

Politecnico di Bari



E field simulation status

Lorenzo Magaletti for WG2



Overview

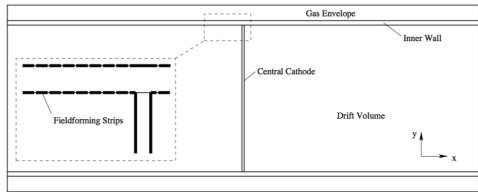
- Updates from last ND280 upgrade meeting in Tokai
 - Reminder of results presented at the last ND280 Upgrade meeting
 - Completed the simulation with 3 mm Strips and 5 mm pitch
 - Studied the effect on the E field uniformity of possible cathode configurations
 - Preparation work to simulate FC junctions
- Main goals:

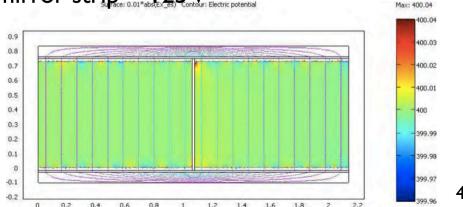


Strip pitch as "old" TPCs, with mirror strips

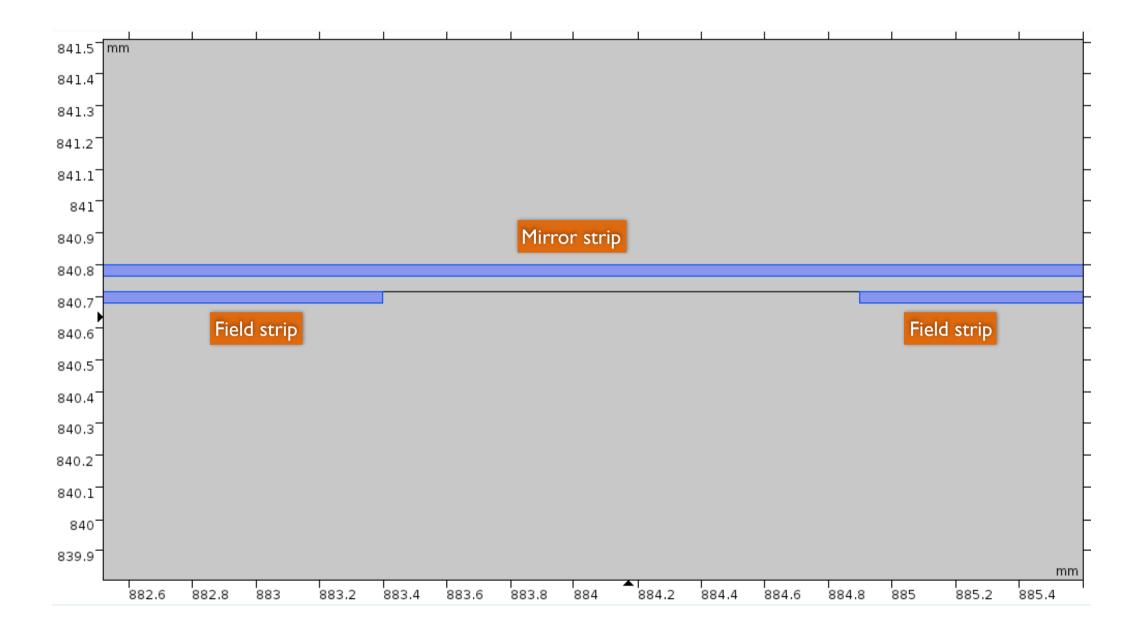
Parameters used

- Field cage wall thickness: I3.2 mm (inner box of current TPCs)
- Strips width: 10mm
- Strips pitch: 11.5 mm
- Strips thick: 35 μm
- Resistors between strips: 20 M Ω
- Number of field strips on each side: 95 (97 with the half strips at the cathode and anode)
- Number of mirror strips on each side: 96
- V_{cathode} = -24 kV
- $V_{anode} = 0V$
- R_{TOT} = ~1900 MΩ
- i = ~I3 μΑ
- Voltage drop between neighbour field strips = 250 V
- Voltage drop between neighbour mirror strips = 250 V
- Voltage drop between neighbour field strip and mirror strip = 125 V

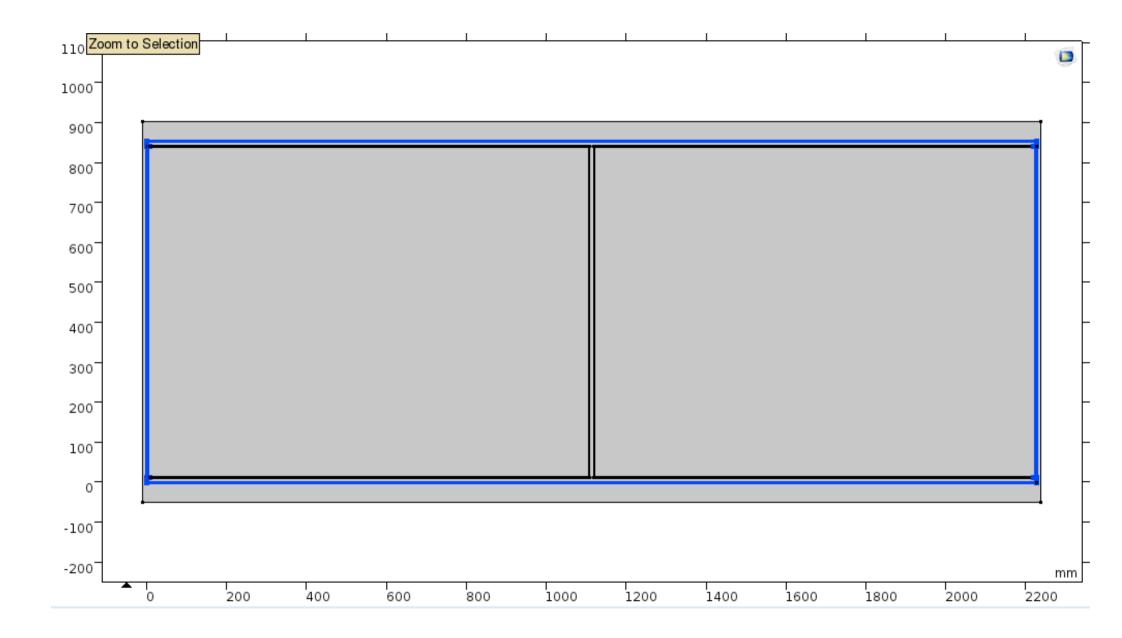


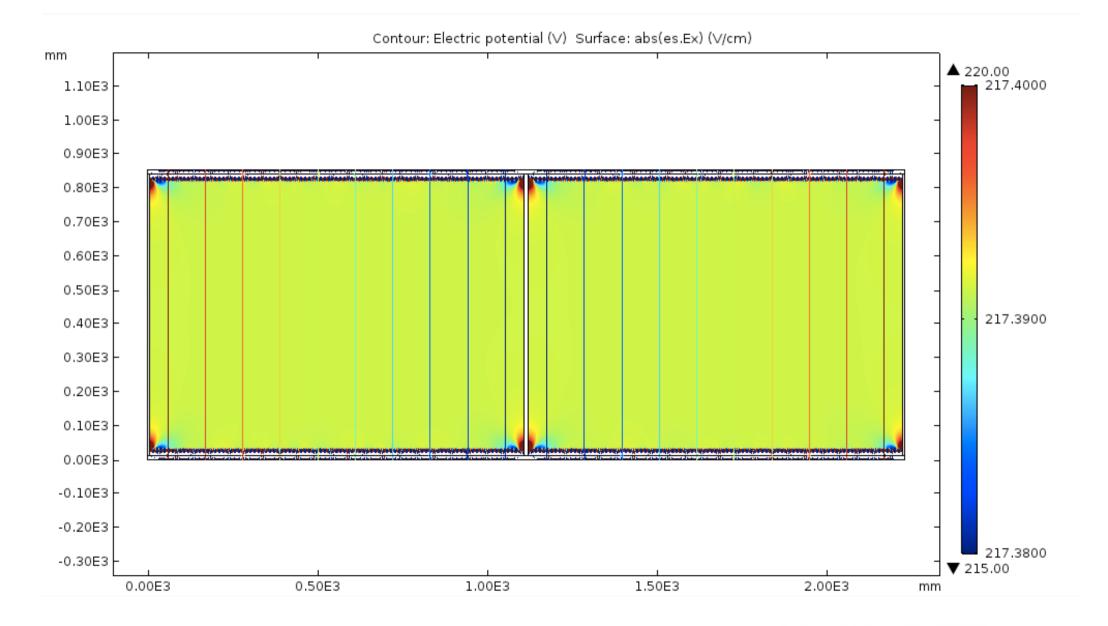


Field cage design: mirror strip

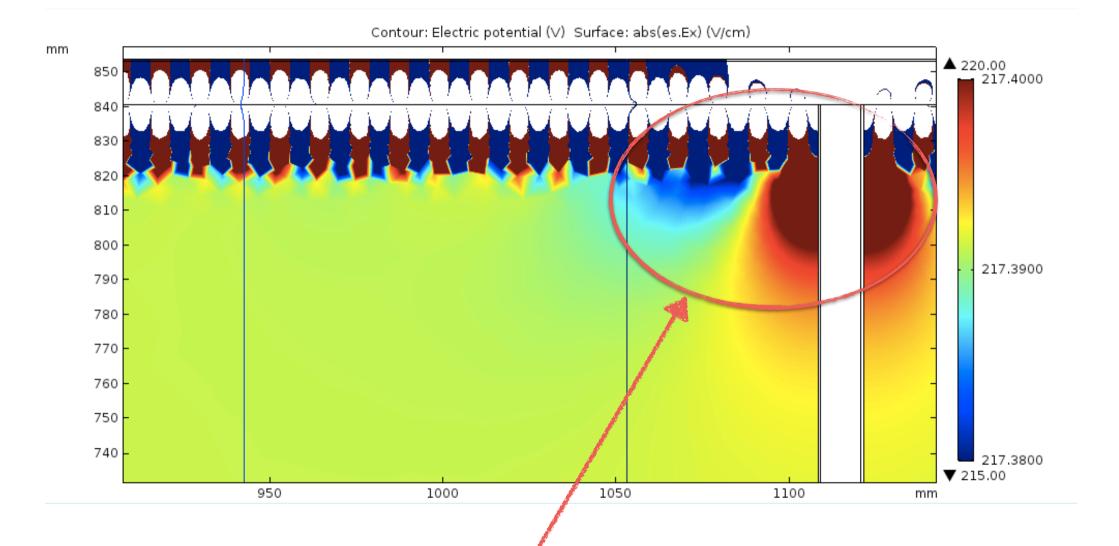


Grounds

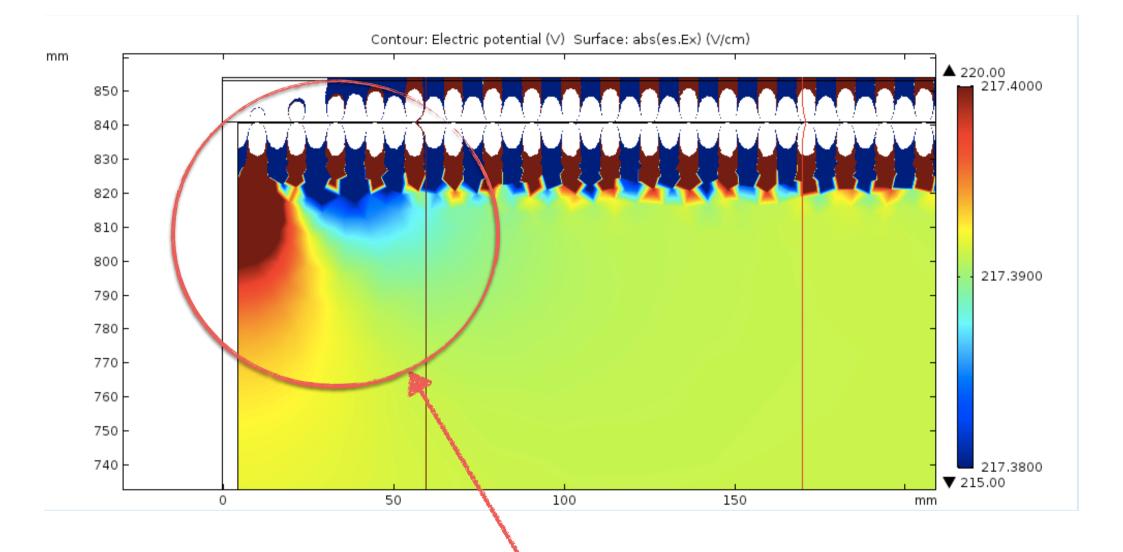




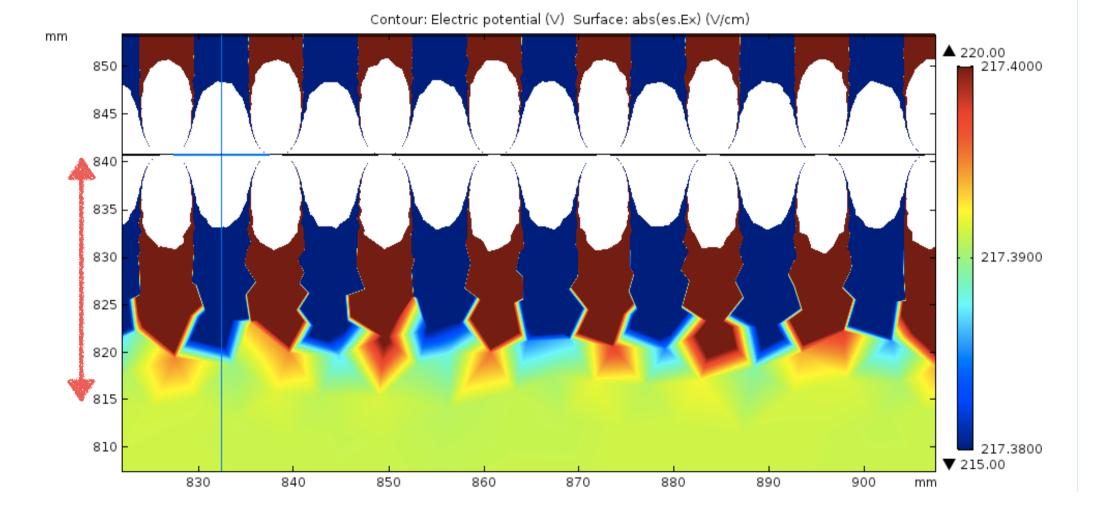
Good E field uniformity up to 10⁻⁴ in the middle



Huge E field distortion near the cathode as expected



Huge E field distortion near the anode as expected



E field not uniform up to ~ 25 mm from the field strips! (in agreement with T2K TPC TDR) ILC-TPC like + 2 mm of CF layer with decreased strip pitch

Field cage wall parameters

Wall Layers	Thickness	Relative permittivity
Copper shielding	0.01	1e ¹⁰
Polyimide substrate	0.05	3.4
CF prepreg fabric 0/90	2	2.7
Honeycomb	21.5	3.6
GRP	0.3	4.5
Polymide insulation	0.125	3.4
Mirror strips	0.035	1e ¹⁰
Polyimide substrate	0.05	3.4
Field strips	0.035	1e ¹⁰
940 mm 920 900 880 860 840 820 800 780 780 760 740		

+100

mm

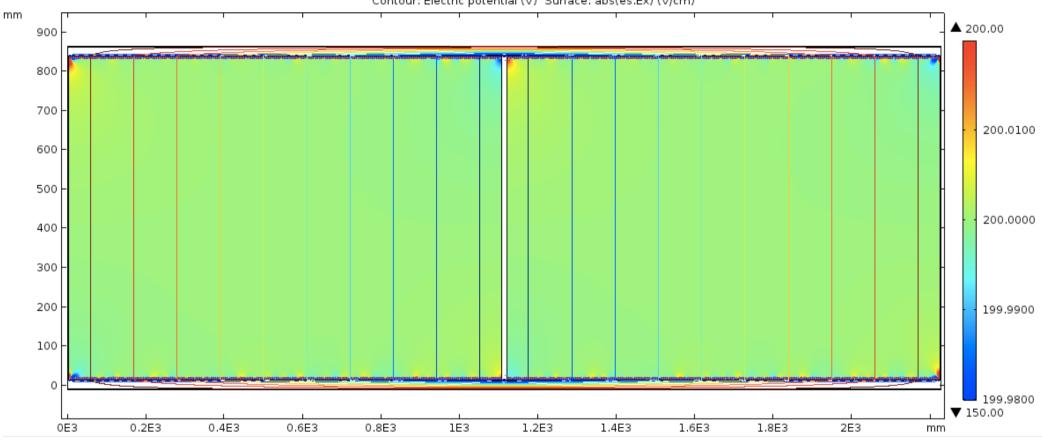
Parameters used

- Strips width: 4 mm
- Strips pitch: 5 mm
- Strips thick: 35 μm
- Number of field strips on each side: 220 (222 with the half strips at the cathode and anode)
- Number of mirror strips on each side: 221
- $V_{cathode} = -22100 \text{ kV}$

Vanode = 0 V

- Voltage drop between neighbour field strips = 100 V
- Voltage drop between neighbour mirror strips = 100 V
- Voltage drop between neighbour field strip and mirror strip = 50 V

Results

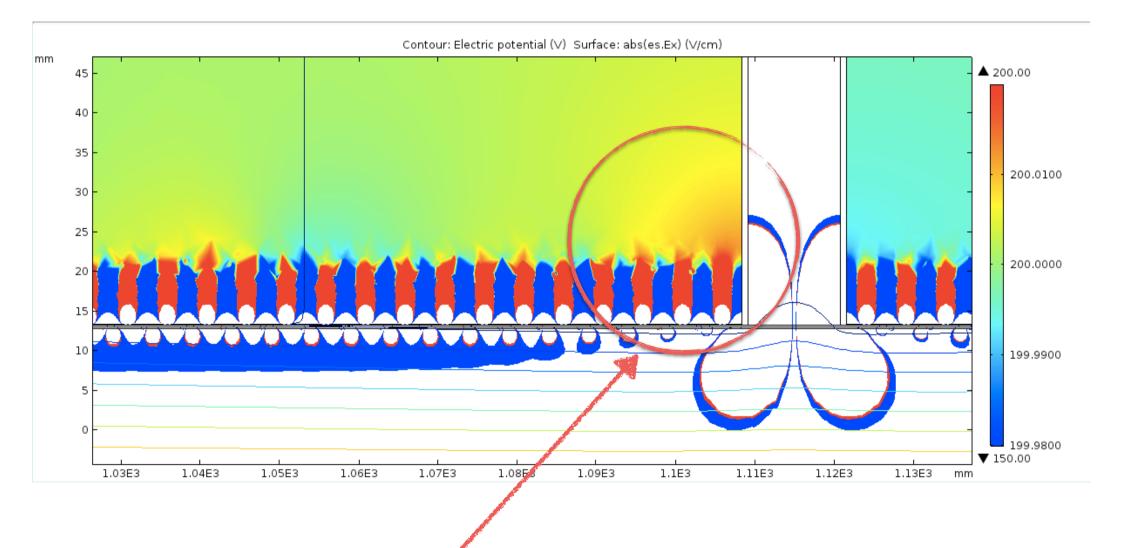


Contour: Electric potential (V) Surface: abs(es.Ex) (V/cm)

Equipotential lines perfectly aligned!

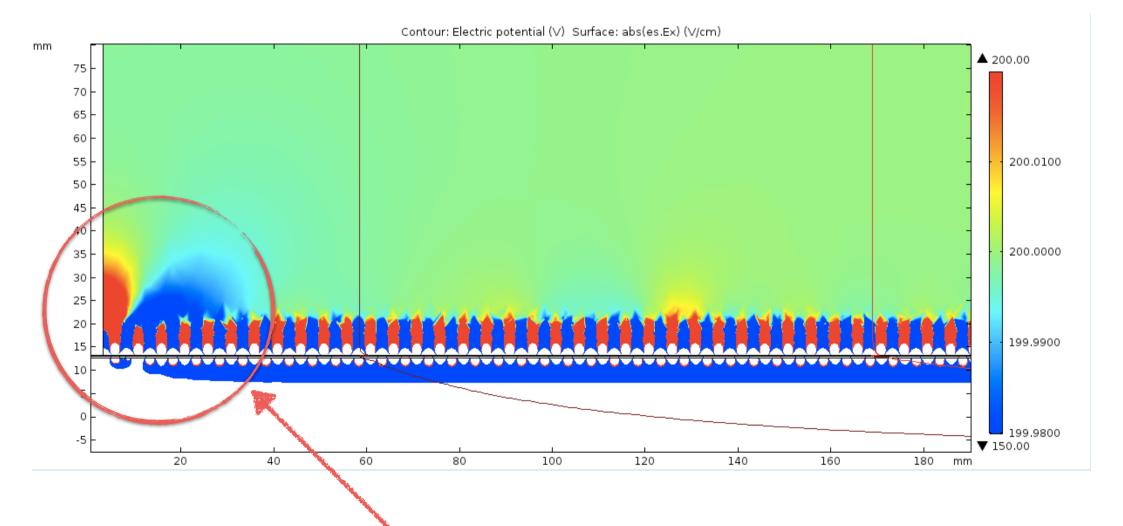
Good E field uniformity up to 10⁻⁴ in the middle

E Field near the cathode



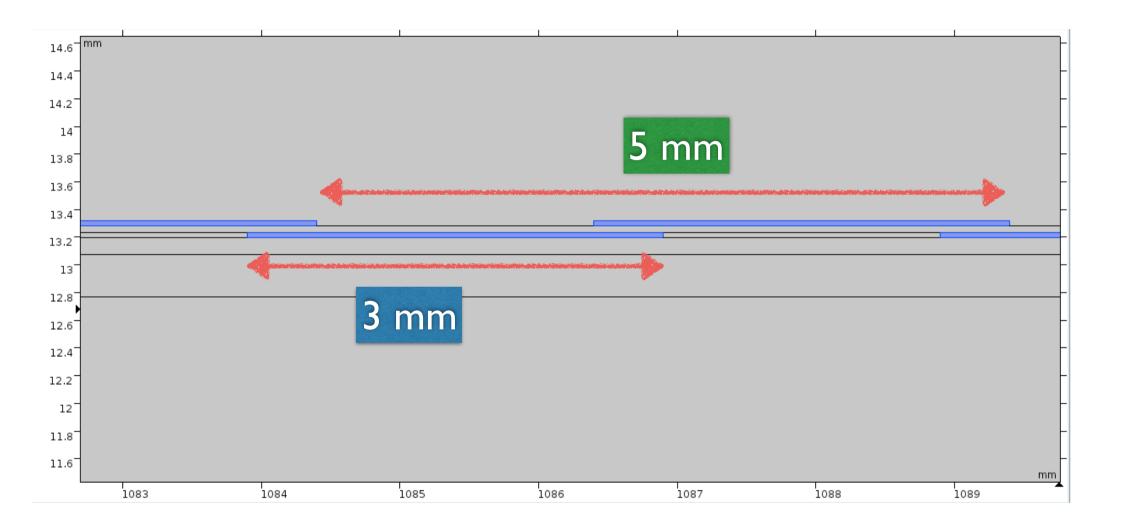
Large E field distortion near the cathode as expected. Much lower distorsion here w.r.t. previous configuration!

E Field near the anode



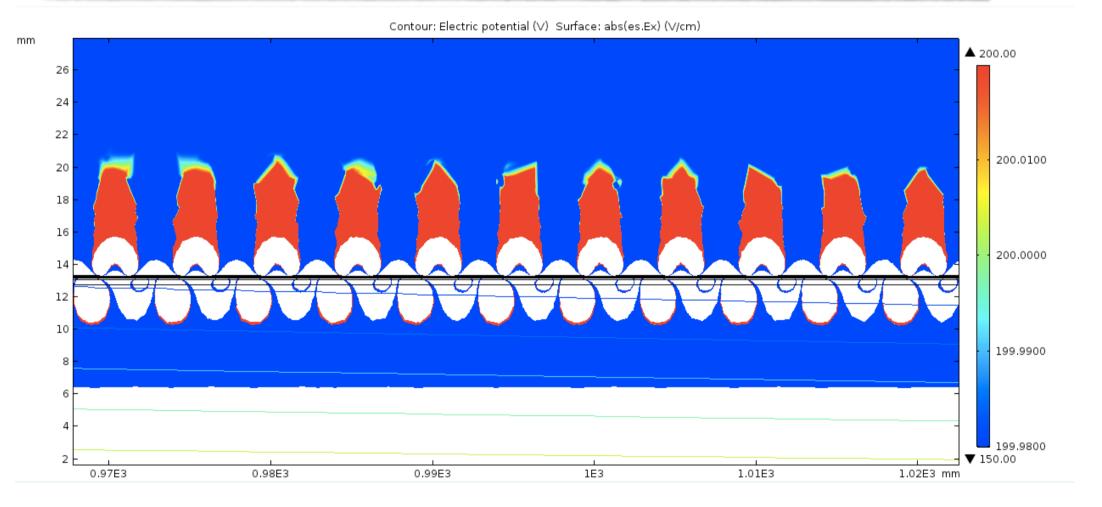
Large E field distortion near the cathode as expected. Much lower distorsion here w.r.t. previous configuration!

3mm Strip width (same 5 mm pitch)



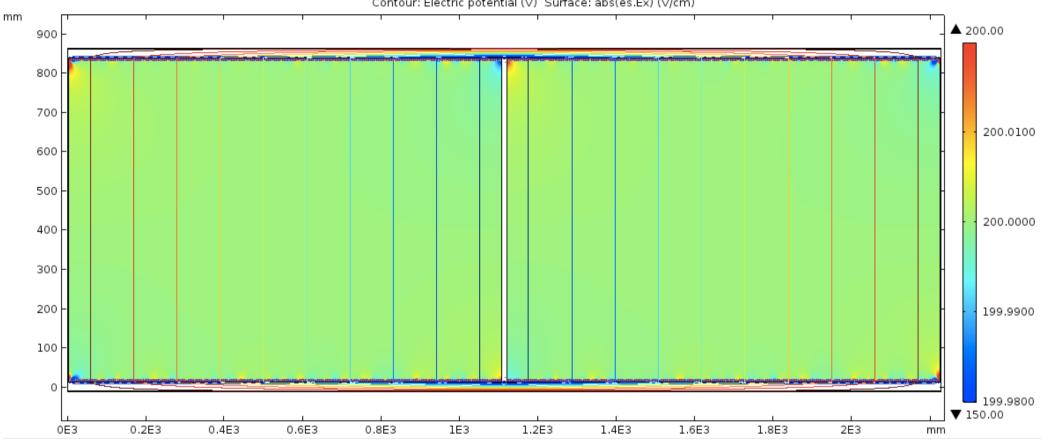
New Results

At the last ND280 Up meeting we presented this result that was not final



E field not uniform lower than 10 mm from the field strips! Very promising configuration!

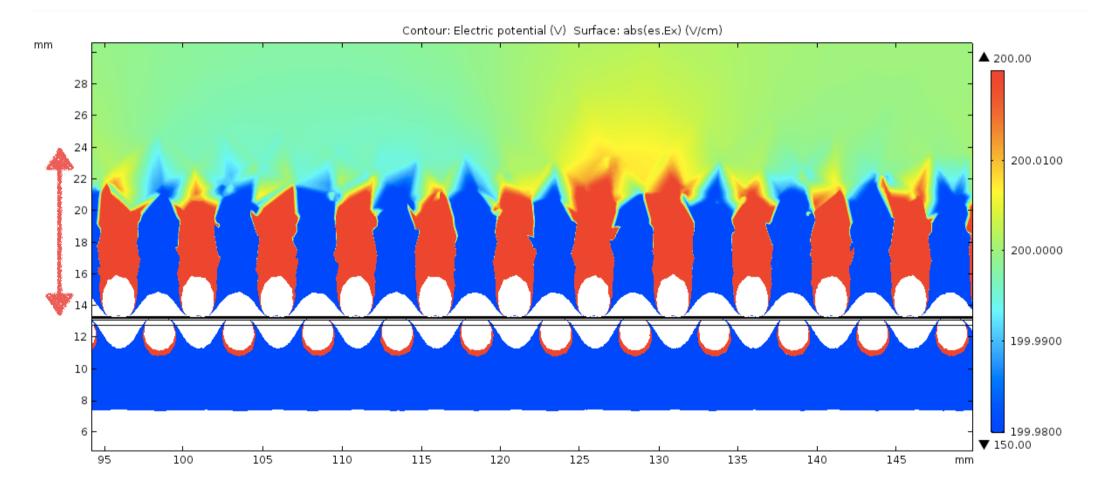
New Results



Contour: Electric potential (V) Surface: abs(es.Ex) (V/cm)

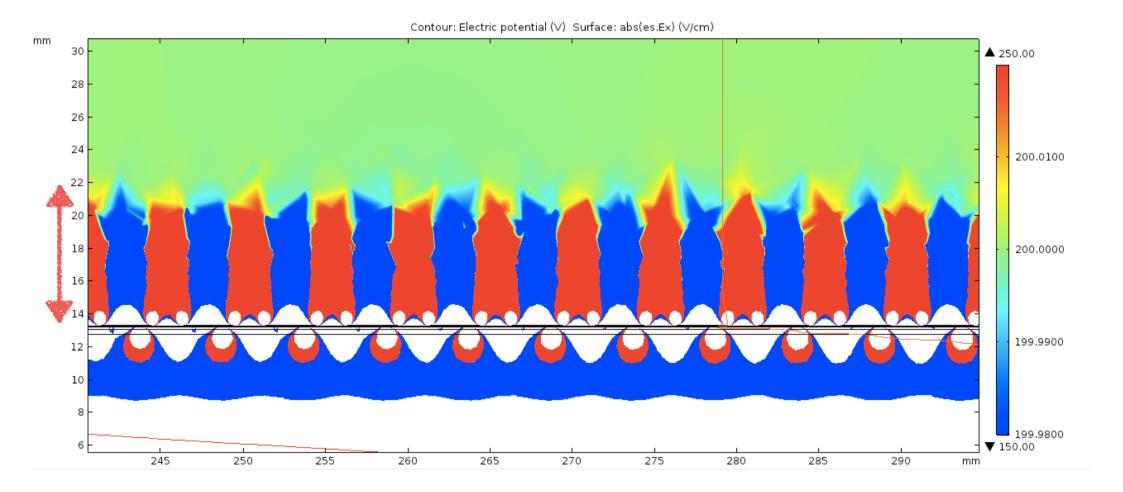
Almost no differences w.r.t. 4 mm strips (5 mm pitch) configuration, but...

E Field close to the field cage wall



E field not uniform up to ~ 10 mm from the field strips much better than previous configuration!

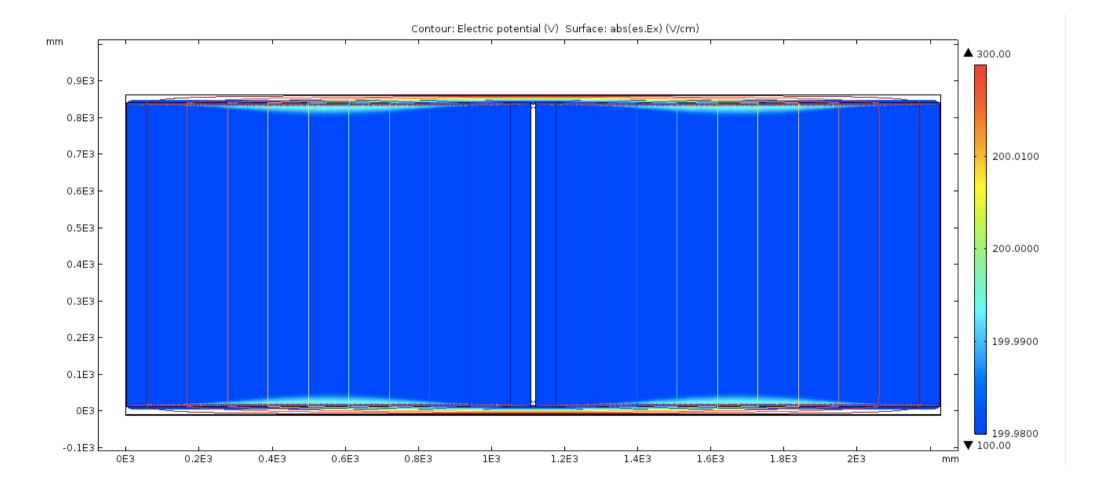
New Results (zoom near the strips)



Confirmed E field not uniform lower than 10 mm from the field strips!

New Results

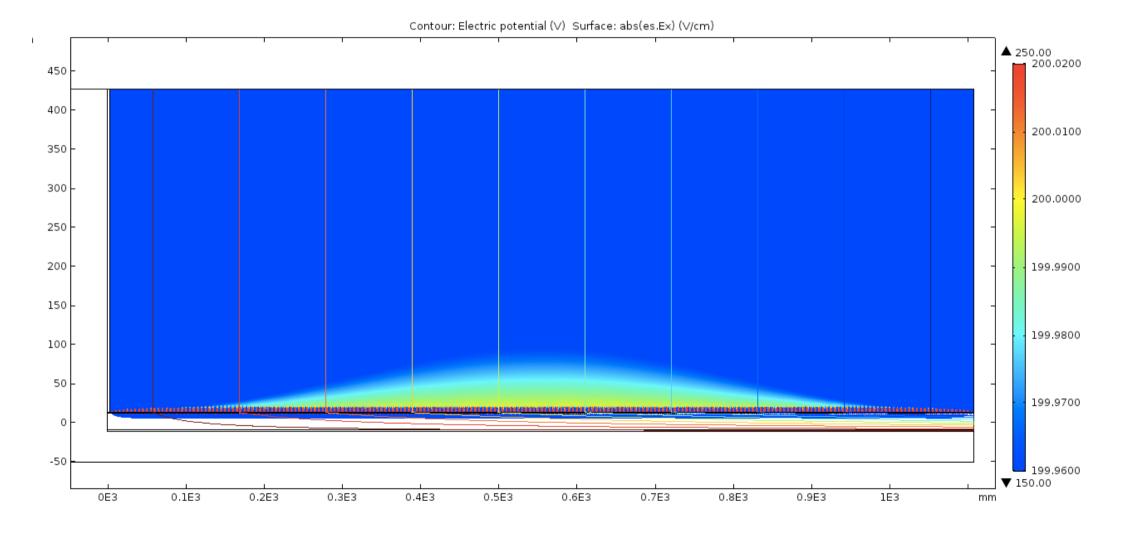
What happens if the half strips are 2 mm long instead of I.5 mm



Large E field distortion can occur!

New Results

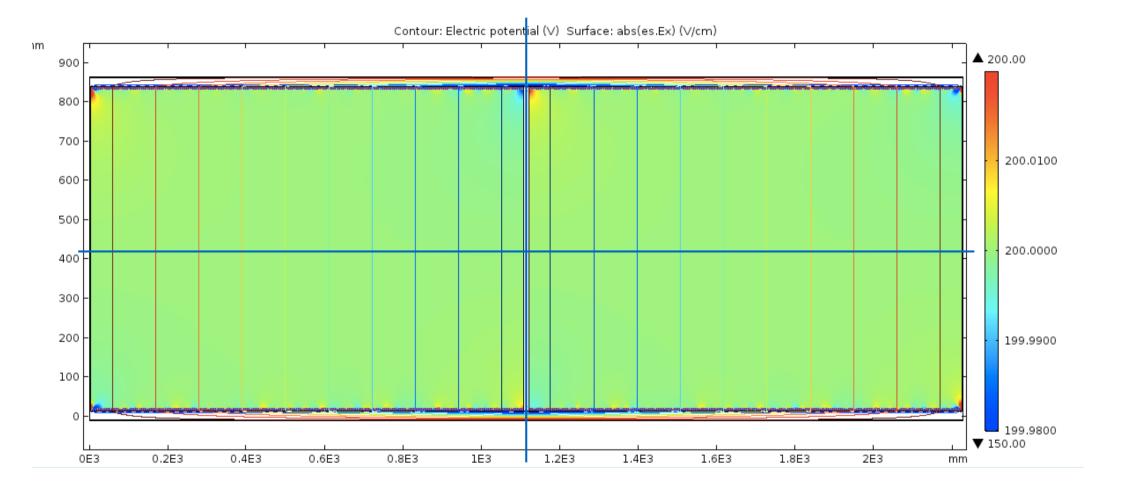
What happens if the half strips are 2 mm long instead of I.5 mm



Large E field distortion can occur!

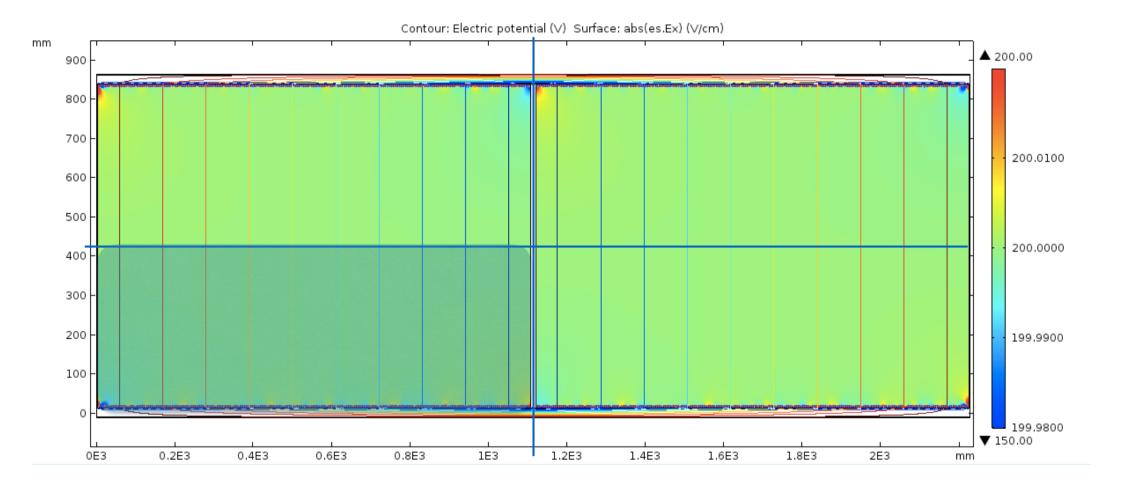
Cathode configurations

Taking advance of FC symmetries by using zero charge planes



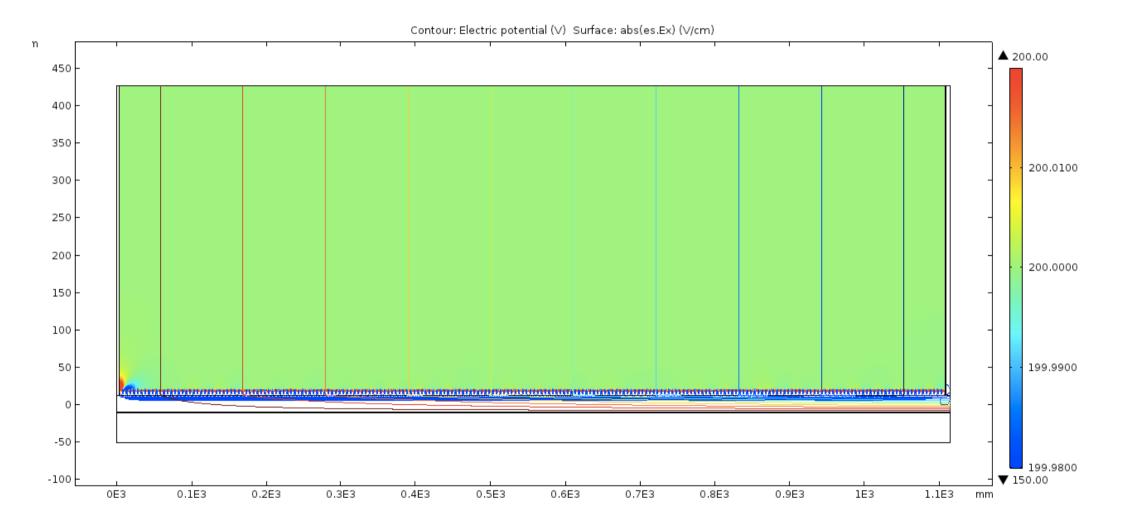
zero charge plane

Taking advance of FC symmetries by using zero charge planes



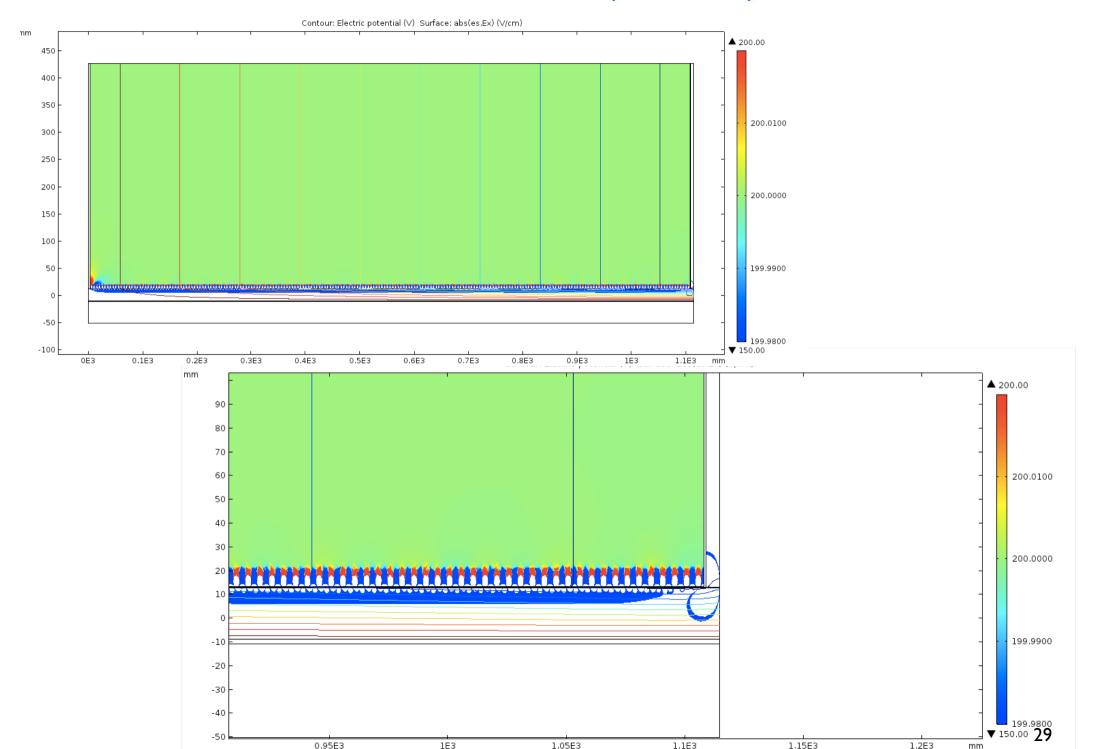
Portion of field cage that can be simulated alone by using the zero charge plane

Taking advance of FC symmetries by using zero charge planes

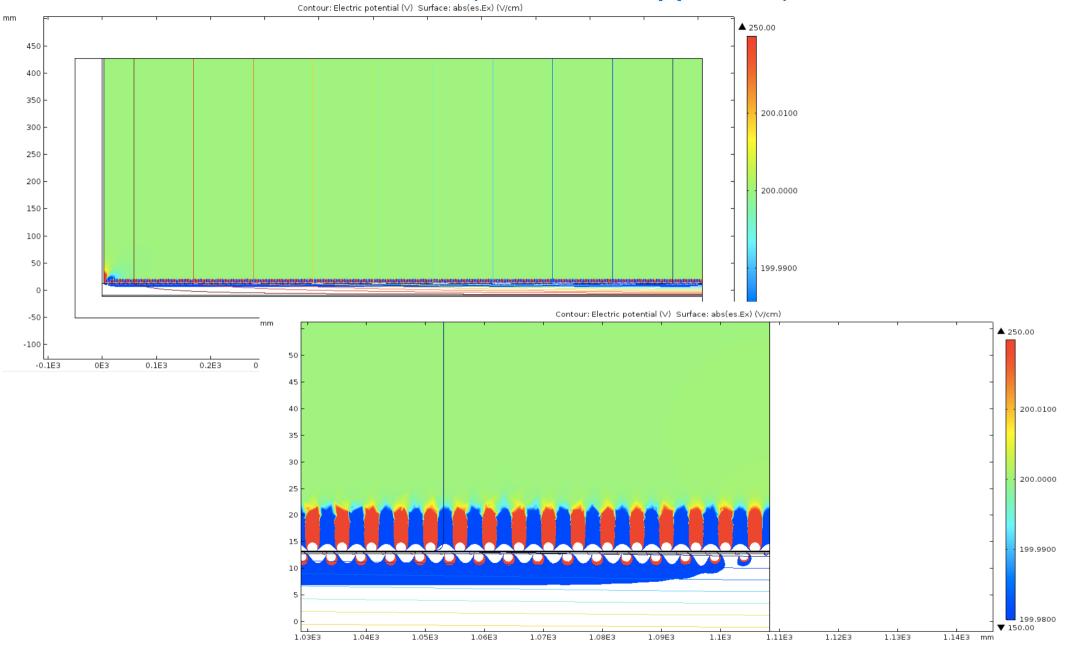


28

Current cathode (13.2 mm)



Cathode foil (0.06 mm copper foil)

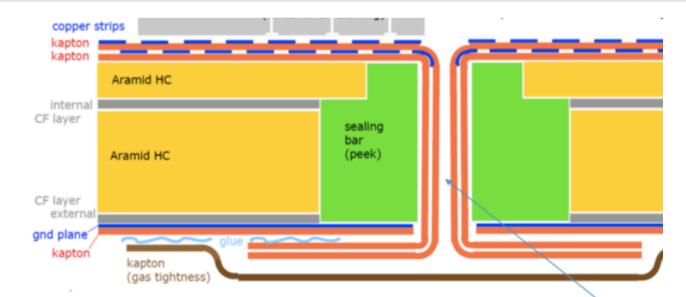


No critical differences observed in the simulation

Field cage walls to test in the simulation



Important to check the effect on the E field uniformity of these parts of the wall can simulate only a FC portion to speed up the simulation need to understand how to simulate the cathode region



Conclusions

- Confirmed that better results (non uniformity region lower than 10 mm) can be achieved if we use 5 mm pitch (3 mm strip width)
- No critical differences observed in the E field due to cathode thickness
- We can take advance from FC symmetries by using the zero charge plane
 - speed up the simulations
 - effect of the FC junctions under study

next step: effect of the FC junctions on the E field uniformity (hopefully this week), inclusion of resistive MM in the simulation