

Diffraction in PYTHIA 8

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- Goals
- pp framework
- γp and $\gamma\gamma$ framework
- Hard diffraction in ep
- Conclusion and outlook

Goals

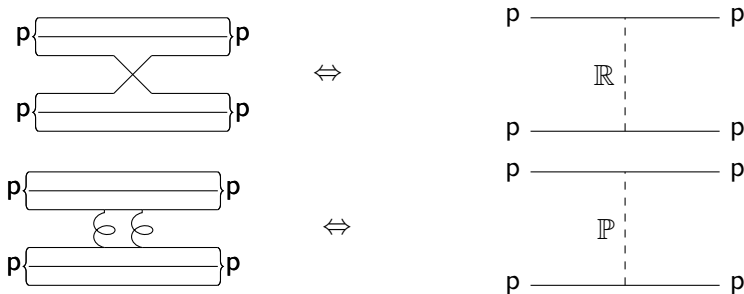
- Improve and extend pp and $p\bar{p}$ cross sections:
Total, elastic, diffractive topologies
(with T. Sjöstrand [TS])
- Implement γp and $\gamma\gamma$ cross sections:
Total, elastic, diffractive topologies
(with TS)
- Extend γp framework to ep collisions
(with I. Helenius [IH])
- Extend hard diffraction framework to ep collisions
(with IH)

Soft diffraction based on MPI framework - only QCD processes.

Hard diffraction uses internal PYTHIA MEs - all processes available.

Regge theory

All cross sections are described within the Regge framework:



Complexity of model depends on the number of exchanges allowed.

High complexity needed for total and elastic (differential) cross sections to describe data, less needed for diffractive topologies.

pp total & elastic

Pythia 8 description of Schuler-Sjöstrand and Donnachie-Landshoff (SaS+DL) parametrization does not describe measured cross sections at the LHC.

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}^{\text{DL}} = X s^{\alpha_{\text{P}}(0)-1} + Y s^{\alpha_{\text{R}}(0)-1}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{el}}}{dt} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2}{16\pi} \exp(B_{\text{el}} t)$$

Two new parametrisations implemented:

- COMPETE parametrization from PDG [PDG 2016] (corrected for misprints)
- DL-based parametrization from Appleby et.al. (ABMST). [EPJ C76 (2016) 520]

pp total & elastic

$$A_{\text{el}}^{\text{ABMST}} = \sum_{i=1}^4 A_i(s, t) + A_{\text{ggg}}$$

- Hard \mathbb{P} .
- Soft \mathbb{P} .
- f_2, a_2 trajectory.
- ρ, ω trajectory.
- Triple-gluon.

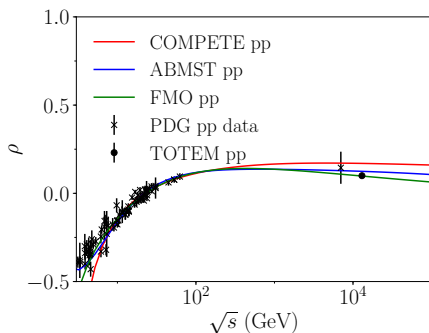
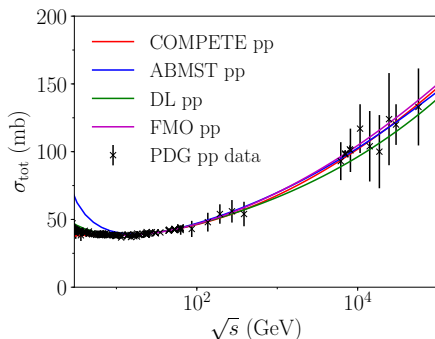
$$A_{\text{el}}^{\text{COMPETE}} = \sum_{i=1}^6 F_+^i + F_-^i$$

- Froissaron (F_+^H).
- Maximal \mathbb{O} (F_-^{MO}).
- \mathbb{P}, \mathbb{O} poles (F_+^P, F_+^O).
- f_2, a_2 and ρ, ω trajectories (F_+^R, F_-^R).
- $\mathbb{PP}, \mathbb{RP}, \mathbb{OP}$ cuts ($F_+^{PP}, F_{\pm}^{RP}, F_-^{OP}$).
- Triple-gluon exchanges (N_+, N_-).

pp total & elastic

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = N \text{Im}[A_{\text{el}}(s, 0)]$$

$$\rho = \text{Re}[A_{\text{el}}(s, 0)]/\text{Im}[A_{\text{el}}(s, 0)]$$

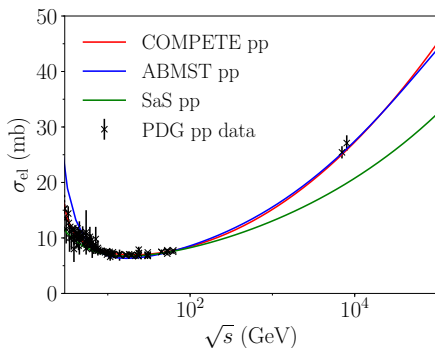
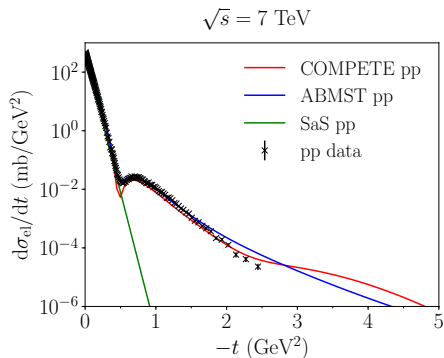


- FMO not implemented in Pythia
- New models improve description of σ_{tot} and ρ (const. in SaS, not shown).

pp total & elastic

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{el}}}{dt} = N A_{\text{el}}(s, t)$$

$$\sigma_{\text{el}} = \int dt \frac{d\sigma_{\text{el}}}{dt}$$

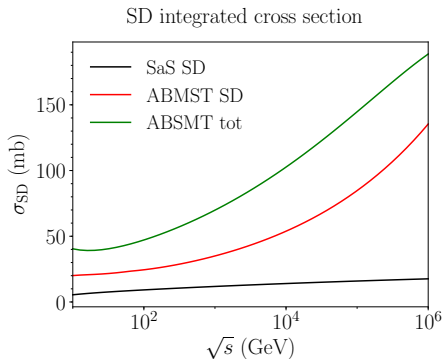


- Coulomb term can be included in all models
- New models improve description of (differential) cross sections

pp diffractive

- SaS provides a description for single, double and central diffraction using a single Pomeron.
- COMPETE model provides no description here.
- ABMST provides a description for single diffraction using two exchanges: A Pomeron and a Reggeon. Also includes sophisticated model for low-mass resonances.
- We have extended ABMST to double and central diffraction.
- A modified version of the ABMST description is also available, fixing some unwanted features of the original ABMST description.

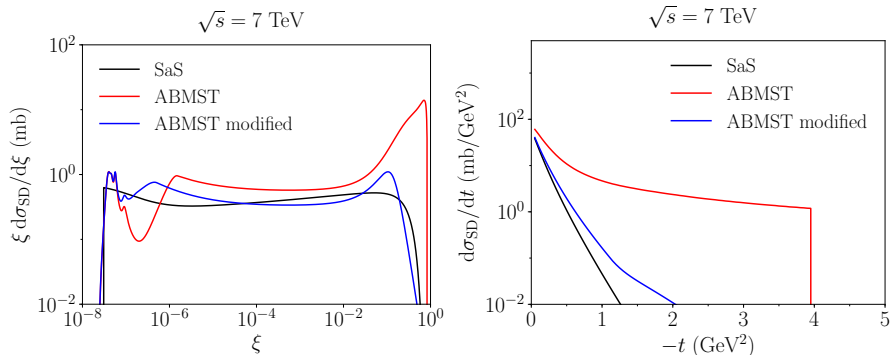
pp diffractive



Unwanted features:

- SD cross section too large
- Model leaves very little room for other processes

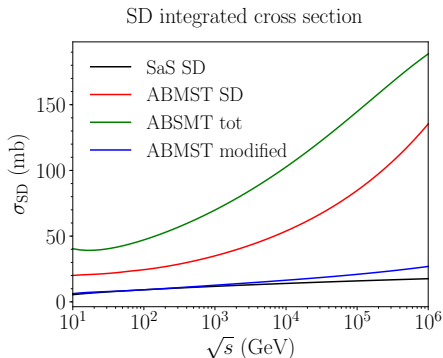
pp diffractive



Unwanted features:

- ABMST model has too much high-mass activity
- ABMST model has large dip between low-mass resonances and high-mass description
- ABMST model becomes constant at large t

pp diffractive

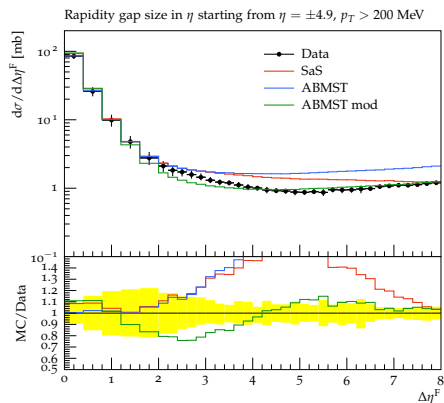


- ABMST modified gives more reasonable results
- SaS is too large at LHC energies, hence ABMST (modified) might also be

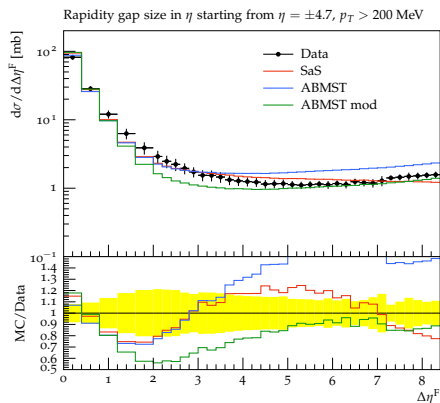
pp diffractive

Preliminary results:

ATLAS 2012:



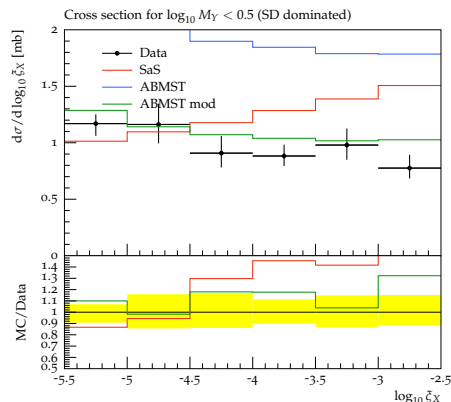
CMS 2015:



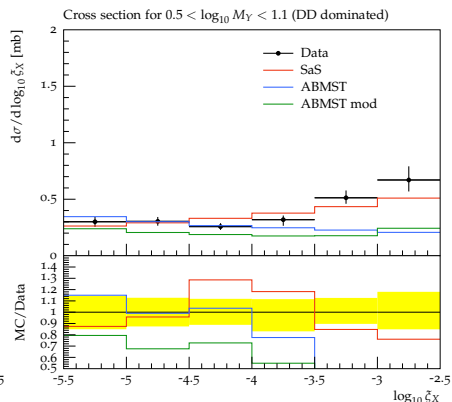
pp diffractive

Preliminary results:

CMS 2015:

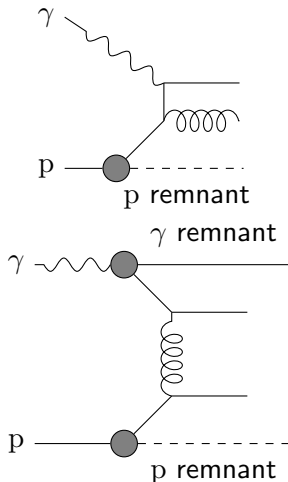


CMS 2015:



γp , $\gamma\gamma$ framework

- Photoproduction already included in Pythia (IH + TS)
- Automatic mixing between processes.



- **Direct:** Photon initiator of hard process
- No MPIs, but FSR and ISR for hadron
- **VMD/anomalous:** Photon fluctuates into hadronic state before hard process
- PDFs describe partonic structure of hadronic state
- MPIs, FSR and ISR for both sides

γp , $\gamma\gamma$ framework

- New:** Extended framework to elastic and diffractive VMD processes using the SaS model.

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow V + p$$

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow X + p$$

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow V + X$$

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow X_1 + X_2$$

$$\gamma + \gamma \rightarrow V_1 + V_2$$

$$\gamma + \gamma \rightarrow X + V_2$$

$$\gamma + \gamma \rightarrow V_1 + X$$

$$\gamma + \gamma \rightarrow X_1 + X_2$$

- New:** Hard diffraction model from pp extended to γp and $\gamma\gamma$.

[CR+IH+TS]

ep framework

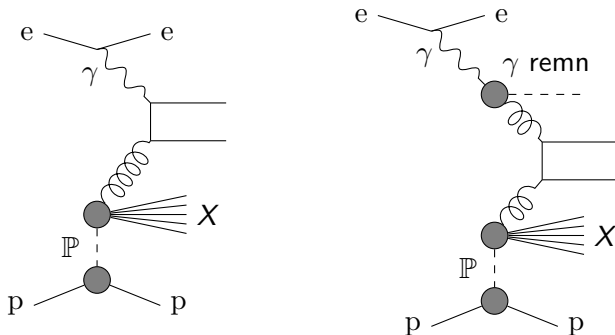
DIS:

- High virtuality photon
- Available with new dipoleRecoil shower [TS + B.Cabouat] or DIRE [S. Höche, S. Prestel]
- Diffractive dijet cross sections described by NLO calculations.

Photoproduction:

- Low virtuality photon
- Photon may fluctuate into hadronic state (VMD / anomalous)
- Factorize γ flux and setup γp system
- NLO calculations overshoot diffractive dijet data.

Hard diffraction in ep

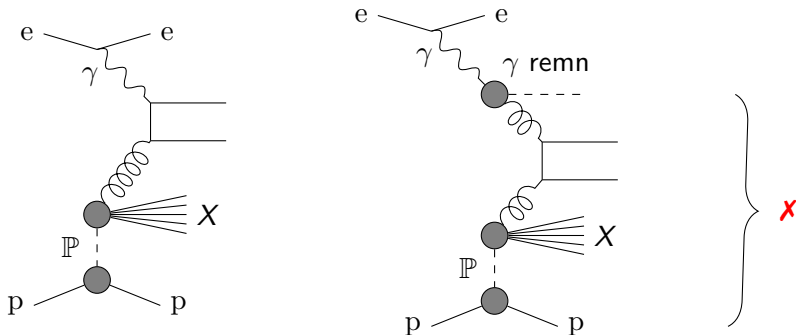


- Tentative diffractive probability based on dPDF to PDF ratio

$$P_D = F^D(x_g, Q^2)/f_p(x_g, Q^2)$$

- Gap survival introduced with MPI framework

Hard diffraction in ep

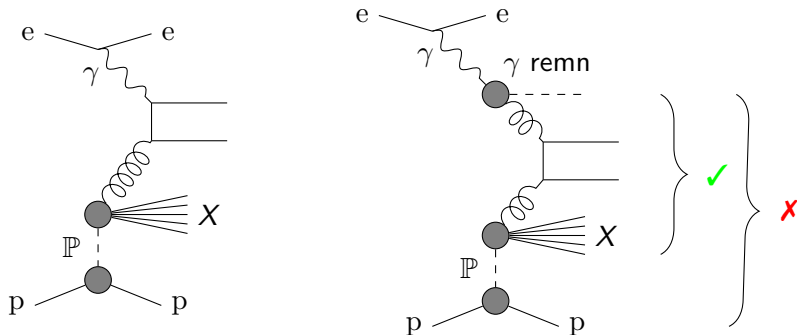


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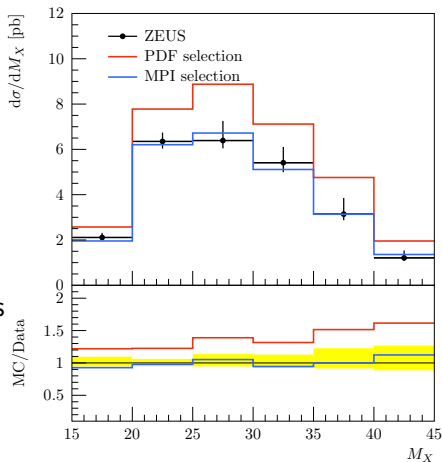
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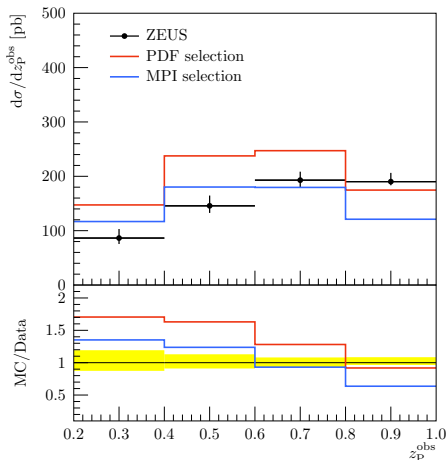
Hard diffraction in ep

- ZEUS diffractive dijet analysis [ZEUS: Eur.Phys.J C55, 177-191(2008)]
- $Q_\gamma^2 < 1. \text{ GeV}^2$, $|\eta_{j1,j2}| < 1.5$, $E_T^{1(2)} > 7.5(6.5) \text{ GeV}$
- H1 Fit B LO dPDF and flux
- Tentative probability overshoots
- MPI gap survival gives good agreement

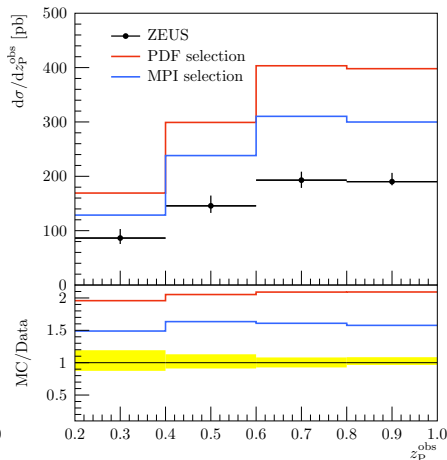


Hard diffraction in ep

H1 Fit B LO:



H1 Fit A NLO:



High sensitivity to dPDF and flux, but promising results.

Conclusion and outlook

In PYTHIA 8.235:

- New models for total and elastic pp cross sections available.
- New models for diffractive pp cross sections available.
- Elastic and diffractive cross sections for γp and $\gamma\gamma$.
- Hard diffraction for ep

Future plans:

- Extend elastic and diffractive γp and $\gamma\gamma$ to γ from e .
- Merging of DIS and photoproduction
- Extend from ep to eA with Angantyr