



CutLang

Analysis description language and runtime interpreter



G. Ünel (U.C. Irvine),

S. Sekmen (Kyungpook Nat. U.)

What is it?

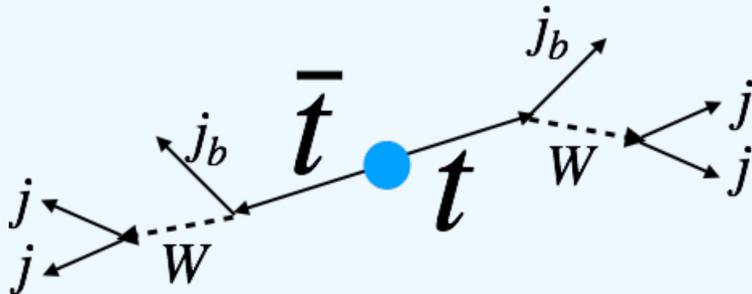
- A declarative language that aims to provide a clear, human readable way to unambiguously define analyses in high energy particle physics,
- An interpretation framework for the language
- Can be used by experimentalists and phenomenologists (actively used in an ATLAS exotics analysis)

Why CutLang?

- A practical approach to writing analyses.
- Facilitates the abstraction, design, visualization, validation, combination, reproduction, interpretation and overall communication of analyses.

A typical LHC top pair reconstruction analysis

How to build an analysis for reconstructing two hadronically decaying top quarks from their decay products?



- Define criteria for jets that can come from top quarks
- Count events
- Make sure there is no large missing transverse energy
- Make sure there are at least 6 clean jets
- Find the correct jet combinations to give the best W and top masses
- Plot W, top candidate invariant masses, angular distance between W and b quark jet candidates

tt analysis with CutLang, the language

The object section helps refining physics objects

```

### OBJECT SELECTIONS
obj "JETclean : JET"
cmd "{ JET_ , ELE_ }dR >= 0.2 "

obj "JETsr : JETclean"
cmd "{ JETclean_ }Pt > 50 "

```

The `obj` keyword defines a new particle class

New object sets can be defined by applying selection criteria on previously known objects

Object name without the index refers to the whole particle set (loop implied)

The `algo` keyword defines algorithms such as multiple signal and background regions

The `cmd` keyword precedes the steps of the analysis

The `histo` keyword defines histograms for plotting distributions

Multiple algorithms are executed in parallel over the same events

Custom event variables can be defined

```

### EVENT VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
def "WH1 : JET_-1 JET_-1" # 1st W boson
def "WH2 : JET_-11 JET_-11" # 2nd W boson
def "mWH1 : {WH1 }m" # 1st W boson mass
def "mWH2 : {WH2 }m" # 2nd W boson mass
def "mTopH1 : {WH1 JET_-2 }m" # 1st top mass
def "mTopH2 : {WH2 JET_-4 }m" # 2nd top mass
def "WHbR1 : {WH1 , JET_-2 }dR" # dR(top1, jet)
def "WHbR2 : {WH2 , JET_-4 }dR" # dR(top2, jet)
def "topchi2 : mTopH1 - mTopH2 / 4.2 ^ 2" #top chi2
def "wchi2 : ((mWH1 - 80.4) / 2.1)^2 + ((mWH2 - 80.4) / 2.1)^2" #W chi2

```

Negative indices show indices to be found via a χ^2 search

Event selection can be done for multiple regions

```

## EVENT SELECTION

algo preselection
cmd "ALL" # to count all events
cmd "nJET >= 6" # events with 6 or more jets
cmd "MET < 100" # fully hadronic events should have small MET

algo singlestep
preselection
cmd "topchi2 + wchi2 ~ 0" # reconstruct two hadronic Ws in the event
cmd "mWH1 [] 50 120"
cmd "mWH2 [] 50 120"
cmd "{WH1 , JET_-2 }dR > 0.6"
cmd "{WH2 , JET_-4 }dR > 0.6"
histo "mWHh1 , Hadronic W2 reco (GeV), 50, 50, 150, mWH1"
histo "mWHh2 , Hadronic W1 reco (GeV), 50, 50, 150, mWH2"
histo "mTopHh1, Hadronic top1 reco (GeV), 70, 0, 700, mTopH1"
histo "mTopHh2, Hadronic top2 reco (GeV), 70, 0, 700, mTopH2"

algo doublestep
preselection
cmd "wchi2 ~ 0"
cmd "topchi2 ~ 0" # reconstruct two hadronic Ws in the event
cmd "mWH1 [] 50 120"
cmd "mWH2 [] 50 120"
cmd "{WH1 , JET_-2 }dR > 0.6"
cmd "{WH2 , JET_-4 }dR > 0.6"
histo "mWHh1 , Hadronic W1 reco (GeV), 50, 50, 150, mWH1"
histo "mWHh2 , Hadronic W2 reco (GeV), 50, 50, 150, mWH2"
histo "mTopHh1, Hadronic top1 reco (GeV), 70, 0, 700, mTopH1"
histo "mTopHh2, Hadronic top2 reco (GeV), 70, 0, 700, mTopH2"

```

χ^2 minimisation

Mass window selection

Selection on angular distance

CutLang tools for writing an analysis:

- Predefined and user defined functions
- Comparison operators and thresholds
- Logical operators
- Ternary operator
- χ^2 minimisation
- Multiple event selection regions
- User defined variables
- Derived analysis object sets
- Histogramming

CutLang output:

- ROOT file with all algorithm results and analysis histograms in separate directories.
- Cutflows, event counts and selection efficiencies as text output.
- Surviving events in ntuple format (upcoming).

CutLang, the interpreter

- CutLang is written in C++ based on ROOT-6 classes.
- CutLang can utilize multiple ROOT input data formats such as ATLAS & CMS Open Data, DELPHES, FCC, etc...
- CutLang is a run time interpreter, and requires no compiling.

- CutLang is available on MacOS and Linux platforms.
- External (user) functions can be downloaded and merged.
- New input data types can be integrated.
- Lex/Yacc based new parser is being beta-tested.

References

Source code, user manual and example root files are available at <https://cutlang.hepforge.org>
 Reference paper at arXiv:1801.05727, Comput.Phys.Commun. 233 (2018) 215-236