

# Drell-Yan Differential Cross Section Measurement at 13 TeV with the CMS Detector

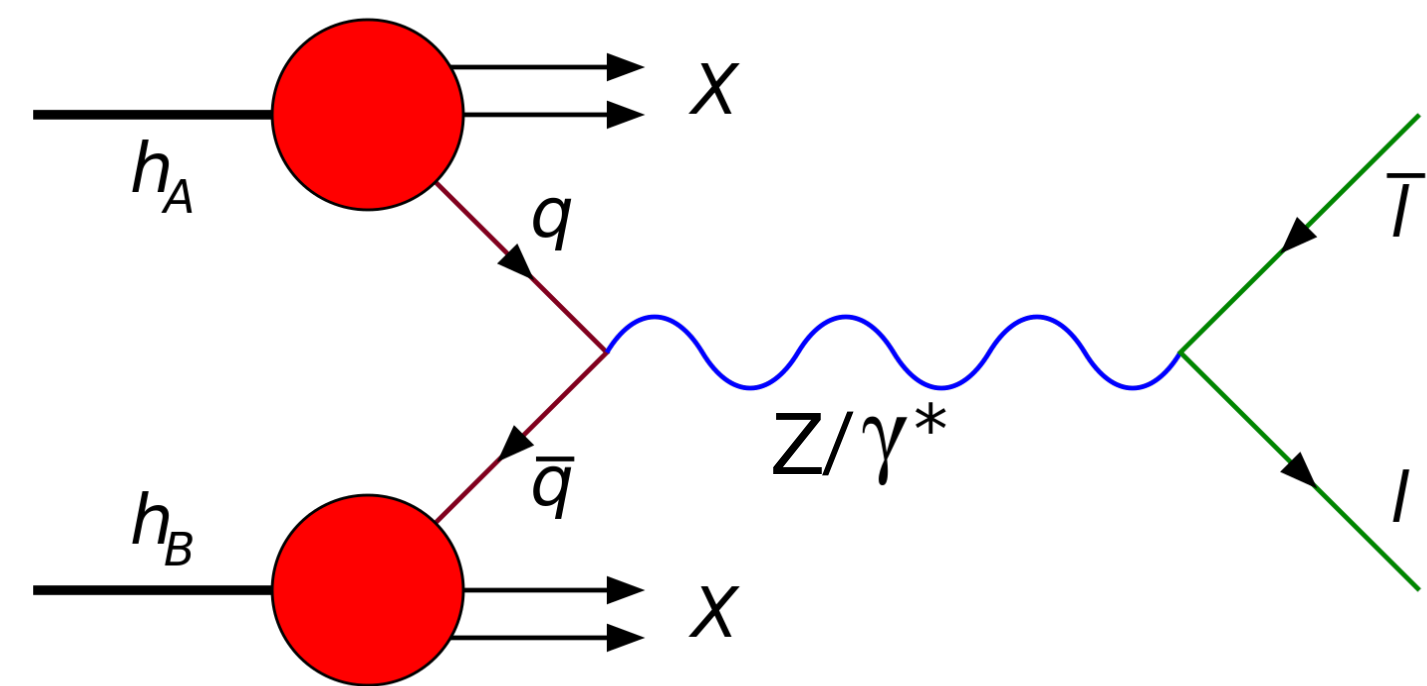


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## Physics Motivation

### Drell-Yan (DY) Process

- lepton pairs are produced via  $\gamma^*/Z$  exchange



### Motivation

- Precise test of QCD
- PDF constraints
- Major backgrounds for many BSM searches

→ CMS has been continuously measured DY cross sections

- 3 papers with 7-8 TeV data: already published [\*]
- This is the first measurement with 13 TeV data!**

[\*] JHEP10(2011)007, JHEP12(2013)030 and Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:147

## Analysis Strategy

Goal: Measure the differential cross section  $d\sigma/dm$  of DY process

- 2.3(2.8) fb<sup>-1</sup> for e( $\mu$ ) channel
- 15 < M < 3000 GeV (43 bins)

cross section of  $i$ -th bin

$$\sigma_i = \frac{N_i^u}{A_i \epsilon_i L}$$

Acceptance

Efficiency

Integrated Luminosity

- Observed yield with
- momentum/energy scale correction
  - background subtraction
  - unfolding correction

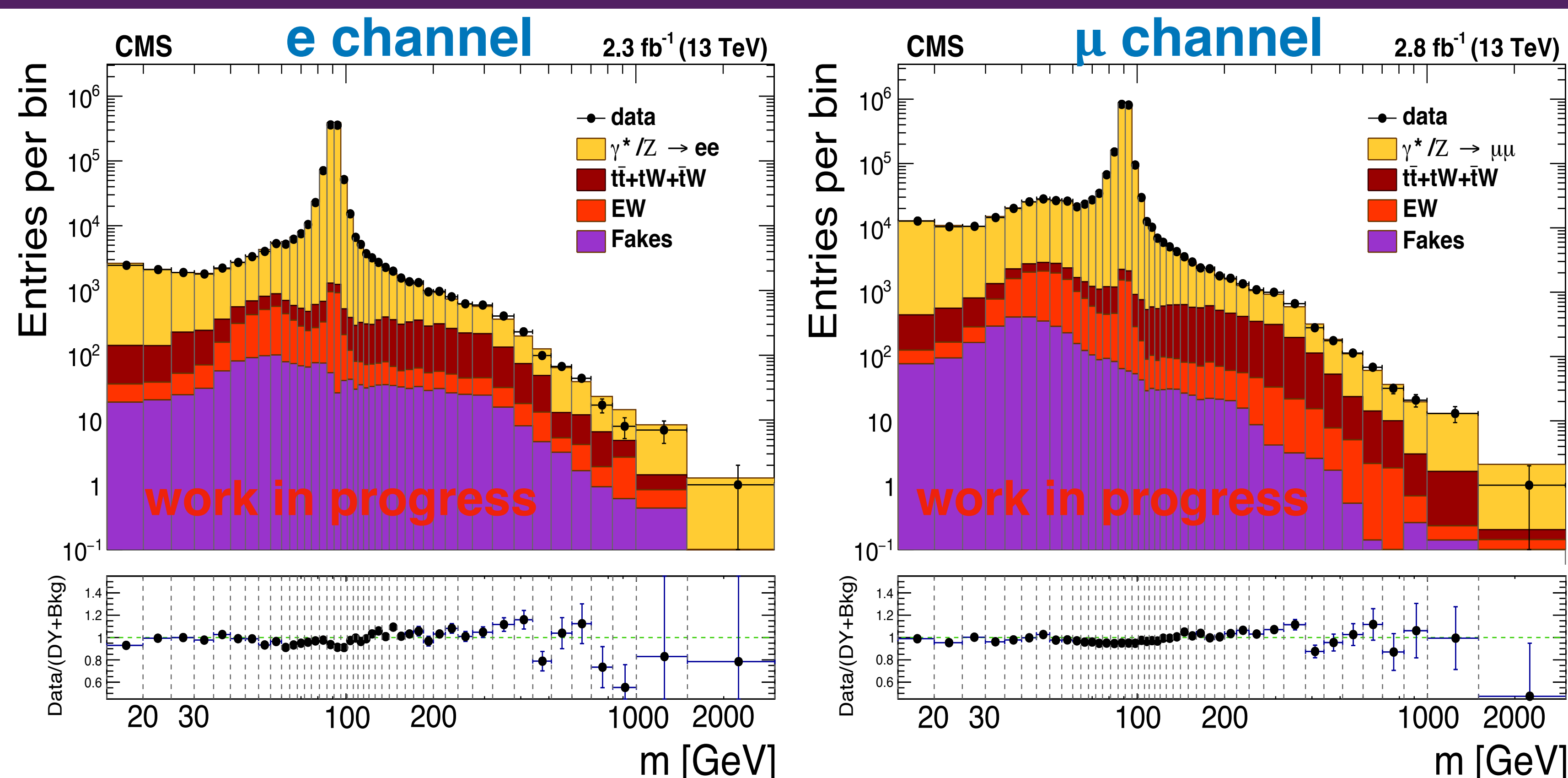
## Event Selection & Background Estimation

### Event selection

| Requirement    | e channel                                     | $\mu$ channel                                     |
|----------------|---|---|
| Trigger        | Isolated single e trigger with $P_T > 23$ GeV | Isolated single $\mu$ trigger with $P_T > 20$ GeV |
| Kinematic cuts | $P_T > (30, 10)$ GeV, $ \eta  < 2.5$          | $P_T > (22, 10)$ GeV, $ \eta  < 2.4$              |
| ID             | CMS standard selection                        |   |

### Background estimation

- Fakes (QCD, W+jets)**: fake rate method (data-driven)
- top events & WW**:  $e\mu$  method (data-driven)
- WZ & ZZ**: MC prediction



## Corrections

### Step 1: Unfolding correction for the detector resolution

- To remove the bin migration effects
- generated post-FSR mass vs. reconstructed mass

### Step 2: Acceptance & efficiency corrections

- To compensate the lost events by kinematic limit & ID procedure
- Difference of efficiency between data and MC is also taken into account

### Step 3: Unfolding correction for FSR

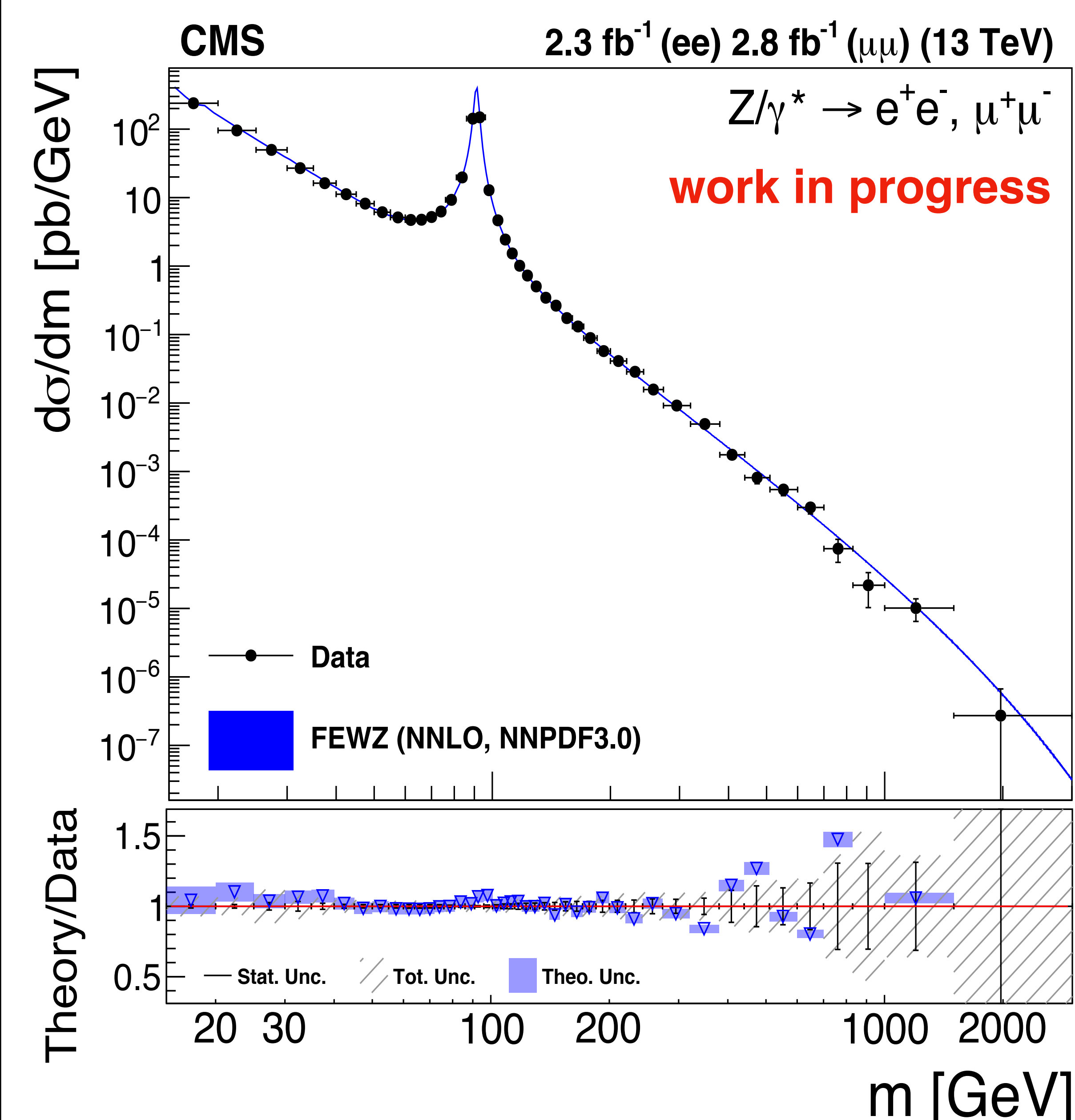
- To remove the bin migration effects by FSR
- post-FSR mass vs. dressed mass

$$\vec{P}_{\text{dressed}}^{\mu} = \vec{P}_{\text{post-FSR}}^{\mu} + \sum_{\Delta R(\mu, \gamma) < 0.1} \vec{P}^{\gamma}$$

## Results

### Combination of two channels

- For higher precision
- BLUE method



→ generally good agreement with theory prediction

## Uncertainties

