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## First principles study of local and electronic structures of yttrium-doped Ba( $Zr_xTi_{1-x}$ )O<sub>3</sub>

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Here we report the first principles study of yttrium-doped  ${\rm Ba}({\rm Zr_xTi_{1-x}}){\rm O_3}$  (Y-doped BZT) for x=0.125, 0.250, and 0.375 supercells as a promising rare earth doped lead-free ferroelectric material. The local and electronic structures of Y-doped BZT and pure BZT relaxed supercells are systematically investigated in term of atomic pair distribution functions (PDFs), A and B site cation off-centering, and electronic density of states (DOS) respectively. The PDF spectrums show the increasing of structural disorder as a function of Zr concentration, while the short-range disorder is strongly influenced by the size of cation and their corresponding vacancies. Moreover, the drastic diffusion in PDF spectrums of Y-doped BZT reflects the compositional fluctuation on the local environment of the supercells. For cation off-centering,  ${\rm Ti}^{4+}$  play a major role as the active ferroelectric distortion in BZT. However, the substitution of yttrium ions into BZT matrix enhanced the lattice distortion as observed from the increasing of off-centering magnitude for both A and B site cations. The calculated total and projected DOSs on d states of cations and O-2p states confirm the strong hybridization between Ti 3d and O 2p states, thus implying the covalent bonding in Ti-O<sub>6</sub> octahedral. On the other hand, the little effects of yttrium ions on the electronic structures, especially the highest and lowest valence and conduction bands, were observed.

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