

Overview of SESAME Diagnostics and Recent Work



Hussein Al-Mohammad

On behalf of SESAME staff

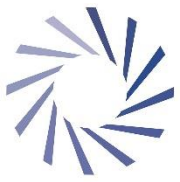
DEELS 2018, Diamond Light Source, Didcot, UK



SESAME

Outline

- **What is SESAME?, SESAME Members**
- **The Facility.**
- **Main Parameters.**
- **SESAME Millstones.**
- **Diagnostics**
 - **FS**
 - **CT's, Problems**
 - **BPM**
 - **Measurements**
 - **SRM, Problems**
 - **BLD**
 - **Upgrades**
 - **Next Steps**



SESAME

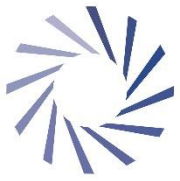
SESAME, Members

(**S**ynchrotron-light for **E**xperimental **S**cience and **A**pplications in the **M**iddle **E**ast)

1st 3rd Generation Synchrotron Light Source in Middle East, located in Allan, Jordan



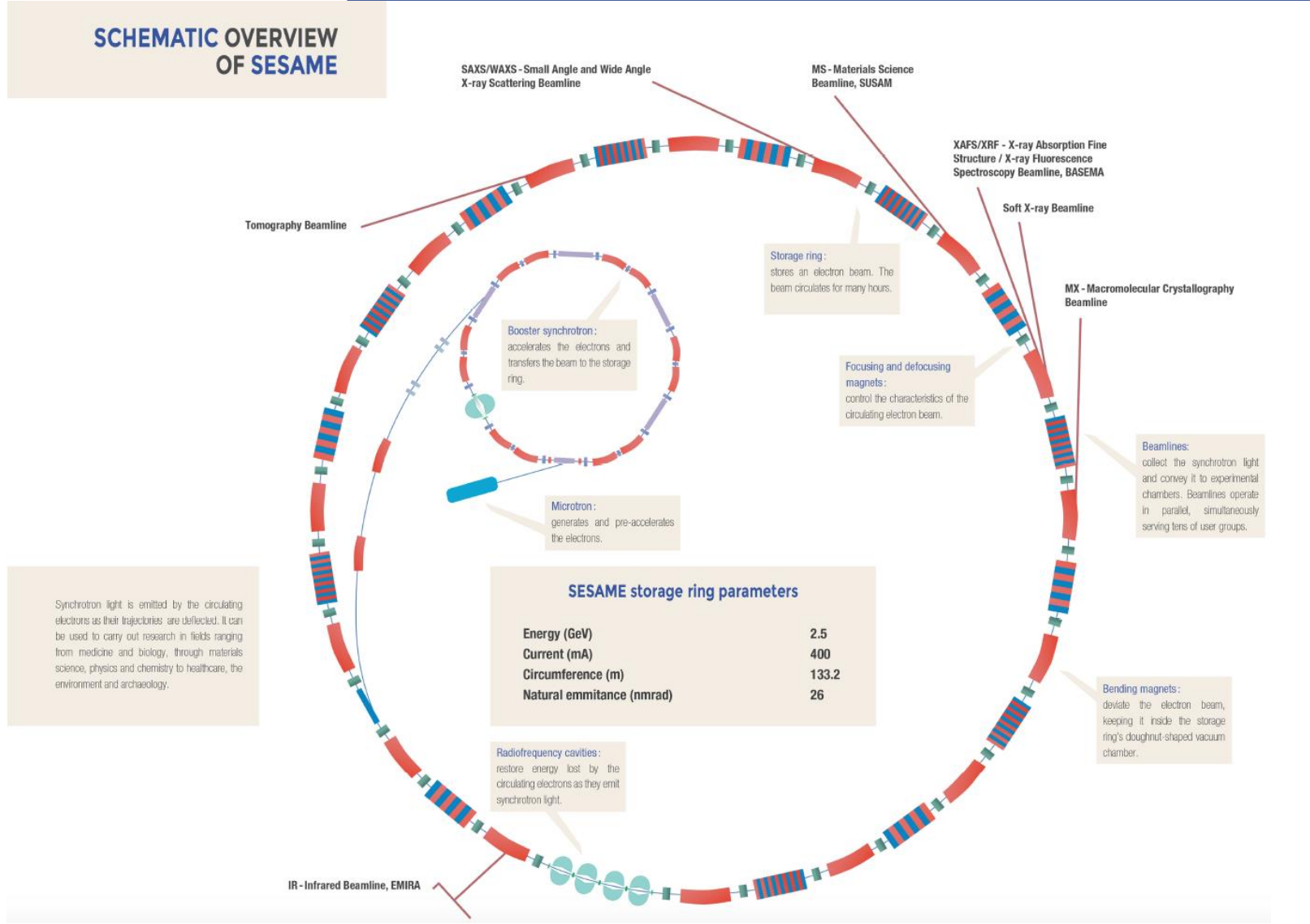
SESAME Members



SESAME

The Facility

SCHEMATIC OVERVIEW OF SESAME





SESAME

Main Parameters

Energy (GeV)	2.5
Circumference (m)	133.2
RF Frequency (MHz)	499.654
Repetition freq.(Hz)	1
Betatron tunes Q_X / Q_Y	7.23 / 6.19
Horizontal emittance ϵ_x (nm.rad)	26
Momentum compaction factor	0.0083
Phase 1 Circulating Current(mA)	250
Energy loss per turn (keV)	603



SESAME

Millstones



SESAME

2003 | Ground Breaking



2003 | Building Construction



2004 | SESAME Independent of UNESCO



2008 | Soft Integration



2012 | Microtron Commissioning



2014 | Booster Commissioning



2015 | First Storage Ring Cell Installation

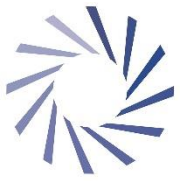


2016 | Storage Ring Commissioning



2017 | First Operating Beamlines





SESAME

The Facility



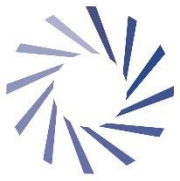
Photo: copyright © SESAME

Microtron and Transfer Line 1 (2011)



Photo: copyright © SESAME

Microtron, TL1 and 800 MeV Booster (2014)



SESAME

The Facility



Photo: copyright © SESAME

RF Plant (4*80KW SSA)

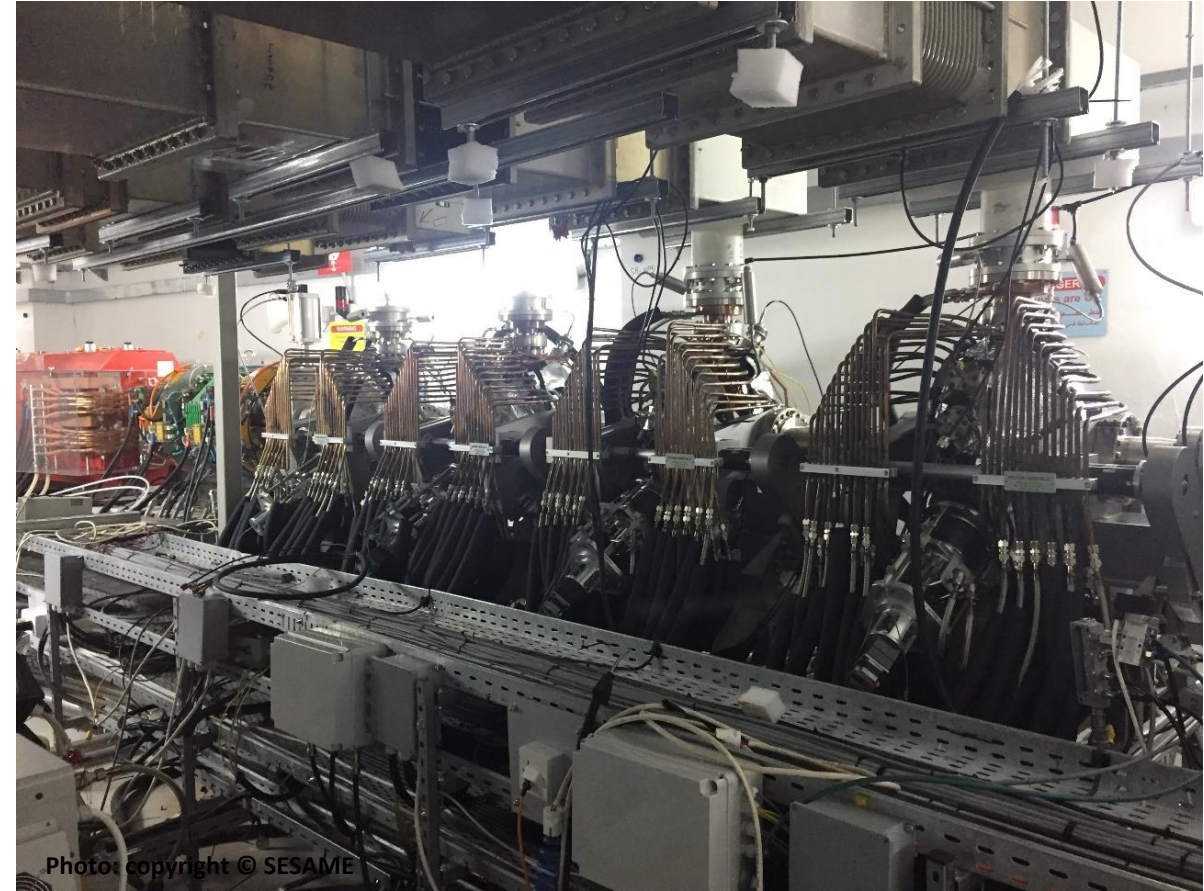


Photo: copyright © SESAME

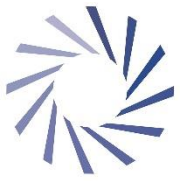
4 ELETTRA Cavities in SR



SESAME

The Facility

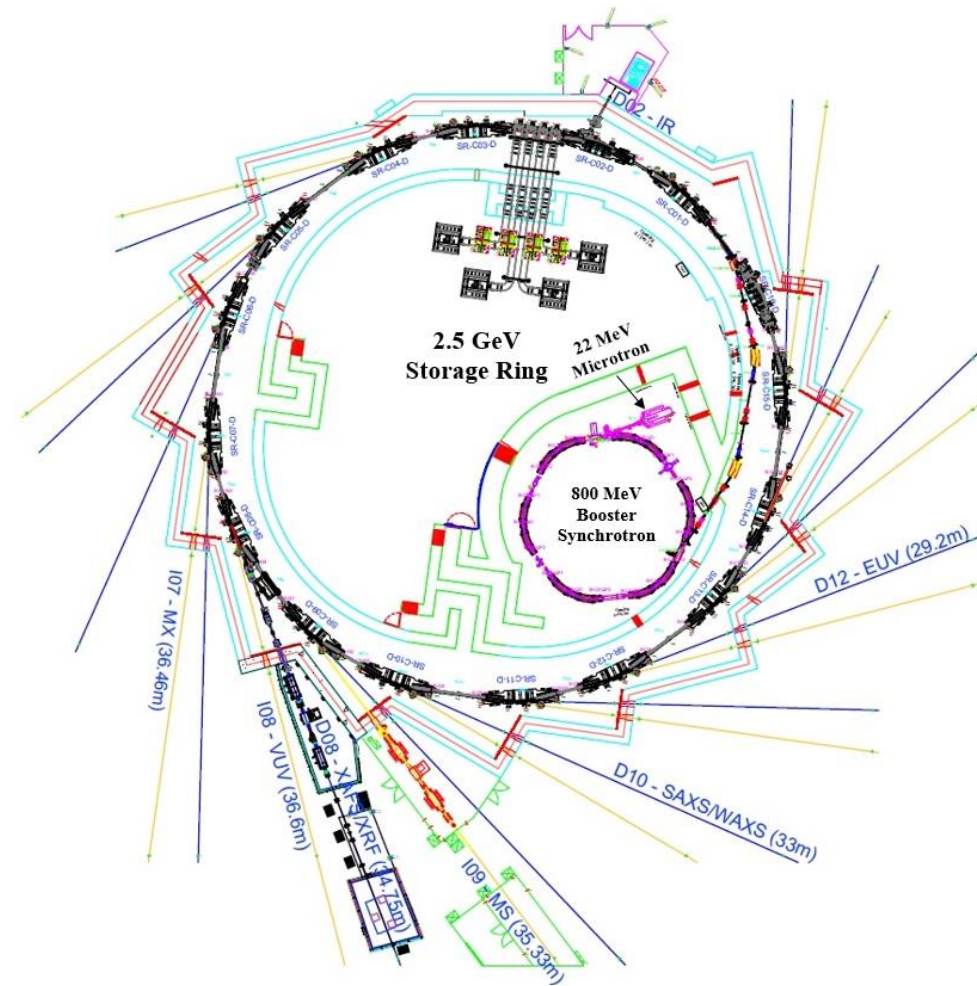


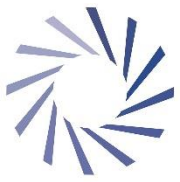


SESAME

Diagnostics Overview

	Instrument	Quantity
TL ₁	FS	1
	FCT	1
BO	FS	4
	BPM	6
	FCT	1
	DCCT	1
	SRM	1
TL ₂	FS	4
	FCT	1
SR	FS	3
	BPM	64
	FCT	1
	DCCT	1
	SRM	1
	VSCR	1
	BLM	4
	BbB	2

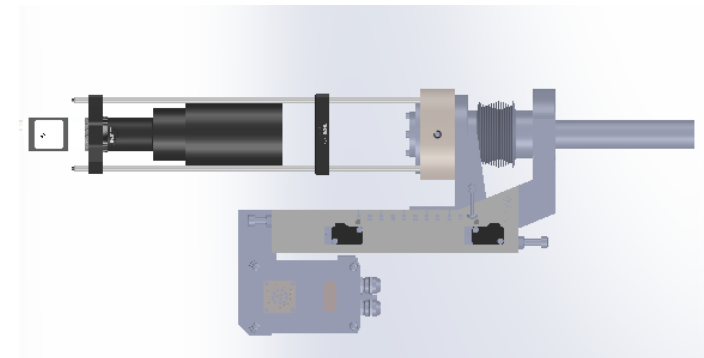
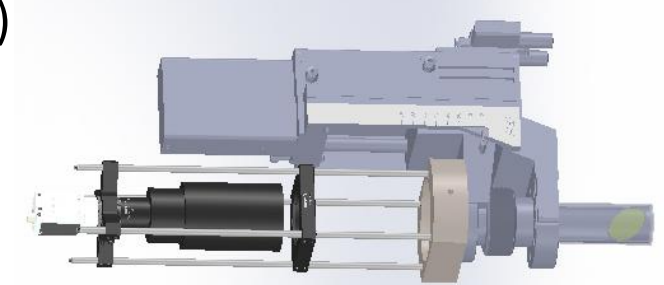
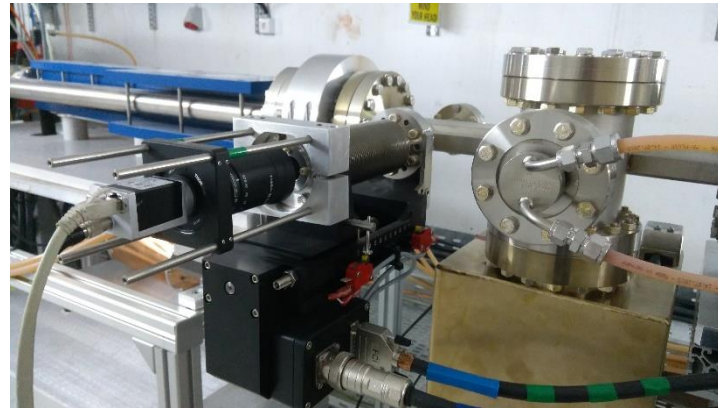
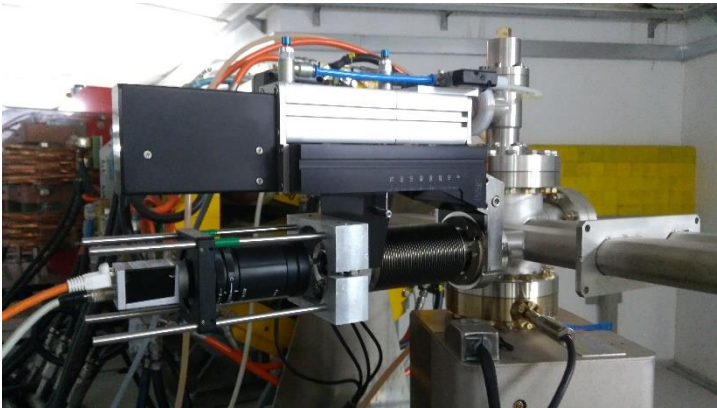




SESAME

Florescent Screens

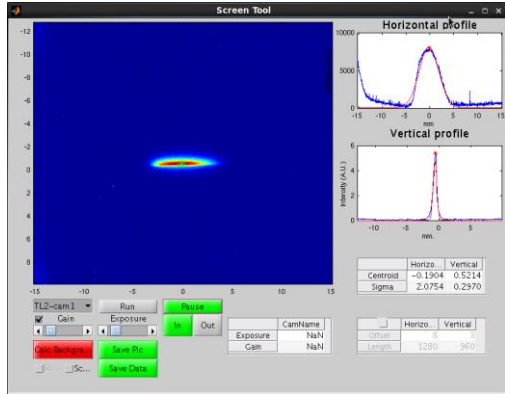
- All the FS are in-air, mounted horizontally.
- Pneumatic type and 1 stepper motor.
- Aluminum Oxide screens with calibration marks >> cost effective.
- Basler 1300-30gm CCD PoE triggered camera (1/3" sensor 3.75x3.75um pixel size)
- Kowa lens, zoom lens type, $f = 50\sim 82\text{mm}$



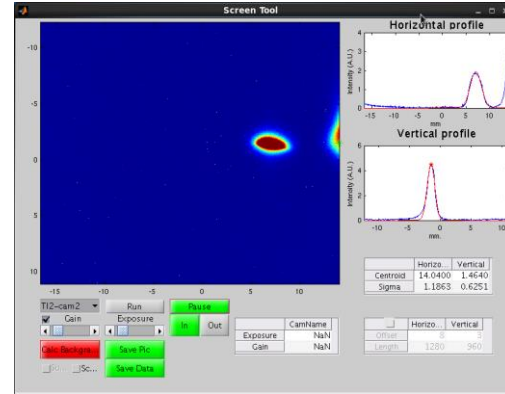


SESAME

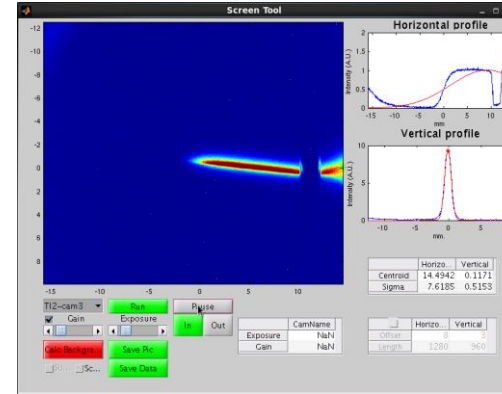
Florescent Screens



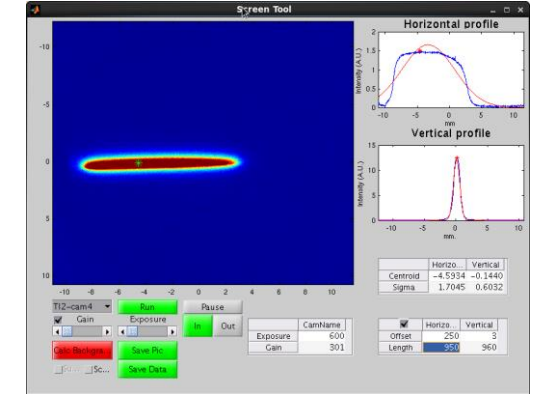
TL2-FS1



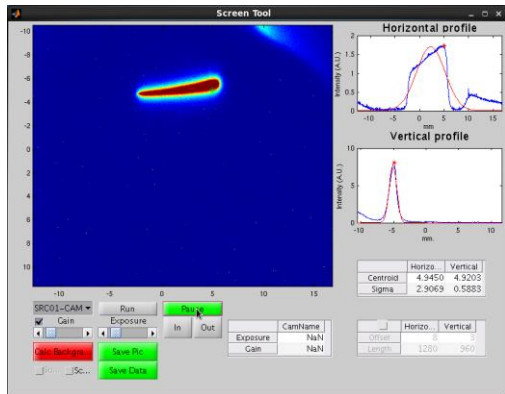
TL2-FS2



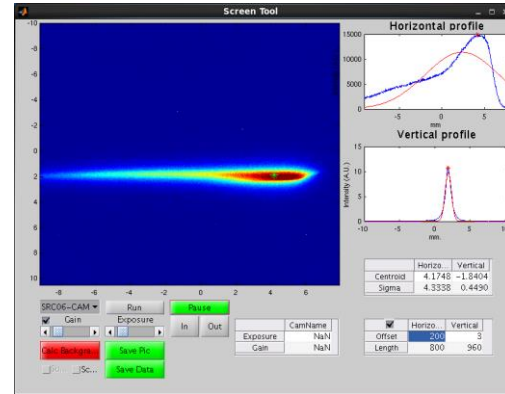
TL2-FS3



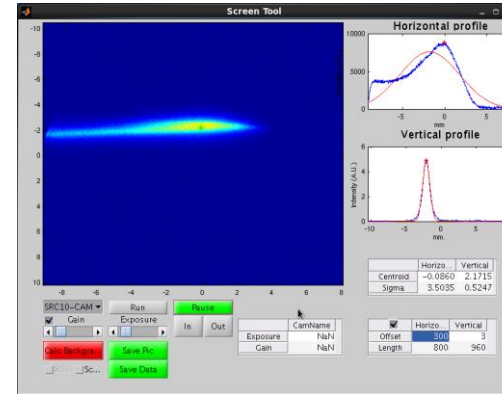
TL2-FS4



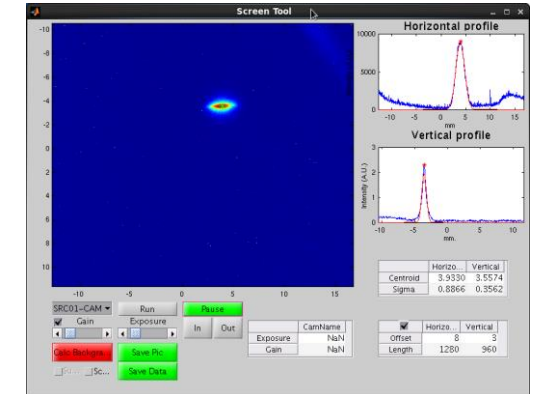
SR01-FS



SR06-FS



SR10-FS



SR01-FS
Full Turn Beam



Current Transformers

- Both FCT and DCCT share same ceramic break and outer shield.
- The vacuum chamber is a standard circular CF150 with a ceramic break of 22.8 mm length. In order to preserve the impedance for the beam and have a specific capacitance value for the FCT we designed a beam shield having the same shape as the standard vacuum chamber with overlapping lips as break.
- The outer shield has two thin sheets of μ -Metal and a soft iron outer layer to improve the shielding from external EMI and RFI.
- DCCT is connected to 6 ½ DMM (Agilent 34410A).



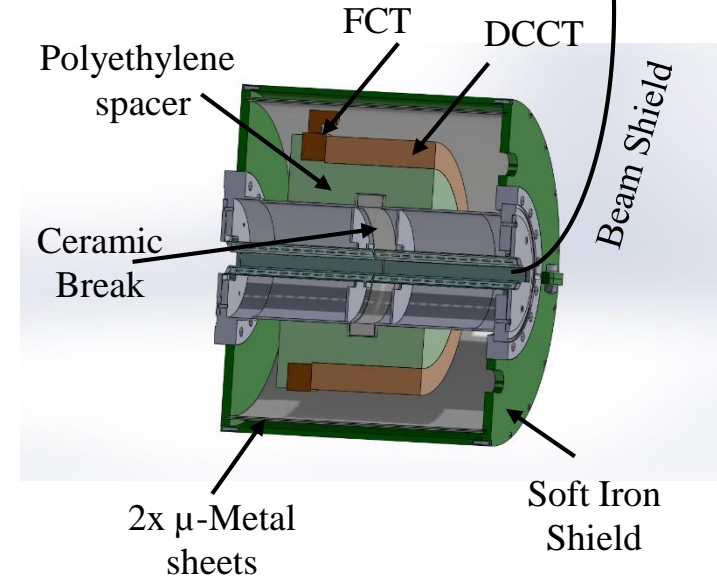
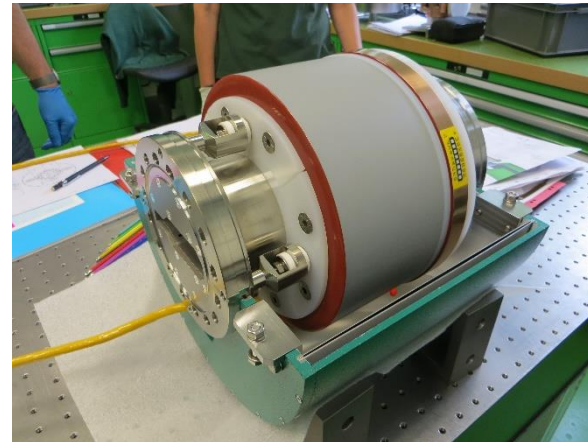
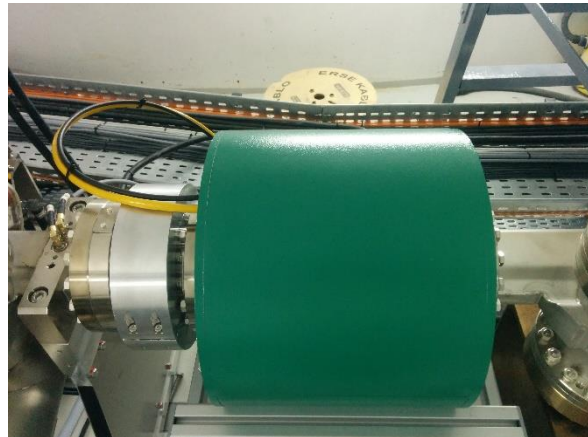
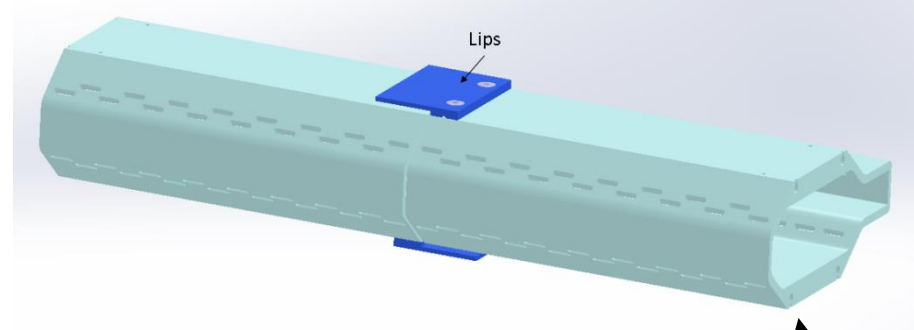
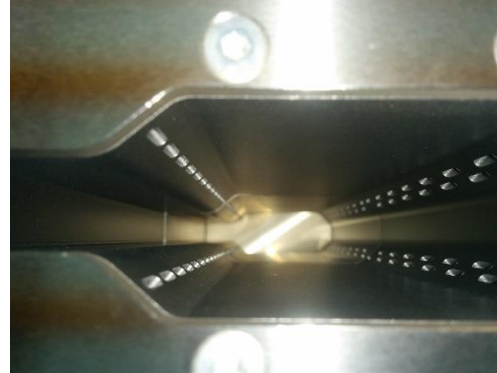
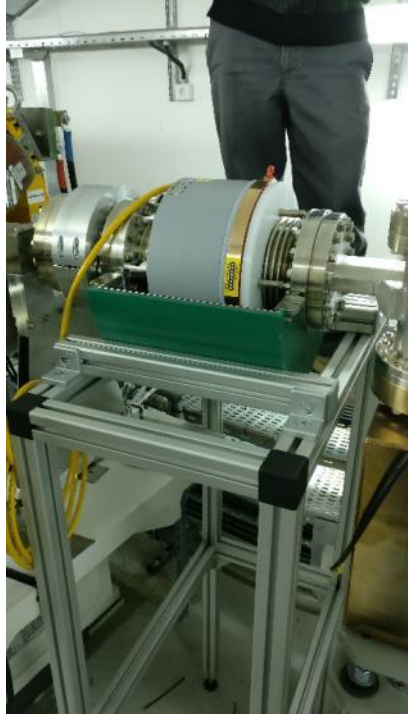
SESAME

bergoz

INSTRUMENTATION



Current Transformers



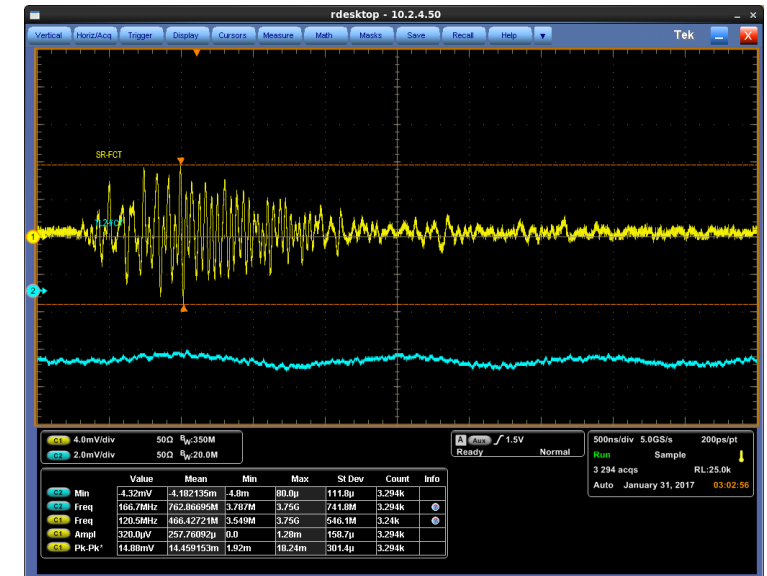
Many thanks for Bergoz Instrumentation for their big discount to support SESAME

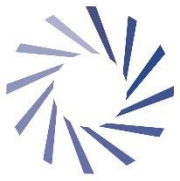


SESAME

FCT Problem!!

- Once the pulse elements (PE) specially booster extraction kicker (128nS, 25KV) (old from BESSY I) and SR injection kicker are turned on, big noise appears picked up by SR-FCT. The noise is much bigger than the beam pulse and it was hard to see the beam on the scope.
- So we have to check the PE ? → PE engineer left SESAME before 1 month of commissioning !
- → Power supply group just have *one* engineer who's responsible for all machine PS!!
- → with the help from other groups we look to the system.
- → the conclusion is: Ground loop in the system !! → try to minimize it by :
- Put ground sheet on all PE boxes and FCT,DCCT shield.
- Check RF coaxial cables from FCT to Scope
(the cable connected to the scope directly, no patch panel).
- Move the scope inside the tunnel !!! After put lead shielding on it and use another short coaxial cable.

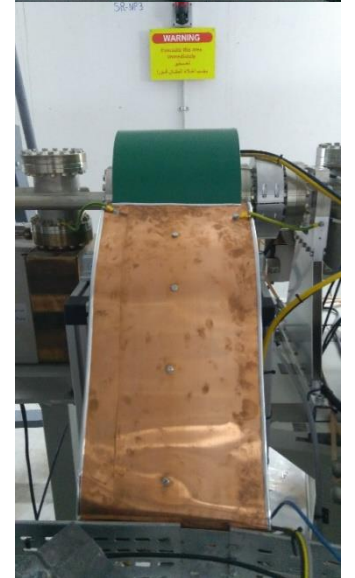
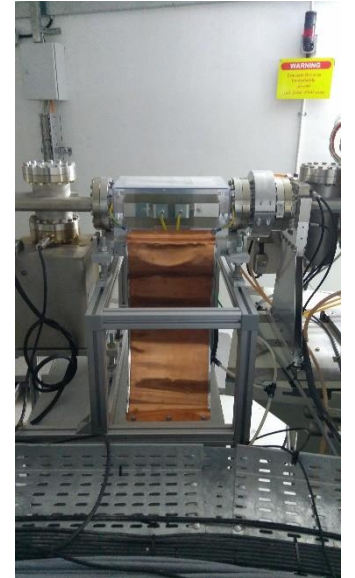
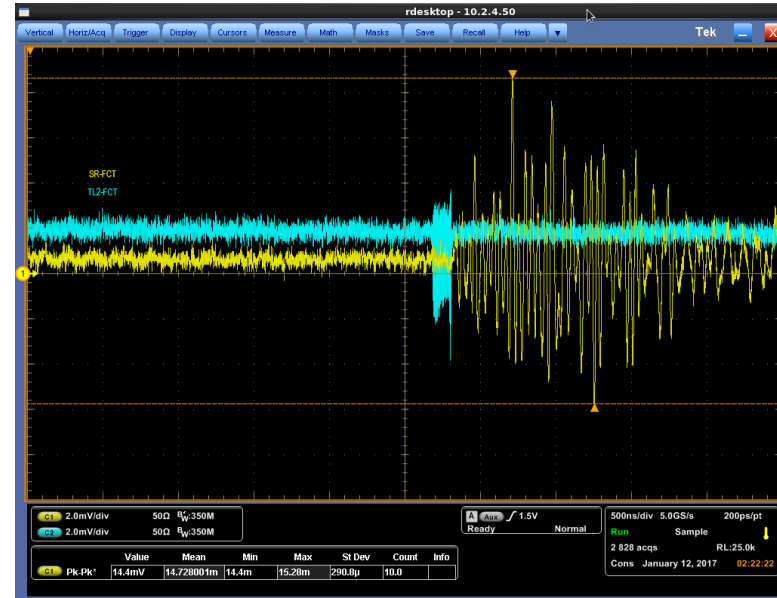
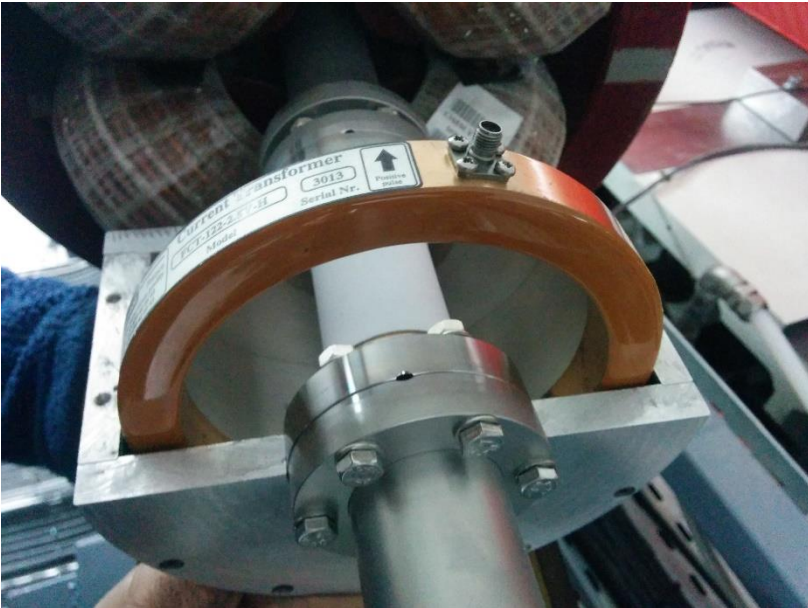




SESAME

FCT Problem!!

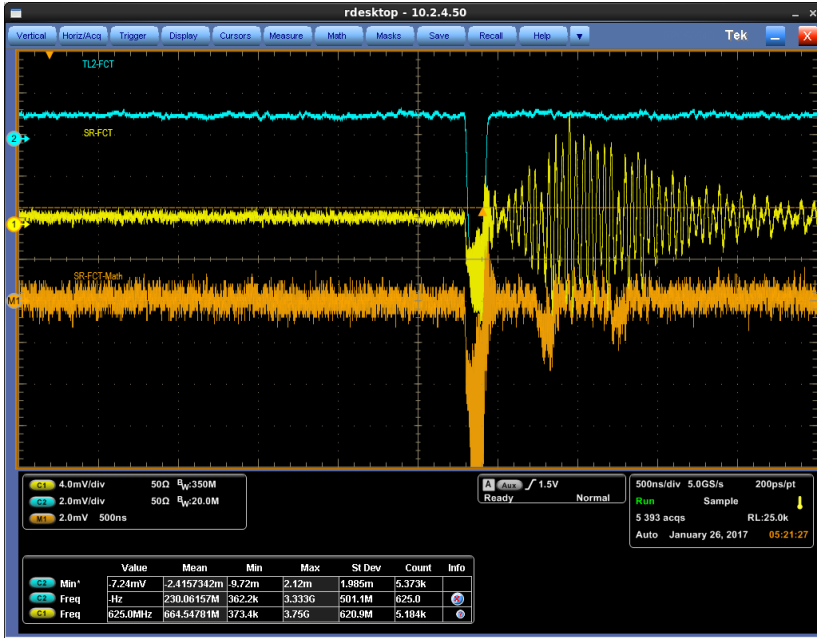
- The sheets improve noise reduction but unfortunately the noise still there.
- The system needs more time to be improved and to solve noise problem.
- → So we made a simple math on the scope !!
- → Turn on all PE with no injection to the ring → take this signal as a reference → subtract the FCT signal from the reference one ! → we got the beam ☺until we will solve the problem !!
- BUT the TL2 FCT not affected ! And this not far from SR FCT.





SESAME

FCT Problem!!



1st 2 turns in the SR.

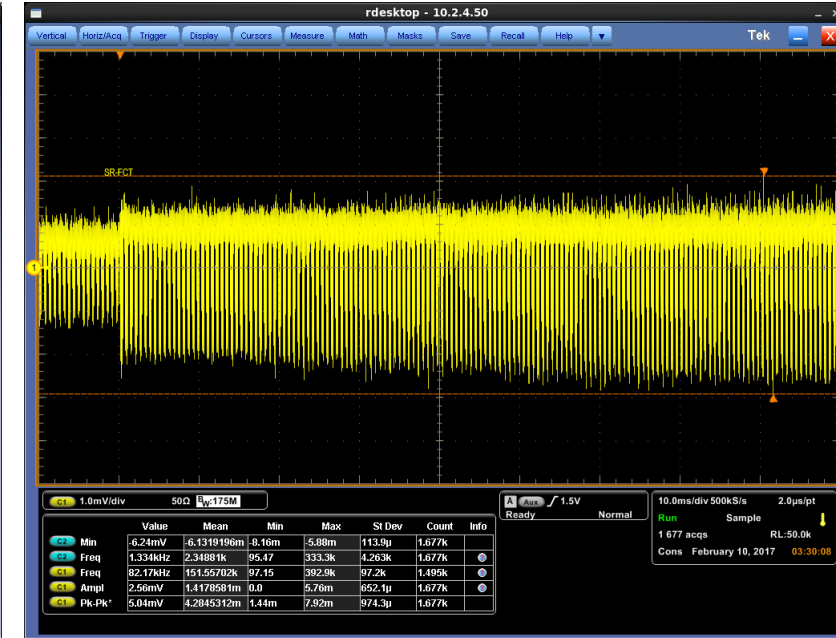
TL2-FCT don't pick up any noise (blue).

SR-FCT with PE noise (yellow).

SR-FCT after math function (orange).



Few turns in SR



SR-FCT after beam stored without math function



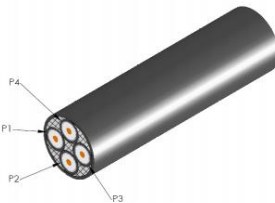
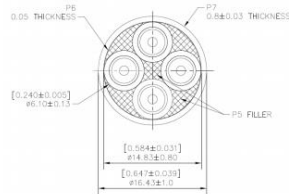
SESAME

BPMs

- 64 Button type BPM, 4 BPMs/Cell.
- 12 Libera Brilliance +, 8 are equipped with 8 GDX modules, 4 of them are donated from Instrumentation Technologies.
- 48/64 BPM are connected to the Libera.
- 32 BPM will be used for FOFB.
- Low Loss TWS240-FR Coaxial Cables.



Instrumentation Technologies

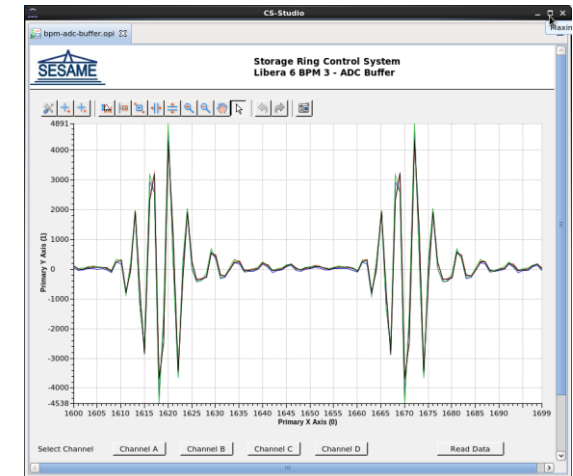
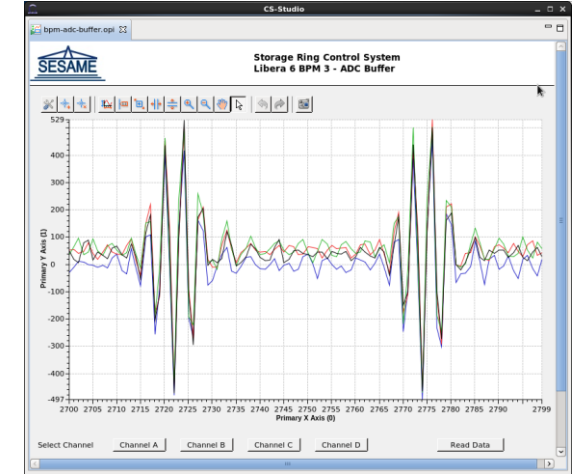
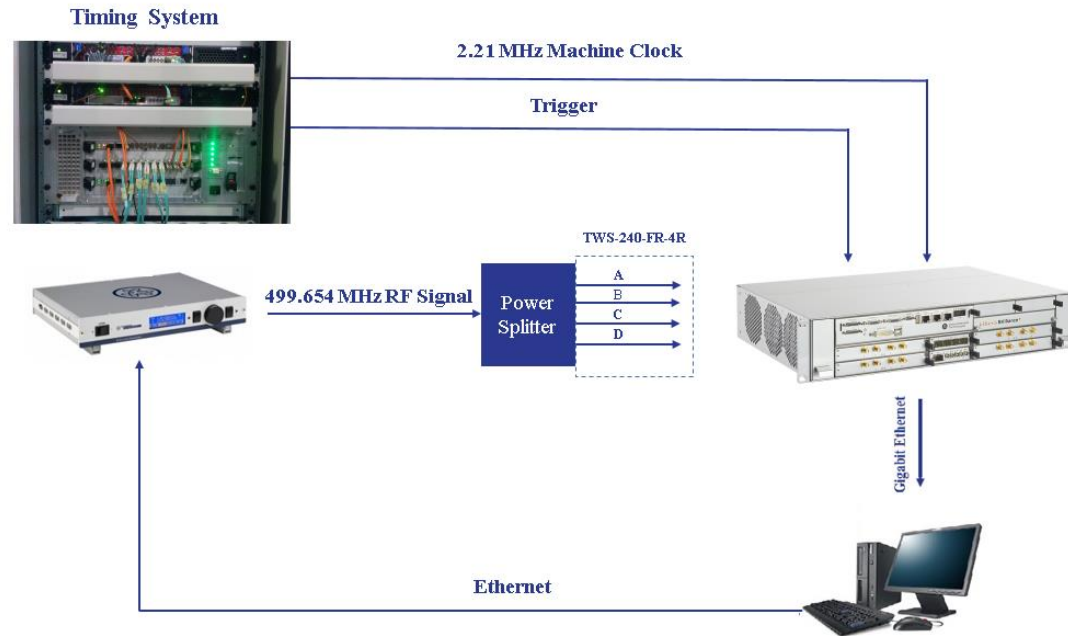
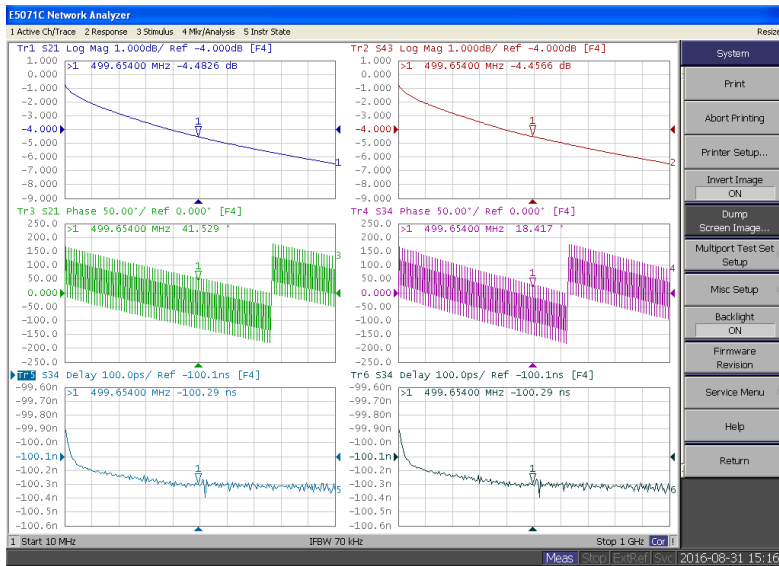


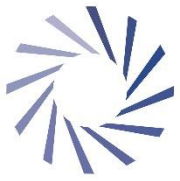


Lab Test

SESAME

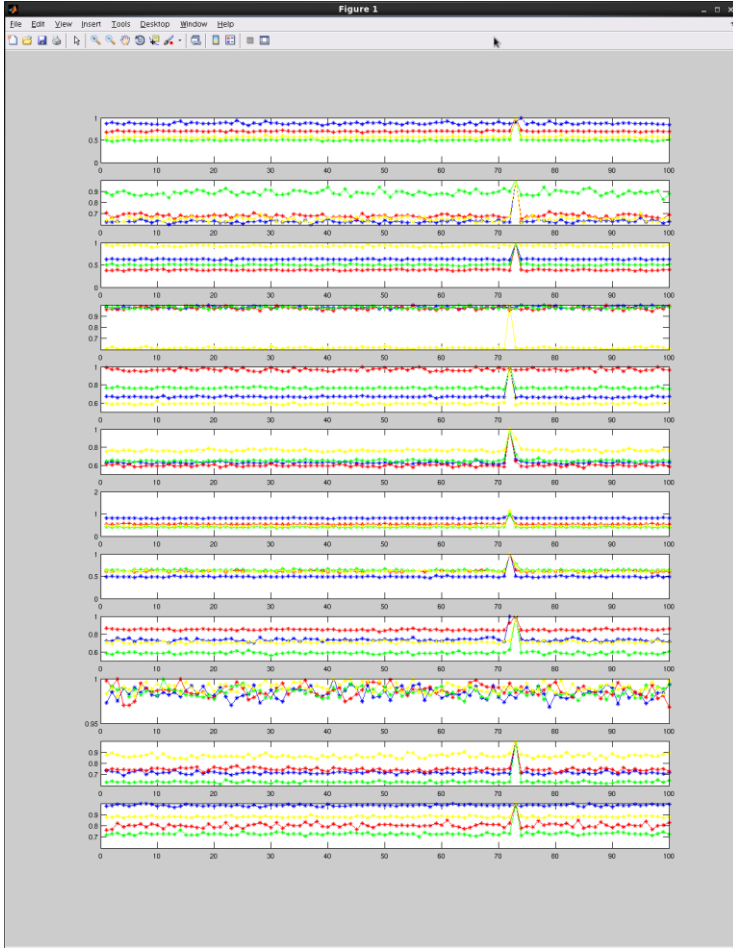
- Tryout unit was received before order the whole instruments to test it in our lab.
- We keep the test unit in the lab and we order the rest.
- The new instruments have new CPU and OS and software versions are different.
- Higher CPU usage is higher but gives same performance but it have one issue!!.



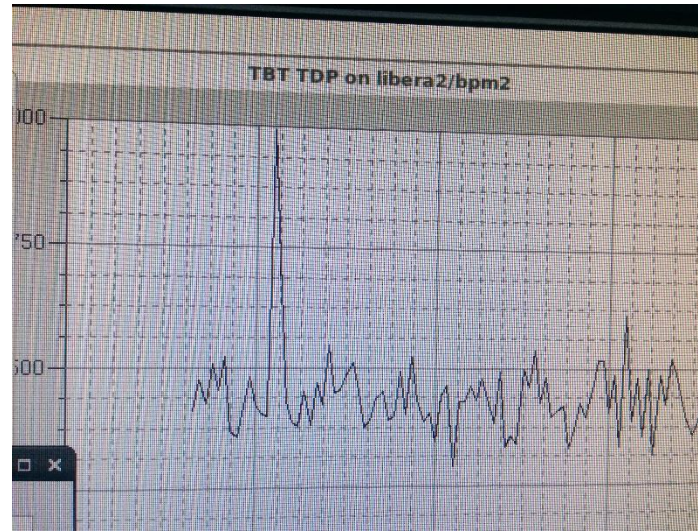


SESAME

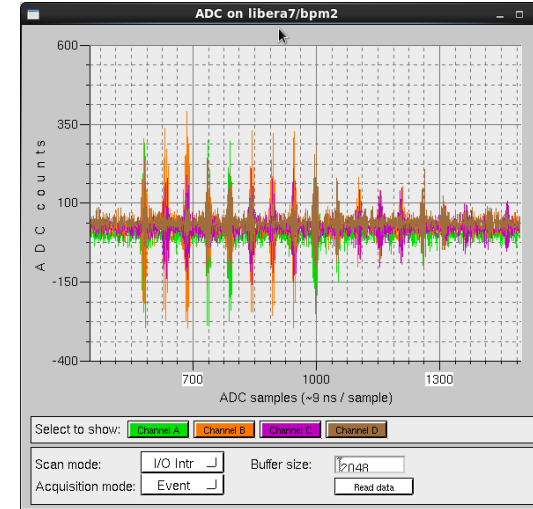
1st Turn(s)!!



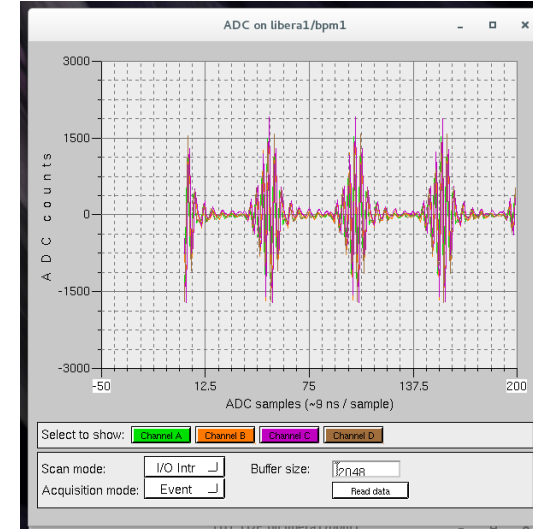
1st Turn on all BPMs



1st Sum signal from BPM1
(my phone photo)



ADC Buffer, 1st few turns in the SR

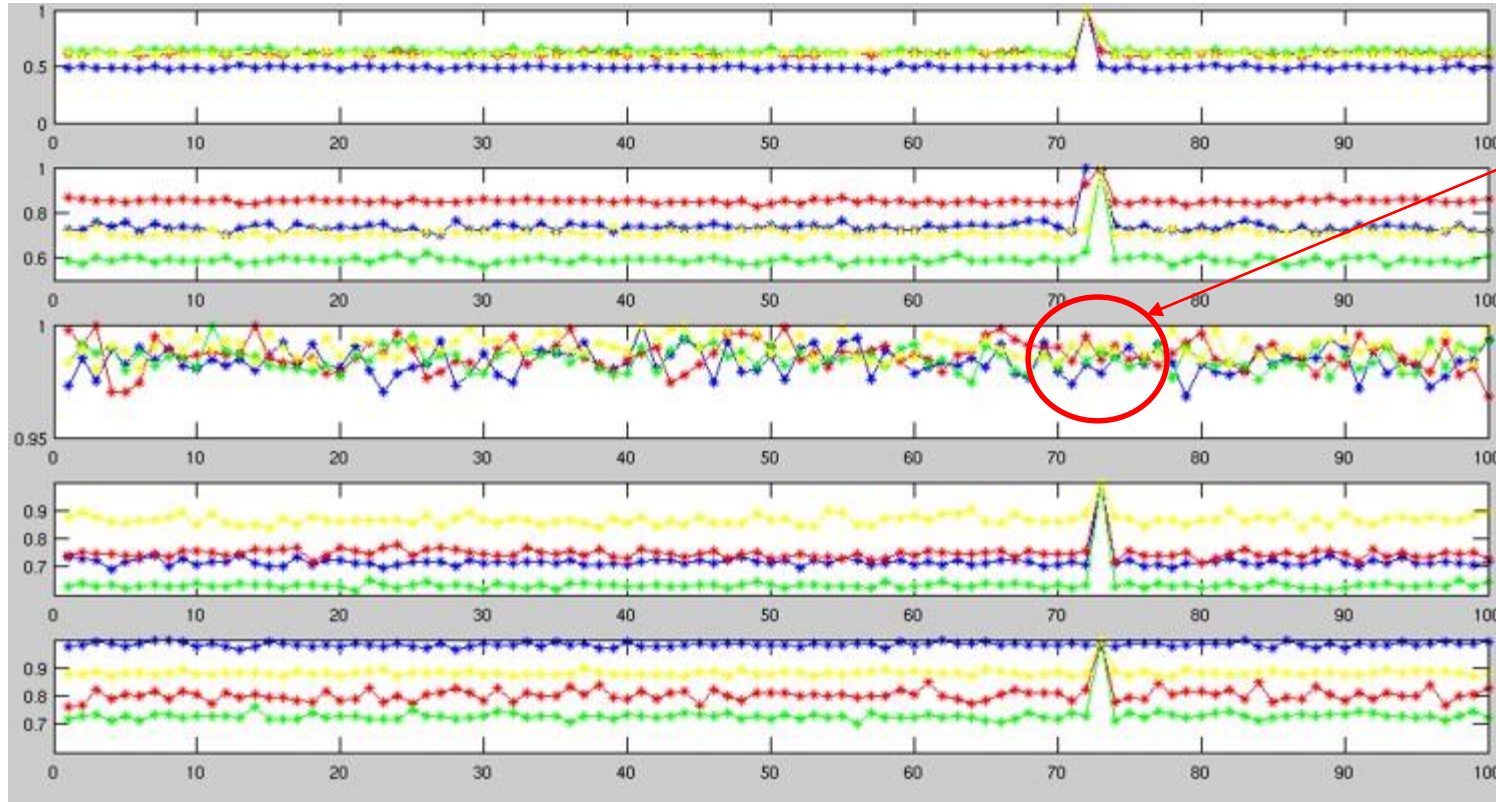


ADC Buffer, Stored Beam in the SR



SESAME

Libera #10



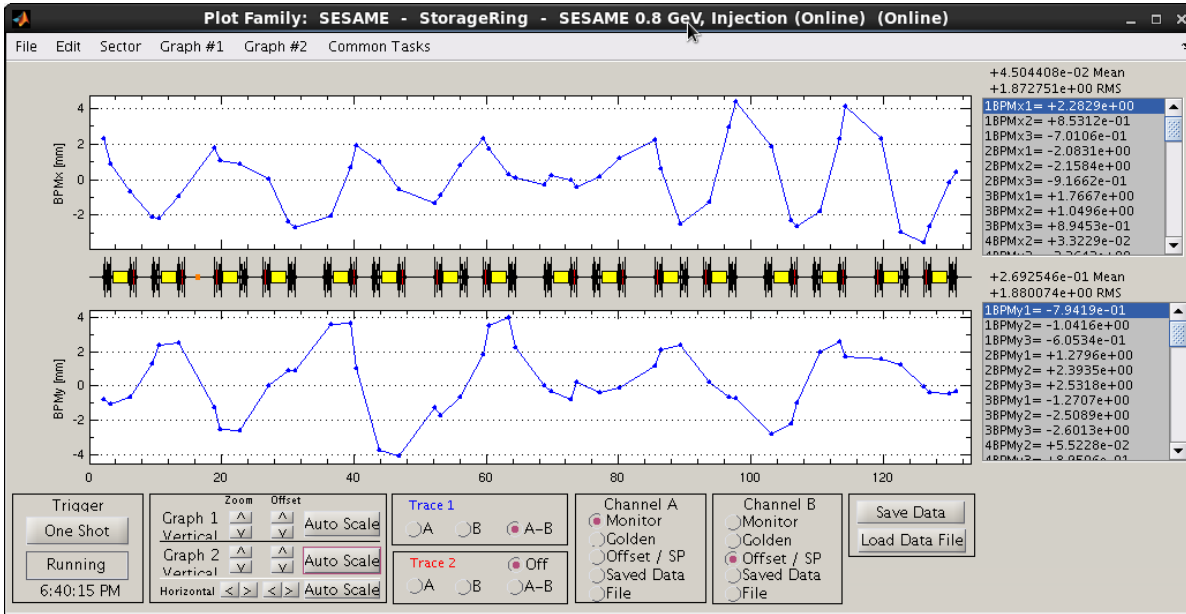
No beam detected

- This is the tryout instrument that we test it before order the whole instrument.
- We checked the cables and timing signals → OK, then we found that there is something not OK in AGC. → solved by changing in AGC .
- We contact I-Tech recently and the problem under discussion.

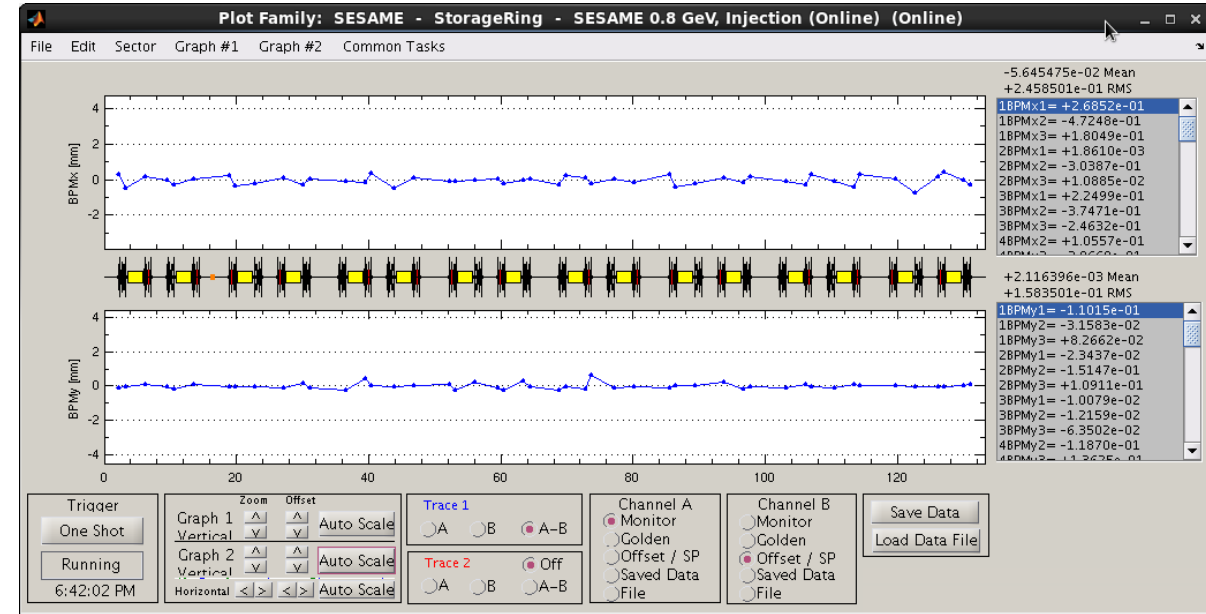


SESAME

Orbit Correction



Uncorrected orbit

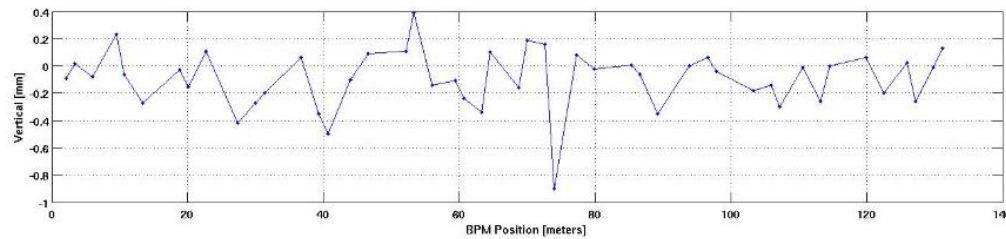
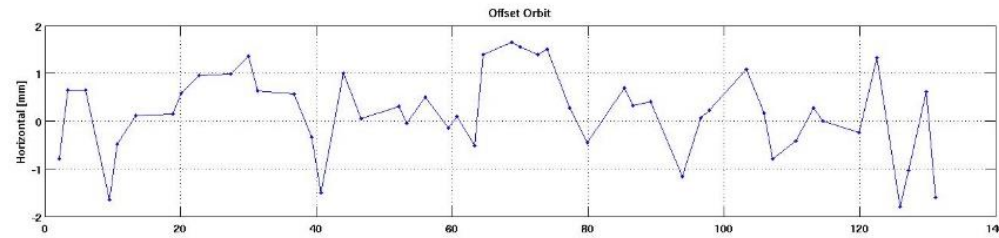
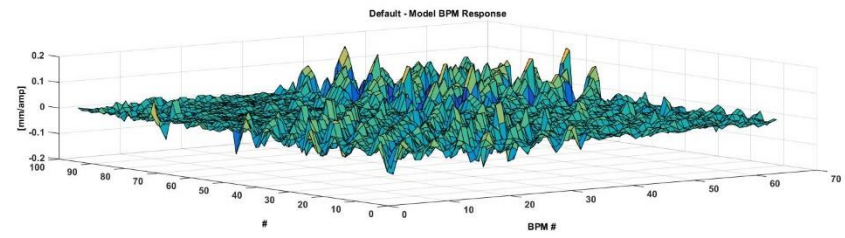
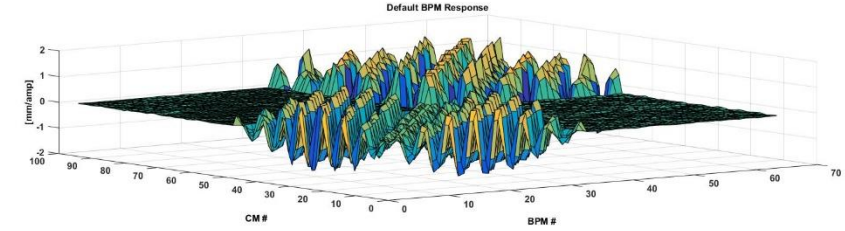
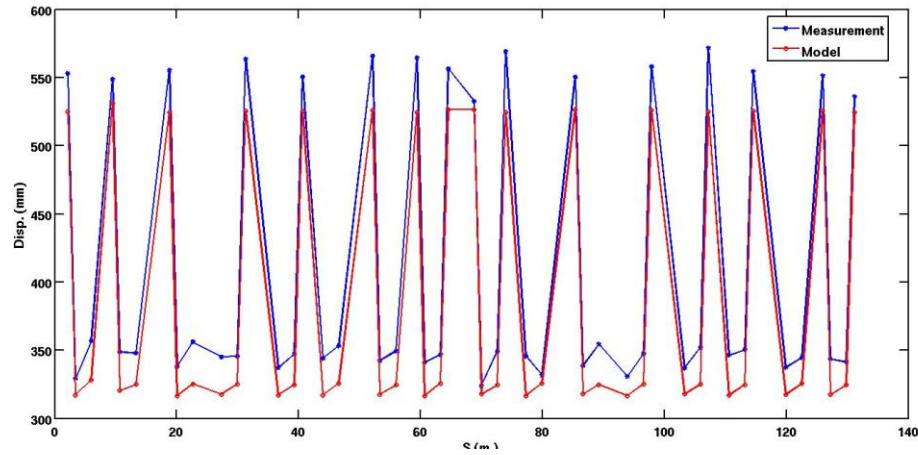


Corrected orbit
(same scale)



SESAME

Some Measurements

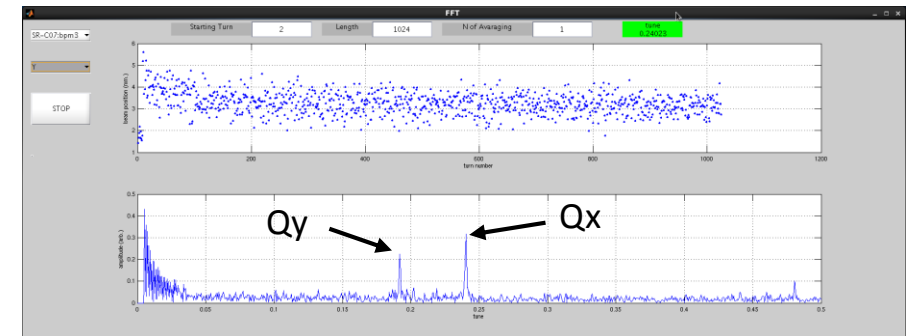
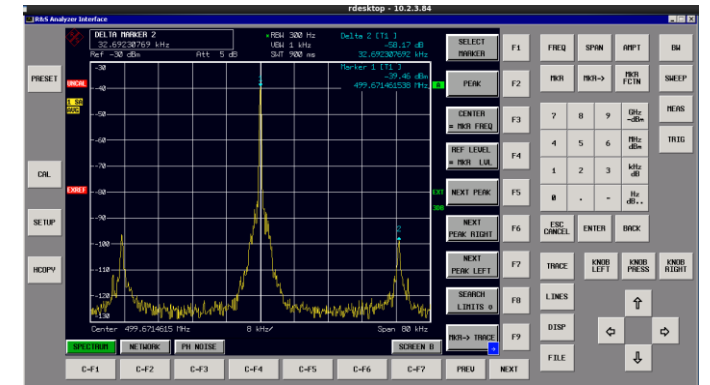
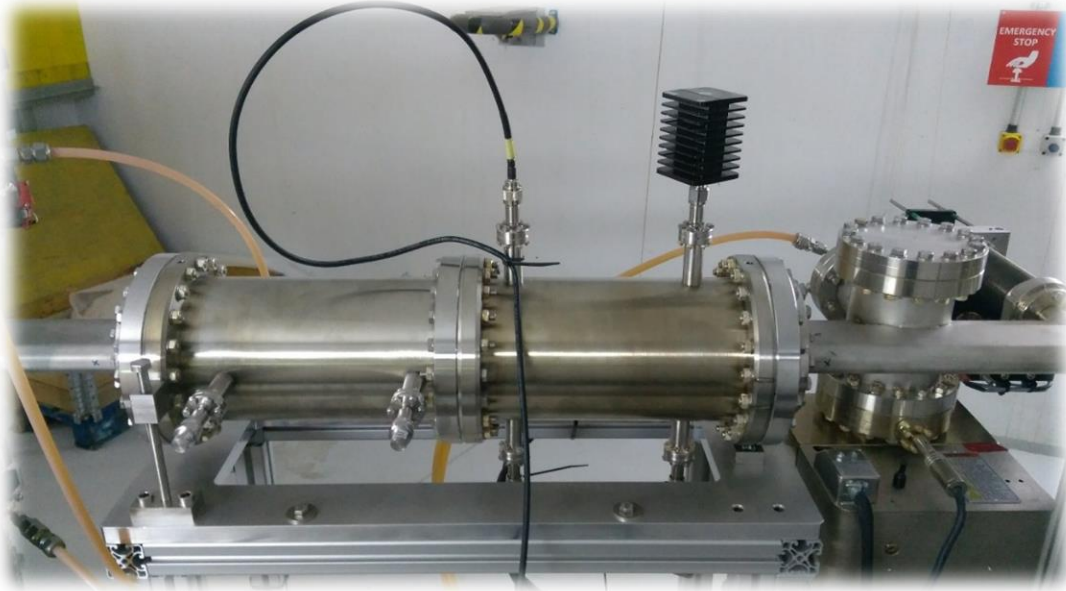




SESAME

Tune Measurement

- Turn-by-turn data were used to determine both horizontal and vertical tunes by FFT.
- Bunch by bunch feed back kickers are used for tune measurement , powered by two 50W RF amplifiers.
- Tektronix AFG 3022C used as noise generator.

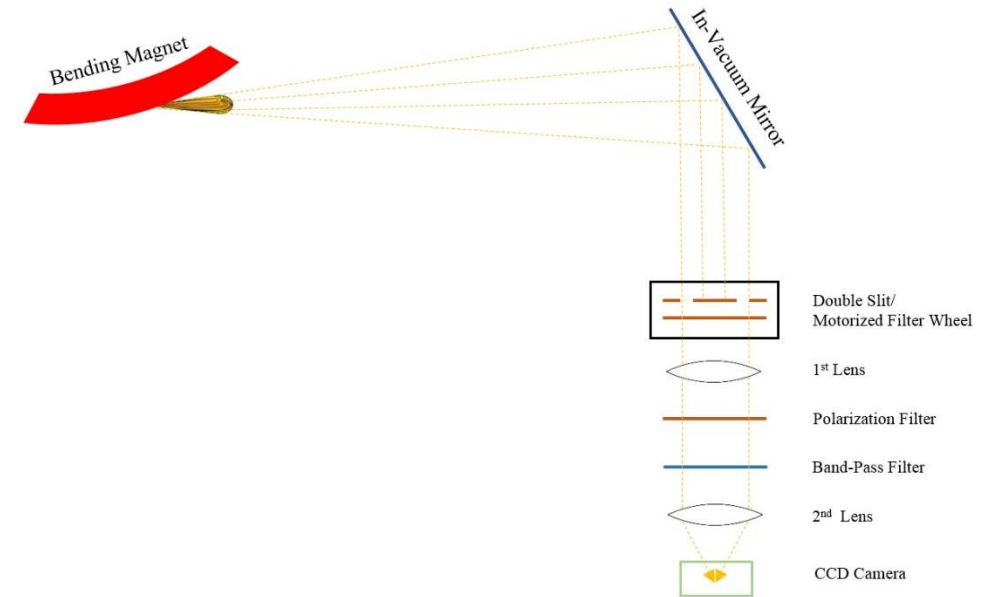
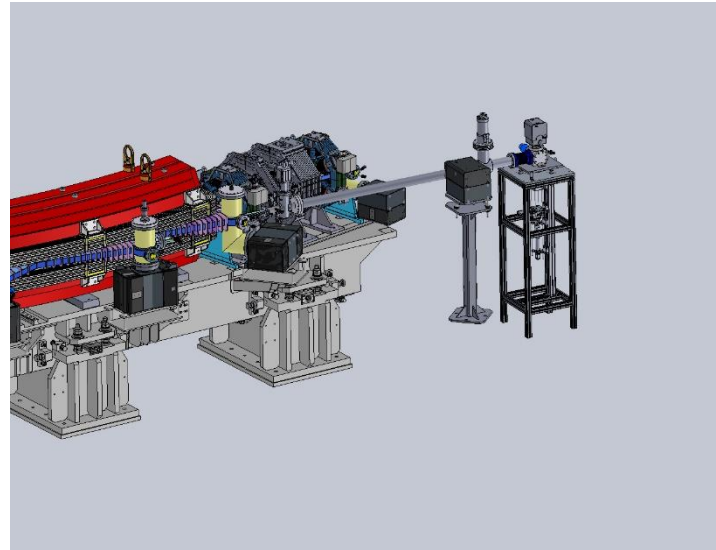
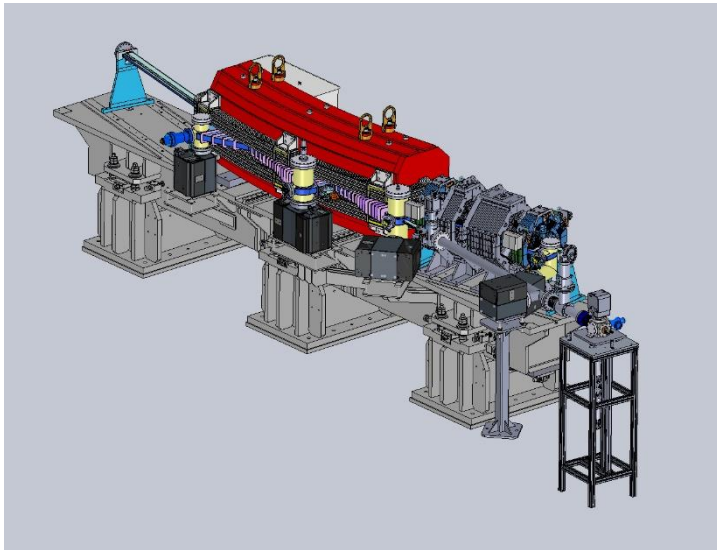




SESAME

SRM

- One SRM in SR. It's designed to measure both horizontal and vertical beam size in the ring and monitor transverse instabilities.
- The challenge here to measure both planes on same SRM, the vertical resolution is limited due to diffraction caused by a crotch absorber in the vacuum chamber. To overcome the diffraction limit and to be able to measure the vertical beam size, a double slit was installed to allow interferometry measurements.

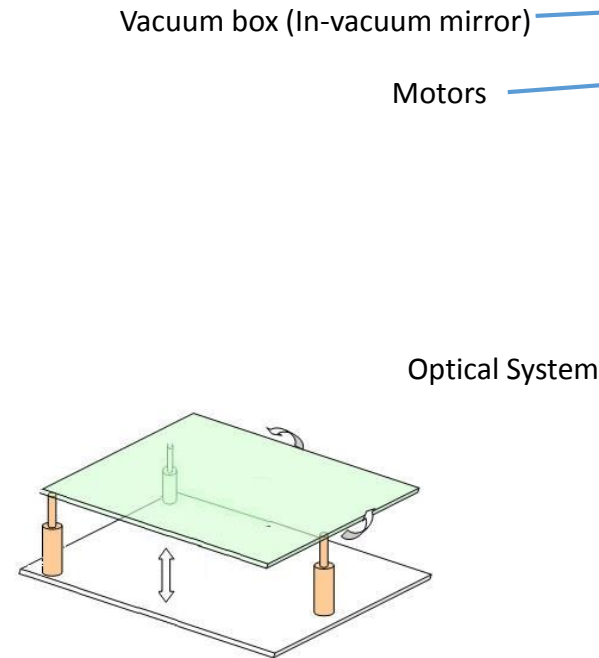
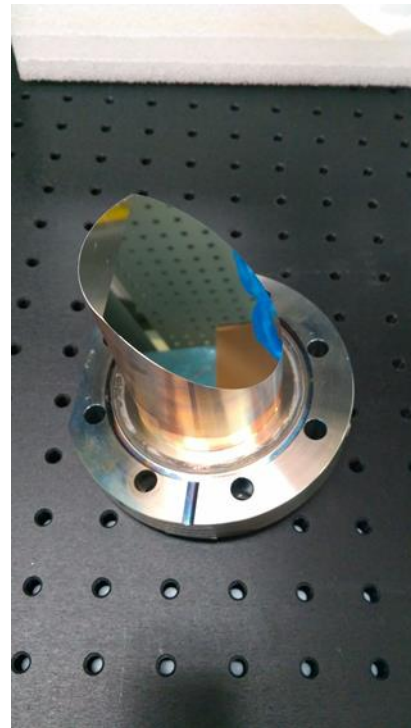
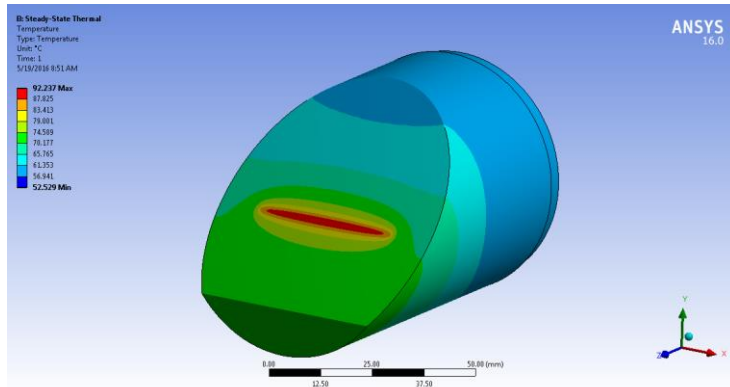


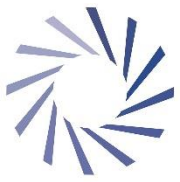


SESAME

SRM / Mechanical Setup

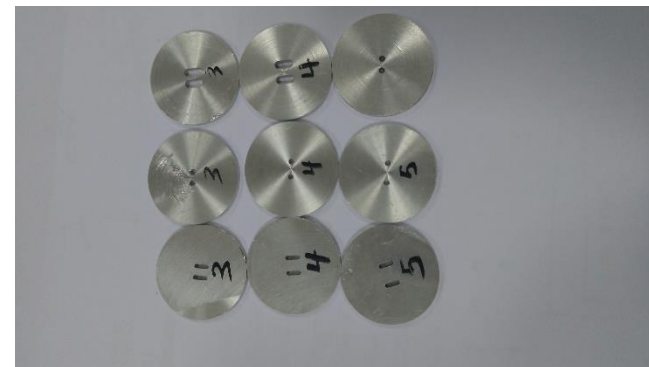
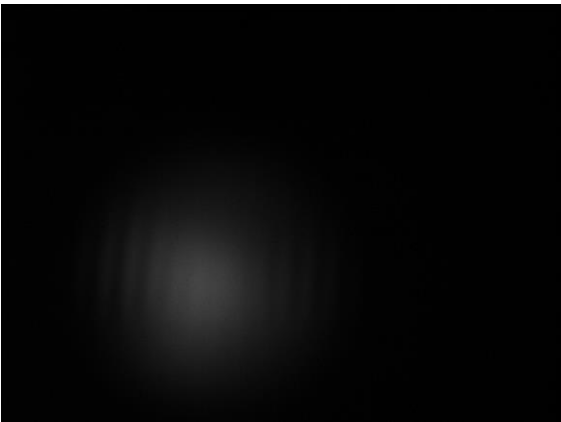
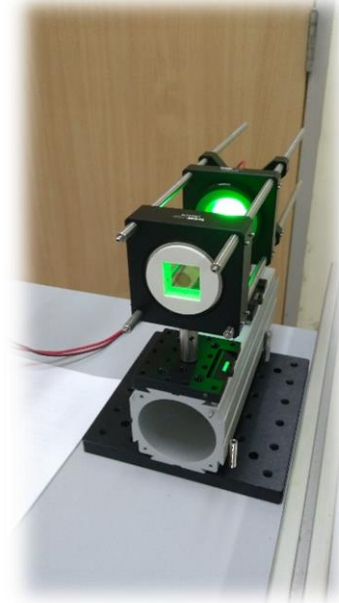
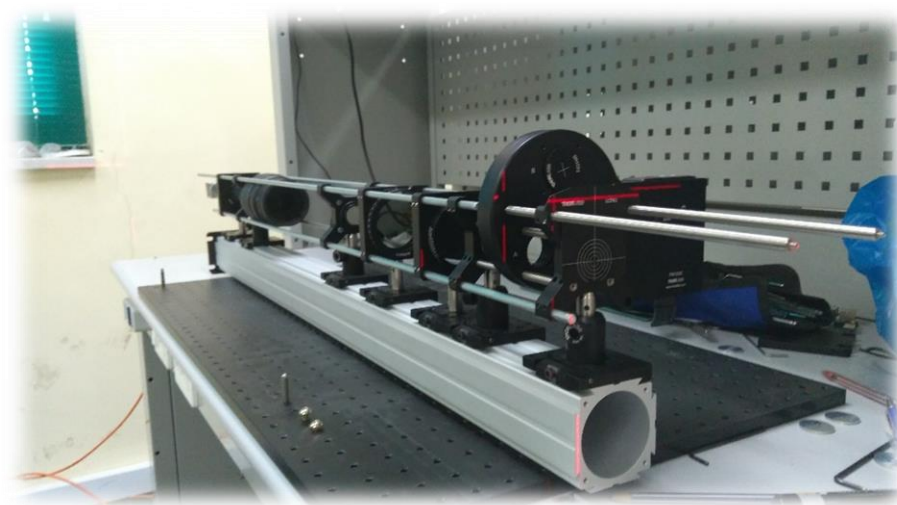
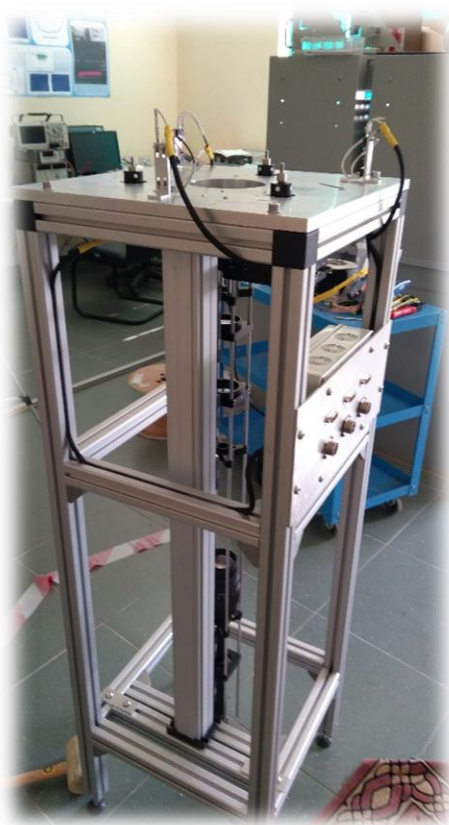
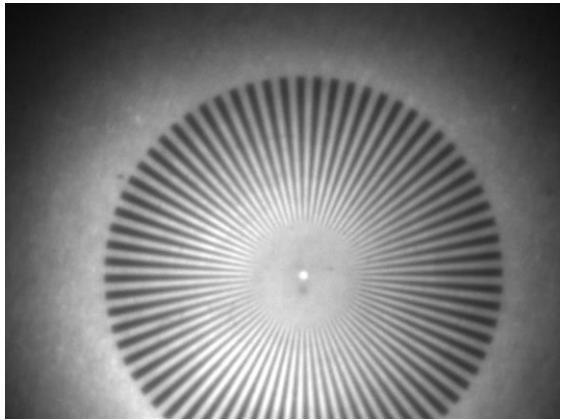
- The in-vacuum mirror design is borrowed from ANKA.
- In the phase one of SESAME the SRM will be inside the tunnel.
- So a motion system was designed to control and to do fine alignment for the in-vacuum mirror.
- The motors are mounted in vertical and triangle shape to move the mirror with $1\mu\text{m}$ step.





SRM / Optical Calibration

- SESAME**
- Since the SRM will be inside the tunnel, the optical calibration was done in the lab.
 - The calibration done for direct imaging and interferometry setup, the light source was different specific wavelength LED. A sector star was used to calculate the resolution .



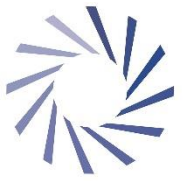


SESAME

SRM / Problems !!

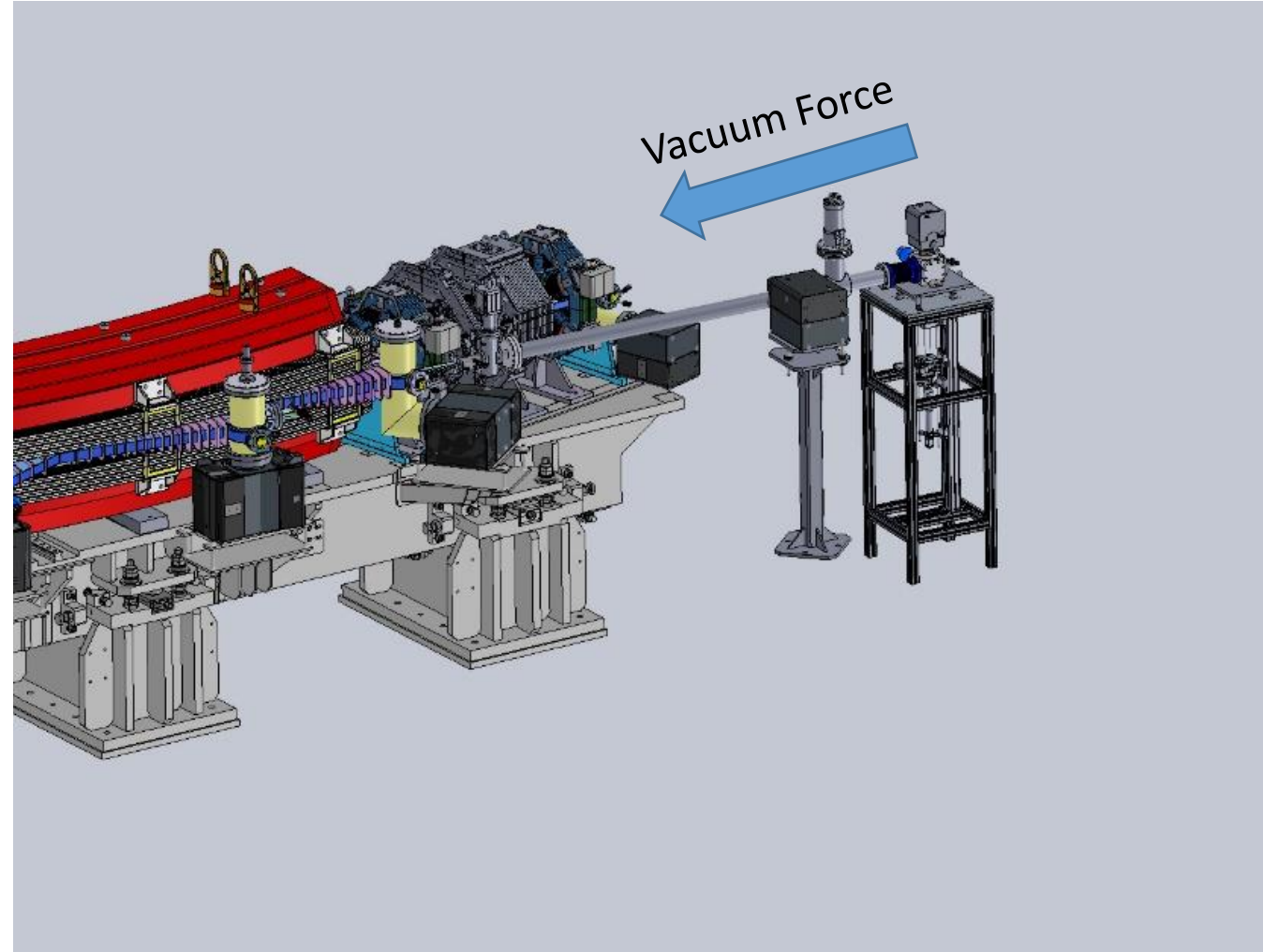
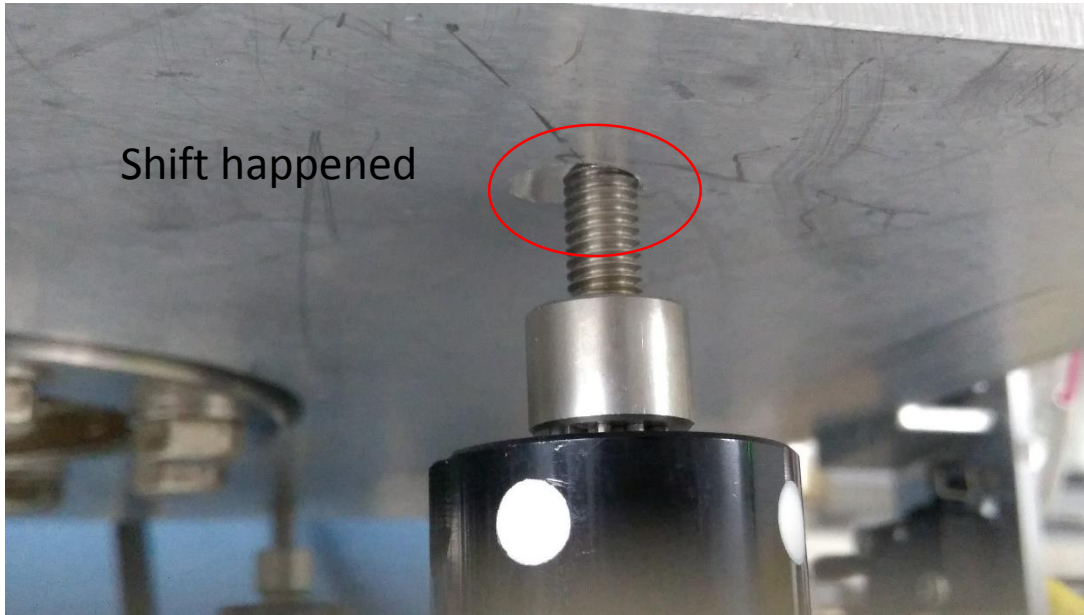
- The main problems for SRM are the parts **delivery!!** AND the **wrong** delivery orders !!
- Vacuum box arrived in “non-standard” one from the manufacturer!!.
- Manufacturer apologized for this and gave us free replacement but → **8 weeks** lead time !!
- Also the motors manufacturer did the same but **2 weeks** lead time!!
- After installing, baking out and put the system under vacuum, the system need more mechanical consideration.





SESAME

SRM / Problems !!

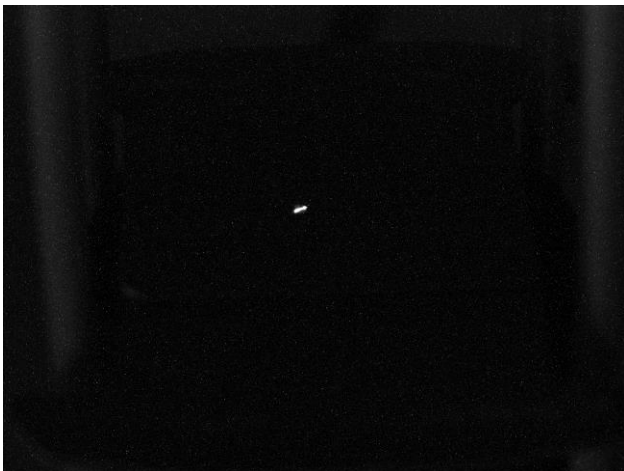
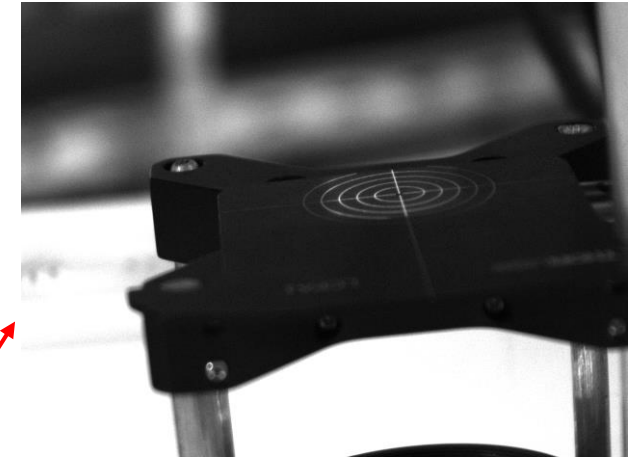
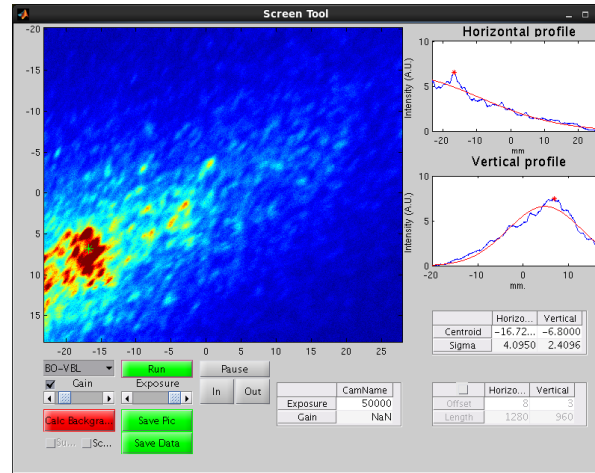
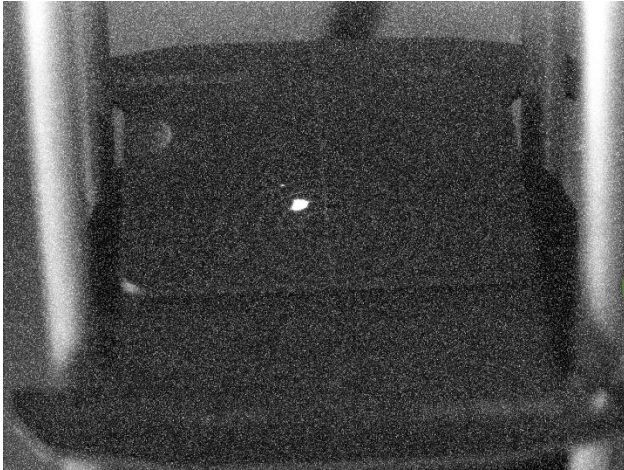




SESAME

SRM / 1st results

- This is the 1st result from 1st trial! The system need more commissioning and alignment.
- We did some quick measurement when we take a restricted access to the tunnel, to track the beam on the beam line !.



1st Synchrotron Light (800MeV) in SESAME On the SRM Camera

1st Synchrotron Light (2.5GeV) in SESAME The target were put on the intermediate image plane On August 16th ,2017

1st Synchrotron Light (2.5GeV) in SESAME The target were put directly after the in-vacuum mirror On August 16th ,2017

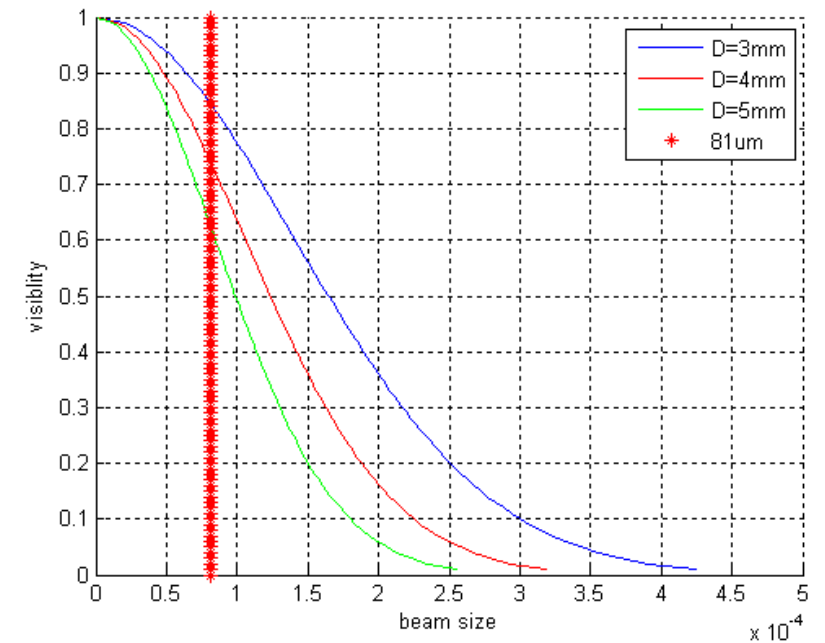
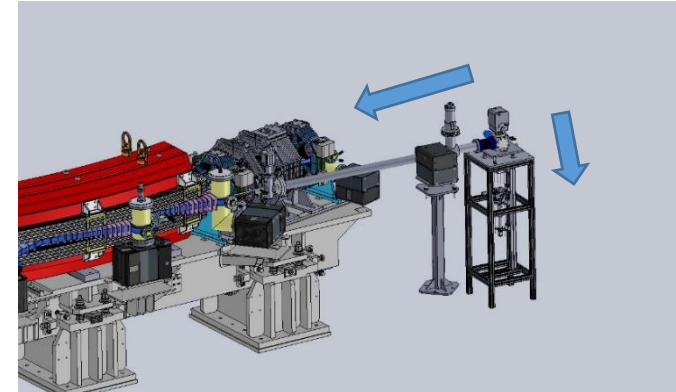




SESAME

SRM / Problems Temp. Solutions

- We put a weight temporary in the upper plate to compensate the vacuum force.
- We repeat again the same testing when we test it the 1st time.
- We saw the beam passing 1st mirror and then 2nd mirror and we adjusted the motors .
- But still the system need alignment and mechanical optimization.
- Slit Scan:
 - ❑ To do slit scan remotely we use motorized filter wheel from Thorlabs, we replaced 5 filters with a slits and left one for direct imaging.
 - ❑ The problem is the alignment of the slits !! → but we can know the best slit.
 - ❑ The measurement still not verified → need alignment and improvement.

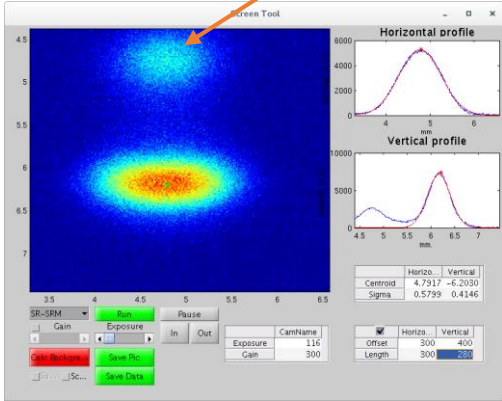




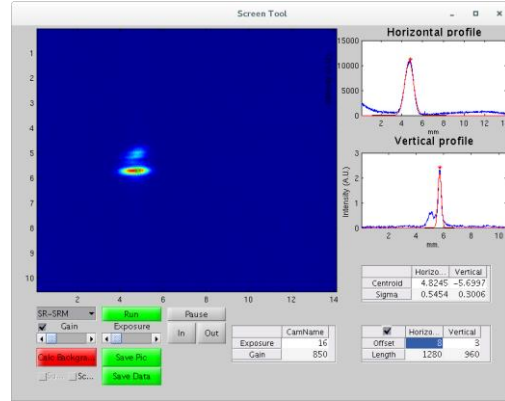
SESAME

Reflection !

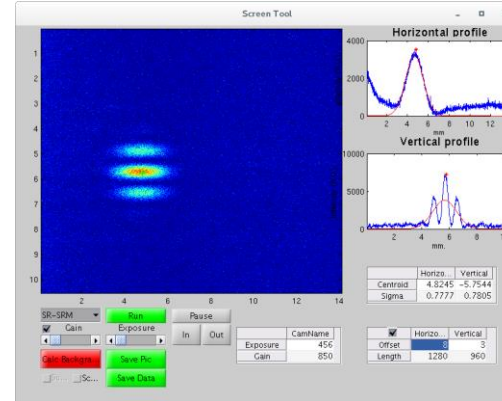
SRM/Slit Scan



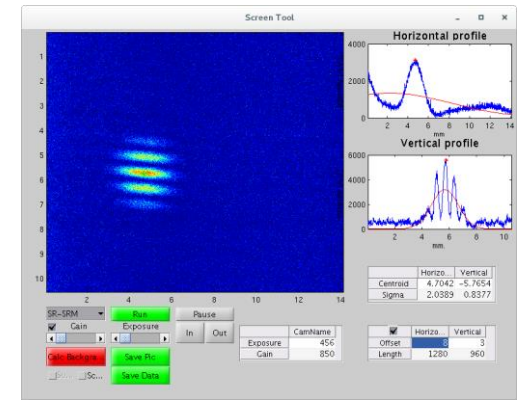
Direct Imaging ND(1)
10% 126mA 2.5GeV ROI



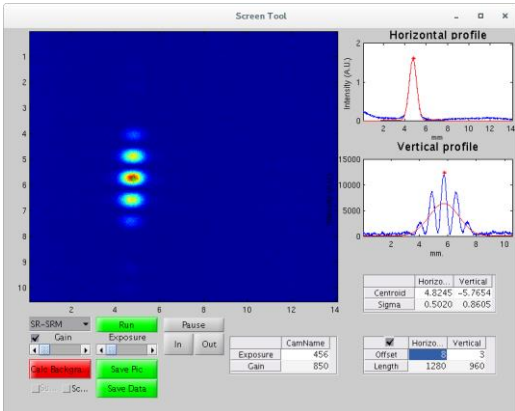
Direct Imaging ND(0.5)
32.62% 35mA 2.5GeV



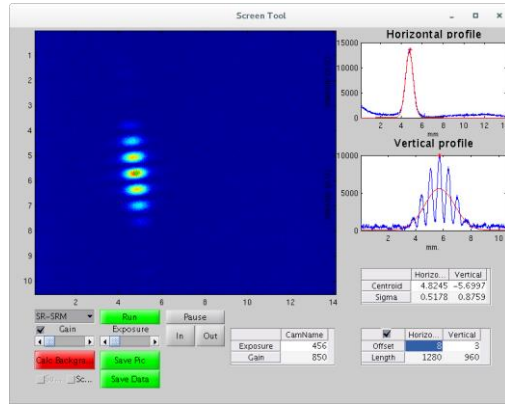
D-Slit Holes 3mm
35mA 2.5GeV



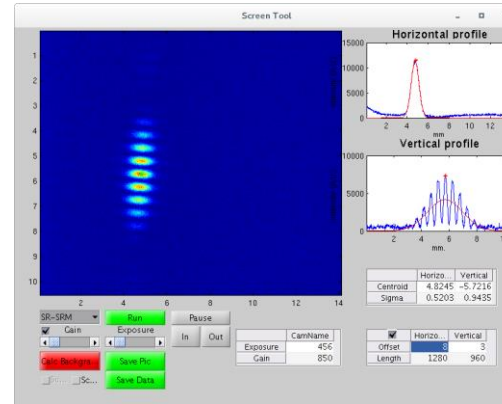
D-Slit Holes 4mm
35mA 2.5GeV



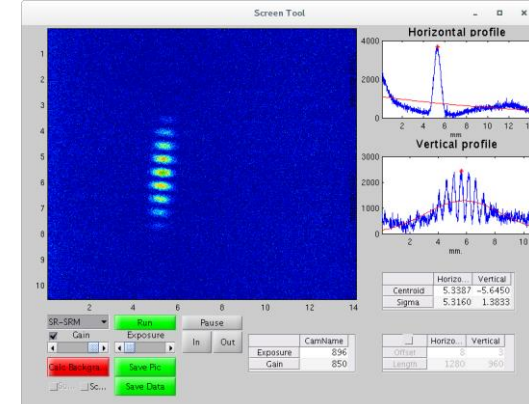
D-Slit Slot 3mm
35mA 2.5GeV



D-Slit Slot 4mm
35mA 2.5GeV



D-Slit Slot 5mm
35mA 2.5GeV



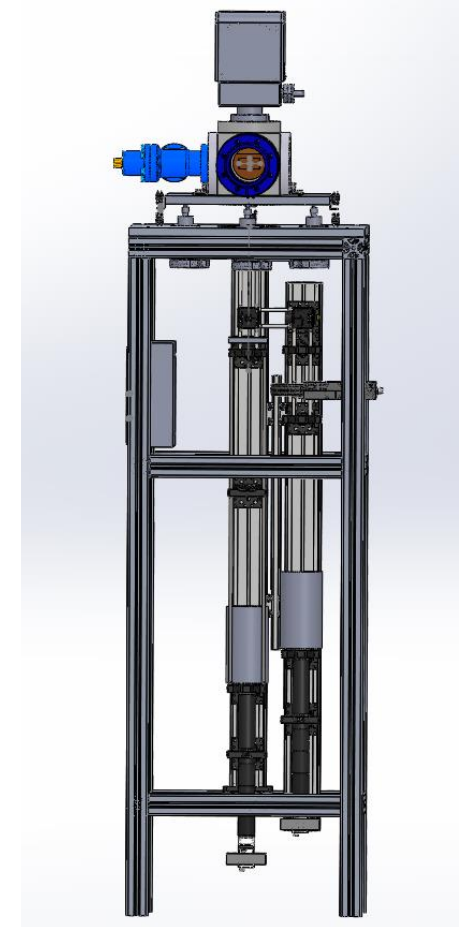
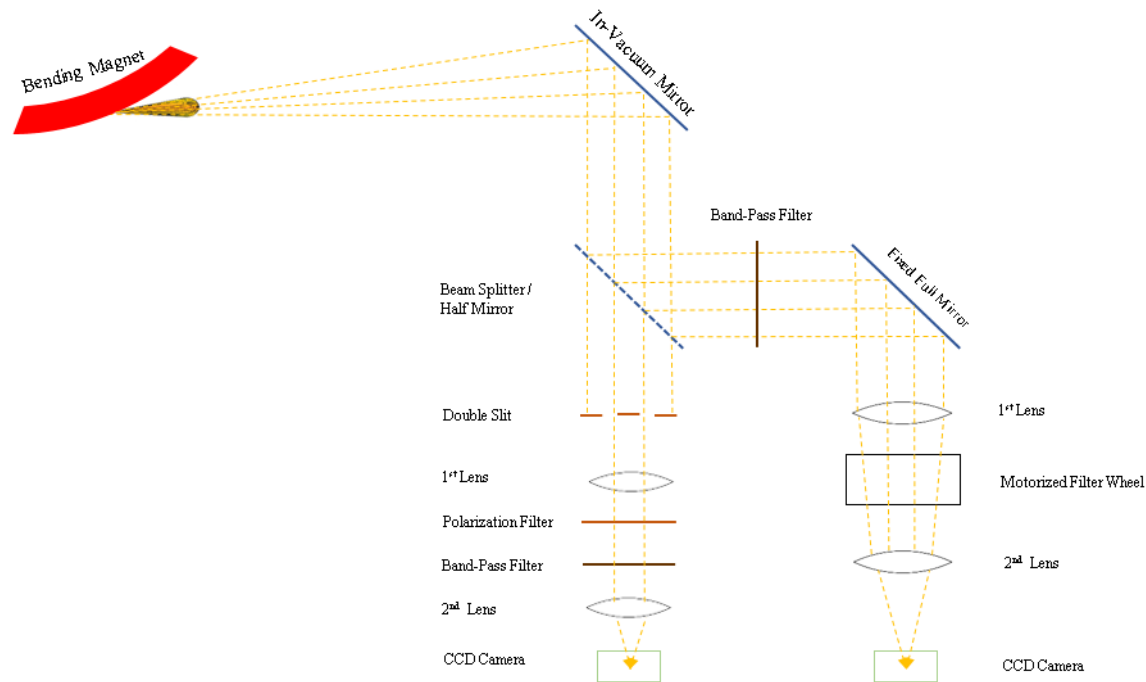
D-Slit Slot 5mm
6mA 0.8GeV



SESAME

SRM Upgrade

- A new beam splitter will be added to the system to have two options : Direct Imaging and Interferometry at the same time.
- Replace the 1st lens (singlet monochromatic 400mm) with (doublet achromatic 400mm).
- Realign and recalibrate the whole beamline.
- Put a springs or change the mounting mechanism for the mounting plate.

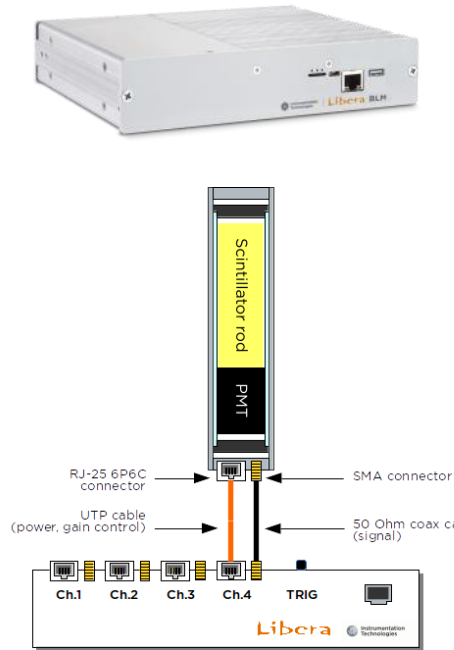
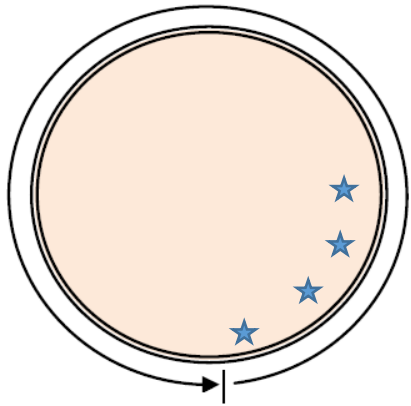




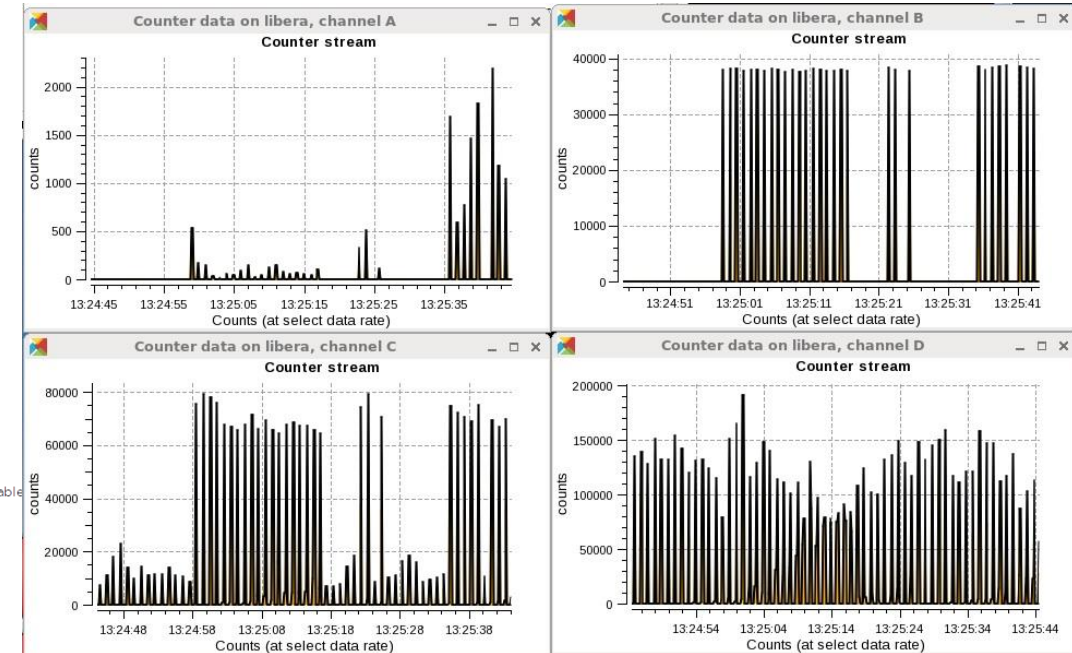
SESAME

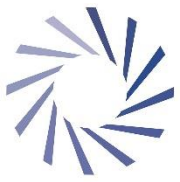
BLM

- Four Beam Loss Detectors (BLD) were installed in the machine and connected to one Beam Loss Monitor (BLM).
- One BLD and BLM are donated from I-Tech as a support to SESAME project.
- The BLDs are installed in 4 cells in the machine, their cables are long ~50m so we can turn them around to see the losses in all the ring.



Instrumentation Technologies

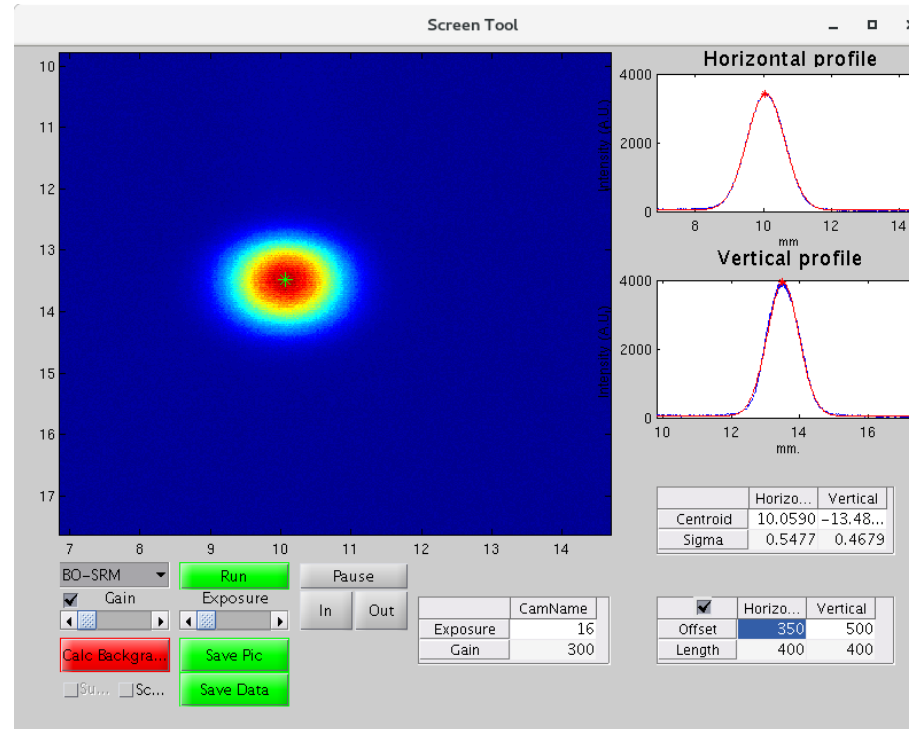
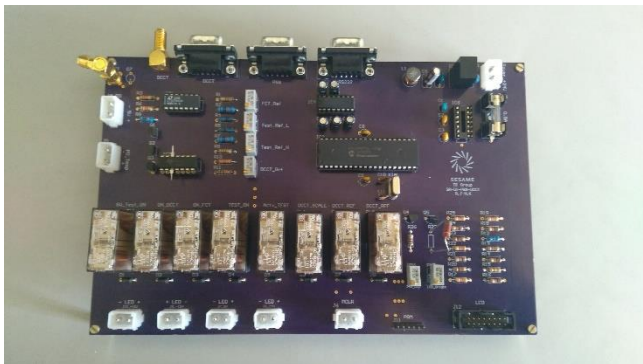
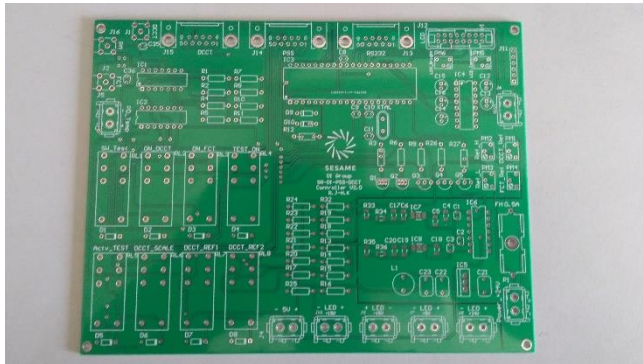




SESAME

What's Next ? Upgrades

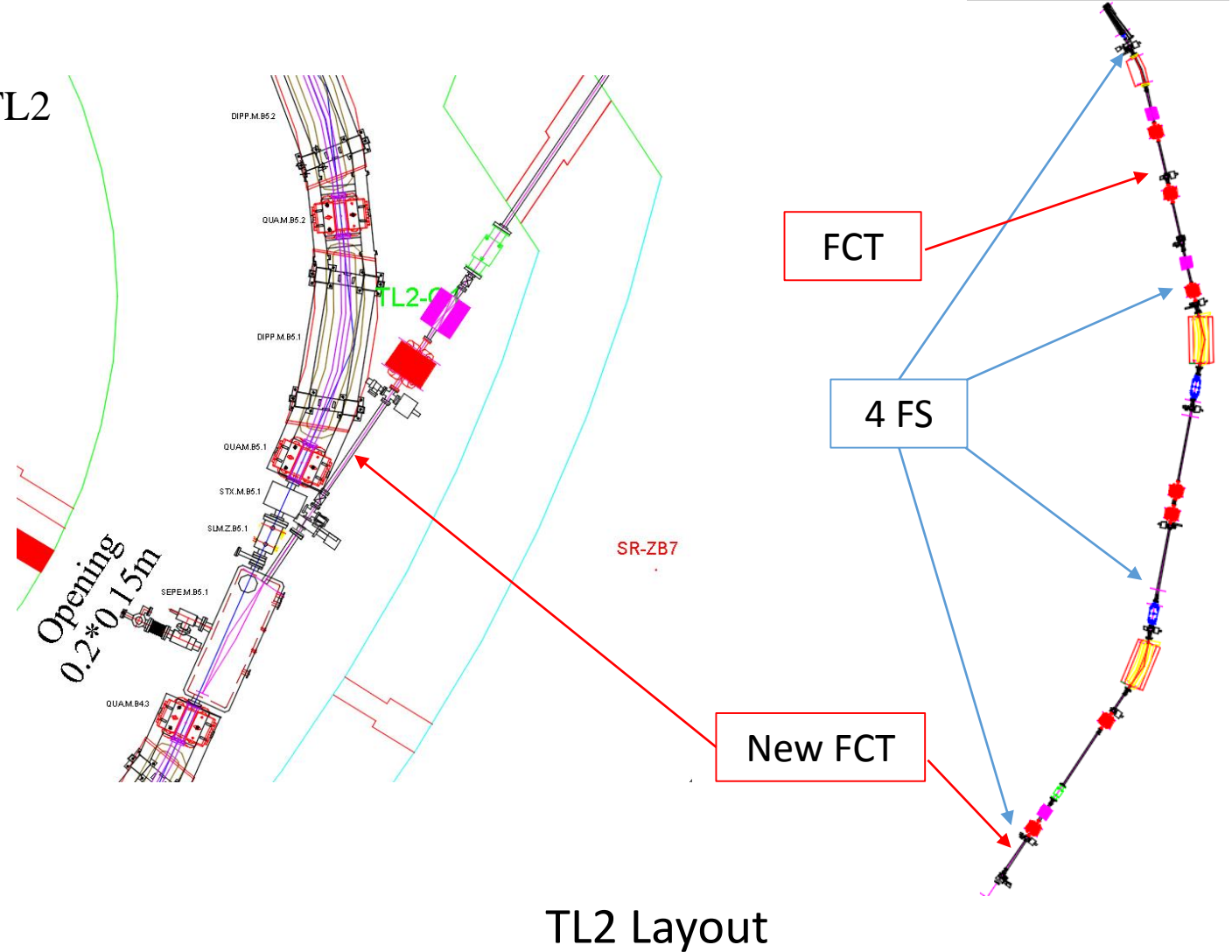
- New Booster SRM installed and replaced with the old BESSY I SRM.
- Position interlock and post mortem functions are implemented and will be tested on next operation.
- New system to send a hardware signal from SR-FCT/DCCT to PSS system for current indication .
- Upgrade beam shaker controller and scheme system for SR and BO.





SESAME

- New FCT (2.5V/A, 82mm) will be installed in TL2
- Will be installed after extraction septum
- Simple bypass shield.





SESAME

What's Next ?

- Still a lot of commissioning to be done!
- Problems to be solved.
- Upgrade SRM and light diagnostics.
- System Improvements.
- BbB feedback and FOFB to be done.
- For phase one, we believe we have the necessary diagnostics!
- We just need to carefully observe them!



What's Next ?

- 1st Synchrotron Light Source powered by solar power in the world (September, 2018).





SESAME

Acknowledgment

I would like to thank all SESAME staff for this achievement .



**THANK
YOU**

