

Theory and recent developments in MC simulation of soft QCD

Patrick Kirchgaßer (KIT)

Institute for Theoretical Physics
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology



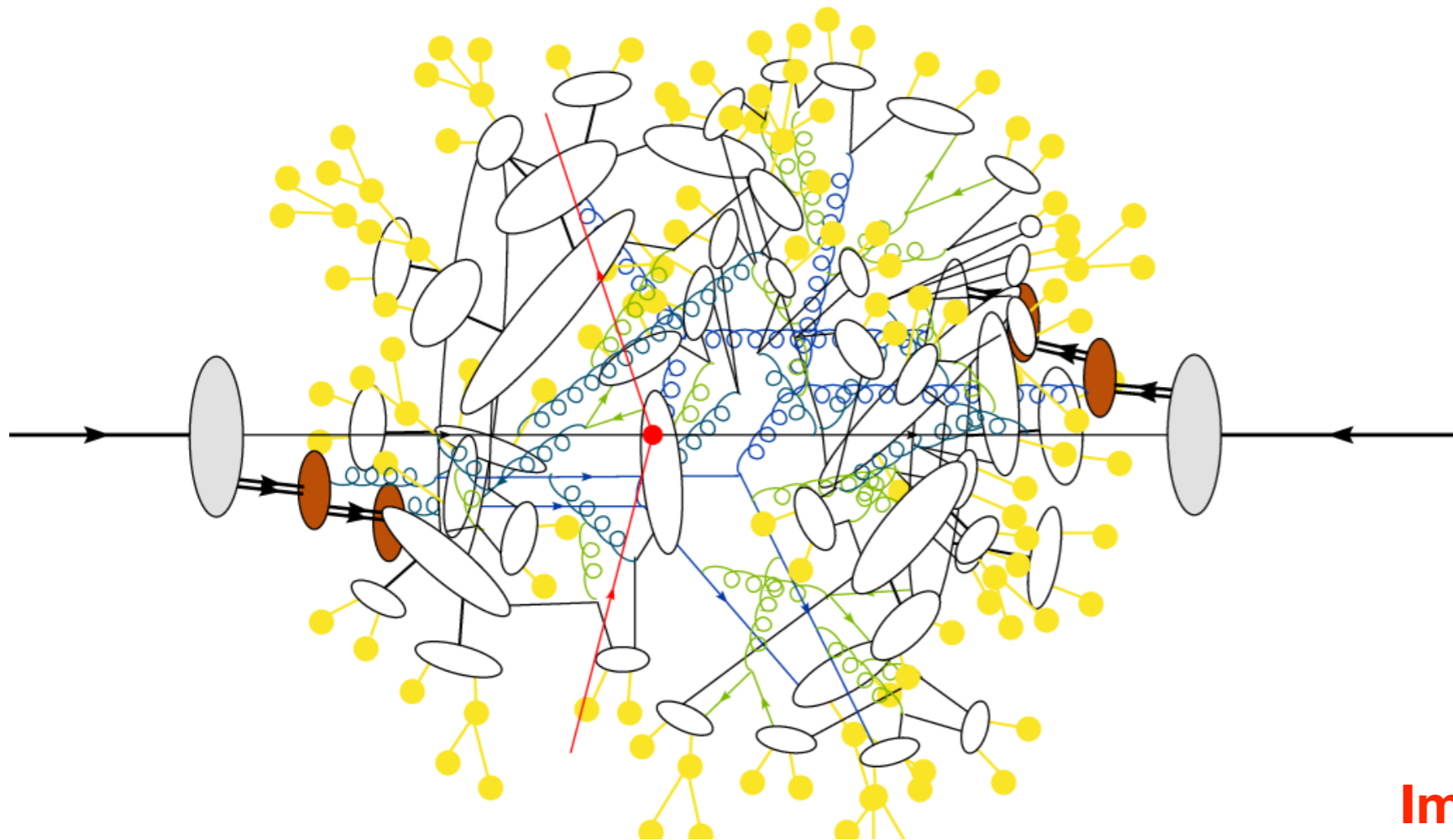
Introduction



Pythia



Herwig



Building blocks

PDF

Initial State Radiation

Hard interaction

Multi Parton Interactions

Final State Radiation

Diffraction

Parton Shower

Hadronization

Colour Reconnection

Decay

Important for soft QCD modeling

Simulating pp collisions is complicated!

Introduction

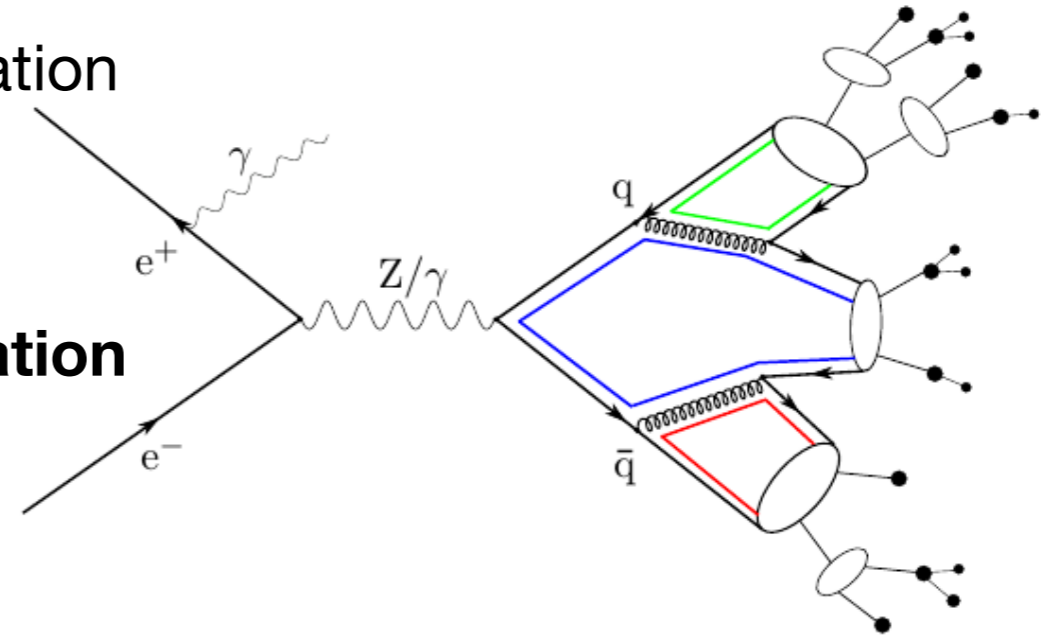
The LEP environment

- Hard processes + Parton Shower + Hadronization

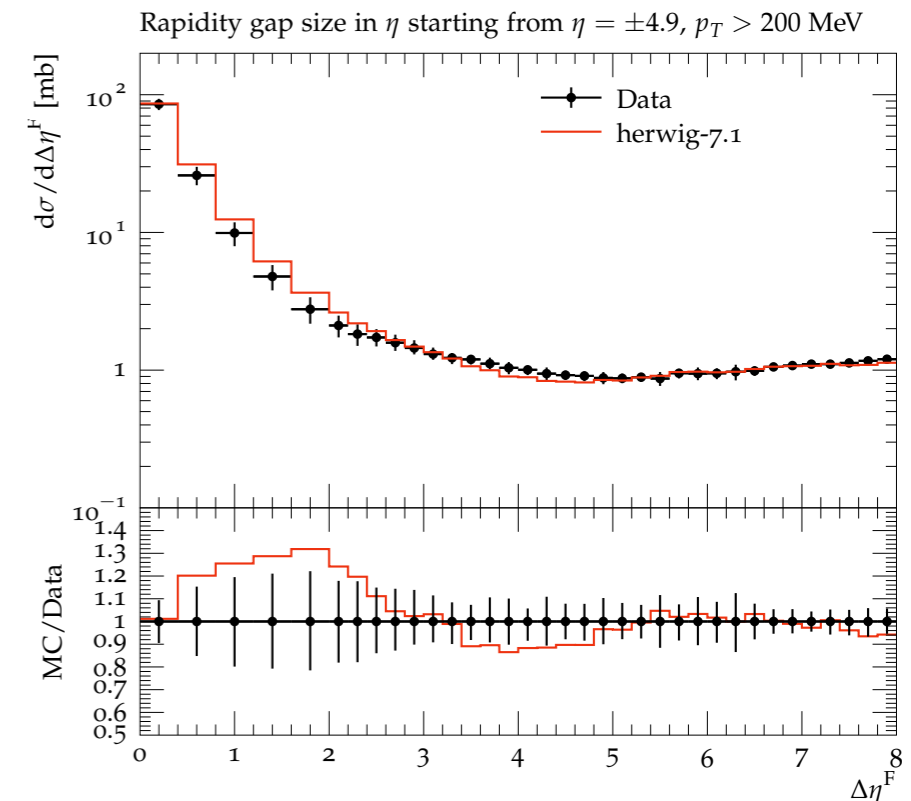
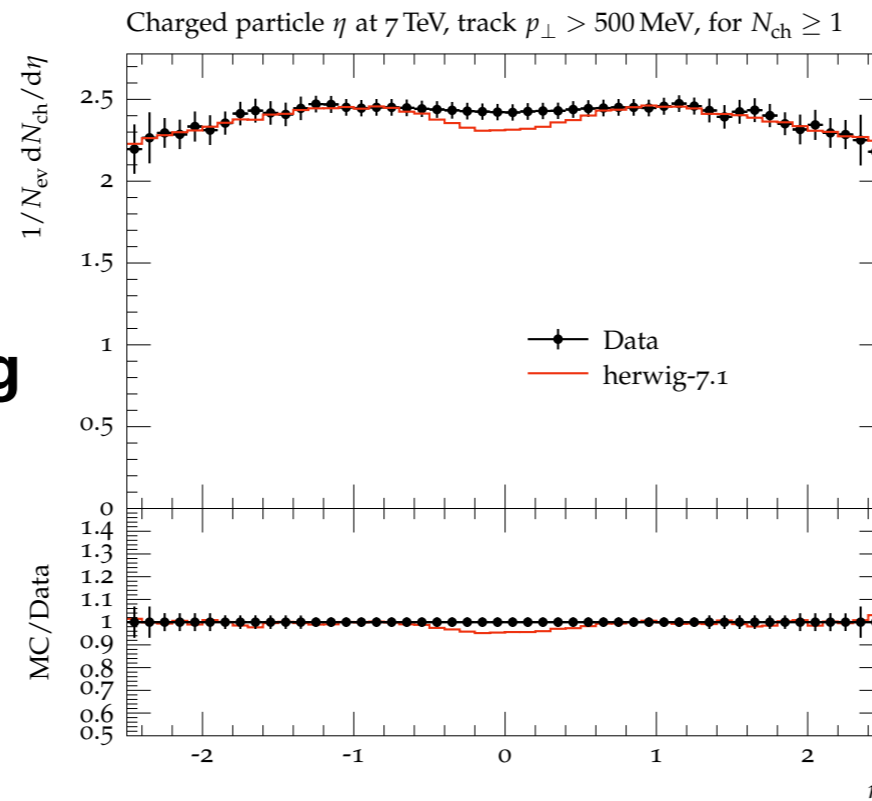
The LHC environment

Guiding principle: Jet universality and factorization

- Tune Hadronization model to LEP data
- Add MPI
- Add Diffraction
- Add Colour Reconnection



**Good overall description
of MB and UE data aiming
for a precision <10%**

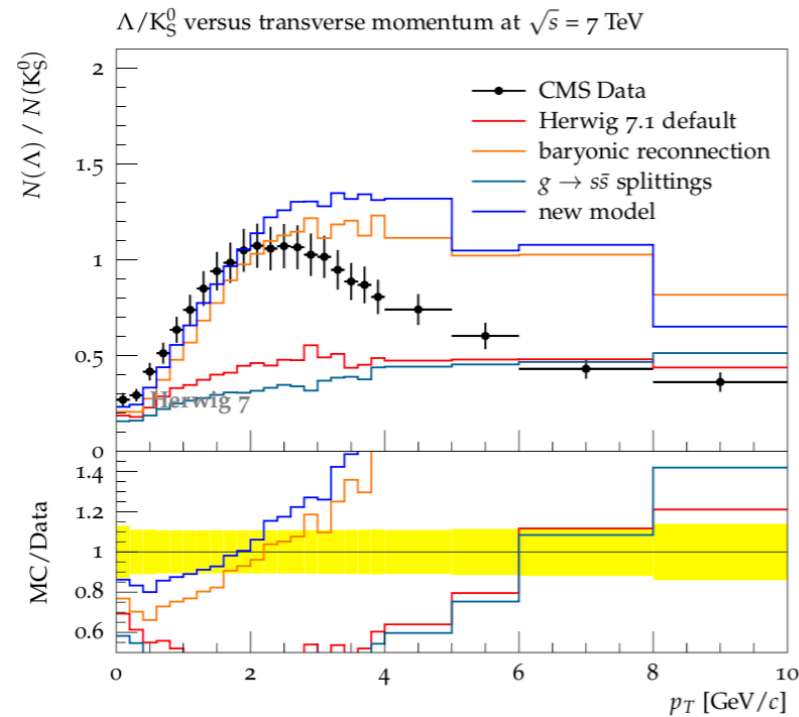


Introduction

Driving force behind development: Experimental data!

General properties well described but as measurements are getting more and more differential MPMCEG reach their limit of possibilities

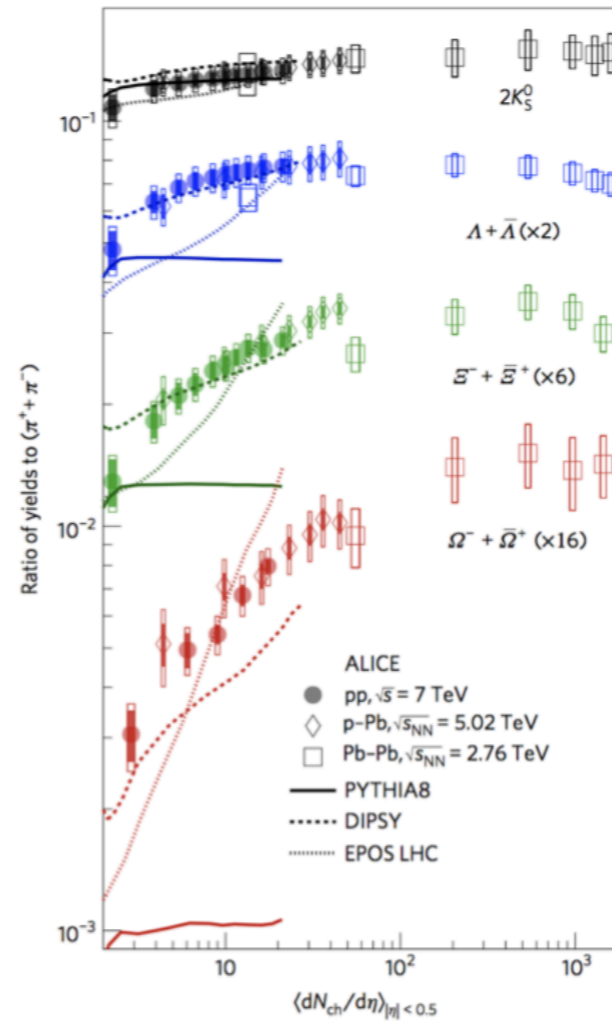
Flavour observables



[CMS, JHEP 05 (2011) 064]

Tunable/tweakable?

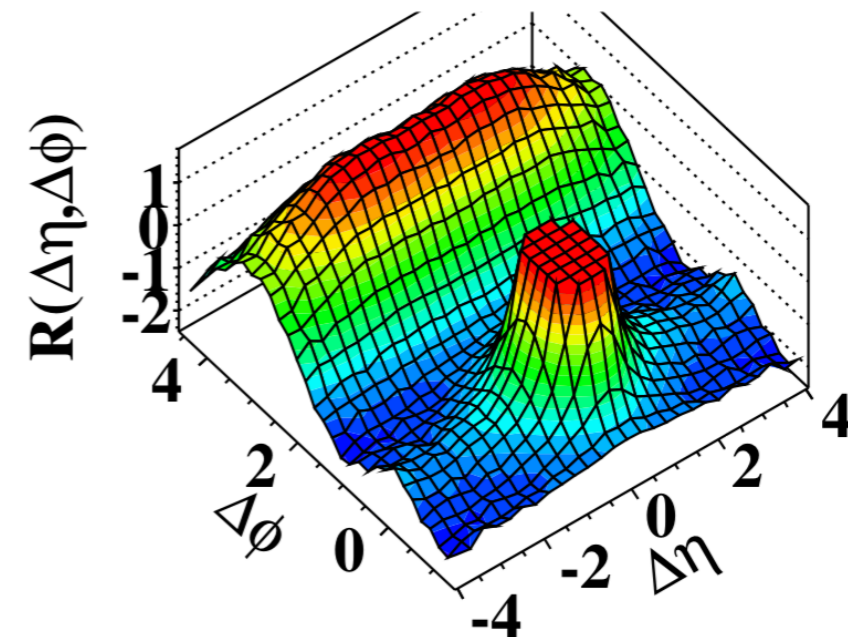
Strangeness enhancement



[ALICE, Nature Physics 13, 535–539 (2017)]

Collective effects „ridge“

(d) CMS $N \geq 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



[CMS, JHEP 1009 (2010) 091]

-> New models and ideas needed for non-flow approaches

Simulation of soft QCD - Model overview

EPOS3

Core-Corona approach

[K. Werner, B. Guiot, Iu. Karpenkob, T. Pierog, Nucl. Phys. A 931 (2014) 83]

Colour Glass Condensate

CGC+Lund model

[B. Schenke, S. Schlichting, P. Tribedy, R. Venugopalan Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 162301 (2016)]

Pythia/Dipsy

Rope hadronization

[C. Bierlich, G. Gustafson, L. Lönnblad, A. Tarasov, JHEP 1503, 148]

String shoving

[C. Bierlich, G. Gustafson, L. Lönnblad, 1612.05132]

Space-time model

[S. Ferrees-Solé, T. Sjöstrand, 1808.04619]

Herwig

Soft and diffractive scattering

[S. Gieseke, PK, F. Loshaj, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.3, 156]

Baryonic colour reconnection

[S. Gieseke, PK, S. Plätzer, Eur.Phys.J. C78 (2018) no.2, 99]

Space-time model

[J. Bellm, C. B. Duncan, S. Gieseke, M. Myska, A. Siodmok, in preparation]

New theory approach to CR

[S. Gieseke, PK, S. Plätzer, A. Siodmok, JHEP 1811 (2018) 149]

Connection to HI

Angantyr

[C. Bierlich, G. Gustafson, L. Lönnblad, H. Shah, JHEP 2018,134]

PISTA

[J. Bellm, C. Bierlich, 1807.01291]

This talk

EPOS 3 - The Core Corona model

[K. Werner, B. Guiot, Iu. Karpenkob, T. Pierog, Nucl. Phys. A 931 (2014) 83]

Motivation

- High mult. pp collisions similar energy density as HI collisions
- Similar behavior of pp pPb and PbPb observed
- Hydrodynamical treatment for pp justified

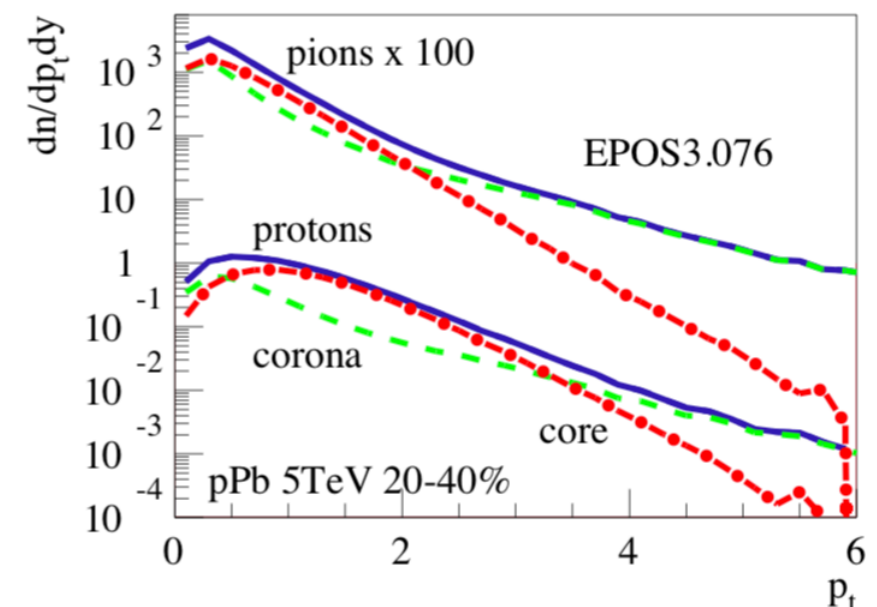
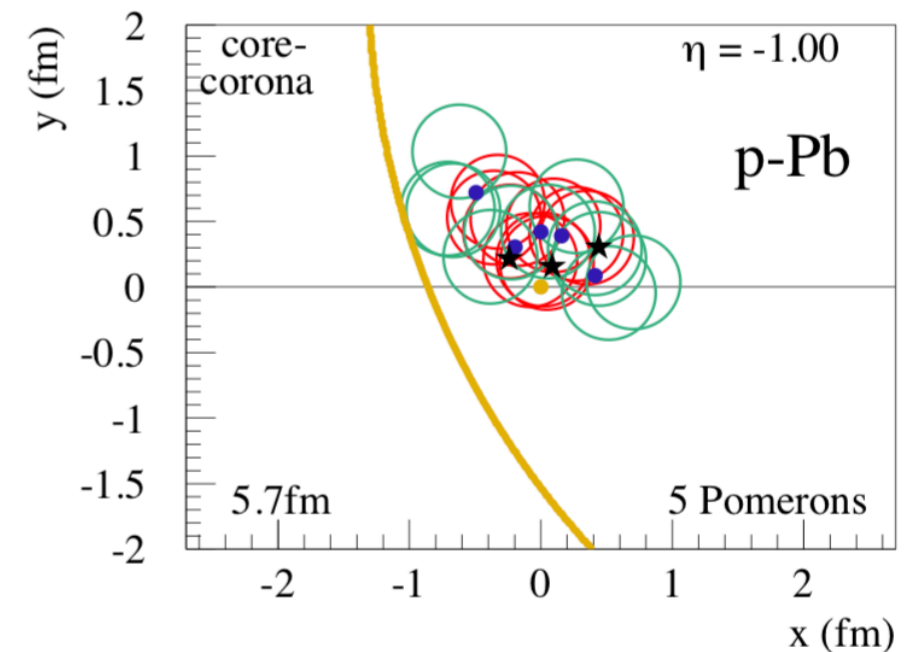
Initial conditions

- Gribov-Regge multiple scatterings
- CGC motivated saturation scale
- Parton ladders treated as strings

Core-Corona approach

- High p_T strings escape (corona)
- High density region of strings (core)
- Hydrodynamical evolution of core

Allows a smooth transition from pp to PbPb



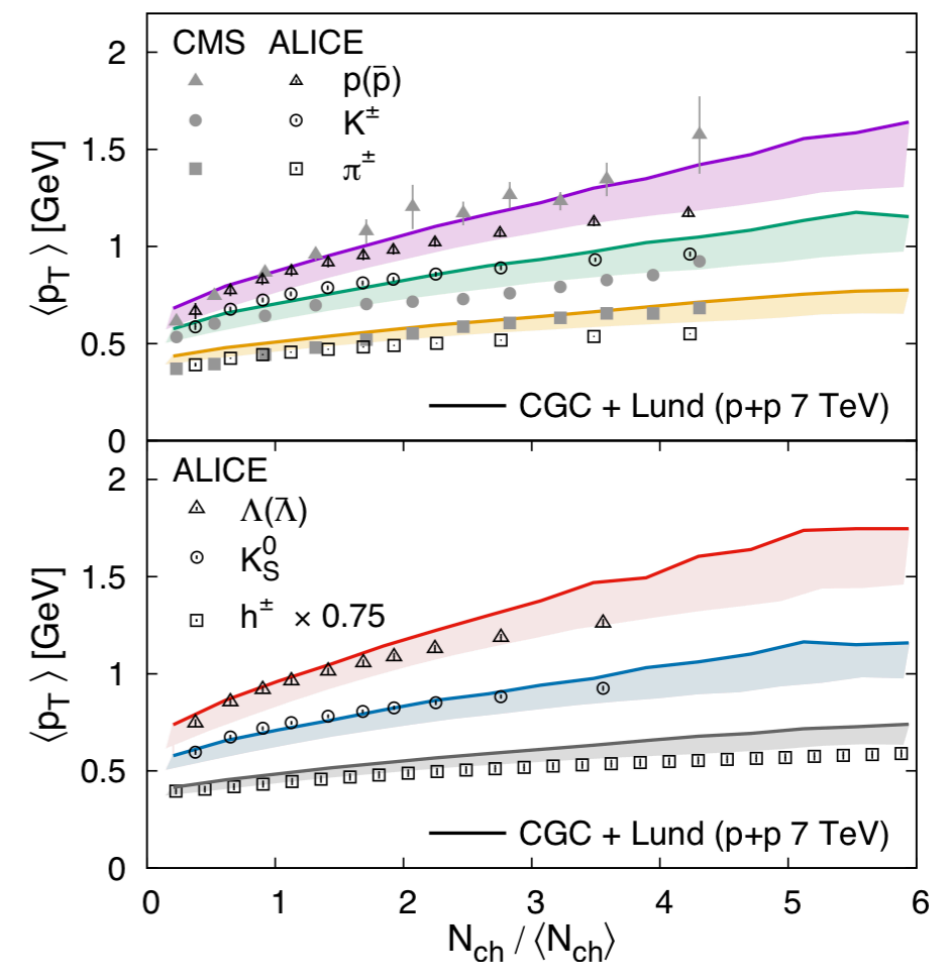
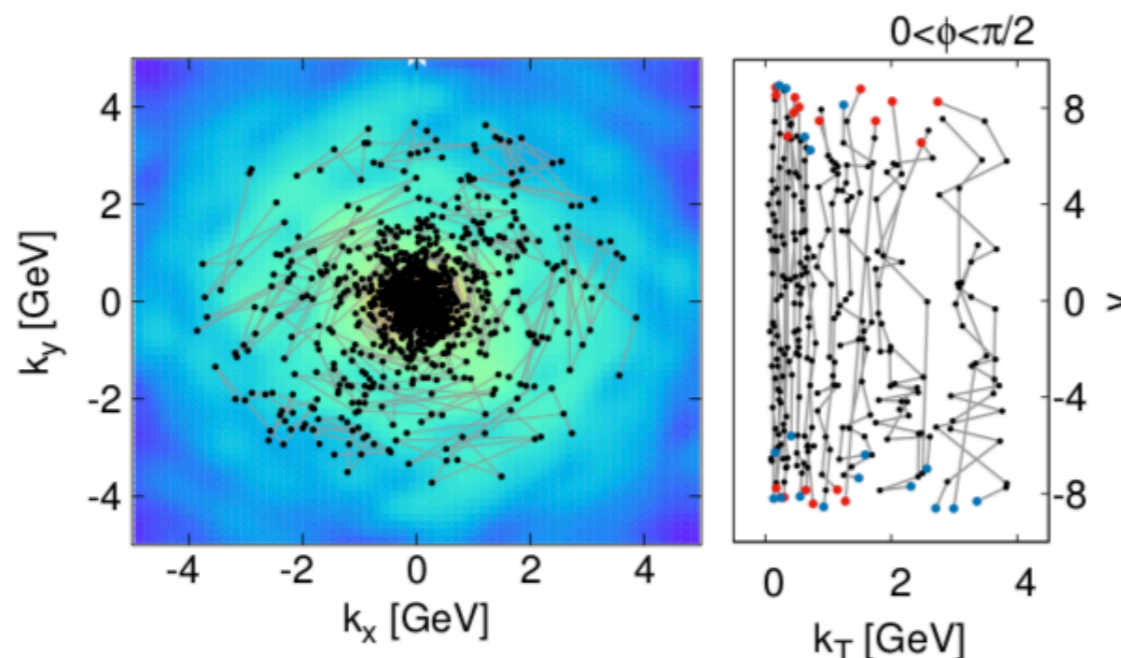
Colour Glass Condensate + Lund Strings

[B. Schenke, S. Schlichting, P. Tribedy, R. Venugopalan Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 162301 (2016)]

[B. Schenke et. al, Phys. Rev. Lett.108, 252301 (2012)]

CGC+Lund model

- Non-perturbative ansatz
- Initial conditions from IP-Glasma model
 - > Calculate gluon distribution (p_T) on an event by event basis from collision geometry
- Sample number of gluons
- Distribute gluons uniform in rapidity
- Feed gluons into Pythia
- Group gluons close in momentum into strings
- Add $q\bar{q}$ to guarantee colour neutrality



Strong growth of avg p_T and clear mass ordering from pure initial state correlations

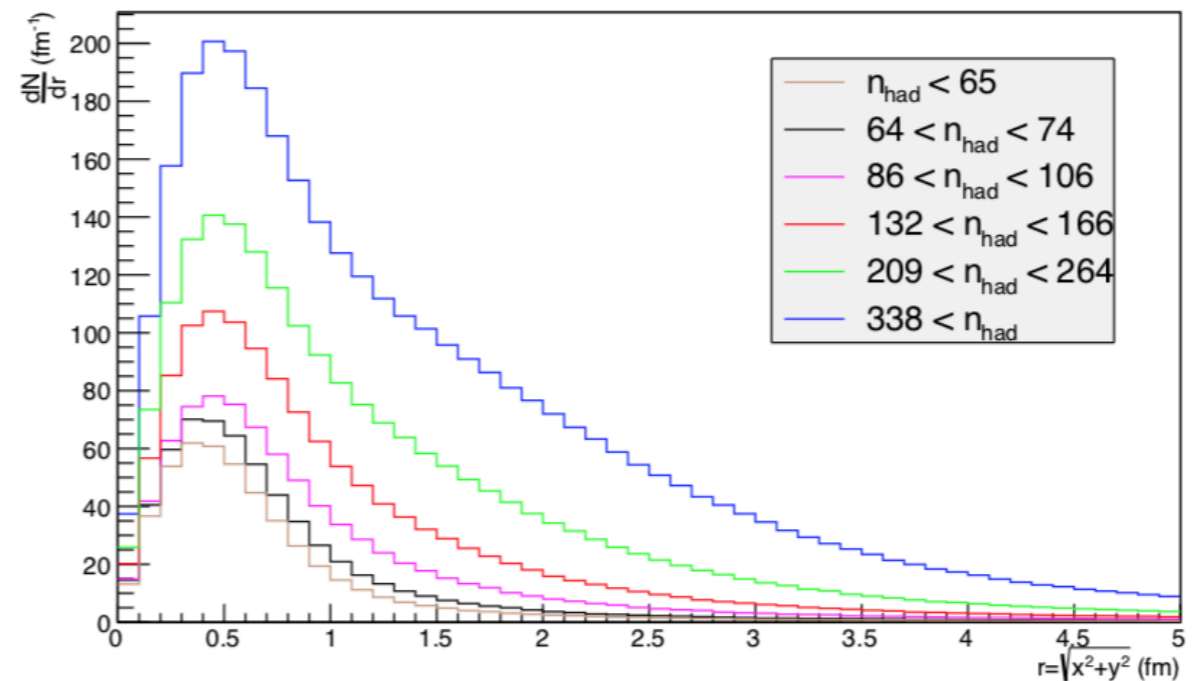
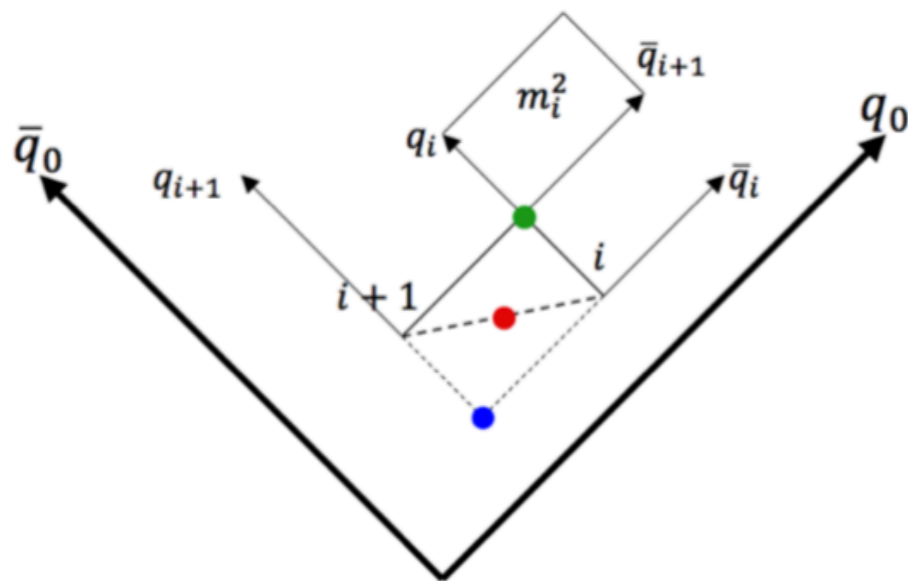


Linear translation from energy-momentum to space-time for massless quarks

$$\left| \frac{dp_{z,q/\bar{q}}}{dt} \right| = \left| \frac{dp_{z,q/\bar{q}}}{dz} \right| = \left| \frac{dE_{q/\bar{q}}}{dt} \right| = \left| \frac{dE_{q/\bar{q}}}{dz} \right| = \kappa .$$

Location of break up point of $q\bar{q}$ string

$$v_i = \frac{\hat{x}_i^+ p^+ + \hat{x}_i^- p^-}{\kappa} .$$



Density of hadron production high for high multiplicity pp events

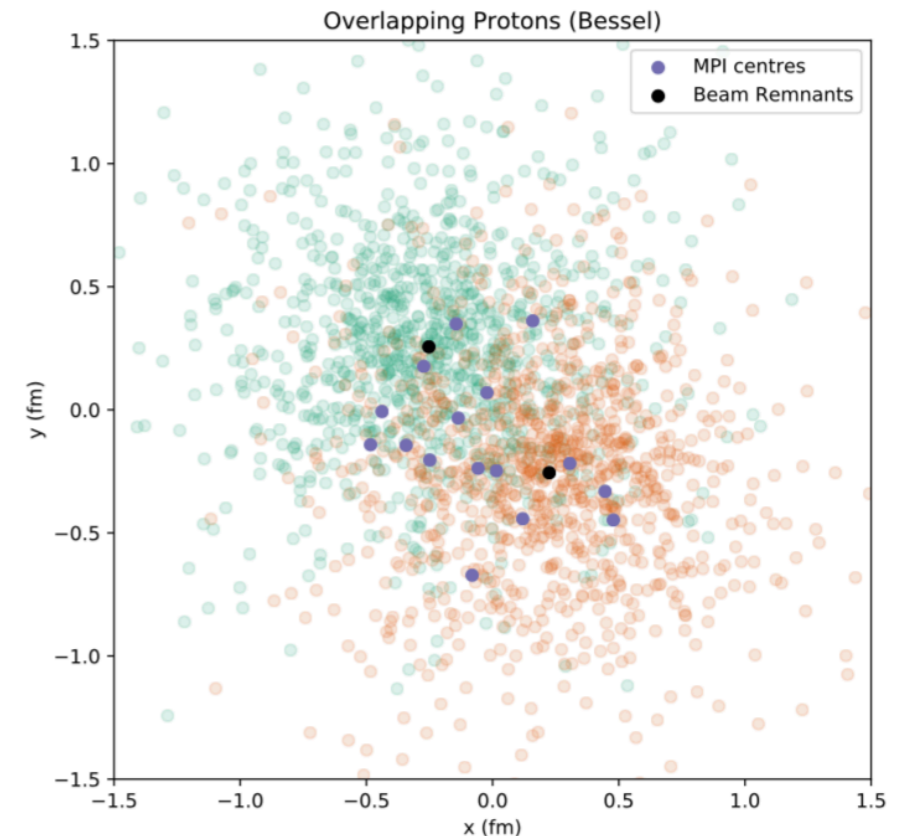
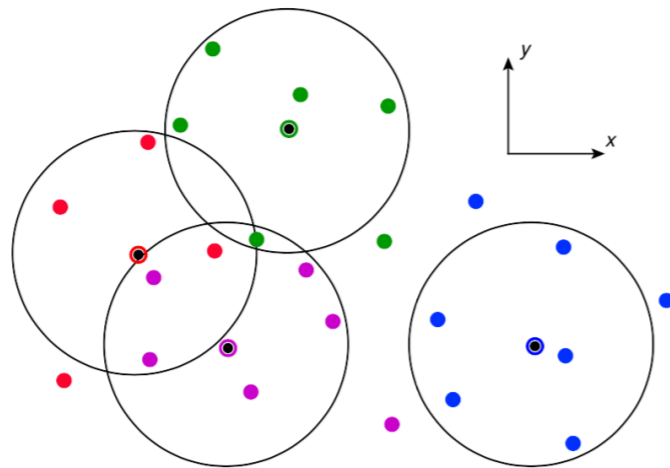
Close packing becomes important **->additional motivation for collective behavior**

No space-time vertices for individual MPI collisions

Sample MPI scattering centers from overlap function

$$A(b) = \int d^2b' G(b') G(b - b'),$$

Parton shower: propagation in transverse plane



Colour Reconnection based on space-time measure

$$R_{ij}^2 = \frac{\Delta d_{\perp ij}^2}{d_0^2} + \Delta y_{ij}^2, \quad p_{M,\text{reco}} = \exp\left(-\frac{R_{14} + R_{23}}{R_{12} + R_{34}}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{\sum R_{\text{new}}}{\sum R_{\text{old}}}\right).$$

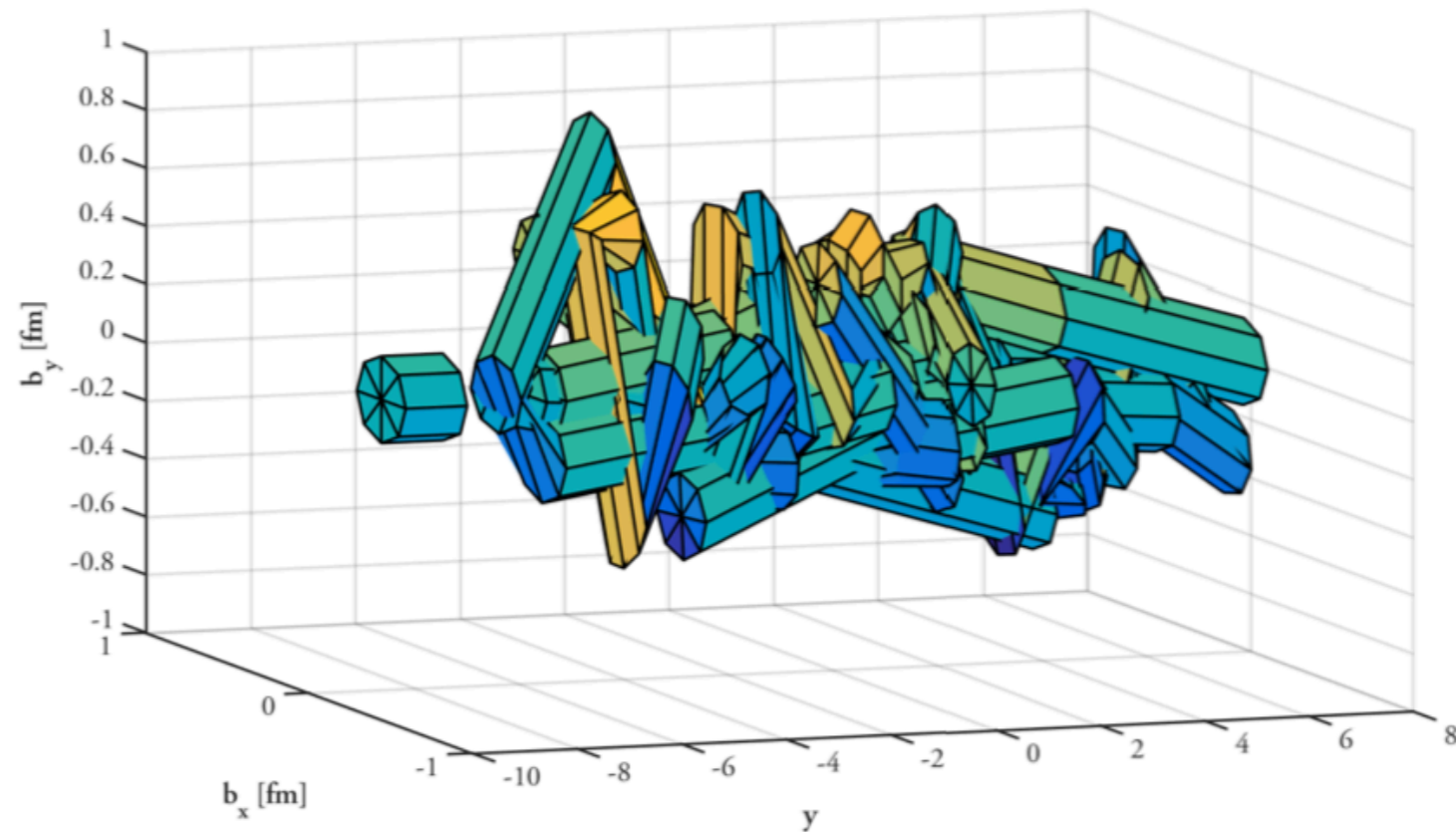
-> Less parameters and CR depends on event topology



[C. Bierlich, G. Gustafson, L. Lönnblad, A. Tarasov, JHEP 1503, 148]

Basic idea

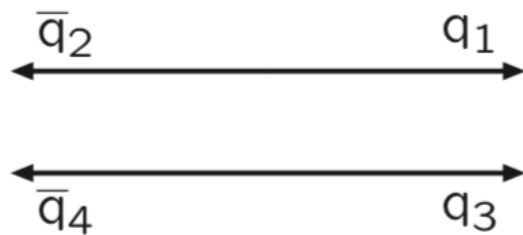
- Dense environment
- Overlapping strings -> ropes
- Higher string tension
 - > more baryons
 - > more strangeness



Casimir scaling

- QCD potential in different representations proportional to quadratic Casimir

$$\kappa_{\text{eff}} \propto C_2$$



$$3 \otimes 3 = 6 \oplus \bar{3}$$

$$C_2^{(6)} = \frac{5}{2} C_2^{(3)}$$

String breaking

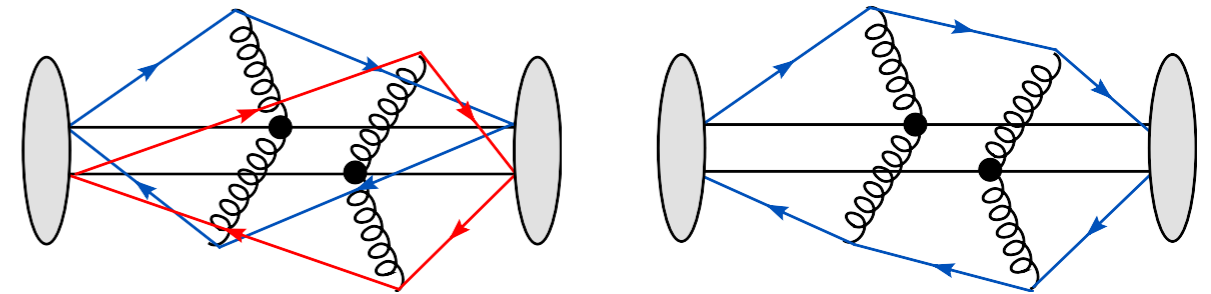
- Tunneling $\mathcal{P} \propto \exp\left(-\frac{\pi m_{\perp}^2}{\kappa}\right)$
- Larger string tension
- More heavy hadrons

[S.Gieseke, C.Röhr, A.Siodmok, Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 2225]

[S. Gieseke, PK, S. Plätzer – EPJ C78 (2018) 99]

Algorithms

- Plain Colour Reconnection
- Statistical Colour Reconnection
- Baryonic Colour Reconnection



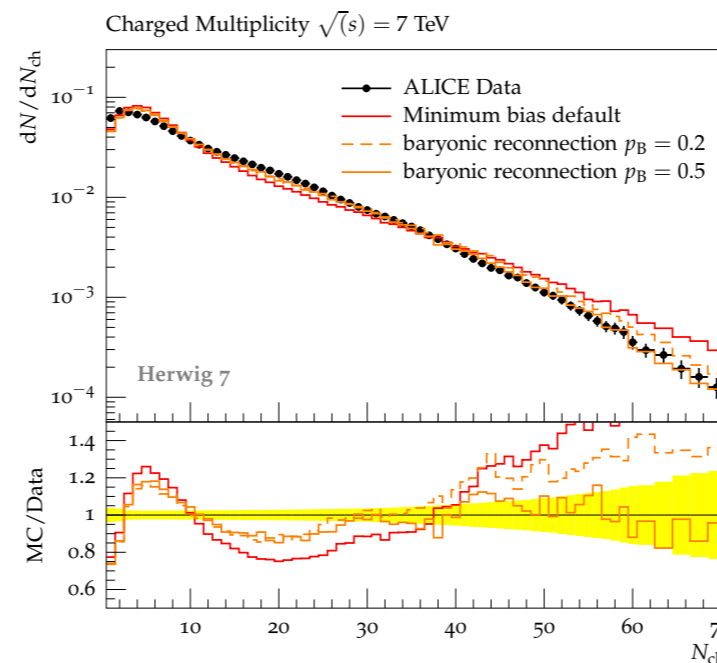
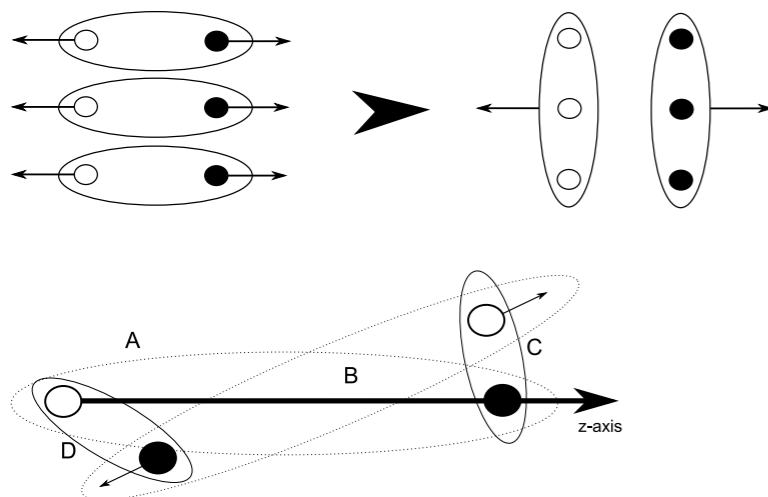
Plain and Stat CR based on reduction of invariant cluster mass

$$\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{cl}} M_i^2$$

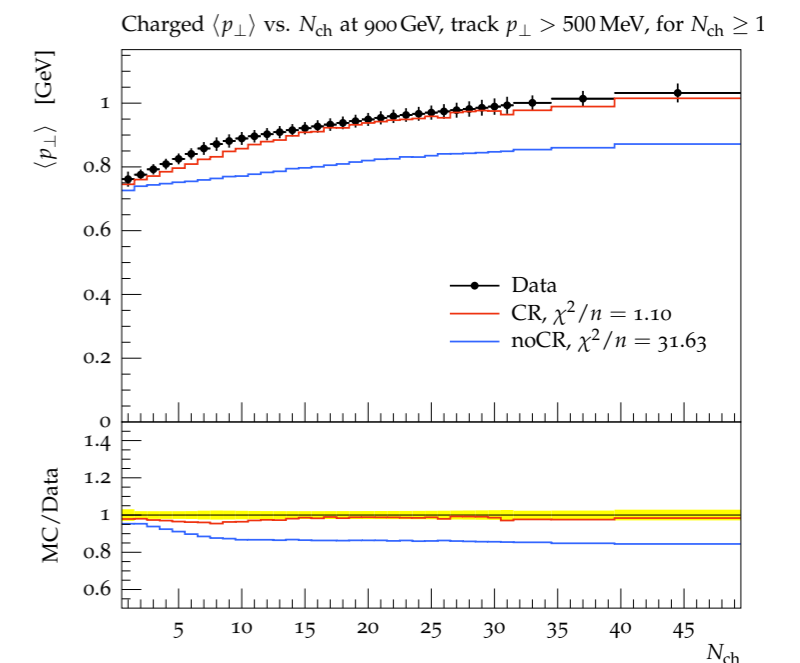
Important for the description of MB and UE data

Baryonic CR

- Allow baryonic cluster during CR
- Geometrical model



[Eur.Phys.J. C68 (2010) 345-354]



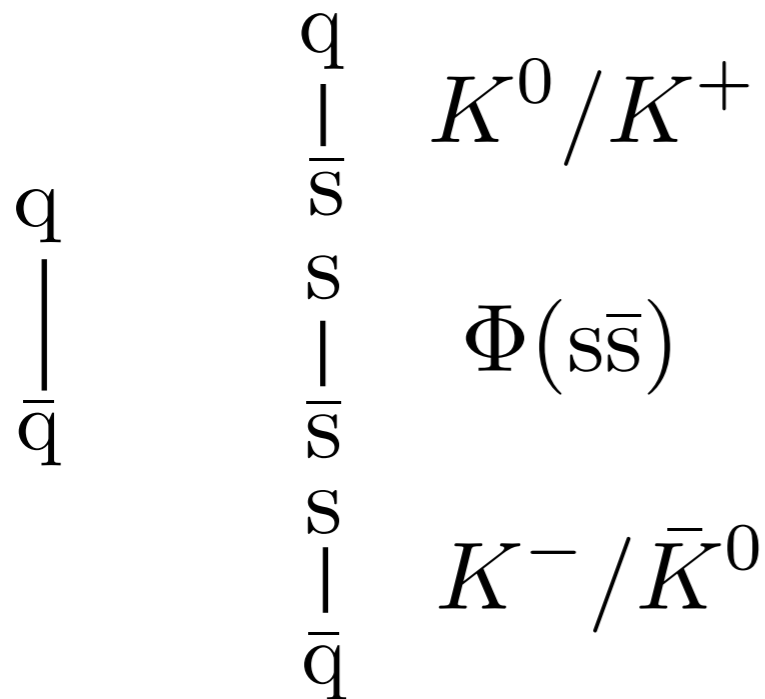
[New J.Phys.13:053033,2011]

Exploring strangeness enhancement with strings and clusters (working title)



[C. Bierlich, S. Gieseke, PK]

String fragmentation

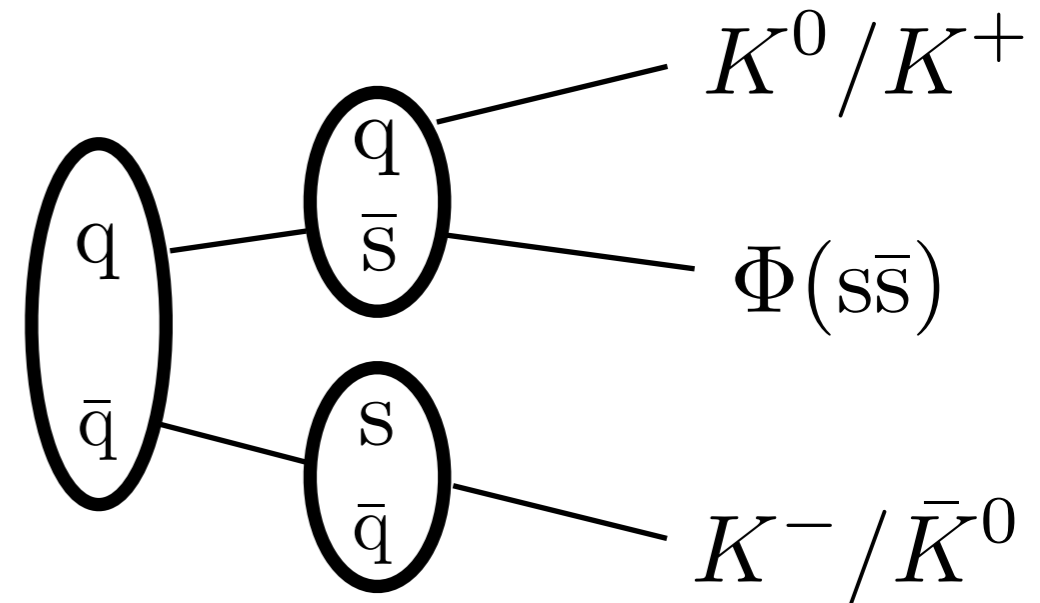


vs.

Clusters

Fission

Decay



Idea

- Two adjacent breakings with $s\bar{s}$ necessary to produce $\Phi(s\bar{s})$
- Use $\Phi(s\bar{s})$ as a trigger particle and study number of hadron species for different rapidity intervals in bins of centrality

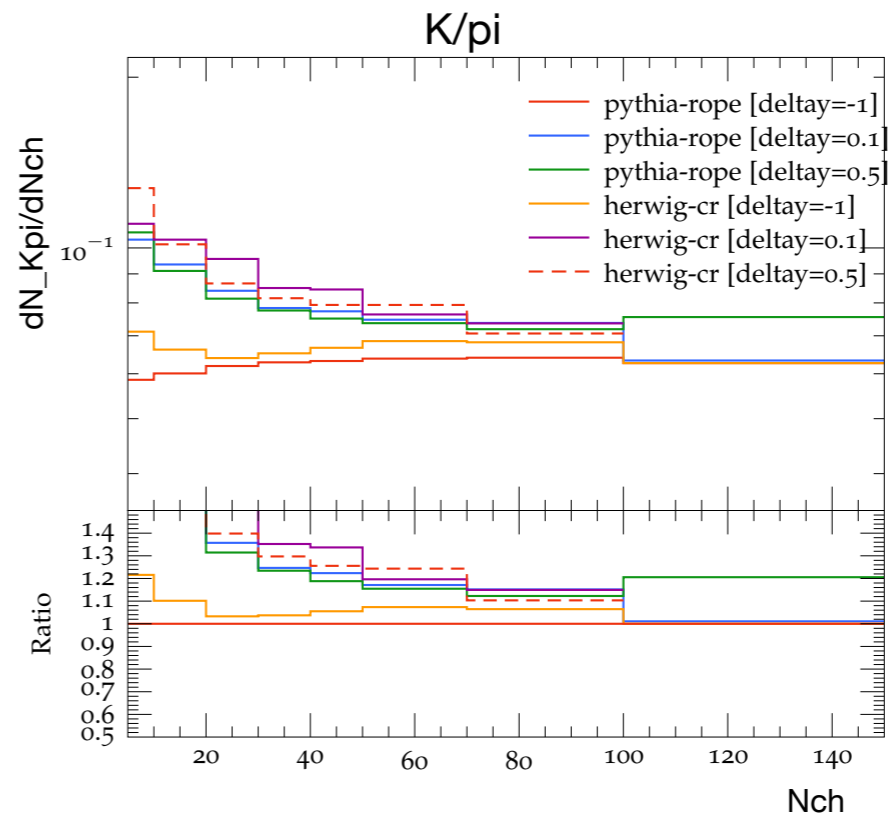
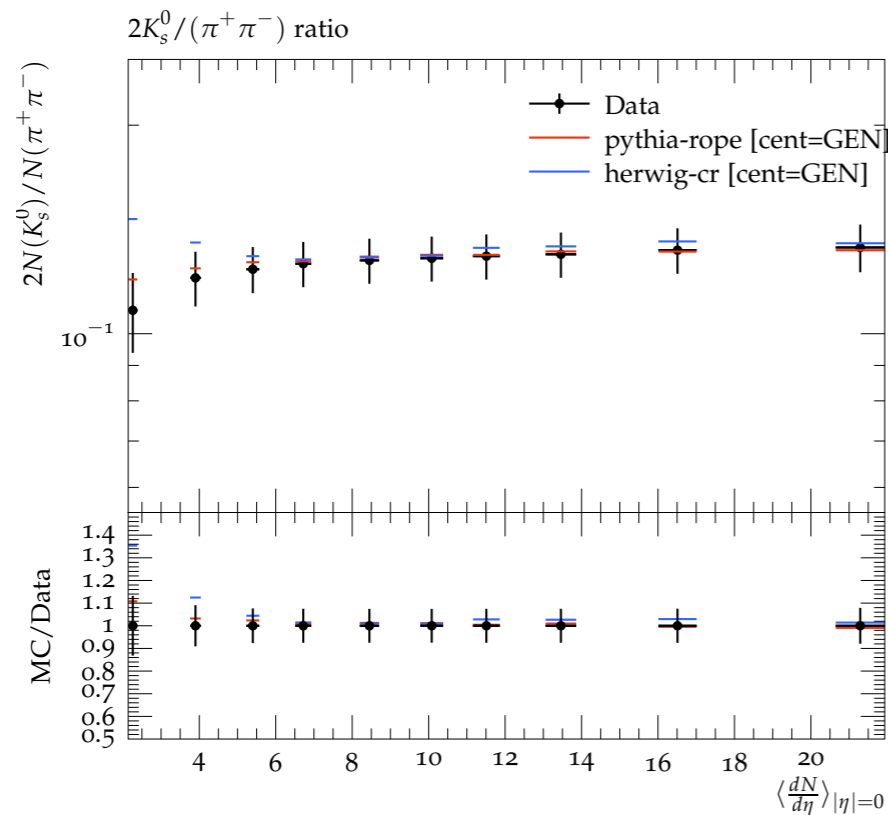
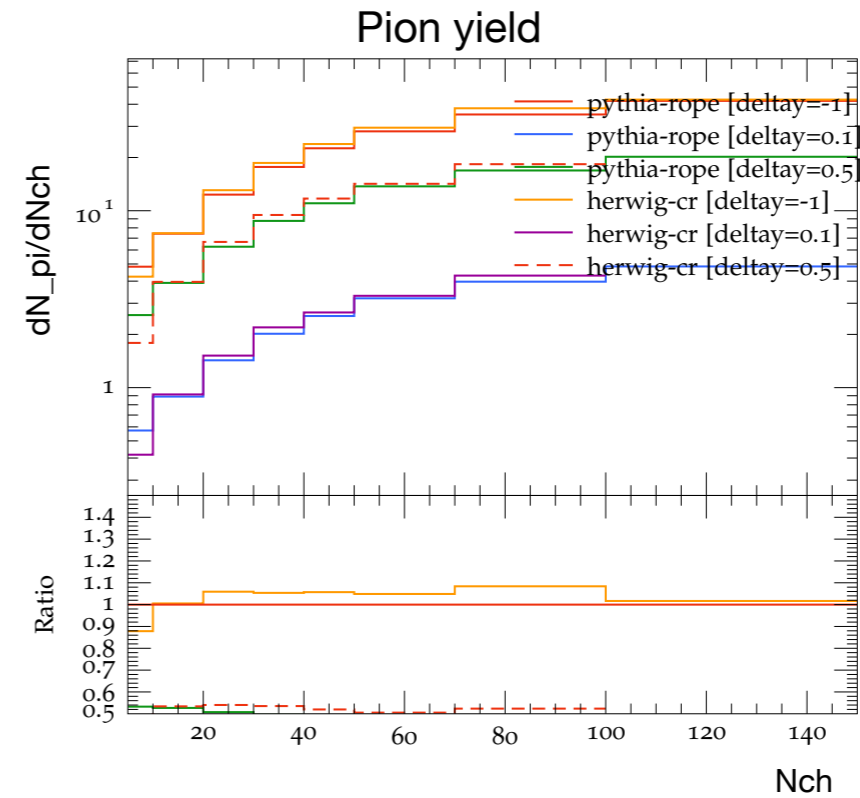
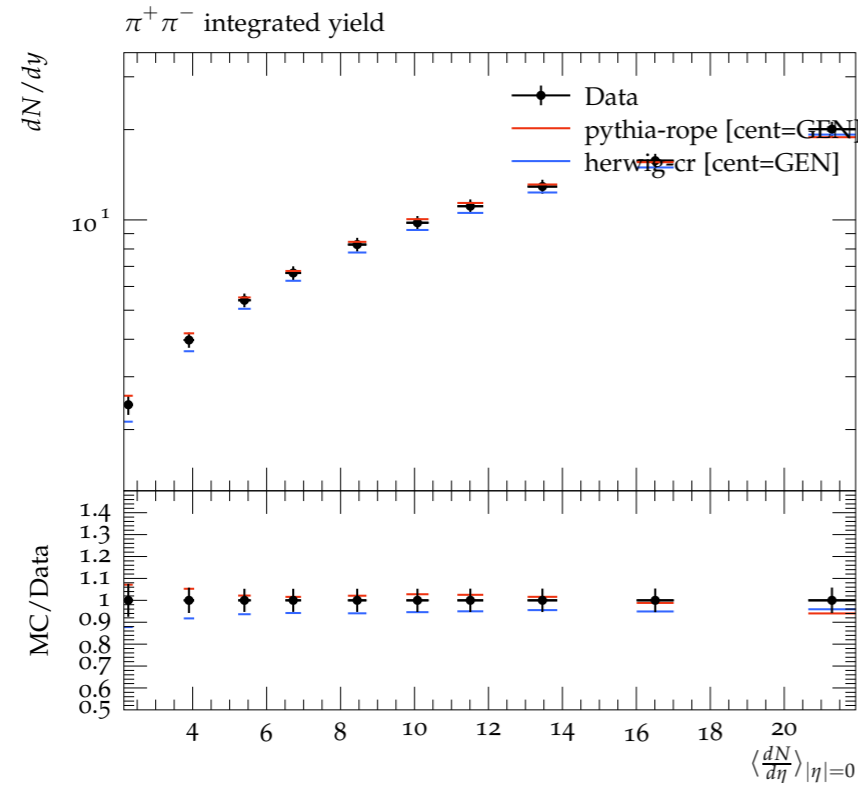
$$\Delta y = \{0.1, 0.5, 1, \dots\}$$

- Look at correlations between different strange hadrons

Exploring strangeness enhancement with strings and clusters (working title)



[C. Bierlich, S. Gieseke, PK]

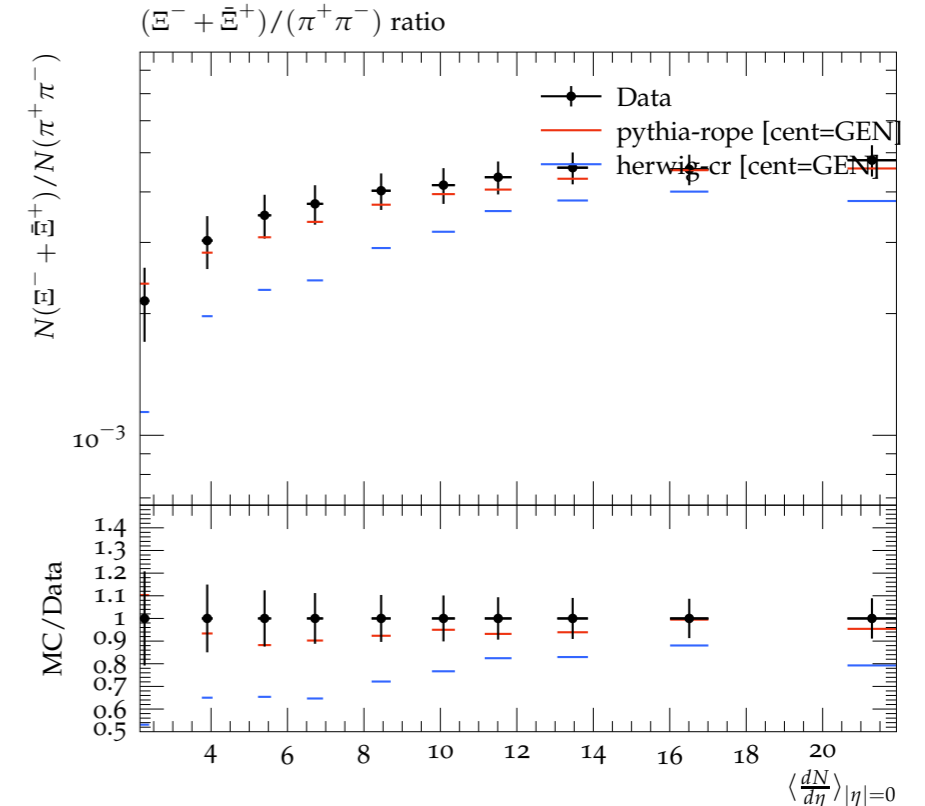
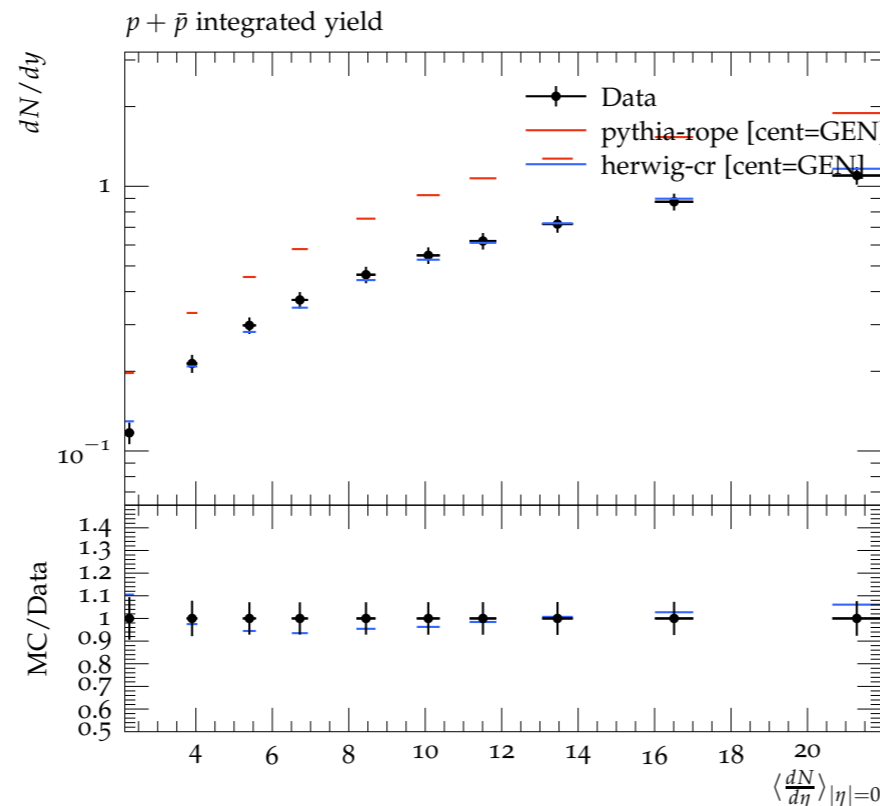


Exploring strangeness enhancement with strings and clusters (working title)



[C. Bierlich, S. Gieseke, PK]

More plots..

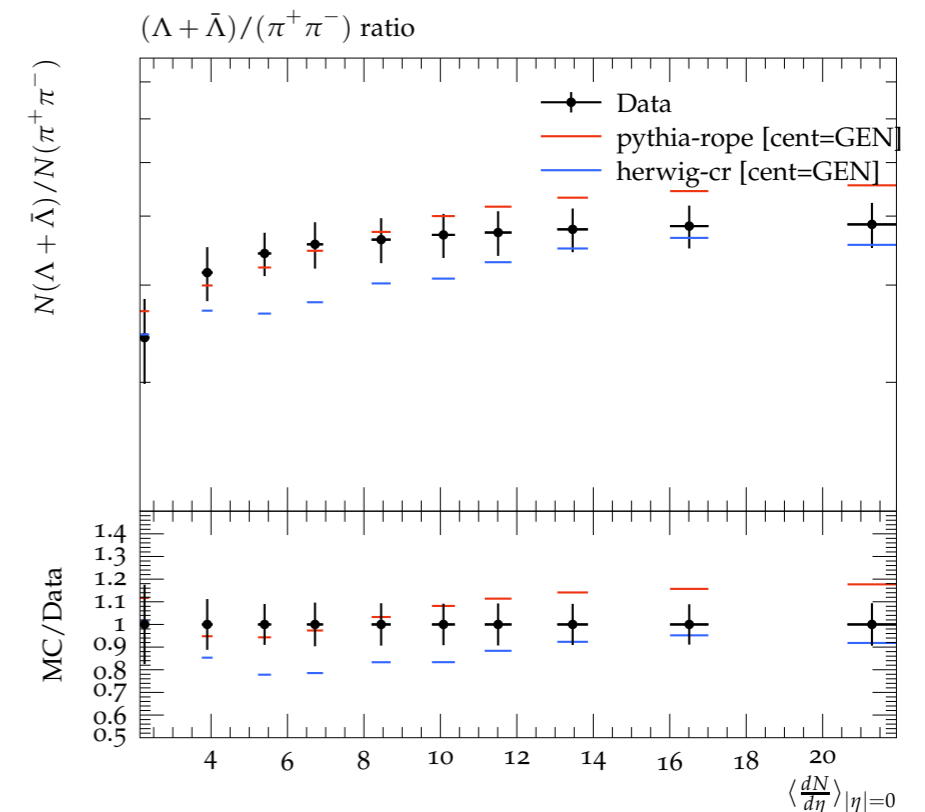


Pythia-Ropes

- More baryons (overestimation of protons)
- More strangeness
- Best current description of „strange“ ratios

Herwig-Baryonic CR

- Describes strangeness enhancement qualitatively
- Protons, pions and kaons on point but...
- Could be „stranger“



Conclusions

Different approaches to simulate collective effects, strangeness enhancement

I showed you

- **EPOS** (flow)
- **CGC+Lund** (perturbative approach)
- **Pythia/Dipsy ropes** (microscopic)
- **Herwig Baryonic Colour Reconnection** (microscopic)

Improvement in sight from different studies (Space-time models, Pythia vs. Herwig)

-> Microscopic ansätze important to study QGP from different directions

Backup

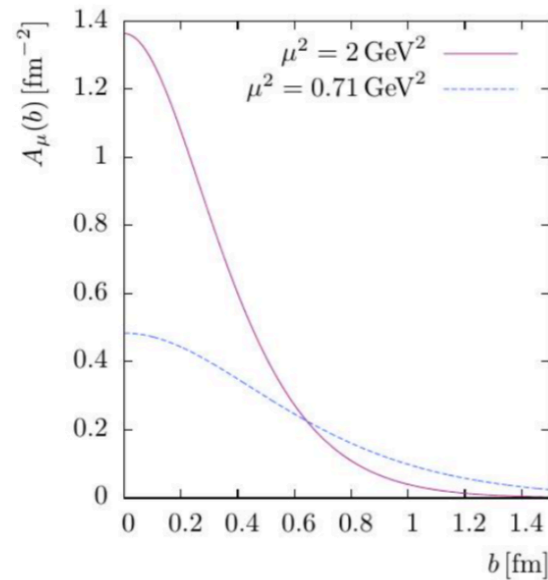
Backup

Backup

Ba

Backup

Matter distribution

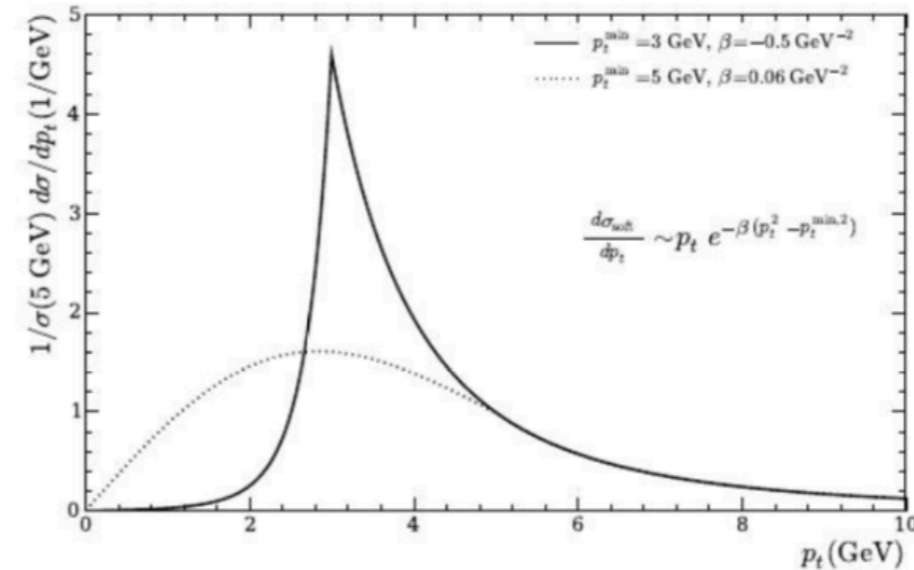


- Based on the Eikonal model
- Parameters fixed to describe σ_{tot}

$$\mathcal{P}_{h,s} = \frac{2\chi_{\text{hard}}(b,s)^h}{h!} \frac{2\chi_{\text{soft}}(b,s)^n}{n!} e^{-2\chi_{\text{tot}}(b,s)}$$

$$\chi_{\text{tot}}(b,s) = \frac{1}{2} (A(b,\mu)\sigma_{\text{hard}}(s,p_{\perp}^{\text{min}}) + A(b,\mu_{\text{soft}})\sigma_{\text{soft}})$$

Extension to soft region



- Interactions above p_{\perp}^{min} simulated as QCD 2 to 2 processes (semi-hard interactions)
- Interactions below p_{\perp}^{min} simulated as soft gluon ladders with *multiperipheral* kinematics (soft interactions)

Different matter distribution for soft interactions

Main parameters

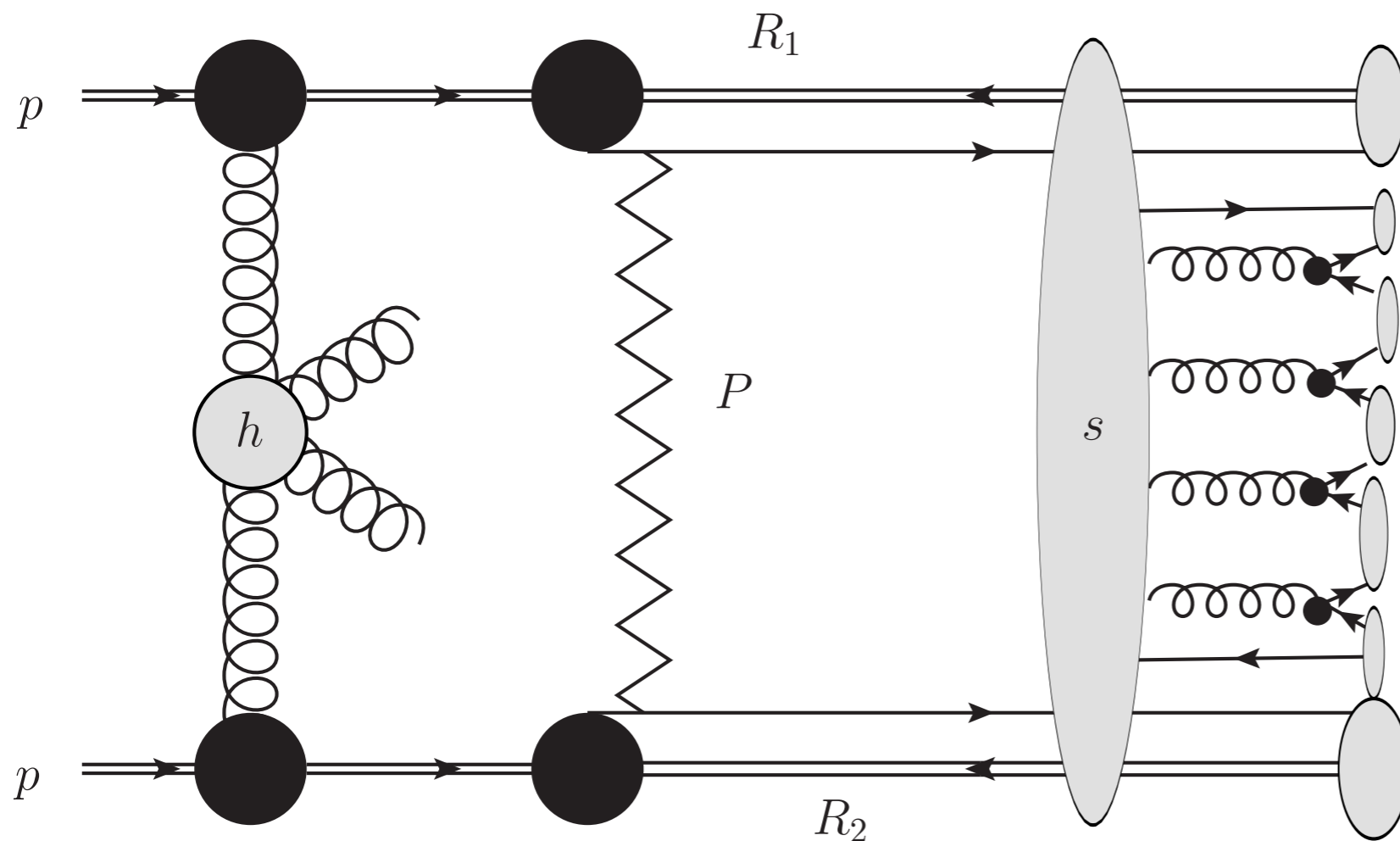
- set /Herwig/UnderlyingEvent/MPIHandler:pTmin0 3.5
- set /Herwig/UnderlyingEvent/MPIHandler:InvRadius 1.4
- set /Herwig/UnderlyingEvent/MPIHandler:Power 0.4
- set /Herwig/Hadronization/ColourReconnector:ReconnectionProbability 0.5

$$p_{\text{T}}^{\text{min}}(s) = p_{\text{T},0}^{\text{min}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{s}}{E_0} \right)^b$$

New model for soft interactions

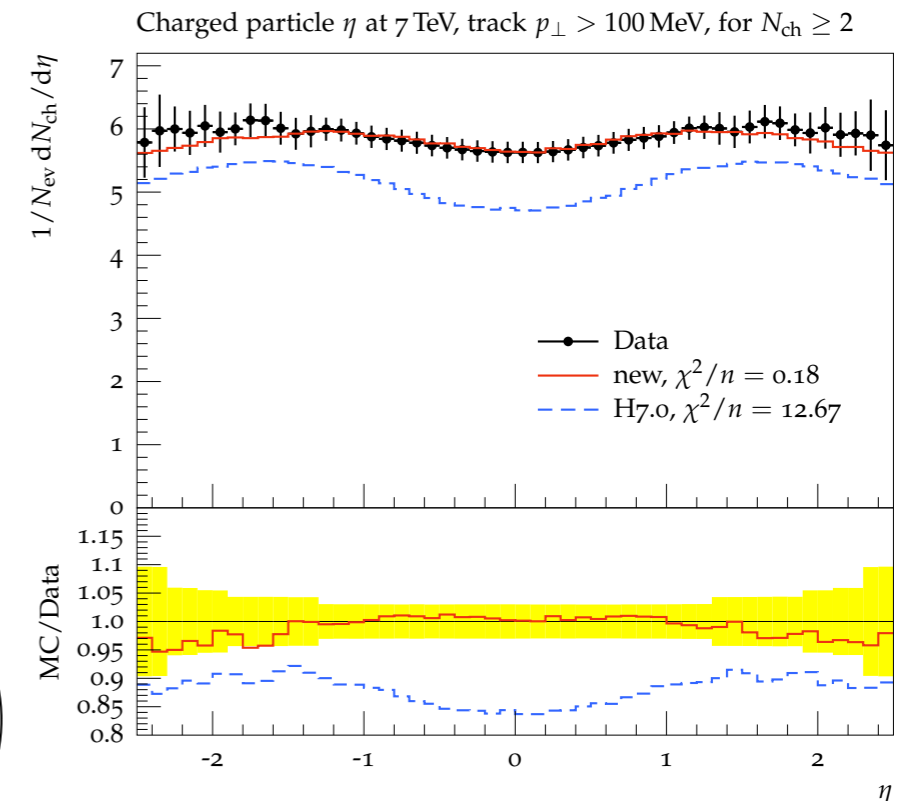
- Multiperipheral gluon ladder
- Gluons treated non-perturbatively
- Parameters of the model parametrized to describe 0.9, 7 and 13 TeV MB data

[Gieseke, Loshaj, Kirchgaesser – EPJ C77 (2017) 156]



$$\langle N \rangle \approx N_{\text{ladder}} \times \ln \frac{s}{m^2}$$

$$N_{\text{ladder}} = N_0 \left(\frac{s}{\text{TeV}^2} \right)^{-0.08}$$

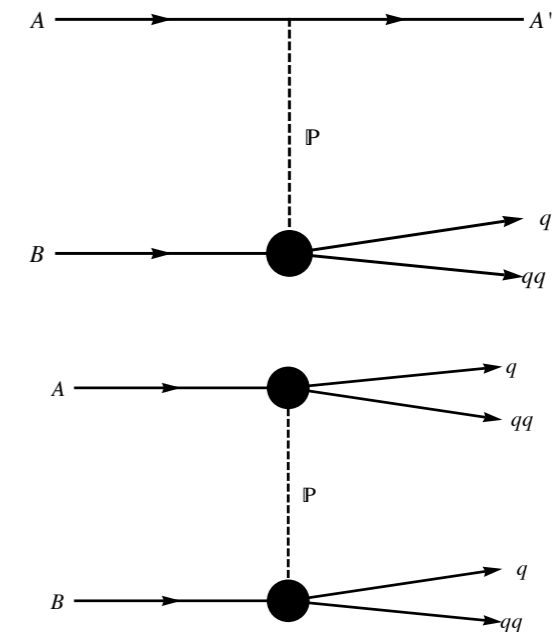


Inclusion of diffractive topologies

- Single and double diffraction
- Final state treated fully non-perturbatively
- Small p_T but tail towards high diffractive masses
- Characterized through large rapidity gaps

Combination with UE model

- Either diffractive or MPI event
- Cross sections tuned to data
- H7->H7.1: The bump problem disappears



New versions come with improved physics capabilities!

Needed to get the correct fraction of diffractive events

```
set /Herwig/MatrixElements/MEMinBias:csNorm 4.5584
```

Set weight for Diffraction

```
set MEDiffractionLeft:DiffractionAmplitude 12
```

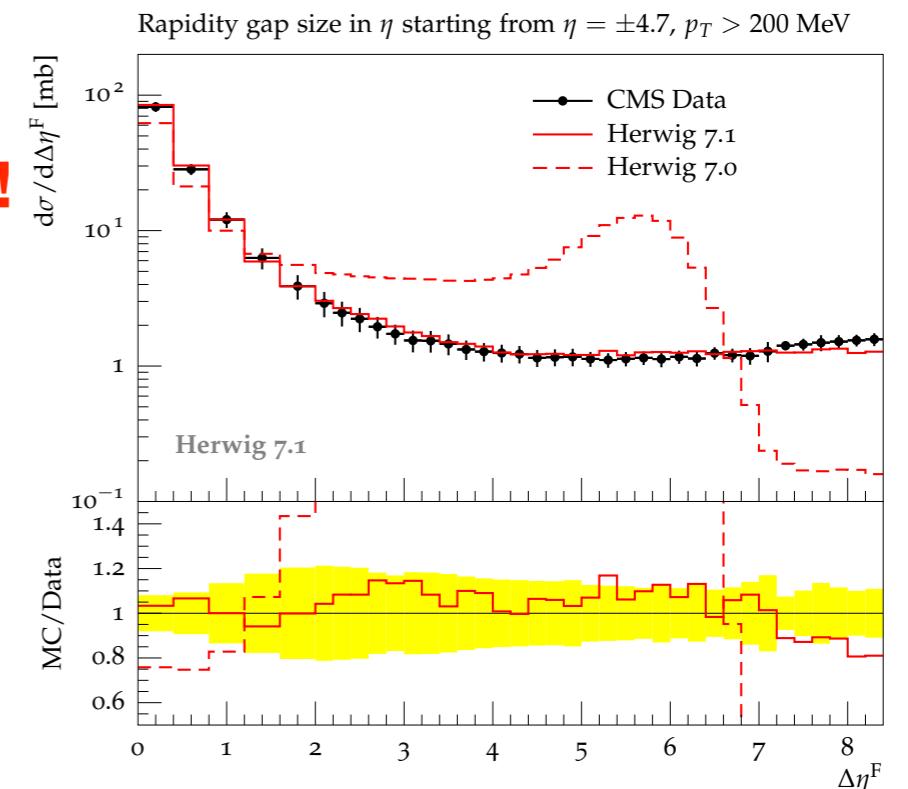
```
set MEDiffractionRight:DiffractionAmplitude 12
```

```
set MEDiffractionDouble:DiffractionAmplitude 8
```

```
set MEDiffractionDeltaLeft:DiffractionAmplitude 4
```

```
set MEDiffractionDeltaRight:DiffractionAmplitude 4
```

```
set MEDiffractionDeltaDouble:DiffractionAmplitude 2
```



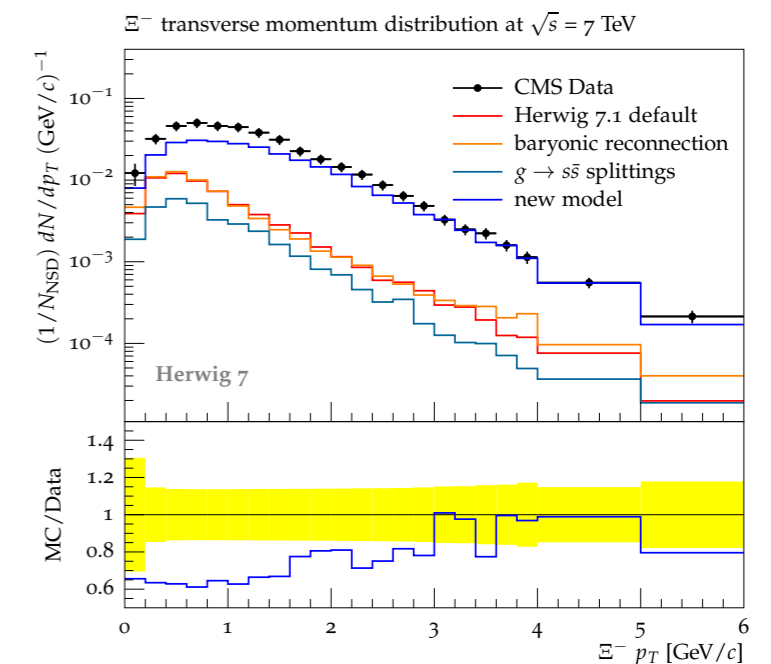
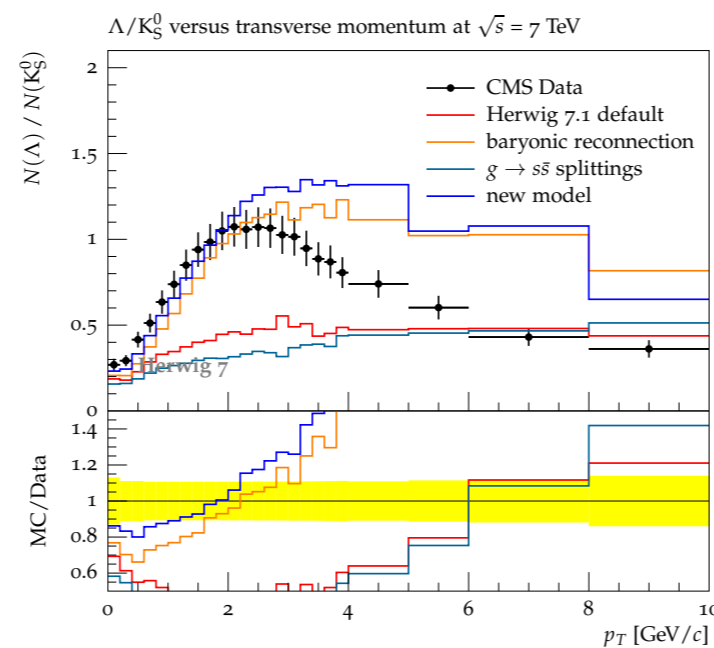
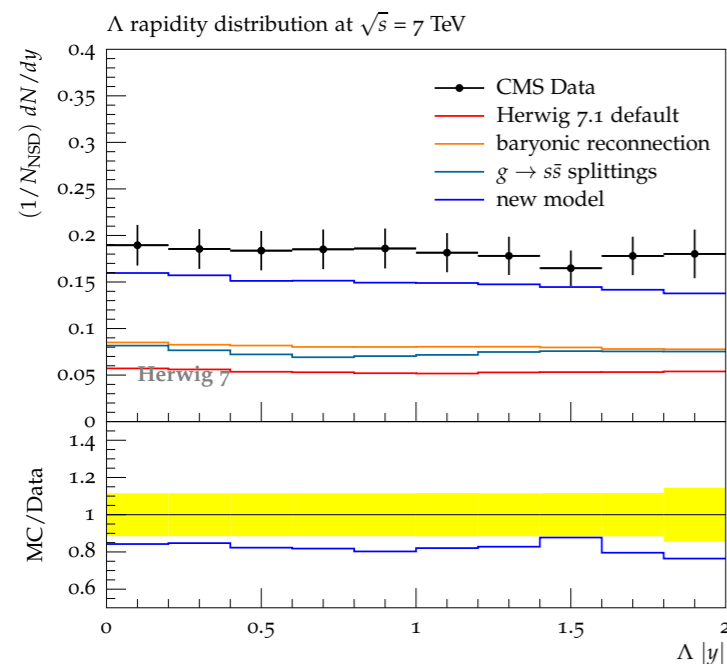
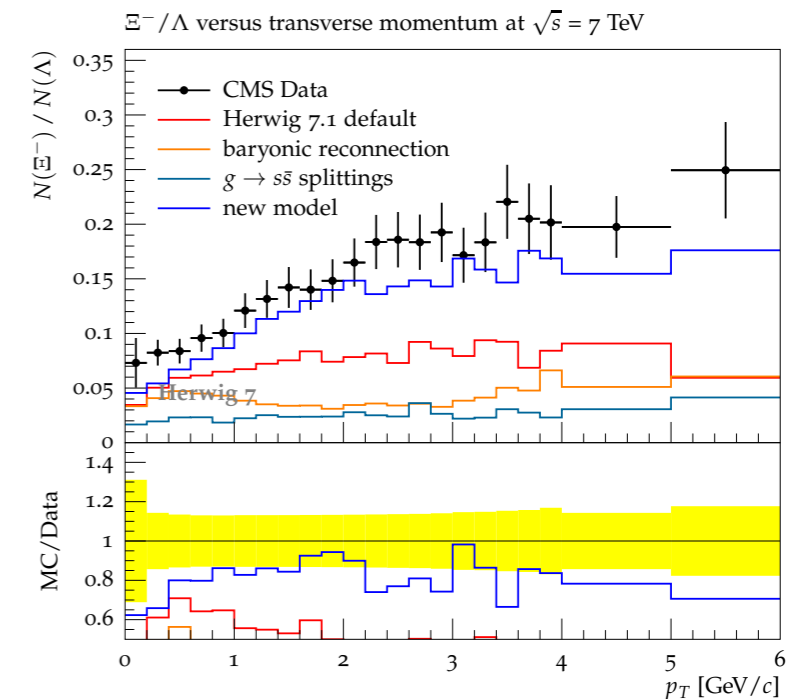
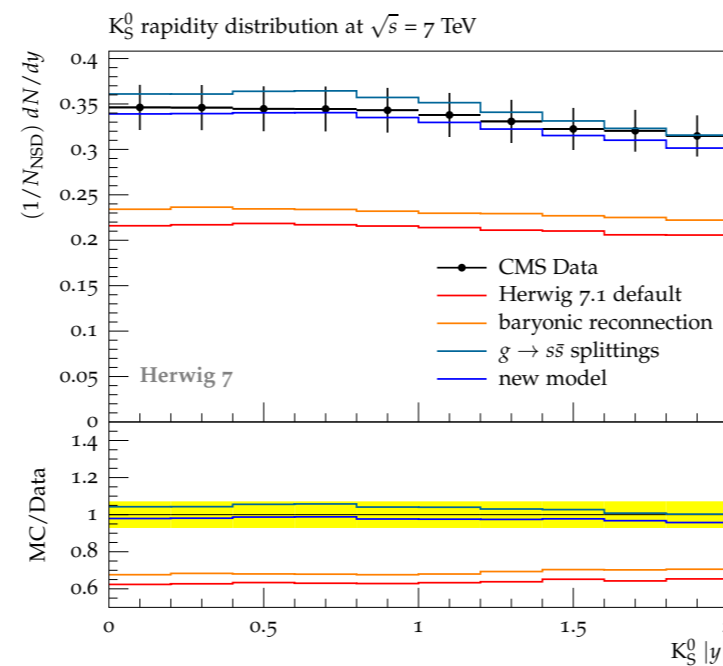
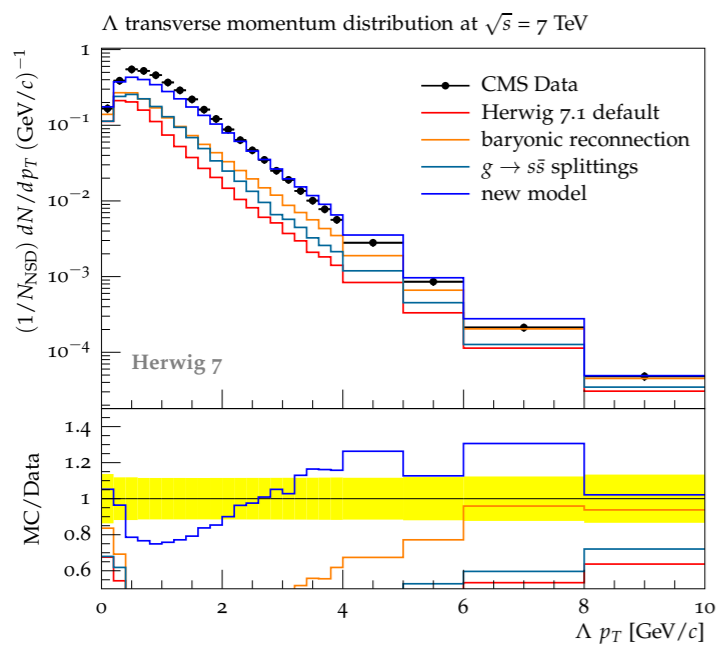
CMS [Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) no.1, 012003]

Allow additional source of strangeness during non-perturbative gluon splitting

$$g \rightarrow s\bar{s}$$

Combination with Baryonic reconnection -> improvements in more differential observables

[[new model](#) in plots]

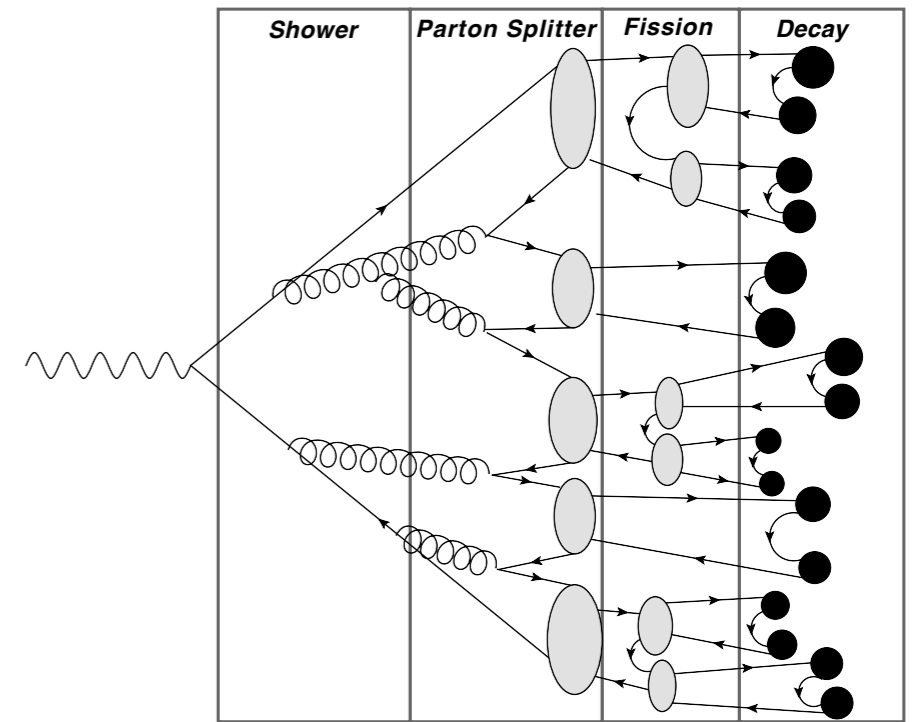


More developments on the soft front

Kinematic strangeness production

- **Motivation:** Strangeness enhancement not well described across all MC event generators
- Different Ansätze: **Flow** vs. **QGP** vs. **Modeling**
- How far can one push existing models?
- Review of existing production mechanism and new mechanisms necessary

Stages of Hadronization (+Shower)



Introduce scaling s.t. probability to produce strange quarks depends on immediate environment

Parton Splitter

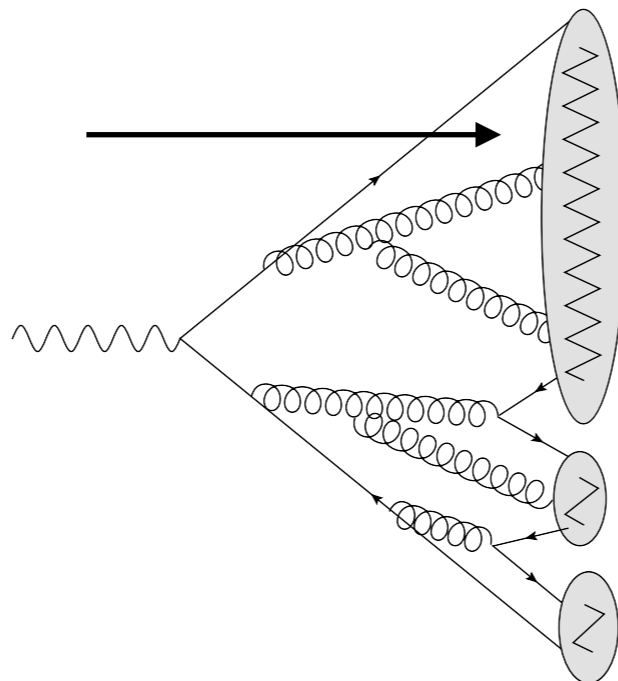
- Mass of colour singlet

Cluster Fissioner

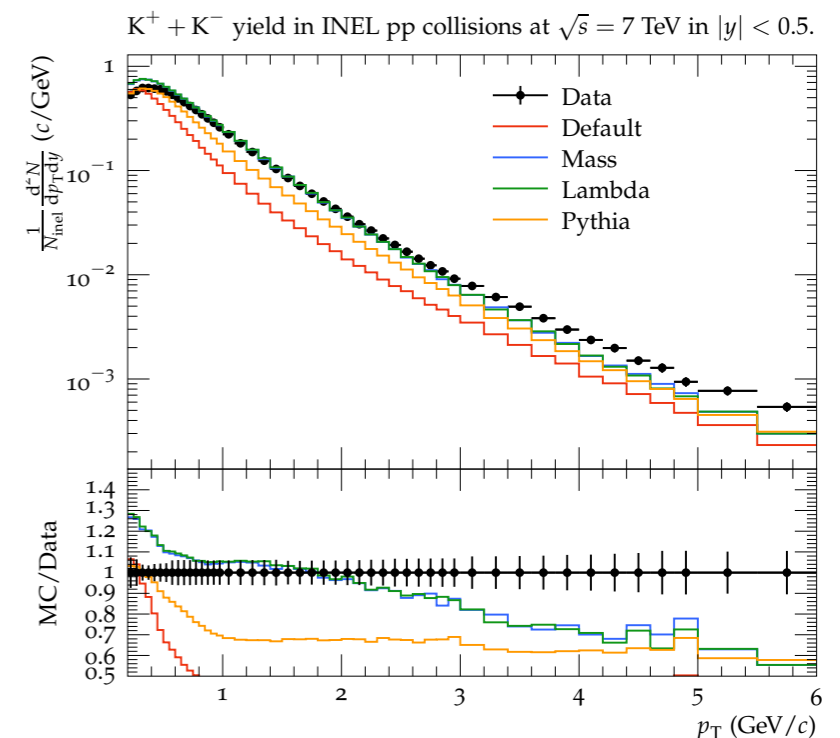
- Inv cluster mass

Cluster Decayer

- Inv cluster mass



[ALICE - Eur.Phys.J. C75 (2015) no.5, 226]



More dynamic and collective model for strange flavour production -> Herwig 7.2

Pythia with Monash tune

Since 7.0 several improvements on the soft front

- New soft model (7.1)
- Baryonic Colour Reconnection (7.1.4)
- In general good agreement with MB and UE data
- Most differential observables reasonably well described

Works out of the box

- LHC-MB.in
- read LHC-MB.in
- run LHC-MB.run -N 10000x

```
11
12 read snippets/PPCollider.in
13
14 #####
15 # Technical parameters for this run
16 #####
17 cd /Herwig/Generators
18 #####
19 # LHC physics parameters (override defaults here)
20 #####
21 set EventGenerator:EventHandler:LuminosityFunction:Energy 7000.0
22
23
24 # Minimum Bias
25 read snippets/MB.in
26
27 # Read in parameters of the soft model recommended for MB/UE simulations
28 read snippets/SoftTune.in
29
30 # Diffraction model
31 read snippets/Diffraction.in
32
33 # Read in snippet in order to use baryonic reconnection model with modified gluon splitting
34   (uds)
35 # For more details see [S. Gieseke, P. KirchgaeBer, S. Plätzer. arXiv:1710.10906]
36 #####
37   ###
38
39 read snippets/BaryonicReconnection.in
40
```



Tuned parameters and settings for Baryonic CR

Monte Carlo training studentships



3-6 month fully funded studentships for current PhD students at one of the MCnet nodes. An excellent opportunity to really understand and improve the Monte Carlos you use!

Application rounds every 3 months.

MCnet projects
Pythia+Vincia
Herwig
Sherpa
MadGraph
“Plugin” – Ariadne+HEJ
CEDAR – Rivet+Professor
+Contur+hepforge+...



for details go to:
www.montecarlonet.org

