Data archiving



(The result of two weeks' clickin' and googlin')



Big data on tape

Company	ORACLE	IBM
Tape libraries	2 x Oracle StorageTek SL8500	2 x TS4500 1 x TS3500
Tape drives	20 x Oracle StorageTek T10000D	46 x IBM TS1155 20 x IBM LTO-8
Tape cartridges	10000 x T2 - 8 TB	13000 x IBM 3592JD - 15 TB 6000 x IBM 3592JC - 7 TB 500 x LTO-7M - 9 TB 160 x LTO-8 - 12 TB

Current amount of data in the archive: 250 PB

Tape library - Oracle StorageTek SL8500



Comparison of the tools

splunk>

- primarily commercial software
- not widely used in the IT department
- knowledge lost with departure of a colleague
- used version obsolete
- data loading limitations

Splunk[®] Enterprise





- open source with wide community
- underlying infrastructure used by majority of IT department services
- different design / capabilities = different constraints

Graph comparison: bars

DeviceGroup

Mounts per Device Group (in the last 7 days)





Graph comparison: pie

Mounts per VO





Nested SELECT

9	Data Source	monit_idb_tape 🚽			Options	▶ Help	•	Query Inspector			
• B	SELECT mean(average_transfer_rate_per_mount) FROM (SELECT "payload.dataVolume.num" / "payload.transferTime.num" AS average_transfer_rate_per_mount FROM "tape_sessions_finished" WHERE ("payload.status.str" = 'failure' OR "payload.status.str" = 'success') AND "payload.clientHost.str" =~ /^c2/ AND \$timeFilter) GROUP BY time(1d), "payload.vo.str" fill(0)						11	≡	۲	Û	
	FORMAT AS	Time series 🔹	ALIAS BY	[[tag_payload.vo	.str]]						

Graph comparison: stacked

Mounts per Device Group per VO (in the last 7 days)



Graph comparison: lines

Time



Service Unavailable

The server is temporarily unable to service your request due to maintenance downtime or capacity problems. Please try again later.



1. Choose any programming language you are familiar with.

- 2. Create and run an external program to extract data from InfluxDB and for each virtual organisation compute:
 - a) the number of all READ mounts,
 - b) the number of unique tape READ mounts.
- 3. Return output in JSON file format.
- 4. Learn to handle all error conditions!



Required output

```
"storageservice": {
"storageshares": [
      "name": "ALICE",
      "timestamp": 1528358958,
      "totalmounts24h": 90,
       "uniquemounts24h": 42,
       "vos": [
                                              "name": "ALICE",
          "alice"
                                              "timestamp": 1528358958,
                                              "totalmounts24h": 90,
      "name": "ATLAS",
      "timestamp": 1528358958,
                                              "uniquemounts24h": 42,
       "totalmounts24h": 160,
       "uniquemounts24h": 154,
       "vos": [
                                              "vos": [
          "atlas"
                                                      "alice"
       "name": "CMS",
      "timestamp": 1528358958,
       "totalmounts24h": 86,
       "uniquemounts24h": 68,
       "vos": [
          "cms"
       "name": "LHCB",
       "timestamp": 1528358958,
      "totalmounts24h": 153,
       "uniquemounts24h": 136,
       "vos": [
          "lhcb"
```

Pros and cons of our project

Pros

- learning UNIX shell and scripting
- improving Python/Java skills
- working with real live data
- creating useful dashboards and code

Cons

 monotony of Splunk-Grafana conversion (but somebody had to do it ...)





Thank you for your attention.