data and the $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu$ data. This conclusion is robust;”*
Maltoni @ v2018

+ fine structures in the flux spectrum > requires high resolution detector?

NEOS phase-II measurement



- Starts in September 2018:
 - one full burnup cycle (~500 days), plus two maintenance (off) periods (>100 days, contributions from spent fuels?)
 - expecting ~1 M IBD events.
 - same reactor, same detector.
- Spectrum evolution with fuel component changes.
 - from a single LEU core,
 - absolute spectrum measurement,
 - decomposing spectra for different elements.



Detector refurbishment and preparation



- To make more stable detector for longer data taking.
- Producing fresh Gd-LS and its QC.
- Upgrading slow control/monitoring system - temperature / PMT gain.
- MC simulation upgrade, e.g. GEANT4 versions, n-Gd data.

Summary

- IBD prompt energy spectral shape has been successfully measured, using 2.8 GWt commercial reactor at 24 m distance.
- No strong sign of active-to-sterile neutrino oscillation for $\Delta m^2 \sim 1 \text{ eV}^2$, $\sin^2 2\theta \sim 0.1$.
- Similar spectral anomaly observed as mid-baseline experiments.
- Measurement will be resumed soon to see the evolution of the reactor neutrino flux/spectrum according to the fuel component changes.

Thank you.

B1. Recent limits

