



Top-quark properties: mass and spin correlations



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Direct top-quark mass measurements at hadron colliders

- based on reconstruction of decay products
- using simulation in the fit to extract the mass
- interpreted as the pole mass

Interpretation uncertainty $\sim 0.5\text{--}1 \text{ GeV}$

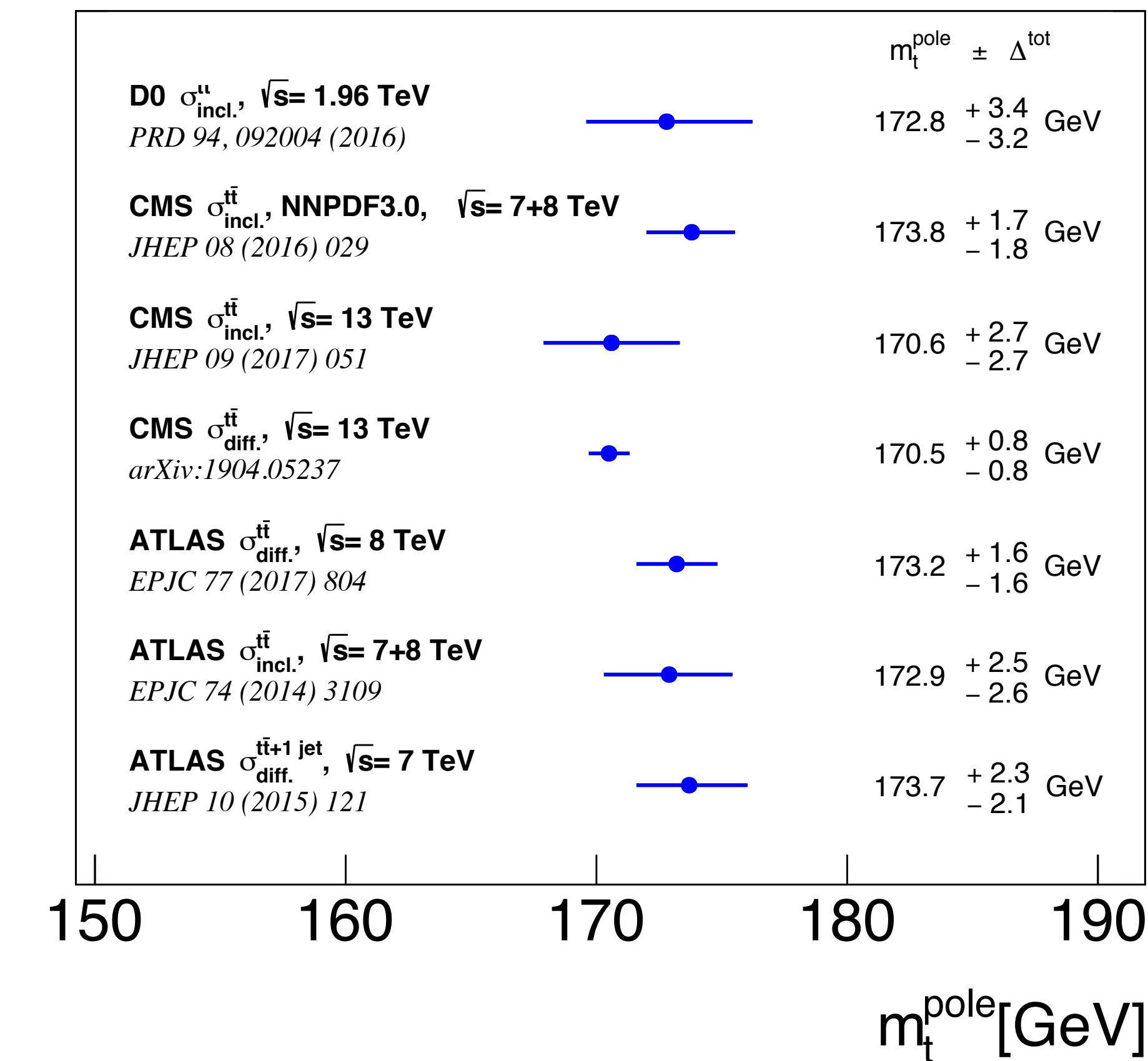
- due to non-perturbative effects
- controversially discussed

G. Corcella, 1903.06574,
 M. Buttenschön et al., PRL 117 (2016) 232001,
 S. Moch et al., 1405.4781,

A. Juste et al., EPJC 74 (2014) 3119,
 P. Nason, 1712.02796,
 A. H. Hoang et al., 1412.3649

Alternative top-quark mass measurements

- from cross section, differential distributions
- new result (here): $t\bar{t}+1 \text{ jet}$



Observable considered is: $\rho_s = 2m_0/m_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}$

- $m_0 = 170$ GeV constant
- $m_{t\bar{t}+1\text{ jet}}$ invariant mass
- presence of one extra jet increases sensitivity to top-quark mass

Then use $\mathcal{R}(m_t^{\text{pole}}, \rho_s) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}} \cdot \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}+1\text{-jet}}}{d\rho_s}$

Previous result (ATLAS)

- $\delta m_t = 2.3$ GeV using 7 TeV data, JHEP 10 (2015) 121

t̄ nominal samples

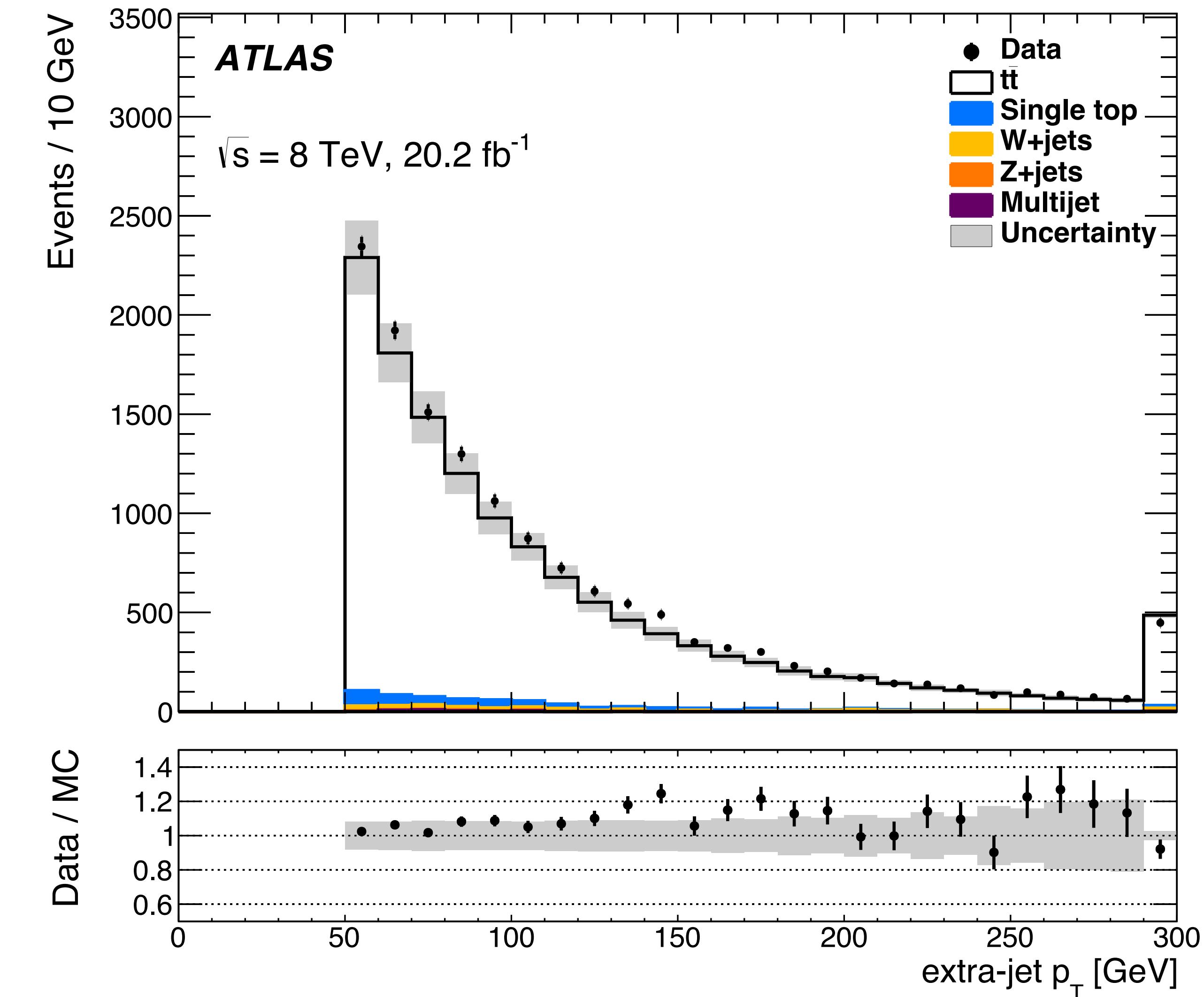
- Powheg-hvq (NLO) + CT10 + Pythia 6
- $h_{\text{damp}} = m_t$

t̄ alternative samples

- MC@NLO+Herwig, Powheg+Herwig
- variations of $h_{\text{damp}}, \mu_R, \mu_F$

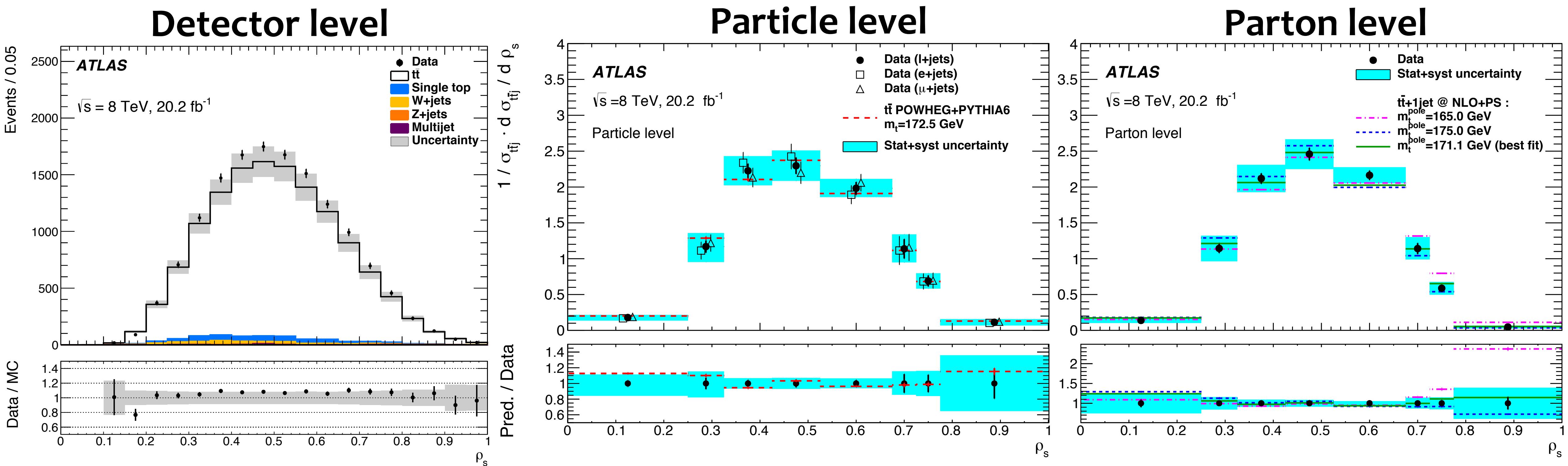
$\ell + \geq 5 \text{ jets}$ selection

- event compatible with single lepton t̄t
- extra jet $p_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$
- purity 94–95%

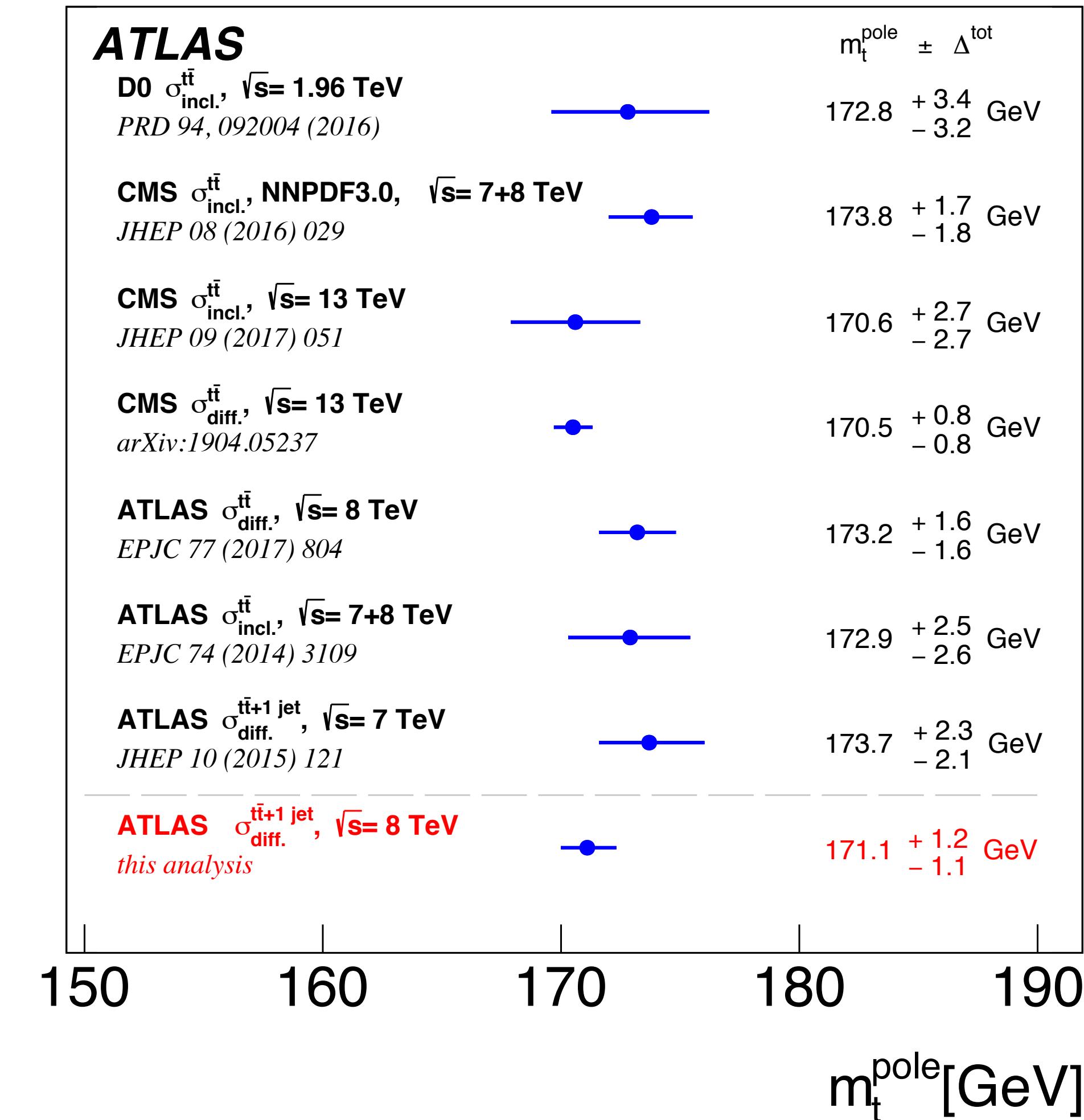


Normalised differential cross section

- as a function of ρ_s
- insensitive to incorrect pairings of W boson and b-jets
- unfolded to particle or parton level



Mass scheme	m_t^{pole} [GeV]	$m_t(m_t)$ [GeV]
Value	171.1	162.9
Statistical uncertainty	0.4	0.5
<i>Simulation uncertainties</i>		
Shower and hadronisation	0.4	0.3
Colour reconnection	0.4	0.4
Underlying event	0.3	0.2
Signal Monte Carlo generator	0.2	0.2
Proton PDF	0.2	0.2
Initial- and final-state radiation	0.2	0.2
Monte Carlo statistics	0.2	0.2
Background	<0.1	<0.1
<i>Detector response uncertainties</i>		
Jet energy scale (including b -jets)	0.4	0.4
Jet energy resolution	0.2	0.2
Missing transverse momentum	0.1	0.1
b -tagging efficiency and mistag	0.1	0.1
Jet reconstruction efficiency	<0.1	<0.1
Lepton	<0.1	<0.1
<i>Method uncertainties</i>		
Unfolding modelling	0.2	0.2
Fit parameterisation	0.2	0.2
Total experimental systematic	0.9	1.0
Scale variations	(+0.6, -0.2)	(+2.1, -1.2)
Theory PDF $\oplus\alpha_s$	0.2	0.4
Total theory uncertainty	(+0.7, -0.3)	(+2.1, -1.2)
Total uncertainty	(+1.2, -1.1)	(+2.3, -1.6)



$$m_t^{\text{pole}} = 171.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.9 \text{ (syst)} \begin{array}{l} +0.7 \\ -0.3 \end{array} \text{ (theo) GeV}$$

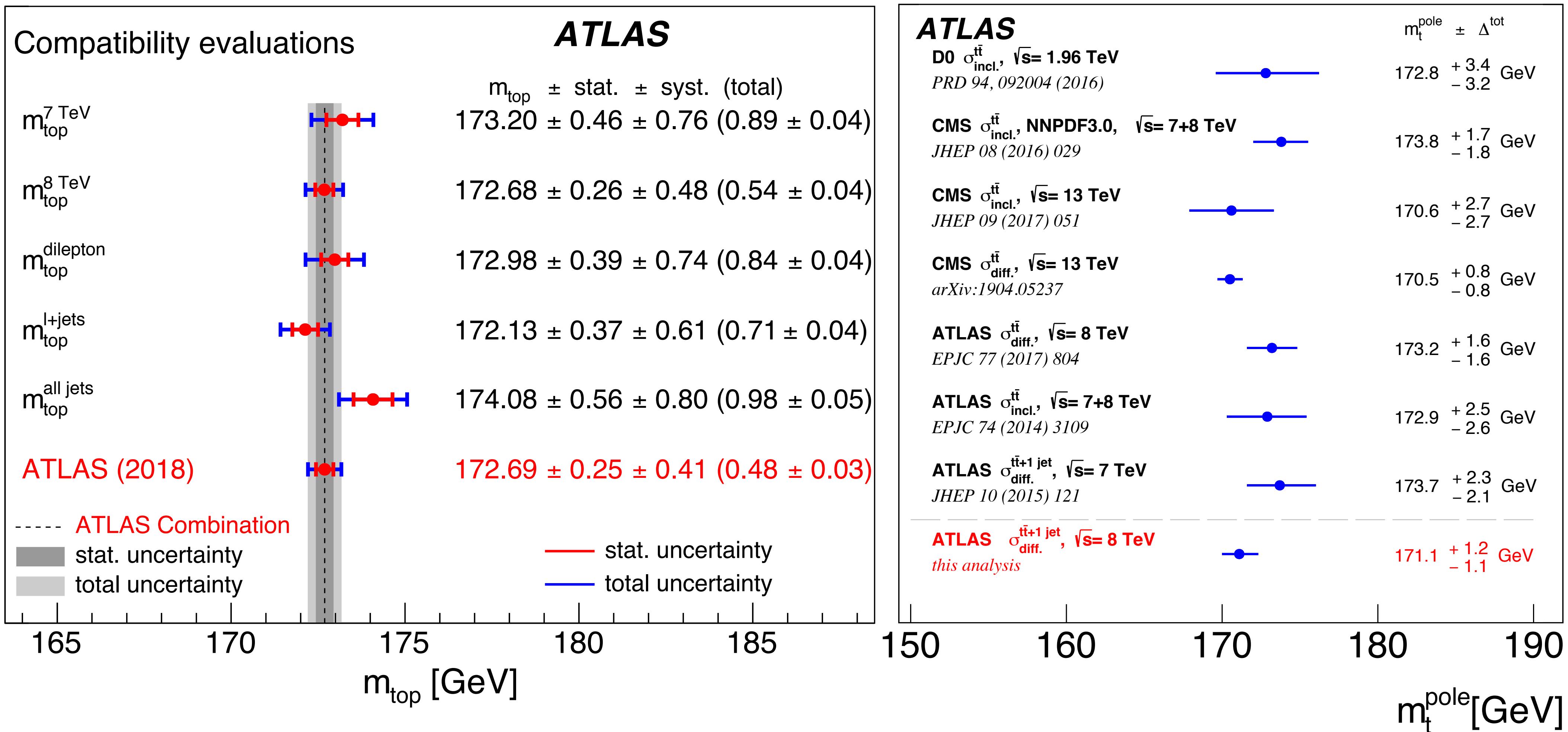
$$m_t(m_t) = 162.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (syst)} \begin{array}{l} +2.1 \\ -1.2 \end{array} \text{ (theo) GeV}$$

Comparison direct vs indirect

Eur. Phys. J. C79 (2019) 290



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- Latest ATLAS combination, October 2018

Signature

- 2 isolated OS e/μ, ≥ 2 jets (≥ 1 or ≥ 2 b-jets)

Previous measurements

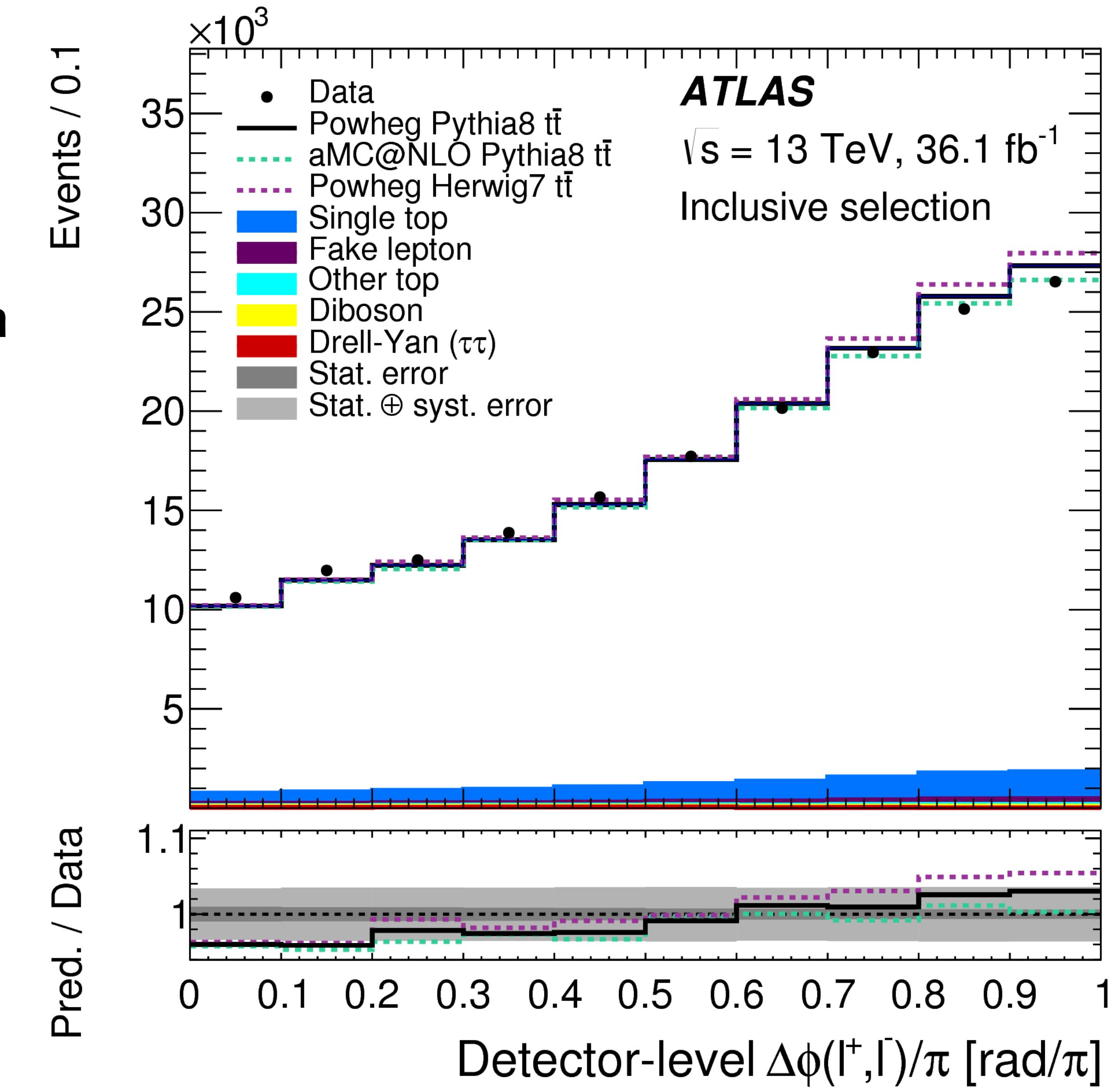
- ATLAS and CMS show slightly stronger spin correlations in $\Delta\phi$ than expected, still compatible with Standard Model
- Here: 13 TeV, 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ data

Selections

- inclusive ($\geq 1b$)
- tt-reconstructed ($\geq 2b$), incl. ν-weighting

Extraction

- differential in $m_{t\bar{t}}$, parton and particle level



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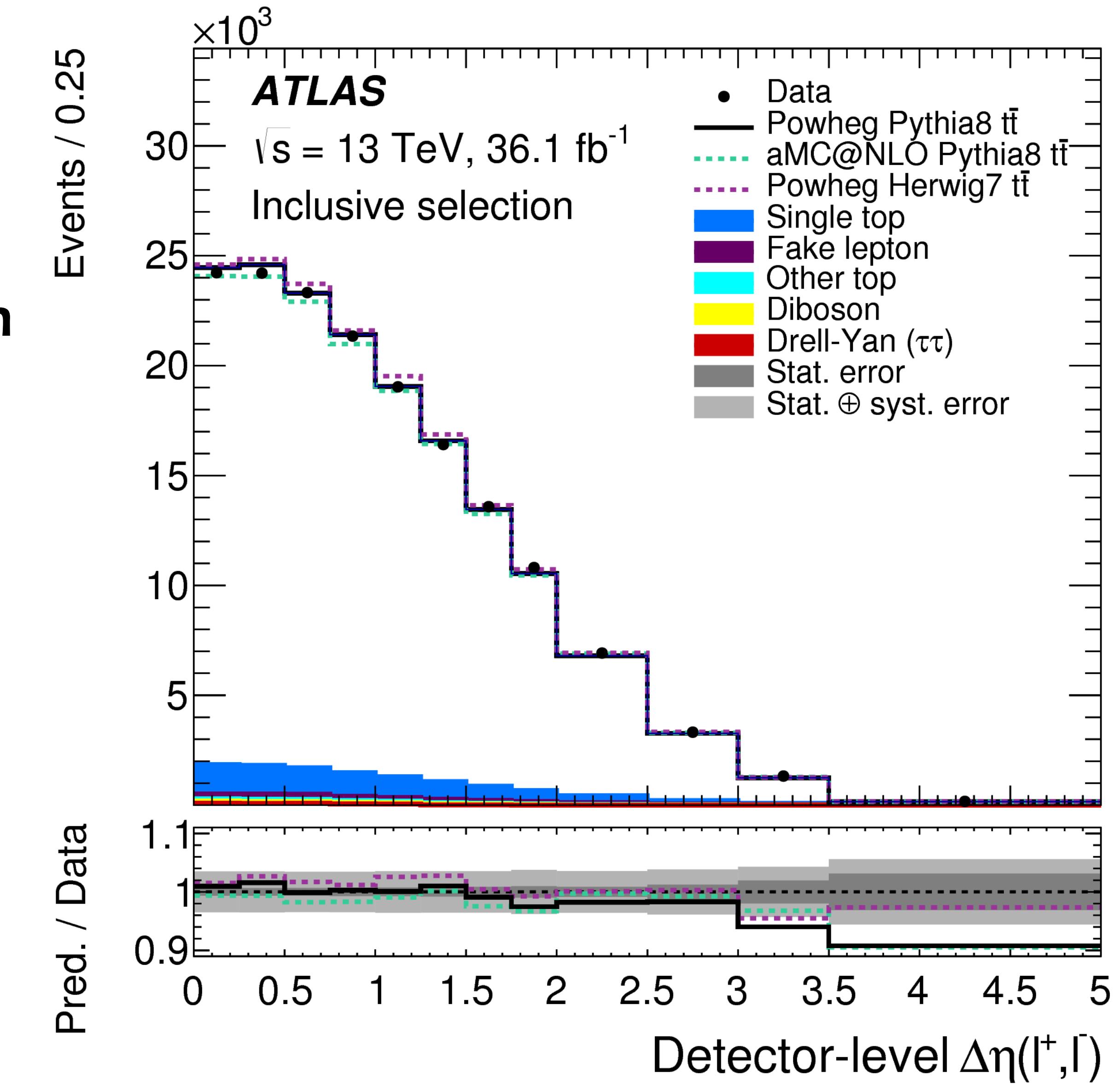
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$t\bar{t}$ spin correlations: parton level

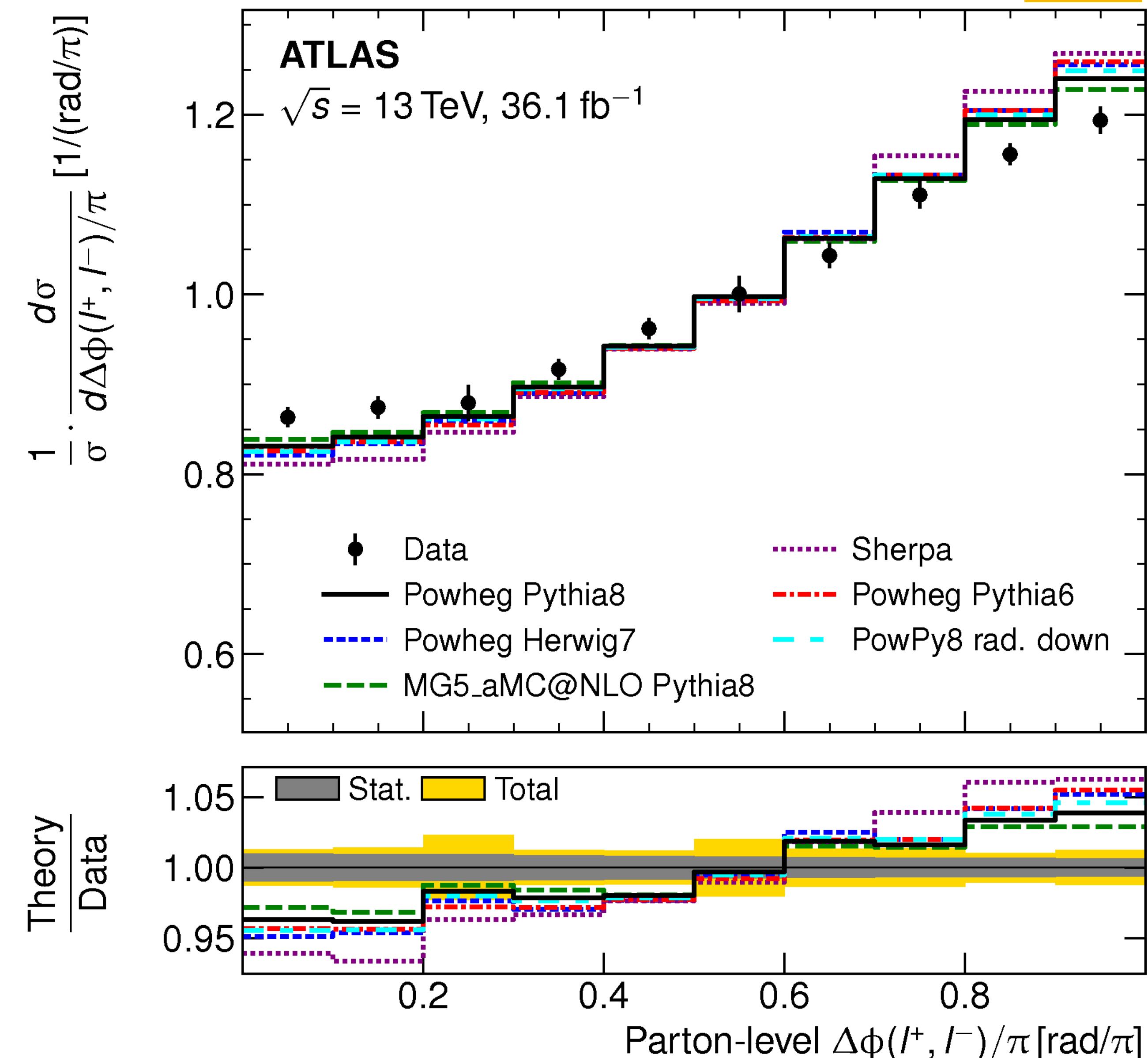


Event reconstruction

- want to test $m_{t\bar{t}}$ dependence
- parton-level to full phase space

Systematic uncertainties

- dominated by modelling
- NLO ME generator
- parton shower
- ISR/FSR



$t\bar{t}$ spin correlations: parton level



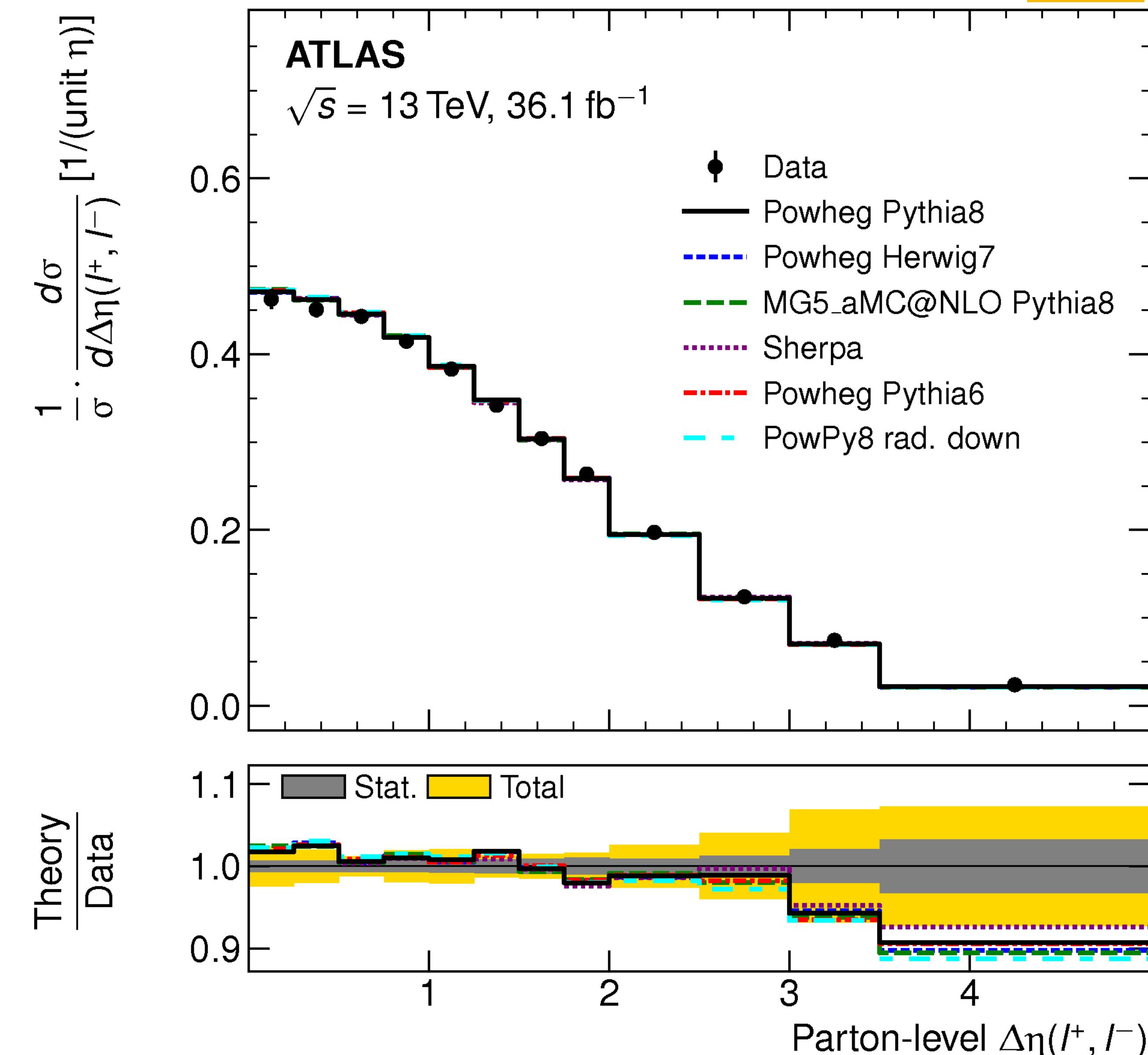
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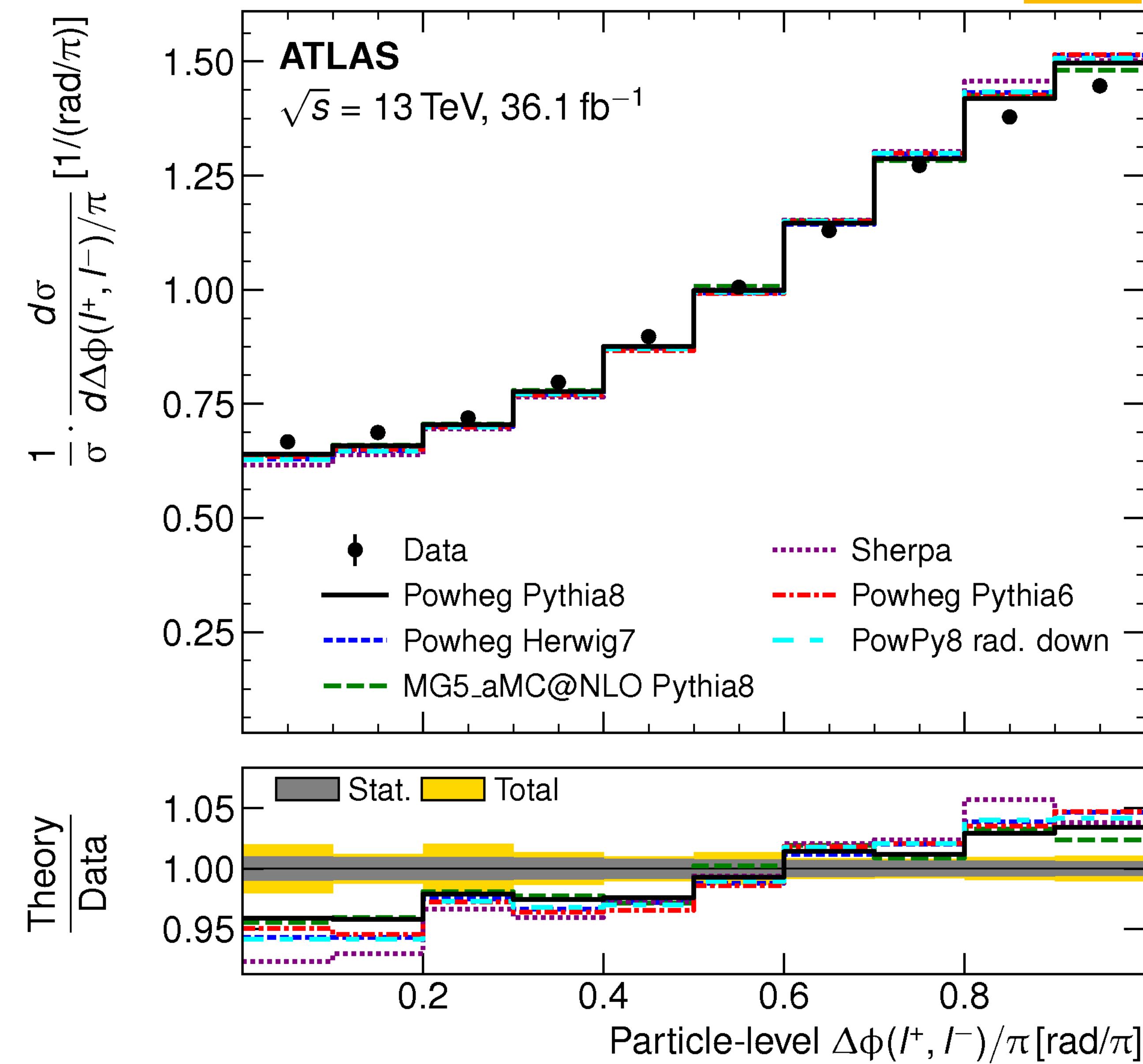
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Particle-level

- in fiducial “reco-like” phase space

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$t\bar{t}$ spin correlations: particle level



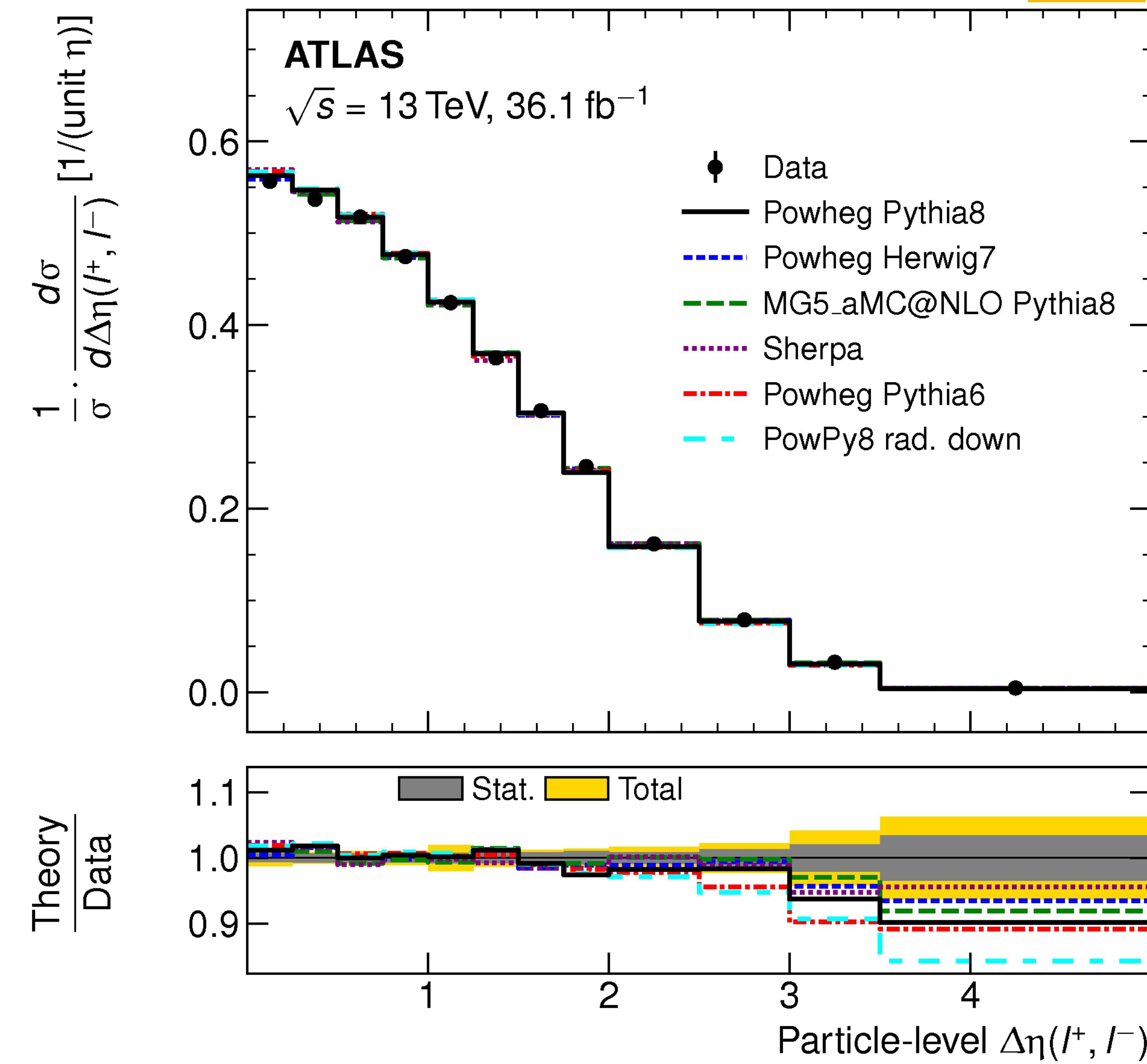
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Particle-level

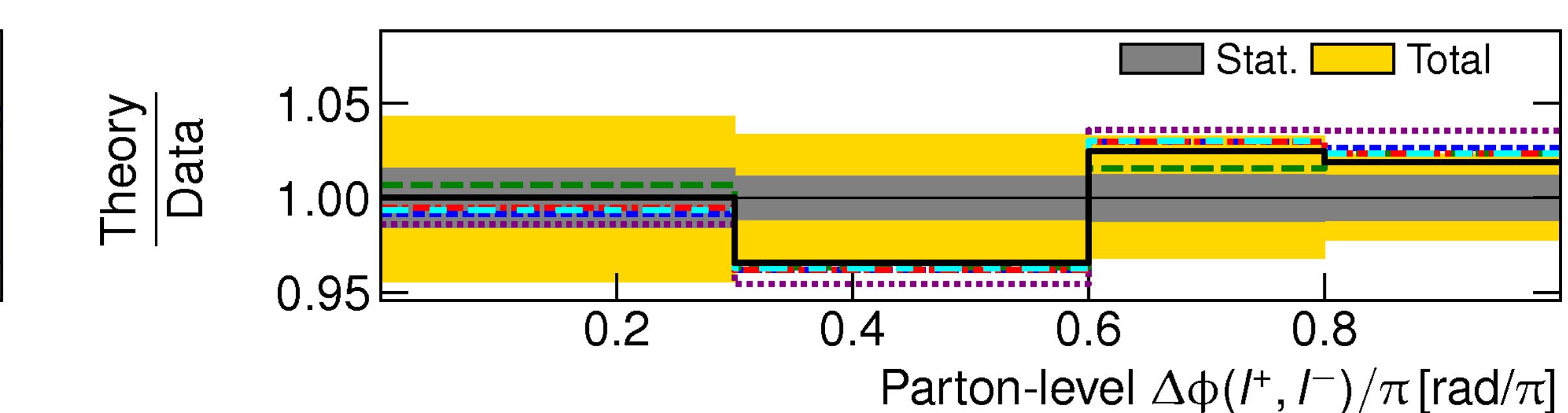
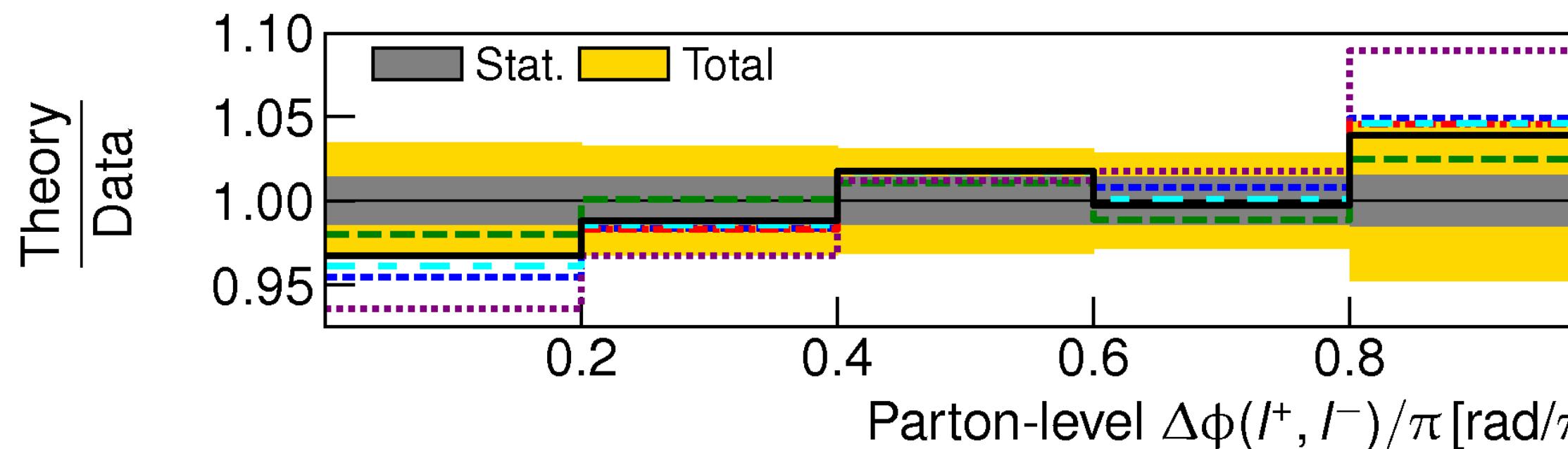
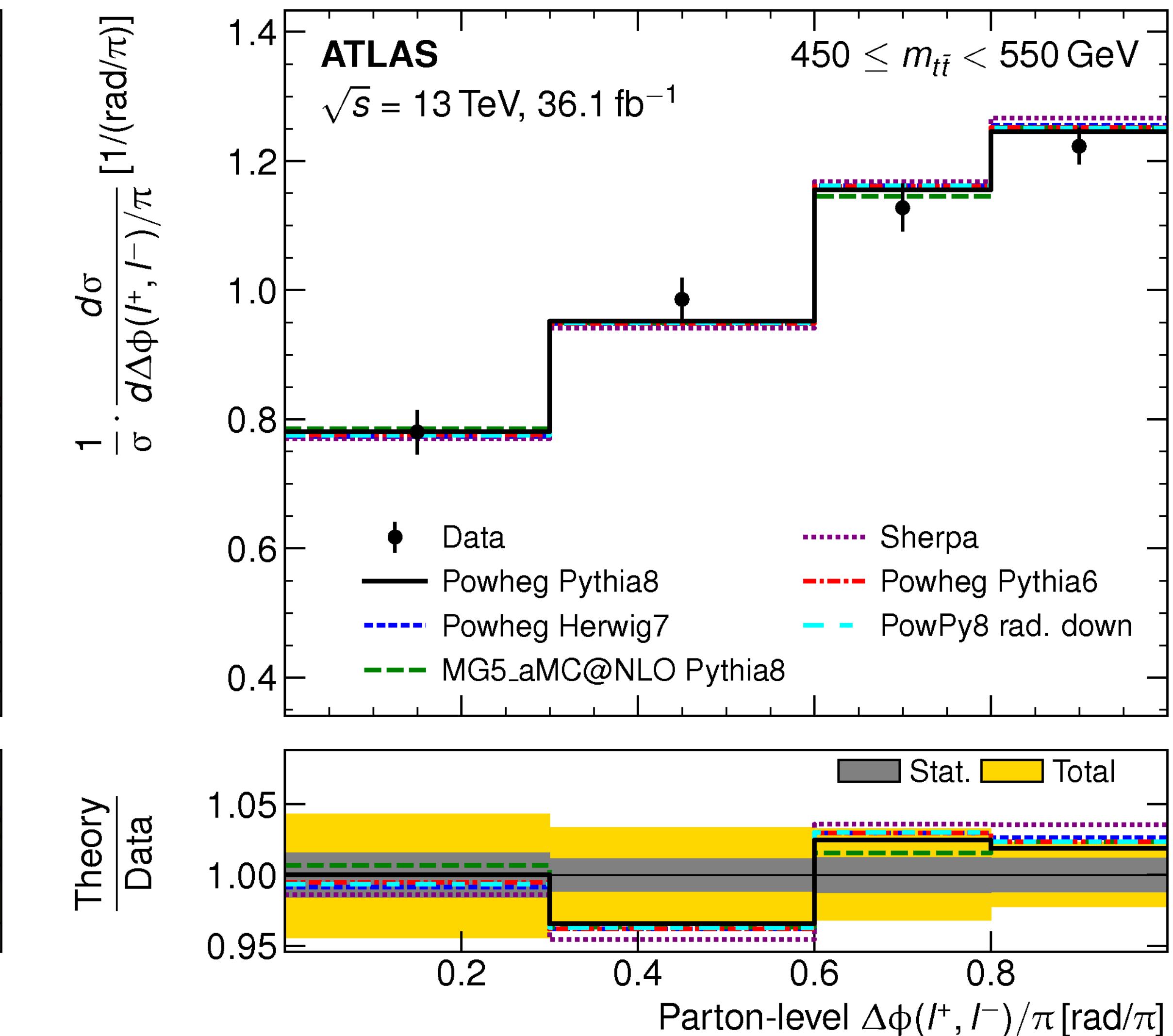
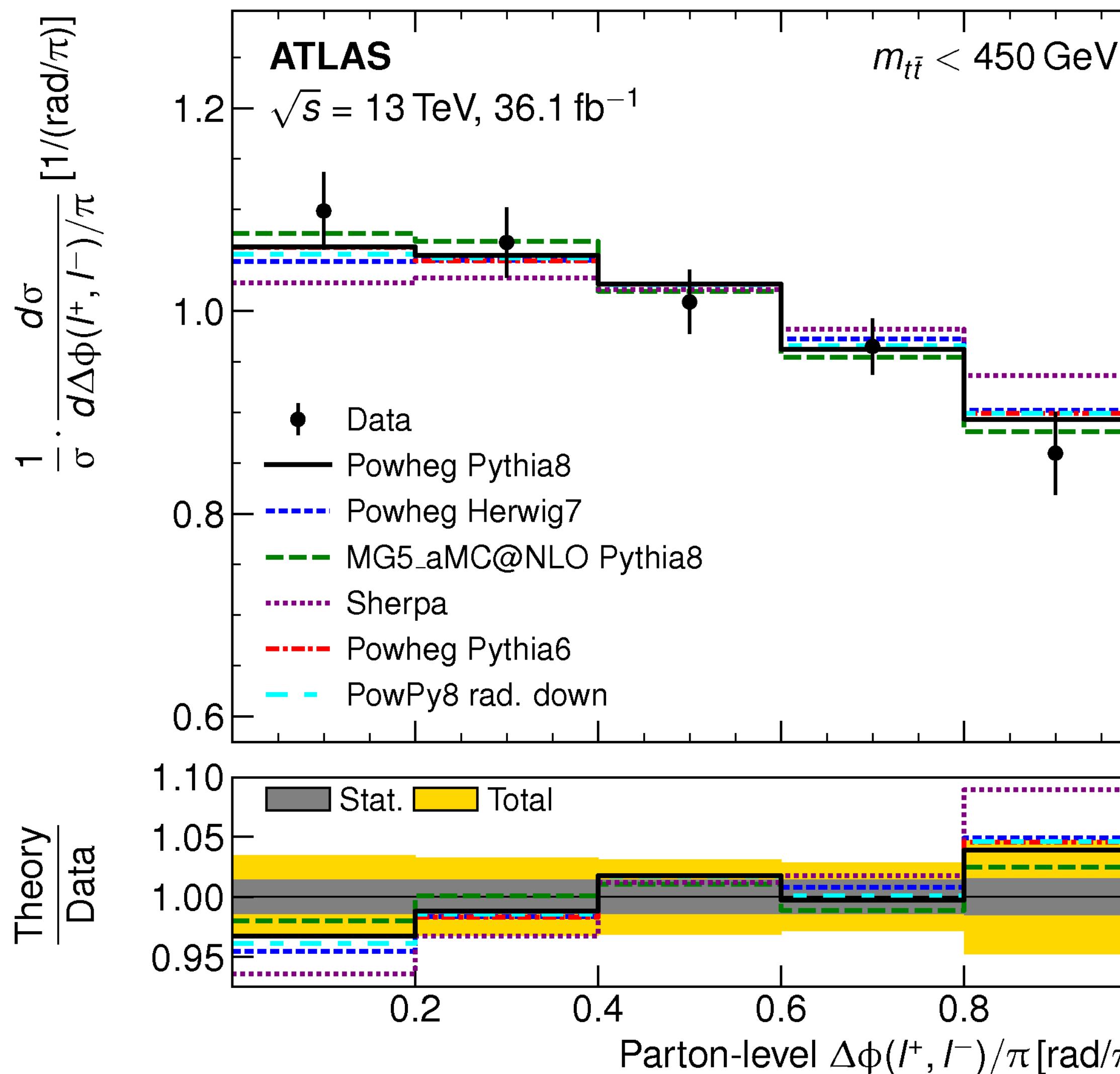
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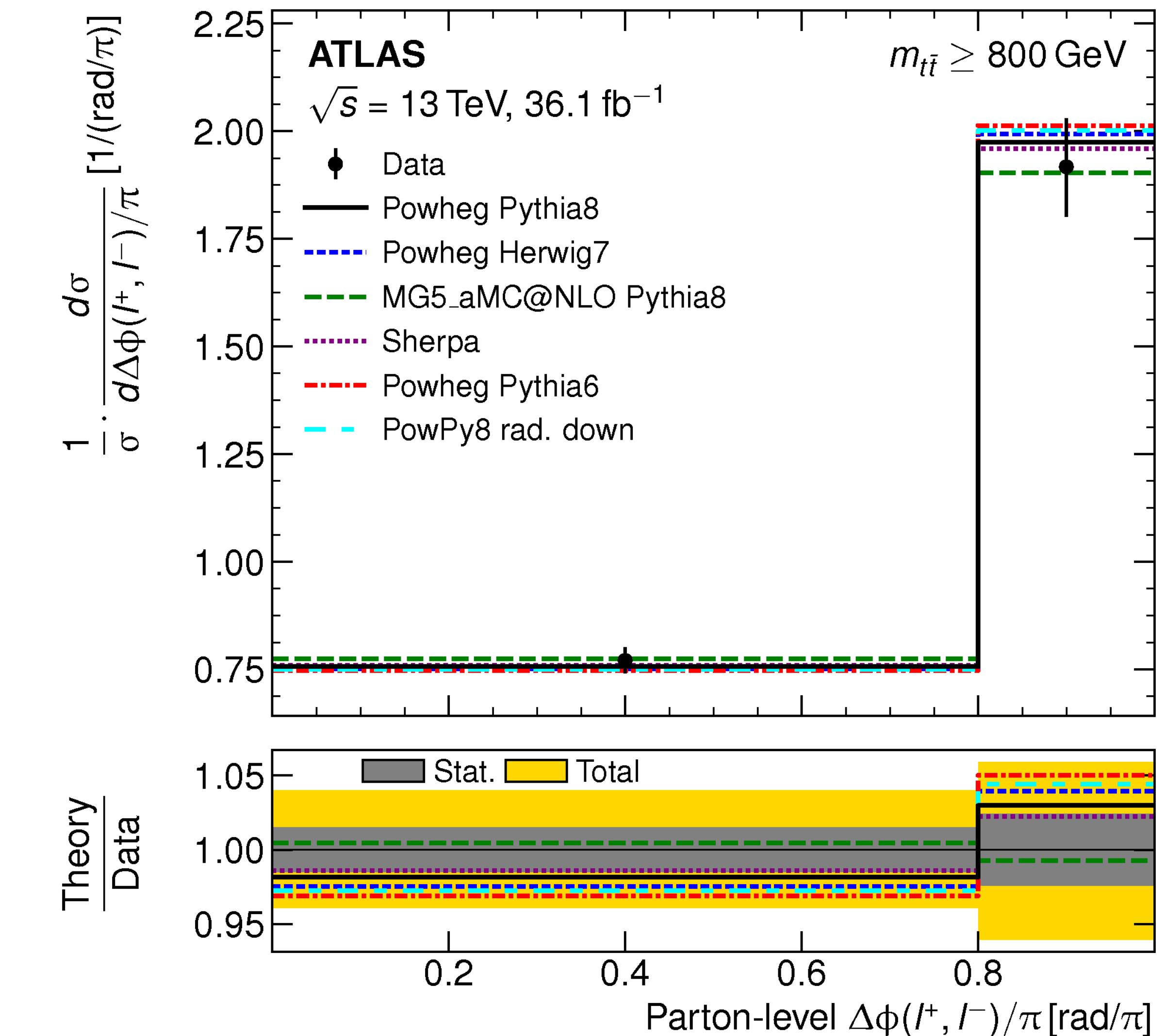
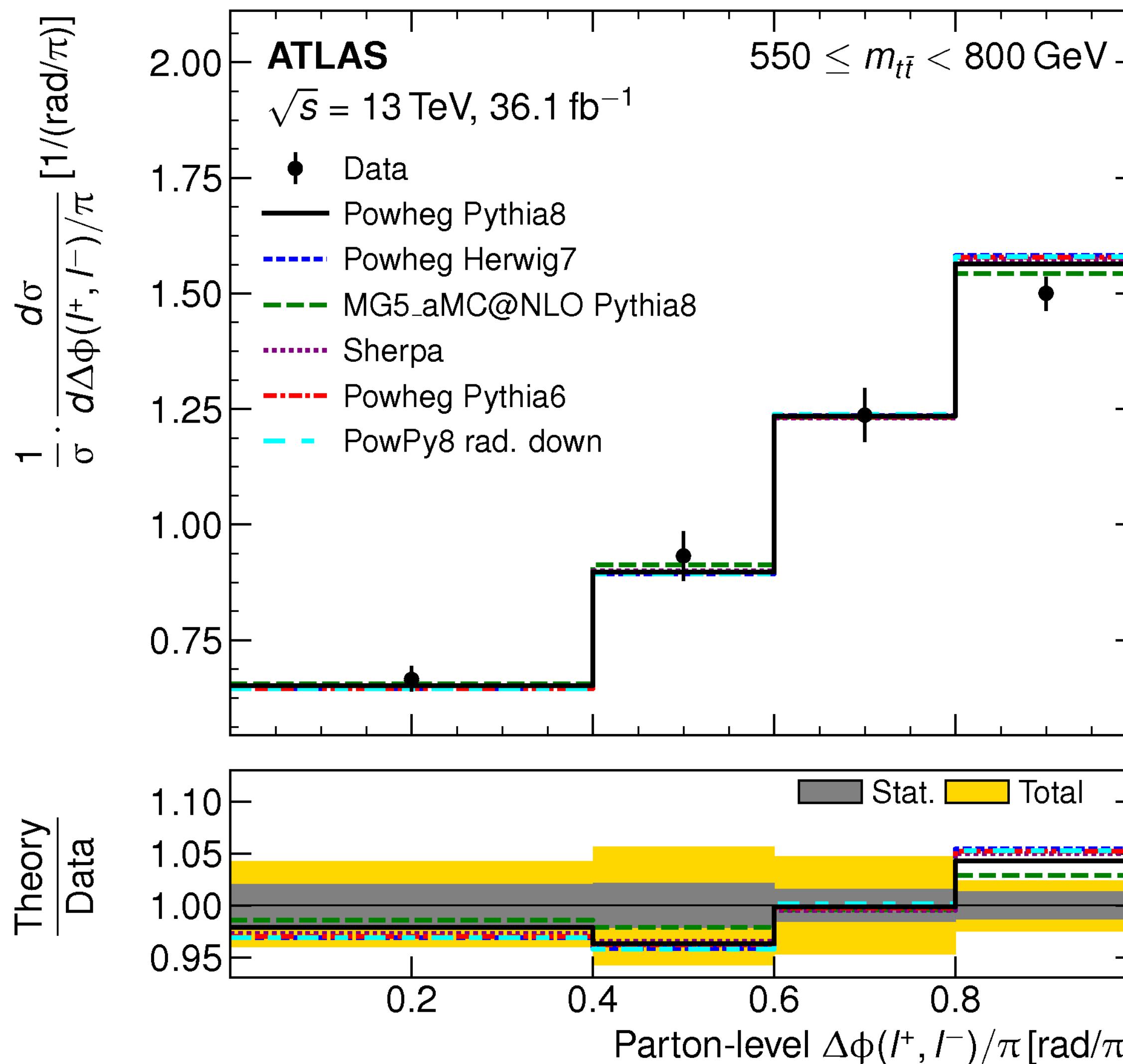


$t\bar{t}$ spin correlations: binned in $m_{t\bar{t}}$



$t\bar{t}$ spin correlations: binned in $m_{t\bar{t}}$

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t̄t spin correlations

- Fraction of SM-like spin correlation

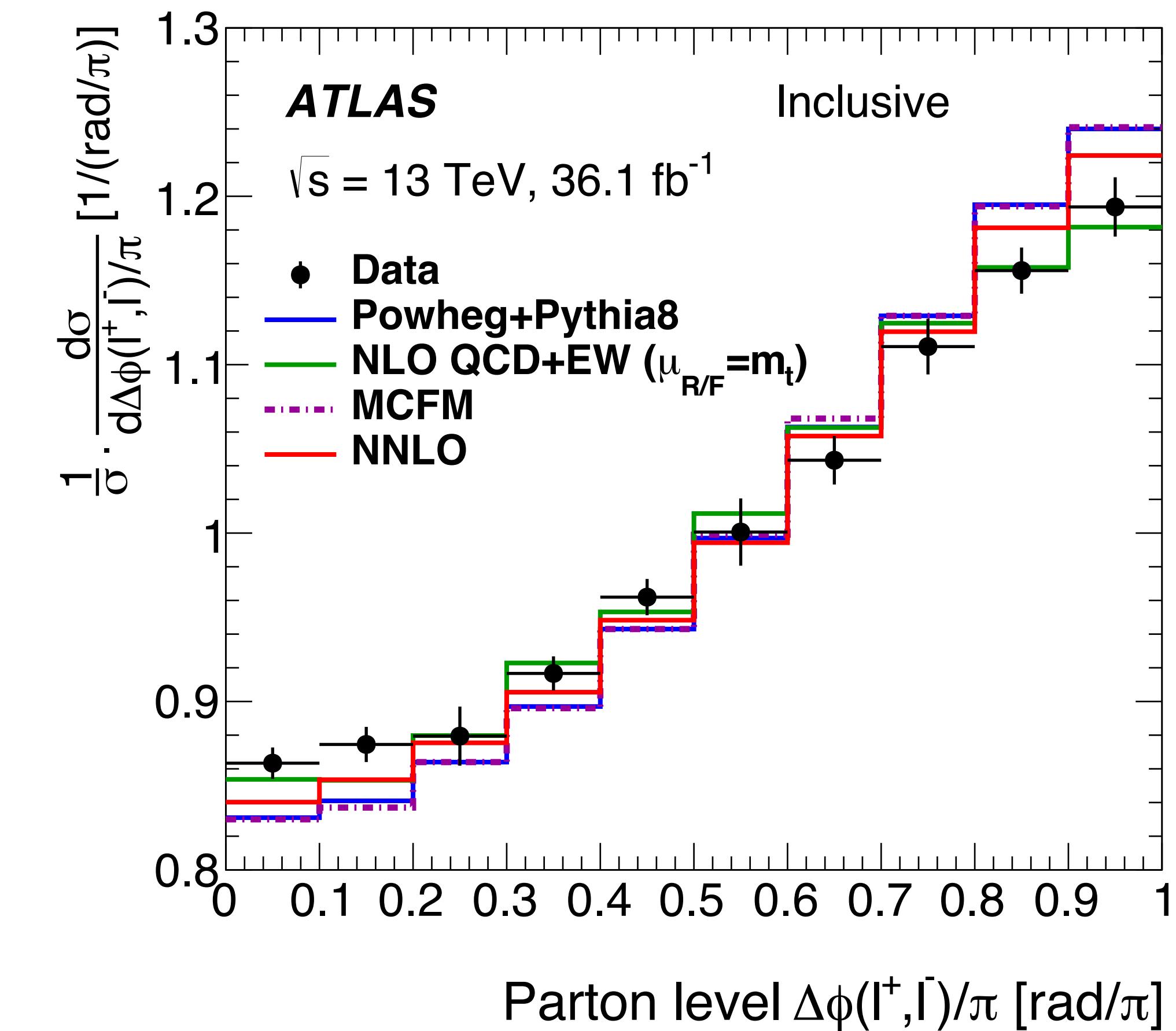
$$x_i = f_{\text{SM}} \cdot x_{\text{spin}, i} + (1 - f_{\text{SM}}) \cdot x_{\text{nospin}, i}$$

- using inclusive and $m_{t\bar{t}}$ -binned samples

Region	$f_{\text{SM}} \pm (\text{stat.,syst.,theory})$	Significance (excl. theory uncertainties)
Inclusive	$1.249 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.040$	3.2 (3.8)
$m_{t\bar{t}} < 450 \text{ GeV}$	$1.12 \pm 0.04^{+0.12}_{-0.13} \pm 0.02$	0.86 (0.87)
$450 \leq m_{t\bar{t}} < 550 \text{ GeV}$	$1.18 \pm 0.08^{+0.13}_{-0.14} \pm 0.08$	1.0 (1.1)
$550 \leq m_{t\bar{t}} < 800 \text{ GeV}$	$1.65 \pm 0.19^{+0.31}_{-0.41} \pm 0.22$	1.3 (1.4)
$m_{t\bar{t}} \geq 800 \text{ GeV}$	$2.2 \pm 0.9^{+2.5}_{-1.7} \pm 0.7$	0.58 (0.61)

Cross checks

- H1: LO decay of the top quarks in the nominal hypothesis templates is not a limitation (**MCFM check, decay at full NLO**)
- H2: NWA in the templates is not a limiting factor and does not explain the observed deviation (bb4l t̄t+tW)
- H3: NNLO in production consistent with scale uncertainties ($p_T(t)$ reweighting to fixed-order calculations and to data; **NNLO fixed-order**).



H3: A. Behring, M. Czakon, A. Mitov, A. S. Papanastasiou and R. Poncelet, arXiv: 1901.05407 [hep-ph]

More cross-checks

- H4: $\mu_R = \mu_F = m_t$ with **NLO expansion in QCD and weak** leading to (if used as template) $f_{SM} = 1.03 \pm 0.13$ (scale)

H4:

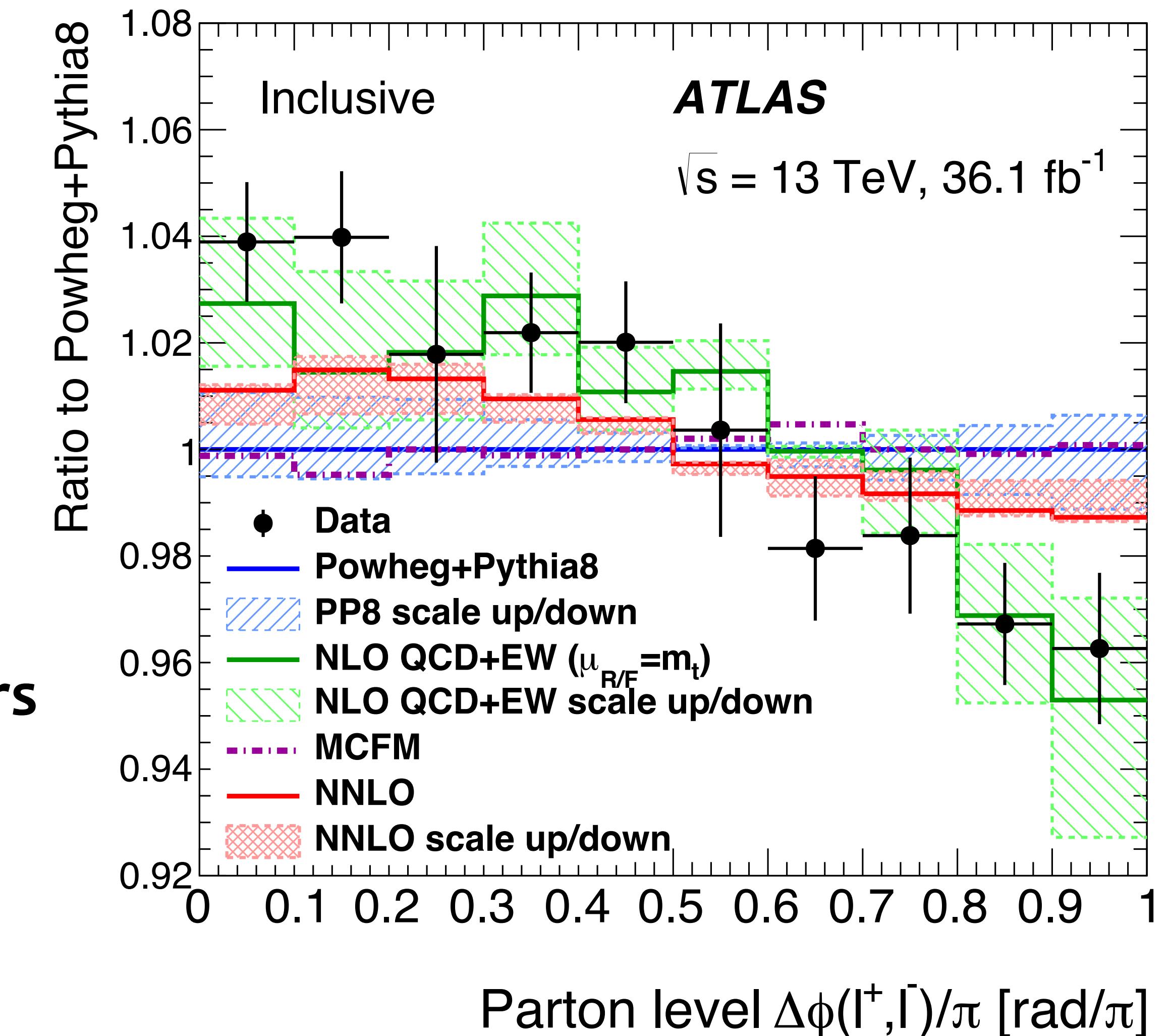
W. Bernreuther, D. Heisler and Z.-G. Si, JHEP **12** (2015) 026

W. Bernreuther and Z.-G. Si, Nucl. Phys. B **837** (2010) 90,

W. Bernreuther and Z.-G. Si, Phys. Lett. B **725** (2013) 115, Erratum: Phys. Lett.B744 (2015) 413

Summary

- spin correlations higher than NLO generators
- agree with NLO expanded in QCD and EW couplings, with large uncertainties
- increases slightly as a function of $m_{t\bar{t}}$, but no bin with significance more than 1.3σ



ATLAS top properties summary

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-034



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