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## (Poster) Results from the CRESST-III experiment

CRESST is a direct dark matter detection experiment operating  $\text{CaWO}_4$  target crystals as particle detectors at cryogenic temperatures. The third generation of CRESST detectors features nuclear recoil energy thresholds below  $100\text{eV}$  combined with a sophisticated veto system for holder and surface related backgrounds in addition to the standard scintillation light based event-by-event particle discrimination technique. This allows to push the low-mass frontier for direct dark matter detection well into the sub- $\text{GeV}/c^2$  range.

The poster will focus on new results from the last data taking campaign obtained with an updated analysis scheme and a down to threshold analysis.

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