

### WLCG Lightweight Sites

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### WLCG Sites

Grid is a diverse environment (Various flavors of CE/Batch/WN/ +various preferred tools by admins for configuration/maintenance) puppet









ANSIBLE

### WLCG Sites

- Site Admin : require significant insight into middleware and services for installing/configuring/maintaining grid services and infrastructure
- Easier for bigger and experienced sites (T1 and many T2). Not very intuitive for smaller/ newer sites.



### Potential of smaller sites



8<sup>th</sup> BOINC Pentathlon 2017



### Survey results!

- Link : <u>http://cern.ch/go/rhV9</u>
- 51 Sites respond to the questionnaire that shows potential benefits of shared repositories
- Strong support for Docker, Puppet,
   OpenStack images



# WLCG Lightweight Sites

- We would like to have sites that can run with minimal oversight and operational efforts from people at the site.
- They run almost "by themselves".
- Provide resources with preferred technology with less effort (configuration management, maintenance etc.)
- Keep things basically the same for us, but easier for admins



## Lightweight Site Principles

- 1. Abstraction: to abstract the nuances of several popular CE/WN/Batch technologies as much as possible from site-admin's view.
- 2. Modular Design: Allow admins to use existing and popular tools for setting up their sites.
- 3. Simple Deployment: Packaged into containers/ VM's for easy distribution and deployment



## Lightweight Sites Principles

- 4. Centrally Configurable: Instead of individually configuring components on nodes, configure everything at site level rather
- Extendable: A community driven effort to develop implementations for various CE/Batch in parallel



## Lightweight Site Specification

- Describe the components of lightweight sites.
  - Main function of the component
  - Configuration parameters
  - Communication protocols to interact with each
     other
  - Repository structure for modular implementations
  - Deployment/Release processes
  - Maintenance guidelines



# Lightweight Sites Components

- 1. Site Level Configuration File
- 2. Repositories for containers of different CE/Batch/WN
- 3. Configuration Validation System
- 4. Central Configuration Manager
- 5. Networking strategy
- 6. File System (CVMFS)/ Caches



# Site Level Configuration File

- A site-level YAML file to describe:
  - 1. Site Infrastructure:
    - 1. Hostnames, IP Addresses, OS/Kernel, SSH access, Disk/ Memory/ CPU/ Network information
  - 2. Grid Components:
    - 1. Site Components: CE/Batch/WN/Middleware etc.
    - 2. What to use(Arc, Condor, Slurm) and what versions
    - 3. Node on which they should be configured.
    - 4. Component specific configuration( fetched from component repositories)



# Site Level Configuration File

- **3. Generic Site Info:** Users, Groups, VO's, Host Certificates
- 4. Misc Site Info: security emails, support emails etc.
- Background Technologies: preferred tools for container orchestration( Kubernetes, Docker Swarm)/ configuration management(Puppet, Ansible) to be used for configuring the site.



# Site Level Configuration File

```
component-info:
ce:
repo: "https://github.com/..."
type: {cream, arc, condor, other}
hostnames: { 'ce-01.domain', 'ce-02.domain' }
wn :
repo: "https://github.com/..."
type: {pbs, condor, slurm}
hostnames: {'wn-01.domain', 'wn-02.domain'}
batch:
repo: "https://github.com/..."
type: {pbs, condor}
1.1.1
```



### **Component Repositories**

- Publicly hosted repositories on GitHub that provide
  - code for the images of CE/WN/Batch/Squid etc.
  - meta information for configuration of images using different configuration management tools
- 1 repository for every component (for instance, CreamCE, CondorCE, Torque, Slurm reside in separate repositories)



### **Component Repositories**

#### Repository Structure





## **Configuration Validation**

- configuration validation engine to ensure information supplied in site configuration file:
  - meets the configuration requirements of desired site component
  - is realizable on the available infrastructure using available background technologies.
- http://cern.ch/go/CvS8
- Possibility to inject custom validation rules



# **Central Configuration Manager**

- The main module for centrally configuring everything
- Uses Validation Engine to check siteconfiguration file
- Checks status of available Site Infrastructure that needs to be orchestrated
- Installs and configures Grid components from the repositories



## **Central Configuration Manager**

- Implements a Networking strategy (overlay/ dedicated)
- Ensures availability of the File System (CVMFS) and Caches to the containers
- Runs Tests like submitting jobs to check for success or failure of site configuration



### Specification: Put it together





## 1<sup>st</sup> Implementation





### **Implementation Status**

- CE: Cream
- Batch: Torque
- WN: Torque client
- Background Technologies:
  - Docker (containers)
  - Docker Swarm( container orchestration)
  - Puppet (configuration management)
- Infrastructure: CERN OpenStack/ Public cloud infrastructure providers (not yet final)



### **Implementation Status**

- Central Configuration Manager: Puppet
- Configuration Validation Engine: Python command line utility
- Overall Status:
  - Complete:
    - Containers for CreamCE, TorqueWN (test job.
    - YAIM based configuration of containers
  - En-route (within 2 weeks):
    - Public repositories
    - Puppet module for central config management
    - More documentation



## 2<sup>nd</sup> Implementation: GSoC 2018

- 2 Google Summer of Code 2018 Projects
- Background Technologies:
  - Docker (containers)
  - Kubernetes (container orchestration)
  - Ansible (configuration management)
- Timeline (May 2018 September 2018)



## Supporting new components

- Modular design can support ARC, SLURM, Condor etc.
- New repository for the components
  - Dockerfile: instructions for setting up OS, relevant packages, middleware.
  - Entrypoint/ init script: used by container to configure itself on startup based on information available through the central configuration module.



## Community

- Technical Discussion List (E-Groups):
  - Name: WLCG-Lightweight-Sites-Dev
  - Link: <u>http://cern.ch/go/I9wZ</u>

- Google Group (Open Source Community)
  - Name: WLCG Lightweight Sites
  - Link: <u>http://cern.ch/go/Hz7S</u>



## Other 'Lightweight' ideas

- Not classic grid sites.
- Regional HTCondor Pools.
- Small sites boot up containers that connect to the regional pool for workloads
- 1 or 2 proof of concepts exist
- On our roadmap after release of version 1.0.0



### Questions





3/7/2018