Beam-background impact in the IDEA drift chamber

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WG11 Detector Design Meeting

CERN 27 March 2018





Introduction

- 1. FCC experiment and FCCSW
- 2. IDEA detector concept
- 3. Drift chamber
- 4. Geometry implementation
- 5. Segmentation and validation
- 6. Simulation
- 7. Material budget scan
- 8. Background studies

FCC Software

- Common software for all FCC experiments
 - ▶ ee, hh & eh
- Detector and physics studies
 - Fast & full simulations
 - One software stack from event generation to physics analysis
- Collaborative approach
 - LHC: Gaudi
 - CLIC: DD4hep



FCCSW simulation pipeline



FCCee: IDEA detector concept

Ultimate Goal

- Vertex detector: MAPS
- Ultra-light drift chamber with PID
- Pre-shower counter
- Double read-out calorimetry
- 2 T solenoidal magnetic field
- Instrumented return yoke
- Surrounded by large tracking volume (R~8 m) for very weakly coupled (long-lived) particles

Implementation in FCCSW

- Beam-pipe and interaction region (IR) taken from the CLD concept.
- Vertex detector also taken from the CLD concept.
- The drift chamber implemented from scratch in FCCSW.



Vertex Detector

Geometry

- Barrel: 3 double-sided layers
- Endcap: 3 double-sided disks



Drift Chamber

Parameters

Length	4500 mm
Inner radius	345 mm
Outer radius	2000 mm
Nb. layers	112
Cell size	12 mm to 14.7 mm
Total nb. of sensitive wires	56448
Total nb. of field wires	282240
Total nb. of wires	338688
Gas	GasHe_90Isob_10
Wire material	Aluminum
Single cell resolution	0.1 mm



Geometry implementation in DD4hep



Segmentation

- Information on the location of the wires
- Associates a unique wire ID (cellID) to the wires
- Different granularity for different layers in the DCH
- The segmentation information is created while building geometry

 \Rightarrow Accessible in every step of the simulation

- First layer of the DCH
- Hits having the same wire ID are shown by the same color
- Validates the segmentation



Simulation of the DCH

- Stepping in the gas with a step length of 2 mm
- Reject ionisation acts with:
 - ► E_{dep} < 10 eV
 - G4Step length $< 5\mu$ m
- Drift the E_{dep} to the nearest wire
 - Distance of the closest approach
 - Assume a constant drift velocity of 2 cm/µs
 - Calculate drift time
- ► For each wire, merge the E_{dep} with a drift time smaller than the maximum drift time in the cell

Number of layers vs. θ

- Number of layers hit by 100 GeV μ -
 - $\theta = 0^{\circ}$: very forward direction
 - $\theta = 90^{\circ}$: in the barrel
 - Averaged over ϕ



Material Budget Scan: work in progress



Background studies

- The effect of incoherent e + e pairs on the interaction region (IR)
- ► E_{cm} = 356 GeV
- Total nb. of particles: \sim 6200



Momentum distribution

Background studies for the VXD: work in progress

Vertex Barrel

Vertex Endcap



Detector	Total nb. of hits
Hits in the VXD barrel	2737
Hits in the VXD endcap	2537

- The trend is as expected
- More investigation & tuning on the hit reconstruction and cuts in Geant4 simulations is needed

Background studies for the DCH: work in progress

- Number of wires with different IDs recorded a signal
 - Average: 3345.7 wires
 - Several hits per wire: pile-up or same Nb. of wires hit 4000 Entries Entries 200 150 3000 100 2000 50 10 20 30 0 BX C 60 80 100 120 Number of hits per wire (for BX0)

Number of hits recorded per wire in

the first BX

Mostly 1-hit per wire

- To be investigated further: merging hits belonging to the same wire and having a drift time smaller than the maximum drift time in a cell.
- Occupancy as a function of the cell/voxel

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Summary & Outlook

FCCee-detector concept simulation with FCCSW

- Implementation of the geometry
- Simulation
- Validation
- Study of beam-induced backgrounds: e+e- incoherent pairs
 - Estimation of the occupancy in the VXD and DCH