

CLIQ and Quench Heaters performance in MQXFAP1

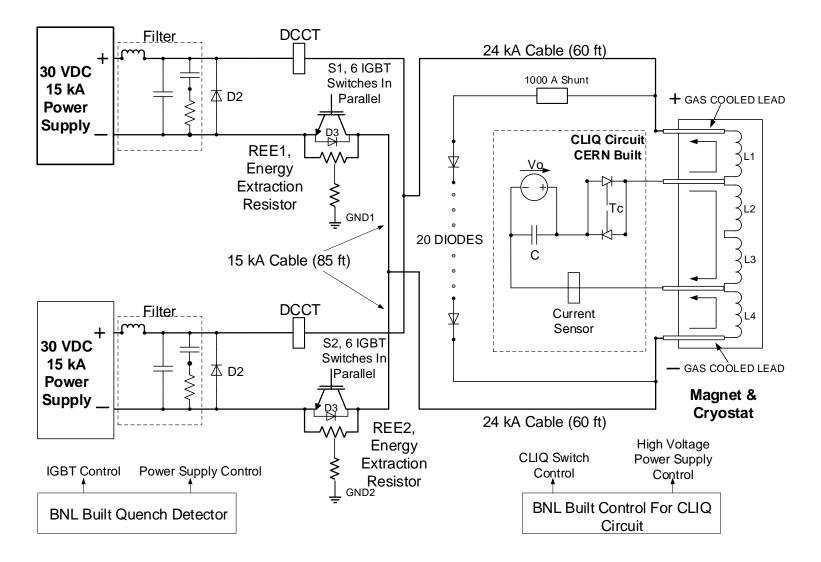
Vittorio Marinozzi – Fermilab With many contributions by E. Ravaioli - CERN

2nd International Magnet Test Stand Workshop – May 8-9, 2018, BNL

Outline

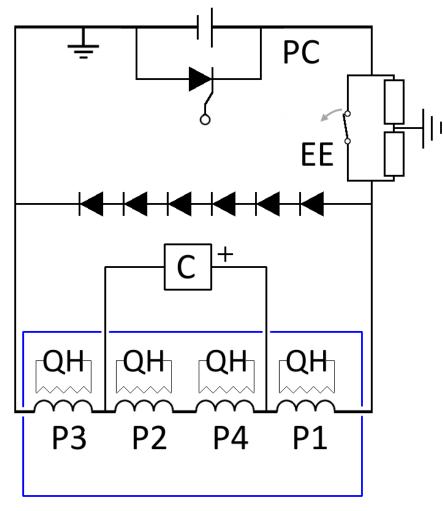
- MQXFAP1 quench protection system
- Heaters performance
- CLIQ performance
- Conclusions



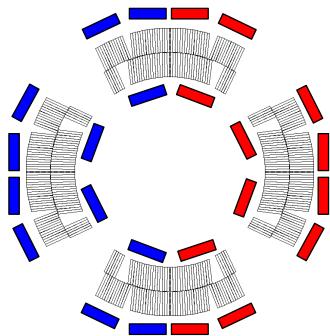


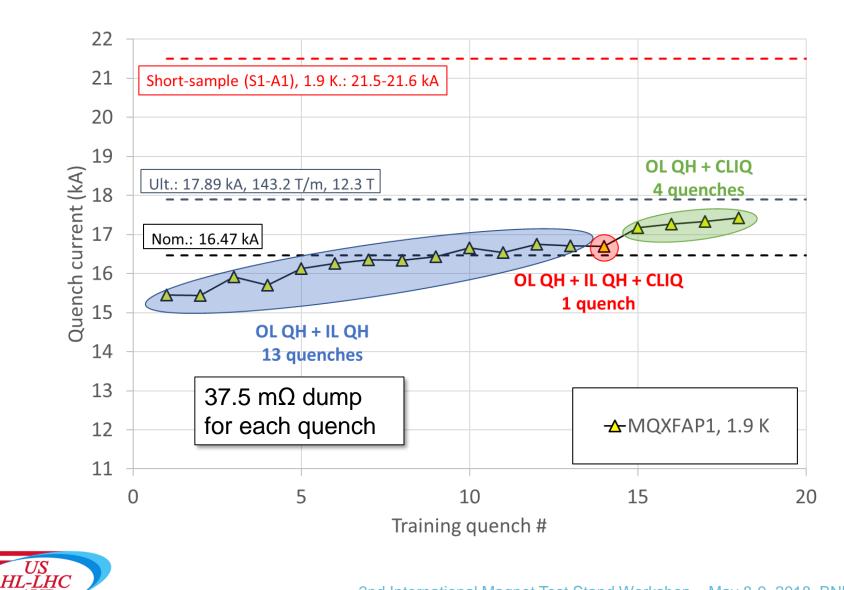


P. Joshi. BNL July 18 2017

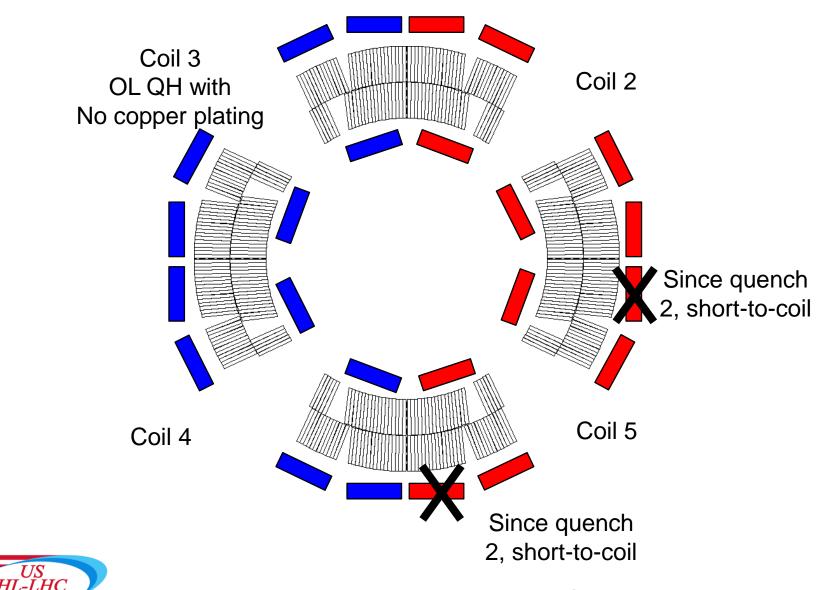


- > Dump resistor: 37.5 m Ω
- OL heaters: 16 strips (HF and LF per each half coil)
- IL heaters: 8 strips (one per half coil)
- > CLIQ: 40 mF, 500 V







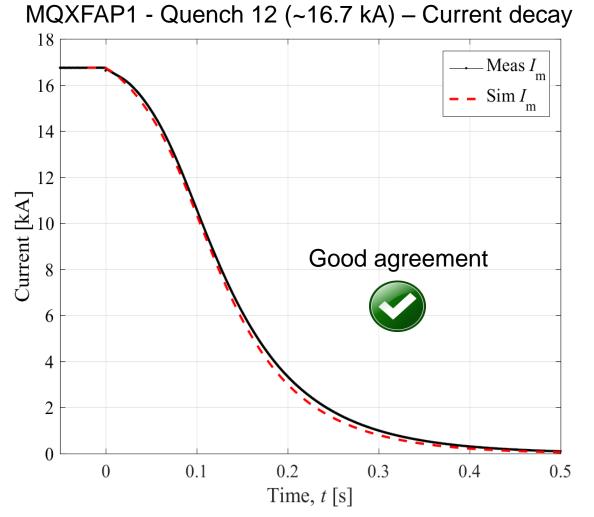


US

Assumptions for simulations:

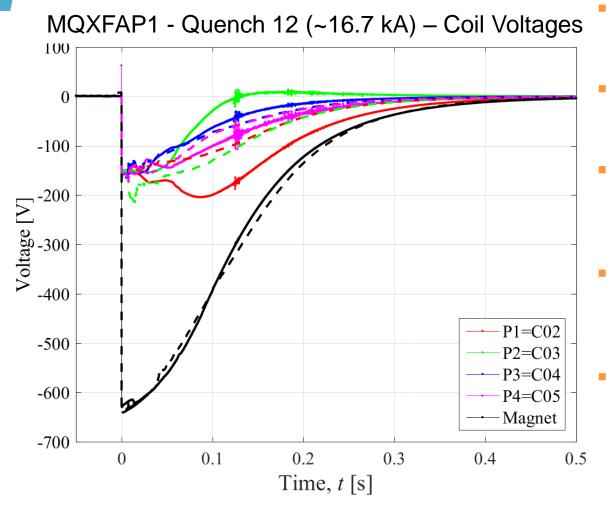
- Simulation software: LEDET
- 2D thermal model for the quench heaters
- Disconnected heaters not fired
- Coil 3 OL heaters at 25 % of nominal power (no Heating Stations)
- Measured RRR for each coil
- Measured Jc for each coil
- Protection parameters as at BNL facility
 - Validation time: 4 ms
 - Voltage threshold: 150 mV (at high current >8000 A)
 - Switch opening time: <1 ms</p>

Quench Heaters performance



- Detection time: ~6.5 ms
- Validation time: 4 ms
- Switch delay time: ~1 ms
- Voltage threshold: 150 mV
- MIITs: 29.5
- HST: 275 K

Quench Heaters performance

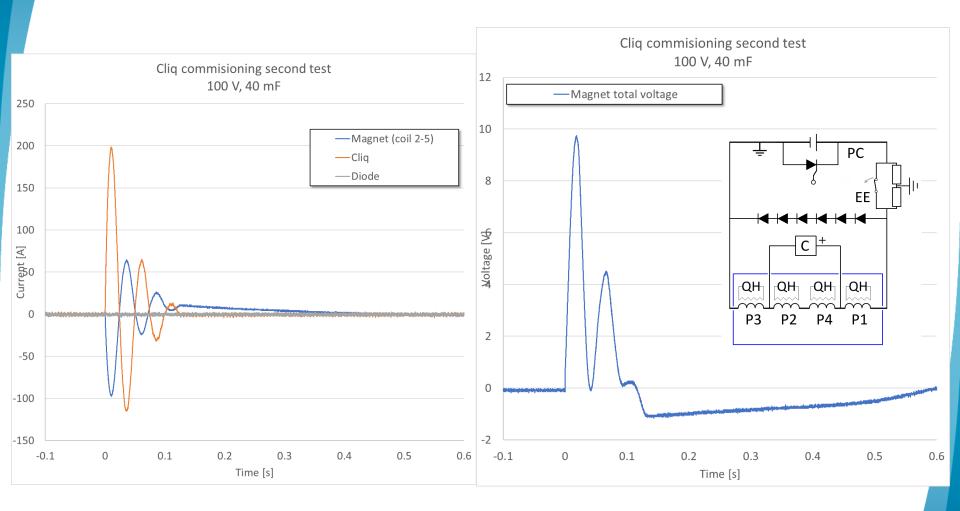


- Total voltage shows good agreement
- Coil 4 and 5 show good agreement
- Coil 2 and 3 show a slight disagreement, but in opposite direction
- It is difficult to go into more details, due to saturation of voltage taps.
- Proposal for the future: is it possible to duplicate some of the voltage taps signals (one with amplification, one without)?

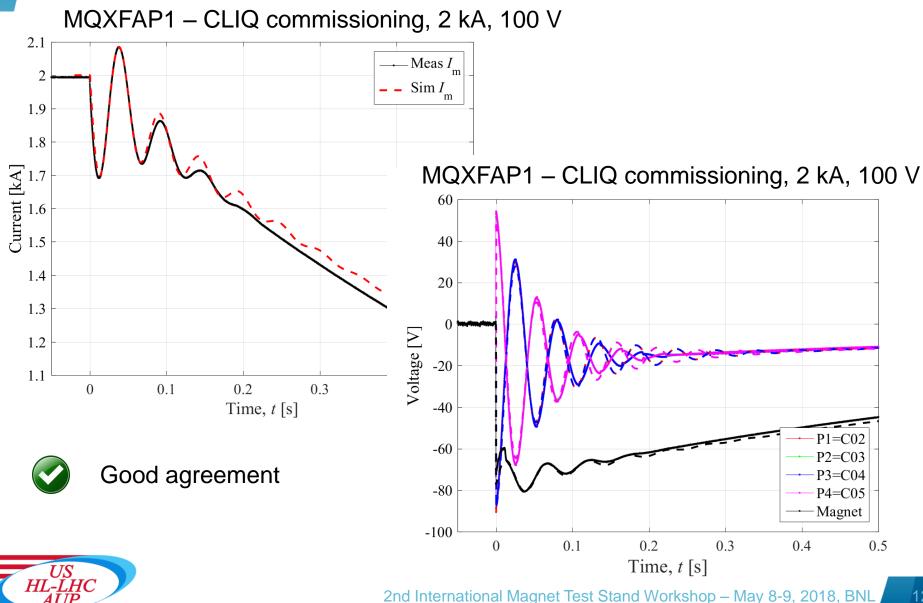
CLIQ commissioning tests

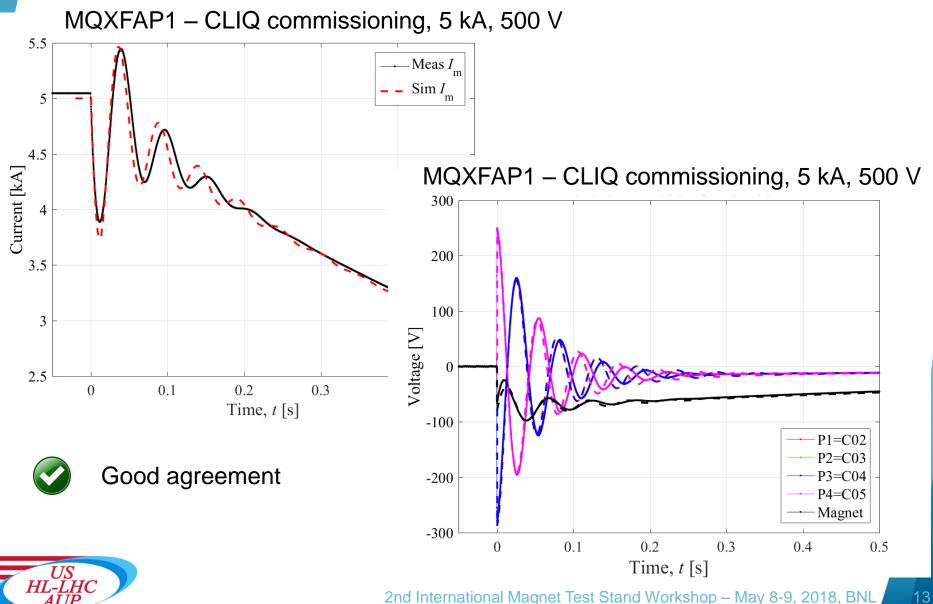
Test #	Magnet current [kA]	CLIQ charging voltage [V]	OL-H	IL-H	EE	Trigger
1	0	50	No	No	Yes	Manual
2	0	50	No	No	Yes	Manual
3	0	100	No	No	Yes	Manual
4	0	100	No	No	Yes	Manual
5	2	100	No	No	Yes	Manual
6	2	500	No	No	Yes	Manual
7	5	500	No	No	Yes	Manual
8	~16.7	500	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quench

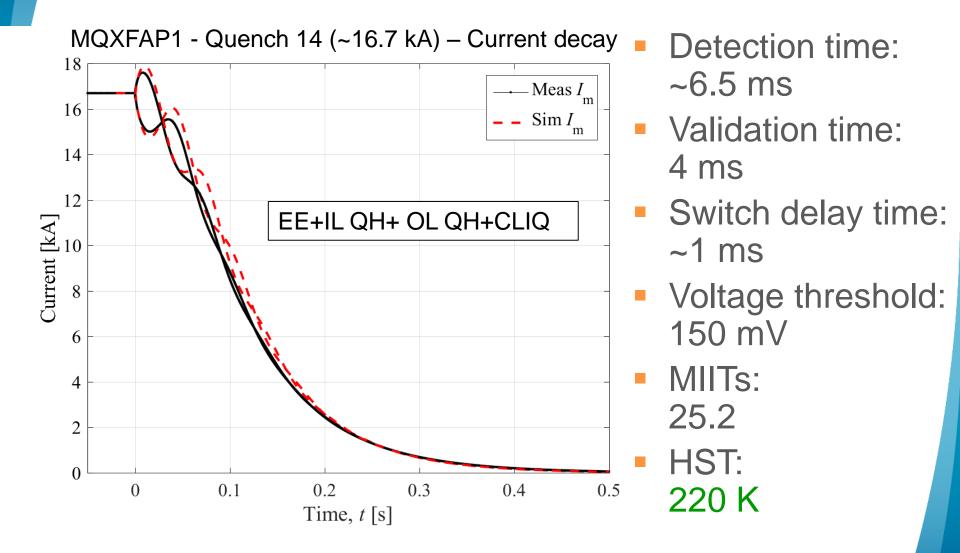


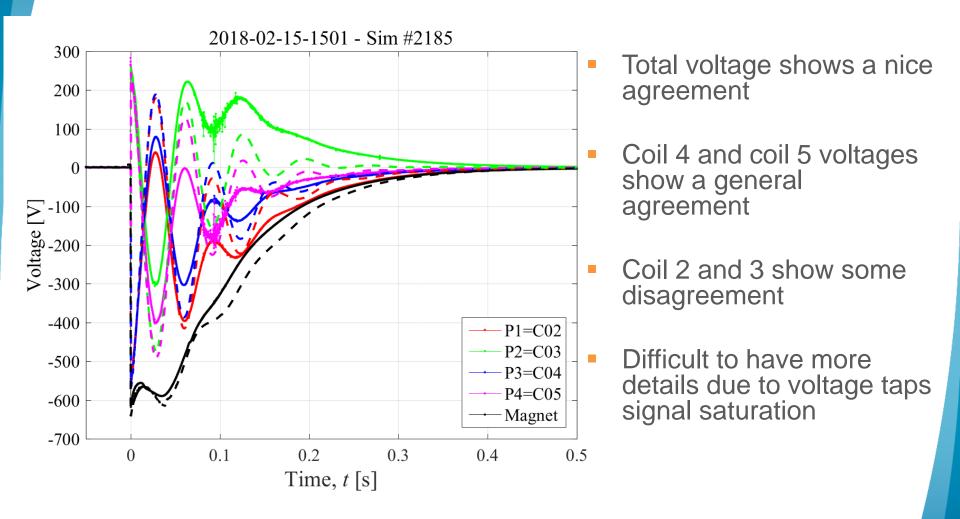


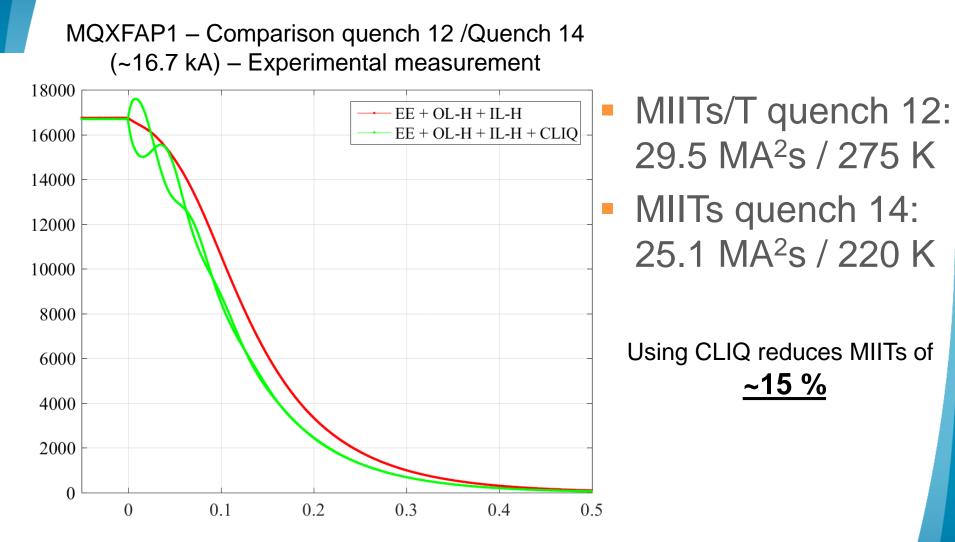




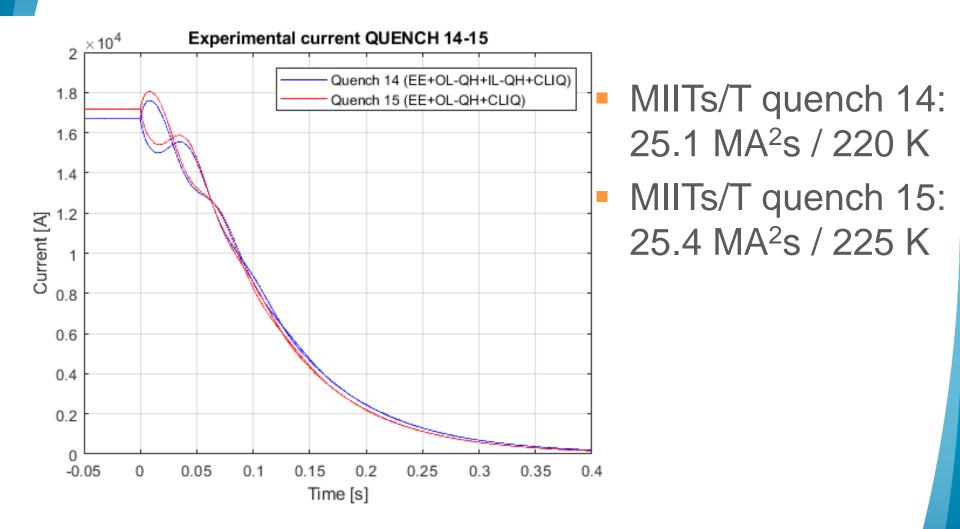




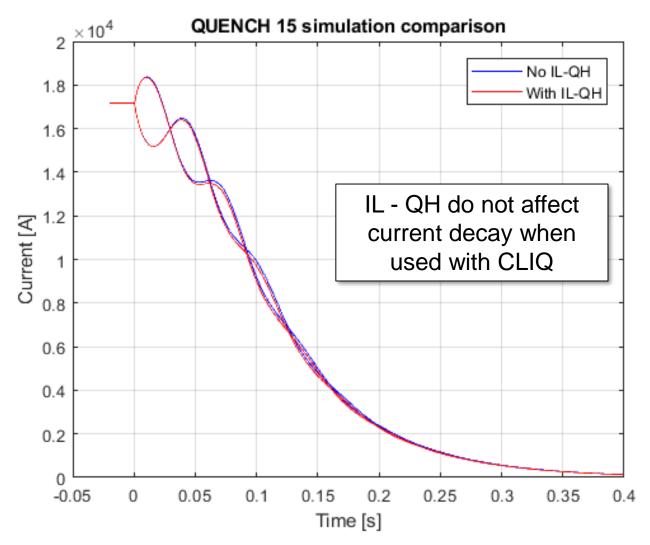




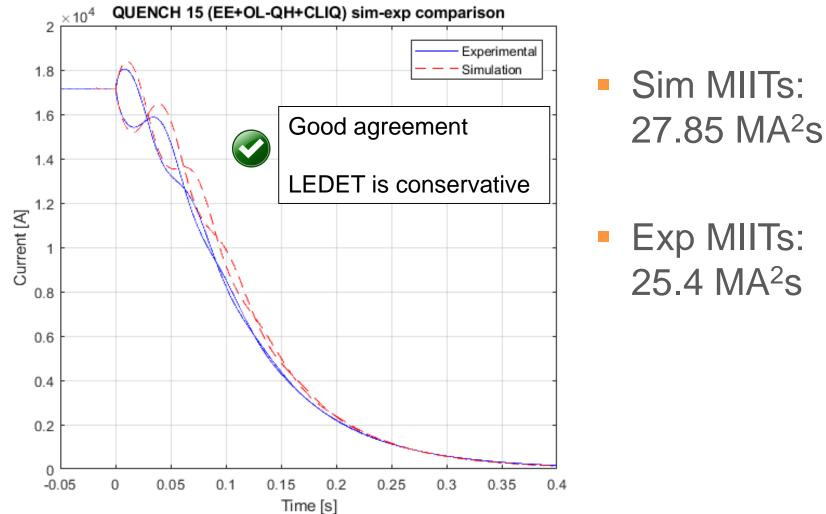




US

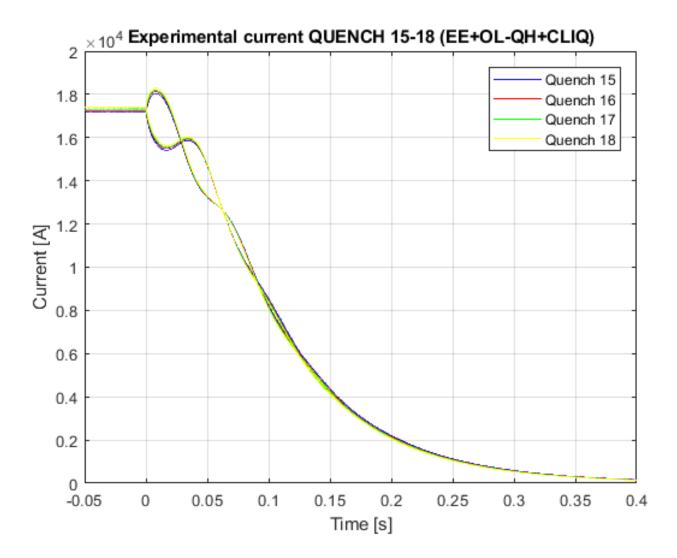






US HL-LHC

- Quench 15, 16, 17 and 18 were performed using CLIQ, dump resistor, OL quench heaters, and no IL quench heaters
- Results are similar to what shown before
 - Good agreement btw measured current decay and simulations
 - MIITs are almost independent on the presence of IL quench heaters
- After quench 18, due to a short to ground, the test campaign was stopped





 Comparison of experimental and measured MIITs in all quenches with CLIQ

Quench	Current [A]	MIITs (simulated)	MIITs (measured)
14	16693	27	25.1
15	17167	27.85	25.4
16	17262	27.9	25.45
17	17326	27.95	25.49
18	17426	28.0	25.55



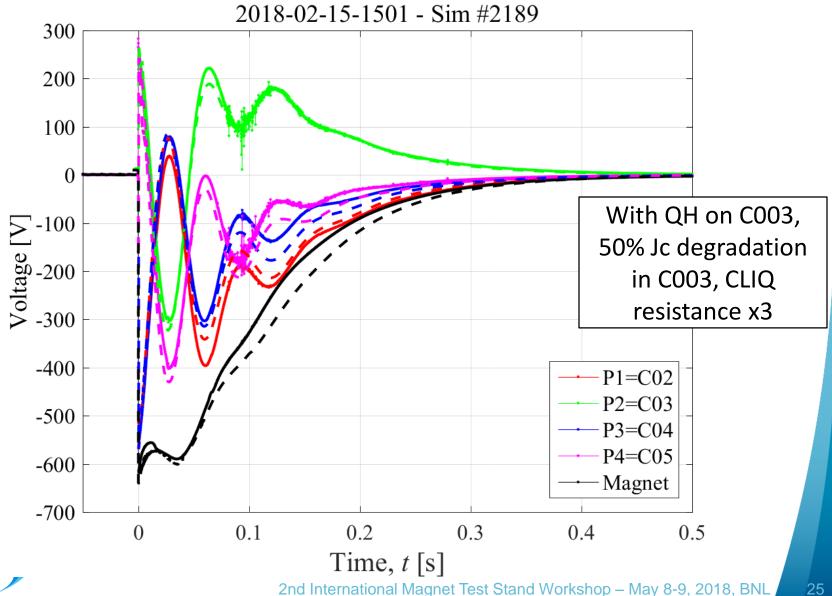
Conclusions

 Since CLIQ was commissioned during the MQXFAP1 test campaign, IL quench heaters were used until CLIQ reliability was demonstrate in quench 14

The 37.5 mΩ dump resistor always present to extract some energy

- Therefore the lay-outs were:
 - IL quench heaters + OL quench heaters + dump (first 13 quenches)
 - CLIQ + OL quench heaters + dump (last 4 quenches)
 - Quench 14 has been performed with dump, OL heaters, IL heaters and CLIQ for the commissioning of CLIQ
- The reliability of simulations has been validated on experimental measurements
- The protection with EE, CLIQ and OL heaters shows a decrease of the MIITs of ~15 % respect to EE, IL and OL heaters
- The presence of dump resistor increases the efficiency of the protection system (in particular of CLIQ).
 - EE extract ~20 % of the stored energy (LEDET simulation).
- Based on simulations validated during this test, the maximum temperature of the magnet in nominal scenario is: 250 K @l_{op}





 $US_{}$

