

The LESS beam screen treatment

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On behalf of LESS collaboration

46th TCC meeting

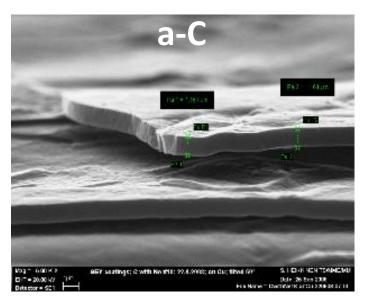
Motivation for LESS treatment

Electron cloud suppression to decrease the heat loads to cryogenic system

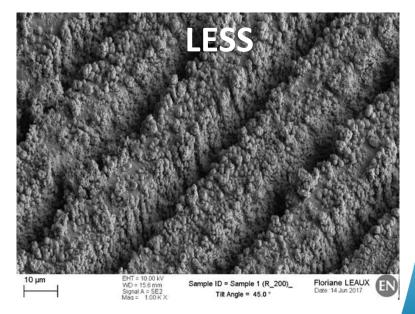
Modification of electronic properties of the surface

Modification of morphological properties of the surface

AMORPHOUS CARBON COATING



LASER ENGINEERED SURFACE STRUCTURES





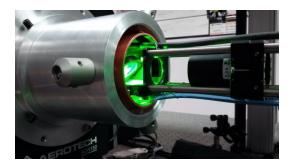
LESS project progress

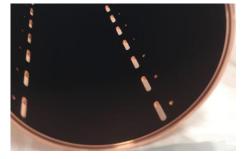






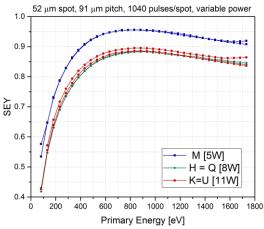
> Coldex experiment in SPS

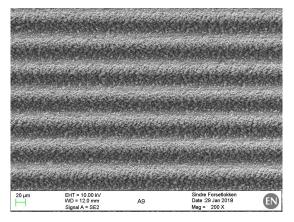


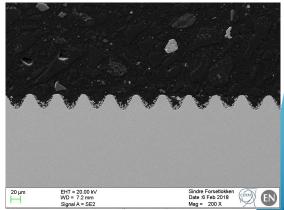




> Laser parameter adaptation to LHC beam screens





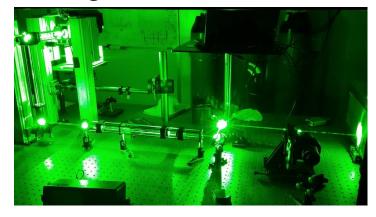




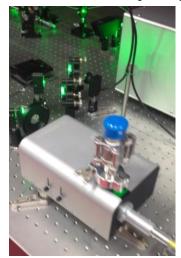
Components of the LESS treatment system

HyperRapid green light laser

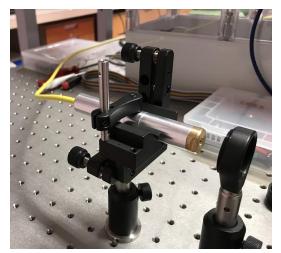




Beam delivery system



Fibre and fibre head





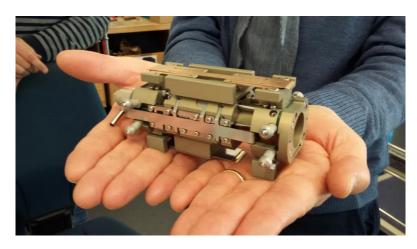
Robot for LESS treatment

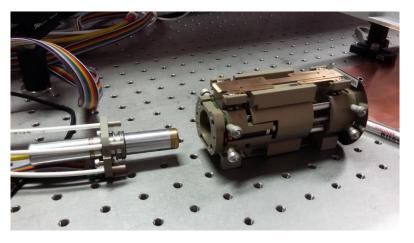


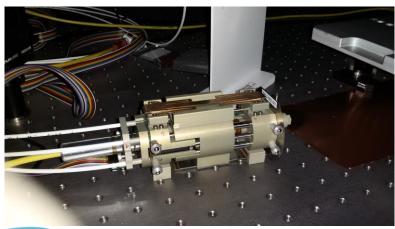


General Electric Inspection Robotics





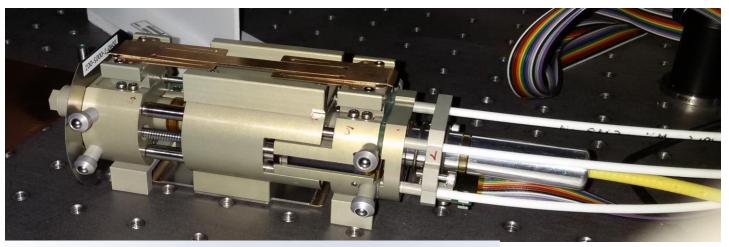


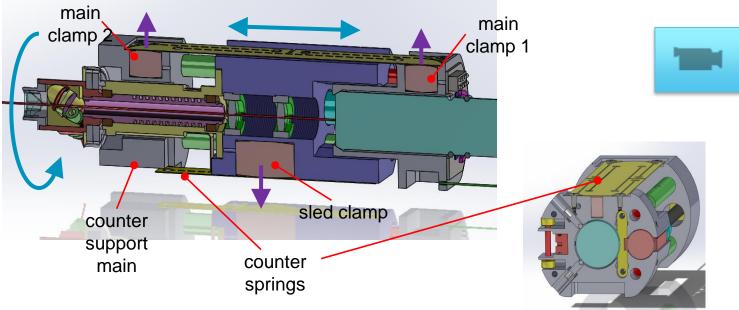






LESS robot working principle



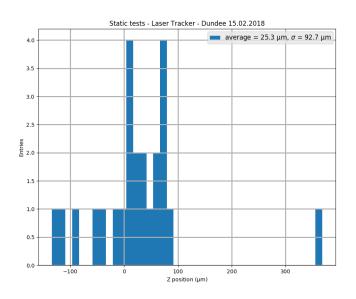


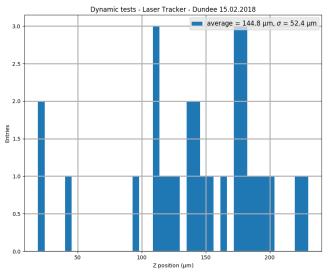


Robot – longitudinal movement accuracy measurements

The tests were done inside the beam screen in several points along its length. Measurement accuracy ~20 µm.

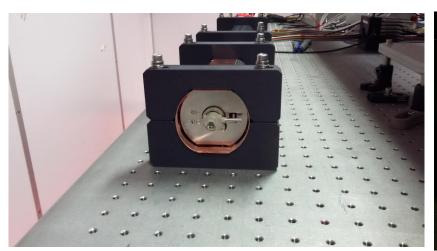
- Static clamping test: sequence main clamps → main & sled clamp → main & sled clamp → main & sled clamps → main clamp.
- 2. Dynamic clamping test: robot crawling in the beam screen.

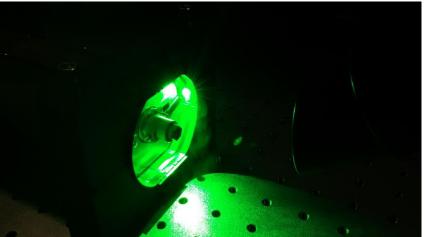






First LESS treatment done by the robot











Next steps in LESS treatment

- Laser parameters optimization taking into account the geometry of the beam screen and the experience gained w.r.t. groove depth vs. best SEY.
- Nitrogen flow optimisation.
- Treatment of 700 mm beam screen to finalise parameters.
- > Treatment of 2.2-meter long beam screen.







Thank you