

Trigger Performance for Doubly Charged Higgs

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Contents

- Introduction to doubly charged Higgs boson
 - *Higgs triplet model*
 - *production of doubly charged Higgs at hadron collider*
 - *decay of doubly charged Higgs boson*
- signal and background sample generation
- Trigger and skim efficiency
- Summary

Higgs Triplet Models

- **Standard Model Higgs**

- Electroweak symmetry is broken with a complex scalar Isospin doublet (Isospin $I = \frac{1}{2}$, Hypercharge $Y = 1$)
- Explain mass of W and Z boson, quarks and leptons
- cannot generate neutrino mass
- Neutrino Oscillation experiment \rightarrow Neutrinos are not massless

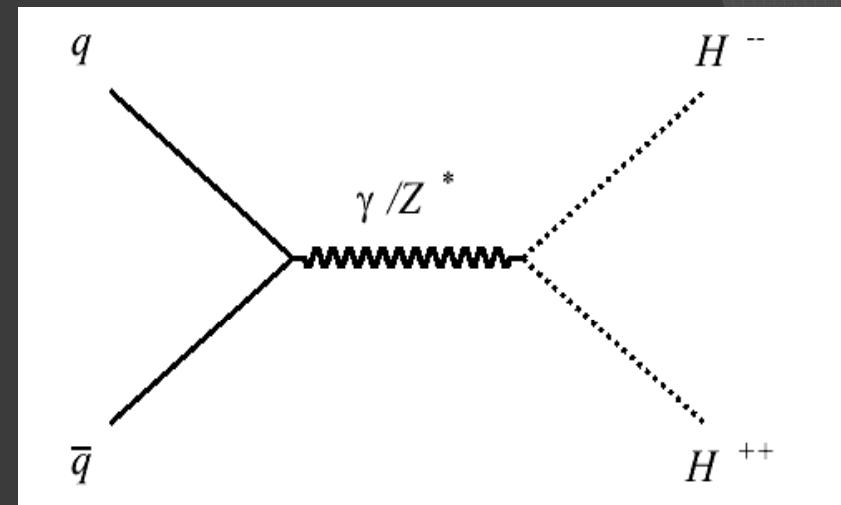
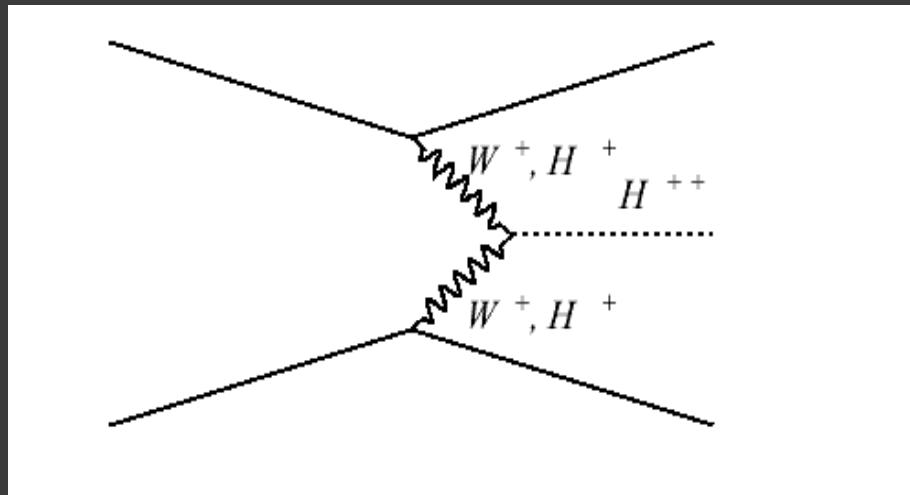
- **Higgs Triplet Models ($I = 1, Y = 2$)**

- Higgs Triplet Models are extension of standard model Higgs boson
- Higgs triplet ($H^0, H^\pm, H^{\pm\pm}$)
- Triplet higgs bosons couple to Neutrinos \rightarrow Neutrinos get mass

- **Doubly charged higgs bosons are a clear signature for this models**

Possible production of doubly charged Higgs at hadron collider

Doubly charged Higgs bosons couple to leptons, W and Z bosons and H^\pm bosons



Single production

- by W^+W^+ fusion:
negligible in most models
- by W^+H^+ or H^+H^+ Fusion:
cross section is model dependent

Drell-Yan pair production

- cross section
depends only on $H^{\pm\pm}$ mass



Pair-produced doubly charged Higgs bosons are studied

Decay of doubly charged Higgs bosons

- Leptonic decays dominate in most models
- $H^{\pm\pm}$ decay channels are chosen arbitrarily
 - $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 4mu$: Jongseok Lee
 - $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 3mu$: Sungeun Lee
 - $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 2mu2e$: Junghwan Goh
- coupling constant of $H^{\pm\pm}$ to leptons = 0.1 was assumed → forced doubly charged Higgs bosons decay inside the CMS-tracker

Signal sample generation

decay	gen	# of gen events	Mass (GeV)	CMSSW	Global tag	Energy
H++H-- → 4mu	pythia	10k	130, 150, 170, 200, 300, 600	2_2_6	STARTUP_V9	10 TeV
H++H-- → 2mu2e	pythia	10k	130, 150, 170, 200, 300, 600	3_1_0	MC_31X_V2, STARTUP31X_V2	10 TeV

Background sample

- Used background sample made by H → ZZ group
(<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/HiggsZZMCsamples>)

DBS link: [GEN samples](#), [DIGI+HLT samples](#), [RECO samples](#), [Skim samples](#), [PAT samples](#)

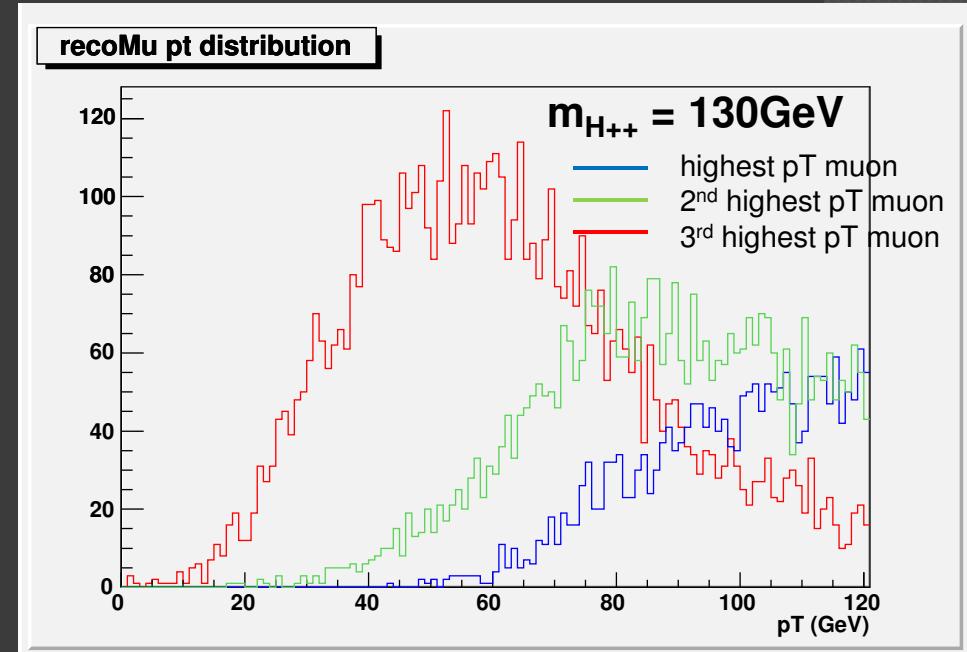
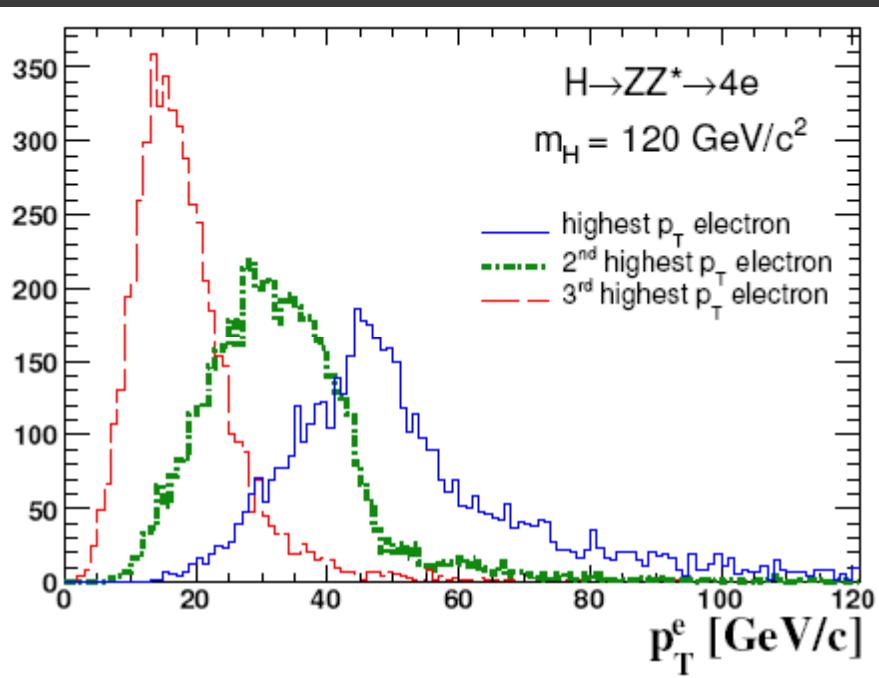
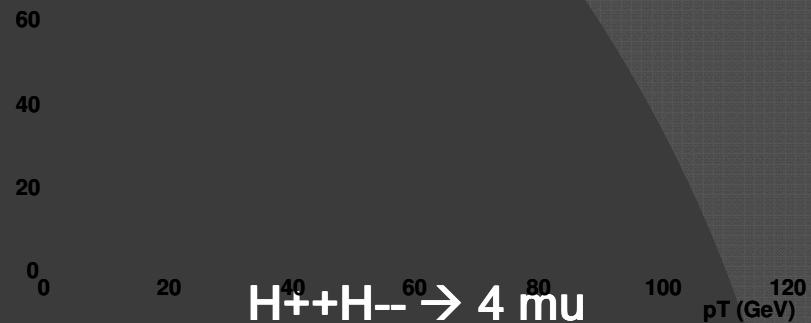
Bkg	Xsec (fb)	K-factor	Gen Filter eff.	Nb. ev.	Skim eff (glb mu)* / *Nb. ev.	Skim(all mu)* / *Nb. ev.
ttbar	280900	1.46	0.01091	1007062	0.722 / 727618	0.750 / 755314
Zbb	56200	1.66	0.007	1063204	0.642 / 682820	0.664 / 706264
ZZ	189	(1+0.35+0.2)	0.3165	898940	0.870 / 781721	0.88 / 792353

Trigger and skim

- Nicola De Filippis (convenor of H \rightarrow ZZ group) suggested to use the same trigger and skim as H \rightarrow ZZ
- Skim : 2 leptons with pT > 10 GeV & 1 lepton with pT > 5 GeV

Analysis	8E29 HLT (SARTUP condition)	1E31 HLT (IDEAL condition)
H $_{++}$ H $_{--} \rightarrow 4\mu$	HLT_Mu3 HLT_DoubleMu3	HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3
H $_{++}$ H $_{--} \rightarrow 3\mu$	HLT_Mu3 HLT_DoubleMu3	HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3
H $_{++}$ H $_{--} \rightarrow 2\mu 2e$	HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3 HLT_Ele10_LW_EleId_L1R HLT_DoubleEle5_SW_L1R	HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3 HLT_Ele15_SW_LooseTrackIso_L1R HLT_DoubleEle10_SW_L1R

Skim

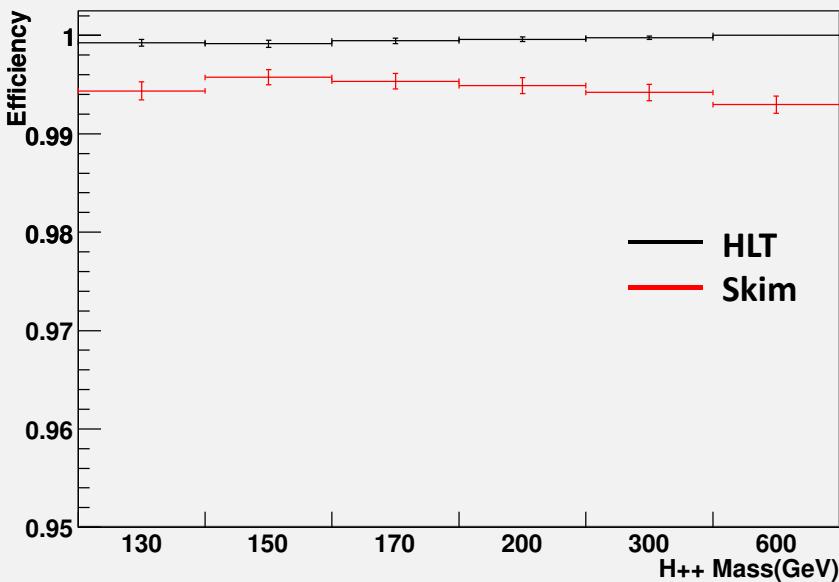


8e29 HLT	1e31 HLT	Skim
'HLT_Mu3' or 'HLT_DoubleMu3'	'HLT_Mu9' or 'HLT_DoubleMu3'	2 muons with pT > 10 GeV & 1 muon with pT > 5 GeV

Efficiency

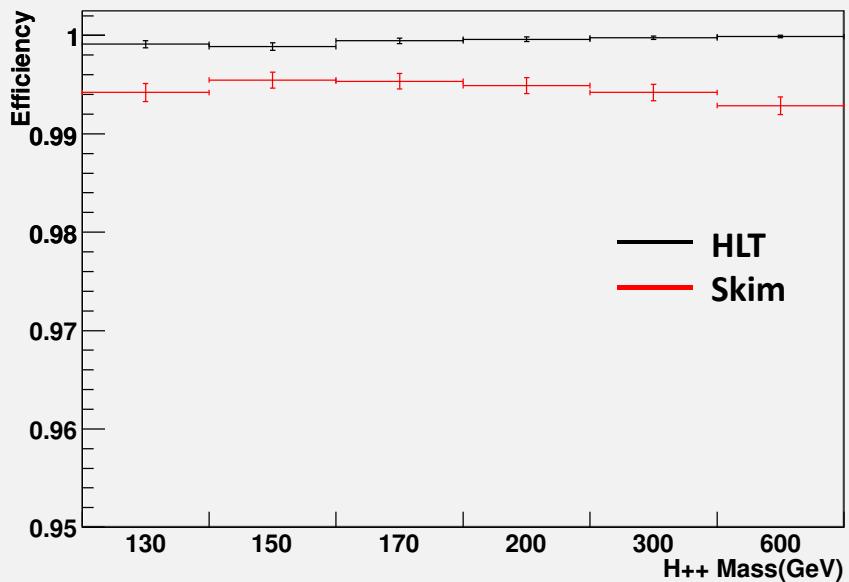
HLT efficiency

8E29 HLT



HLT efficiency

1E31 HLT



Definition of efficiency

$$\varepsilon_{HLT} = \# HLT_{events} / N_{gen}$$

$$\varepsilon_{skim} = \# HLT_{events} \cap Skim / N_{gen}$$

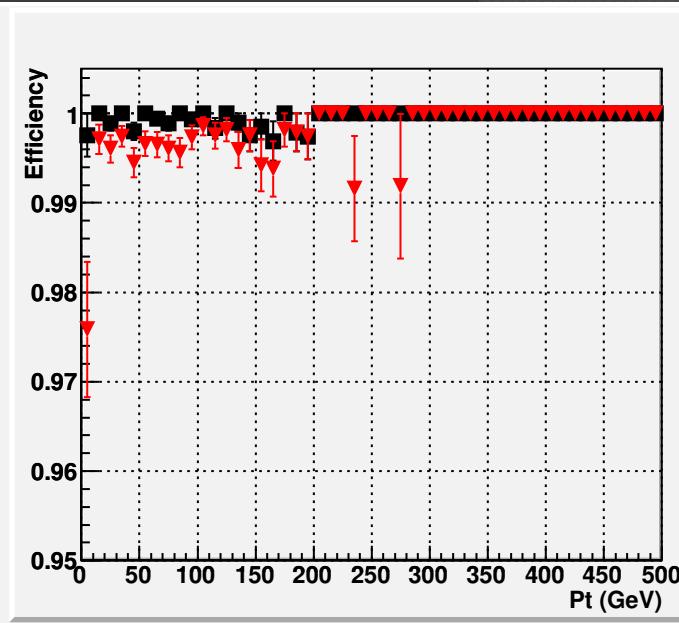
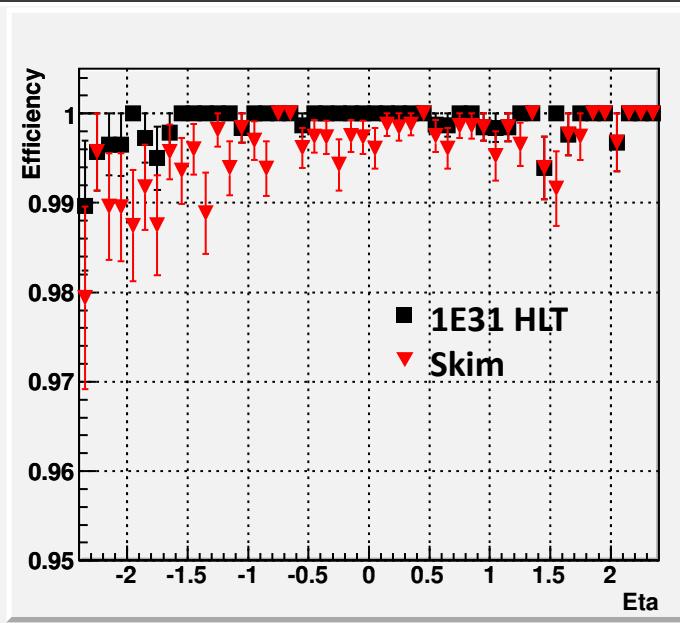
$$\delta\varepsilon = \sqrt{(\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)) / N_{gen}}$$

Where, N_{gen} is the number of generated events in the sample having four muons of right flavor and charge within detector acceptance ($|\eta| < 2.4$)

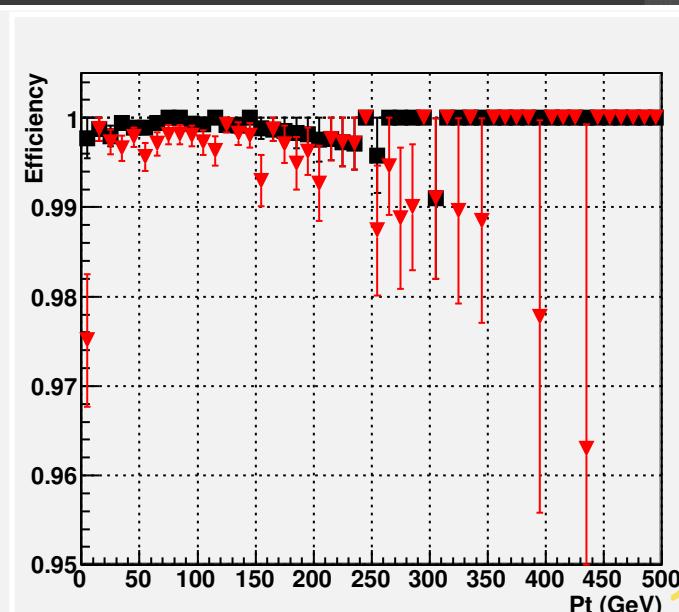
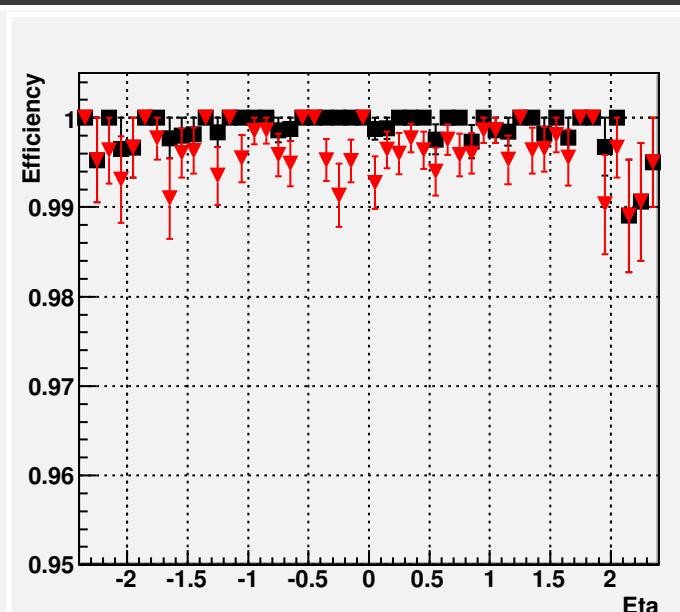
$H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 4\mu$

Efficiency vs. eta, pT

$m_{H^{++}} = 130 \text{ GeV}$



$m_{H^{++}} = 150 \text{ GeV}$



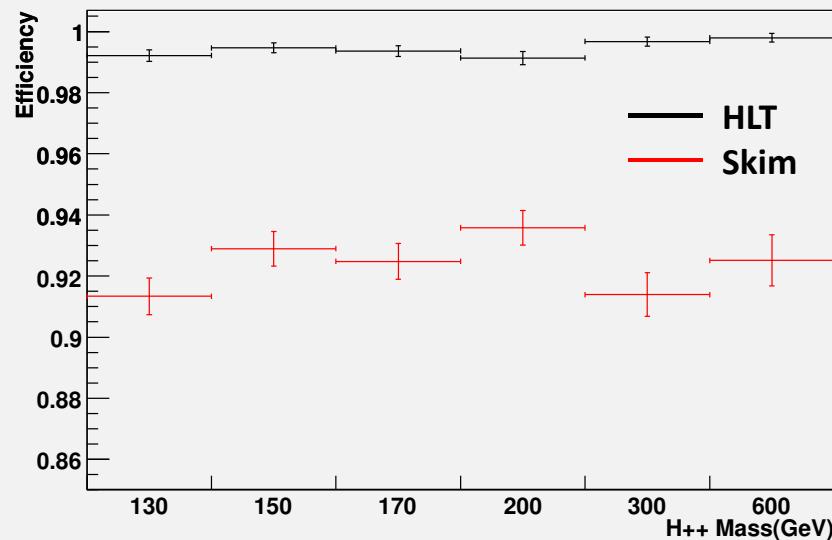
8e29 HLT	1e31 HLT	Skim
'HLT_Mu3' or 'HLT_DoubleMu3'	'HLT_Mu9' or 'HLT_DoubleMu3'	2 muons with pT > 10 GeV & 1 muon with pT > 5 GeV

Efficiency

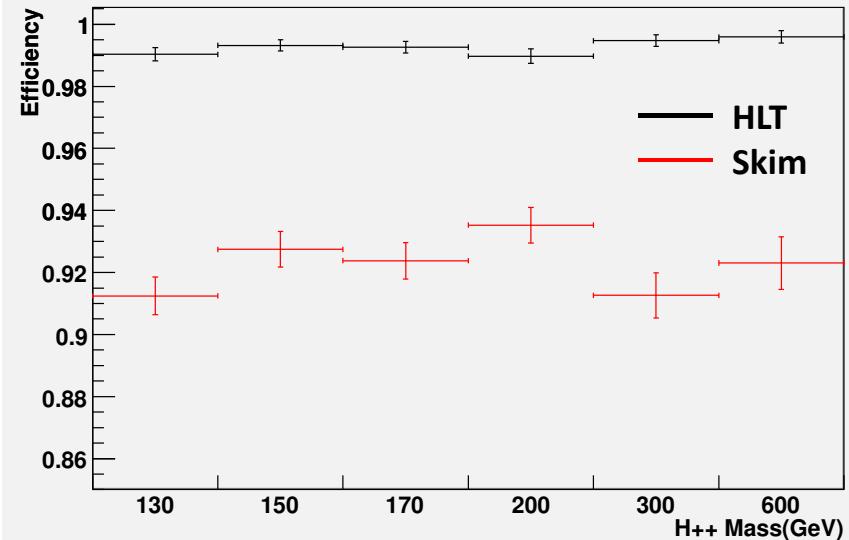
8E29 HLT

1E31 HLT

HLT efficiency



HLT efficiency



Definition of efficiency

$$\varepsilon_{HLT} = \# HLT_{events} / N_{gen}$$

$$\varepsilon_{skim} = \# HLT_{events} \cap Skim / N_{gen}$$

$$\delta\varepsilon = \sqrt{(\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)) / N_{gen}}$$

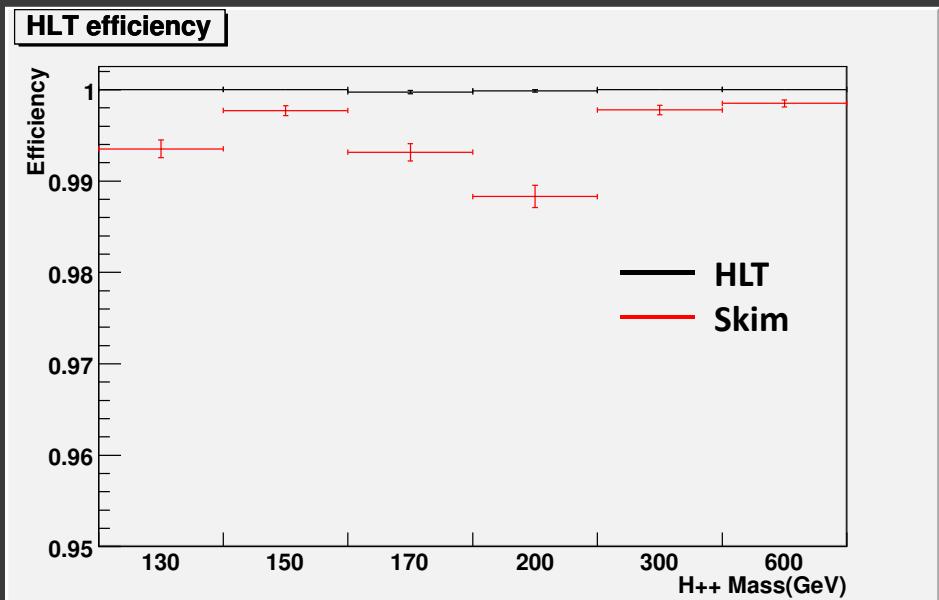
Where, N_{gen} is the number of generated events in the sample having three muons of right flavor and charge within detector acceptance ($|\eta| < 2.4$)

Triggers and Skim used in the analysis

8e29 HLT	1e31 HLT	Skim
HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3 HLT_Ele10_LW_EleId_L1R HLT_DoubleEle5_SW_L1R	HLT_Mu9 HLT_DoubleMu3 HLT_Ele15_SW_LooseTrackIso_L1R HLT_DoubleEle10_SW_L1R	2 leptons with pT > 10 GeV & 1 lepton with pT > 5 GeV

Efficiency

1E31 HLT



Definition of efficiency

$$\begin{aligned}\varepsilon_{HLT} &= \# HLT \text{ events} / N_{gen} \\ \varepsilon_{skim} &= \# HLT \text{ events} \cap \text{Skim} / N_{gen} \\ \delta\varepsilon &= \sqrt{(\varepsilon(1-\varepsilon)) / N_{gen}}\end{aligned}$$

Where, N_{gen} is the number of generated events in the sample having four leptons of right flavor and charge within detector acceptance ($|\eta| < 2.4$)

trigger and skim efficiency for background samples

	ttbar → 4l		Zbb → 4l		zz → 4l	
	# of events	Efficiency	# of events	Efficiency	# of events	Efficiency
Total	170000	-	138000	-	182000	-
4mu, $ \eta < 2.4$	10173	100.00 %	14225	100.00 %	38241	100.00 %
8E29 HLT	10141	99.70 %	14172	99.63 %	38199	99.89 %
1E31 HLT	10027	98.56 %	14067	98.89 %	38133	99.72 %
8E29 & skim (glb mu)	7500	73.72 %	10812	76.01 %	36153	94.54 %
1E31 & skim (glb mu)	7477	73.50 %	10793	75.87 %	36124	94.46 %

* Background samples are already filtered at the generation level
 (info from <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/HiggsZZMCsamples>)

	PYTHIA filter	PYTHIA filter efficiency
ttbar → 4l	4(e mu), pT(e mu) > 4GeV, $ \eta(e mu) < 2.7$	1.09 %
Zbb → 4l	4(e mu), pT(e mu) > 4GeV, $ \eta(e mu) < 3.0$	0.7 %
zz → 4l	4(e mu), pT(e mu) > 4GeV, $ \eta(e mu) < 2.7$	31.65 %

Summary

- Trigger and skim efficiency was evaluated for doubly charged Higgs analysis
- The efficiency is close to 100% for $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 4\mu$ and $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 2e2\mu$
 - *we can share the same trigger and skim with $H \rightarrow ZZ$ group*
- had better modify the skim for $H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow 3\mu$
 - *cannot share the same skim with $H \rightarrow ZZ$ group*