

Searches for additional charged Higgs bosons in the MSSM in ATLAS and CMS

SUSY18, Barcelona

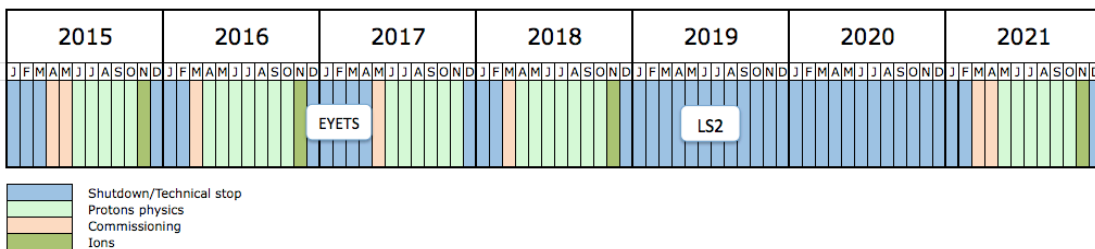
Christian Autermann,

for the ATLAS and CMS collaborations

Overview

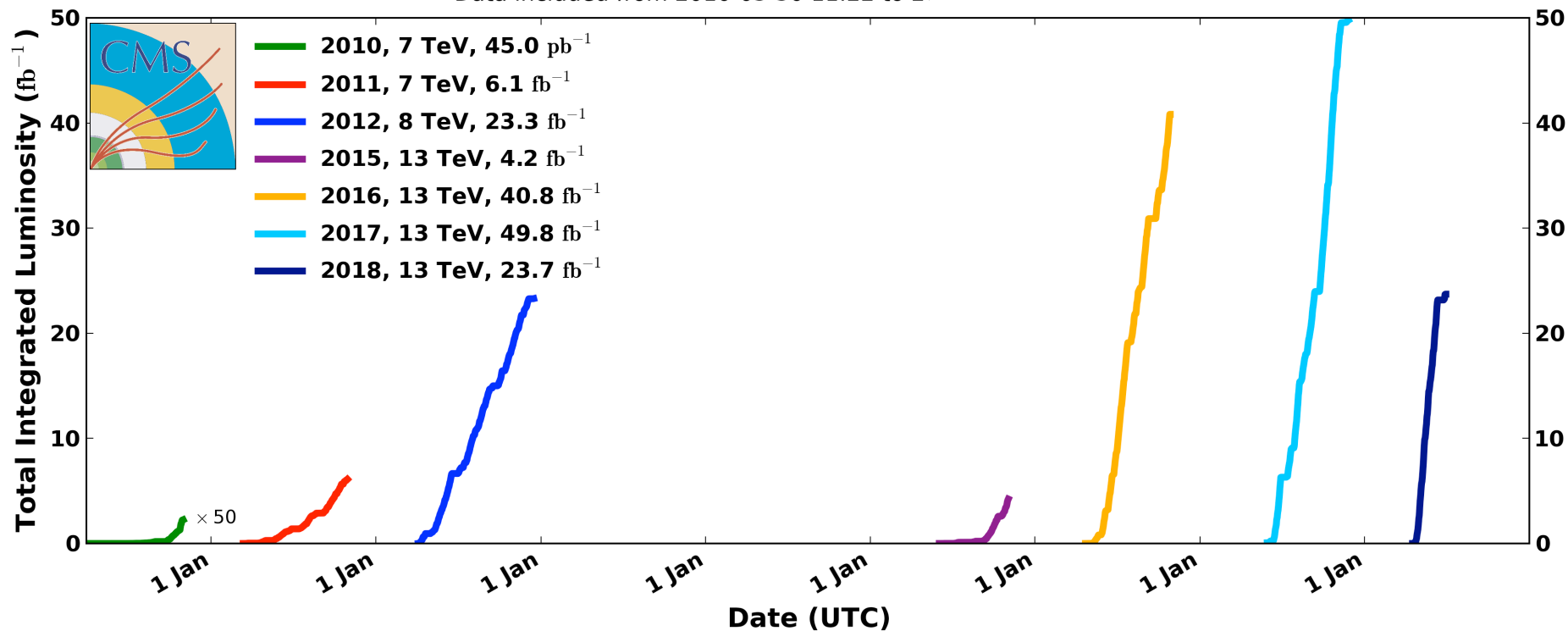
- Introduction
 - LHC data and luminosity
 - Two Higgs-doublet models
 - Higgs triplet models
- $H^+ \rightarrow tb$
- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$
- $H^+ \rightarrow WZ$
- $H^{++} \rightarrow WW, H^{++} \rightarrow l^+ l^+ l^-$
- Conclusion

Delivered luminosity

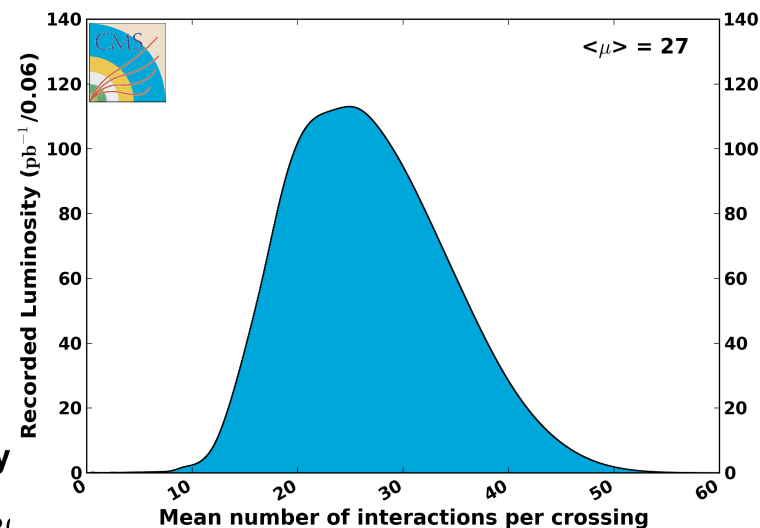


CMS Integrated Luminosity

Data included from 2010-03-30 11:22 to 2021-03-30 11:22



CMS Average Pileup, pp, 2016, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV



Introduction

- No charged fundamental scalar in the SM
- Charged Higgs bosons H^\pm :
 - e.g. MSSM
- coupling of the charged Higgs bosons to charged leptons and neutrinos
 - $\sim \cot \beta$ in Type-I 2HDM
 - $\sim \tan \beta$ in Type-II 2HDM,
 - where $\tan \beta$ is the ratio of the vacuum expectation values of the two Higgs boson doublets

$$H^\pm \rightarrow tb$$

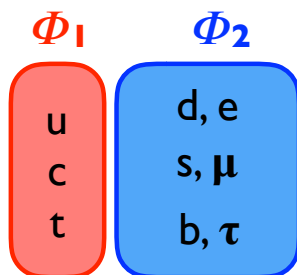
$$H^\pm \rightarrow \tau \nu$$

$$H^\pm \rightarrow WZ$$

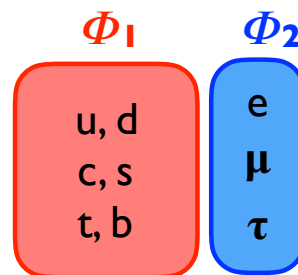
Type-I



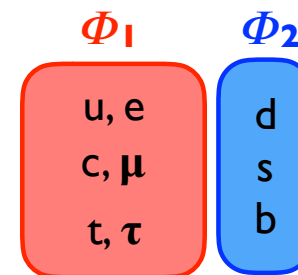
Type-II (MSSM)



Lepton-specific



Flipped

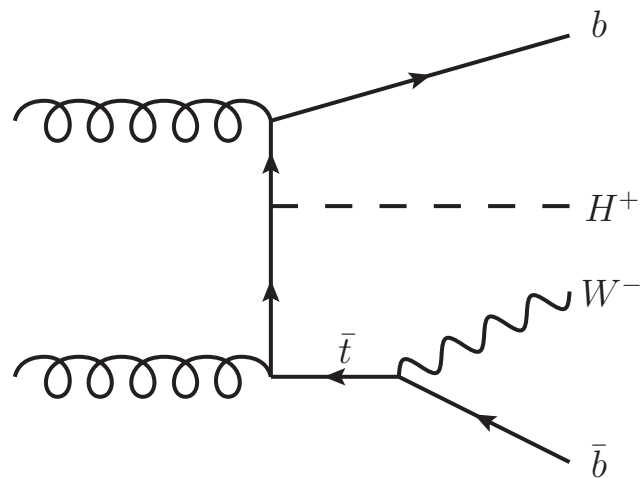


Introduction

- Doubly charged Higgs bosons H^{++} , H^{--} :
 - left-right symmetric (LRS) models,
 - Higgs triplet models,
 - the little Higgs model,
 - type-II see-saw models
 - scalar singlet dark matter,
 - Zee–Babu neutrino mass model
 - Georgi–Machacek model,
 - scalar sector of the Standard Model (SM) is extended by the addition of one complex and one real SU(2) triplet.
 - hVV (and $hhVV$) coupling enhanced compared to the SM
 - presence of additional doubly charged scalars

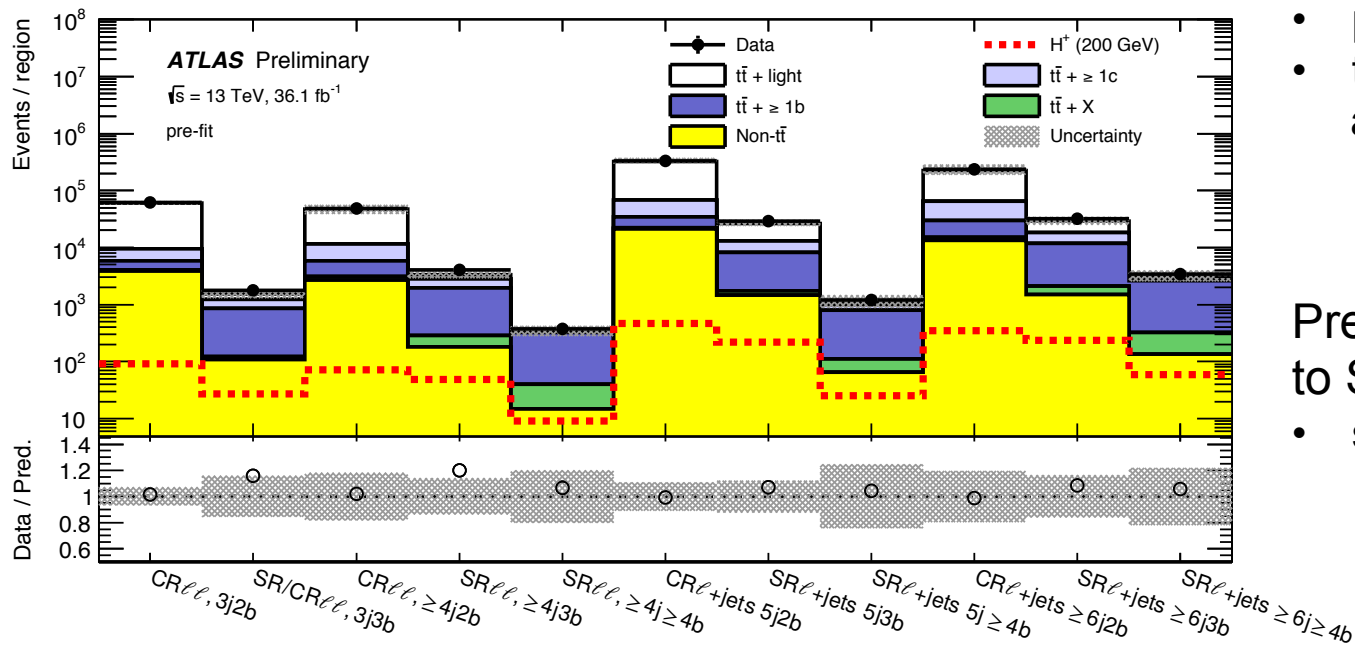
$$H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow WW$$

$$H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow l^{\pm} l^{\pm}$$

$H^+ \rightarrow tb$ 

ATLAS-HIG-17-004
to be subm. to JHEP

- dominant channel for $m(H^\pm) > m(\text{top})$
- one or two leptons (e, μ) + jets
- signal to background discrimination
 - using jet & b-tag multiplicities
 - MVA techniques (BDTs)
- limit extraction, 200 – 2000 GeV
 - simultaneous fit in signal-rich and in signal-depleted regions of BDT output dist.



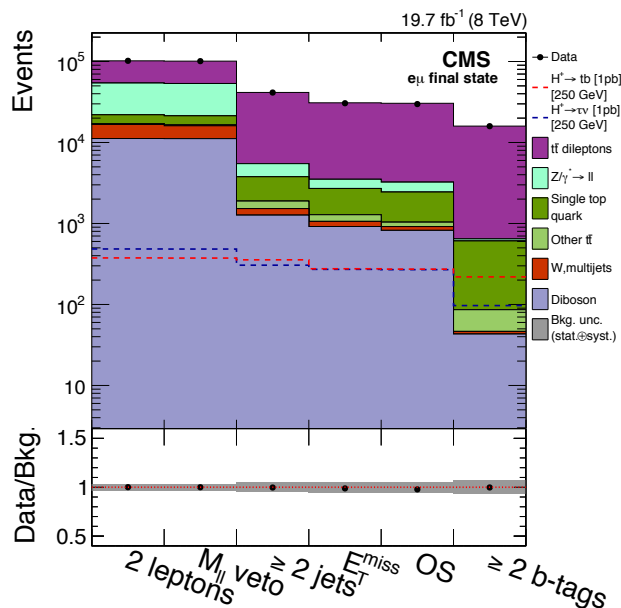
- per SR & $m(H^+)$
- $tt + \geq 1b$, $tt + \geq 1c$ allowed to float

Pre-fit comparison of data to SM expectation

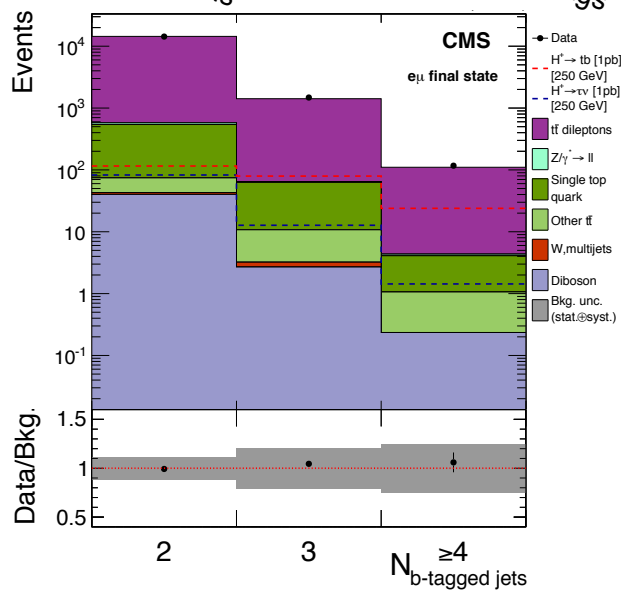
- signal and control regions

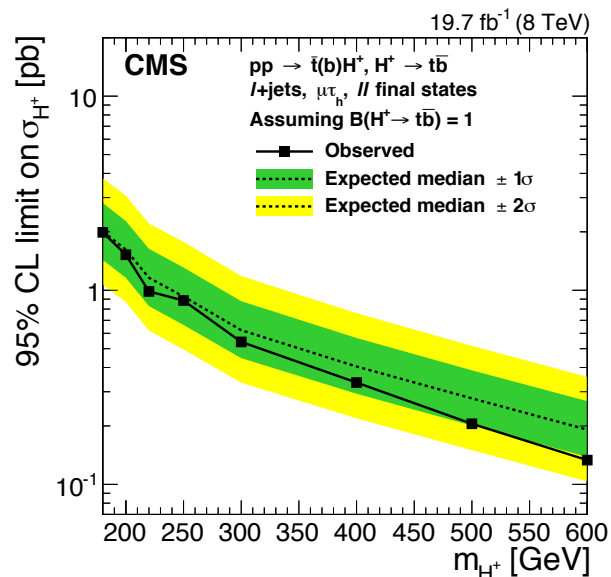
$H^+ \rightarrow tb$

CMS-HIG-14-023
[*JHEP* 11 \(2015\) 018](#)

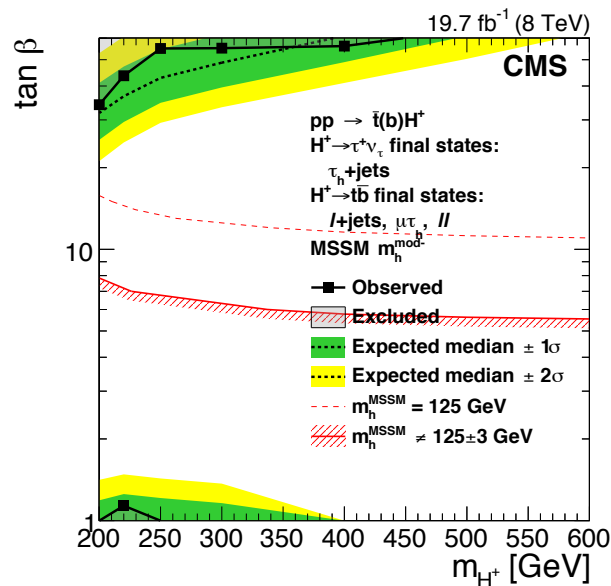
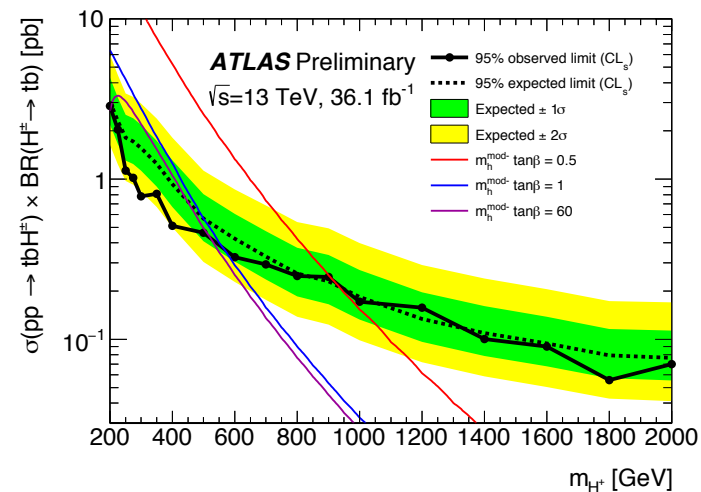


- Legacy Run I result
 - still competitive limits with 8 TeV, 19.7 fb⁻¹
 - individual analyses – final states
 - l +jets : single-lepton trigger (e, μ)
 - $\tau^h + \mu$: single- μ trigger
 - ll : $ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$ trigger
- statistically combined to final result
- Run II searches with higher statistics
 - better handle of systematics



$H^+ \rightarrow tb$ 

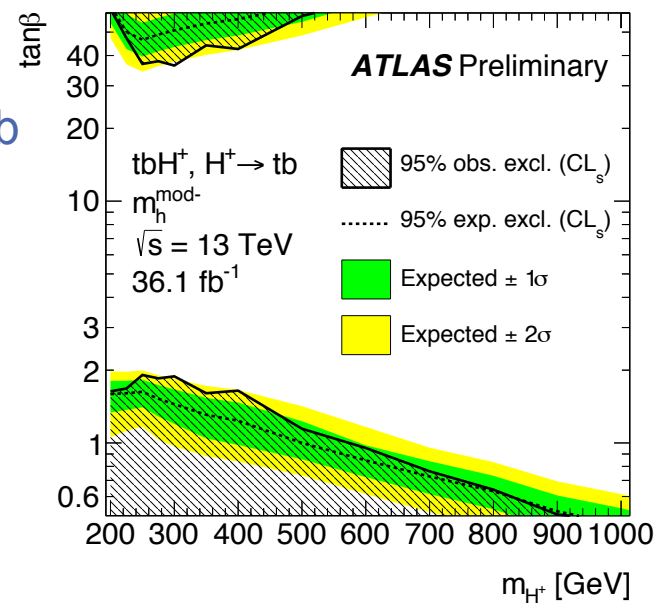
Model independent cross
section limit



$H^+ \rightarrow tb$
 $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$

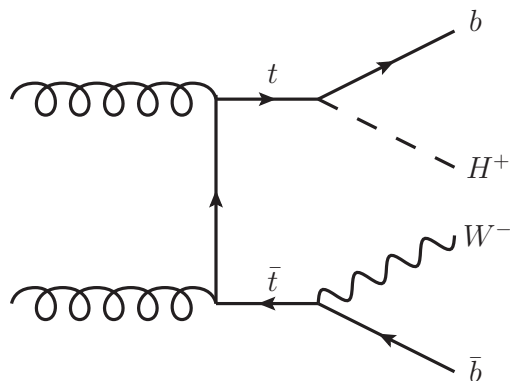
$H^+ \rightarrow tb$

MSSM interpretation
 $m_h^{\text{mod-}}$ scenario



$$H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$$

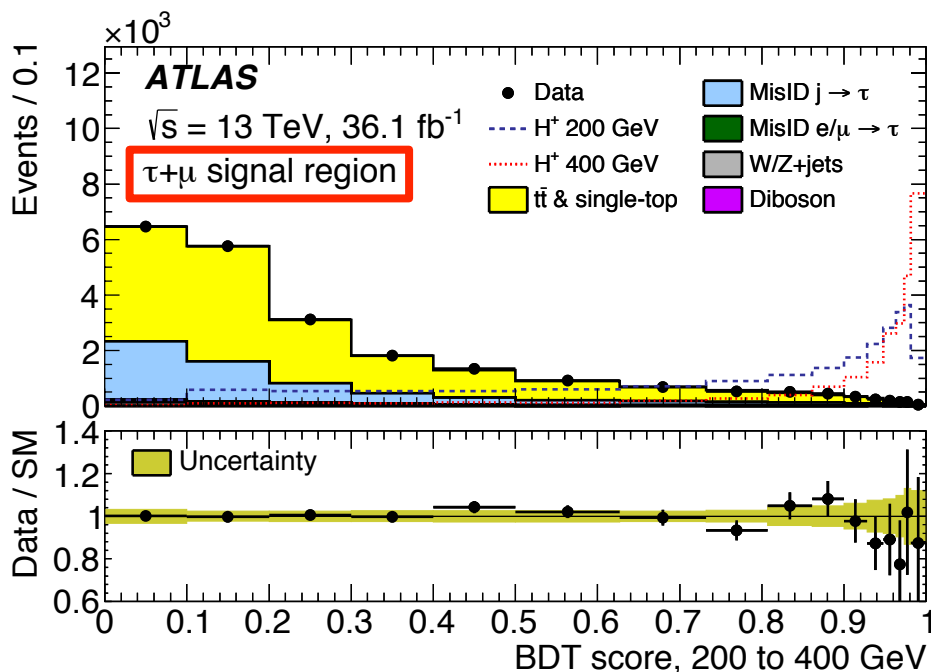
ATLAS-HIG-16-011
to be subm. to JHEP



- dominant decay mode for light charged Higgs $m(H^\pm) < m(\text{top})$
 \leftrightarrow complementary to $H^\pm \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
- $\tau^{\text{had}} + \text{jets}$, $\tau^{\text{had}} + \text{lepton}$ final states depending on W decay mode
 - p_T^{miss} , lepton triggers used, respectively

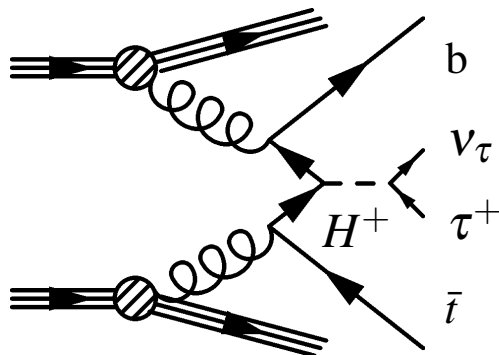
- MVA discriminant, 90 – 2000 GeV
 - BDTs for both final states & 5 $m(H^\pm)$ bins
 - input variables include p_T^{miss} , object's p_T , b-tagging, $\Delta\phi$, ΔR , tau-polarization

- τ^{had} background from MC
 - tt normalized to the data
- τ^{had} from mis-ID of jets / e
 - data-driven estimation inverting BDT-score
 - from MC and validated in $Z \rightarrow ee$ CR



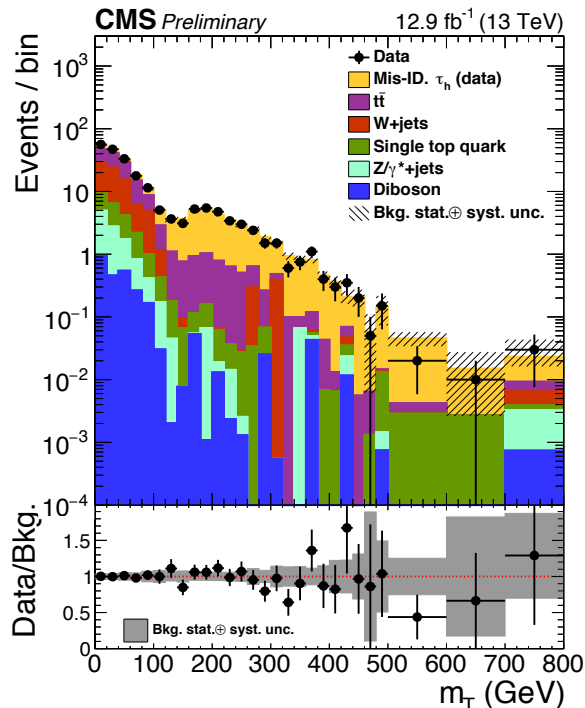
CMS-HIG-16-031
[CDS](#)

$$H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$$



- fully hadronic final state
- τ^h and p_T^{miss} trigger
- ≥ 3 jets, one b-tag in central region
- τ^h and p_T^{miss} in back-to-back configuration

$$R_{bb}^{\min} = \min_{j \in j_1 \dots j_3} \sqrt{\Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T, j)^2 + (\pi - \Delta\phi(\tau^h, \vec{E}_T))^2} > 40^\circ$$

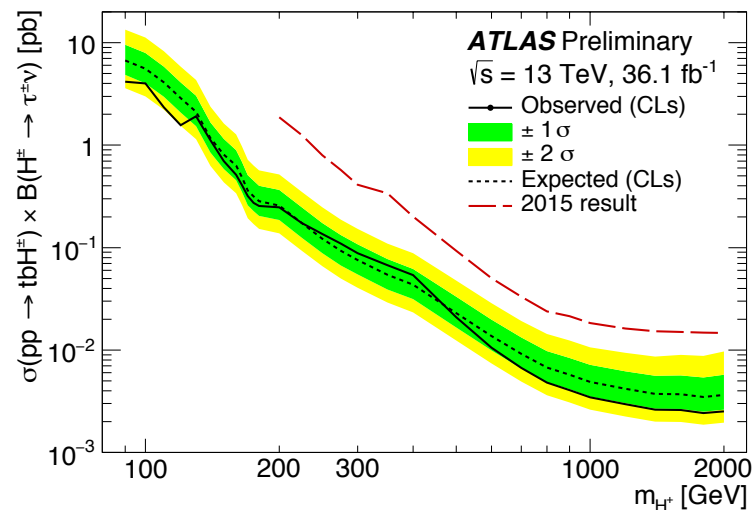
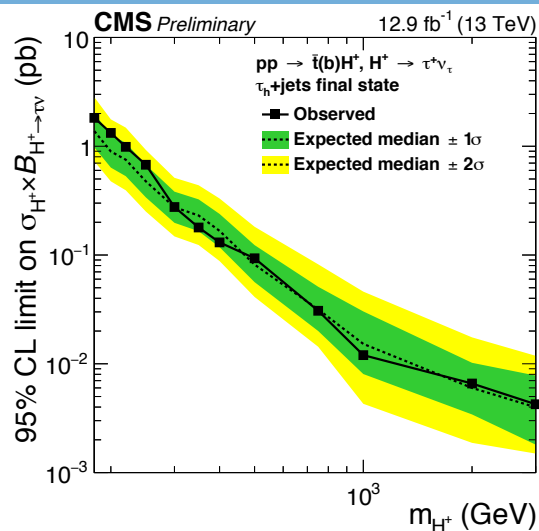


- mis-ID τ^h background at small R_{bb}^{\min}
 - QCD multijet production
 - data-driven estimation: isolation criteria inverted
- Genuine τ^h : Z/γ^* , Wjets, tW, tt
 - MC simulation
- signal sensitive variable m_T

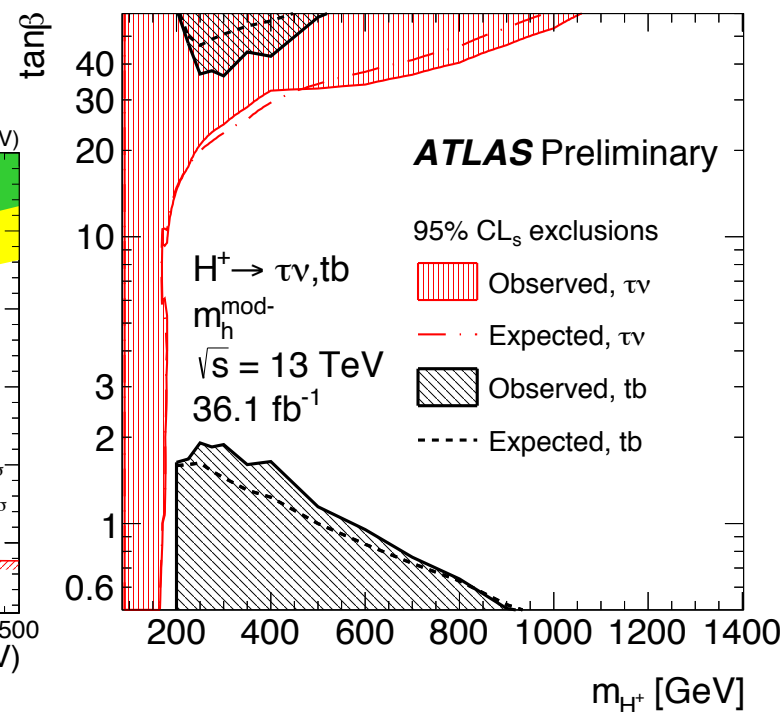
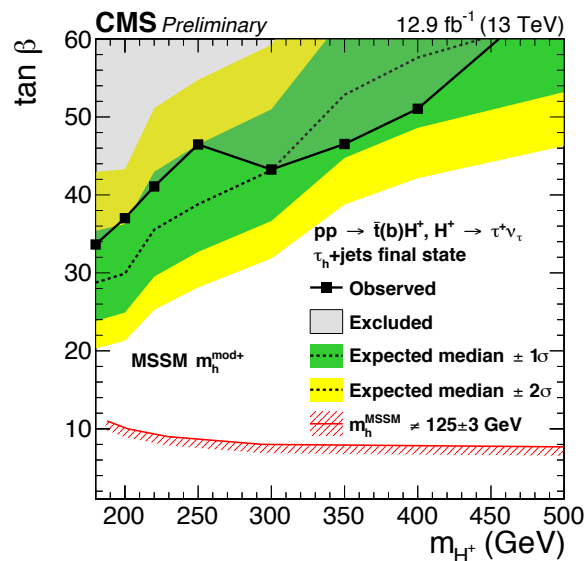
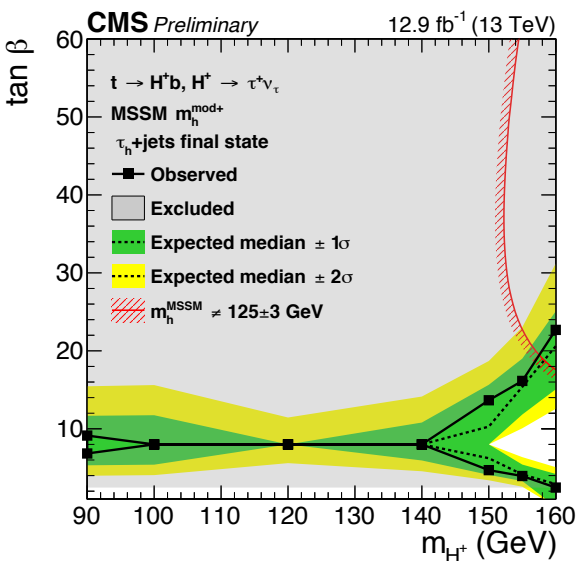
$$m_T^2 = 2 \cdot p_T^{\tau^h} |\vec{E}_T| \left(1 - \cos \Delta\phi(\vec{E}_T, \tau^h)\right)$$
- binned max. likelihood fit on m_T

$$H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$$

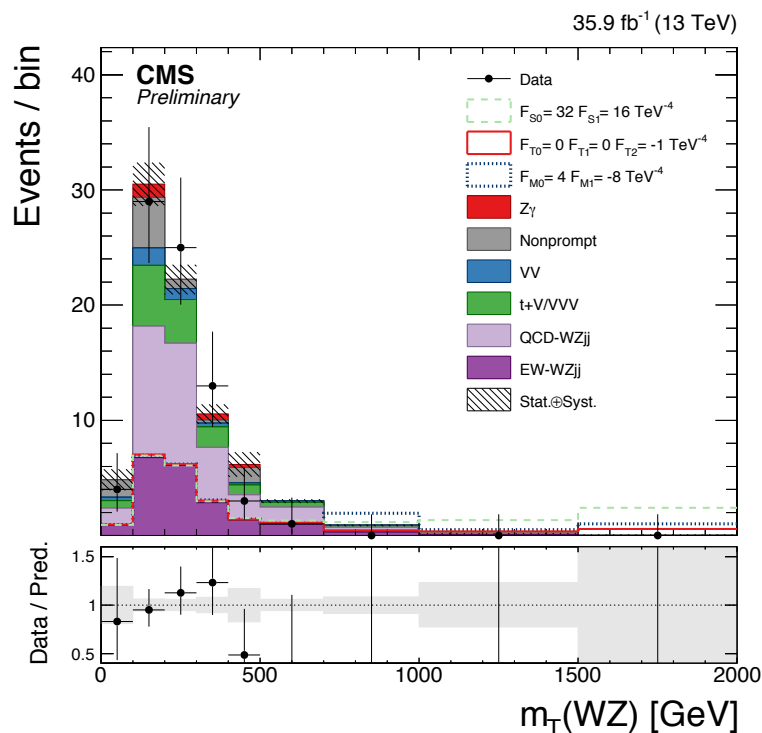
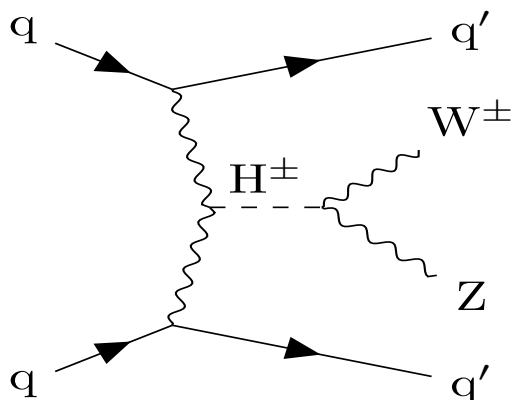
model independent
cross section limit



MSSM
interpretation



$$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$$

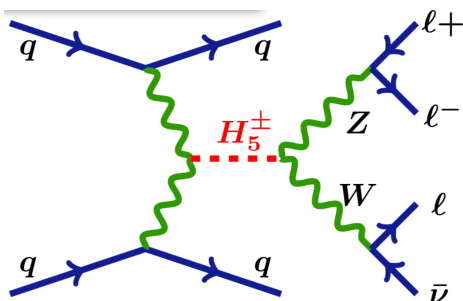


- WZ jj electroweak vector boson scattering measurement
- exactly 3 leptons (e, μ)
- two jets: high $m(jj)$, $\Delta\eta_{jj}$, $\eta_{3\ell}^* = \eta_{3\ell} - \frac{1}{2}(\eta_{j1} + \eta_{j2})$
- $p_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- veto cuts against
 - non-prompt leptons and Z: $m(l\bar{l})$, top: b-tag
- $Z\gamma$, WW, ZZ, EW WZjj: prompt leptons
 - from MC simulation
- QCD WZjj:
 - simulation normalized to data in control region (failing $m(jj)$, η_{jj} , $\eta_{3\ell}^*$)
- non-prompt leptons: from data
 - “tight-to-loose” wrt lepton identification and isolation

CMS-SMP-18-001
CDS

$$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$$

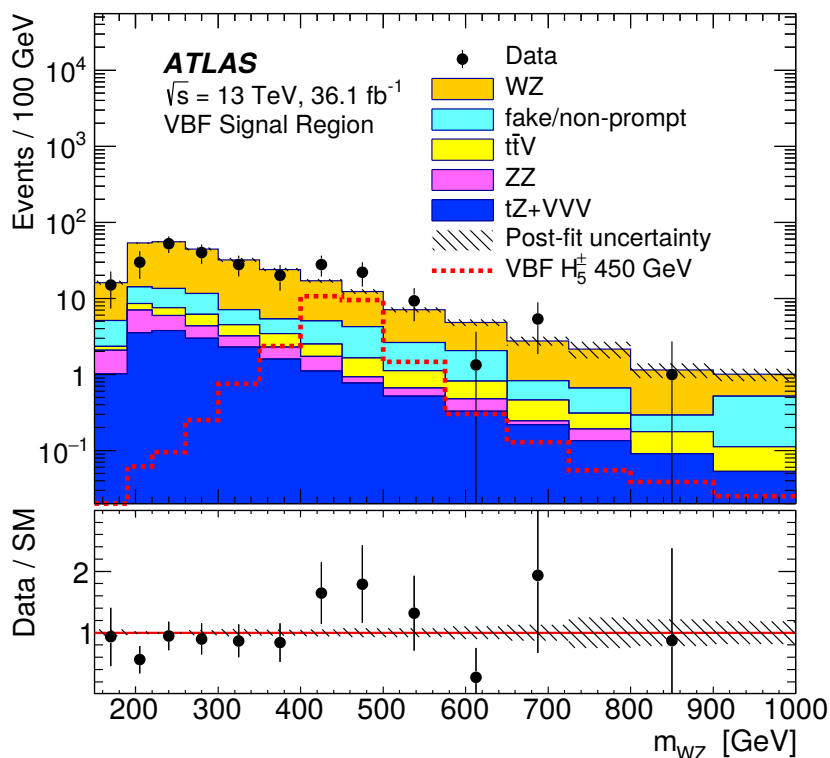
ATLAS-EXOT-16-011
[arXiv:1806.01532](https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.01532)



- VBF channel: Georgi-Machacek model
- 3 leptons (e, μ)

Similar backgrounds & estimation methods

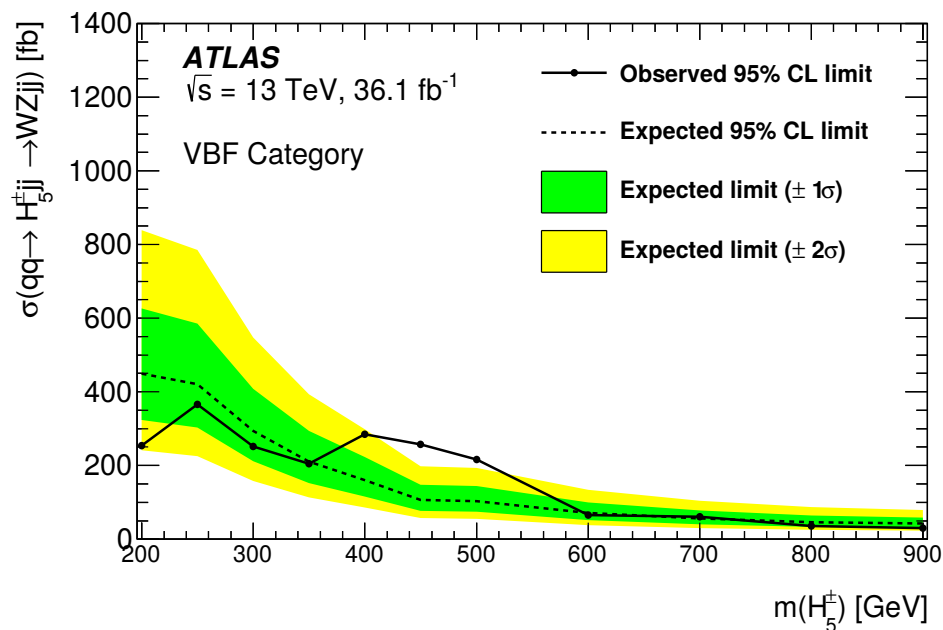
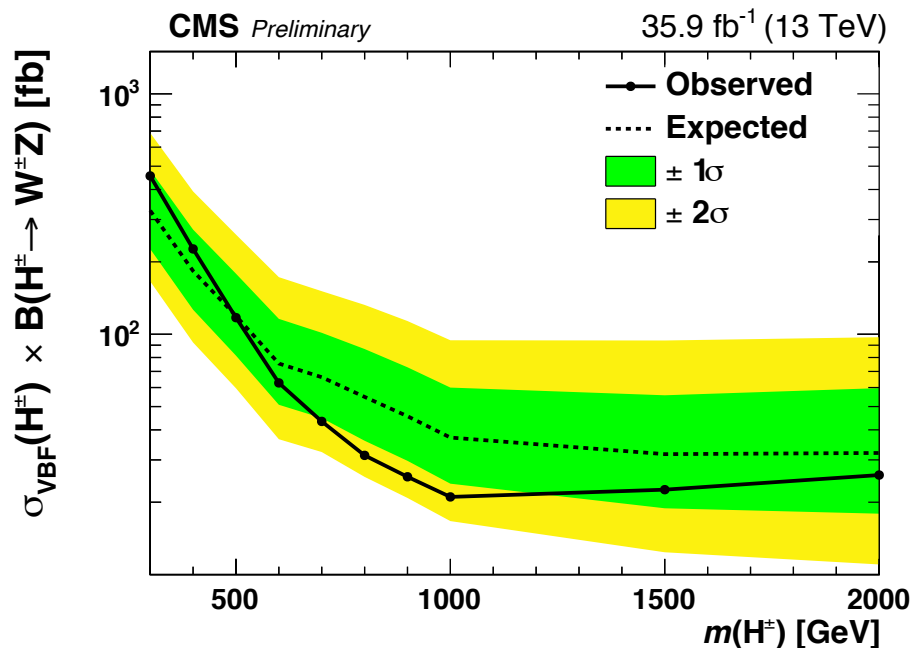
- SM WZqq main background:
 - MC simulation validated in CR
 - inverting $100 < m_{jj} < 500$ GeV or $\Delta\eta < 3.5$
- ZZ, tZ, ttX: prompt leptons
 - MC simulation
- non-prompt leptons: γ or jet “fakes”
 - data-driven “Matrix method”
- background-only fit to the data
 - pulls < 1 s.d. compared to prefit values
- slight excess at $m(WZ) \approx 450$ GeV

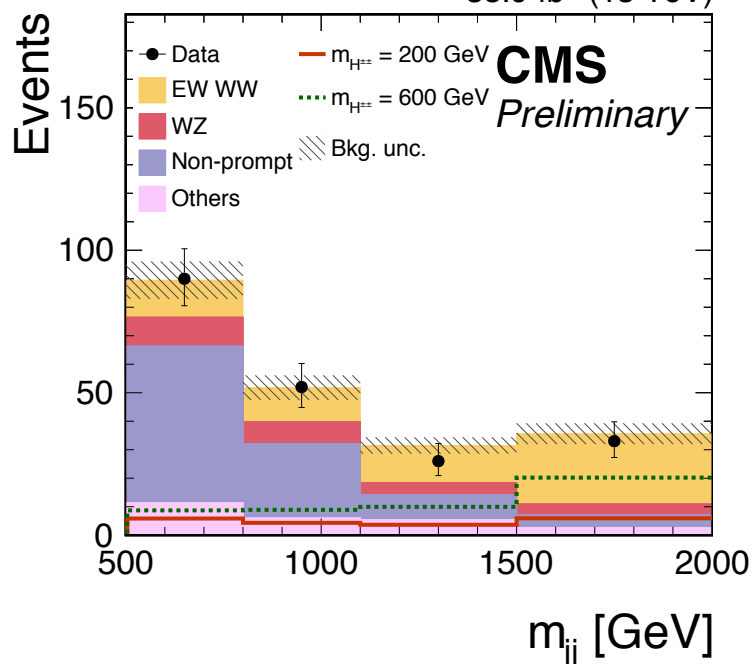
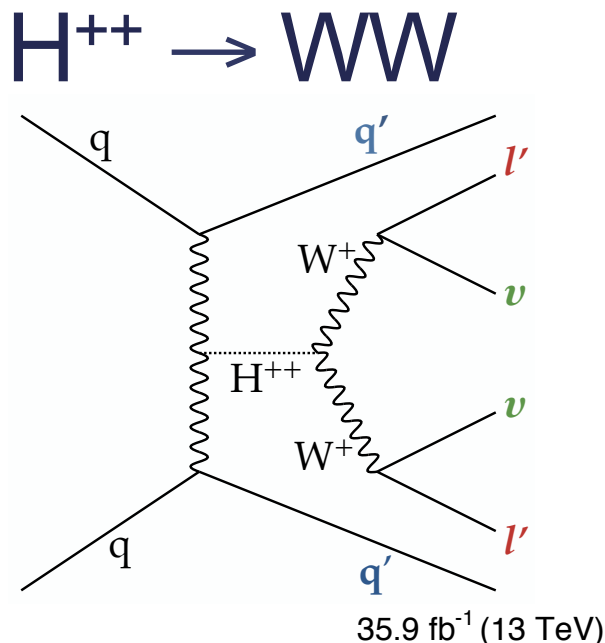


$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$

- SM WZjj measurement:
 $\sigma/\sigma_{SM} = 0.6 \pm 0.4$ @ 1.9 (2.7) s.d.
- H^\pm narrow width assumption
- Combined fit of H^\pm signal and WZjj background:

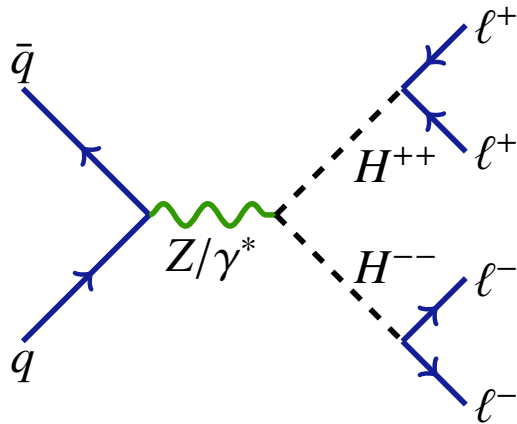
- Excess observed in VBF category only
- Excess at $m(H^\pm) \approx 450$ GeV:
2.9 s.d. (local), 1.6 s.d. (global)



CMS-SMP-17-004
[CDS](#)

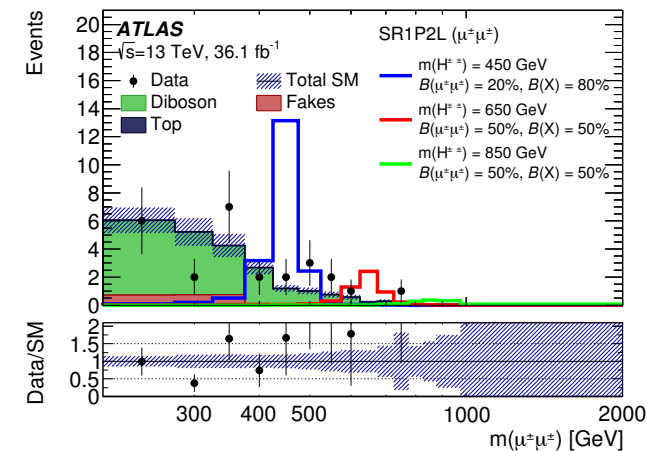
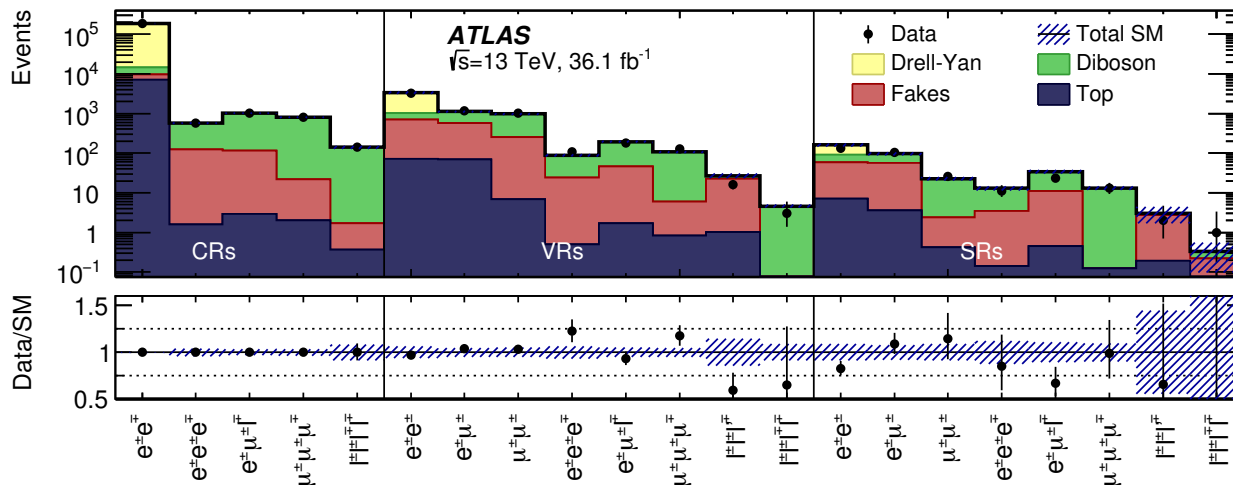
- $H^{++} \rightarrow WW$ dominates for large Higgs triplet vacuum expectation value v_{Δ}
- Vector boson fusion (VBF)
- Higgs triplet – Georgi-Machacek model
- two like-sign charged leptons e, μ
→ little SM background
- $p_T^{\text{miss}} > 40$ GeV
- two jets: large $m(jj)$, $\Delta\eta(z_l^*)$
- veto cuts against
 - non-prompt leptons and Z: $m(l\bar{l})$, top: b-tag, WZ: 3rd lepton (e, μ, τ)
- Discriminate s over b in (m_{ll}, m_{jj}) plane
- WW irreducible SM background: simulation
- WZ simulation normalized to data control
- non-prompt leptons:
 - from data (veto pass/fail)

$$H^{++} \rightarrow |\ell^+ \ell^+|$$



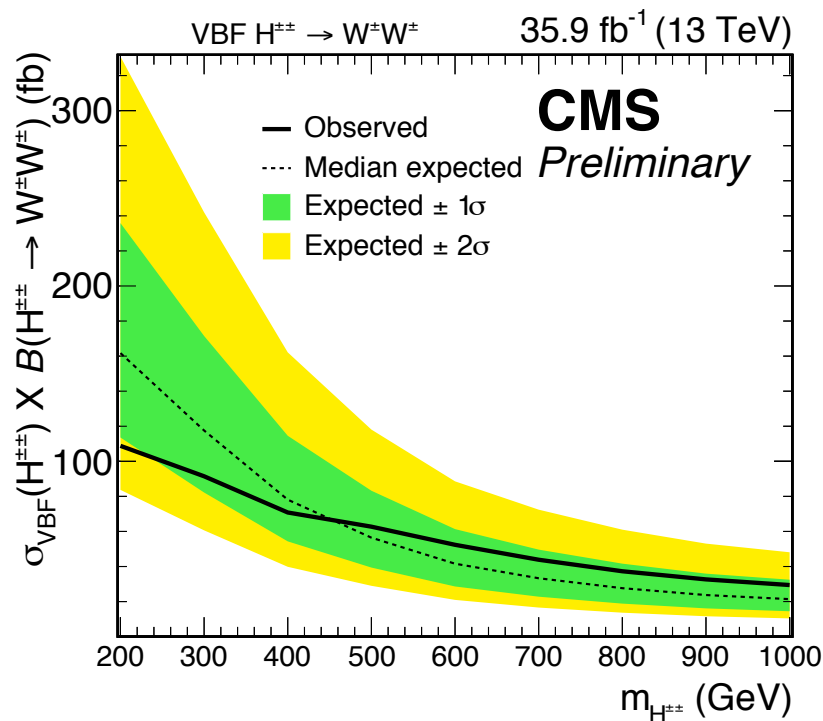
- $H^{++} \rightarrow \ell\ell$ dominates for small Higgs triplet vacuum expectation value v_Δ
- 2, 3, 4 lepton (e, μ) signal regions, 250 – 1300 GeV
- irreducible like-sign charged lepton SM background from $W^\pm W^\pm$, WZ , ZZ , $t\bar{t}X$ MC
- non-prompt e, μ “fake” background
 - data-driven estimation from data-sideband regions
 - e.g. requiring no b-tagged jet
- Max. likelihood fit in $m(\ell\ell)$, \bar{M} in signal & control regions

ATLAS-EXOT-16-007
EPJ C 78 (2018) 199



$H^{++} \rightarrow W^+W^+$

- Limits on $\sigma_{\text{VBF}} \times B(H^{++} \rightarrow W^+W^+)$
- EW $W^\pm W^\pm$ measured to $\sigma/\sigma_{\text{SM}} = 0.9 \pm 0.2$ @ 5.5 (5.7) s.d.

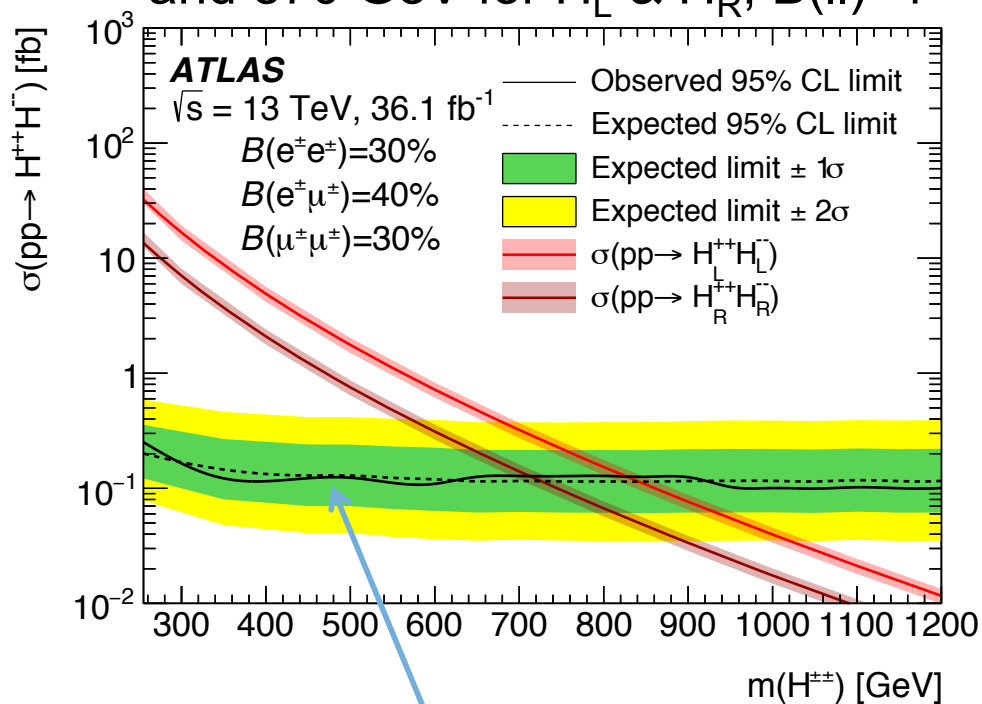


CMS-PAS-HIG-16-036 [CDS](#) $H^{++} \rightarrow |\ell^+|\ell^+$

includes associative production & taus
12.9 fb⁻¹, 13 TeV

$H^{++} \rightarrow |\ell^+|\ell^+$

- $H^{\pm\pm}_L$ and $H^{\pm\pm}_R$ have different couplings to the Z
- lower limit on $m(H^{\pm\pm})$ between 660 and 870 GeV for H_L & H_R , $B(\ell\ell)=1$



limit $\sim 3 - 4$ signal events
for $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow |\ell^\pm|\ell^\pm) = 1$

Conclusion

- Several new results in different charged Higgs channels
 - many more results expected on the full Run II 13 TeV data
- No signs of physics beyond the standard model so far
- Age of “easy discoveries” at the LHC has gone; sensitivity will grow with $\sim\sqrt{\text{integrated luminosity}}$, i.e. $\sqrt{\text{time}}$!
 - improving systematics with more statistics
- Only $\sim 1\%$ of high-luminosity LHC dataset analyzed so far
- Changes in analysis strategy:
 - Combinations
 - More specific final states
 - Sophisticated background suppression & signal identification
 - Difficult accessible signal phase-space
 - Unconventional signal models
 - ...

