

Overview of progress with NNLOJET

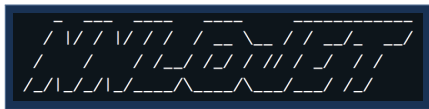
Alexander Huss



LHC-EW WG meeting
Orsay — May 25th 2018

work with X. Chen, J. Cruz-Martinez, J. Currie, R. Gauld,
A. Gehrmann-De Ridder, T. Gehrmann, E.W.N. Glover, I. Majer,
T. Morgan, J. Niehues, J. Pires, and D. Walker

p_T^Z & ϕ_η^* : [JHEP 1607 (2016) 133, JHEP 1611 (2016) 094],
 A_i : [JHEP 1711 (2017) 003], p_T^W & ratios: [PRL 120 (2018) no.12, 122001]



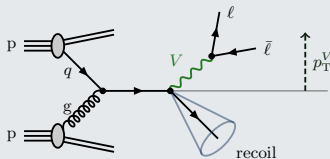
Common framework for NNLO calculations using Antenna Subtraction

- ▶ parton-level event generator
- ▶ based on antenna subtraction
- ▶ test & validation framework
- ▶ APPLfast-NNLO interface
[Britzger, Gwenlan, AH, Morgan, Sutton, Rabbertz]
- ▶ first differential N³LO: DIS 1-jet
- ▶ ...

Processes:

- ▶ $pp \rightarrow (Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-) + 0, 1 \text{ jets}$
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow (W^\pm \rightarrow \ell \nu) + 0, 1 \text{ jets}$
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow H + 0, 1 \text{ jets}$
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow H + 2 \text{ jets (VBF)}$
 $\hookrightarrow \gamma\gamma, \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma, 4\ell, \dots$
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow \text{dijets}$
- ▶ $ep \rightarrow 1, 2 \text{ jets}$
- ▶ $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 3 \text{ jets}$
- ▶ ...

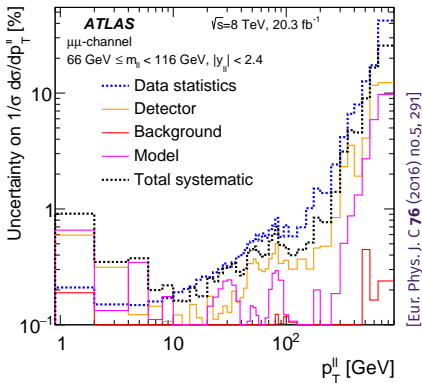
p_T^V — Towards precision phenomenology



$$p p \rightarrow V + X \rightarrow \ell \bar{\ell} + X$$

- ▶ large cross section
- ▶ clean leptonic signature

recoil \rightsquigarrow sensitivity to α_s , gluon PDF



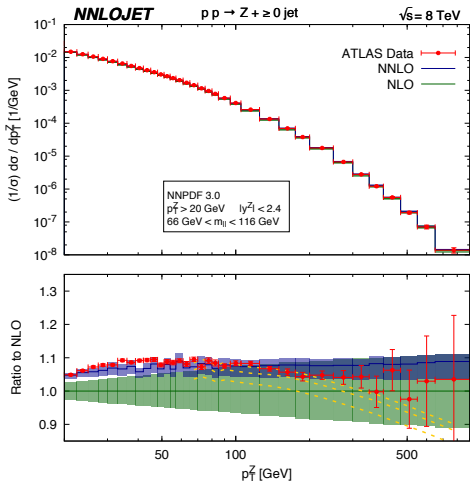
- ▶ fully inclusive w.r.t. QCD radiation
- ▶ only reconstruct leptons
 \rightsquigarrow **sub-% accuracy!** (for Z)
- ▶ probes various aspects of theory predictions
- ▶ ratios: $(d\sigma/dp_T^V)/(d\sigma/dp_T^{V'})$

FEWZ } Only NLO accurate
 DYNNLO } in this distribution

Inclusive p_T spectrum of Z/γ^*

[Gehrmann–De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Morgan '16]

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{d\sigma}{dp_T^Z}$$

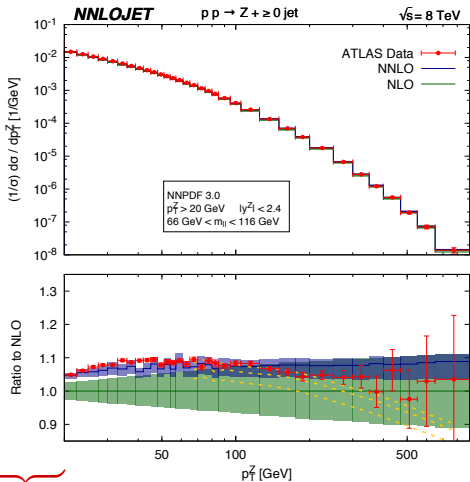


- NLO**
undershoots data by 5–10%
- NNLO**
significant improvement
in **Data** vs. **Theory** comparison
- + EW corrections: - - -
[Denner, Dittmaier, Kasprzik, Mück '11]

Inclusive p_T spectrum of Z/γ^*

[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Morgan '16]

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \cdot \frac{d\sigma}{dp_T^Z}$$



NLO
undershoots data by 5–10%

NNLO
significant improvement
in **Data** vs. **Theory** comparison

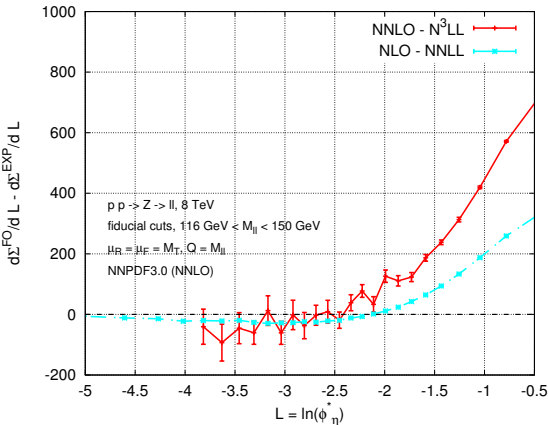
+ EW corrections: - - - -
[Denner, Dittmaier, Kasprzik, Mück '11]

f.o. divergent
for $p_{T,Z} \rightarrow 0$

resummation $\alpha_s^n \log^k(p_T/M)$

- ▶ RADISH [with Bizon, Monni, Re, Rottoli, Torrielli]
- ▶ NNLO matched to N^3LL (talk by P.F. Monni)

Comparing the logs — fixed-order & resummation



- ▶ for $p_T^Z \rightarrow 0$: **difference $\rightarrow 0$**
 - \hookrightarrow excellent agreement within stat. errors
 - \hookrightarrow challenging numerics
- ▶ very important *cross check*
- ▶ convergence much delayed vs. inclusive setups

fixed-order: $p_T^Z \neq 0$

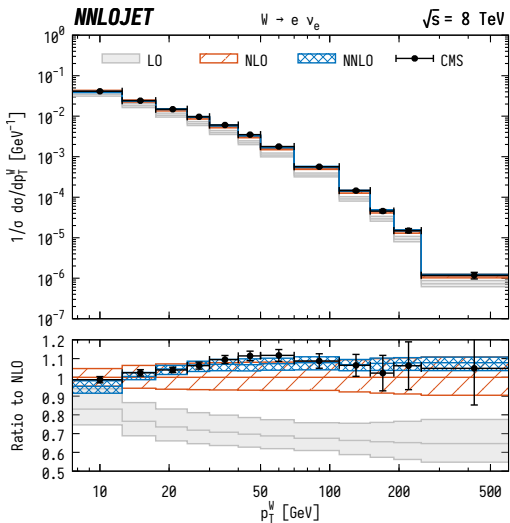
- ▶ fiducial cuts ($p_T^{\ell^+} \neq p_T^{\ell^-}, \dots$)
- ▶ $\mu^2 = E_T^2 = m_{\ell\ell}^2 + (p_T^Z)^2$



resummation: $p_T^Z = 0$

- ▶ fiducial cuts ($p_T^{\ell^+} = p_T^{\ell^-}, \dots$)
- ▶ $\mu^2 = m_{\ell\ell}^2$

Inclusive p_T spectrum of W^\pm



[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Walker '17]

NLO

↪ shape differences 5–10%

↪ scale uncertainties 5–10%

NNLO

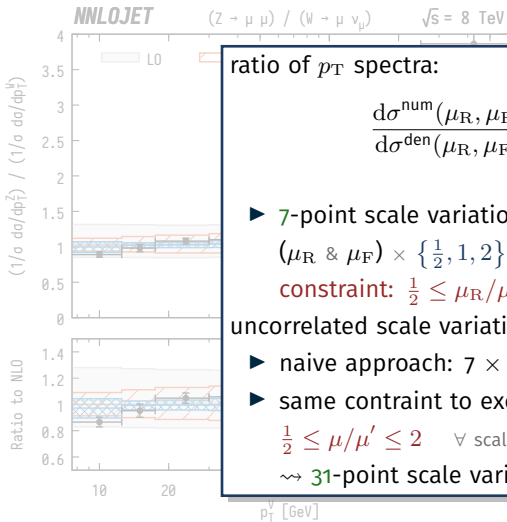
↪ shape distortion

↪ reduction of scale uncertainties

↪ **good agreement with data**

▶ similar corrections to p_T^Z

Ratio of p_T spectra: Z/W



[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Walker '17]

ratio of p_T spectra:

$$\frac{d\sigma^{\text{num}}(\mu_R, \mu_F)/dp_T}{d\sigma^{\text{den}}(\mu_R, \mu_F)/dp_T}$$

► 7-point scale variation for $d\sigma$:

$$(\mu_R \ \& \ \mu_F) \times \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 \right\}$$

$$\text{constraint: } \frac{1}{2} \leq \mu_R/\mu_F \leq 2$$

uncorrelated scale variation:

► naive approach: $7 \times 7 = 49$ points

► same constraint to exclude extremes:

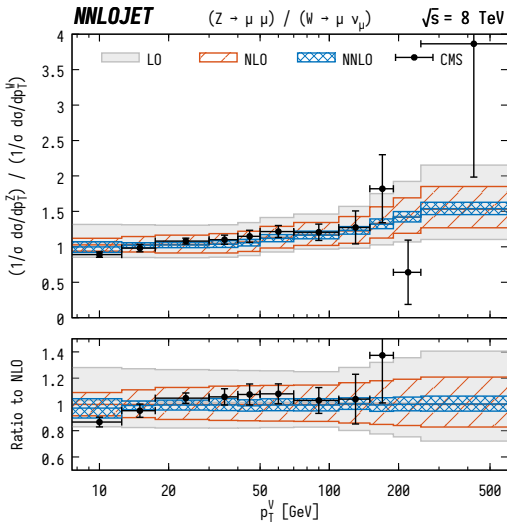
$$\frac{1}{2} \leq \mu/\mu' \leq 2 \quad \forall \text{ scale pairs}$$

↪ 31-point scale variation

(very stable)
 s similar: Z vs. W
 ribed
 es
 ties $\pm 10\text{-}20\%$
 ties $\pm 5\text{-}8\%$

Ratio of p_T spectra: Z/W

[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Walker '17]



- ▶ $K_{(N)NLO} / (N)LO \sim 1$ (very stable)
- ↪ QCD corrections similar: Z vs. W
- ▶ data well described by central values

 **NLO**

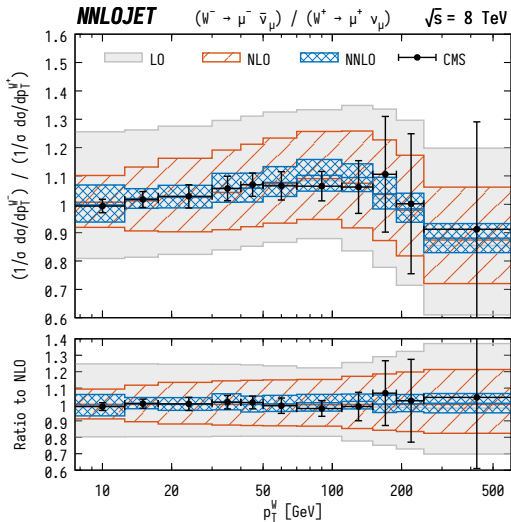
- ↪ scale uncertainties $\pm 10\text{-}20\%$

 **NNLO**

- ↪ scale uncertainties $\pm 5\text{-}8\%$

Ratio of p_T spectra: W^-/W^+

[Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH, Walker '17]



- ▶ $K_{(N)NLO} / (N)LO \sim 1$ (very stable)
- ↪ QCD corrections similar: W^- vs. W^+
- ▶ data well described by central values

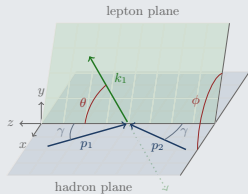
hatched **NLO**

↪ scale uncertainties $\pm 10\text{-}20\%$

cross-hatched **NNLO**

↪ scale uncertainties $\pm 5\text{-}8\%$

Angular coefficients



$$p p \rightarrow Z/\gamma^* + X \rightarrow \ell^- \ell^+ + X$$

- ▶ lepton angular distributions (θ, ϕ)
- ▶ probe production dynamics & polarisation
- ▶ M_W & $\sin^2 \theta_w$ measurement

[Gauld, Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover, AH '17]

Angular coefficients: $A_i(p_T^Z, y^Z, m_{\ell\ell})$

$Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$, $l = 0, 1, 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma}{d^4q d \cos \theta d\phi} = \frac{3}{16\pi} \frac{d\sigma^{\text{unpol.}}}{d^4q} & \left\{ (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + \frac{1}{2} A_0 (1 - 3 \cos^2 \theta) \right. \\ & + A_1 \sin(2\theta) \cos \phi + \frac{1}{2} A_2 \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \\ & + A_3 \sin \theta \cos \phi + A_4 \cos \theta + A_5 \sin^2 \theta \sin(2\phi) \\ & \left. + A_6 \sin(2\theta) \sin \phi + A_7 \sin \theta \sin \phi \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$A_i(q) + \sigma^{\text{unpol.}}$$

production dynamics

$$Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$$

lepton kinematics

$$\begin{array}{ll} l = 0 : & m = 0 \\ l = 1 : & m = \pm 1, 0 \\ l = 2 : & m = \pm 2, \pm 1, 0 \end{array}$$

total: 9

Angular coefficients

- ▶ extraction of A_i through projections:

$$\int d\Omega Y_{lm} Y_{l'm'}^* = \delta_{ll'} \delta_{mm'}$$

$$\langle f(\theta, \phi) \rangle = \frac{1}{\sigma} \int_{-1}^1 d \cos \theta \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \frac{d\sigma(\theta, \phi)}{d \cos \theta d\phi} f(\theta, \phi)$$

$$A_0 = 4 - 10 \langle \cos^2 \theta \rangle, \quad A_1 = 5 \langle \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \rangle, \quad A_2 = 10 \langle \sin^2 \theta \cos(2\phi) \rangle, \\ A_3 = 4 \langle \sin \theta \cos \phi \rangle, \quad A_4 = 4 \langle \cos \theta \rangle, \quad \dots$$

↪ **very** challenging numerics!

- ▶ dominant coefficients: $A_{0,\dots,4}$

$A_{0,1,2}$: parity even \rightsquigarrow probed by γ^* & Z exchange

$A_{3,4}$: parity odd \rightsquigarrow sensitive to $\sin^2 \theta_w$, $A_4 \leftrightarrow A_{FB}$

Lam-Tung relation

$$A_0 - A_2 = 0$$

- ▶ analogue of Callen-Gross relation in DIS ($F_2 = 2xF_1$)
- ▶ not affected by $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$ corrections
↪ violation starting from $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$

Computational setup

LHC @ 8 TeV: ATLAS [arXiv:1606.00689], CMS [arXiv:1504.03512], LHCb
region & accuracy: $p_{T,Z} > 10$ GeV & $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ (using Z + jet @ NNLO)
PDF & α_s : PDF4LHC15_nnlo_30 & $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$
scale choice: $\mu_0 \equiv E_{T,Z} = \sqrt{m_{\ell\ell}^2 + p_{T,\ell\ell}^2}$

Scale variation

independent variation of μ_R & μ_F with $\frac{1}{2} \leq \mu_R/\mu_F \leq 2 \rightsquigarrow 7$ points

.....

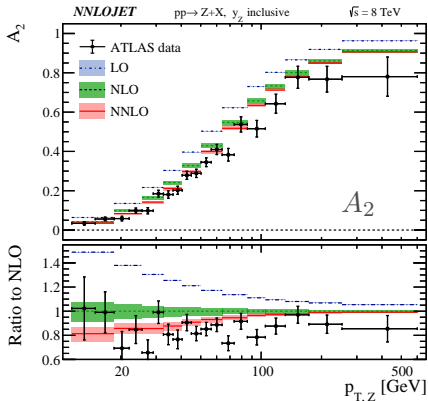
A_i defined through ratios:

$$\langle f(\theta, \phi) \rangle = \frac{\int d\Omega d\sigma(\mu_F^{\text{num.}}, \mu_R^{\text{num.}}) f(\theta, \phi)}{\int d\Omega d\sigma(\mu_F^{\text{den.}}, \mu_R^{\text{den.}})}$$

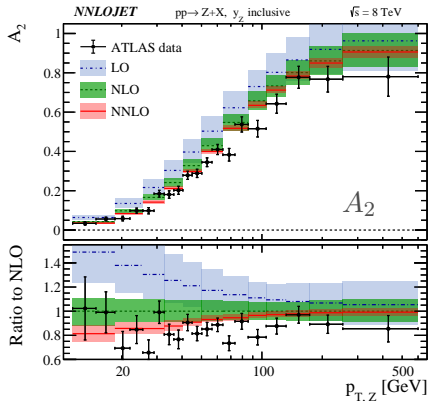
- ▶ **correlated:** $\mu_{F,R}^{\text{num.}} = \mu_{F,R}^{\text{den.}}$ $\rightsquigarrow 7$ points
- ▶ **uncorrelated:** $\frac{1}{2} \leq \mu_a^i / \mu_b^j \leq 2$ $\rightsquigarrow 31$ points

Ratios — correlated vs. uncorrelated

correlated:



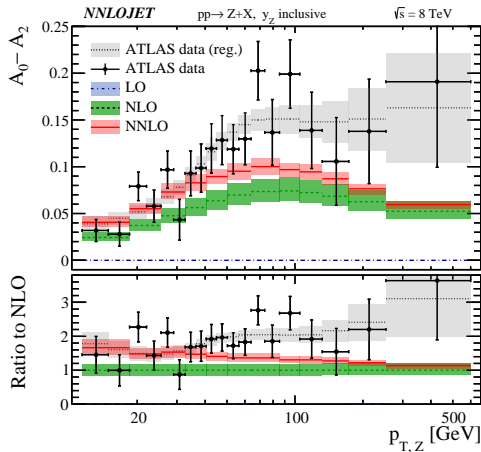
uncorrelated:



- LO** α_s cancels in correlated case \rightsquigarrow almost no scale bands
- NLO** substantial differences in **correlated** vs. **uncorrelated**
- NNLO** similar uncertainty estimates

uncorrelated exhibits more realistic behaviour \rightsquigarrow default choice

Angular coefficients — ATLAS @ 8 TeV



- - - $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$ prediction:
 ↪ vanishes (Lam-Tung)
- - - $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ prediction:
 ↪ \simeq DNNLO (NNLO)
 ↪ tension with data
 ↪ $\chi^2/N_{\text{dat.}} \sim 4.89$
- - - $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ prediction:
 ↪ large positive corrections
 ↪ $\chi^2/N_{\text{dat.}} \sim 1.75$
- data: [ATLAS arXiv:1606.00689]
 ↪ applies “regularization”

No significant data* vs. theory disagreement between
(un-regularized) ATLAS & **theory @ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$**

$$* \chi^2 = \sum_{i,j}^{N_{\text{dat.}}} (O_{\text{exp}}^i - O_{\text{th.}}^i) \sigma_{ij}^{-1} (O_{\text{exp}}^j - O_{\text{th.}}^j)$$

Summary & Outlook

Summary

- ▶ $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ **NNLO QCD** predictions: p_T^Z & $p_T^{W^\pm}$ for $p_T > p_{T, \text{cut}}$
 - ↪ significant reduction in scale uncertainties ($\sim \pm \text{few } \%$)
 - ↪ improved data vs. theory agreement
 - ↪ p_T^Z matched to **N³LL** resummation with RadISH (talk by P.F. Monni)
- ▶ Ratio of p_T^V spectra
 - ↪ very stable w.r.t. QCD corrections: $K_{(N)\text{NLO}} / (N)\text{LO} \sim 1$
 - ↪ **NLO** \rightsquigarrow **NNLO**: substantial reduction of scale uncertainties
- ▶ angular coefficients A_i directly probe production dynamics
 - ↪ first clear evidence of *Lam-Tung* violation ($A_0 - A_2 \neq 0$) by ATLAS & CMS
 - ↪ **NNLO**: large impact on A_0 , A_1 , and A_2
 - ↪ substantial improvement in agreement with data for $A_0 - A_2$

Outlook

- ▶ **N³LL + NNLO** for $p_T^{W^\pm}$ & ratios

Thank you