## TMD factorization: formal issues

## **Discussion session**

Wednesday Nov. 21st

## Resummation, Evolution, Factorization workshop (REF 2018)

Institute of Nuclear Physics, Krakow, Poland, 19-23 Nov 2018

- Terminology: can we fix some common language?
  - TMD pdf vs. unintegrated parton distributions vs. low x
    TMD
  - operator definition of unintegrated parton distributions?
    Can we fix the relation? What is needed for that?
- How can we relate phenomenological motivated approaches (parton branching, KMR, "unintegrated DGLAP pdf") to formal definitions of distributions (collinear, soft-collinear TMDs, low x TMDs, ...)
- Can both approaches benefit from each other? Can "theory" deliver something for "pheno" and vice versa?
- Are low x/"unintegrated" distributions sufficiently well defined or is a (low x) theory effort needed? Hybrid formalism?
- TMDs for all x? Combined low and large x TMDs? Can we get numbers?

- Different **definitions of f(x,k<sub>T</sub>):** TMDs, uPDFs/CGC, PB-TMDs,... (more?)
  - Is there **any relation among them** in any kinematical region?
  - **TMDlib**: can it help? How? Is it possible/easy/convenient to include TMDs?
- Are **factorization theorems the** *holy grail*? What to do if factorization does not hold?
- Why do we need **TMDs at the LHC**? Are not PB-TMDs enough?
- TMD factorization is well-established = less applicability ???
  k<sub>T</sub>-factorization is less robust = more applicability ???
- Applicability/limitations of each definition/approach
  - Does **TMD factorization fail at small x /** high energy?
  - Which f(x,k<sub>T</sub>) are universal and why/when?
  - Can PB-TMDs and uPDFs handle polarization, distr./frag., etc?
- •TMDs have a clear relation with **proton 3D/spin structure (tomography)**. What about the **other f(x,k<sub>T</sub>)?**

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