New Results from RENO

Hyunkwan Seo for the RENO Collaboration Seoul National University

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RENO Collaboration

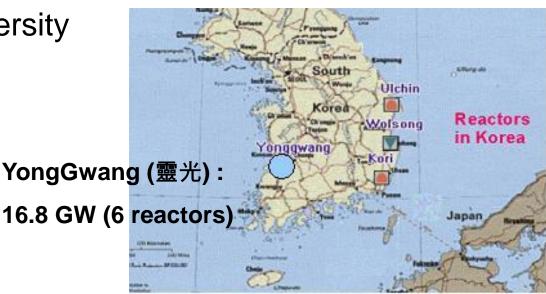


Reactor Experiment for Neutrino Oscillation

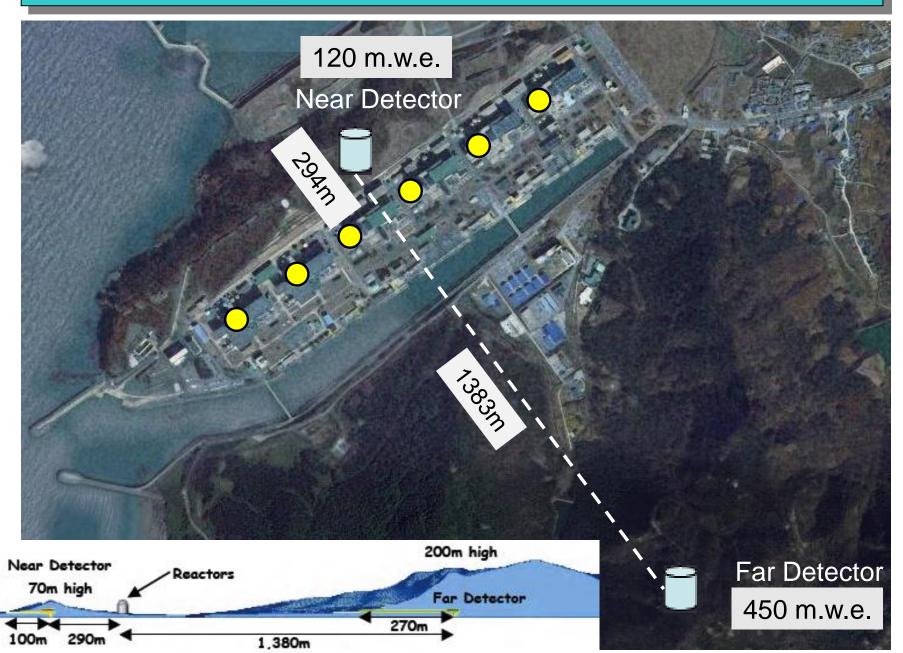
(8 institutions and 40 physicists)

- Chonnam National University
- Dongshin University
- GIST
- KAIST
- Kyungpook National University
- Seoul National University
- Seoyeong University
- Sungkyunkwan University

- Total cost : \$10M
- Start of project : 2006
- The first experiment running with both near & far detectors from Aug. 2011



RENO Experimental Set-up



New RENO Results

■ Precise measurement of |∆m_{ee}² | and θ₁₃ using ~2200 days of data (Aug. 2011 – Feb 2018)

"Measurement of Reactor Antineutrino Oscillation Amplitude and Frequency at RENO" → submitted to PRL (arXiv:1806.00248)

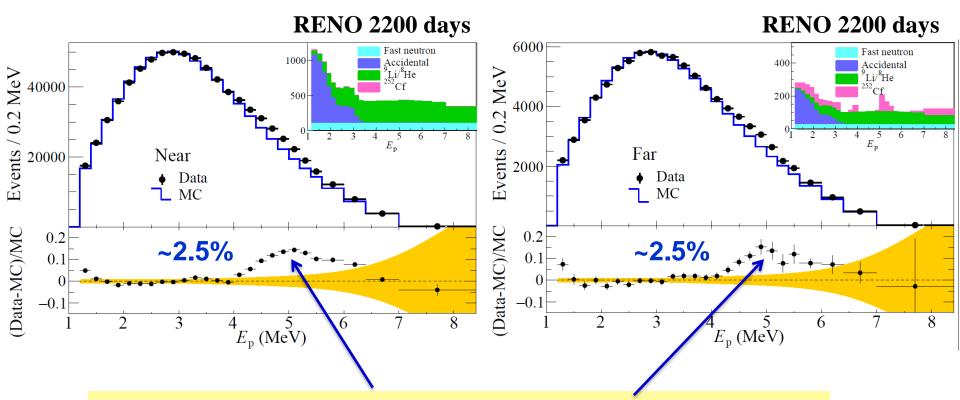
■ Fuel-composition dependent reactor antineutrino yield → "Fuel-composition dependent reactor antineutrino yield and spectrum at RENO" → submitted to PRL (arXiv: 1806.00574)

Measurement of absolute reactor neutrino flux and spectrum

Independent measurement of |Δm_{ee}² | and θ₁₃ with delayed n-H signals

Measured Spectra of IBD Prompt Signal

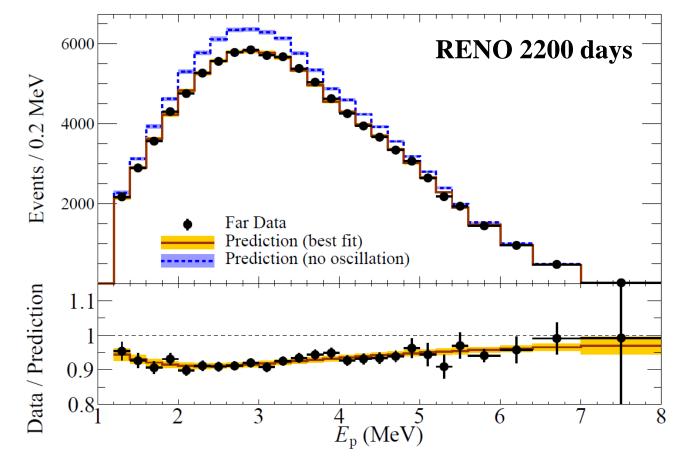
Clear excess at 5 MeV



In 2014, RENO showed the 5 MeV excess comes from reactors.

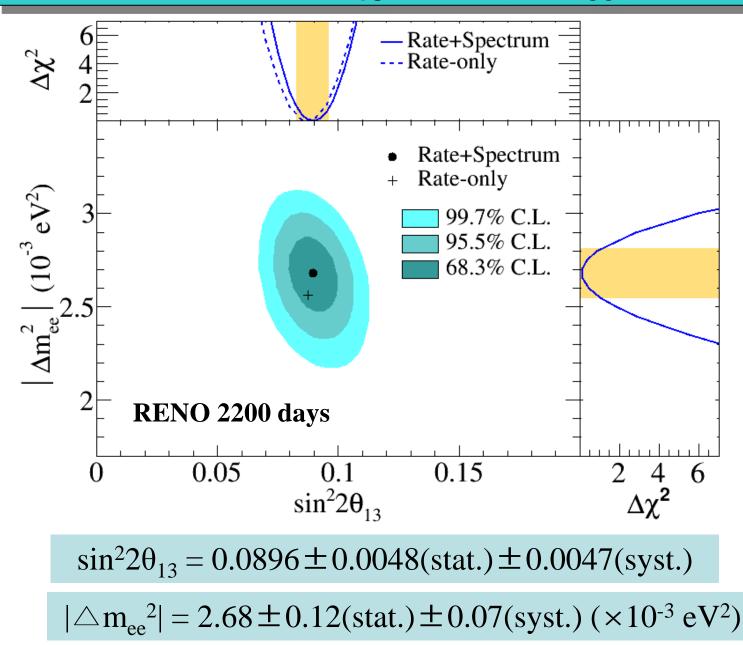
Far/Near Shape Analysis

Energy-dependent disappearance of reactor antineutrinos



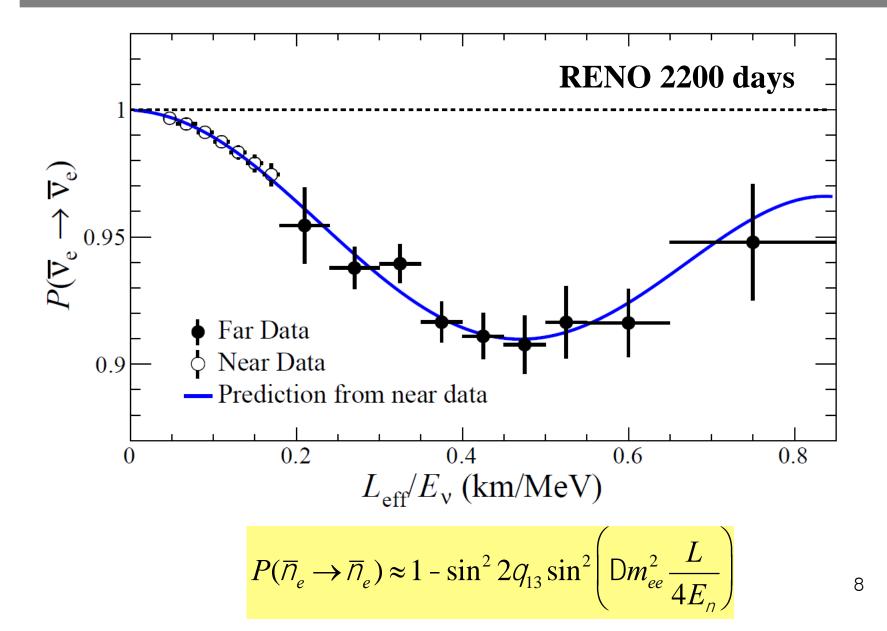
$$\begin{split} \sin^2 2\theta_{13} &= 0.0896 \pm 0.0048(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.0047(\text{syst.}) \quad (\pm \ 7.6\%) \\ |\triangle m_{\text{ee}}^{-2}| &= 2.68 \pm 0.12(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.07(\text{syst.}) \; (\times 10^{-3} \; \text{eV}^2) \quad (\pm \ 5.2 \; \%) \\ \text{Poster Presentation "Precise measurement of } \Delta m_{\text{ee}}^{-2} \; \text{and} \; \theta_{13} \; \text{at RENO" by D. H. Lee} \; (\# \ 569) \end{split}$$

Results of θ_{13} and $|\Delta m^2_{ee}|$

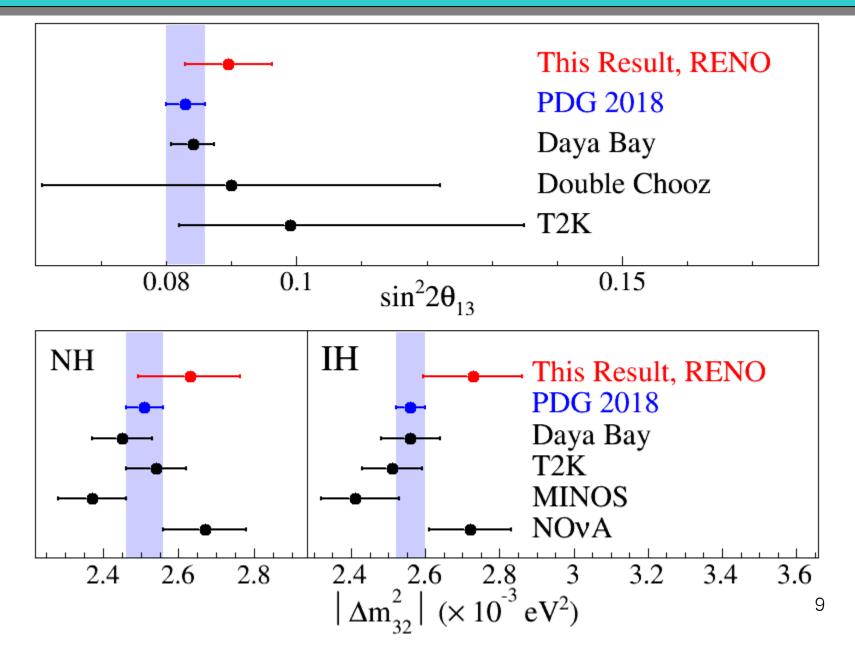


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Observed L/E Dependent Oscillation

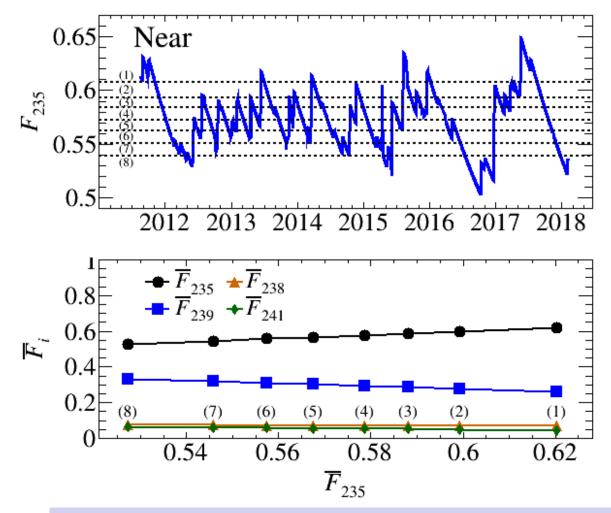


Comparison of θ_{13} and $|\Delta m^2_{ee}|$



Evolution of Fuel Isotope Fraction

8 groups of near IBD samples with different ²³⁵U isotope fraction

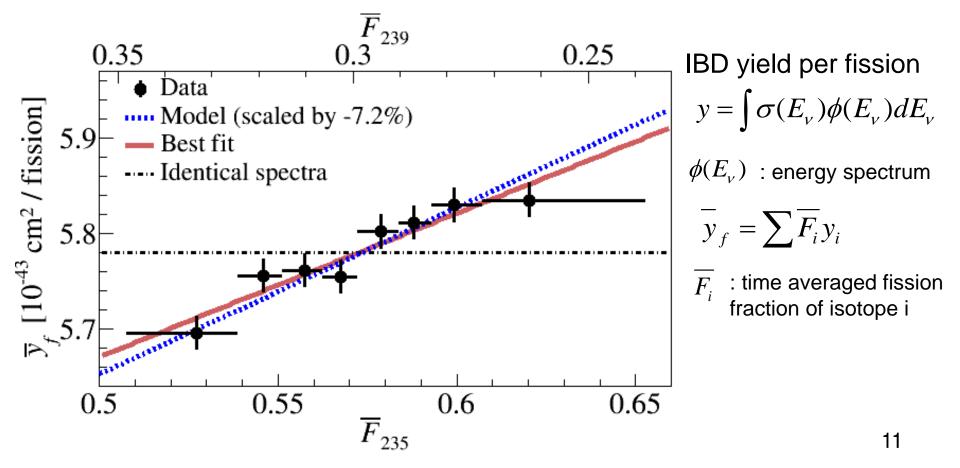


Average fission fraction f_{235} : f_{239} : f_{238} : f_{241} = 0.573 : 0.299 : 0.073 : 0.055

Fuel-Composition Dependent Reactor Neutrino Yield

Observation of fuel(energy)-dependent variation in IBD yield

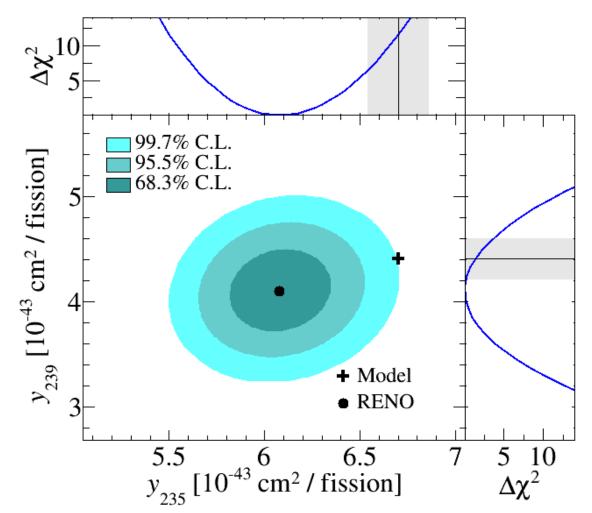
 \rightarrow 6.7 σ rejection of identical reactor antineutrino spectra between 4 main fuel isotopes



Reactor Antineutrino Yield per ²³⁵U vs. ²³⁹Pu Fission

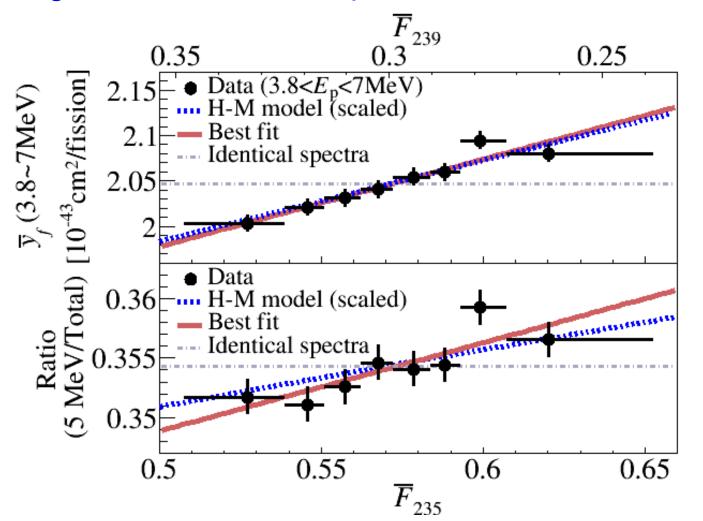
The best-fit measured yields per fission of ²³⁵U (²³⁹Pu)

→ ²³⁵U: 3.5_σ deficit relative to Huber-Mueller (H-M) prediction ²³⁹Pu: 1.2_σ deficit



IBD Yield Variation of 5 MeV Excess Region

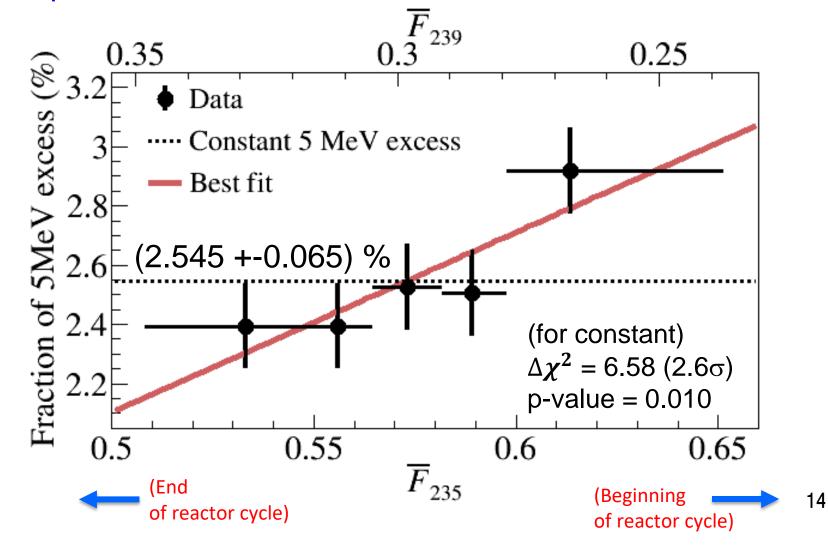
Ratio of IBD yield per fission between "5 MeV excess region" and "total" \rightarrow Weak indication of enhanced yield in 5 MeV excess region due to ²³⁵U isotope fraction increase....



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Correlation of 5 MeV excess with ²³⁵U isotope fraction

2.6 σ indication of 5 MeV excess coming from ²³⁵U fuel isotope fission !!



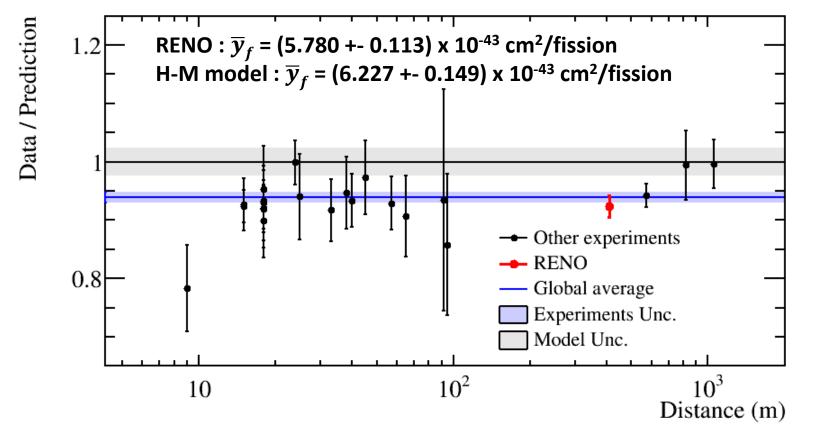
Measurement of Absolute Reactor Neutrino Flux

Cross section calculation

- Vogel 84 formalism
- $\tau_n = 880.2$ s (PDG2017)

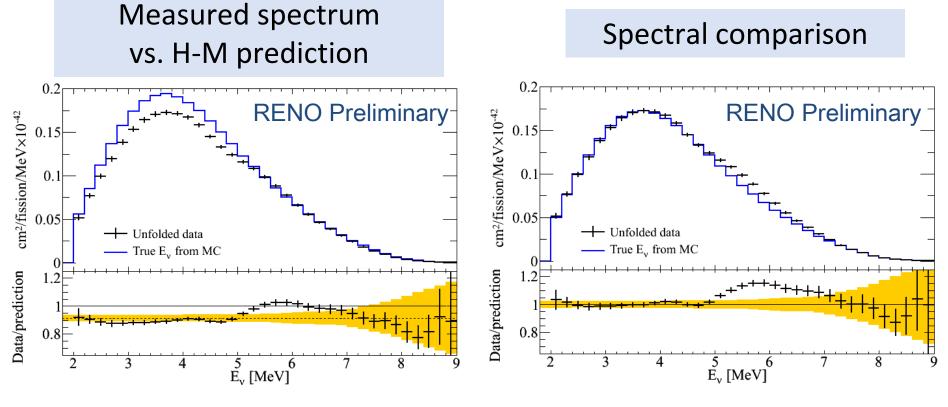
Data / Prediction, RENO 2200 days at near detector

0.924 +- 0.018 (for Huber + Mueller model) 0.966 +- 0.019 (for ILL + Vogel model)



Deficit of observed reactor neutrino fluxes relative to the prediction (Huber + Mueller model) indicates an overestimated flux or possible oscillation to sterile neutrinos

Unfolded Reactor Antineutrino Spectrum



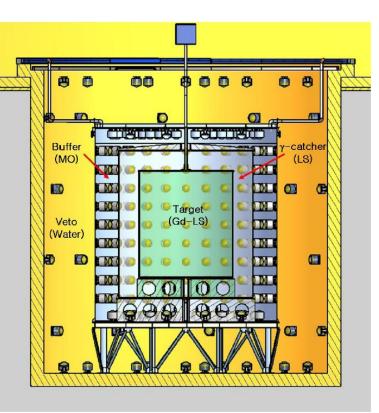
* MC is normalized to data in the region excluding $3.6 < E_p < 6.6$ MeV

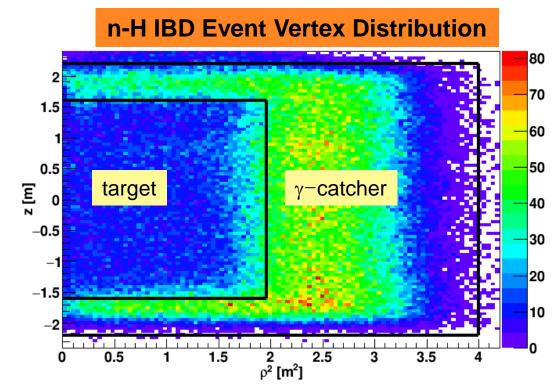
Unfolding using iterative method in *RooUnfold*

n-H IBD Analysis

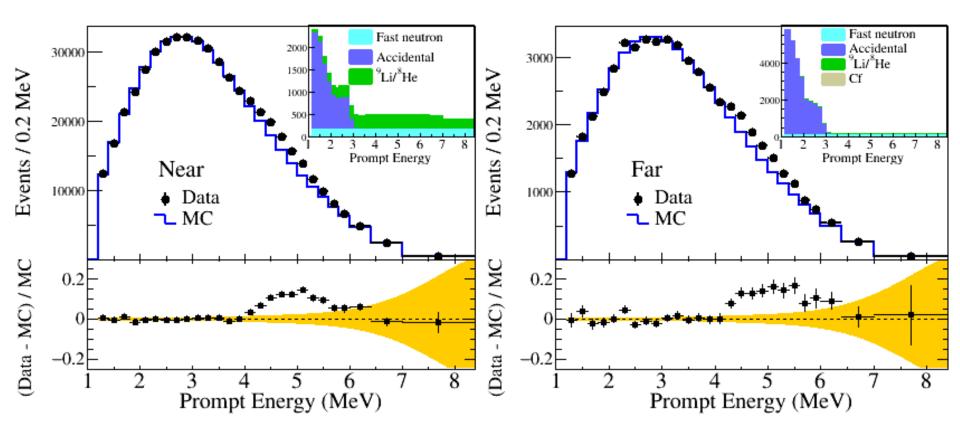
Motivation:

- 1. Independent measurement of θ_{13} and $|\Delta m_{ee}^2|$.
- 2. Consistency and systematic check on reactor neutrinos.





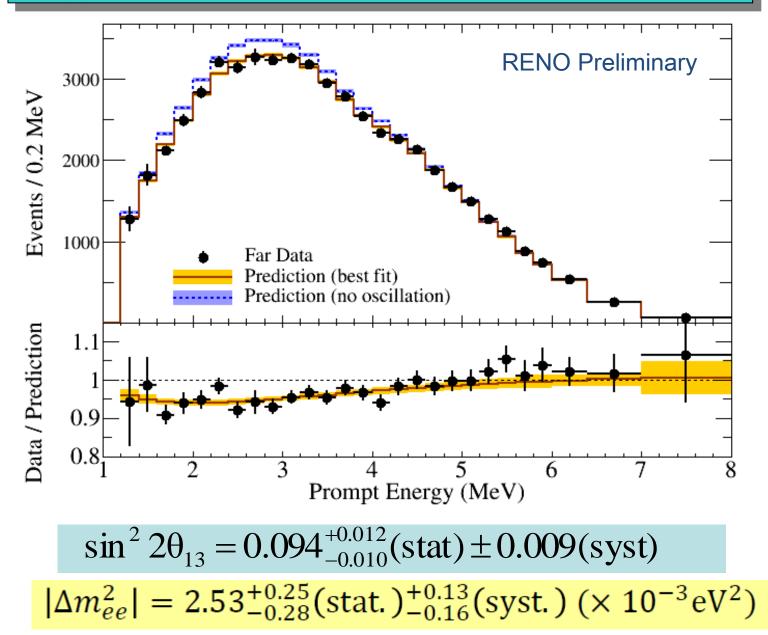
θ_{13} Measurement with n-H



 $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} = 0.085 \pm 0.008(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.012(\text{syst.})$

Poster Presentation "Measurement of θ_{13} in the reactor neutrino events with neutron captures on $_{18}$ Hydrogen at RENO" by C. D. Shin (# 425)

θ_{13} and $|\Delta m^2_{ee}|$ Measurement with n-H



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Summary

- More precise measurement of $| \Delta m_{ee}^2 \, |$ and θ_{13} using 2200 days of data

 $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} = 0.0896 \pm 0.0048 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.0047 (\text{syst.})$

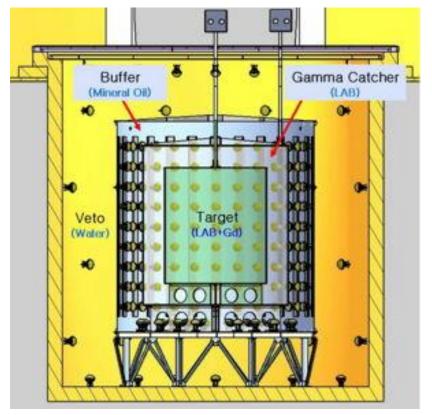
±0.0068 7.6 % precision

 $|\triangle m_{ee}^2| = 2.68 \pm 0.12 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.07 (\text{syst.}) (\times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2) \pm 0.14$ 5.2 % precision

- First hint for correlation between 5 MeV excess and ²³⁵U fission fraction
- Measured absolute reactor neutrino flux : R= 0.924±0.018 (H-M)
- Measurement of $|\Delta m_{ee}^2|$ and θ_{13} using n-H IBD analysis
- additional 2~3 years of data taking under consideration to improve Δm_{ee}^2 accuracy and the fuel dependent IBD yield.

Thanks for your attention!

RENO Detector

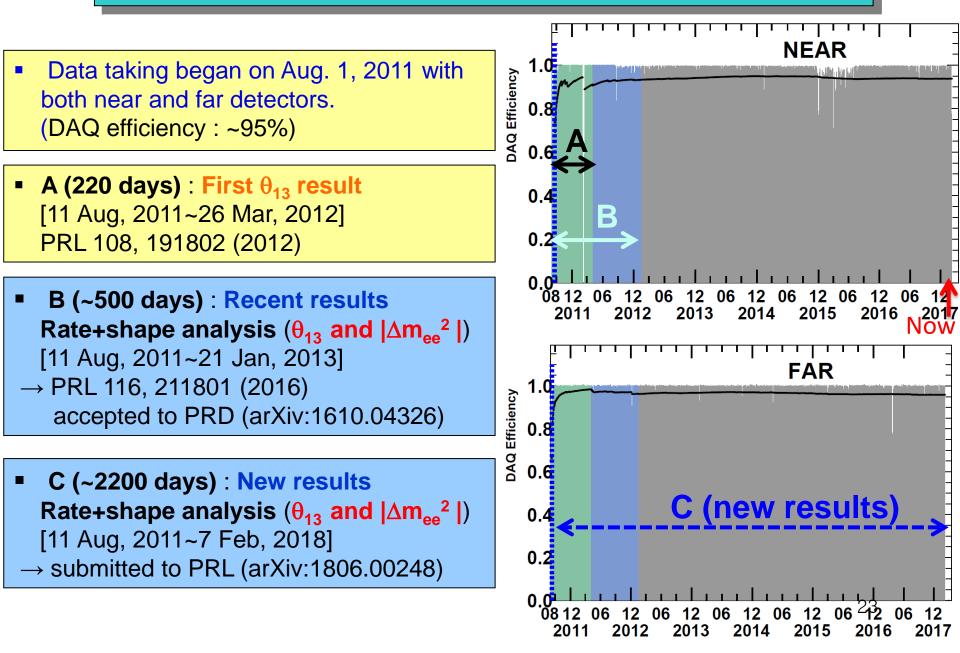




- 354 ID +67 OD 10" PMTs
- Target : 16.5 ton Gd-LS, R=1.4m, H=3.2m
- Gamma Catcher: 30 ton LS, R=2.0m, H=4.4m
- Buffer: 65 ton mineral oil, R=2.7m, H=5.8m
- Veto : 350 ton water, R=4.2m, H=8.8m

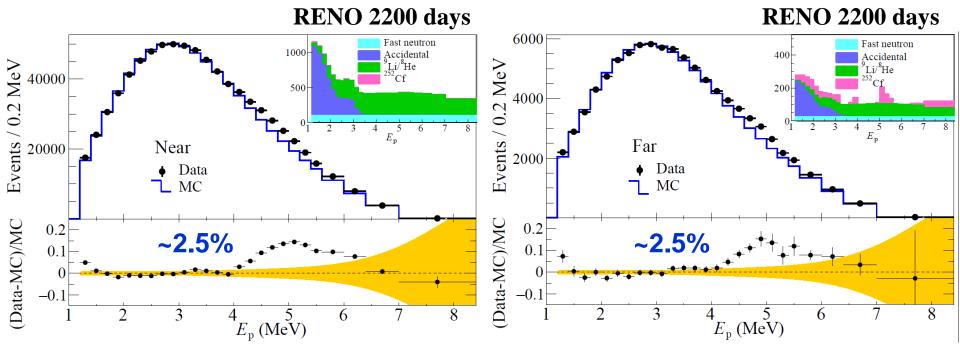


RENO Data-taking Status



Measured Spectra of IBD Prompt Signal

Clear excess at 5 MeV



Near Live time = 1807.88 days # of IBD candidate = 850,666# of background = 17,233 (2.0 %) Far Live time = 2193.04 days # of IBD candidate = 103,212 # of background = 4,879 (4.8 %)

Correlation of 5 MeV Excess with Reactor Power

