



# *Top quark properties:* *Mass, spin correlation,* *polarization*



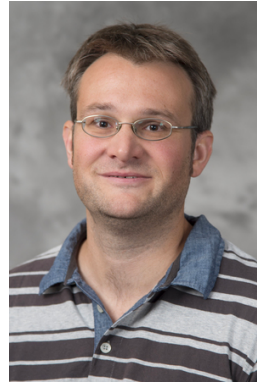
(Introduction)

→ Mass

→ Spin correlations & Polarization

→ Conclusions & Outlook

**Francisco Yumiceva** (Andreas Jung) for the ATLAS & CMS collaboration



May 15, 2019  
Top Quark Physics at the  
Precision Frontier  
Fermilab

Slides prepared by Andy Jung (Prof. at Purdue)  
Presented by Francisco Yumiceva (Prof. at Florida Tech)

# The Special Properties of the Top Quark

Taken from the PDG:

Citation: C. Patrignani *et al.* (Particle Data Group), *Chin. Phys. C*, **40**, 100001 (2016) and 2017 update



$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e$$

$$\text{Top} = +1$$

The only particle  
with 3 different  
masses!

Mass (direct measurements)  $m = 173.1 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$  [a,b] (S = 1.6)

Mass from cross-section measurements)  $m = 160_{-4}^{+5} \text{ GeV}$  [a]

Mass (Pole from cross-section measurements)  $m = 173.5 \pm 1.1 \text{ GeV}$

$$m_t - m_{\bar{t}} = -0.2 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma = 1.41_{-0.15}^{+0.19} \text{ GeV} \quad (S = 1.4)$$

$$\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q = b, s, d)) = 0.957 \pm 0.034 \quad (S = 1.5)$$

## **t-quark EW Couplings**

$$F_0 = 0.685 \pm 0.020$$

$$F_- = 0.320 \pm 0.013$$

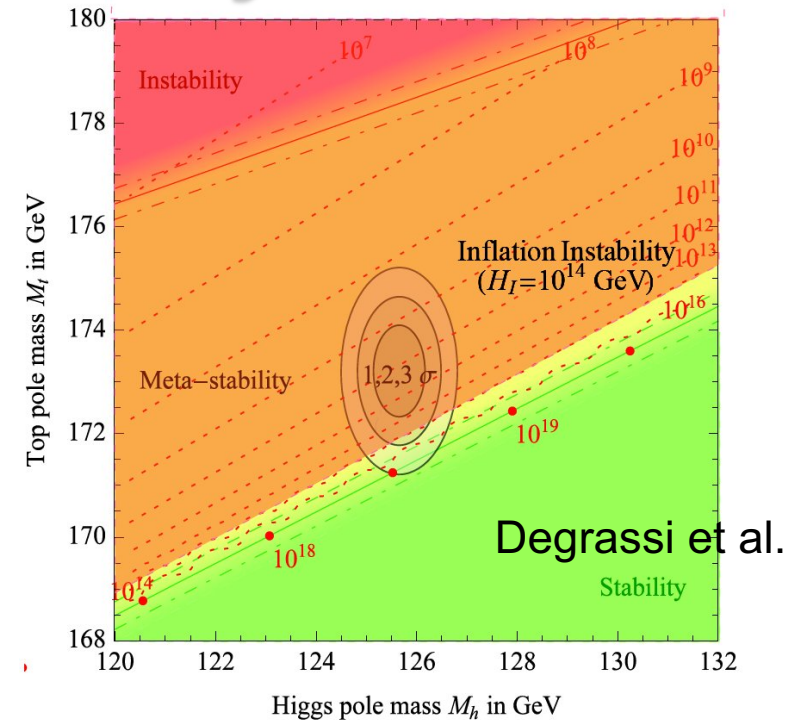
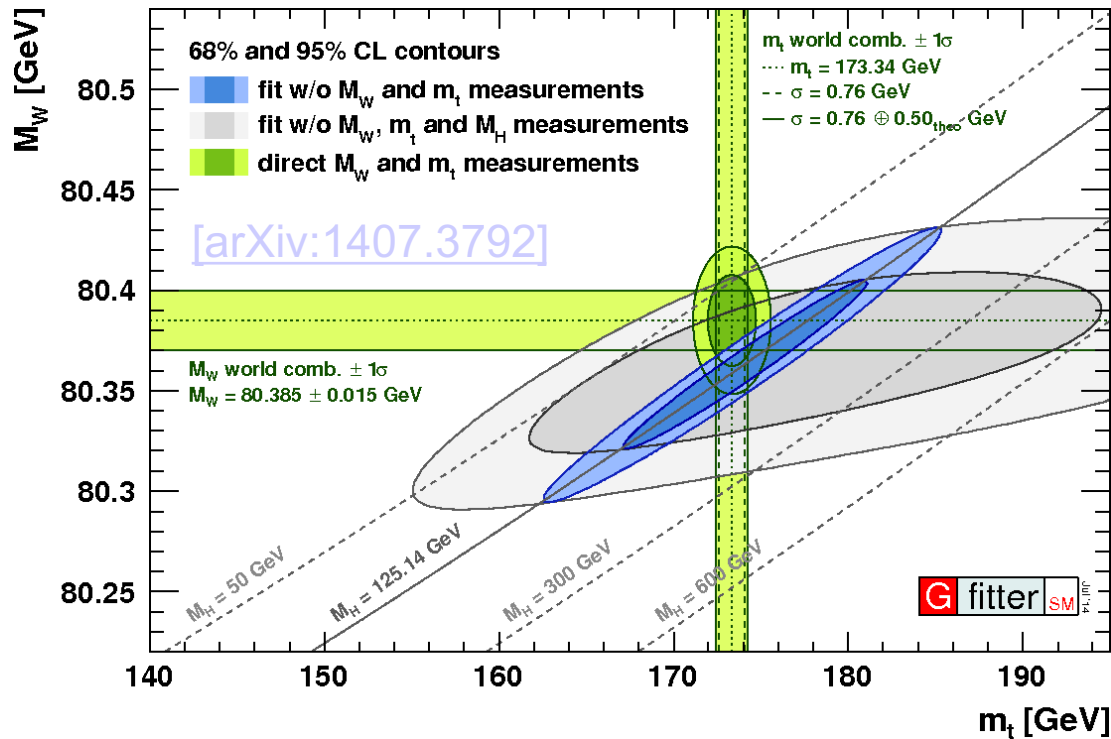
$$F_+ = 0.002 \pm 0.011$$

$$F_{V+A} < 0.29, \text{ CL} = 95\%$$



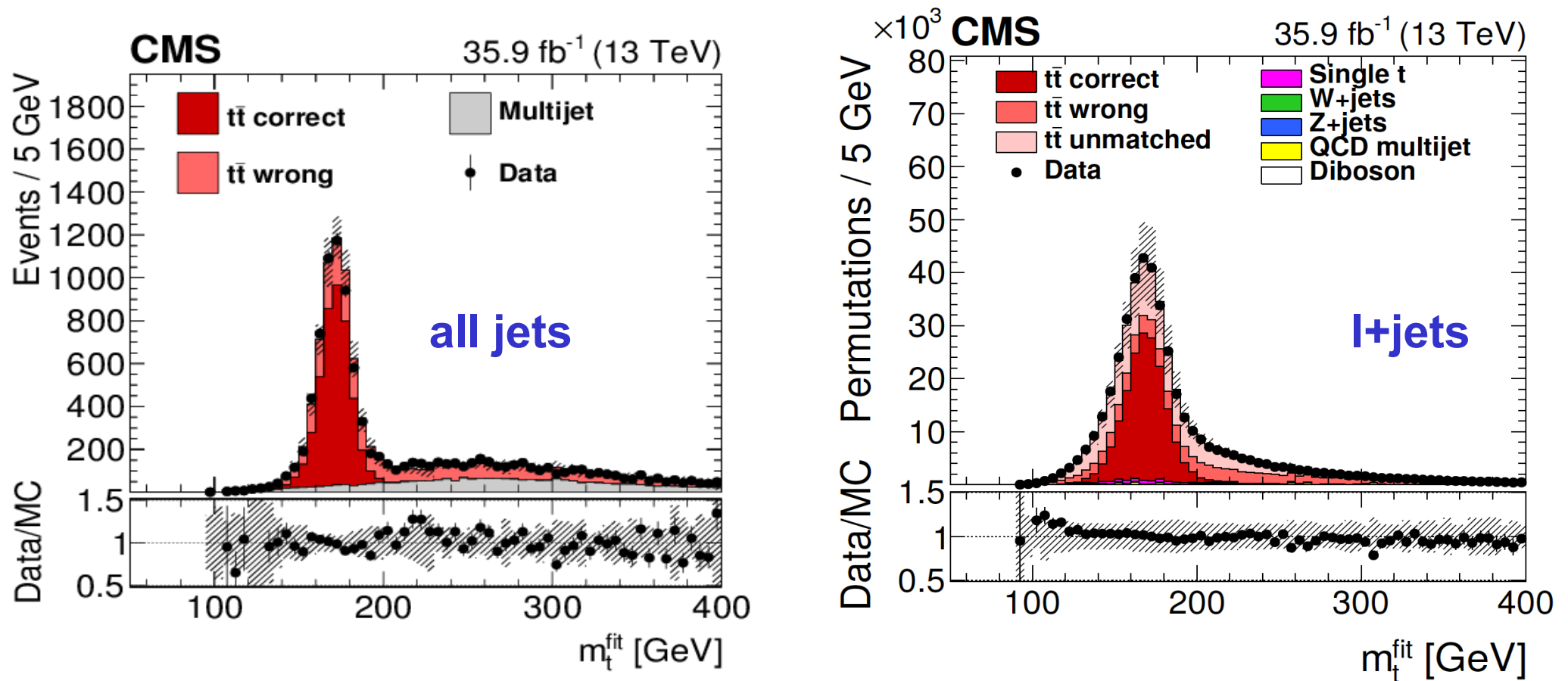
El Santo (Lucha Libre)

**A unique character ...**



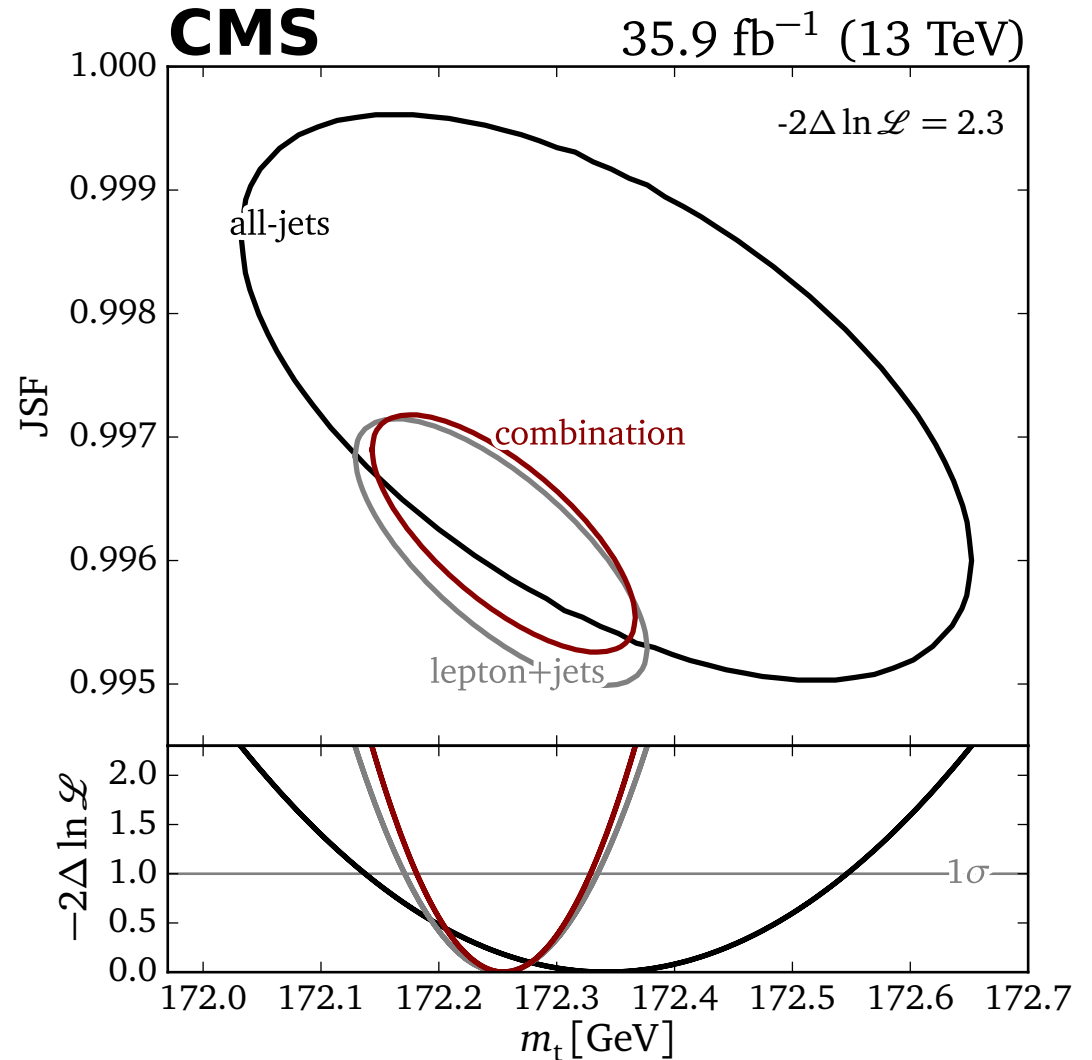
- **Self-consistency of the SM (global fit) and important for the stability of the EW vacuum.**
- **Direct measurements:**
  - Based on reconstruction of decay products.
  - Rely on simulation to extract the mass “MC mass”.
  - Interpreted as the “pole mass” (uncertainty  $\sim 0.5-1$  GeV)
- **Indirect measurements:**
  - From cross section or differential distributions.
  - Mass can be extracted in the pole mass scheme or MS scheme (running mass)

- Top quarks reconstructed using a kinematic fit with a W mass constraint.
- 2D fit of  $m(\text{top})$  vs. Jet Energy Scale Factor (JSF)
- Extracted via single likelihood function simultaneously fit for l+jets and all-jets



Eur. Phys. J. C (2019) 79:313

- Dominant systematics:
  - Jet energy flavor: 0.34 GeV
    - Dominated by b jets
  - Color Reconnection: 0.36 GeV
  - ME/PS matching: 0.24 GeV



$$M_{\text{top}} = 172.26 \pm 0.07 \text{ (stat+JSF)} \pm 0.61 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.36\%$$

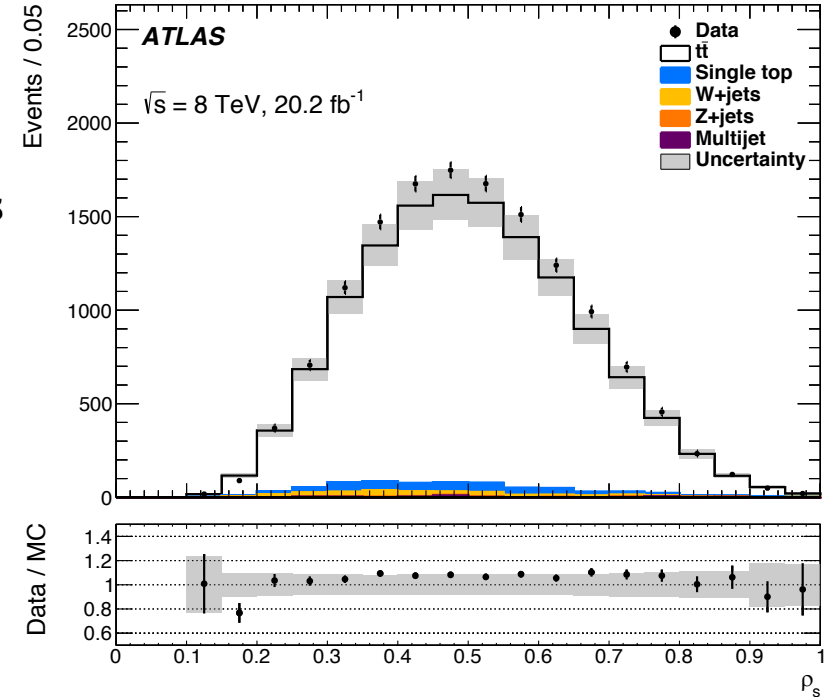
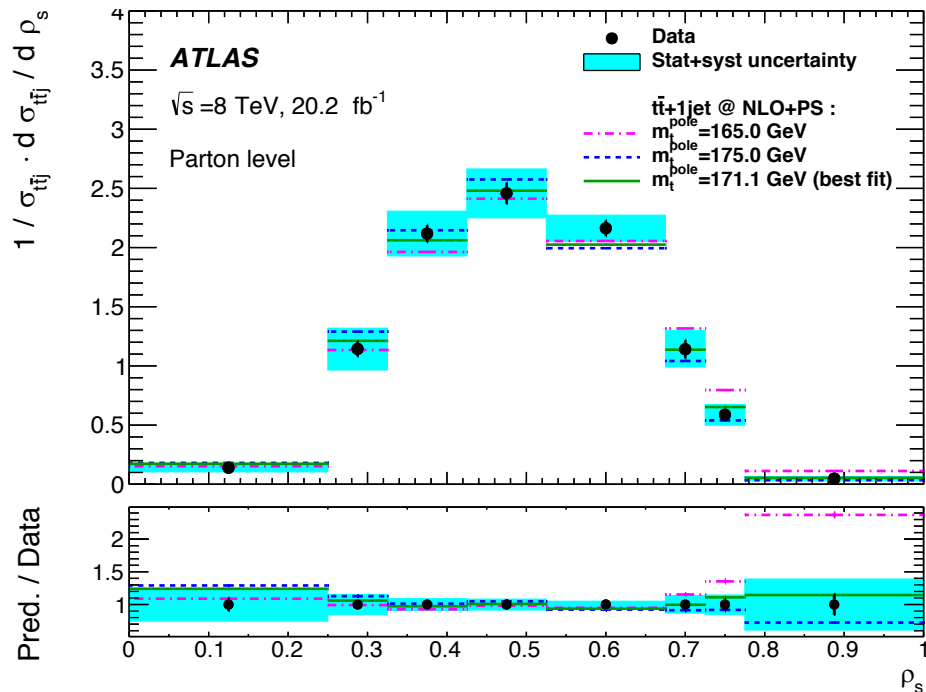
Take advantage of observable sensitive to the top mass in  $t\bar{t} +$  one jet

Observable considered is:  $\rho_s = 2m_0/m_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}$

- $m_0 = 170$  GeV constant
- $m_{t\bar{t}+1\text{ jet}}$  invariant mass
- presence of one extra jet increases sensitivity to top-quark mass

(from M. Cristinziani)

Then use  $\mathcal{R}(m_t^{\text{pole}}, \rho_s) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}} \cdot \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}}{d\rho_s}$



- Leading uncertainties: shower & hadronization, color reconnection, JES, scale variations.

$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 171.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.9 \text{ (syst)} \begin{matrix} +0.7 \\ -0.3 \end{matrix} \text{ (theo) GeV}$$

$$m_t(m_t) = 162.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (syst)} \begin{matrix} +2.1 \\ -1.2 \end{matrix} \text{ (theo) GeV}$$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.65\%$$

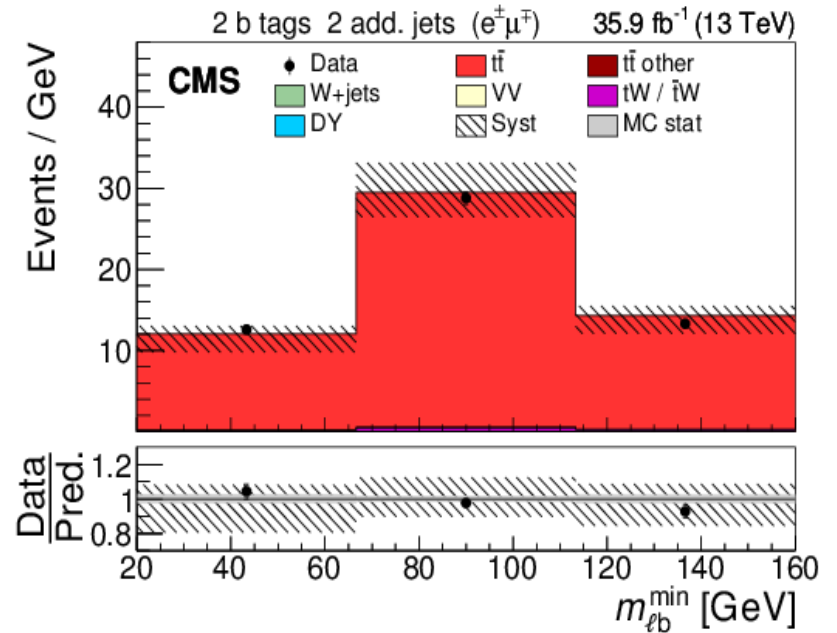
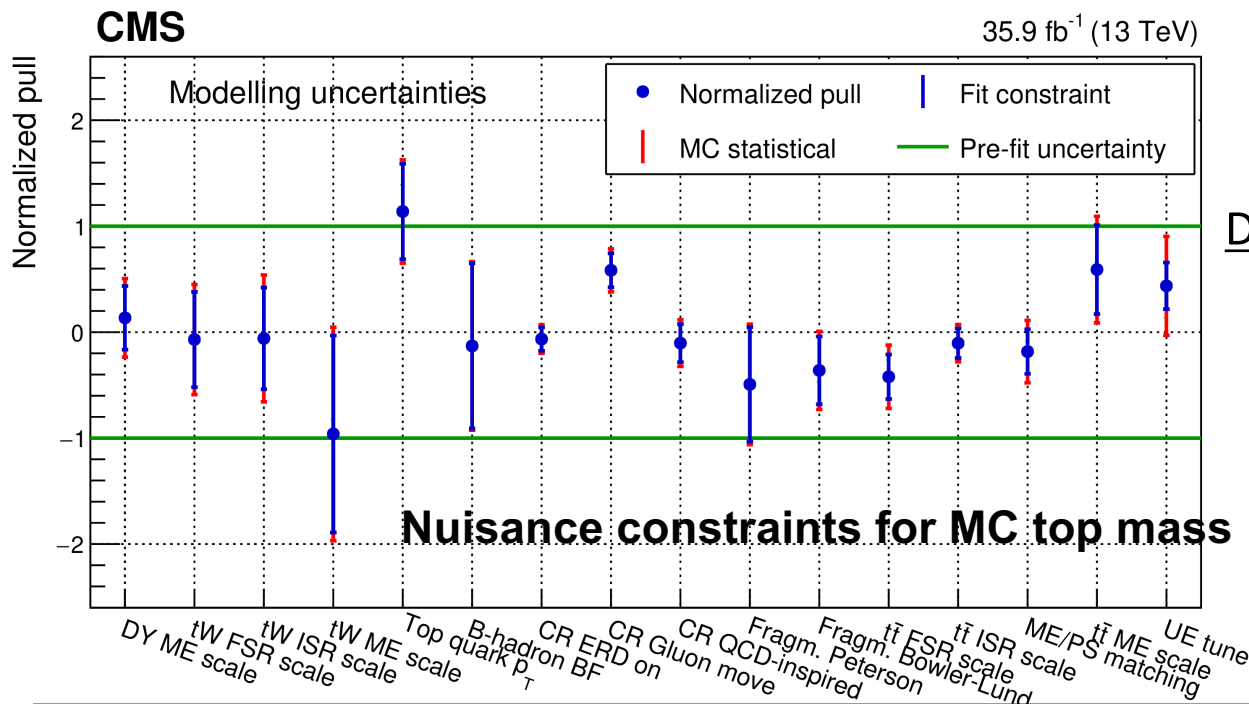
- Simultaneous fit of cross-section and MC top mass
- 12 categories based on b and light jet multiplicities
- Distributions used:  $m_{lb}^{\min}$ ,  $p_T$  softest jet, total event yield

Eur. Phys. J. C (2019) 79:368

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 815 \pm 2(\text{stat}) \pm 29(\text{syst}) \pm 20(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

$$m_t^{\text{MC}} = 172.33 \pm 0.14(\text{stat})^{+0.66}_{-0.72}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

Total  $m_t^{\text{MC}}$  uncertainty: 0.73 GeV ( $\Delta = 0.42\%$ )



Dominant systematics:

- Jet energy (0.57 GeV)
- MC statistics (0.36 GeV)
- Background (0.28 GeV)



## Most precise MS $m_t(m_t)$ result to date

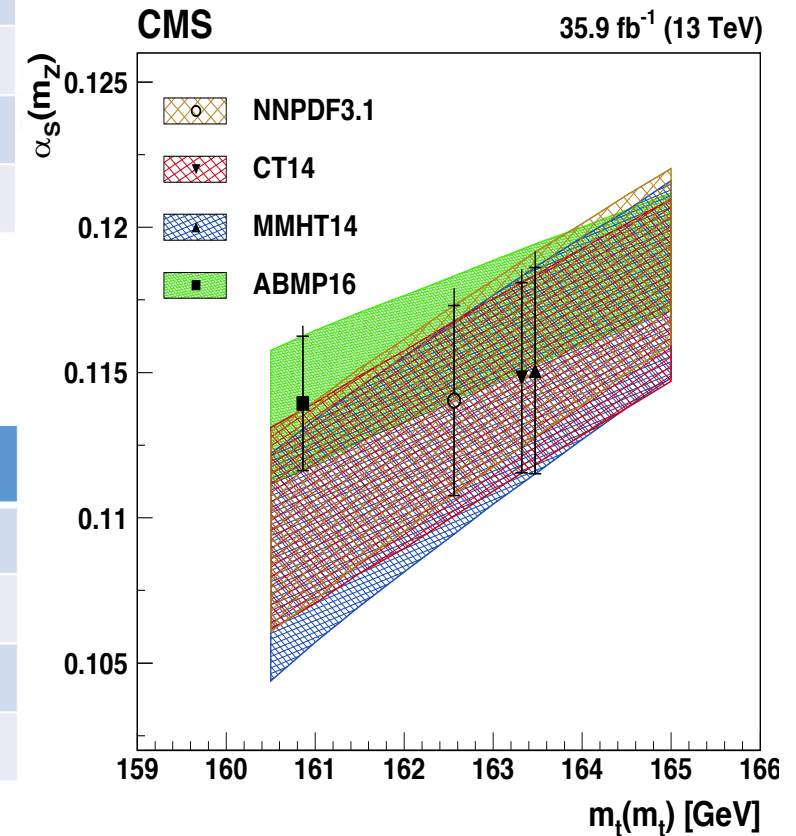
Total  $m_t(m_t)$  uncertainty: 1.9 GeV ( $\Delta = 1.2\%$ )

PDF set	Nominal $m_t(m_t)$ [GeV]	Extracted $m_t(m_t)$ [GeV]
ABMP16	160.86	$161.6 \pm 1.6$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.0}^{+0.1}$ (scale)
NNPDF3.1	162.56	$164.5 \pm 1.6$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.0}^{+0.1}$ (scale)
CT14	163.30	$165.0 \pm 1.8$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.0}^{+0.1}$ (scale)
MMHT14	163.47	$164.9 \pm 1.8$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.1}^{+0.1}$ (scale)

Total  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$  uncertainty: 2.2 GeV ( $\Delta = 1.3\%$ )

PDF set	Nominal $m_t^{\text{pole}}$ [GeV]	Extracted $m_t^{\text{pole}}$ [GeV]
ABMP16	170.37	$169.9 \pm 1.8$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.2}^{+0.8}$ (scale)
NNPDF3.1	172.5	$173.2 \pm 1.9$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.3}^{+0.9}$ (scale)
CT14	173.3	$173.7 \pm 2.0$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.4}^{+0.9}$ (scale)
MMHT14	174.2	$173.6 \pm 1.9$ (fit + PDF + $\alpha_S$ ) $_{-1.4}^{+0.9}$ (scale)

## Linear dependence observed between $\alpha_s$ and $m_t(m_t)$

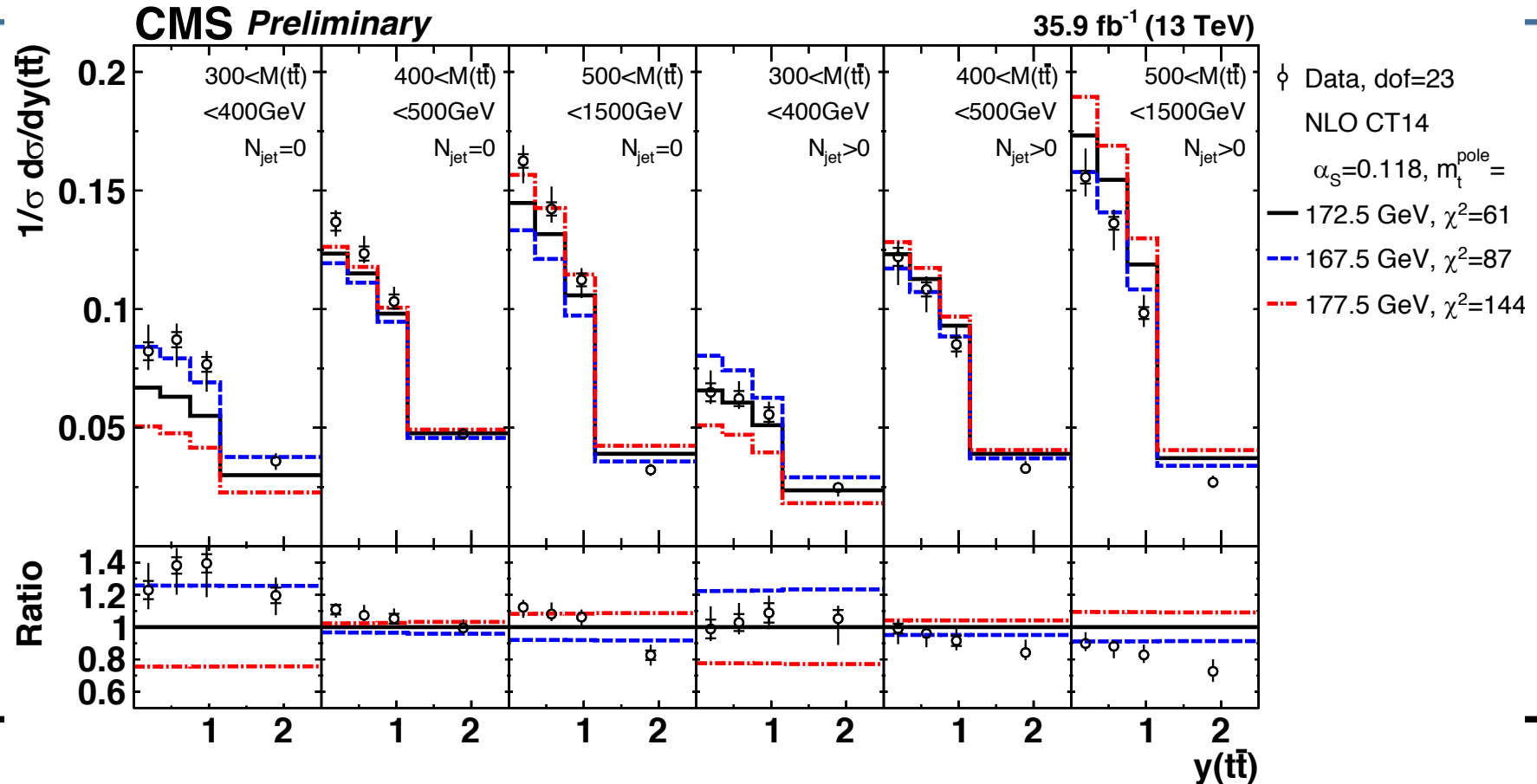


- Use  $y(tt)$ ,  $M(tt)$ ,  $N(\text{add. jet})$  in dilepton events.
- Unfolded to parton level compared with NLO fixed order and 7 PDF sets in a simultaneous fit of PDF,  $\alpha_s$ ,  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$
- Weak correlation of 0.3 between  $\alpha_s$  and  $m_t^{\text{pole}}$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.47\%$$

$$\alpha_s = 0.1135 \pm {}^{+0.0021}_{-0.0017}(\text{total})$$

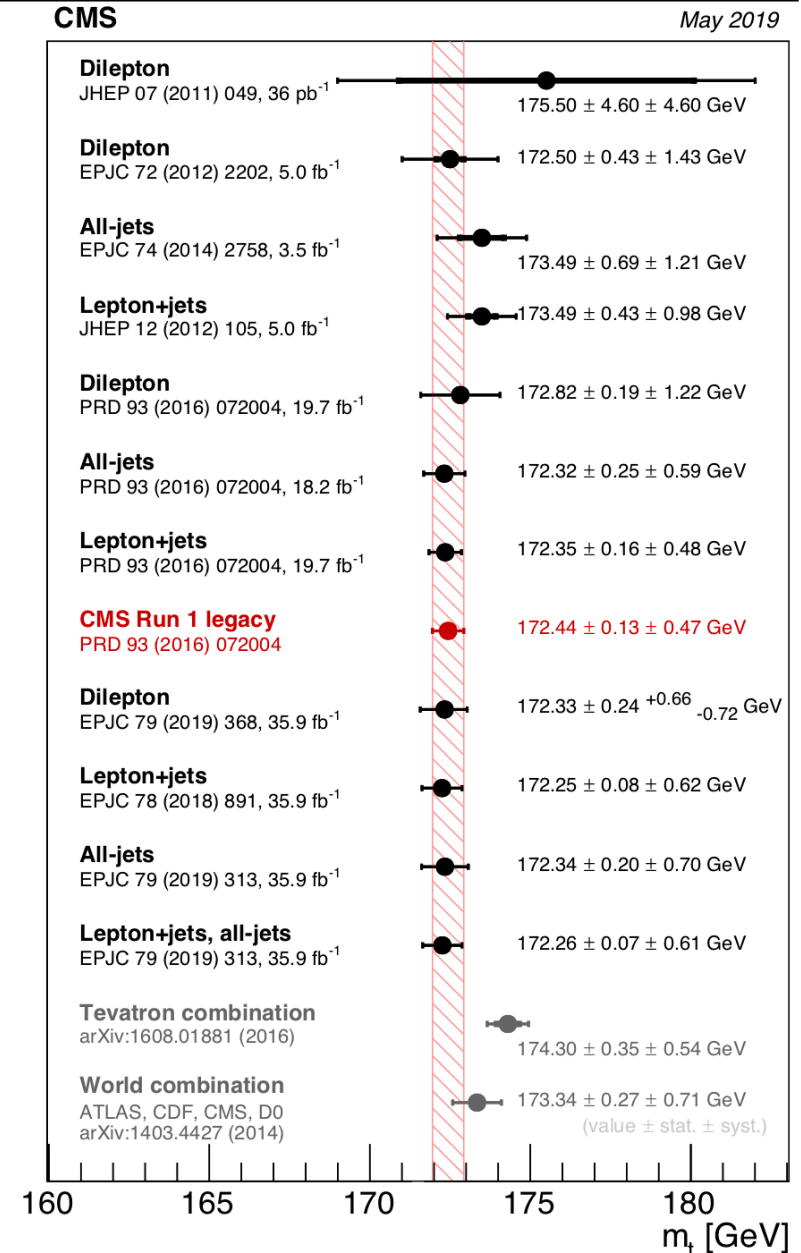
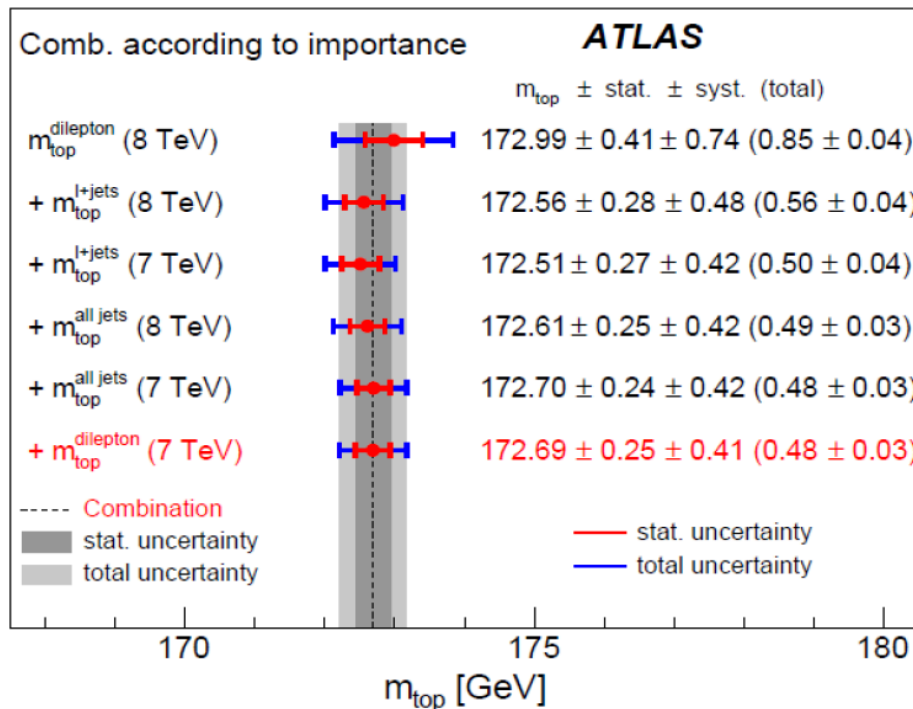
$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 170.5 \pm 0.7(\text{fit}) \pm 0.1(\text{model}) {}^{+0.0}_{-0.1}(\text{param}) \pm 0.3(\text{scale}) \text{ GeV} = 170.5 \pm 0.8(\text{total}) \text{ GeV}$$



Using BLUE:

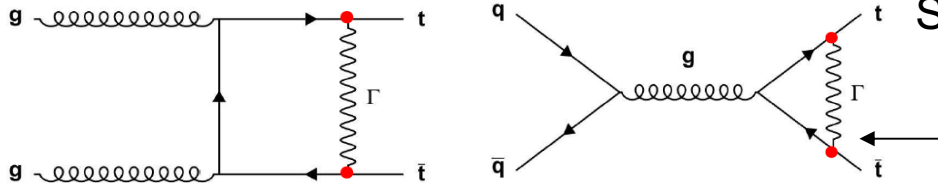
- Latest CMS combination  $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.28\%$   
 $m_{\text{top}} = 172.44 \pm 0.48 \text{ GeV}$
- Latest ATLAS combination  $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.28\%$   
 $m_{\text{top}} = 172.69 \pm 0.48 \text{ GeV}$

→ Anti-correlations of systematic uncertainties used, provides a non-trivial improvement

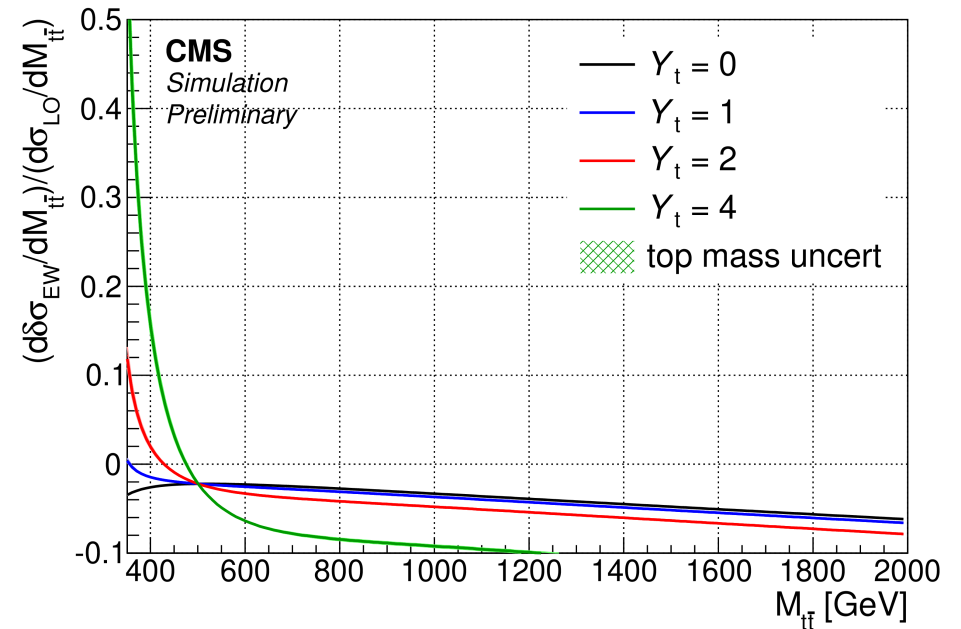
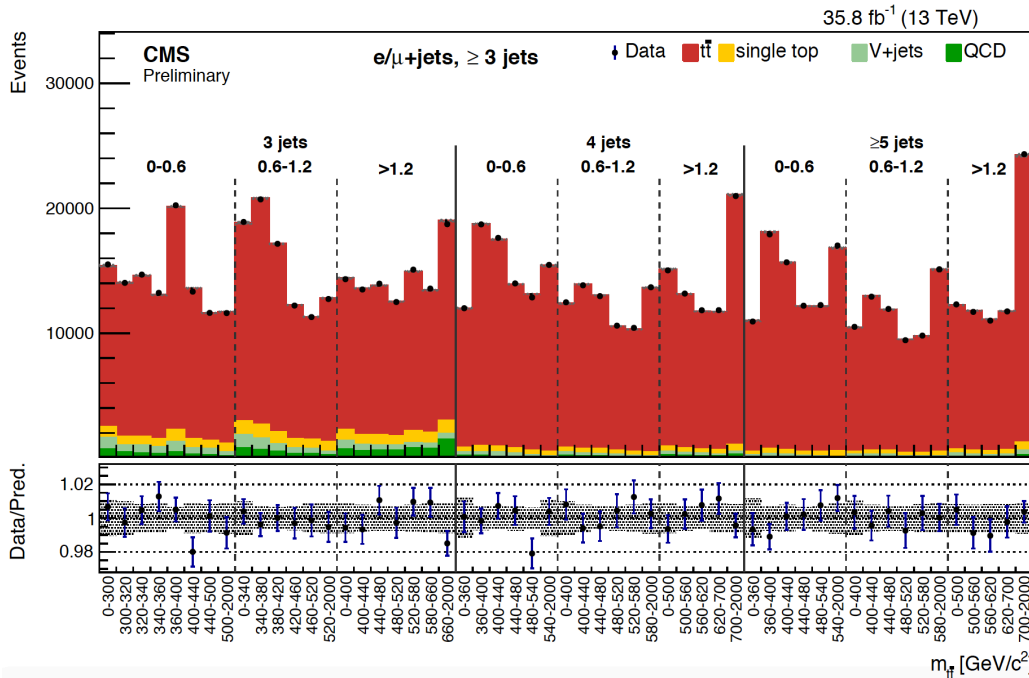


- Extract  $y_t$  by using l+jets differential cross sections in 3, 4, and 5 jet bins

Weak corrections  
Sensitive to  $y_t$



- Relies on Hathero to extract scale factors for Powheg, templates in  $y_t$
- Likelihood fit in 55 bins to extract  $y_t$ :



Extract top quark Yukawa coupling:

Channel	Expected 95% CL	Observed 95% CL
3 jets	$Y_t < 2.17$	$Y_t < 2.59$
4 jets	$Y_t < 1.88$	$Y_t < 1.77$
5 jets	$Y_t < 2.03$	$Y_t < 2.23$
<b>Combined</b>	<b><math>Y_t &lt; 1.62</math></b>	<b><math>Y_t &lt; 1.67</math></b>

Jet energy corrections dominant uncertainty



# *Spin correlations*

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- Unique quark:

$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{m_t}}_{\substack{\text{production} \\ 10^{-27} \text{ s}}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Gamma_t}}_{\substack{\text{lifetime} \\ 10^{-25} \text{ s}}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}}}_{\substack{\text{hadronization} \\ 10^{-24} \text{ s}}} < \underbrace{\frac{m_t}{\Lambda^2}}_{\substack{\text{spin-flip} \\ 10^{-21} \text{ s}}}$$

- Double-differential cross section allows to access spin correlation and polarization information in top quark events

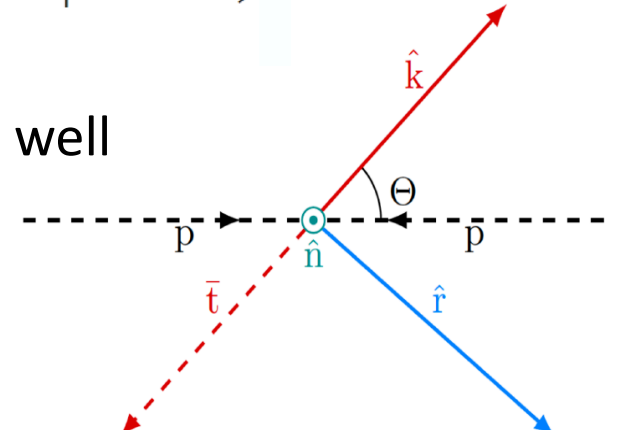
Double diff. xsec

Polarisation (0 in SM)

Spin Correlation

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d^2\sigma}{d\cos\theta_+^a d\cos\theta_-^b} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + B_+^a \cos\theta_+^a + B_-^b \cos\theta_-^b - C(a,b) \cos\theta_+^a \cos\theta_-^b)$$

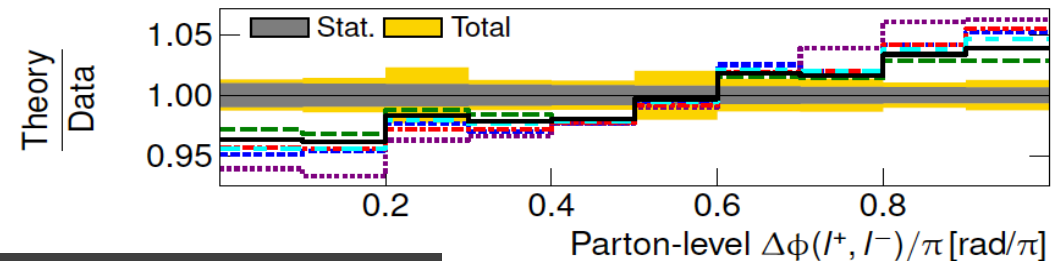
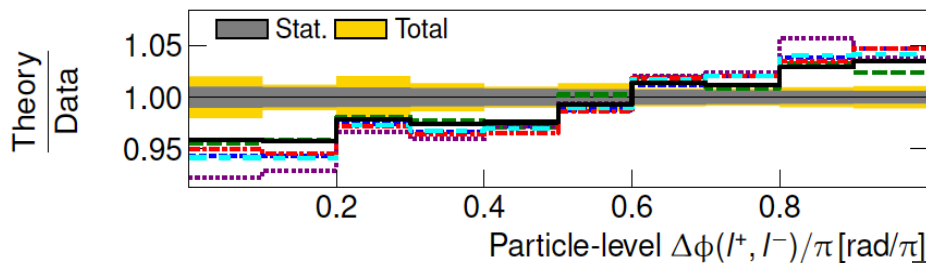
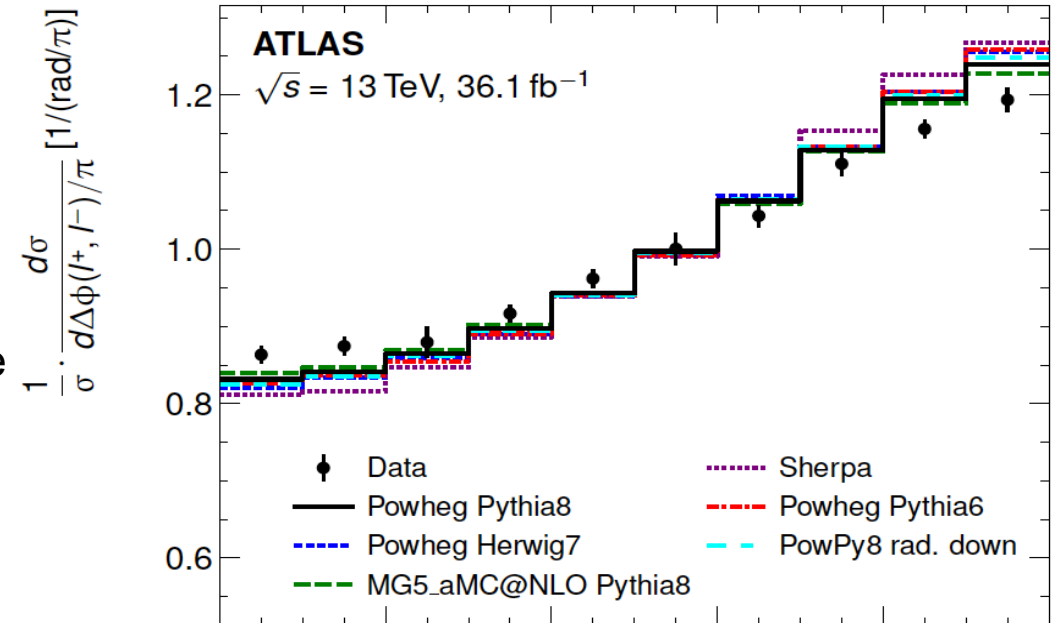
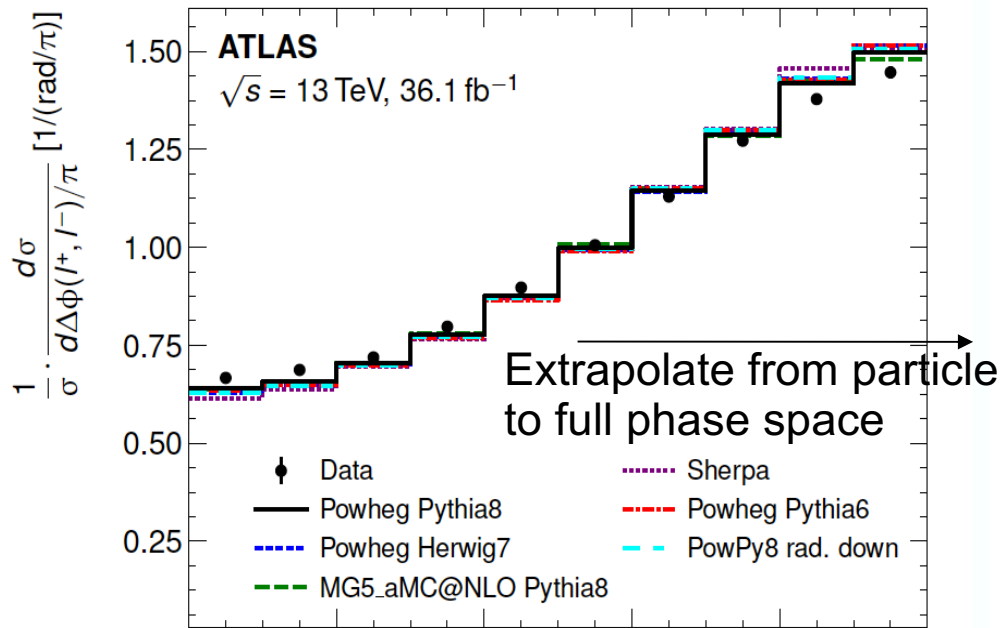
- Charged lepton is perfect spin analyzer, well reconstructed as well
- Can probe top quark spin in 3 dimensions
  - Using the  $\{k, r, n\}$  basis



- Sensitive to BSM physics:
  - more spin corr's = s-channel dark matter; less spin corr's = new scalars)

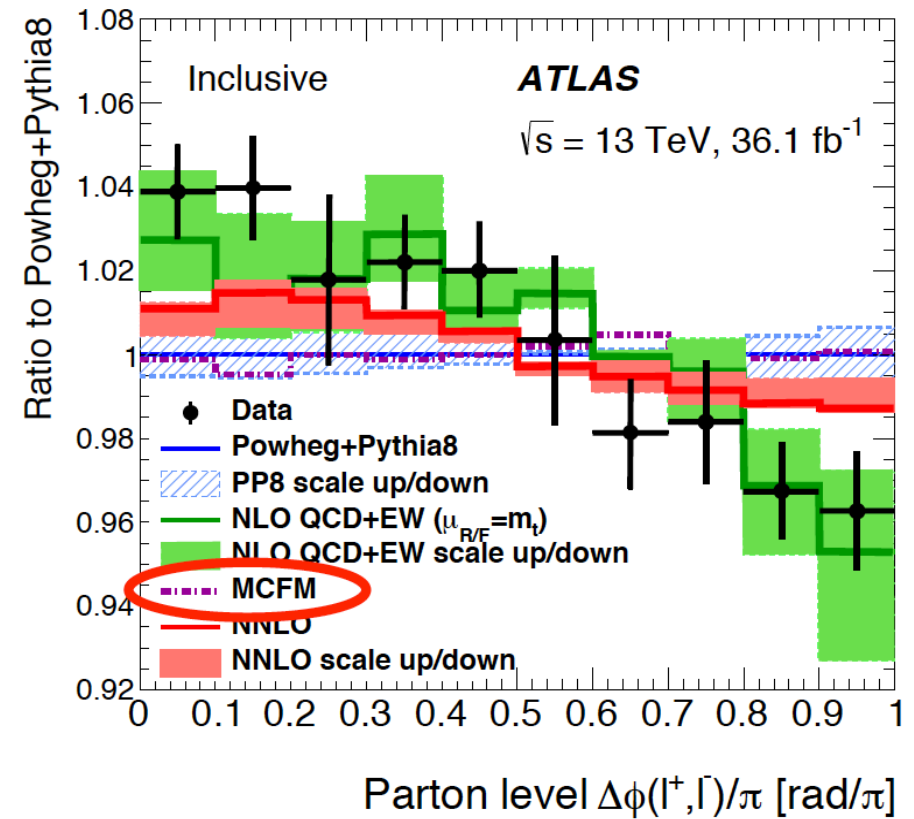
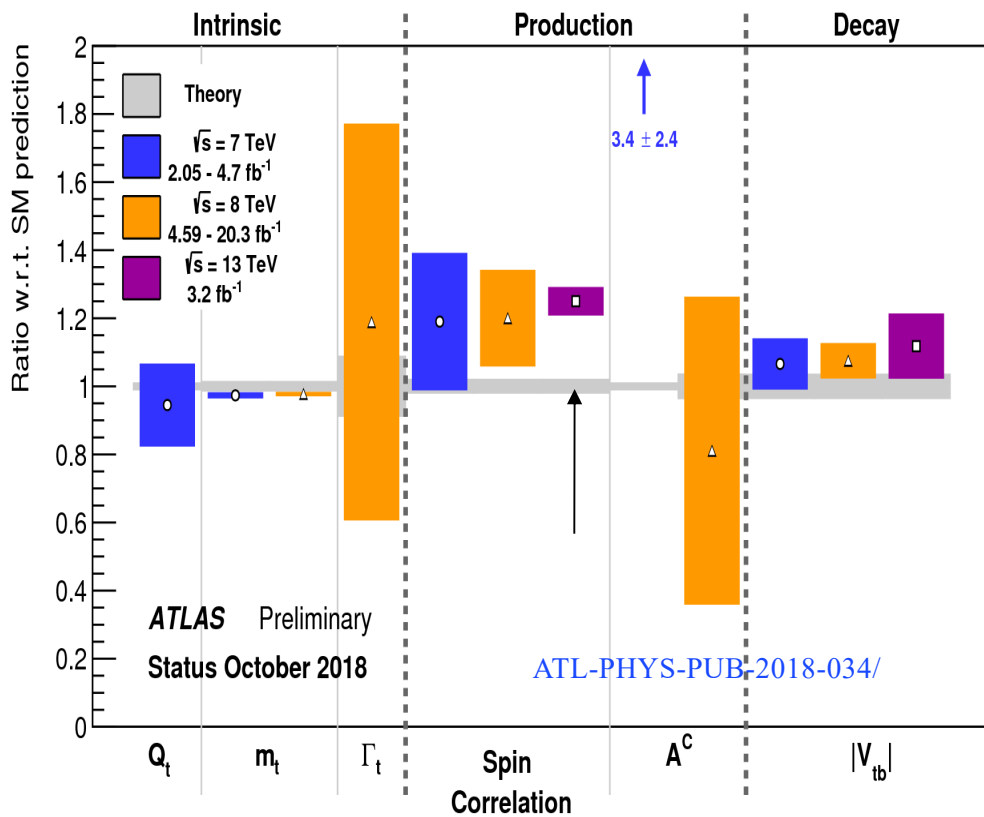
- ATLAS measures  $\Delta\phi$  in 1D and as a function of  $m_{tt}$
- Discrepancy between NLO simulations and data at the  $3\sigma$  level in  $\Delta\phi$  at particle and parton level, also seen in differential in  $m_{tt}$  bins:
  - Fraction of SM-like spin corr.  $f_{SM}$  of 1 agrees with NLO SM, **observe: (stat + syst + theory)**

$$f_{SM} = 1.25 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$$



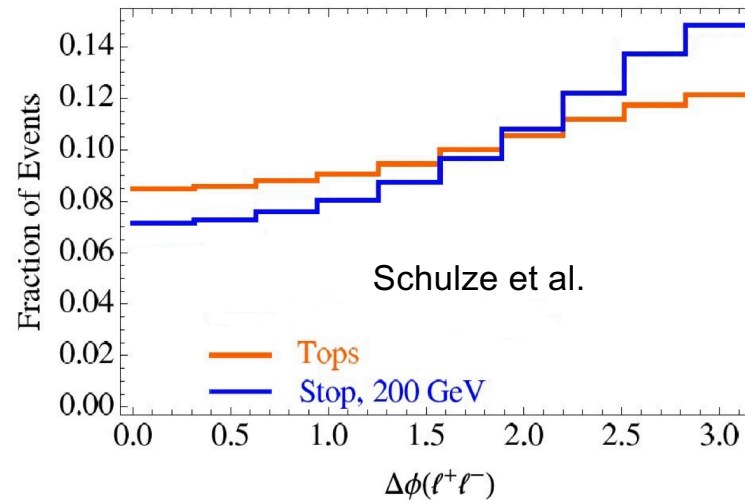
$$|\Delta\phi_{ll}| = \left| \left| \phi_{l_1} - \phi_{l_2} \right| - \pi \right| - \pi$$

- Further insights to spin correlations:
  - NLO effects in decay (modeled by MCFM) similar to Powheg+Pythia8 (no NLO effects in decay)
  - Discrepancy **likely explained by missing higher order correction to top quark kinematics relevant to fiducial phase space**



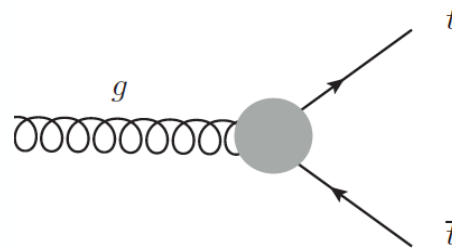


- ATLAS employs spin correlation to constrain SUSY top quark partner, low mass preferred by naturalness arguments
  - Signature: Top quark spins more uncorrelated since stop is scalar

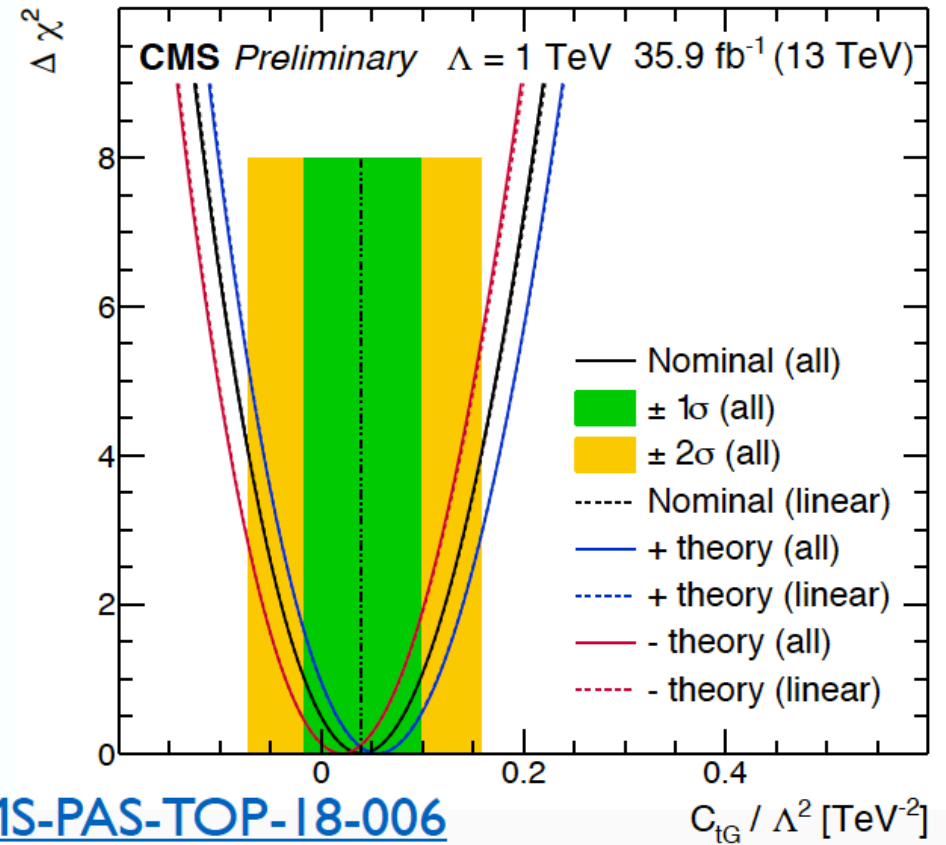
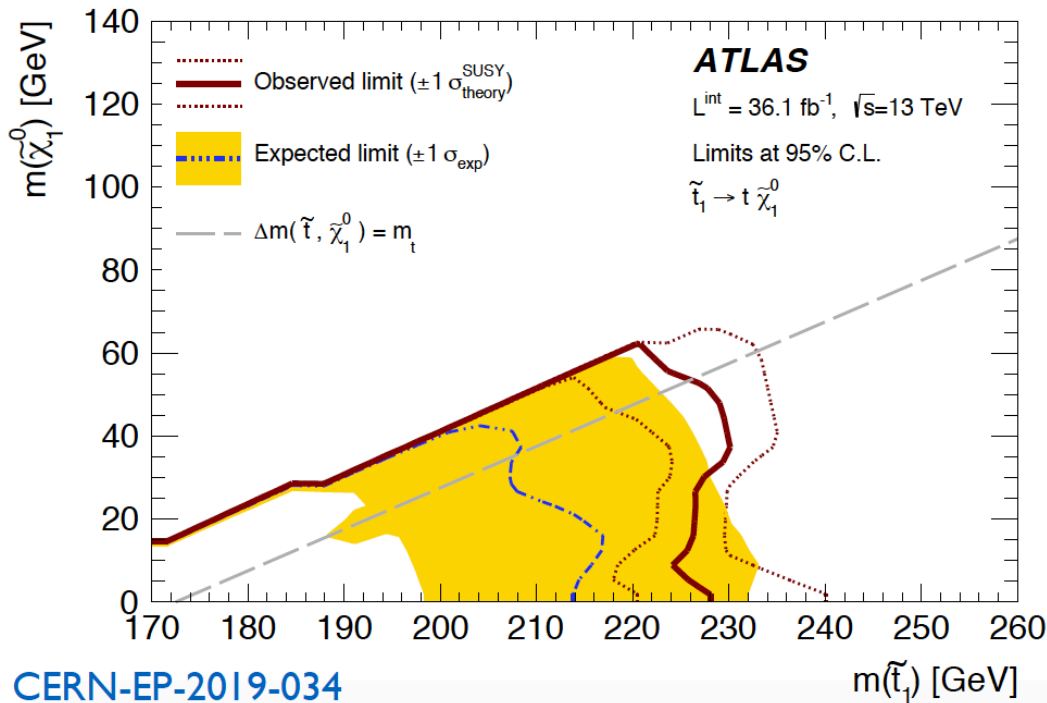


- CMS uses EFT approach for  $O_{tG} = y_t g_s (\bar{Q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a t) \tilde{\phi} G_{\mu\nu}^a$  density matrix measurement

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{C_i^{(6)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2}$$

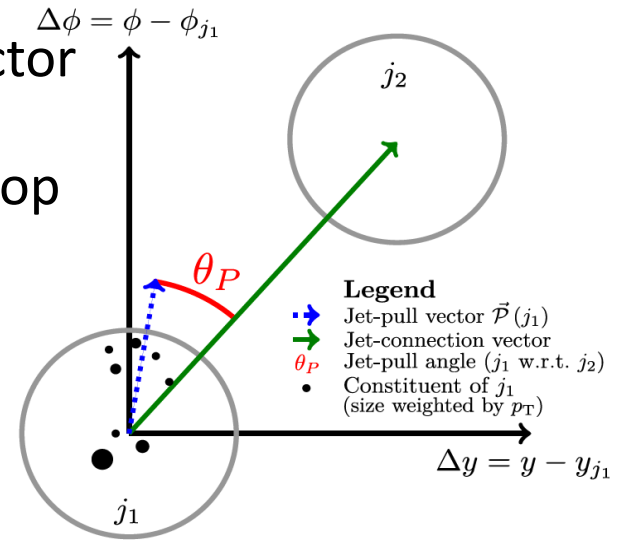


- Stringent constrain on chromomagnetic dipole moment:  $-0.07 < C_{tG}/\Lambda^2 < 0.16 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$

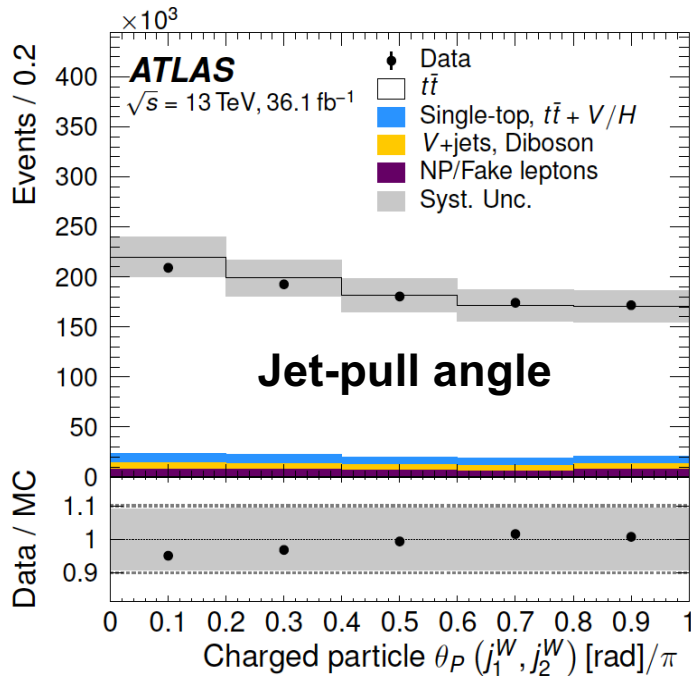
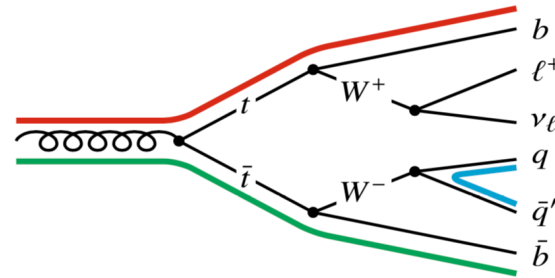


- Stringent constrain on chromomagnetic dipole moment:  $-0.07 < C_{tG}/L2 < 0.16 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$

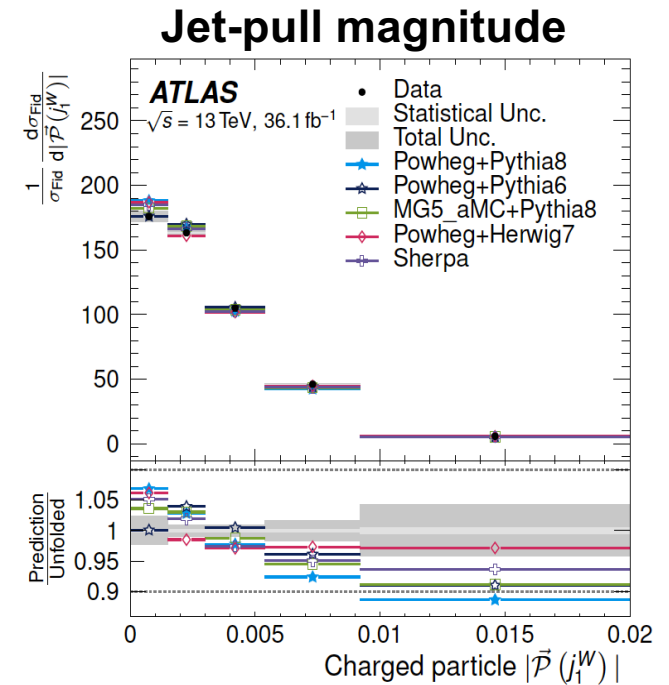
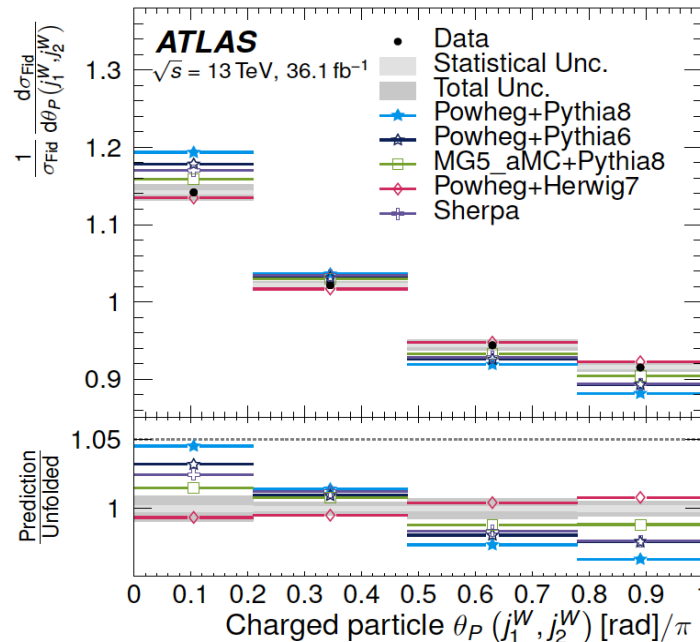
- ATLAS uses 13 TeV l+jets data to measure color flow at detector level and unfolded level
- Two dijet systems:  $j_1 j_2$  from W (color singlet) and  $b_1 b_2$  from top quarks (color disconnected)



- Allows for MC tuning
- Color-flipped model disfavored by  $c2/ndf = 45.3/3$



A. Jung & F. Yumiceva

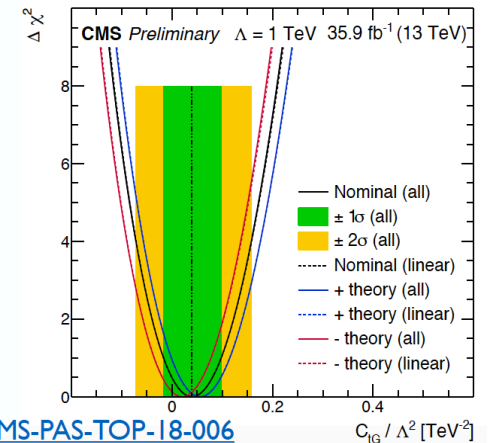
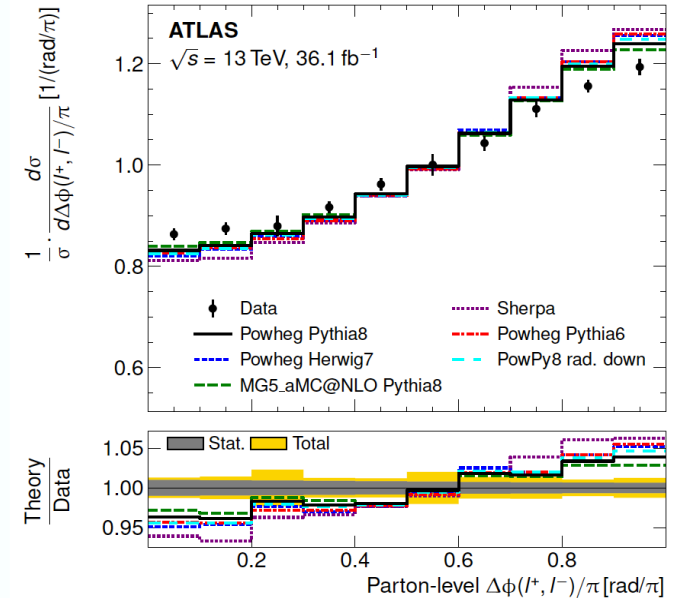
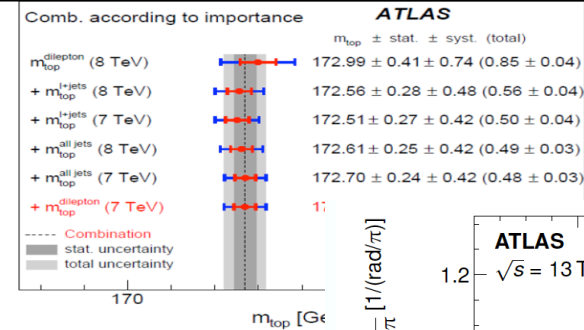


- Direct methods provide high precision  $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.28\%$
- Indirect methods are improving in precision and providing pole mass
- Spin correlations results are higher than NLO predictions.
  - Measurements deviate by 1-3 $\sigma$  from NLO simulations
  - Likely explained by higher order corrections to top quark kinematics
- Provide stringent EFT and BSM constraints by using top properties

Only small limited selection of results shown, more information:

[CMS Top Physics Results](#)

[ATLAS Top Physics Results](#)





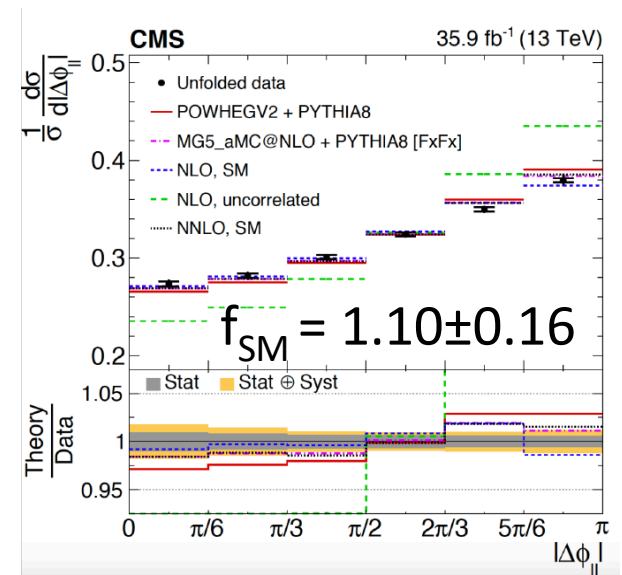
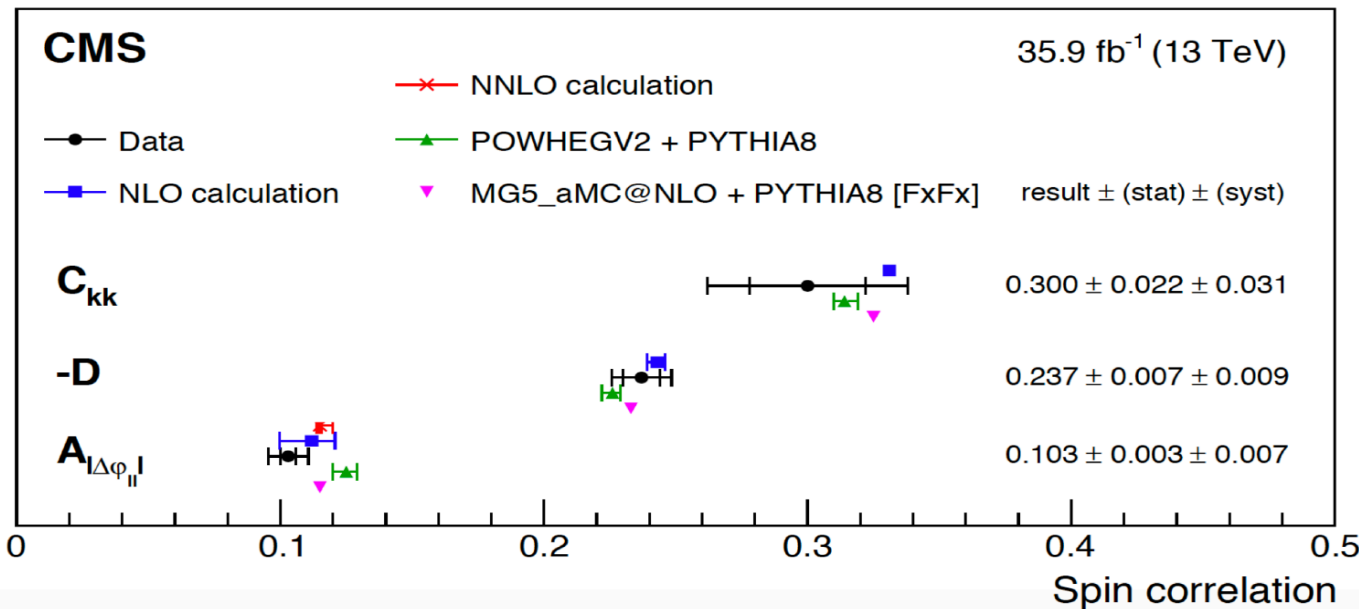
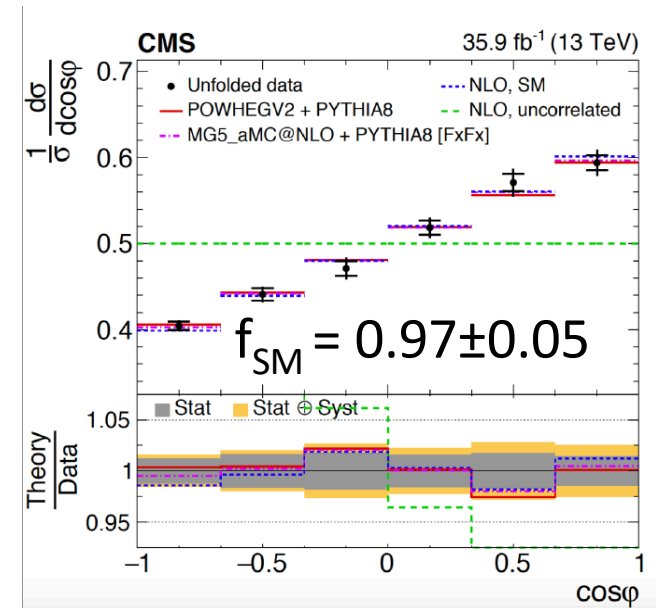
# Backup

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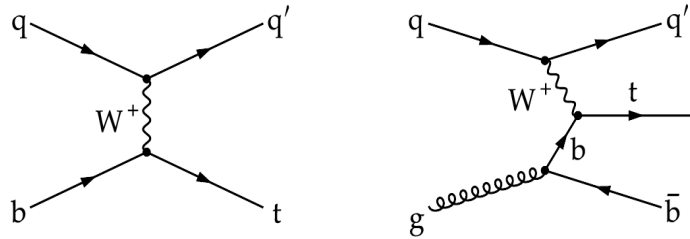


- CMS employs 13 TeV dilepton data
- Opening angle maximally sensitive to alignment of top quark spins
- Most precise direct measurement via  $\cos \varphi$ 
  - Systematic:  $p_T$  and BG modeling
- Indirect measurement via  $\Delta\phi$  shows about  $1\sigma$  discrepancy to NLO simulations

$$\cos\varphi = \text{opening angle between the leptons, } D = -(C_{kk} + C_{rr} + C_{nn})/3$$



- Single top cross sections measured and employed to extract spin asymmetry

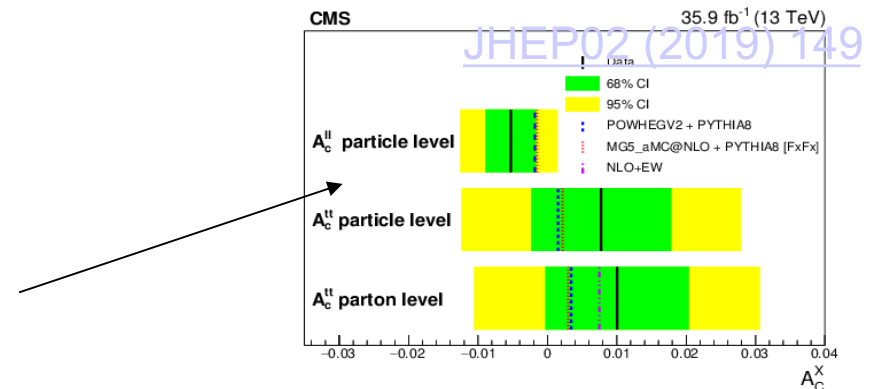
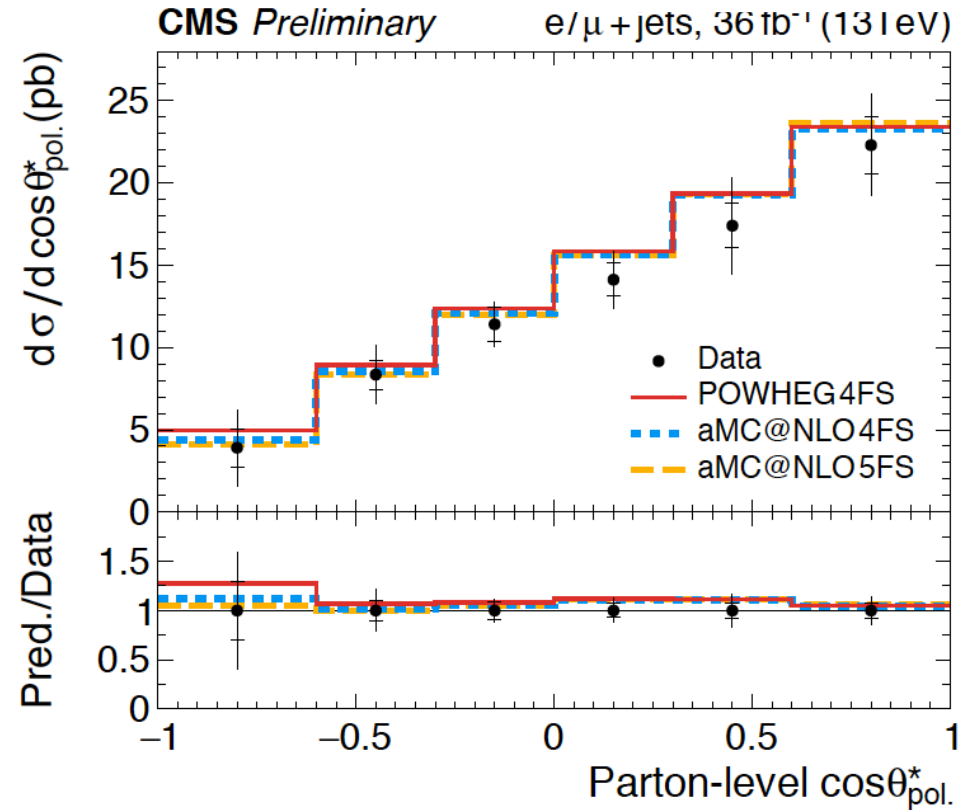


- Distributions are in agreement with predictions at NLO
- SM prediction for spin asymmetries is:
  - 0.436
  - Earlier seen deviation at 2 SD is not strengthened

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t, \bar{t}) < 0)}$$

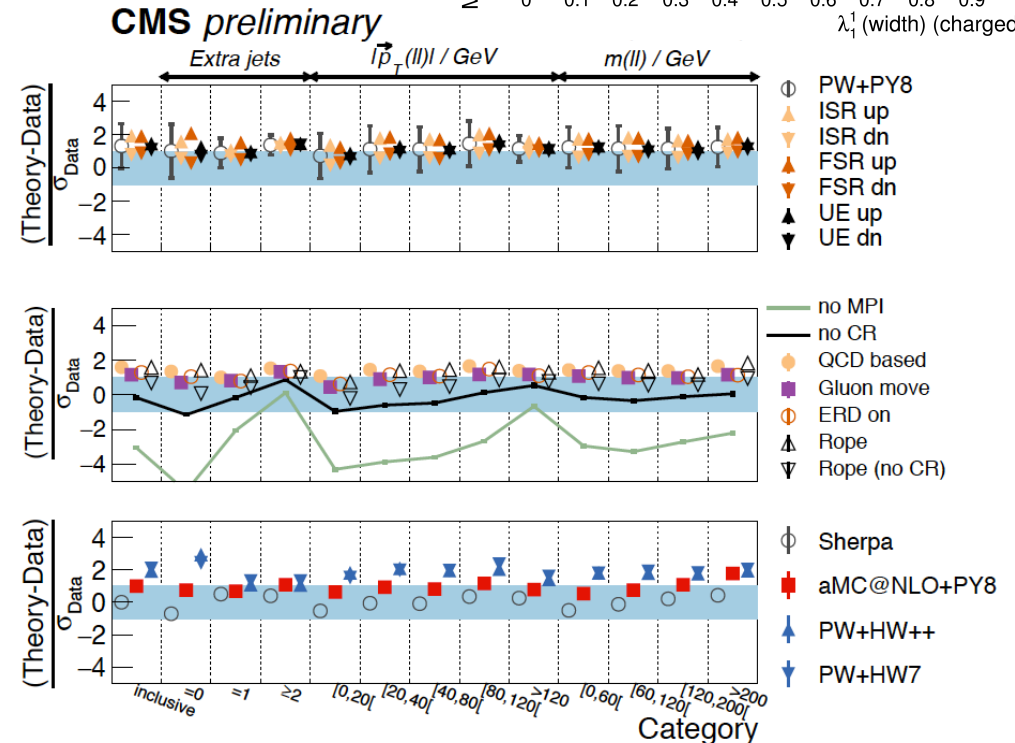
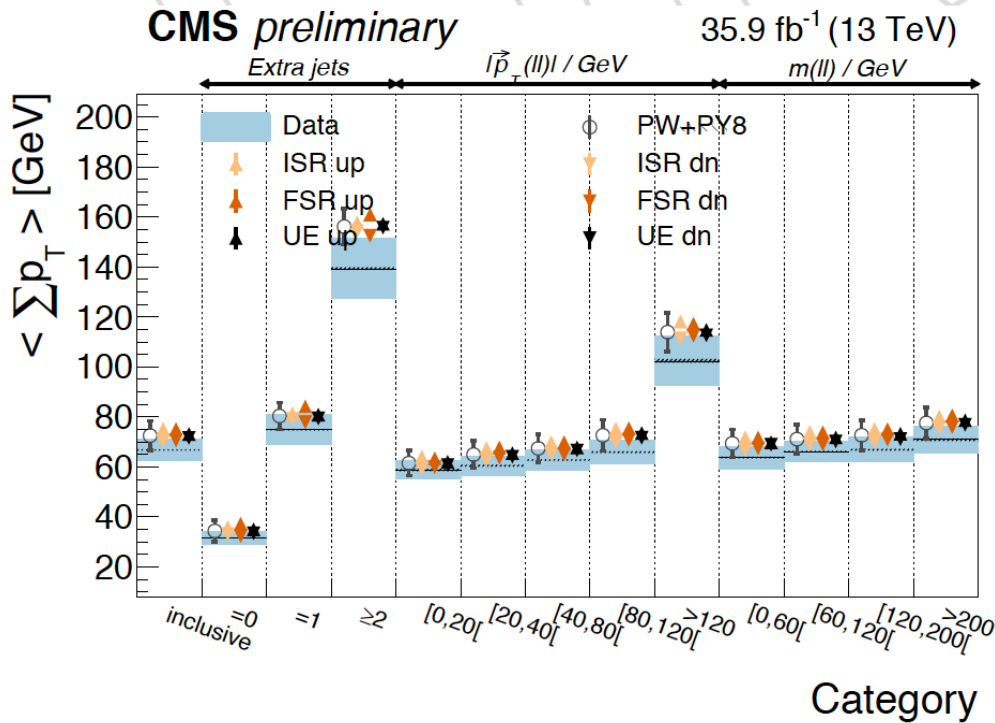
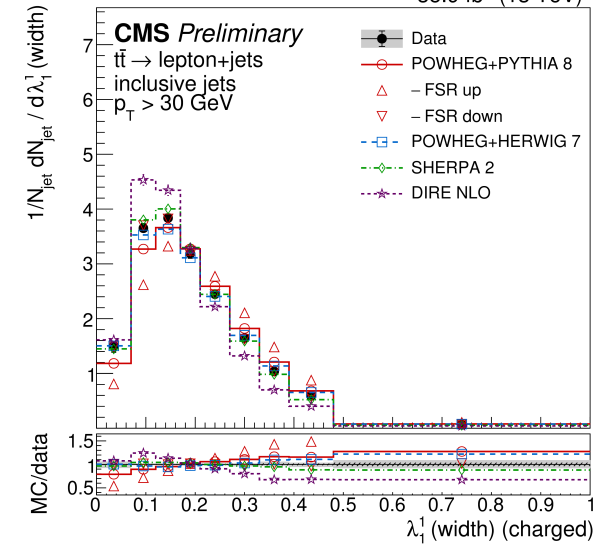
$$A_c^{\ell\bar{\ell}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell, \bar{\ell}) < 0)}$$

- CMS also extracted asymmetries based on dEta, dY particle+parton level cross sections



- CMS used 13 TeV data to measure multiple jet structure variables: particle multiplicity, width,  $p_T$ , E correlations
- Unfolded to stable particle level, used for **MC tuning** to further constrain systematics due to:

- Sensitivity to **Color Reconnection model**
- Sensitivity to  **$\alpha$ (Final State Radiation)**





# The top quark

- Top is the heaviest fundamental particle discovered so far  
 →  $m_t = 173.34 \pm 0.76 \text{ GeV}$  [\[arxiv:1403.4427\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1403.4427)
- Unique quark:

$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{m_t}}_{\text{production } 10^{-27} \text{ s}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Gamma_t}}_{\text{lifetime } 10^{-25} \text{ s}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}}}_{\text{hadronization } 10^{-24} \text{ s}} < \underbrace{\frac{m_t}{\Lambda^2}}_{\text{spin-flip } 10^{-21} \text{ s}}$$

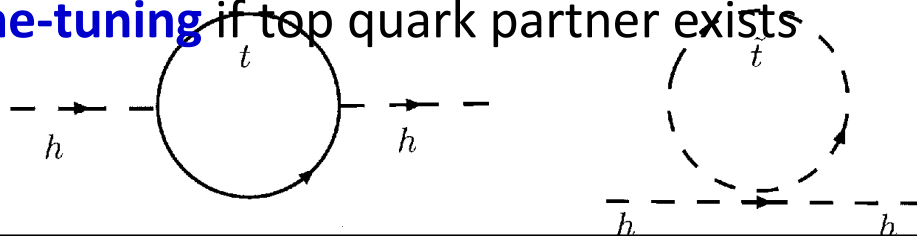
→ **Observe bare quark properties**

- Large Yukawa coupling to Higgs boson

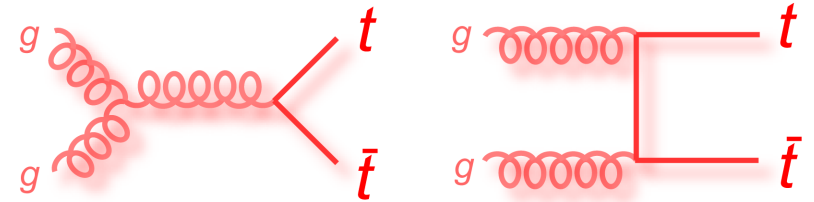
**only  $m_t$  is natural mass**

Special role in EW symmetry breaking ?

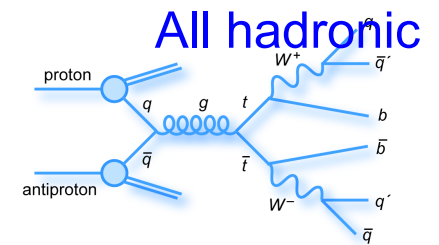
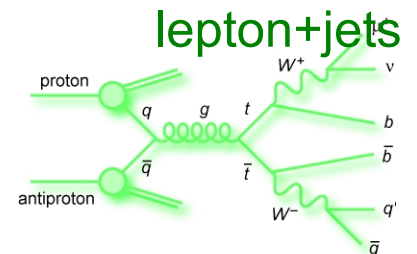
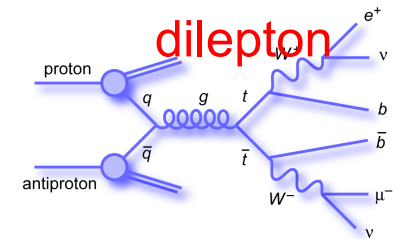
- **No fine-tuning** if top quark partner exists



- Production dominated by gg fusion:



- Decay channels:



BR, bg increase

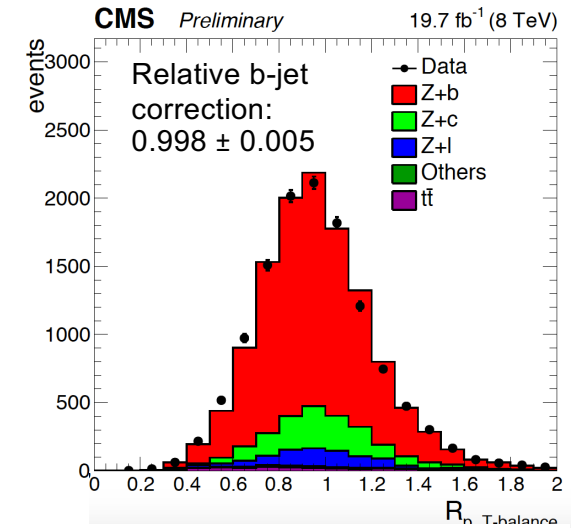


## Direct methods:

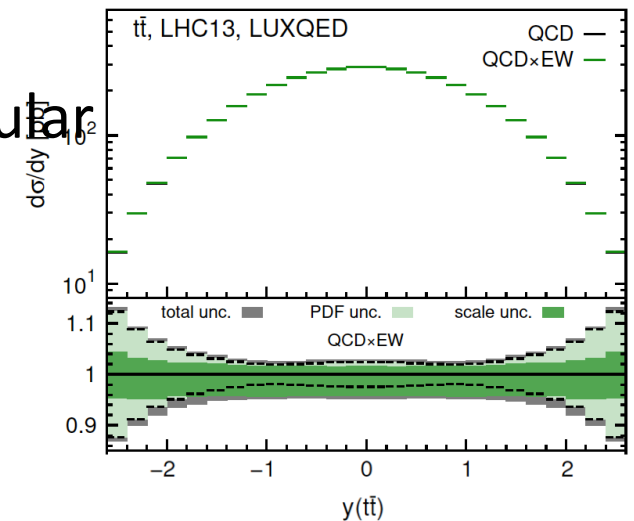
- Reconstruct top candidates (kinematic fits)
- Determine  $m(t)$  or  $m(t)$  & Jet energy SF,  $b$ -jet energy SF,  $b$ g fraction parameters
- Likelihood based on templates (ATLAS+CMS) or Ideogram (CMS)
- Most precise results, no single large uncertainty left
  - **Alternative methods:** larger uncertainties but

## Indirect methods:

- Relies on theoretical predictions (various choices)
- Fully corrected data, more complex
- Larger uncertainties, pole mass interpretation



perpendicular



- Employ different decay channels (different systematics, in-situ jet energy scale)
- Use direct (classical), direct (alternative), and indirect (based on  $\sigma$ ,  $dX/d\sigma$ )

- CMS measurement at 13 TeV,  $e/\mu+jets$  decay channel:
  - At least 4 jets, exactly 2 jets b-tagged
  - Kinematic fit to constrain the W mass and using decay of 2 same mass heavy particles
    - Keep all permutations
  - Follow same strategy as 8 TeV result:
    - 2D fit of  $m(\text{top})$  vs. Jet energy scale factor

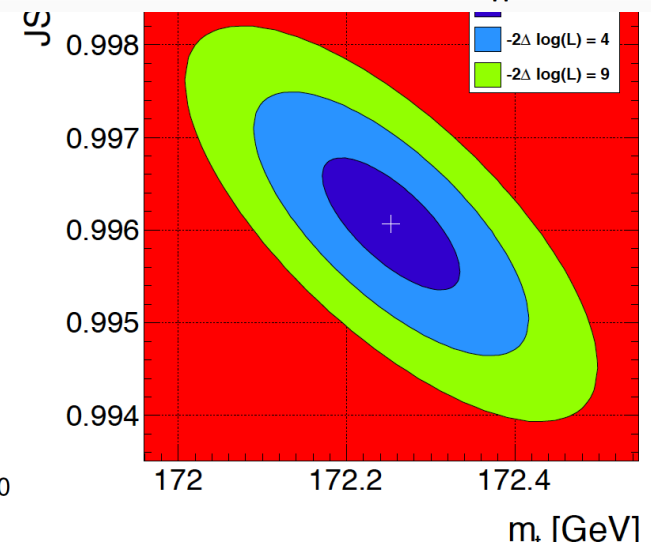
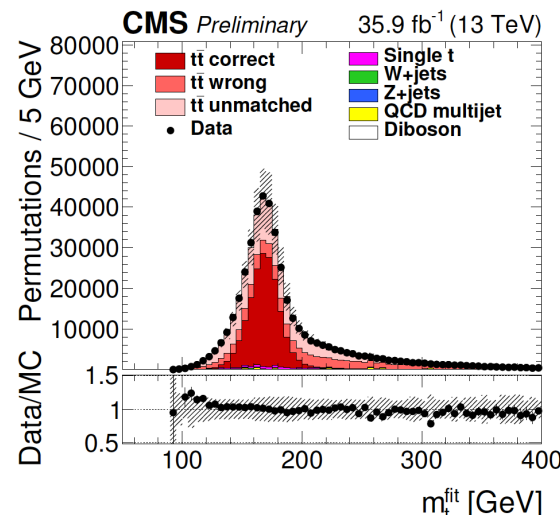
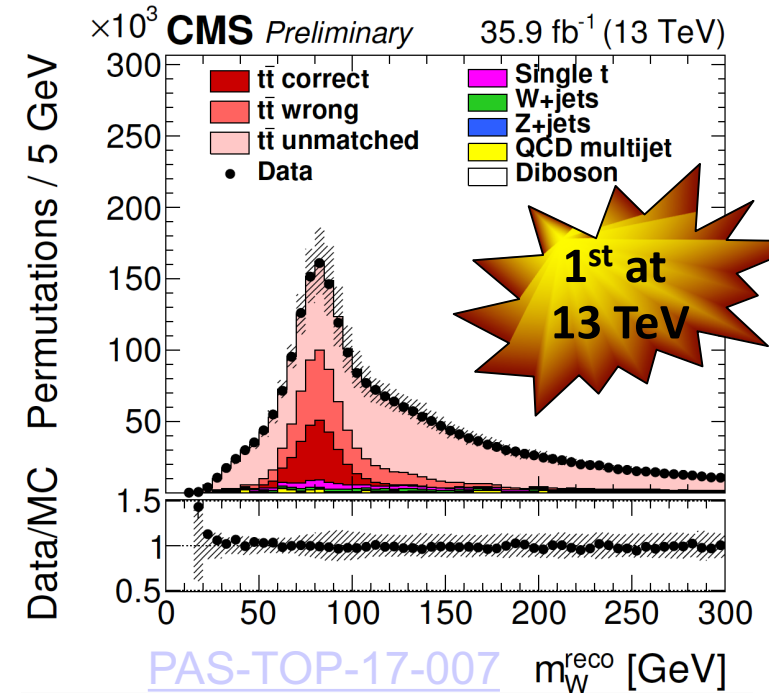
$$M_{\text{top}} = 172.25 \pm 0.08 \text{ (stat+JSF)} \pm 0.62 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.36\%$$

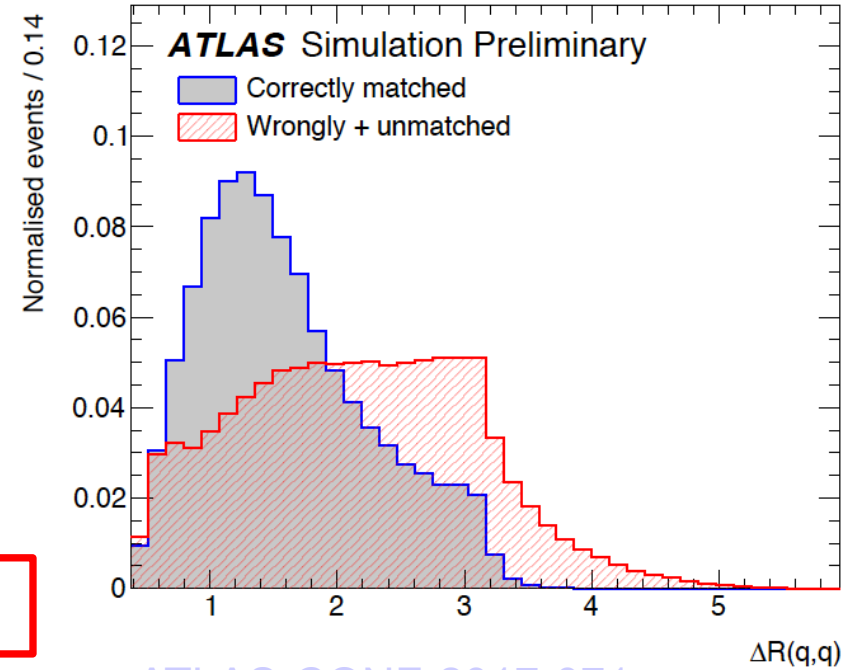
## Dominant systematics:

- Flavor (0.41 GeV)
- Model (0.41 GeV)
- JSF (0.19 GeV)

**Note: CR treatment changed from 8 to 13 TeV**

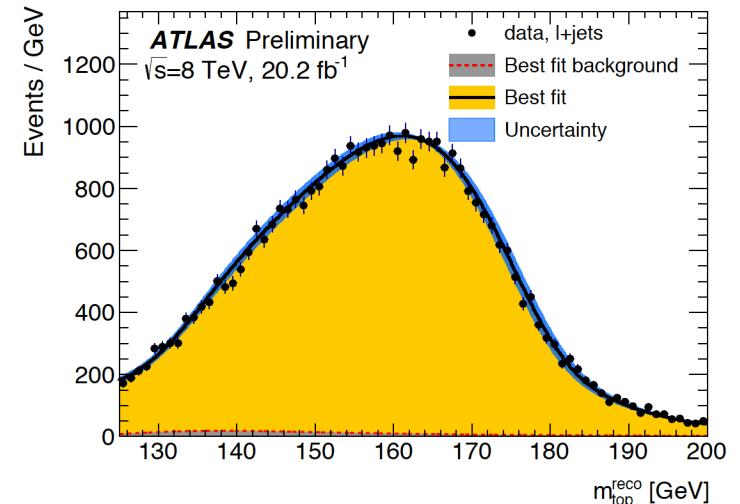
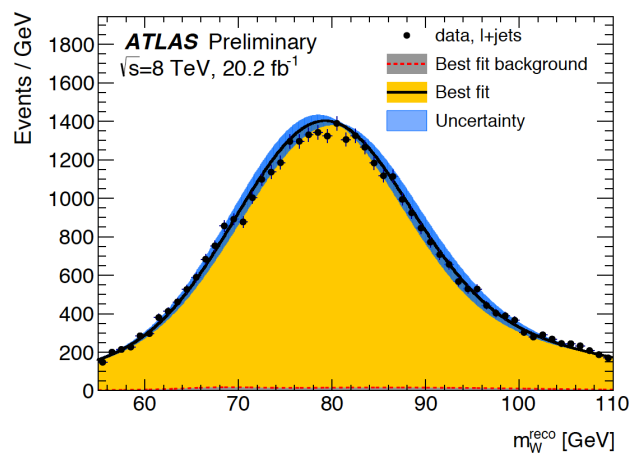
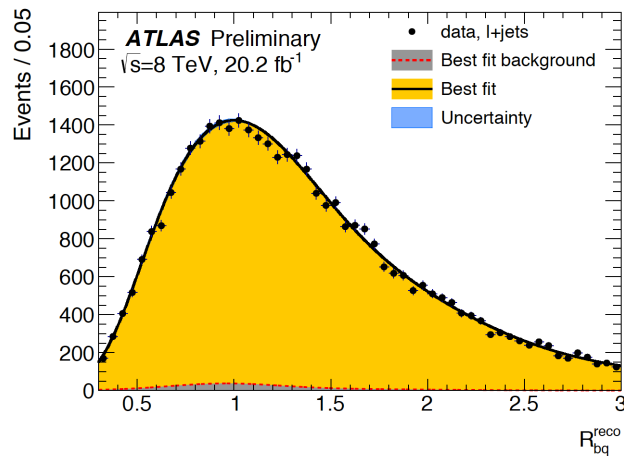


- ATLAS measurement at 8 TeV,  $e/\mu+jets$  decay channel:
- At least 4 jets, exactly 2 jets b-tagged
- Kinematic fit to constrain the W mass and using decay of 2 same mass heavy particles
  - BDT rejects events w worse resolution
- Template fit to three distributions to determine:  $m(t)$ , b-JSF, and JSF



$$M_{top} = 172.08 \pm 0.39 \text{ (stat+JSF)} \pm 0.82 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.53\%$$



	$\delta m_t^{\text{hyb}}$ [GeV]		
	All-jets	$l+jets$	Combination
<i>Experimental uncertainties</i>			
Method calibration	0.06	0.05	0.03
JEC (quad. sum)	0.15	0.18	0.17
Intercalibration	-0.04	+0.04	+0.04
MPPInSitu	+0.08	+0.07	+0.07
Uncorrelated	+0.12	+0.16	+0.15
Jet energy resolution	-0.04	-0.12	-0.10
b tagging	0.02	0.03	0.02
Pileup	-0.04	-0.05	-0.05
All-jets background	0.07	-	0.01
All-jets trigger	+0.02	-	+0.01
$l+jets$ background	-	+0.02	-0.01
<i>Modeling uncertainties</i>			
JEC flavor (linear sum)	-0.34	-0.39	-0.37
light quarks (uds)	+0.07	+0.06	+0.07
charm	+0.02	+0.01	+0.02
bottom	-0.29	-0.32	-0.31
gluon	-0.13	-0.15	-0.15
b jet modeling (quad. sum)	0.09	0.12	0.06
b frag. Bowler-Lund	-0.07	-0.05	-0.05
b frag. Peterson	-0.05	+0.04	-0.02
semileptonic b hadron decays	-0.03	+0.10	-0.04
PDF	0.01	0.02	0.01
Ren. and fact. scales	0.04	0.01	0.01
ME/PS matching	+0.24	-0.07	+0.07
ME generator	-	+0.20	+0.21
ISR PS scale	+0.14	+0.07	+0.07
FSR PS scale	+0.18	+0.13	+0.12
Top quark $p_T$	+0.03	-0.01	-0.01
Underlying event	+0.17	-0.07	-0.06
Early resonance decays	+0.24	-0.07	-0.07
CR modeling (max. shift)	-0.36	+0.31	+0.33
"gluon move" (ERD on)	+0.32	+0.31	+0.33
"QCD inspired" (ERD on)	-0.36	-0.13	-0.14
Total systematic	0.70	0.62	0.61
Statistical (expected)	0.20	0.08	0.07
Total (expected)	0.72	0.63	0.61

	2D		1D	Hybrid	
	$\delta m_t^{2D}$ [GeV]	$\delta JSE^{2D}$ [%]	$\delta m_t^{1D}$ [GeV]	$\delta m_t^{\text{hyb}}$ [GeV]	$\delta JSE^{\text{hyb}}$ [%]
<i>Experimental uncertainties</i>					
Method calibration	0.03	0.0	0.03	0.03	0.0
JEC (quad. sum)	0.12	0.2	0.82	0.17	0.3
Intercalibration	-0.01	0.0	+0.16	+0.04	+0.1
MPPInSitu	-0.01	0.0	+0.23	+0.07	+0.1
Uncorrelated	-0.12	-0.2	+0.77	+0.15	+0.3
Jet energy resolution	-0.18	+0.3	+0.09	-0.10	+0.2
b tagging	0.03	0.0	0.01	0.02	0.0
Pileup	-0.07	+0.1	+0.02	-0.05	+0.1
All-jets background	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.01	0.0
All-jets trigger	+0.01	0.0	0.00	+0.01	0.0
$l+jets$ Background	-0.02	0.0	+0.01	-0.01	0.0
$l+jets$ Trigger	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
Lepton isolation	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
Lepton identification	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
<i>Modeling uncertainties</i>					
JEC flavor (linear sum)	-0.39	+0.1	-0.31	-0.37	+0.1
Light quarks (uds)	+0.11	-0.1	-0.01	+0.07	-0.1
Charm	+0.03	0.0	-0.01	+0.02	0.0
Bottom	-0.31	0.0	-0.31	-0.31	0.0
Gluon	-0.22	+0.3	+0.02	-0.15	+0.2
b jet modeling (quad. sum)	0.08	0.1	0.04	0.06	0.1
b frag. Bowler-Lund	-0.06	+0.1	-0.01	-0.05	0.0
b frag. Peterson	-0.03	0.0	0.00	-0.02	0.0
semileptonic b hadron decays	-0.04	0.0	-0.04	-0.04	0.0
PDF	0.01	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.0
Ren. and fact. scales	0.01	0.0	0.02	0.01	0.0
ME/PS matching	-0.10 ± 0.08	+0.1	+0.02 ± 0.05	+0.07 ± 0.07	+0.1
ME generator	+0.16 ± 0.21	+0.2	+0.32 ± 0.13	+0.21 ± 0.18	+0.1
ISR PS scale	+0.07 ± 0.08	+0.1	+0.10 ± 0.05	+0.07 ± 0.07	0.1
FSR PS scale	+0.23 ± 0.07	-0.4	-0.19 ± 0.04	+0.12 ± 0.06	-0.3
Top quark $p_T$	+0.01	-0.1	-0.06	-0.01	-0.1
Underlying event	-0.06 ± 0.07	+0.1	+0.00 ± 0.05	-0.04 ± 0.06	+0.1
Early resonance decays	-0.20 ± 0.08	+0.7	+0.42 ± 0.05	-0.01 ± 0.07	+0.5
CR modeling (max. shift)	+0.37 ± 0.09	-0.2	+0.22 ± 0.06	+0.33 ± 0.07	-0.1
"gluon move" (ERD on)	+0.37 ± 0.09	-0.2	+0.22 ± 0.06	+0.33 ± 0.07	-0.1
"QCD inspired" (ERD on)	-0.11 ± 0.09	-0.1	-0.21 ± 0.06	-0.14 ± 0.07	-0.1
Total systematic	0.71	1.0	1.07	0.61	0.7
Statistical (expected)	0.08	0.1	0.05	0.07	0.1
Total (expected)	0.72	1.0	1.08	0.61	0.7

- CMS measurement at 8 TeV, dilepton decay channel: Cleanest sample
- At least 2 jets b-tagged
- Reconstruct invariant mass of b-tagged jet and lepton (templates)
  - $m_{lb}$ ,  $m_{T2}^{bb}$ ,  $m_{lb}$  in 7x5 m(t) vs. JSF
- 1D, 2D, or hybrid fit
  - 80% (1D) and 20% (2D) lowest uncertainty

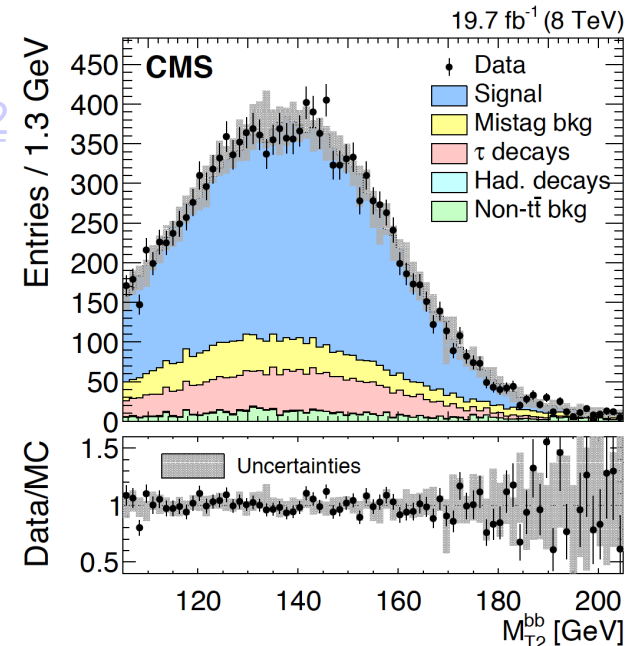
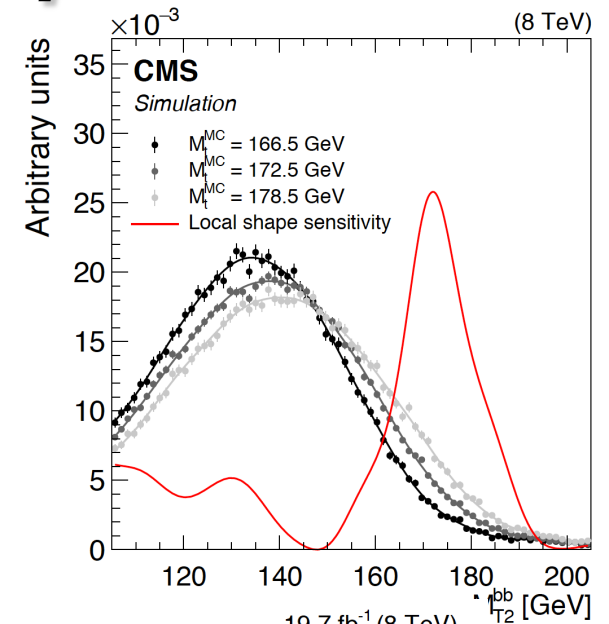
$$M_{\text{top}} = 172.22 \pm 0.18 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.91 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$

$$\delta m_t / m_t = 0.54\%$$

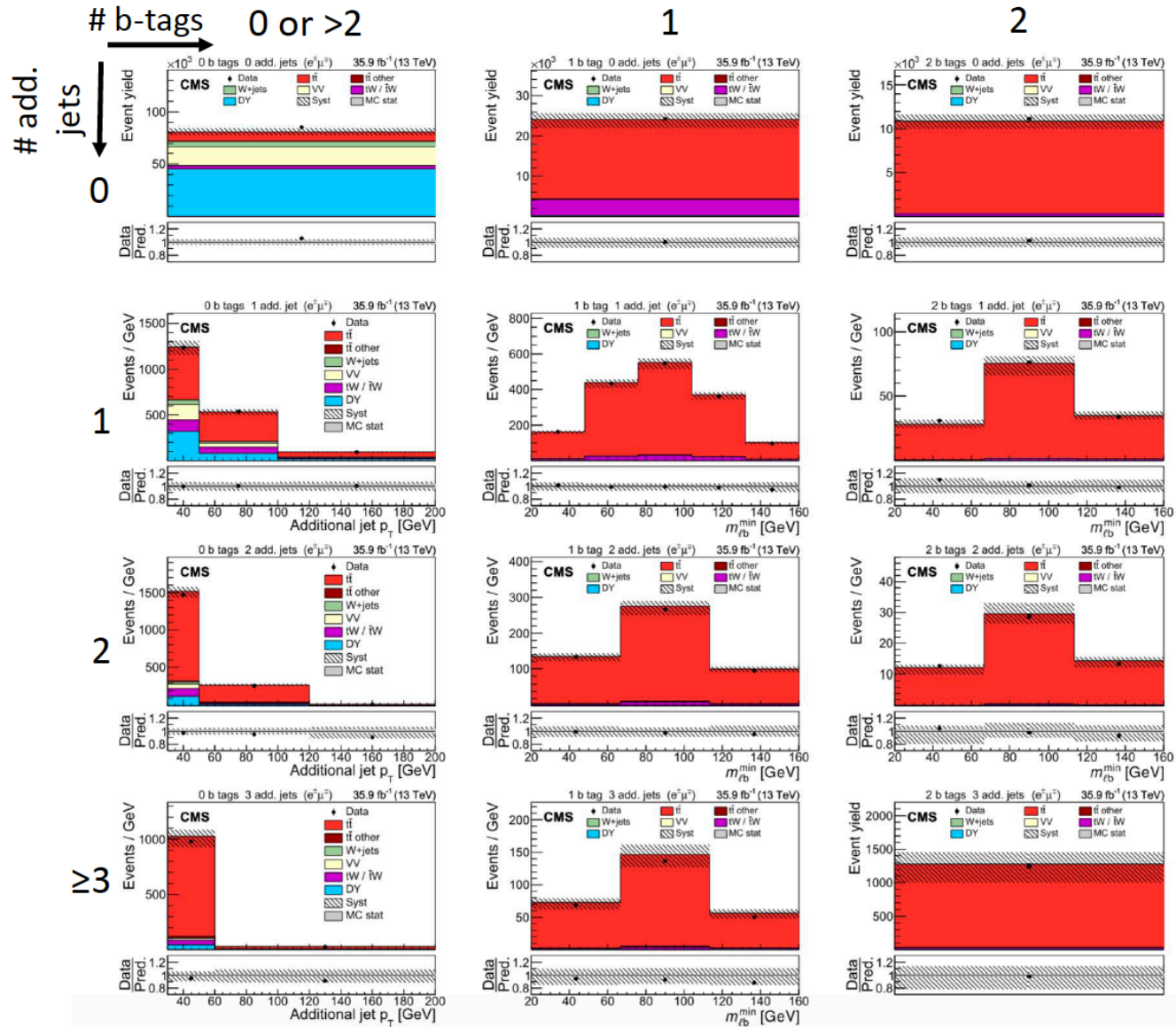
[PRD 96\(2017\)032002](https://arxiv.org/abs/1612.08802)

## Dominant systematics:

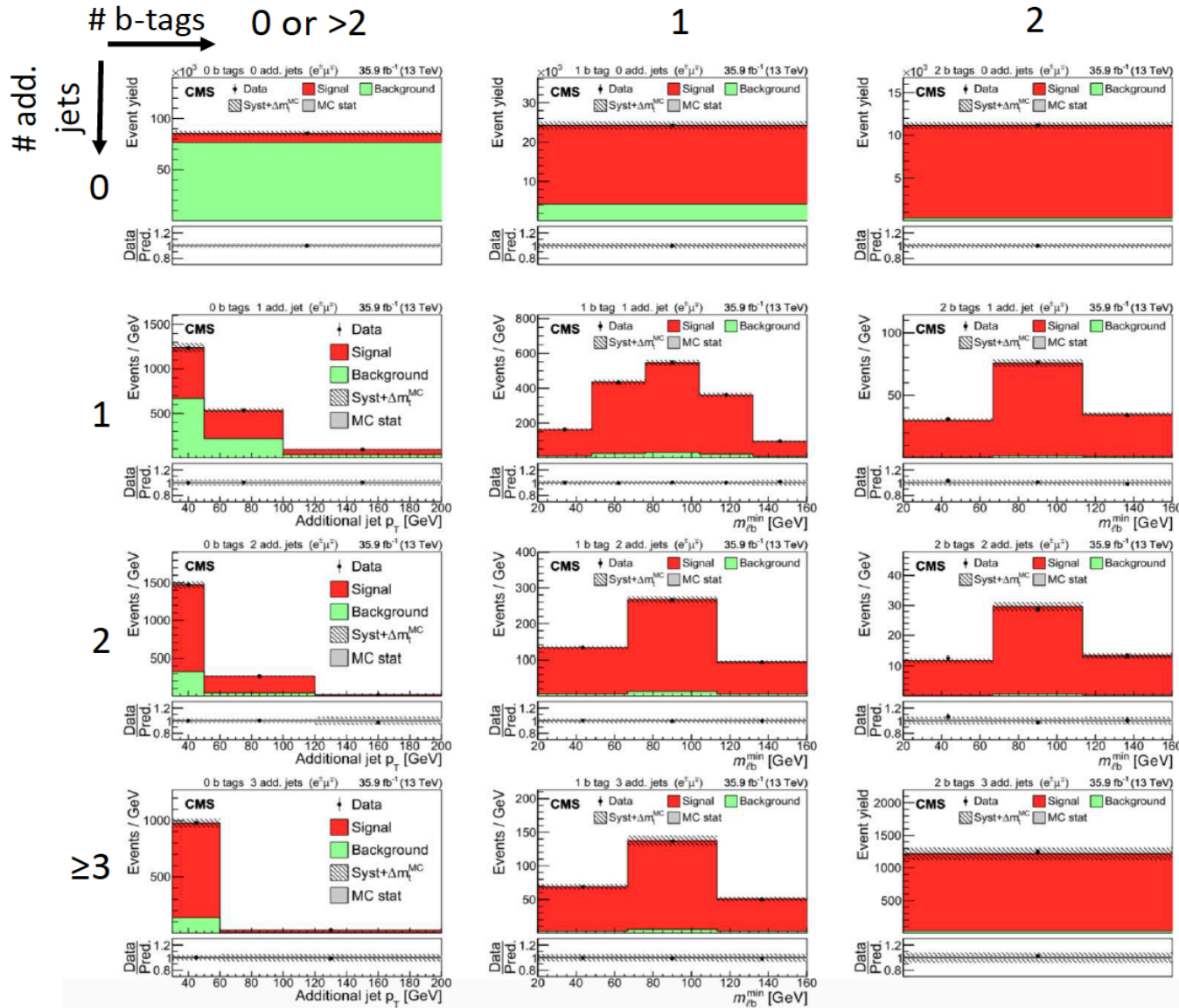
- Model (0.64 GeV)
- JES (0.45 GeV)
- b-frag (0.40 GeV)



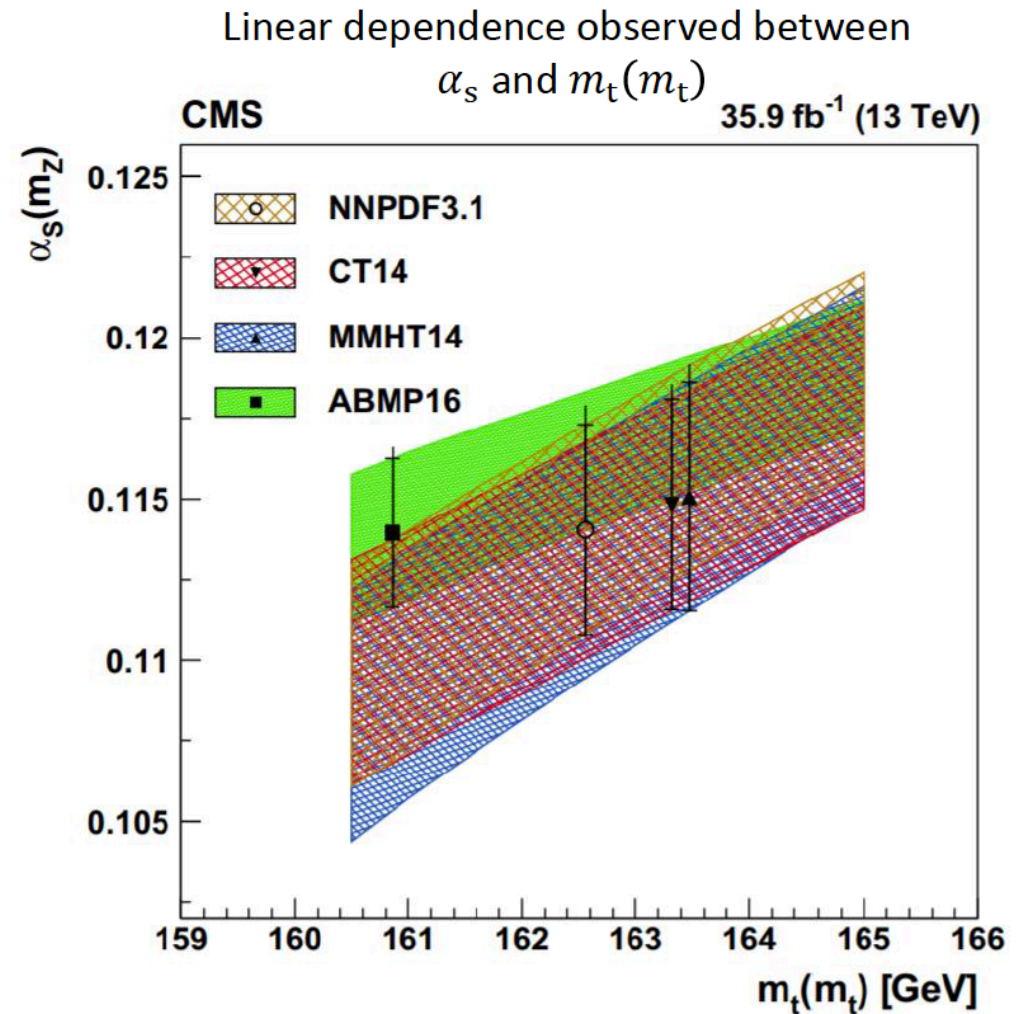
pre-fit

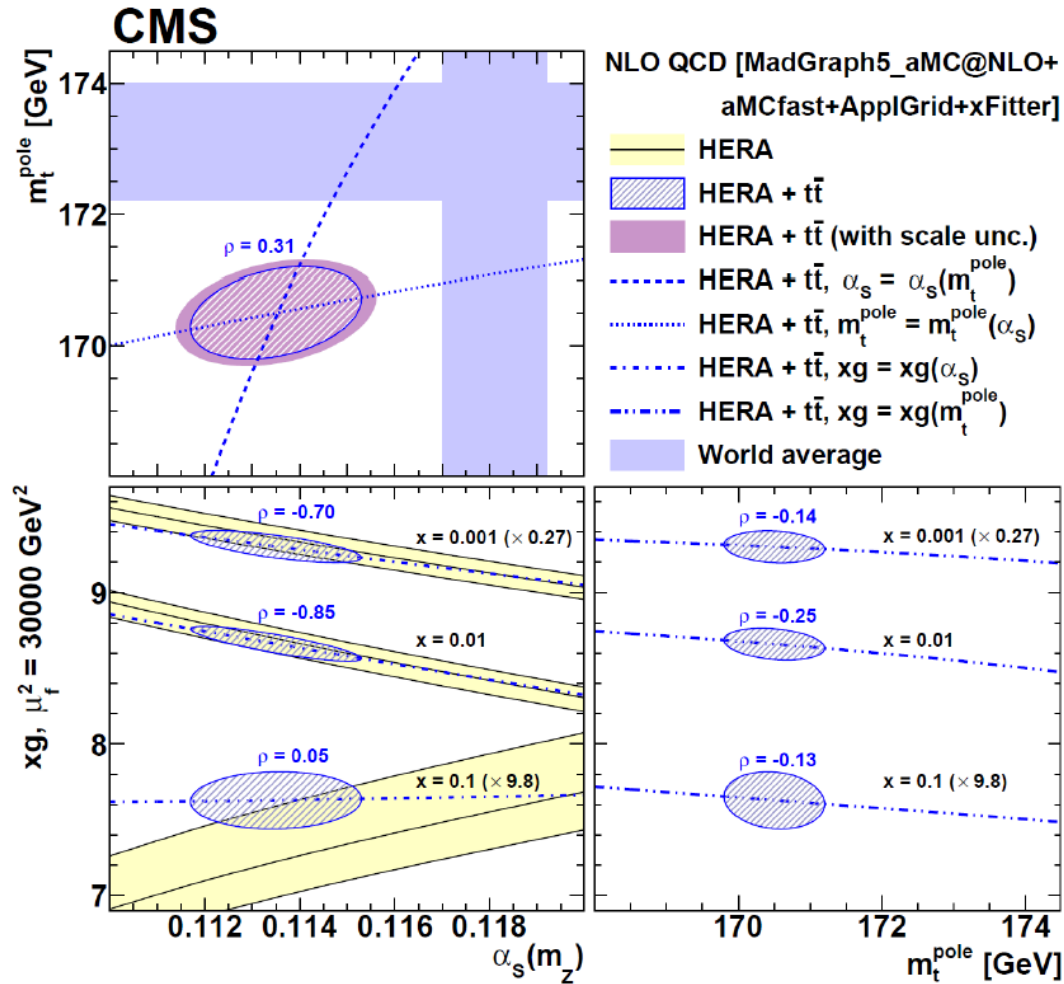


post-fit









Parameter	Variation	$\alpha_s(m_Z)$	$m_t^{\text{pole}}$ [GeV]
Fit uncertainty			
Total	$\Delta\chi^2 = 1$	$\pm 0.0016$	$\pm 0.7$
Model uncertainty			
$f_s$	$f_s = 0.5$	+0.0001	0.0
$f_s$	$f_s = 0.3$	0.0000	0.0
$Q_{\text{min}}^2$	$Q_{\text{min}}^2 = 5.0 \text{ GeV}^2$	+0.0002	+0.1
$Q_{\text{min}}^2$	$Q_{\text{min}}^2 = 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$	-0.0004	-0.1
$M_c$	$M_c = 1.49 \text{ GeV}$	+0.0001	0.0
$M_c$	$M_c = 1.37 \text{ GeV}$	0.0000	0.0
Total		+0.0002 -0.0004	+0.1 -0.1
PDF parametrisation uncertainty			
$\mu_{f,0}^2$	$\mu_{f,0}^2 = 2.2 \text{ GeV}^2$	-0.0001	0.0
$\mu_{f,0}^2$	$\mu_{f,0}^2 = 1.6 \text{ GeV}^2$	+0.0002	0.0
$A'_g$	set to 0	+0.0002	-0.1
$E_g$	set to 0	+0.0008	0.0
Total		+0.0008 -0.0001	-0.1
Scale uncertainty			
$\mu_r$ variation	$\mu_r = H$	+0.0004	-0.2
$\mu_r$ variation	$\mu_r = H/4$	+0.0007	+0.1
$\mu_f$ variation	$\mu_f = H$	-0.0002	+0.3
$\mu_f$ variation	$\mu_f = H/4$	+0.0001	-0.3
$\mu_{r,f}$ variation	$\mu_{r,f} = H$	+0.0004	+0.1
$\mu_{r,f}$ variation	$\mu_{r,f} = H/4$	+0.0011	-0.2
alternative $\mu_{r,f}$	$\mu_{r,f} = H/2$	-0.0005	+0.1
Total		+0.0011 -0.0005	+0.3 -0.3

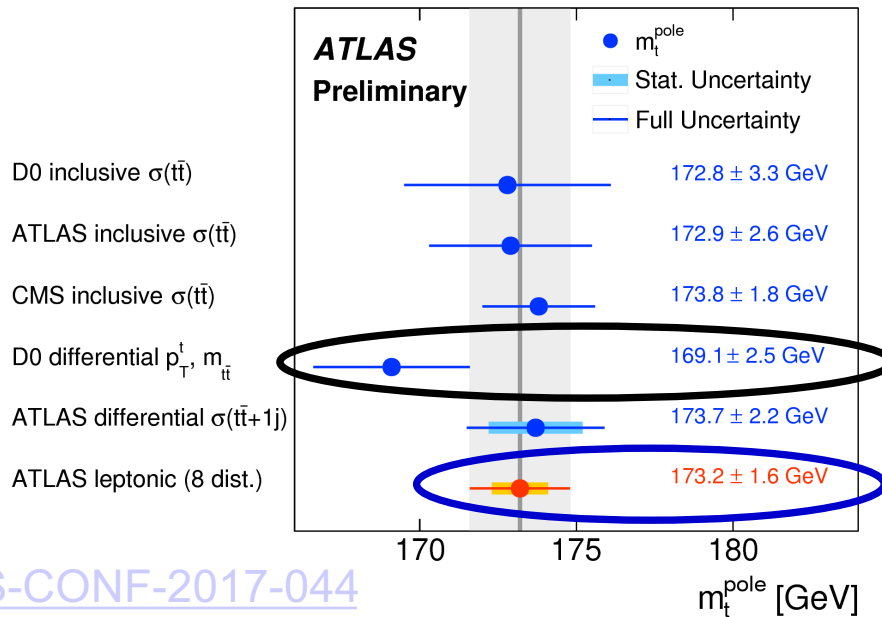
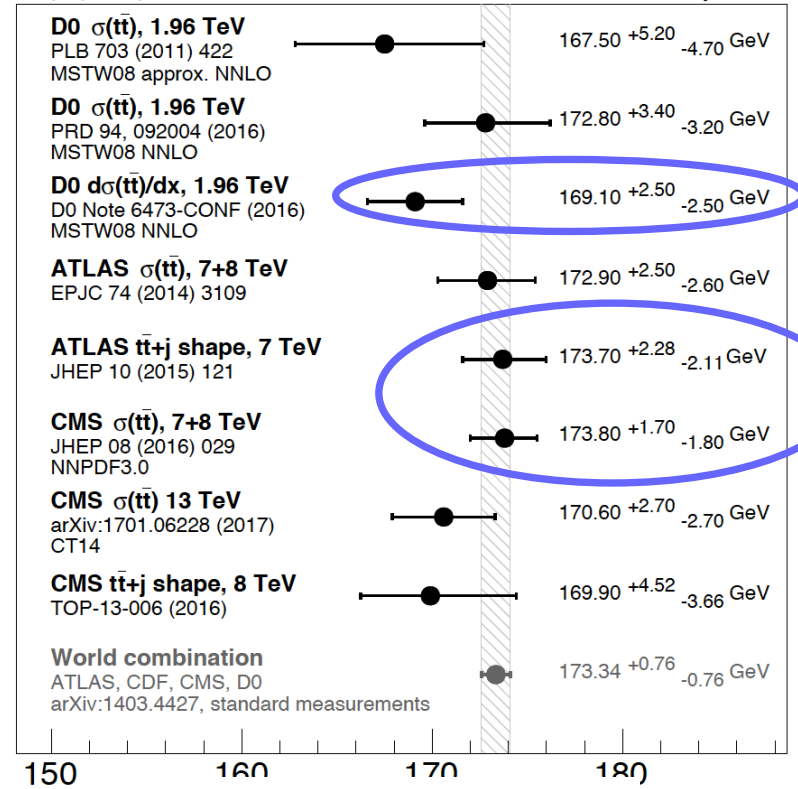
- Extraction from production cross section  
not (yet) competitive with direct measurements – but

getting closer

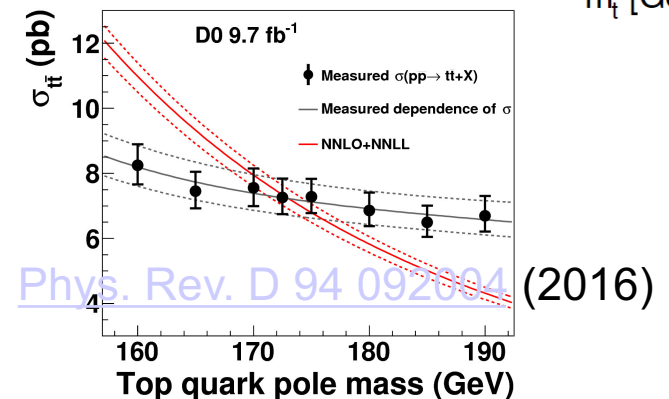
- ATLAS: 0.9%; CMS precision at 1% [D0 6473](#)
  - D0 precision (best at Tevatron): ~ 1.5%

- With ~5% theory uncertainty and ~2% exp → can reach 0.5% on pole mass

Top-quark pole mass measurements July 2017



[ATLAS-CONF-2017-044](#)



Using BLUE:

● **Latest CMS combination**  $\delta m_t / m_t = 0.28\%$

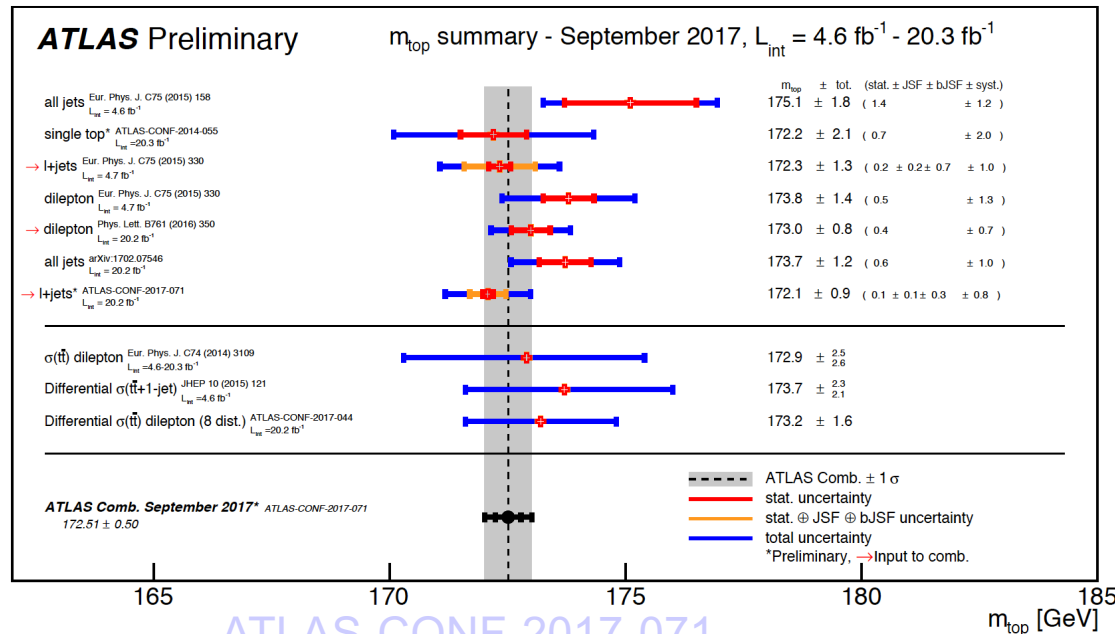
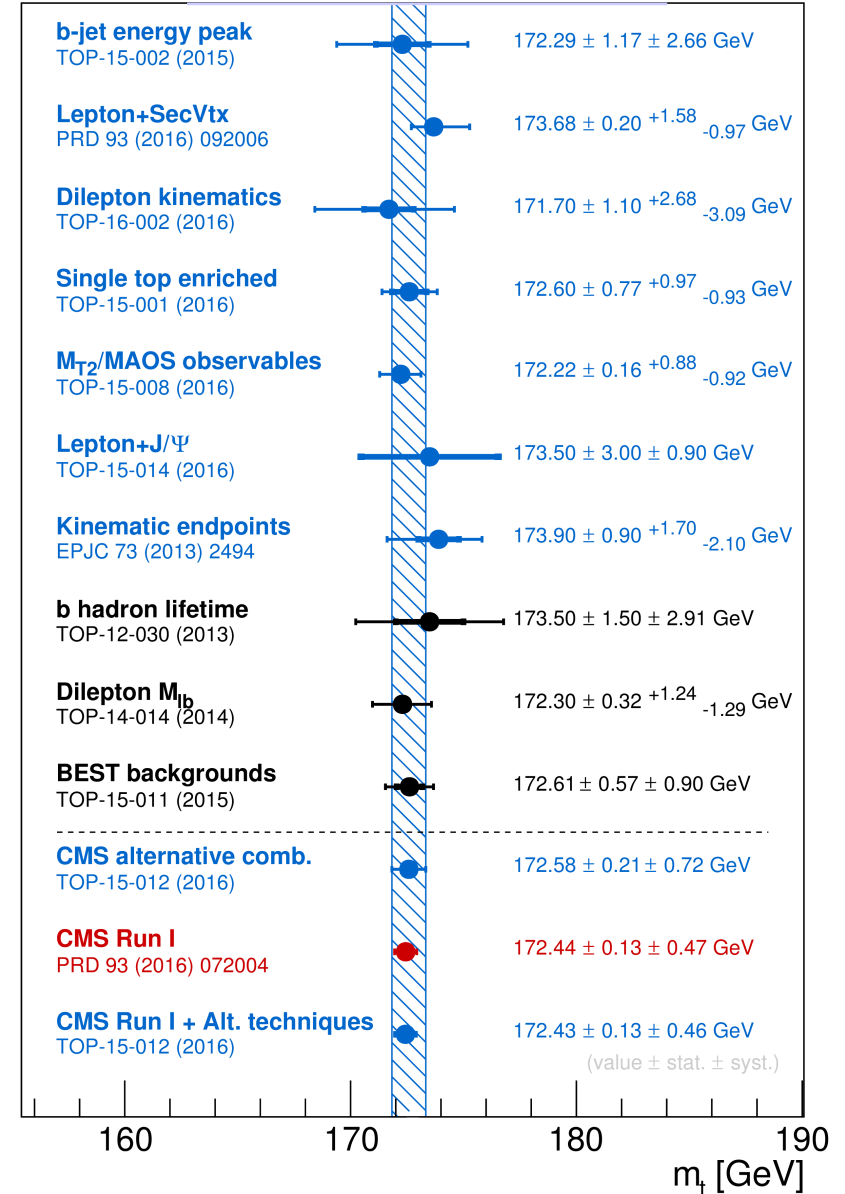
$$m_{\text{top}} = 172.44 \pm 0.48 \text{ GeV}$$

● **Alternative methods: CMS combination**

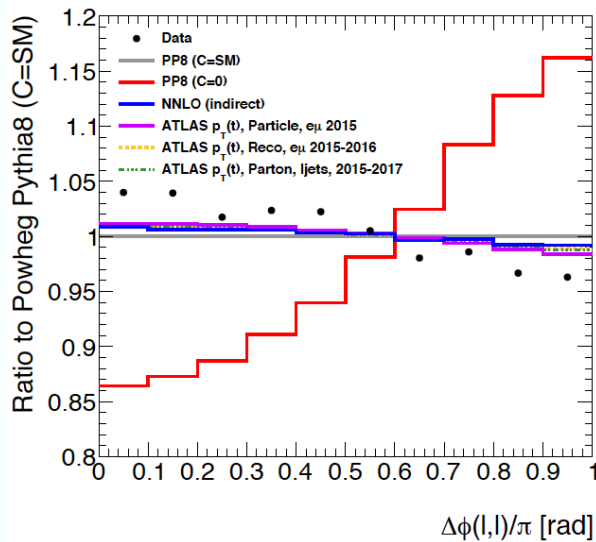
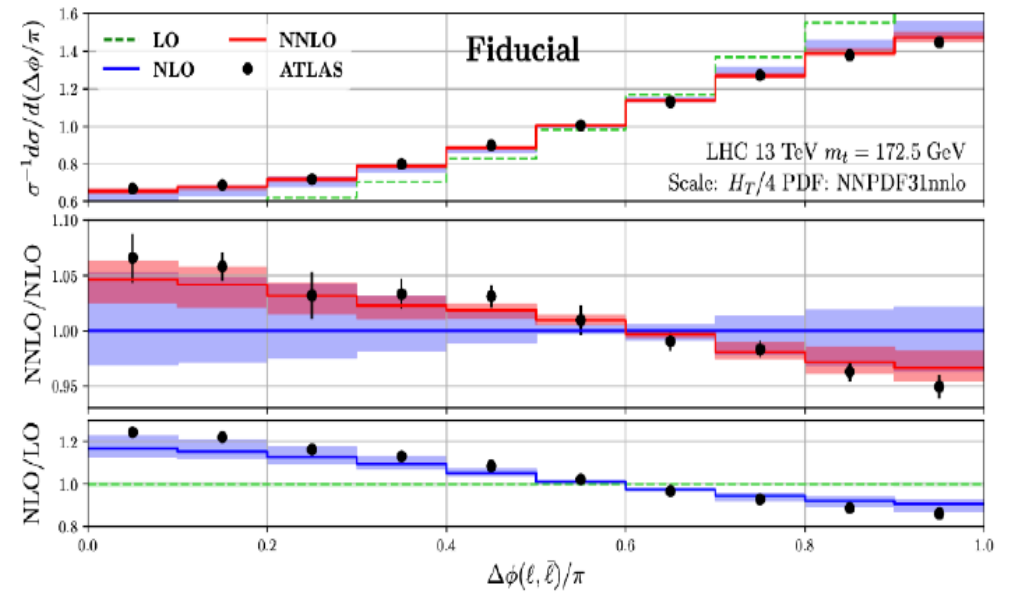
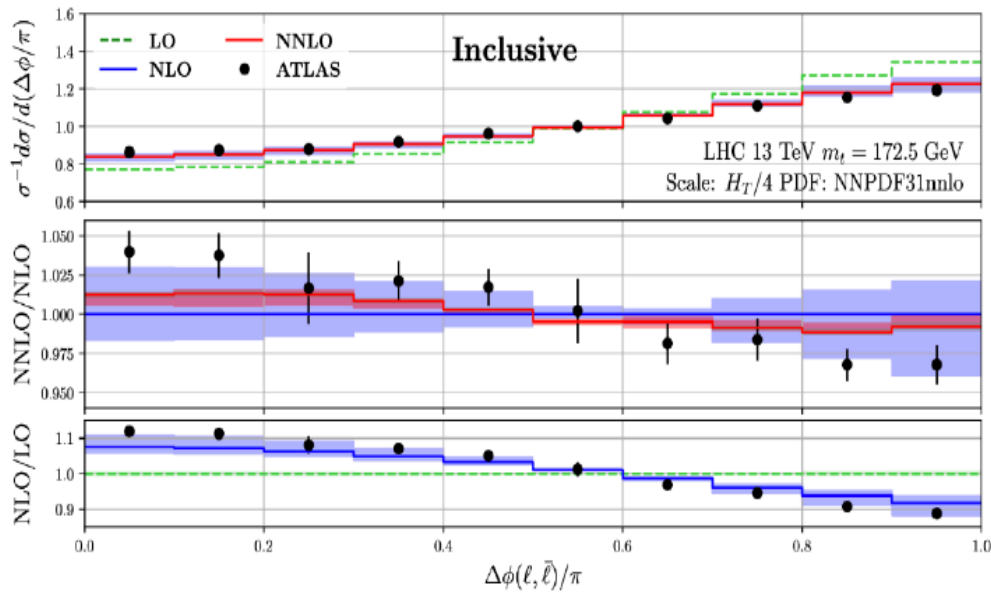
$$m_{\text{top}} = 172.58 \pm 0.75 \text{ GeV} \quad \delta m_t / m_t = 0.43\%$$

→ Orthogonal systematic uncertainties, limited (for now) by statistical uncertainties

CMS-PAS-TOP-15-012



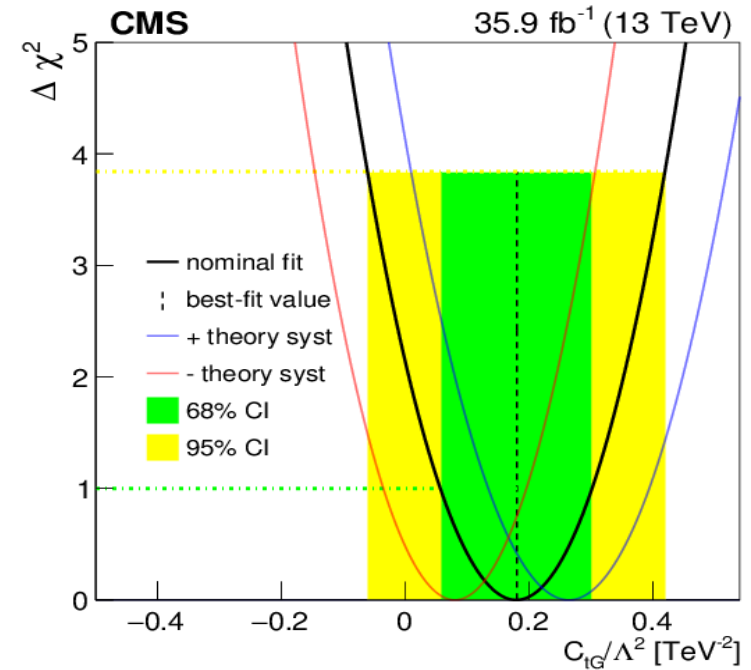
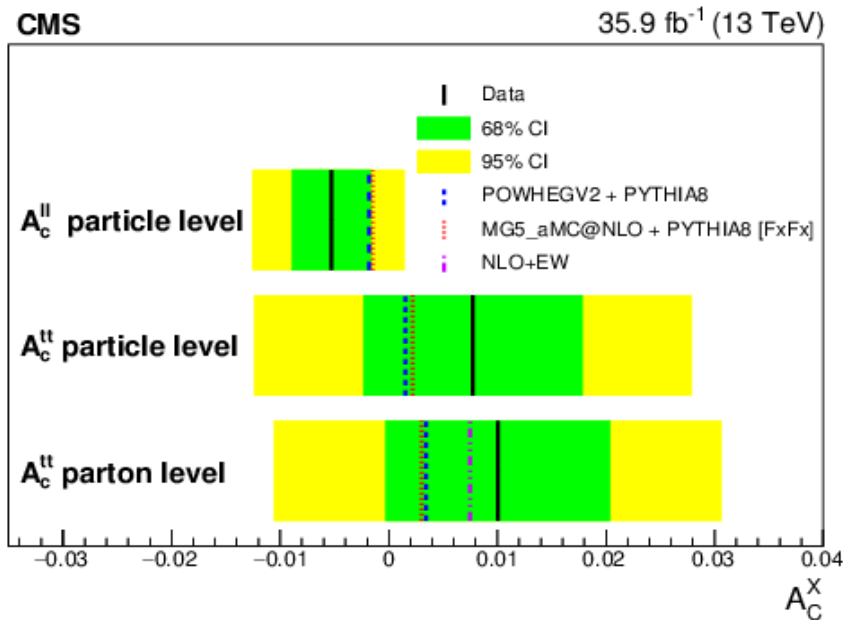
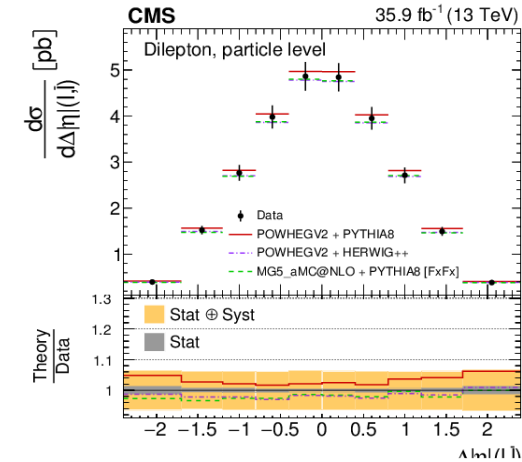
ATLAS-CONF-2017-071



- Dilepton cross section measurement used to extract asymmetries based on unfolded particle and parton level distributions
- Employed asymmetries in  $d\text{Eta}$ ,  $dY$

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t,\bar{t}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t,\bar{t}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t,\bar{t}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta|y|(t,\bar{t}) < 0)}$$

$$A_c^{\ell\bar{\ell}} = \frac{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell,\bar{\ell}) > 0) - \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell,\bar{\ell}) < 0)}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell,\bar{\ell}) > 0) + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\Delta\eta(\ell,\bar{\ell}) < 0)}$$



Mass scheme	$m_t^{\text{pole}}$ [GeV]	$m_t(m_t)$ [GeV]
<b>Value</b>	<b>171.1</b>	<b>162.9</b>
<b>Statistical uncertainty</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>
<i>Simulation uncertainties</i>		
Shower and hadronisation	0.4	0.3
Colour reconnection	0.4	0.4
Underlying event	0.3	0.2
Signal Monte Carlo generator	0.2	0.2
Proton PDF	0.2	0.2
Initial- and final-state radiation	0.2	0.2
Monte Carlo statistics	0.2	0.2
Background	<0.1	<0.1
<i>Detector response uncertainties</i>		
Jet energy scale (including $b$ -jets)	0.4	0.4
Jet energy resolution	0.2	0.2
Missing transverse momentum	0.1	0.1
$b$ -tagging efficiency and mistag	0.1	0.1
Jet reconstruction efficiency	<0.1	<0.1
Lepton	<0.1	<0.1
<i>Method uncertainties</i>		
Unfolding modelling	0.2	0.2
Fit parameterisation	0.2	0.2
<b>Total experimental systematic</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Scale variations	(+0.6, -0.2)	(+2.1, -1.2)
Theory PDF $\oplus\alpha_s$	0.2	0.4
<b>Total theory uncertainty</b>	<b>(+0.7, -0.3)</b>	<b>(+2.1, -1.2)</b>
<b>Total uncertainty</b>	<b>(+1.2, -1.1)</b>	<b>(+2.3, -1.6)</b>



# *Even More Backup...*

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## Particle flow

- Combines detector information to ID particles

### Jets and missing $E_T$

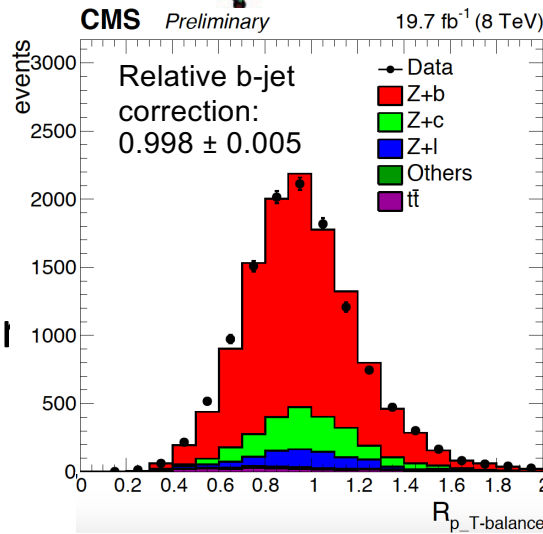
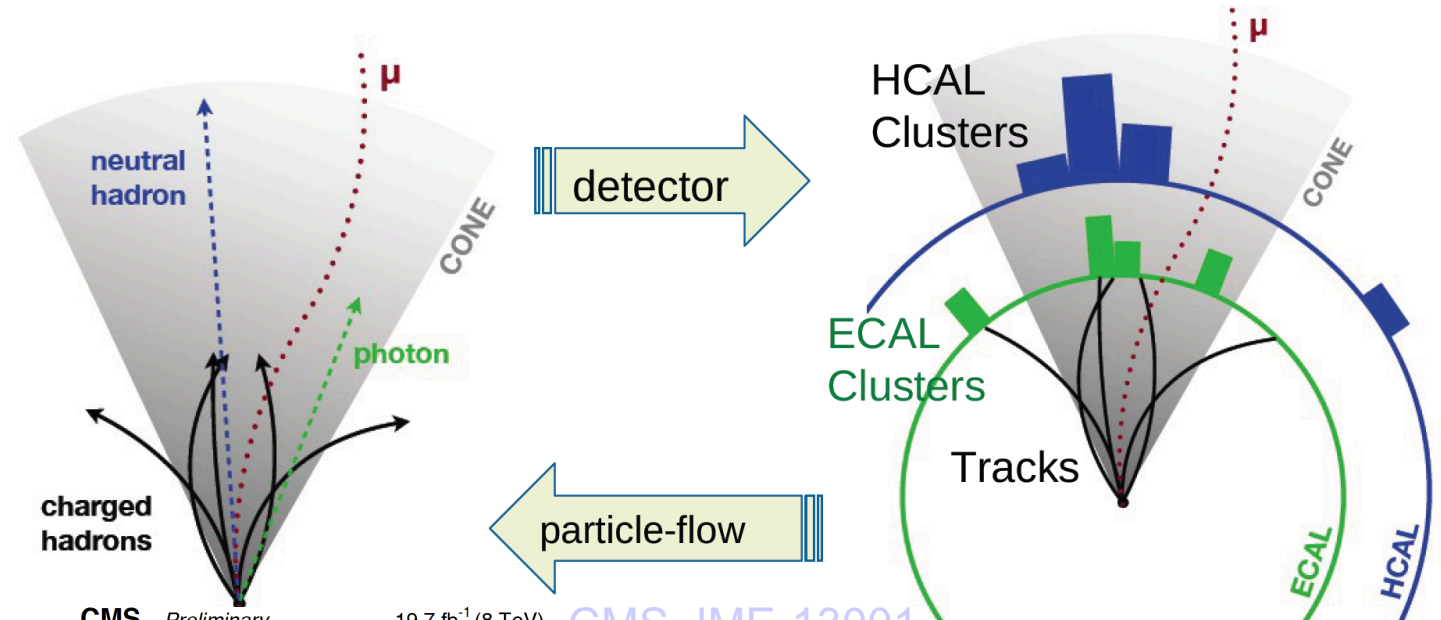
- Gamma & Z-jet balance
- Pile-up subtraction

### Isolated Leptons

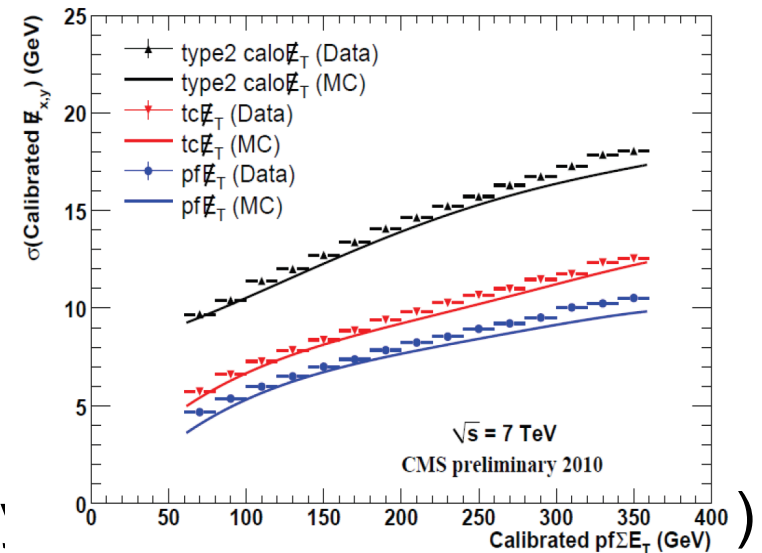
- Dilepton resonances (Z, upsilon, J/psi)

### “b-tagging” of jets

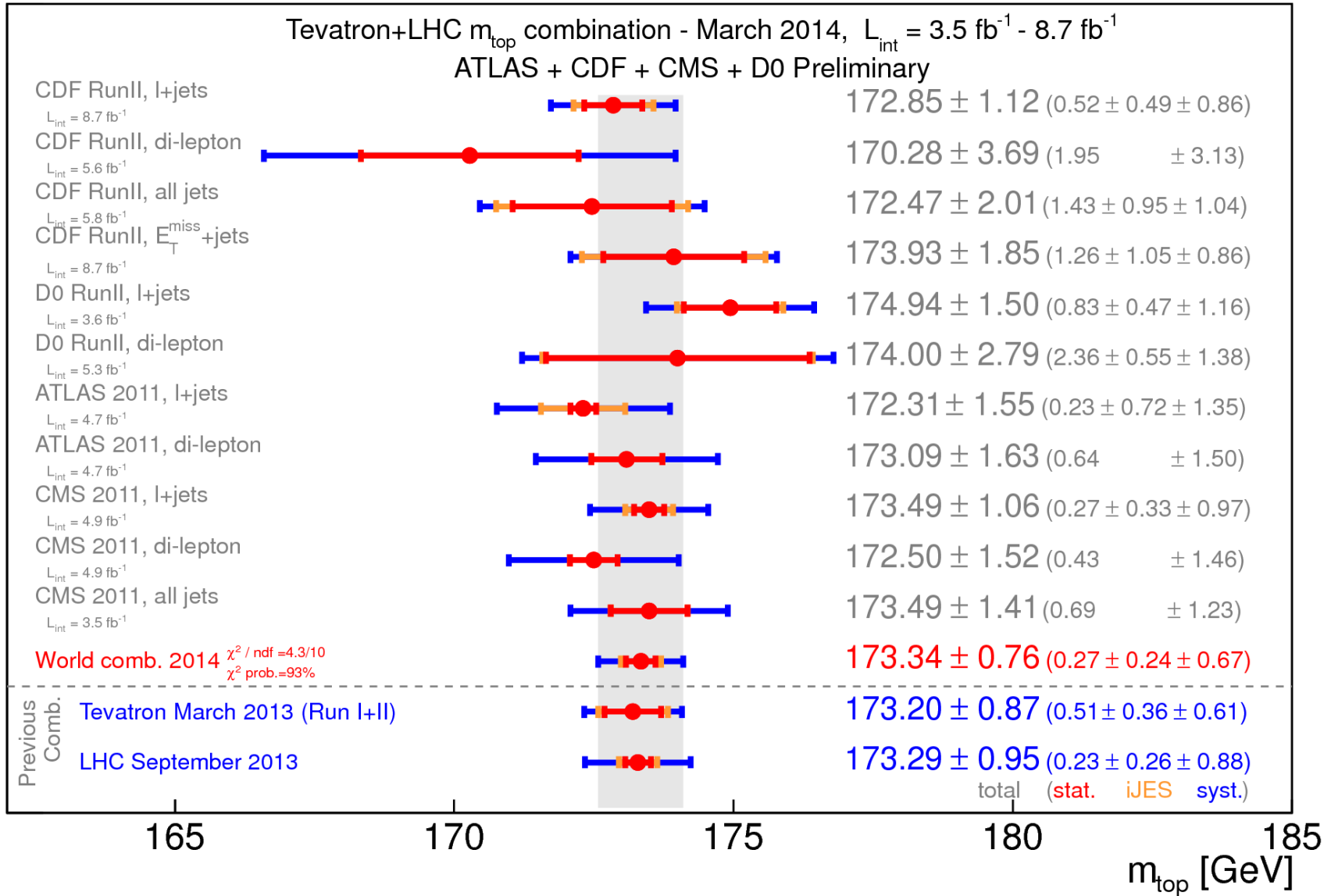
- Several techniques, dominated by silicon tracker information



CMS-JME-13001



- Top quark physics requires precise b- and c-ph



## CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

