



LAB modules update

CLIC workshop 2016

Alex Vamvakas on behalf of the TBM team

20/01/2016



Overview

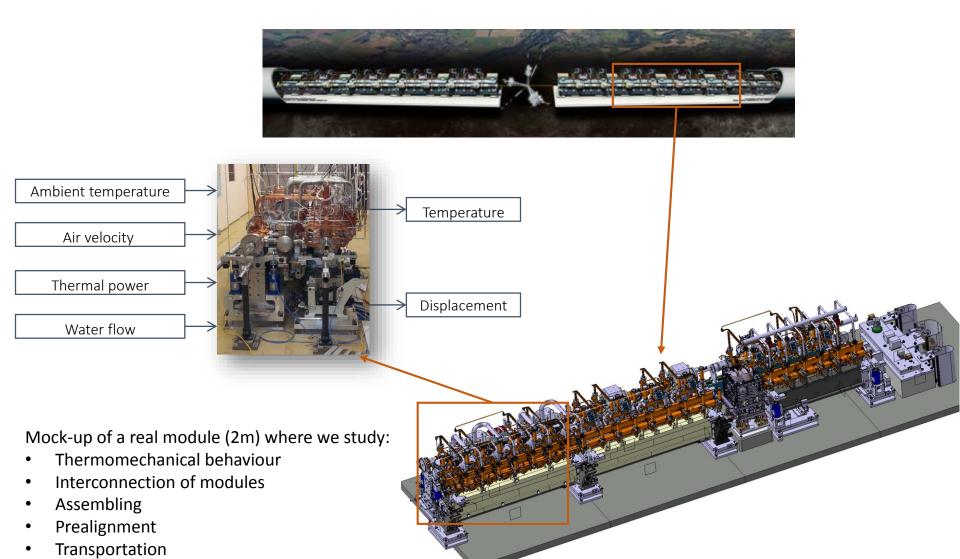


- Summary
- Configuration T0-T0-T1
- Component changes
- Testing Plan



Summary - Goals







Summary - 2015



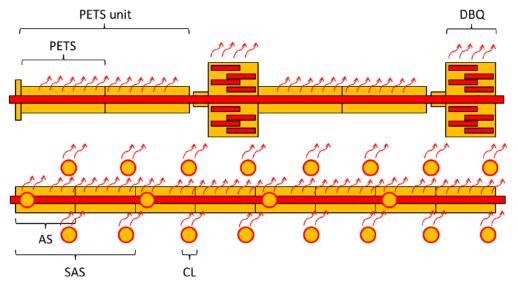
- One module successfully installed
- Testing completed, both steady state and transient conditions
- FEA simulator validated
- Several issues have been addressed, many components updated
- Procurement and new installation began



Previous setup



- One TBM, type 0
- Components mock-ups
- Heaters simulate heat dissipation



Limitations:

- DBQ mock-ups without cooling
- Single heaters through beam lines Poor testing range
- No UHV tests possible due to leaks
- Central vacuum mechanically couples the two beamlines





New configuration

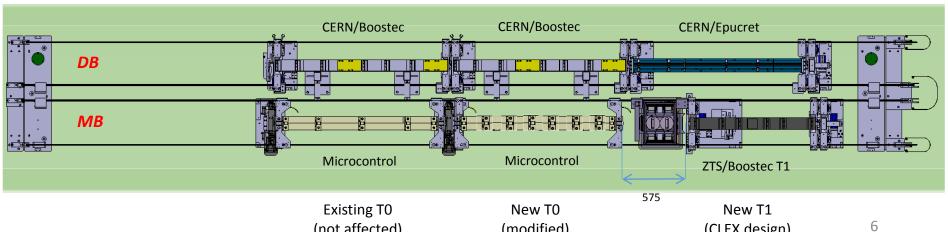
(not affected)



- Addition of 2 modules
- 3-module string
- Configuration T0-T0-T1
- Variety of supporting systems
- Great flexibility for testing



(CLEX design)



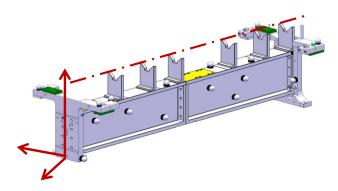
(modified)



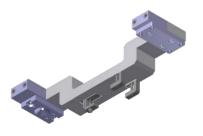
Supporting system



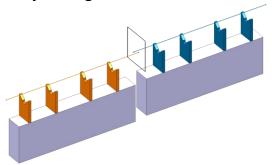
- Fiducialisation of the girders
 - Linking fixed targets to beam line



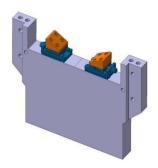
- Improvement of WPS support
 - WPS original interface was losing link over time
 - New design, based on flexural joints



- Adjustable articulation point
 - Fixing possible discontinuities between adjacent girders



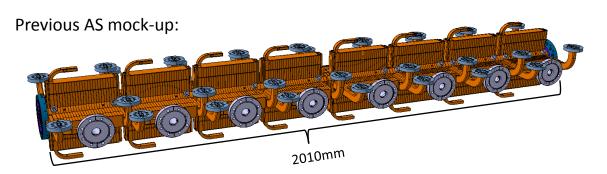
- Adjustable V-supports
 - Relaxing girder tolerances
 - Better pre-alignment
 - Under development





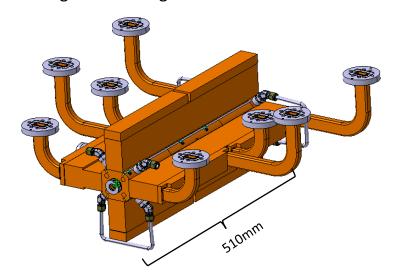
Structures





New AS mock-up:

- Simplified single piece core
- Damping material included
- Independent heaters on the outer side
- Possibility of simultaneous vacuum and thermal loading
- Integrated cooling for both AS



- 6 units in Industry (first time)
- 1 unit in CERN



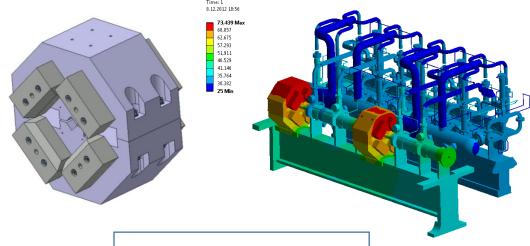


DB Quads



Current mock-ups

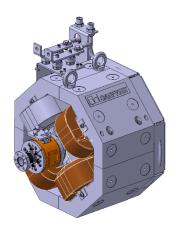
- No coils
- Heated by electrical heaters
- No cooling
- Distorted thermal results too much heat to the girder



Temperature
Type: Temperature

Real DBQs

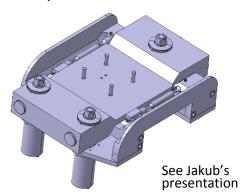
- Water cooled
- Real heat dissipation





Adjustable supports

- Big success in CLEX
- Option for motorisation



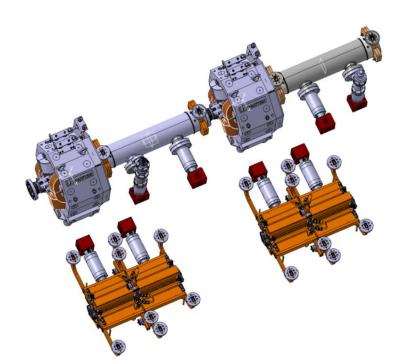


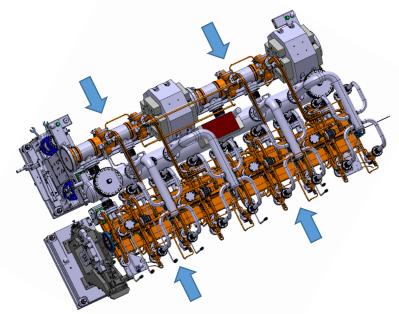
Vacuum System

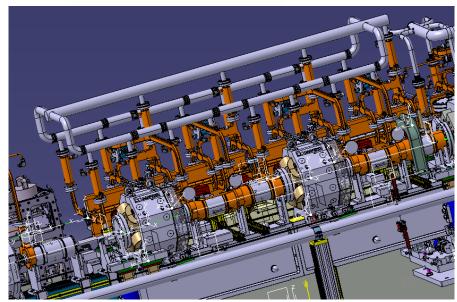


Decoupling of the two girders:

- Mini pumps on PETS and SAS
- Independent vacuum tank for MB
- Tested in CLEX
- Designed to cancel vacuum forces









Testing capabilities



- Vacuum tests
- Vacuum + thermal
- Independent SAS breakdown study
- Module interconnection, including MB quad
- Accurate DBQ thermal behaviour
- More relevant alignment experiments on module string



Testing objectives



Pre-alignment

- Fiducialisation
- Installation
- Alignment

Observation

Behaviour under operating conditions

Action

- Translate to real CLIC
- Feedback to design
- Control algorithms



Experimental program



Pre-alignment

Test	Description				
Fiducialization of components and supports for TO#2 and T1	 Adjustment and test of new V-shaped supports Installation of fiducials and sensors interfaces Magnetic measurements for DBQ 				
Alignment of components on their supports	 Measurements and adjustments Preparation of the 2 standard DBQ supports : assembly & validation Preparation of the 2 non-standard DBQ supports : design, assembly & validation 				
Alignment of girders					
Installation of sensors	 Calibration & test Validation in situ Installation of cables & acquisition system Analysis of data 				
Active algorithm	ImplementationValidation				



Experimental program



Observation

Test	What we do	What we learn		
Articulation point	 Shocks, loads, constraints T° 	Investigate stability over time		
Thermo- mechanical test without vacuum	Nominal operation modeTransients	 Comparative assessment T0-1, T0-2 Study T1 Modules interconnection Comparative assessment of cradle sensors MB-DB dependence 		
Vacuum tests	Apply vacuum	Displacement of girdersRollDisplacement of cradles		
Thermo- mechanical test under vacuum	VacuumNominal operation modeTransients	 Steady-state and time constants under vacuum Modules interconnection MB-DB dependence 		
Failure modes	SAS breakdownPETS breakdown	 Temperature and displacement during breakdown Maximum acceptable duration for breakdown 		
Vibration tests	Add accelerometers	Sources of vibrationDangerous eigen-frequencies		



Experimental program



Action

Test	Description
Inverse alignment	Pre-align in negative displacements and test if under nominal operation the components align at correct zero position
Regulate breakdown displacements	 Time constant depends on water flow Develop control algorithm to regulate water flow towards minimization of displacement
Displacement prediction	 Can we predict displacement from temperature using a simple mathematical model? Development of real-time displacement diagnostic Comparison with simulator How many temperature inputs do we need?
CTF3/CLIC	Relate module to CTF3 • CLEX • Dogleg



Planning



ID		Task	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	
	A	Mode	There's Table 199	Saraton			Jarter 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter
1		*	Module installation	176 days	Mon 01/06/1	5Sun 31/01/16	NOV DEC 301 193 Mar Aut May Aut 31 Aut 329 Oct 100 Dec 301 193 May Aut 31 Aut 329 Oct 100 Dec 301
2		-61	Active pre-alignment	77 days	Thu 01/10/15	Fri 15/01/16	Active pre-alignment
3		-6	Fiducialization components and support TO#2, T1	25 days	Thu 01/10/15	Wed 04/11/15	Fiducialization components and support T0#2, T1
7		-6	Alignment of components on their suports	26 days	Thu 05/11/15	Thu 10/12/15	Alignment of components on their suports
11		-	Alignment of girders	2 days	Fri 11/12/15	Mon 14/12/15	Alignment of girders n
13		-6	Installation of sensors	14 days	Tue 15/12/15	Fri 01/01/16	Installation of sensors
18		-6	Active algorithm	10days	Mon 04/01/10	6Fri 15/01/16	Active algorithm
20		-6	Observation	123 days	Mon 18/01/10	6Wed 06/07/16	Observation
21		-6	Articulation point	30days	Mon 18/01/10	6Fri 26/02/16	Articulation point
24		-6	Thermo-mechanical test without vacuum	35 days	Mon 29/02/10	6Fri 15/04/16	Thermo-mechanical test without vacuum
32		-6	Vacuum tests	5 days	Mon 18/04/10	6Fri 22/04/16	Vacuum tests
33		-6	Thermo-mechanical test under vacuum	35 days	Mon 25/04/10	6Fri 10/06/16	Thermo-mechanical test under vacuum
41		-	Failure modes	18 days	Mon 13/06/10	6Wed 06/07/16	Failure modes —
47		-6	Vibration tests	5 days	Mon 25/04/10	6Fri 29/04/16	Vibration tests
48		-6	Action	100 days	Thu 07/07/16	Wed 23/11/16	Action
49		-6	Inverse alignment	30days	Thu 07/07/16	Wed 17/08/16	Inverse alignment
51		-6	Regulate breakdown displacements	20days	Thu 18/08/16	Wed 14/09/16	Regulate breakdown displacements
52		-61	Displacement prediction	40days	Thu 15/09/16	Wed 09/11/16	Displacement prediction
53		-6	Relate to CTF3/CLIC	10days	Thu 10/11/16	Wed 23/11/16	Relate to CTF3/CLIC
54		-6	Processing - presentations - conclusions	40 days	Thu 24/11/16	Wed 18/01/17	Processing - presentations - conclusions

- Projected finish date: end of 2016
- Installation already started, combined with alignment tests



Summary



- T0-T0-T1 configuration
- More relevant components design
- Great testing flexibility
- Projected finish by the end of the year
- Final goal: feedback to next generation module design

Thank you!!