



# ***Observation of $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays in the $VH$ production mode and first differential measurement with the ATLAS detector***

*XXIX International Symposium on Lepton Photon Interactions at High Energies*

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University of Toronto



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# Outline

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- Observation of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decays with the ATLAS detector ( $L=79.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

[Phys. Lett. B 786 \(2018\) 59](#)

- Measurement of the  $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  production as a function of the vector-boson transfer momentum with the ATLAS detector ( $L=79.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

[JHEP 05 \(2019\) 141](#)

# **Observation of $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays with the ATLAS detector**

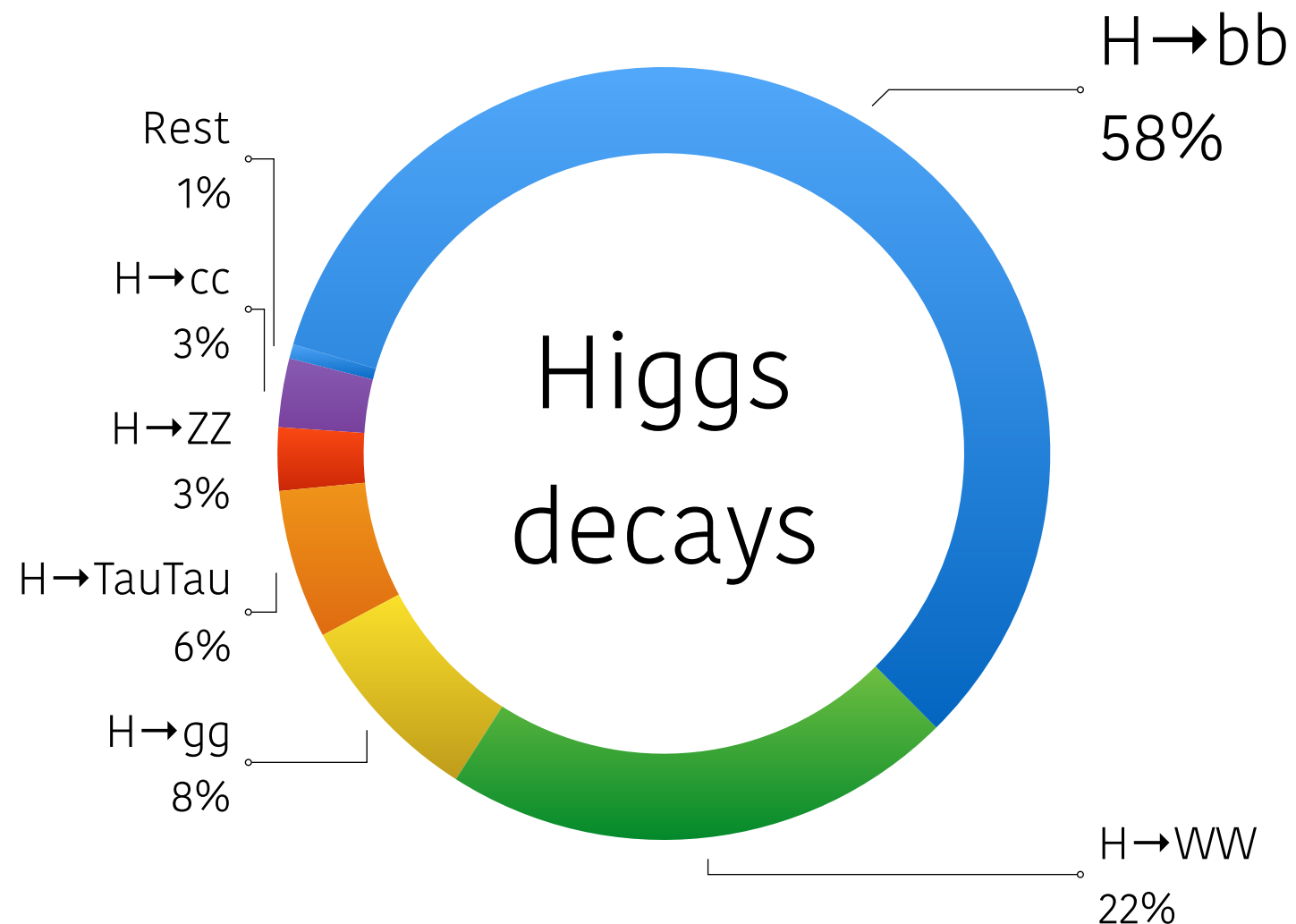
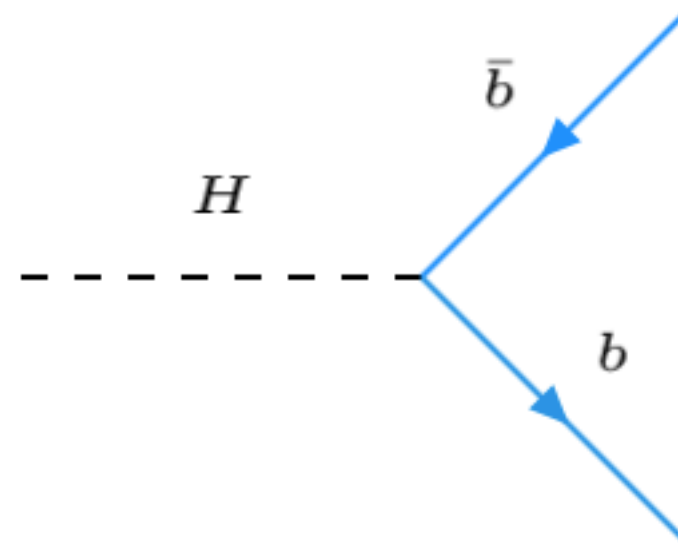
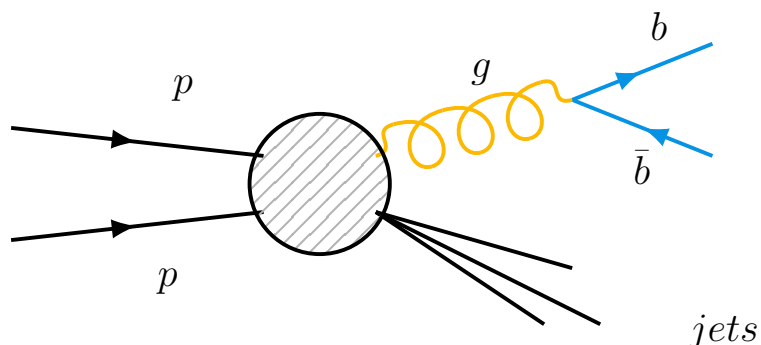
# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

- **Motivations:**

- largest Branching Ratio;
- driving uncertainty for the total Higgs boson width;
- measurement of the Yukawa Coupling to down type quarks.

- **Main challenge:**

- large **QCD** background.

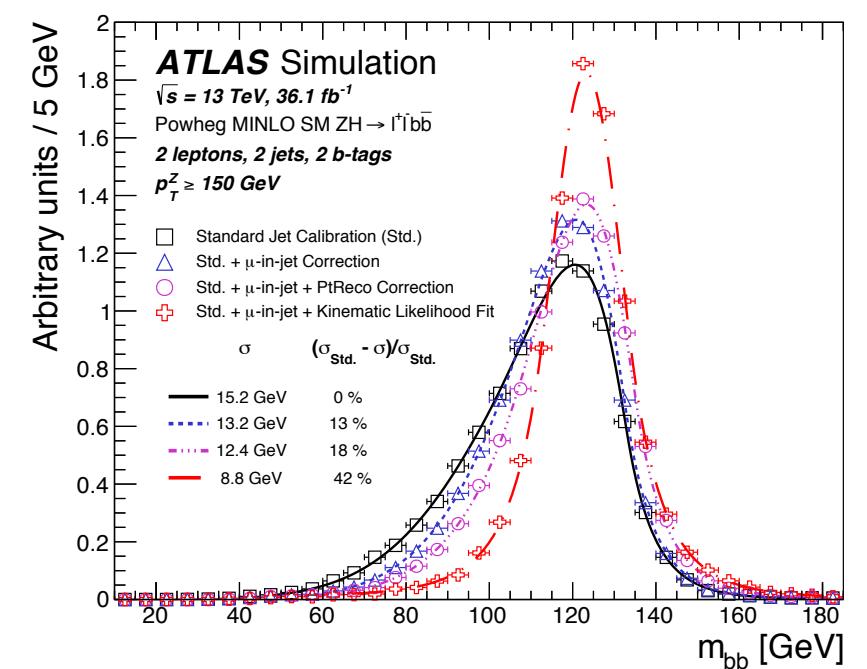
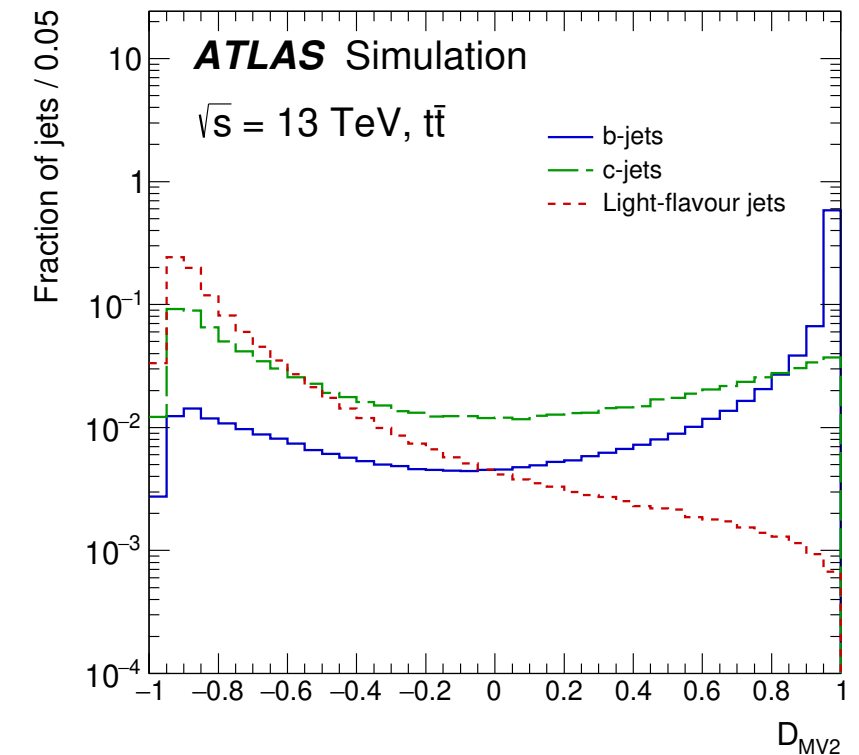
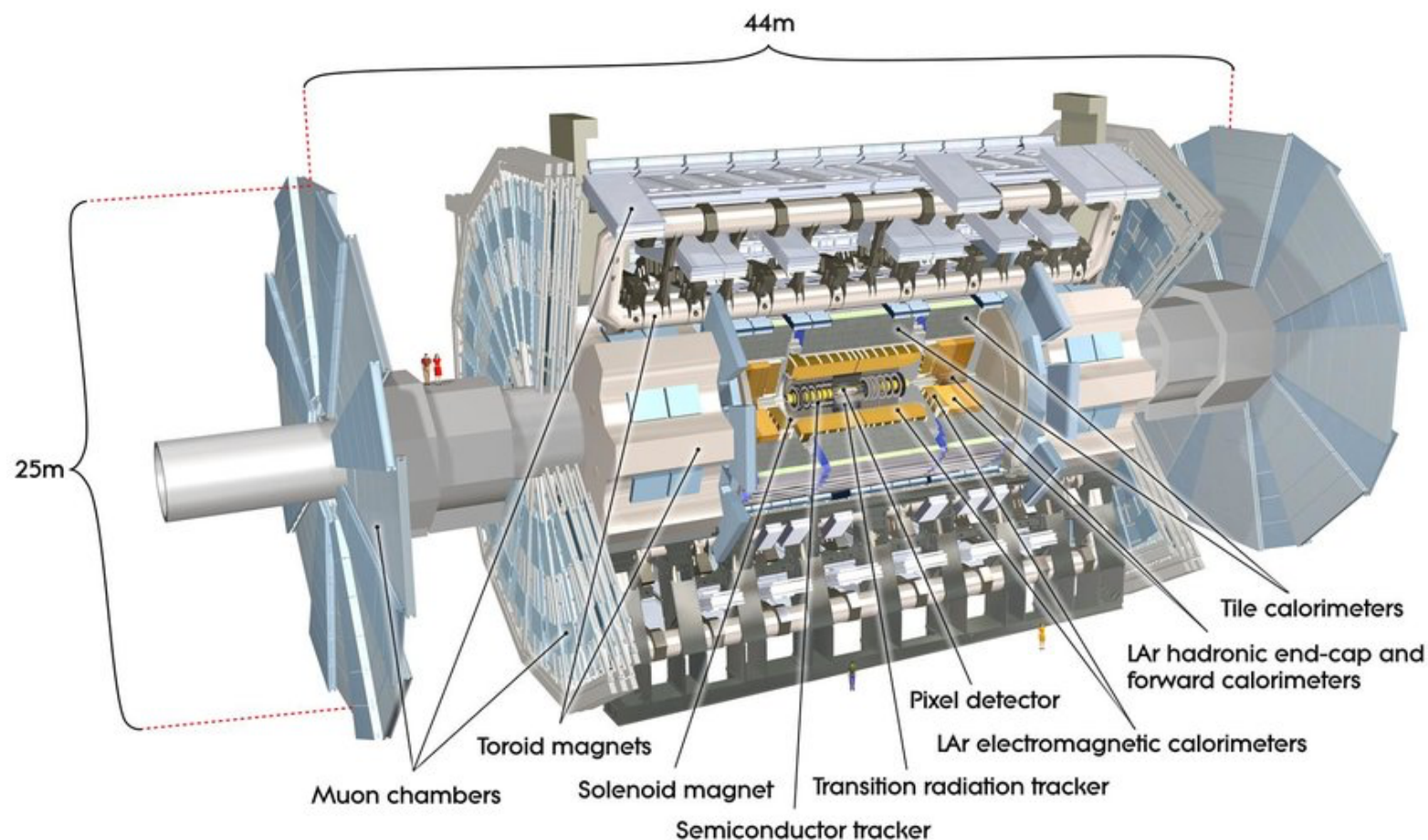




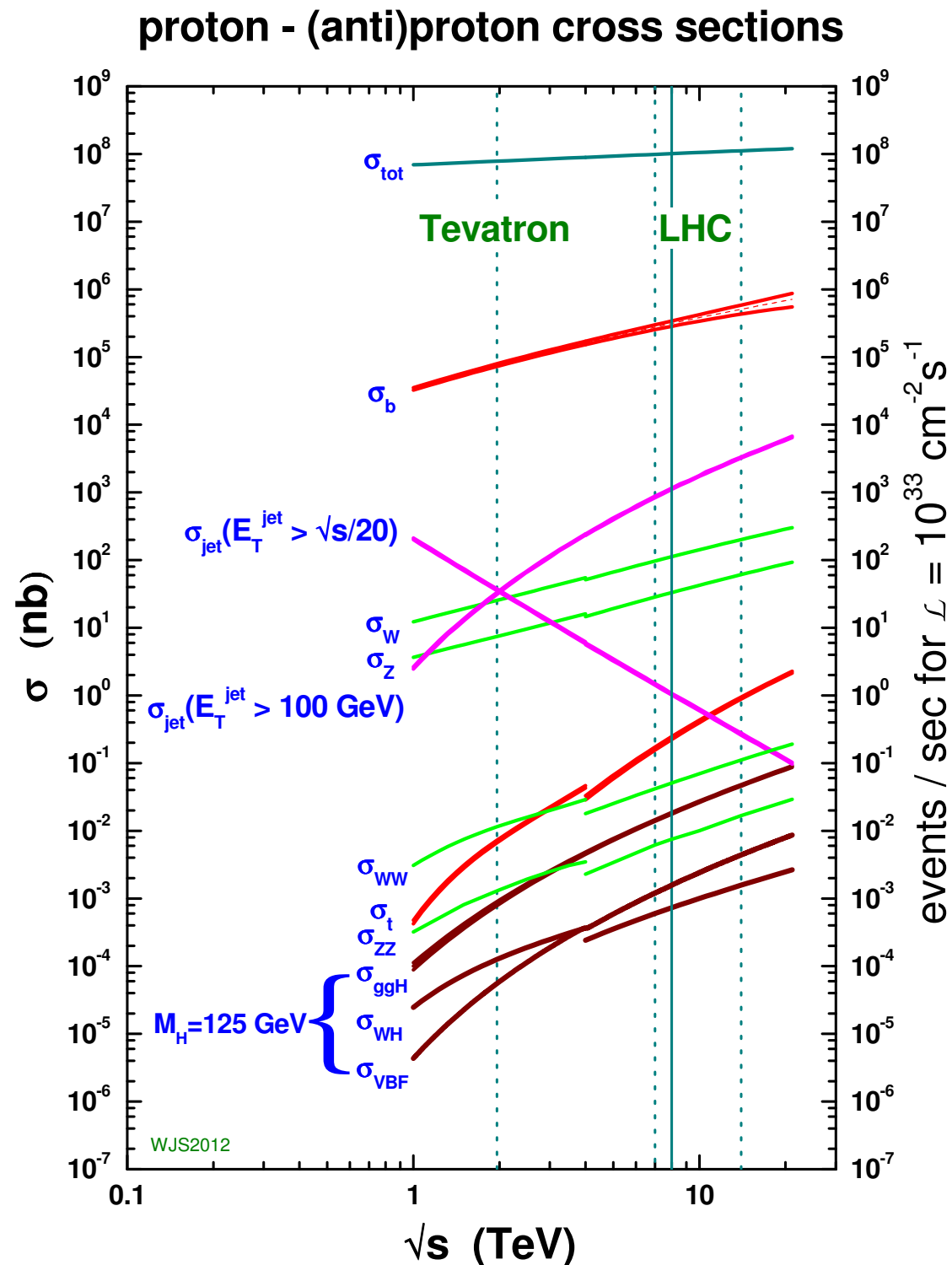
# ATLAS detector

Few key ingredients for searching for  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ :

- high **b-tagging efficiency** from the tracker;
- good **energy resolution** from the calorimeters.

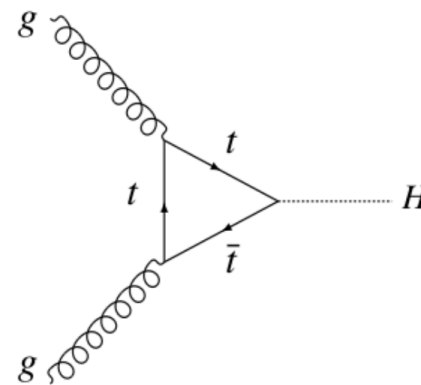


# Higgs production at the LHC (@13TeV)



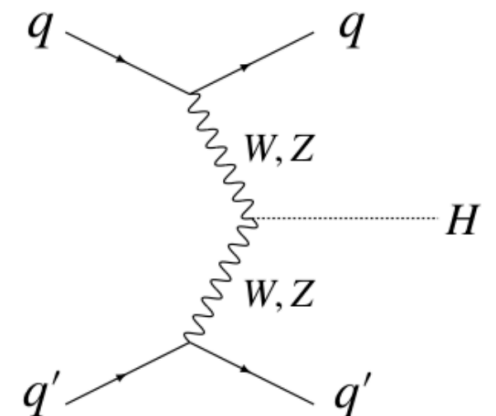
Source: W.J. Stirling

## Gluon fusion ( $\sigma_{ggF} = 43.9 \text{ pb}$ )



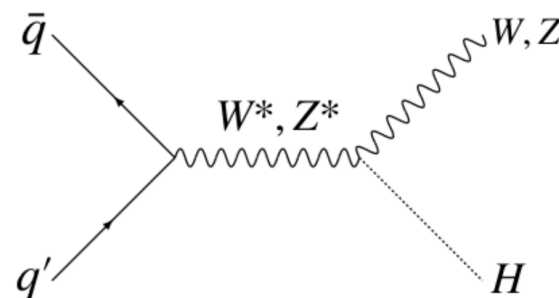
Only for the boosted regime.

## Vector boson fusion ( $\sigma_{VBF} = 3.75 \text{ pb}$ )



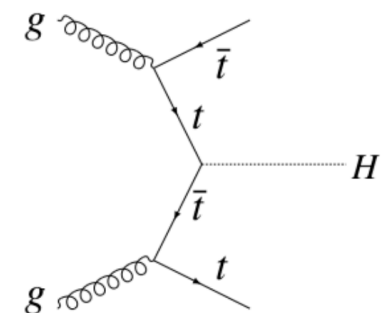
Searched with an associated  $\gamma$ .

## Associate production with a vector boson ( $\sigma_{WH} = 1.38 \text{ pb}$ , $\sigma_{ZH} = 0.870 \text{ pb}$ )



Most sensitive production  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ .

## Associate production with a top pair ( $\sigma_{ZH} = 0.509 \text{ pb}$ )

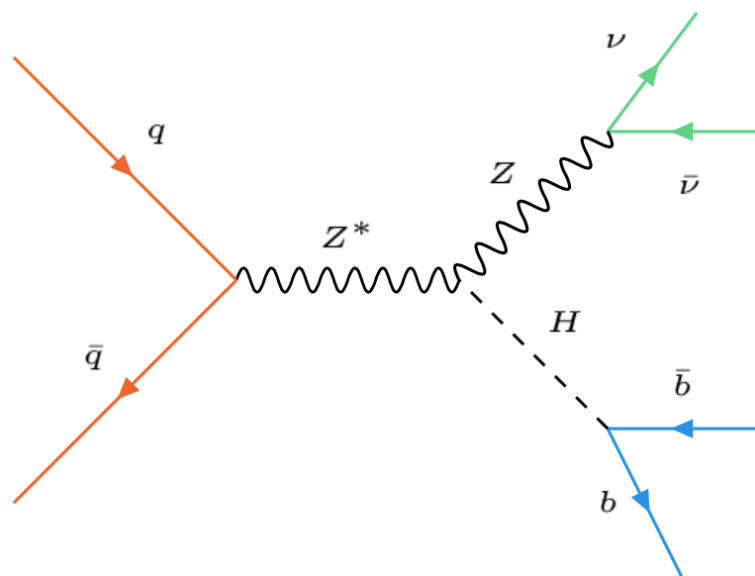


Small cross-section.

# Search for $VH \rightarrow bb$

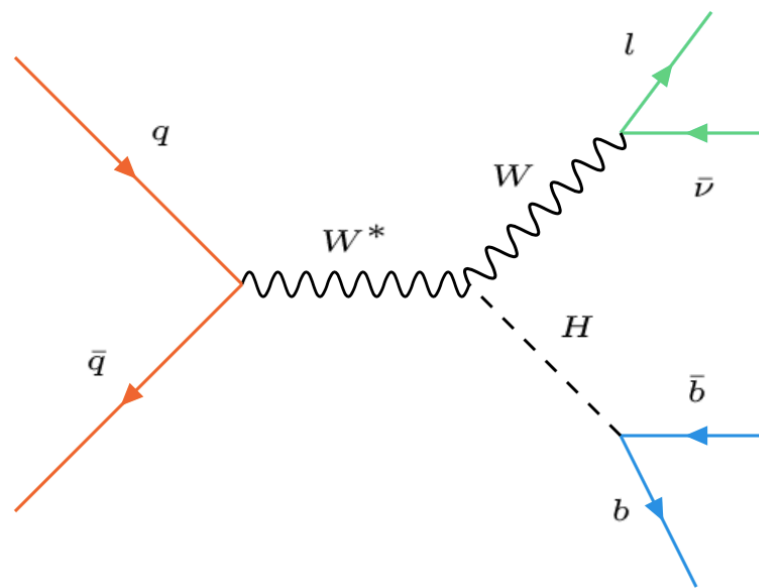
- 2  $b$ -jets per event.
- 0 or 1 + more additional jets.
- 3 decay channels according to the number of charged leptons (0, 1, 2).

## 0-Lepton



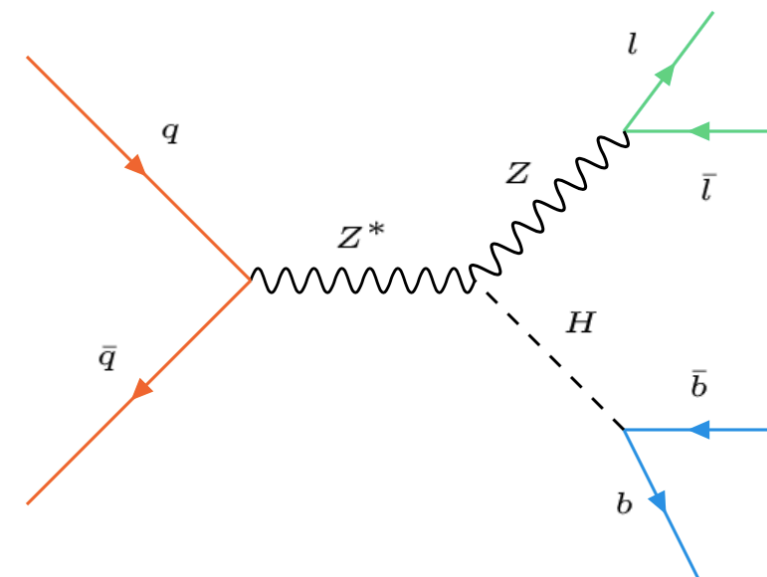
- Target: mainly  $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$  but also  $W \rightarrow l\nu$
- $E_{T}^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
- Lepton veto
- Reconstructed  $E_{T}^{\text{miss}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$

## 1-Lepton



- Target: mainly  $W \rightarrow l\nu$
- Lepton or  $E_{T}^{\text{miss}}$  trigger
- $p_{T}^{\text{Lep}} > 25 \text{ (27) GeV}$  for  $\mu$  (e)
- $p_{T}^W > 150 \text{ GeV}$

## 2-Lepton



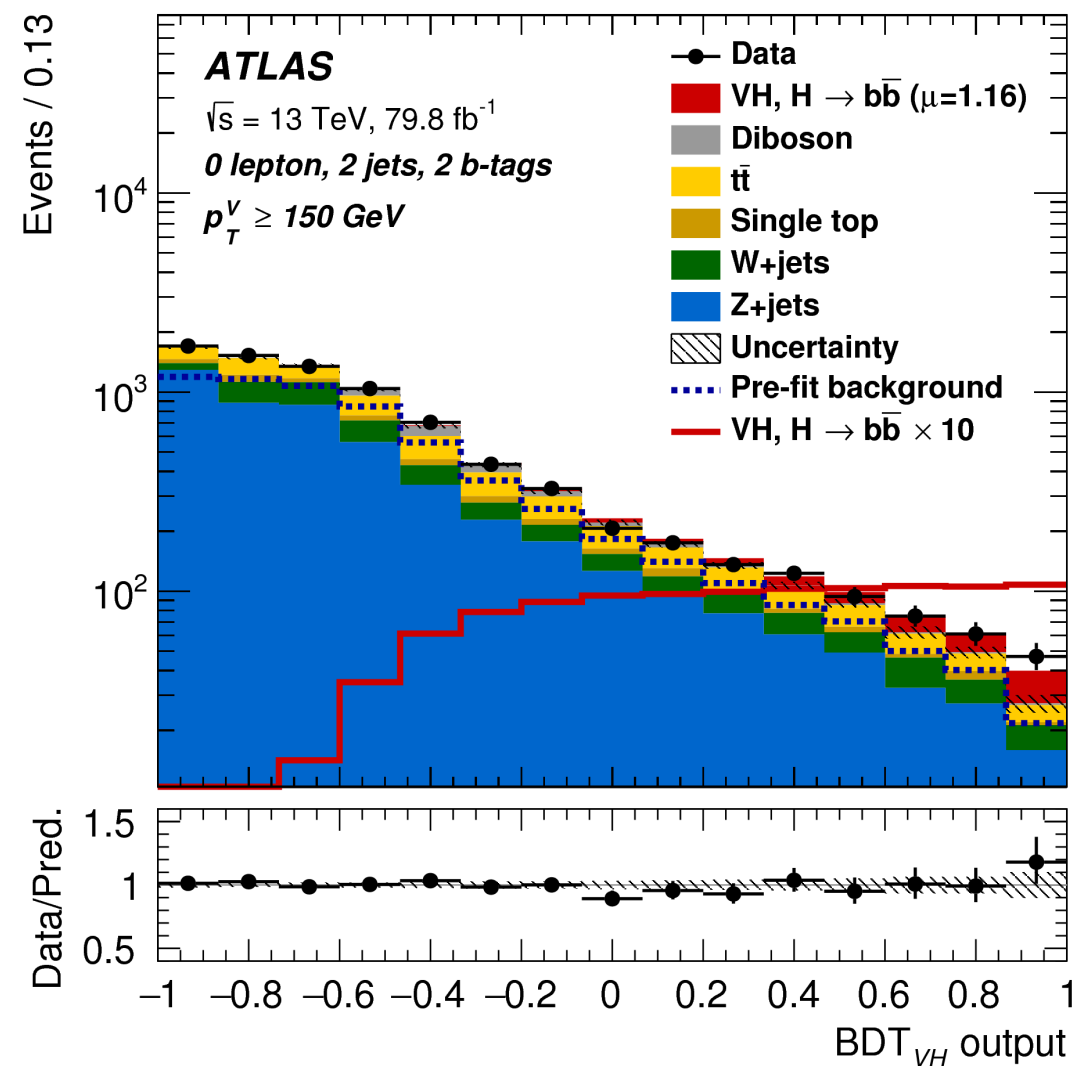
- Target: mainly  $Z \rightarrow ll$
- Single lepton triggers
- 2 lep same flav, opp charge in  $\mu\mu$  ch
- $p_{T}^Z > 75 \text{ GeV}$

# Multivariate analysis

Several discriminating variables ( $m_{bb}$ ,  $dR_{bb}$ ,  $p_T^V$ ..) to discriminate between signal and background:

1. construct BDTs to improve sensitivity;
2. perform separate trainings for each signal region;
3. use a binned maximum likelihood fit to extract the signal strength ( $\mu$ ).

Variable	0-lepton	1-lepton	2-lepton
$p_T^V \equiv E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\equiv E_T^{\text{miss}}$	×	×
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	×	×	
$p_T^{b_1}$	×	×	×
$p_T^{b_2}$	×	×	×
$m_{bb}$	×	×	×
$\Delta R(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2)$	×	×	×
$ \Delta\eta(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2) $	×		
$\Delta\phi(\vec{V}, \vec{bb})$	×	×	×
$ \Delta\eta(\vec{V}, \vec{bb}) $			×
$m_{\text{eff}}$	×		
$\min[\Delta\phi(\vec{\ell}, \vec{b})]$		×	
$m_T^W$		×	
$m_{\ell\ell}$			×
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/\sqrt{S_T}$			×
$m_{\text{top}}$		×	
$ \Delta Y(\vec{V}, \vec{bb}) $		×	
Only in 3-jet events			
$p_T^{\text{jet}_3}$	×	×	×
$m_{bbj}$	×	×	×



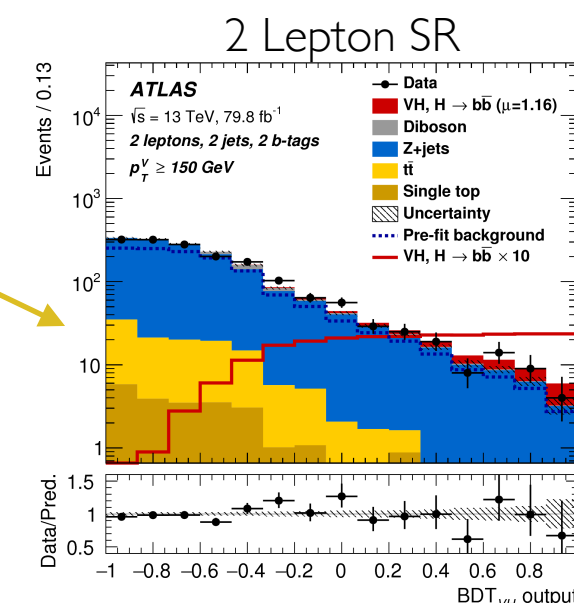
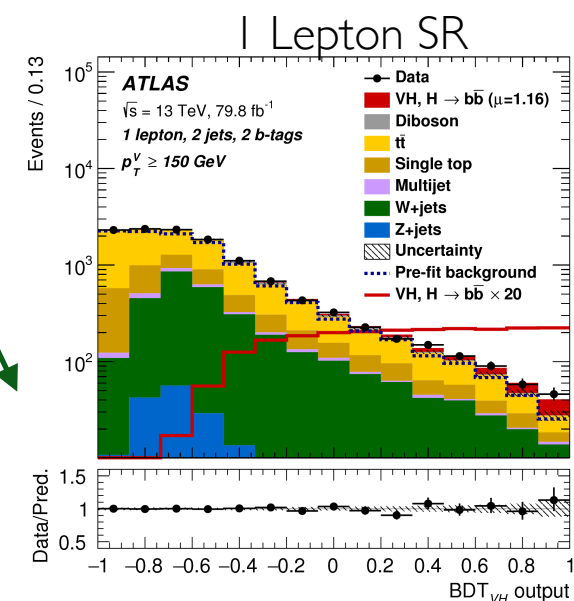
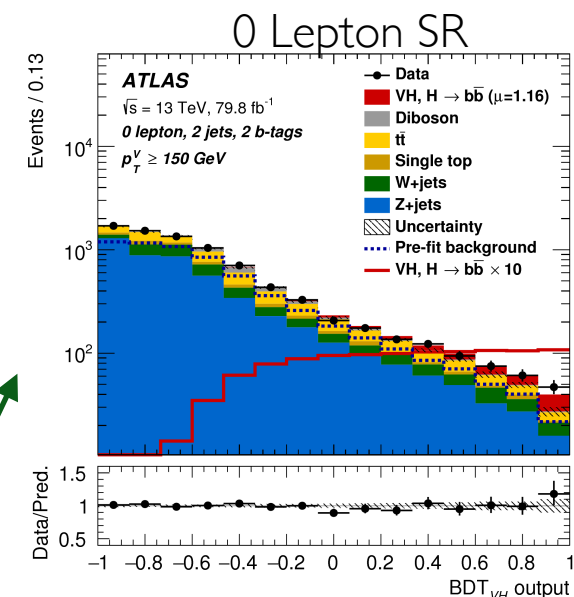
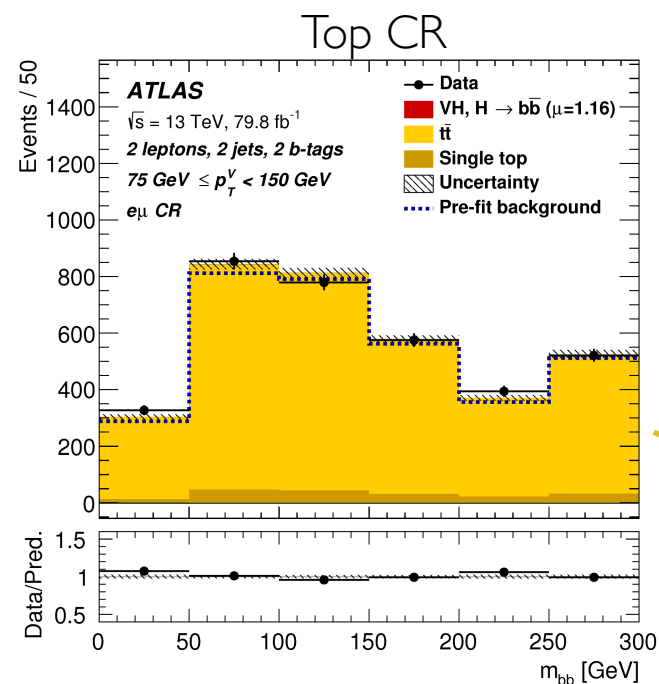
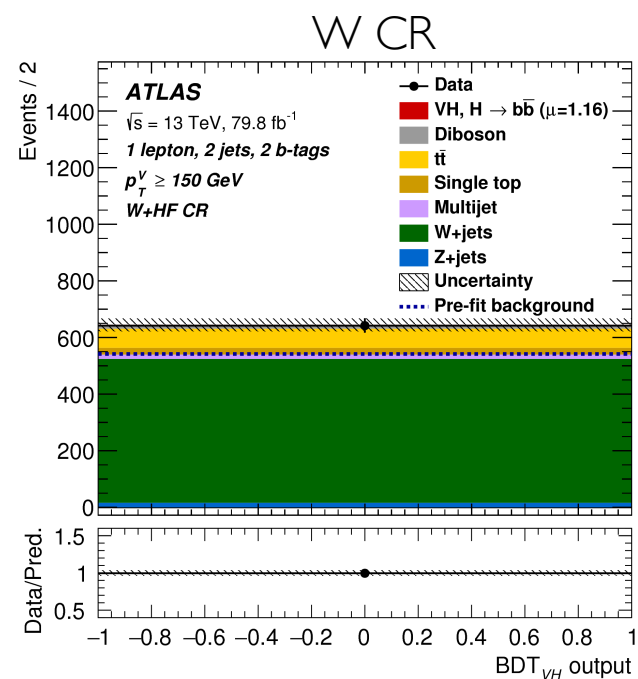


# Profile likelihood fit

- Simultaneous fit of 14 analysis regions:

	0-Lepton	1-Lepton	2-Leptons	
	$p_T^V > 150$ GeV	$p_T^V > 150$ GeV	$75 < p_T^V < 150$ GeV	$p_T^V > 150$ GeV
2 jet	SR	SR	SR	SR
3(+) jet	SR	SR	SR	SR
2 jet		W CR	Top CR	Top CR
3(+) jet		W CR	Top CR	Top CR

- Top CR  $e\mu$  events.
- W CR ( $m_{bb} < 75$  GeV,  $m_{Top} < 225$  GeV).
- In 0-Lep channel:
  - Z estimated with 2-Lep channel;
  - Top estimated with 1-Lep channel.



# VH → bb results

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- Measured signal strength ( $\mu$ ) for  $VH \rightarrow bb$  with 79.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data:

$$\mu_{VH}^{b\bar{b}} = \frac{\sigma_{obs}}{\sigma_{SM}} = 1.16^{+0.27}_{-0.25}$$

Phys. Lett. B 786  
(2018) 59

- Observed significance 4.9 $\sigma$  (expected 4.3 $\sigma$ ).
- Contributions for the individual lepton channels:

Signal strength	Signal strength	$p_0$		Significance	
		Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.
0-lepton	$1.04^{+0.34}_{-0.32}$	$9.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	3.1	3.3
1-lepton	$1.09^{+0.46}_{-0.42}$	$8.7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$4.9 \cdot 10^{-3}$	2.4	2.6
2-lepton	$1.38^{+0.46}_{-0.42}$	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$3.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	2.6	3.4
$VH, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ combination	$1.16^{+0.27}_{-0.25}$	$7.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$5.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	4.3	4.9

# Systematic uncertainties

Analysis limited by  
**systematic uncertainties**

Flavour-tagging  
calibrations

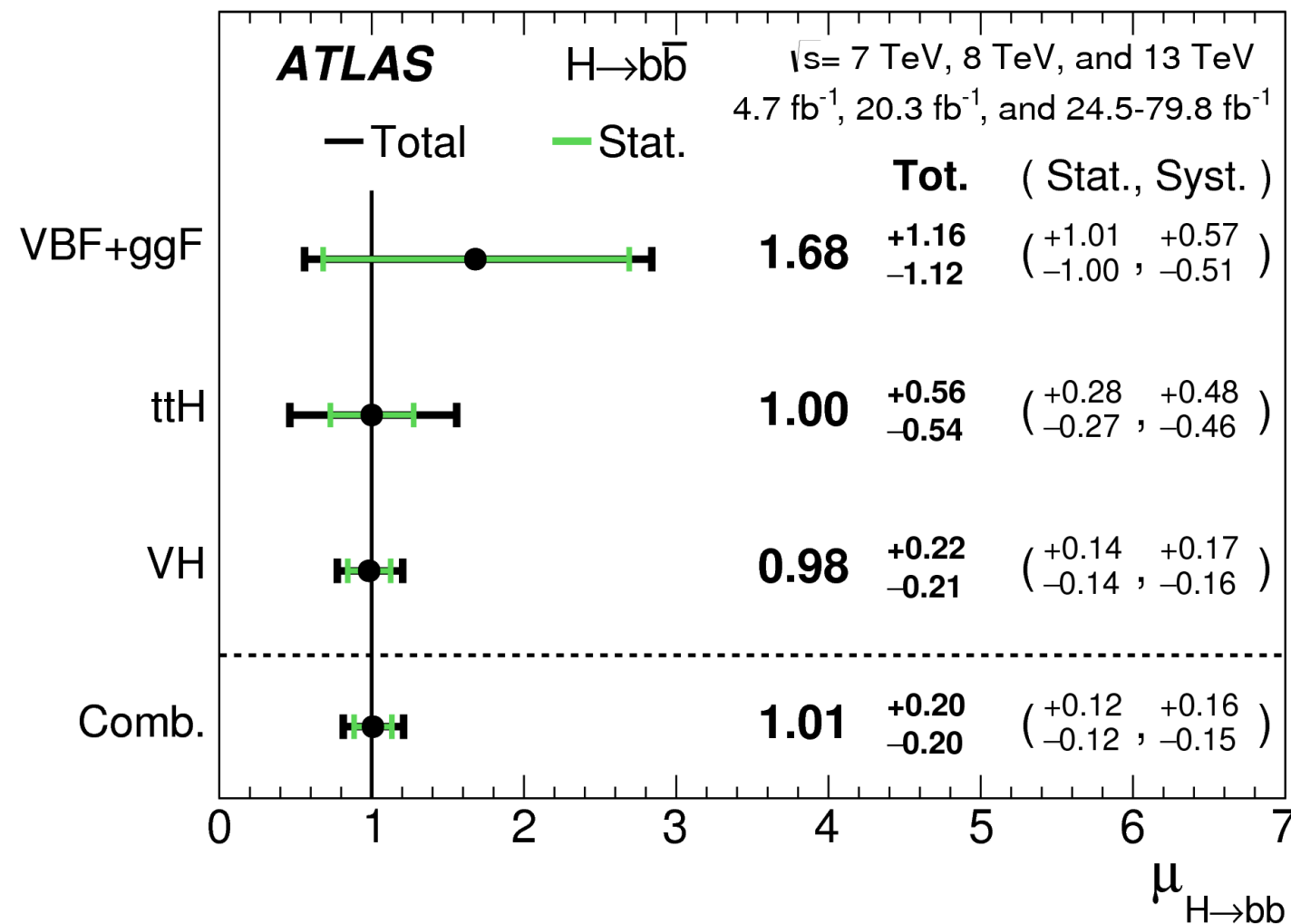
Signal and Background  
modelling

Limited MC statistics

Source of uncertainty		$\sigma_\mu$
Total		0.259
Statistical		0.161
Systematic		0.203
Experimental uncertainties		
Jets		0.035
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$		0.014
Leptons		0.009
$b$ -tagging	$b$ -jets	0.061
	$c$ -jets	0.042
	light-flavour jets	0.009
	extrapolation	0.008
Pile-up		0.007
Luminosity		0.023
Theoretical and modelling uncertainties		
Signal		0.094
Floating normalisations		0.035
$Z$ + jets		0.055
$W$ + jets		0.060
$t\bar{t}$		0.050
Single top quark		0.028
Diboson		0.054
Multi-jet		0.005
MC statistical		0.070

# H → bb combination

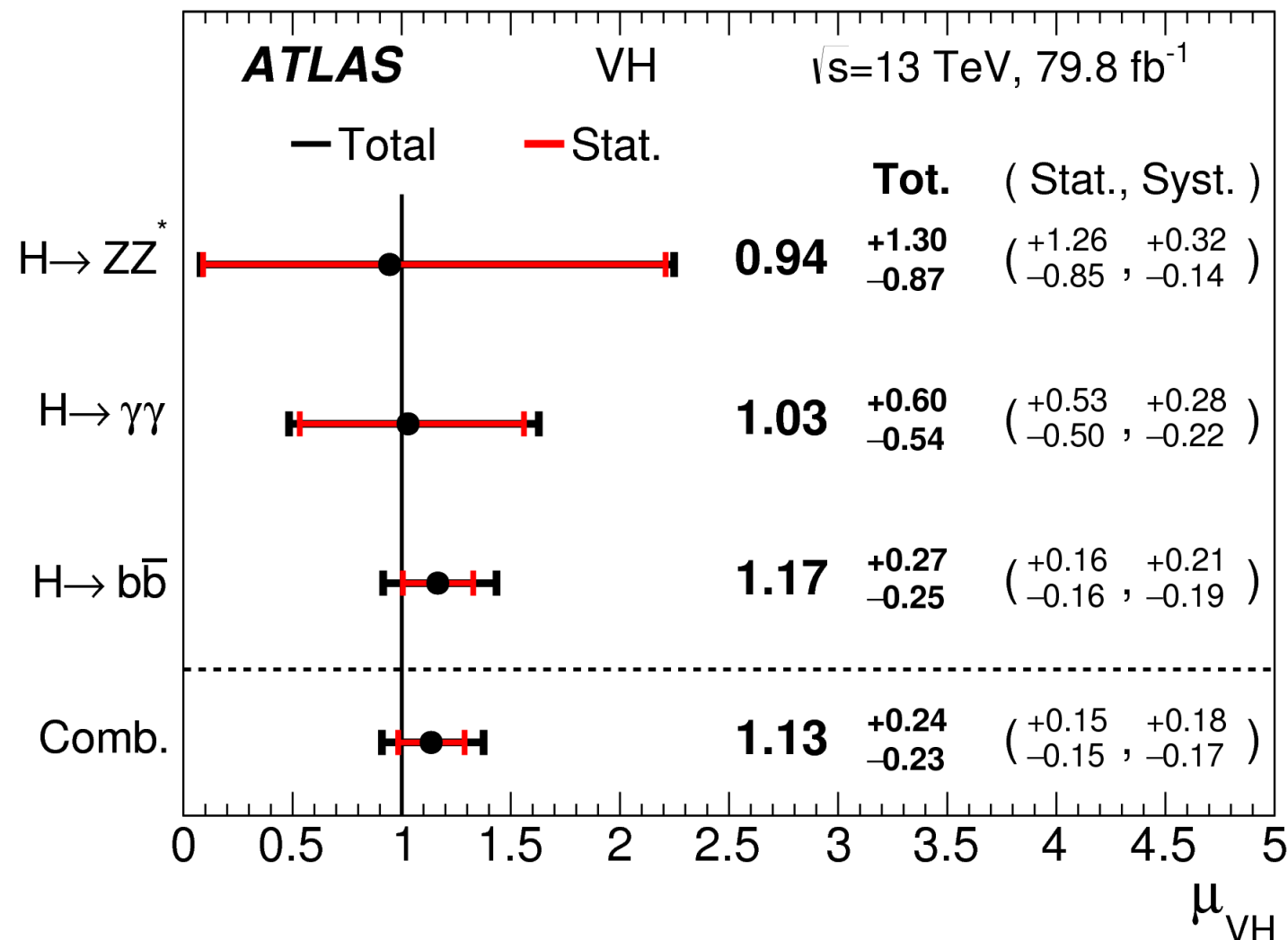
- The VH, VBF+ggF and ttH analysis of Run-1 and Run-2 have been combined:



- The result is the **observation** of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decays at  $5.4\sigma$  ( $5.5\sigma$  expected).

# VH production

- The Run-2 VH results have been combined:



Leading sensitivity  
from  $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

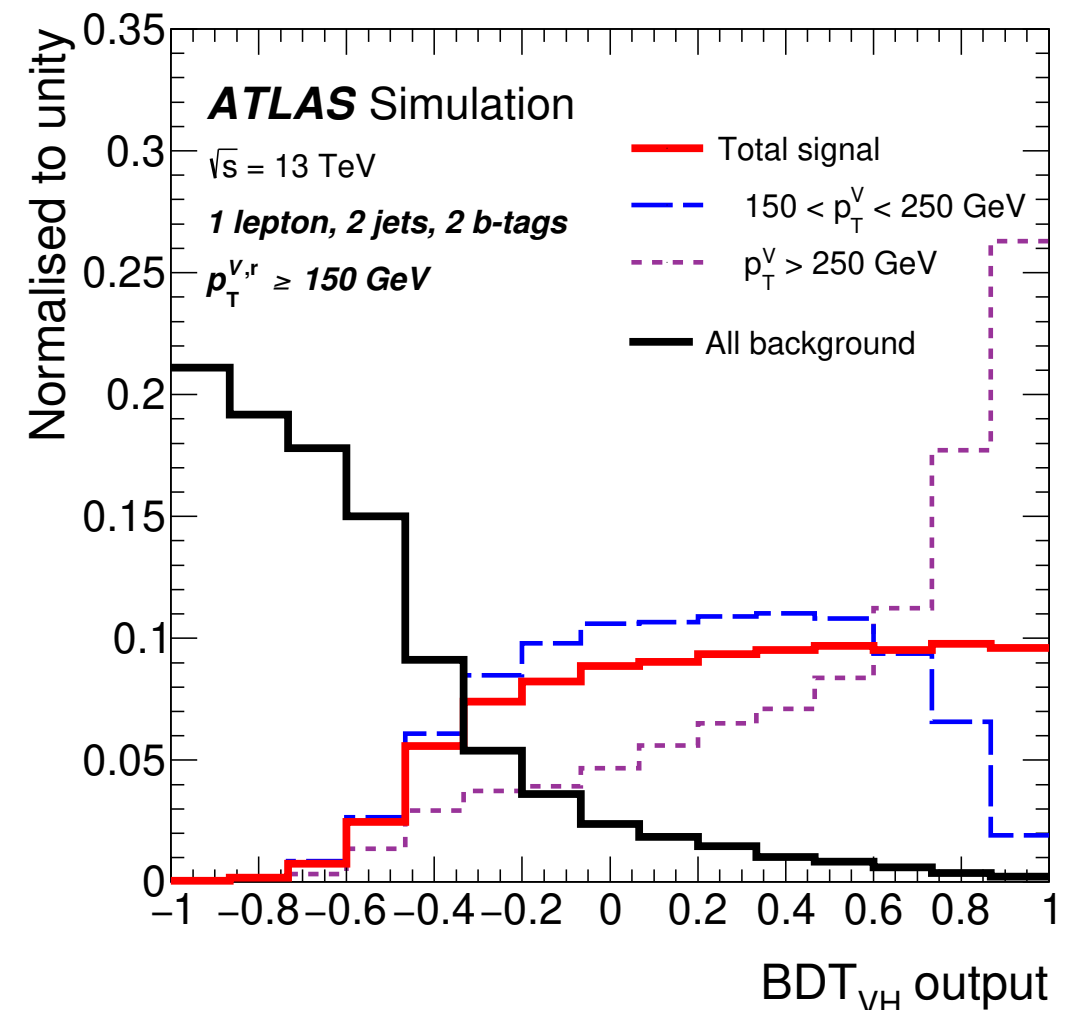
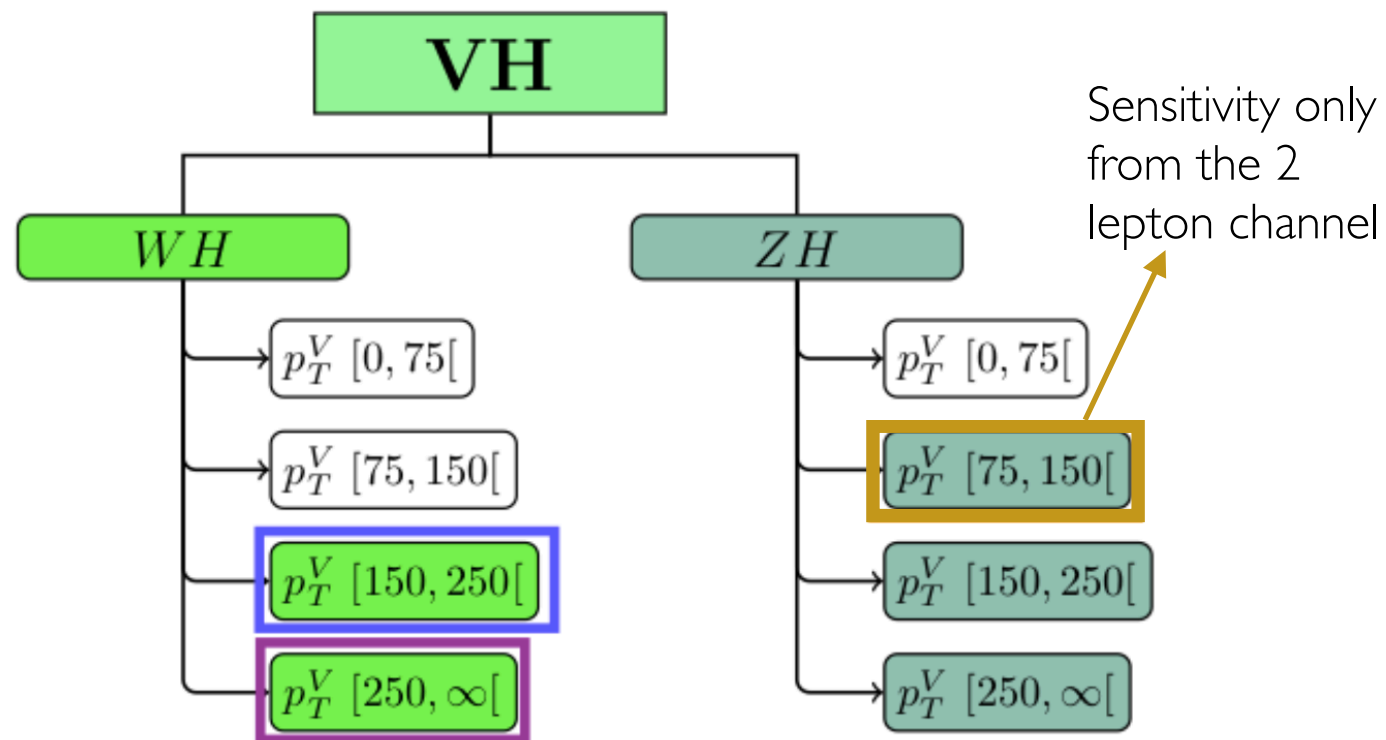
- The result is the **observation** of VH production at  $5.3\sigma$  ( $4.8\sigma$  expected).



# **Measurement of the $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ production as a function of the vector-boson transfer momentum**

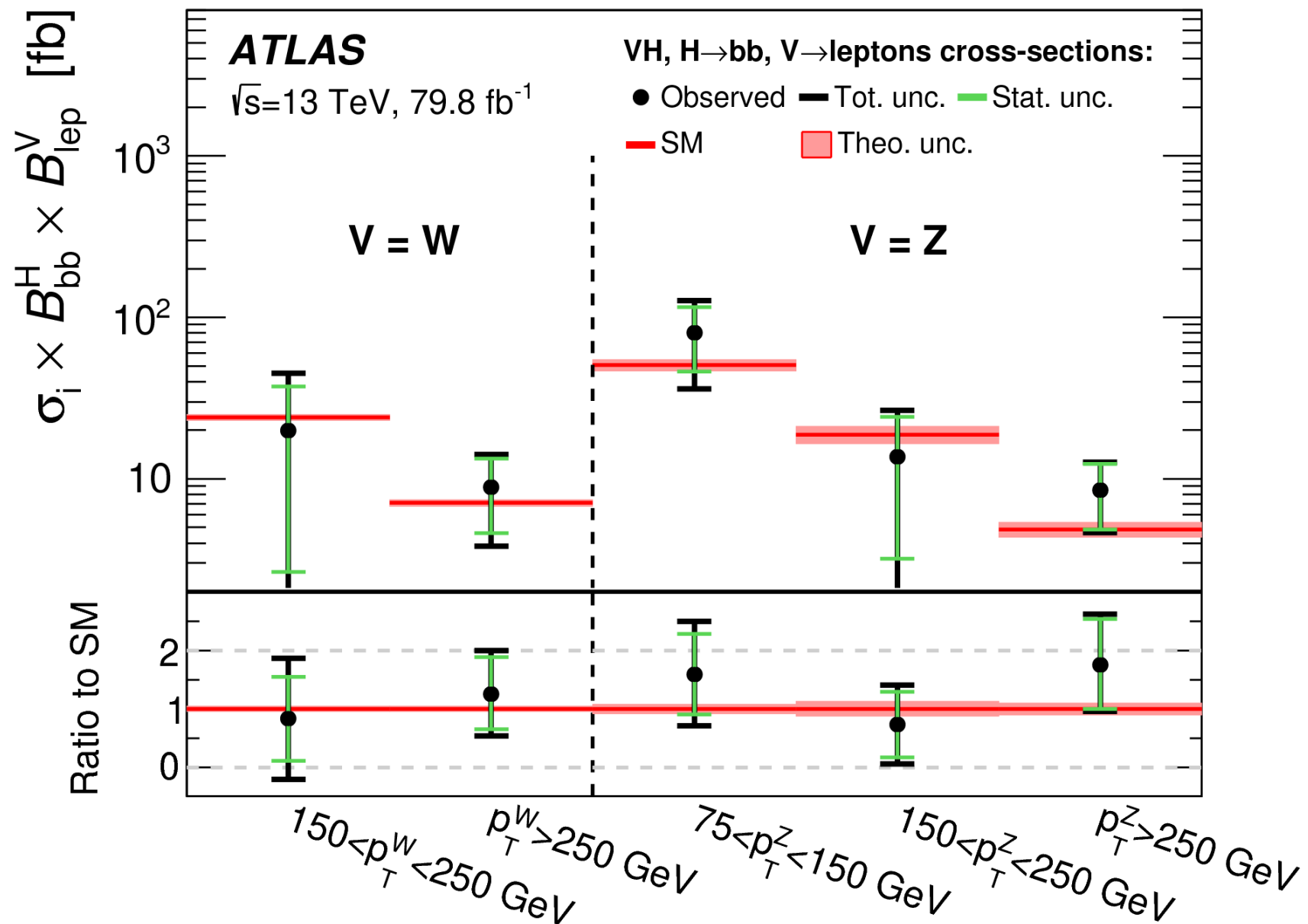
# $VH \rightarrow bb$ differential measurement

- After the observation of the  $VH$  production: differential measurement.
- Definition of five **fiducial differential cross section regions** (STXS framework) according to  $p_T$  of the  $W/Z$  boson:



- Analysis strategy kept the same as the “observation analysis” (event selection, MVA training..)
- $p_T^V$  regions potentially sensitive to **BSM** physics.

# Measured cross-sections

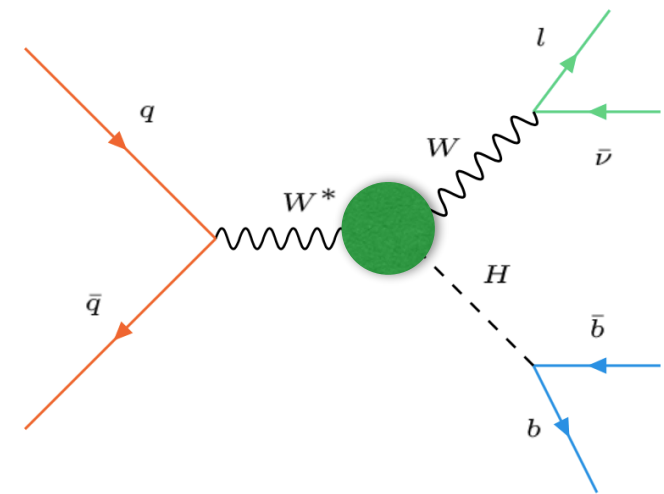


Results compatible with the Standard Model

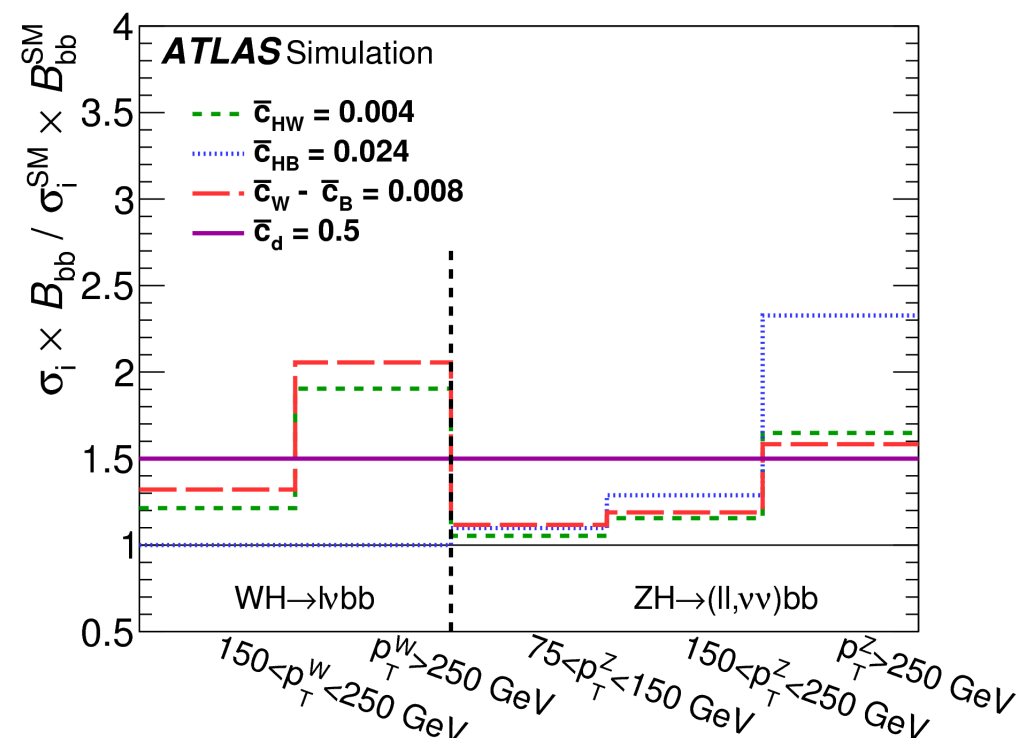
# Effective Field Theories

- The SM Lagrangian can be expanded with an Effective Field Theory parametrisation:

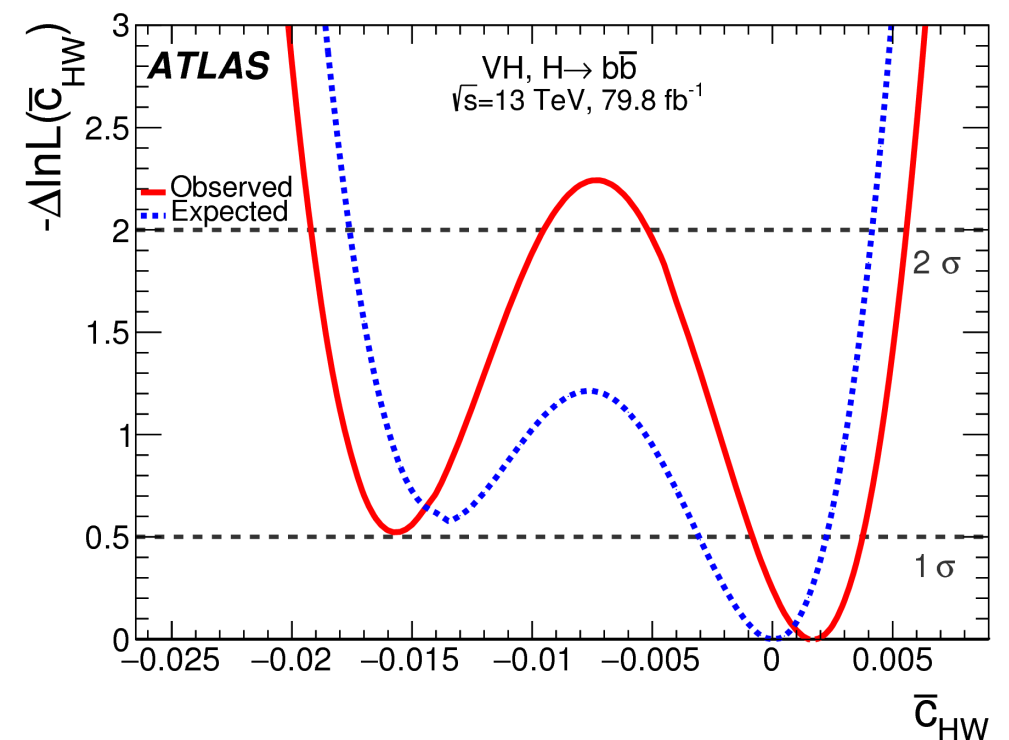
$$\mathcal{L}_{EFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_i c_i^{(6)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} / \Lambda^2$$



- The cross-sections measured are particularly sensitive to these new **coefficients**:



- 1-D fits of the coefficients have been performed (e.g.  $C_{HW}$ ):

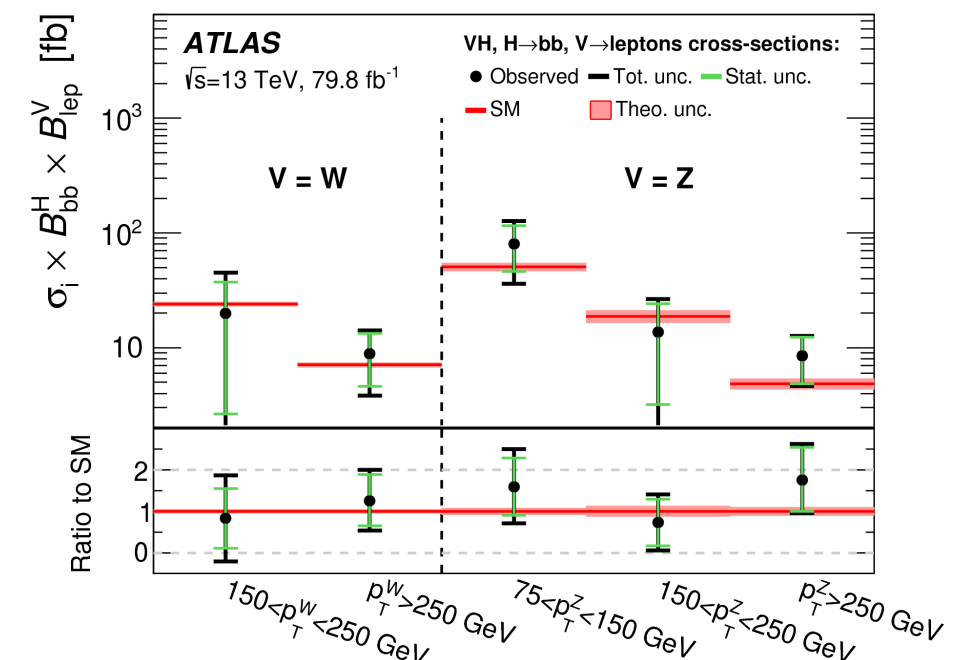
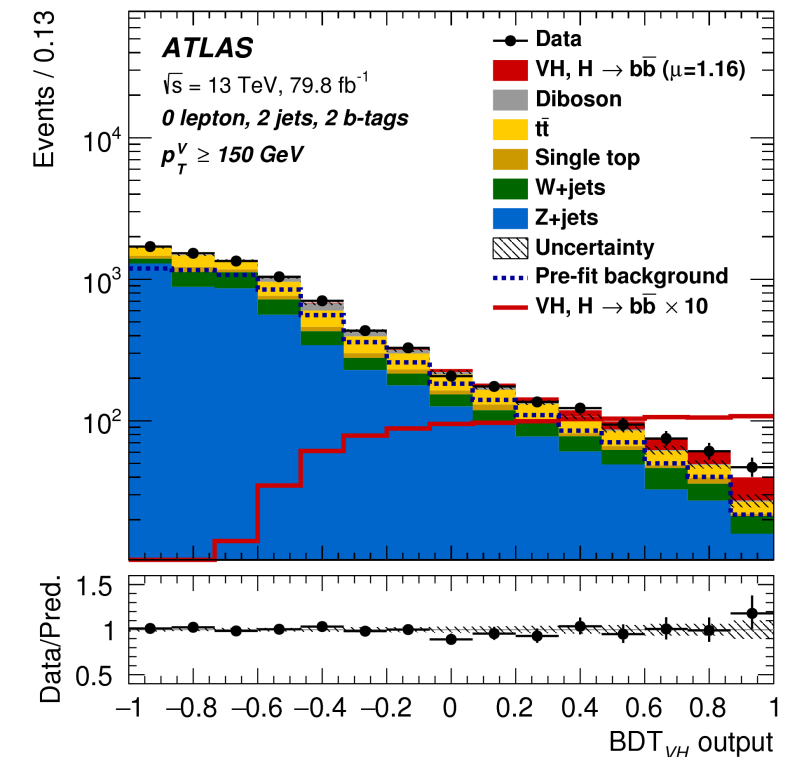


# Conclusions

- $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  decays at  $5.4\sigma$  ( $5.5\sigma$  expected) have been **observed** with the ATLAS detector:

$$\mu_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}} = \frac{\sigma_{obs}}{\sigma_{SM}} = 1.01^{+0.20}_{-0.20}$$

- First  $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  **differential cross-section measurement** has been performed.
- All the measurements are consistent with the Standard Model.





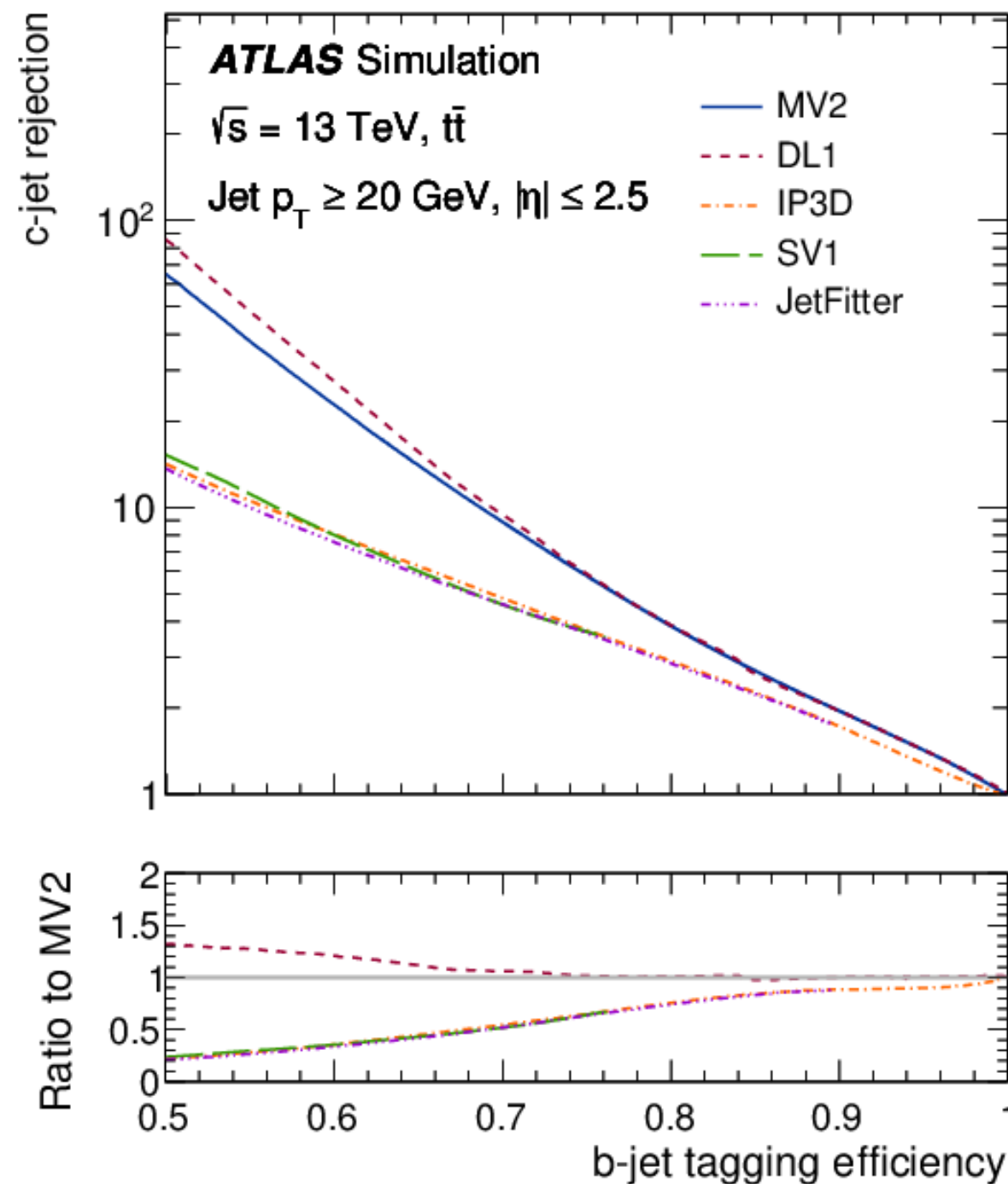
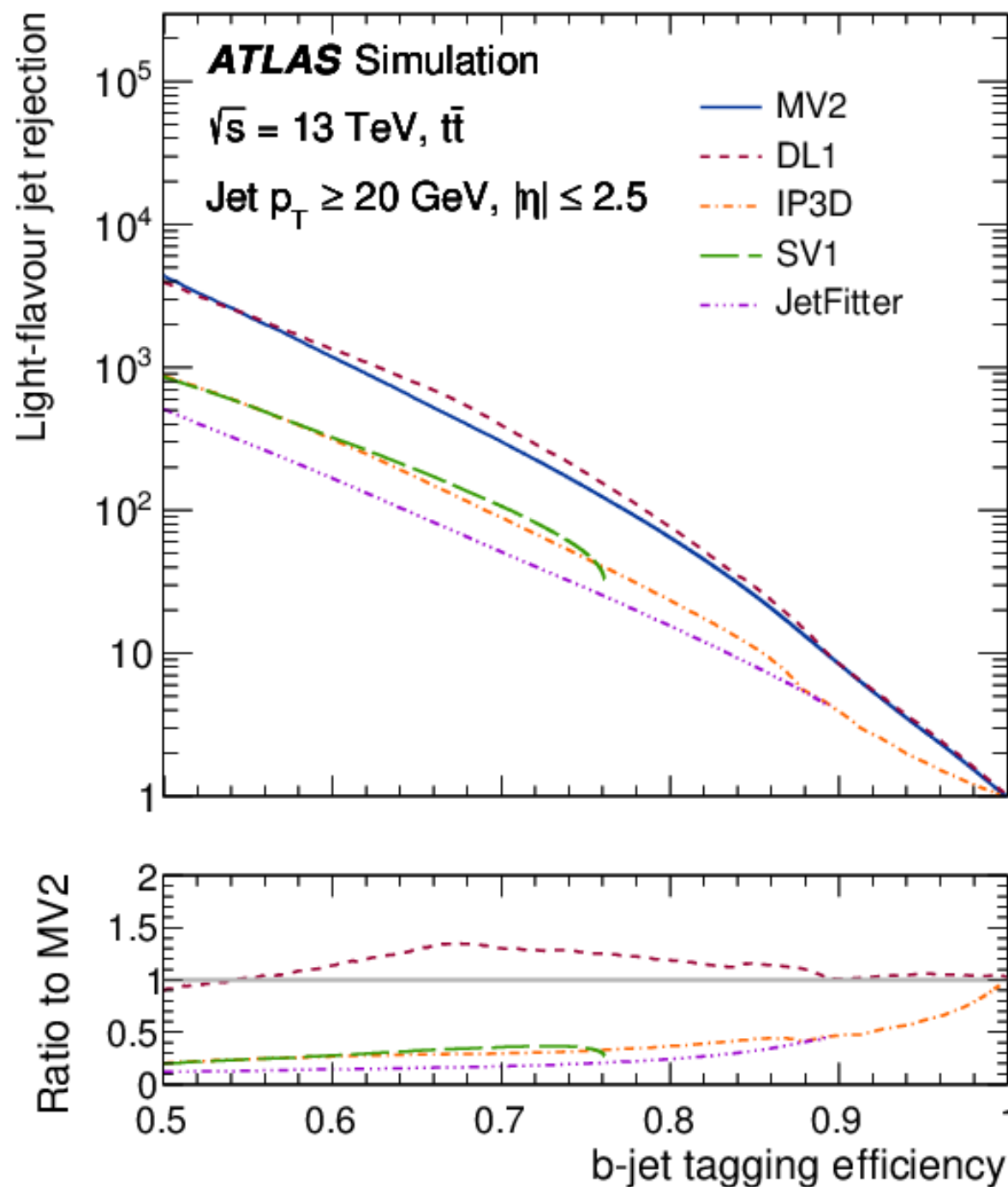
**Thank you for your attention**

# Backup

# Detailed Event Selection

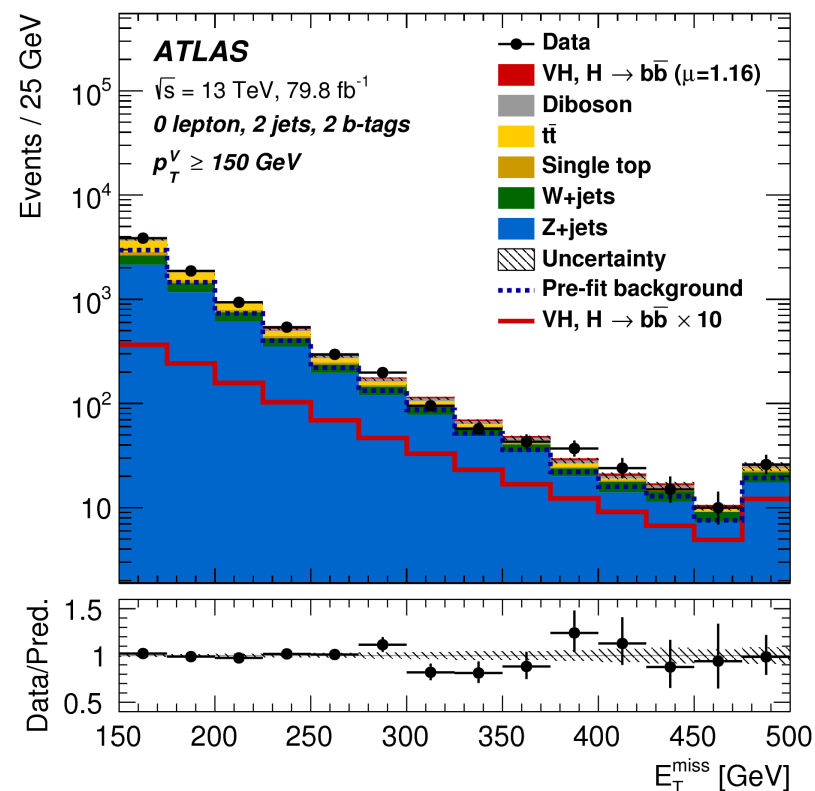
Selection	0-lepton	1-lepton		2-lepton
		<i>e</i> sub-channel	$\mu$ sub-channel	
Trigger	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	Single lepton	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	Single lepton
Leptons	0 <i>loose</i> leptons with $p_T > 7$ GeV	1 <i>tight</i> electron $p_T > 27$ GeV	1 <i>tight</i> muon $p_T > 25$ GeV	2 <i>loose</i> leptons with $p_T > 7$ GeV $\geq 1$ lepton with $p_T > 27$ GeV
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$> 150$ GeV	$> 30$ GeV	–	–
$m_{\ell\ell}$	–	–	–	$81 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 101 \text{ GeV}$
Jets	Exactly 2 / Exactly 3 jets			Exactly 2 / $\geq 3$ jets
Jet $p_T$	$> 20$ GeV for $ \eta  < 2.5$ $> 30$ GeV for $2.5 <  \eta  < 4.5$			
<i>b</i> -jets	Exactly 2 <i>b</i> -tagged jets			
Leading <i>b</i> -tagged jet $p_T$	$> 45$ GeV			
$H_T$	$> 120$ GeV (2 jets), $> 150$ GeV (3 jets)			–
$\min[\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{\text{jets}})]$	$> 20^\circ$ (2 jets), $> 30^\circ$ (3 jets)			–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{bb})$	$> 120^\circ$			–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{b}_1, \vec{b}_2)$	$< 140^\circ$			–
$\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}, \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})$	$< 90^\circ$			–
$p_T^V$ regions	$> 150$ GeV			$75 \text{ GeV} < p_T^V < 150 \text{ GeV}, > 150 \text{ GeV}$
Signal regions	–	$m_{bb} \geq 75 \text{ GeV}$ or $m_{\text{top}} \leq 225 \text{ GeV}$		Same-flavour leptons Opposite-sign charges ( $\mu\mu$ sub-channel)
Control regions	–	$m_{bb} < 75 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{\text{top}} > 225 \text{ GeV}$		Different-flavour leptons Opposite-sign charges

# B-tagging efficiency Vs Light-/C-rejection

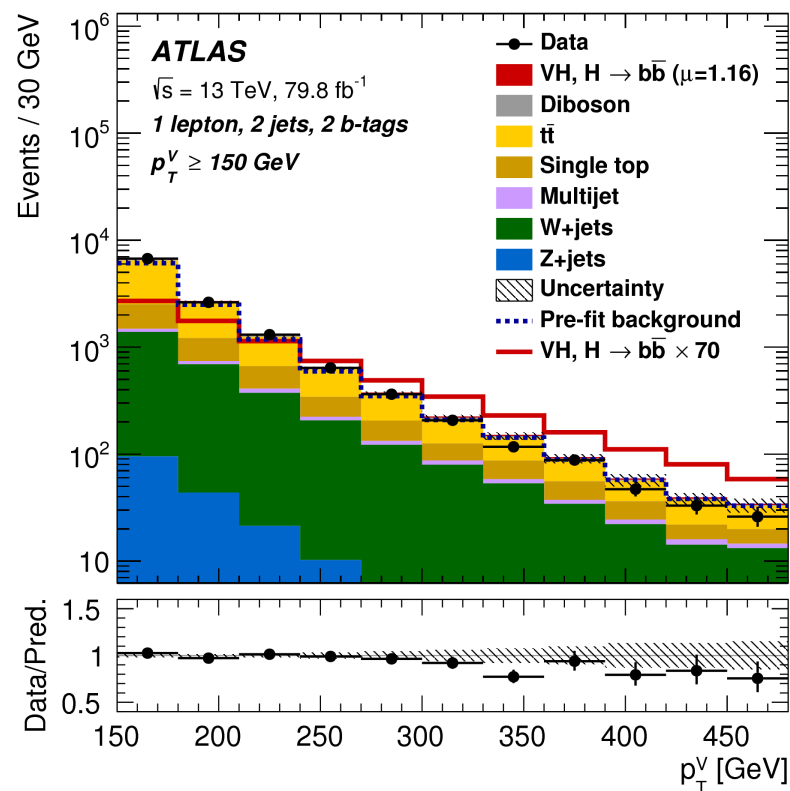


# $p_T^V$ and MET

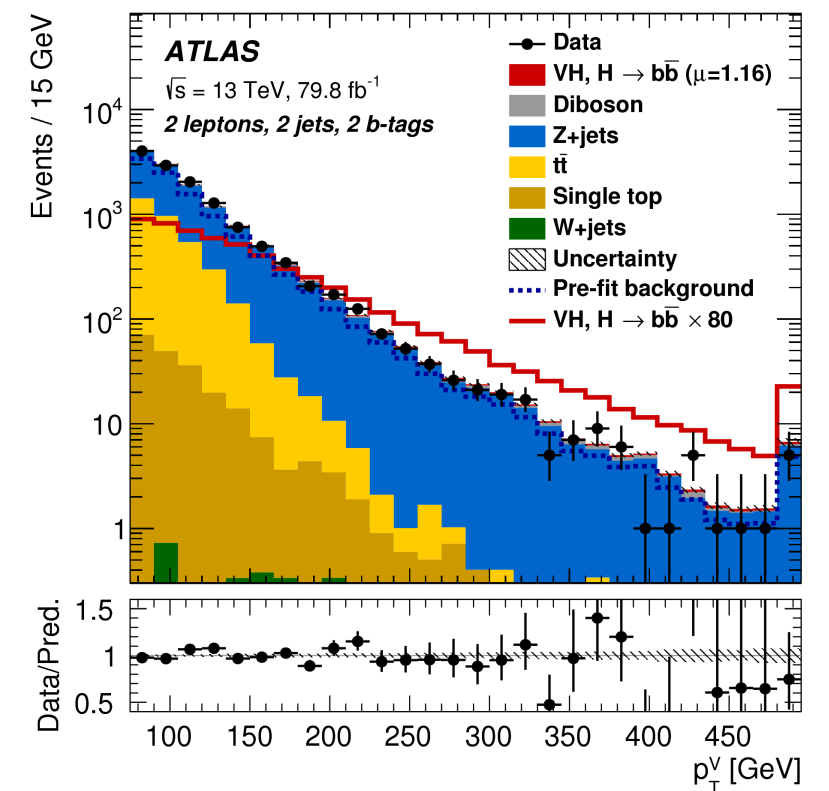
- 2 b-jets.
- *0 additional jets.*



0 Lepton Channel



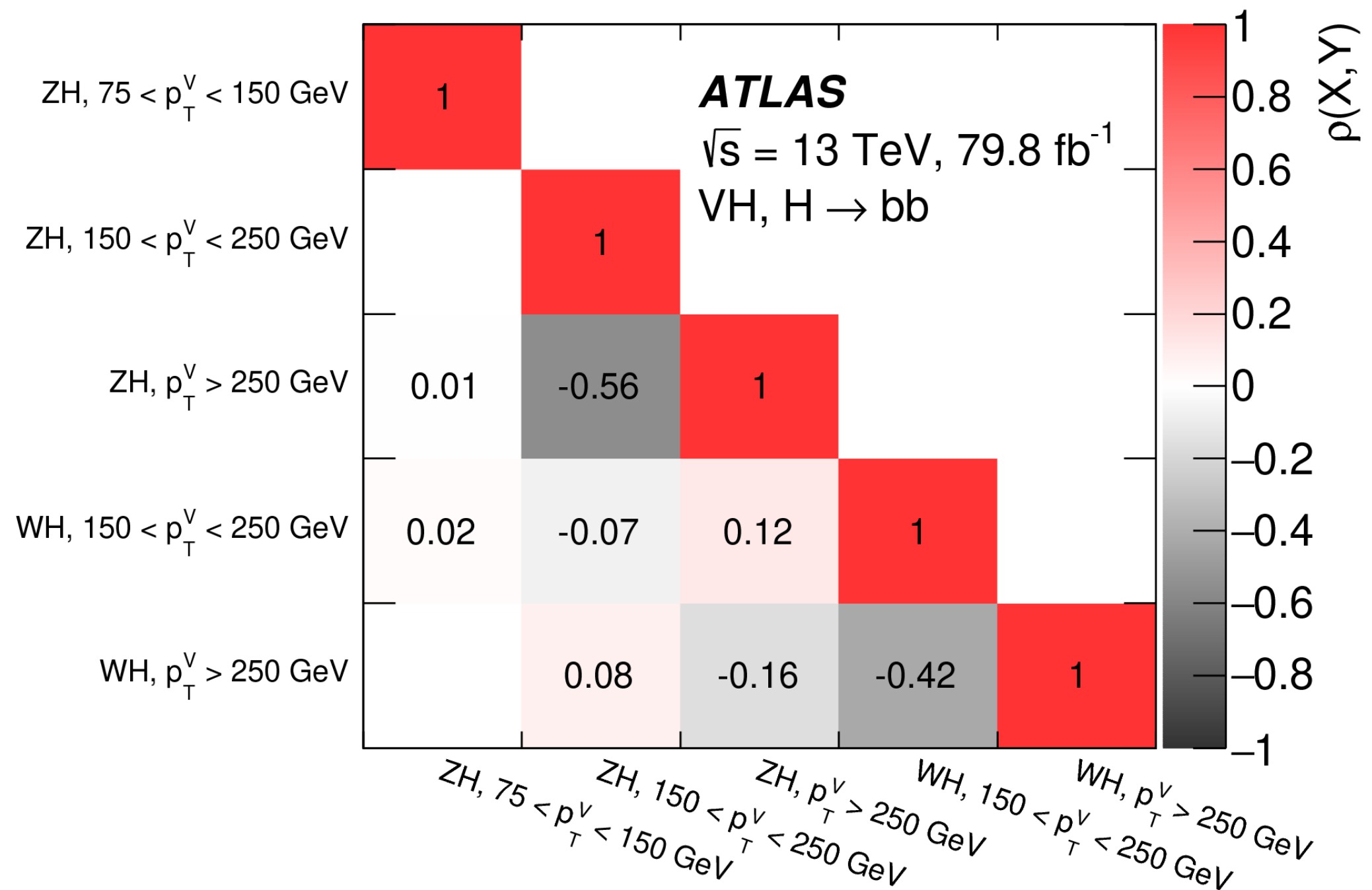
1 Lepton Channel



2 Lepton Channel



# Correlation matrix STXS fit (5 POI)



# EFT coefficients | D fits

Coefficient	Expected interval	Observed interval
Results at 68% confidence level		
$\bar{c}_{HW}$	$[-0.003, 0.002]$	$[-0.001, 0.004]$
(interference only)	$[-0.002, 0.003]$	$[-0.001, 0.005]$
$\bar{c}_{HB}$	$[-0.066, 0.013]$	$[-0.078, -0.055] \cup [0.005, 0.019]$
(interference only)	$[-0.016, 0.016]$	$[-0.005, 0.030]$
$\bar{c}_W - \bar{c}_B$	$[-0.006, 0.005]$	$[-0.002, 0.007]$
(interference only)	$[-0.005, 0.005]$	$[-0.002, 0.008]$
$\bar{c}_d$	$[-1.5, 0.3]$	$[-1.6, -0.9] \cup [-0.3, 0.4]$
(interference only)	$[-0.4, 0.4]$	$[-0.2, 0.7]$
Results at 95% confidence level		
$\bar{c}_{HW}$	$[-0.018, 0.004]$	$[-0.019, -0.010] \cup [-0.005, 0.006]$
(interference only)	$[-0.005, 0.005]$	$[-0.003, 0.008]$
$\bar{c}_{HB}$	$[-0.078, 0.024]$	$[-0.090, 0.032]$
(interference only)	$[-0.033, 0.033]$	$[-0.022, 0.049]$
$\bar{c}_W - \bar{c}_B$	$[-0.034, 0.008]$	$[-0.036, -0.024] \cup [-0.009, 0.010]$
(interference only)	$[-0.009, 0.010]$	$[-0.006, 0.014]$
$\bar{c}_d$	$[-1.7, 0.5]$	$[-1.9, 0.7]$
(interference only)	$[-0.8, 0.8]$	$[-0.6, 1.1]$