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# **Neutron production in $(\alpha, n)$ reactions: where we were and where we are now**

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# Outline

- Introduction: neutron production in  $(\alpha, n)$  reactions.
- Comparing cross-sections and excitation functions from EMPIRE2.19/3.2.3, TALYS1.9 and experimental data.
- Neutron yields and spectra in different codes/models versus data.
- Conclusions.

# Neutrons from radioactivity

- Neutron production:  $(\alpha, n)$  reactions and spontaneous fission.
- Spontaneous fission is well understood although correlations between neutrons and gammas are not straightforward.
- $(\alpha, n)$  reactions - tricky: cross-sections, excitation functions and energy losses.
- The probability for an alpha particle to produce a neutron by interacting with a nuclide  $i$  ( $N_i$  is the number density of atoms of nuclide  $i$ ):

$$P(E_\alpha) = \int_0^{E_\alpha} \frac{N_i \sigma_i(E)}{\left(-\frac{dE}{dx}\right)} dE$$

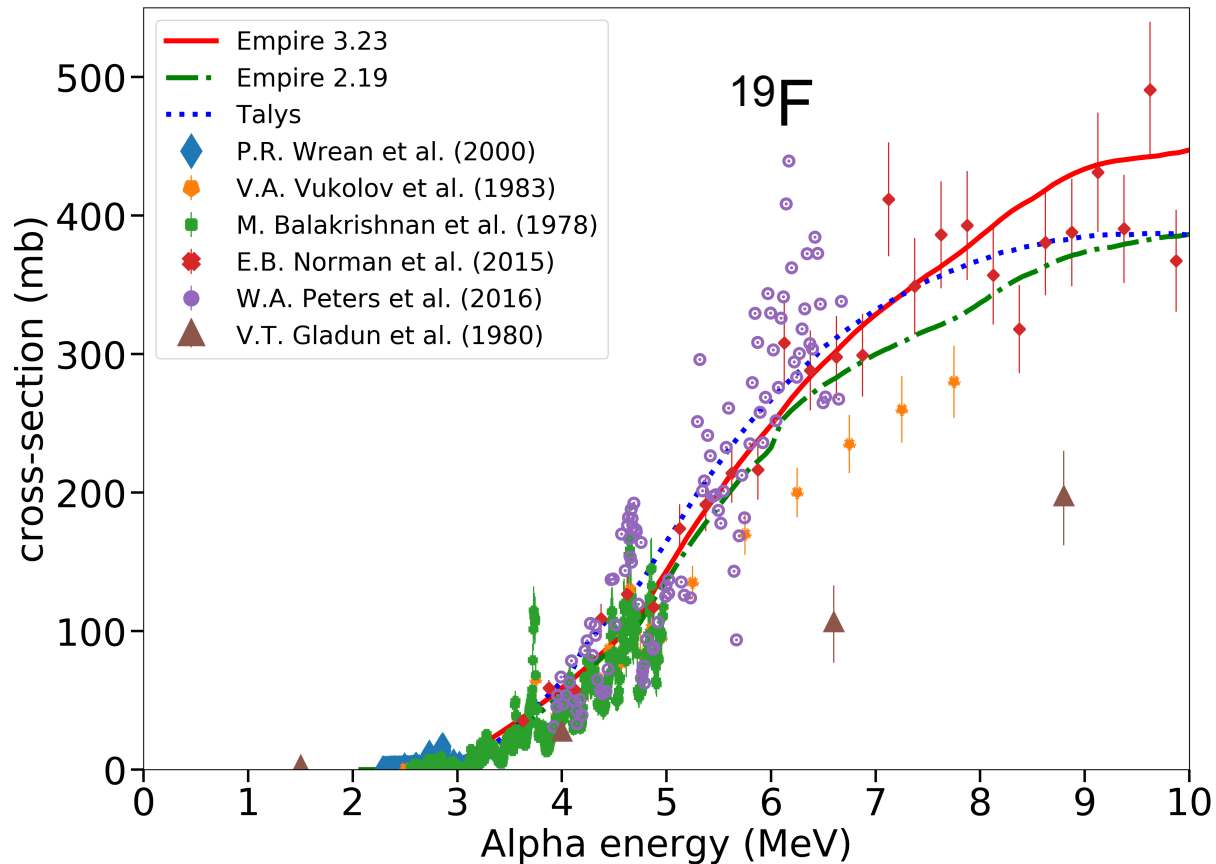
- The final state nuclide can be in excited state so some energy is transferred to  $\gamma$ s.
- Several codes exist to calculate neutron yields and spectra.
- Several collaborations are working with modified SOURCES4A/4C;  
W.B. Wilson, et al., SOURCES4A: a code for calculating  $(\alpha, n)$ , spontaneous fission, and delayed neutron sources and spectra, Technical Report LA-13639-MS, Los Alamos, 1999; modifications explained in Tomasello et al. NIMA, 595 (2008) 431.
- We claim an uncertainty of 20% (different cross-sections tested >10 years ago).

# SOURCES4A and other tools

- SOURCES4A: cross-sections and excitation functions from EMPIRE2.19 or data (flexible). Approximation of thick target.
- USD web-based tool: <http://neutronyield.usd.edu>; Mei et al. NIMA 606 (2009) 651. Cross-sections from TENDL libraries (TALYS code).
- Comparison between SOURCES4A and USD based tool: J. Cooley et al. NIMA 888 (2018) 110-118, arXiv:1705.04736 [physics.ins-det]
- New code NeuCBOT: S. Westerdale and P.D. Meyers. Nuclear Instr. and Methods in Physics Research, A 875 (2017) 57–64. Neutron spectra are taken from TALYS code (TENDL libraries).
- Comparison of NeuCBOT and SOURCES4C: S. Westerdale and P.D. Meyers. Nucl. Instr. and Methods in Physics Research, A 875 (2017) 57–64.
- Results from USD tool and NeuCBOT are different from SOURCES4A. See also Kudryavtsev et al., Talk at IDM2018.
- New versions of TALYS1.9 and EMPIRE3.2.3 are available. Also new data on cross-sections.
- Next slides: comparison between EMPIRE3.2.3/2.19, TALYS1.9 and data.

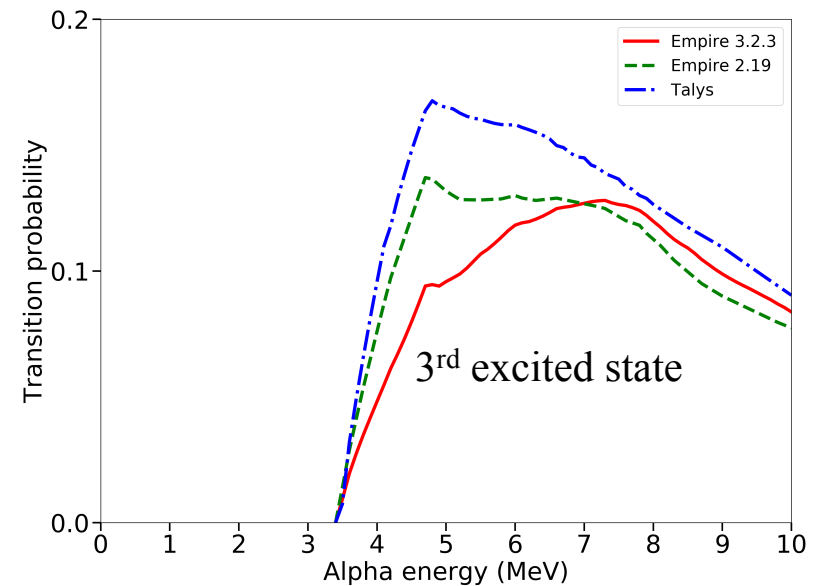
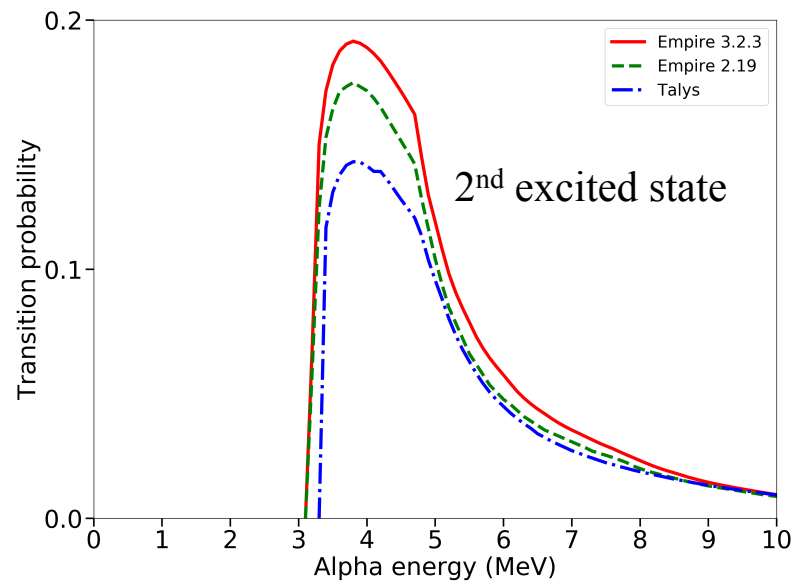
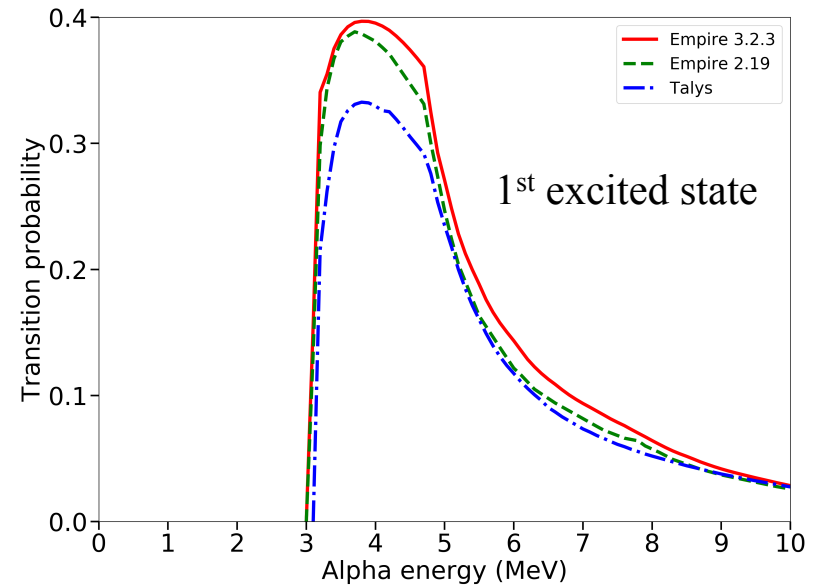
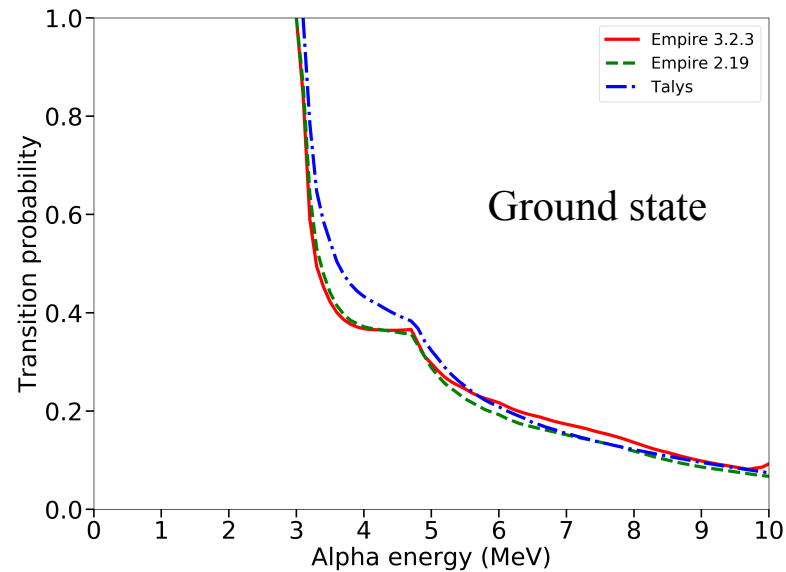


# Cross-sections: EMPIRE2.19/3.2.3 vs TALYS1.9

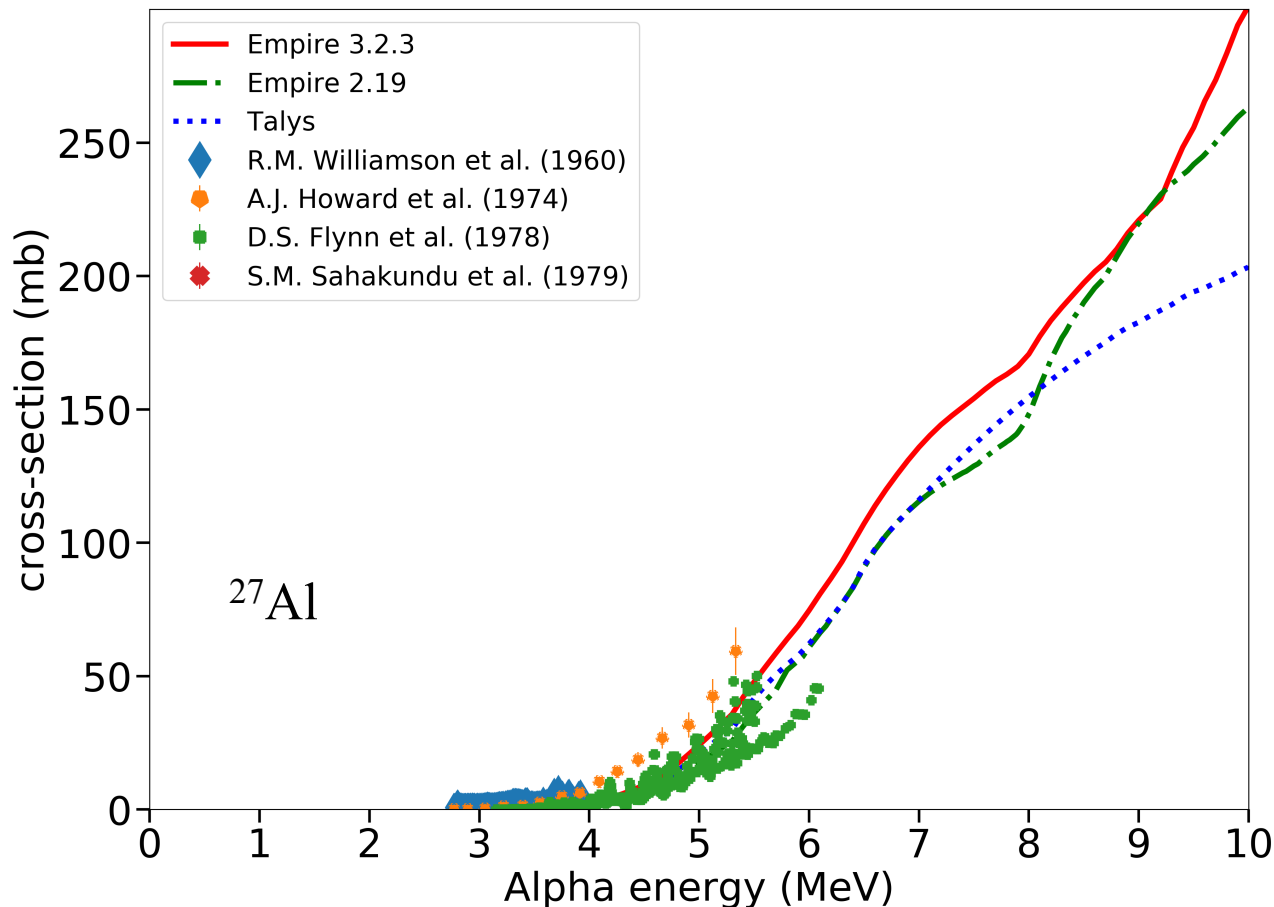


- Threshold is determined by the Q-value of the reaction and Coulomb barrier.
- Data do not allow us to choose an optimum model for  $^{19}\text{F}$ .
- Data can be used in SOURCES4A (possibly in combination with another model). The results are quite different depending on a specific measurement.

# Excitation functions for fluorine

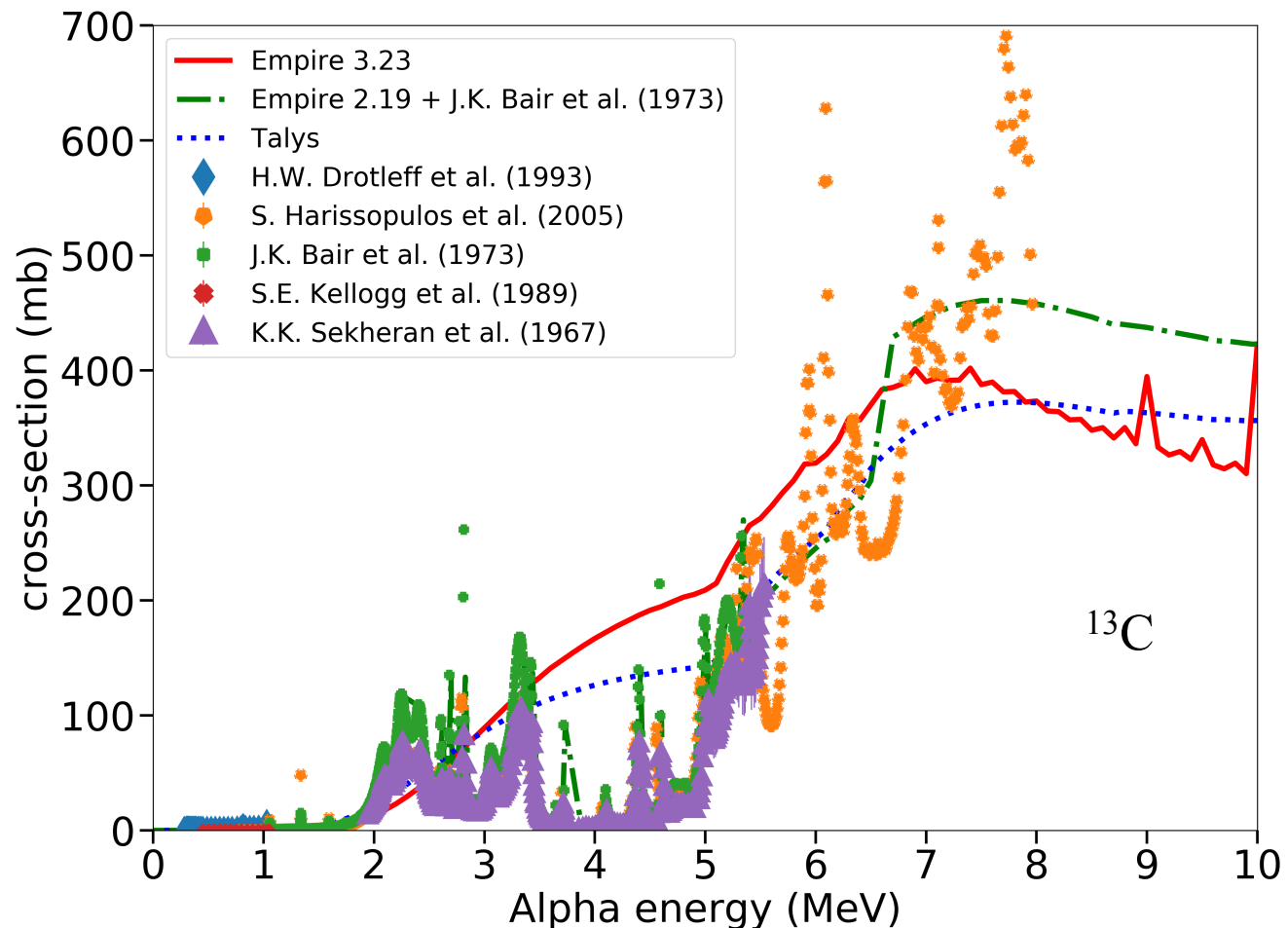


# Cross-sections for aluminium



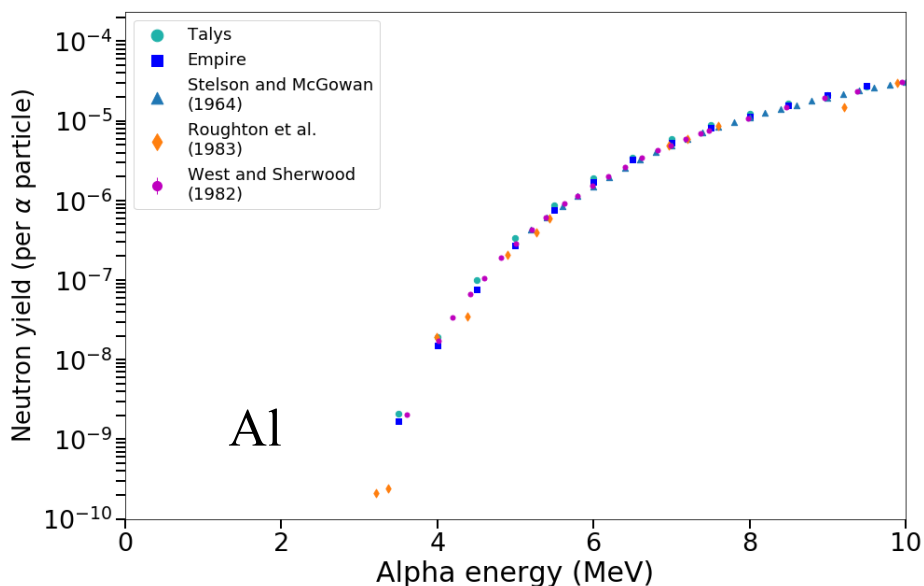
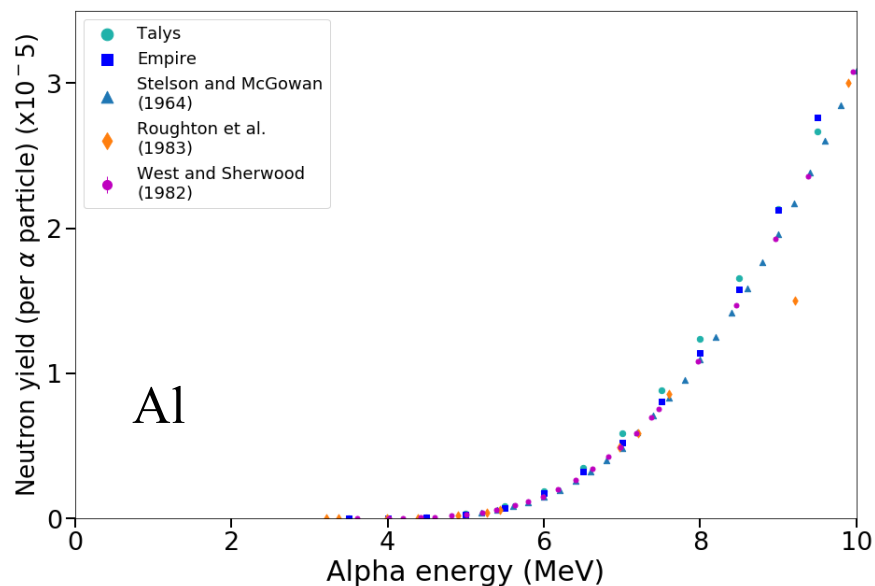
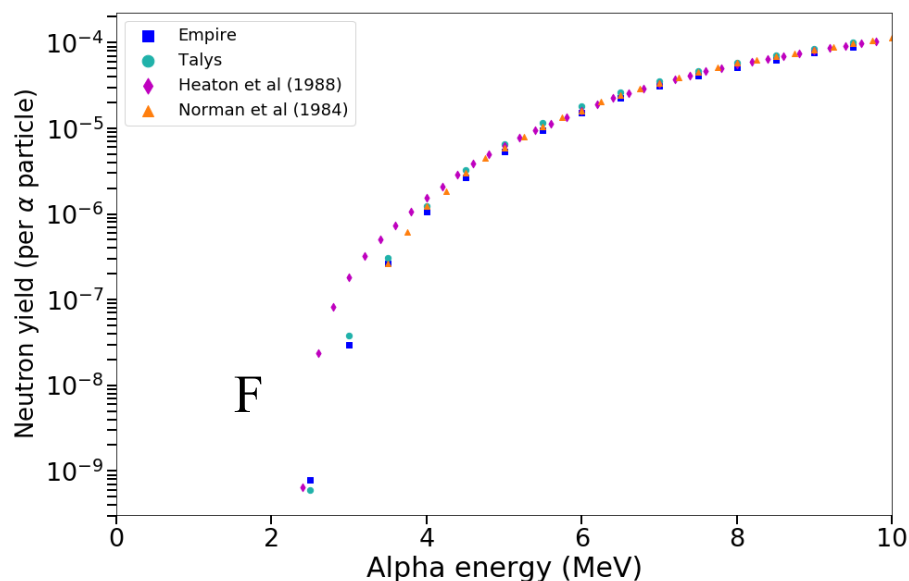
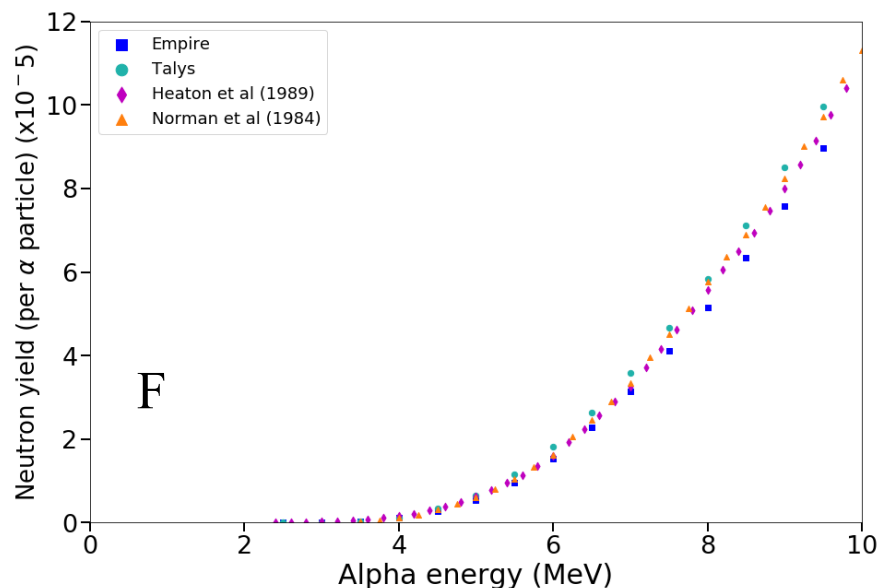
- Data are limited (quite old) and cannot help with the choice of the model. Using measured cross-sections leads to large variation in the neutron yield, depending on a specific measurements.

# Cross-sections for carbon

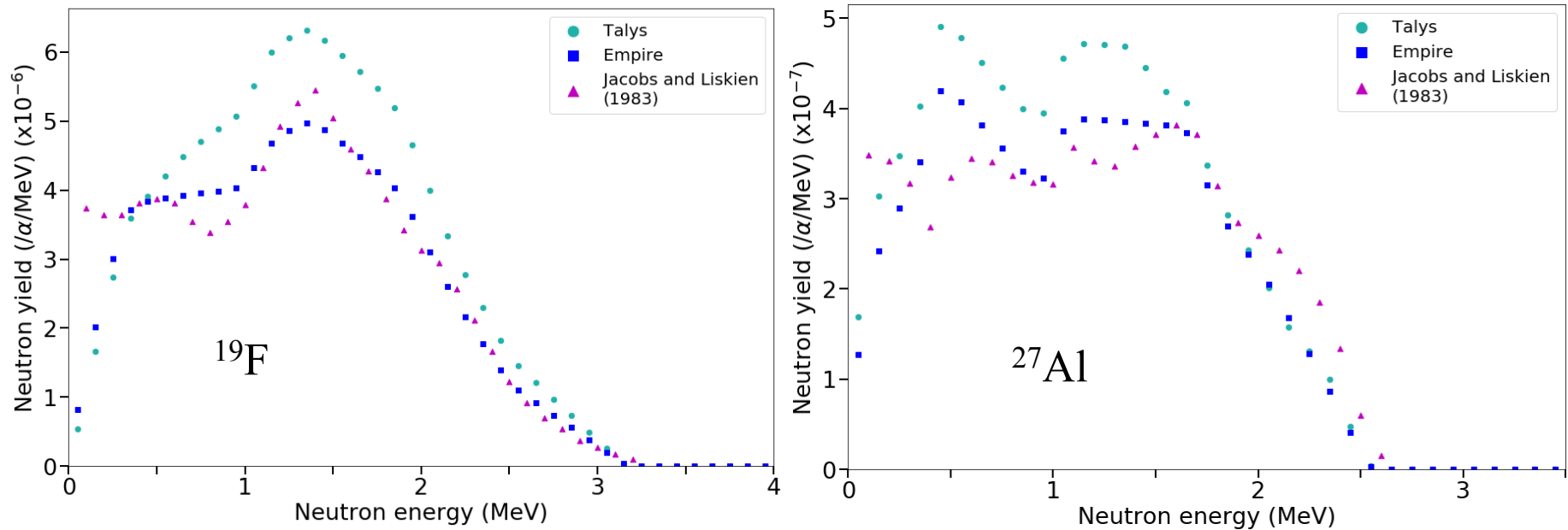


- $^{12}\text{C}$  does not contribute (high threshold). Only  $^{13}\text{C}$  contributes to the neutron yield (but small abundance).

# Neutron yield: TALYS1.9, EMPIRE2.19 and data

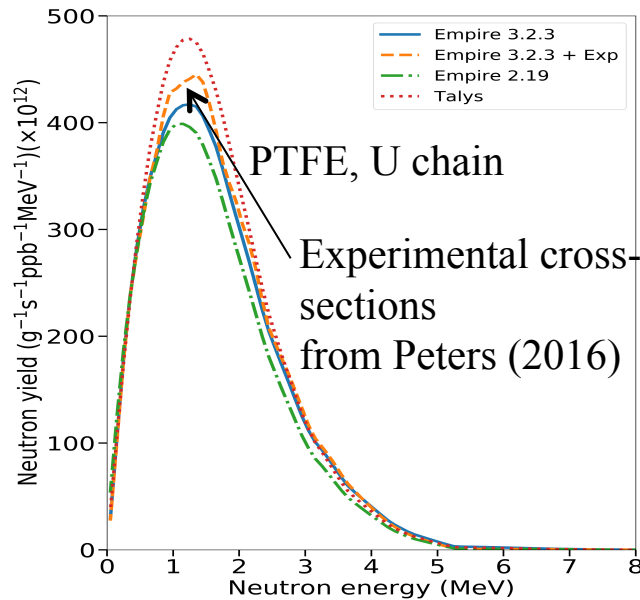
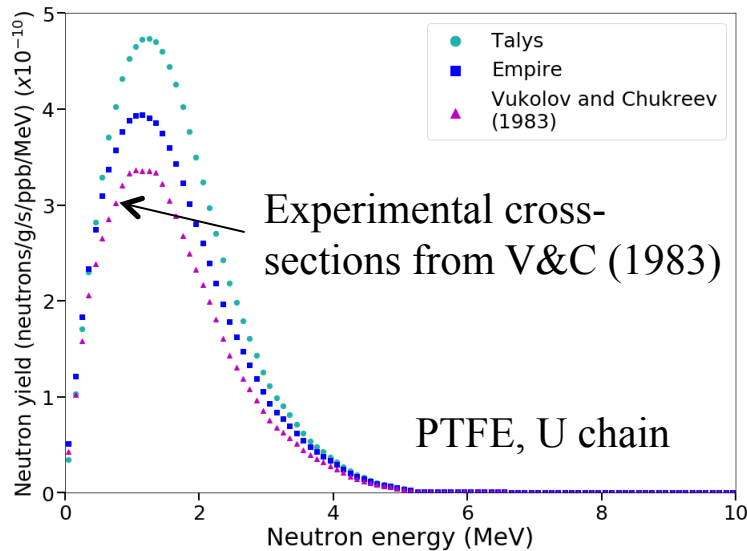


# Neutron spectra: SOURCES4A vs measurements

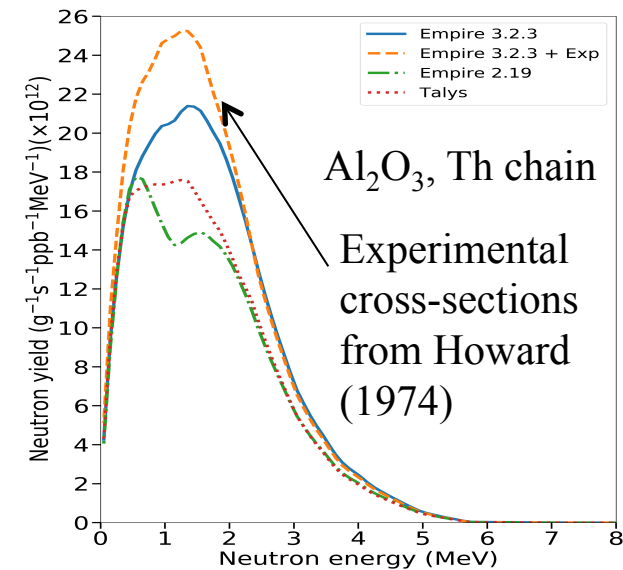
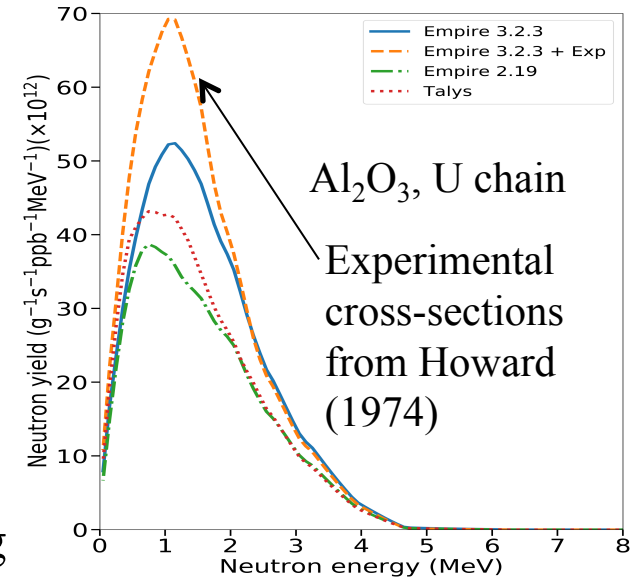


- Neutron spectra from 5.5 MeV alphas in fluorine and aluminium.
- SOURCES4A uses either EMPIRE2.19 or TALYS1.9 cross-sections.

# Neutron spectra: PTFE ( $C_2F_4$ ) and $Al_2O_3$



Neutron spectra from U/Th decay chains in equilibrium using cross-sections from TALYS1.9, EMPIRE2.19/3.2.3 and measurements.



# SOURCES4A: EMPIRE3.2.3/2.19 vs TALYS1.9

Material	Cross-section	$^{238}\text{U} + ^{235}\text{U}$	$^{232}\text{Th}$
Aluminium	TALYS1.9	$1.86 \times 10^{-10}$	$9.05 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE2.19	$1.69 \times 10^{-10}$	$8.59 \times 10^{-11}$
$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$	TALYS1.9	$9.48 \times 10^{-11}$	$4.56 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE2.19	$8.59 \times 10^{-11}$	$4.32 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3	$11.42 \times 10^{-11}$	$5.45 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3 +Experiment	$13.55 \times 10^{-11}$	$6.04 \times 10^{-11}$
PTFE	TALYS1.9	$10.21 \times 10^{-10}$	$4.03 \times 10^{-10}$
	EMPIRE2.19	$8.72 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.50 \times 10^{-10}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3	$9.39 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.78 \times 10^{-10}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3 +Experiment	$9.68 \times 10^{-10}$	$3.91 \times 10^{-10}$

Units: neutrons/g/s/ppb of the parent isotope. Only ( $\alpha$ ,  $n$ ) reactions, no SF.



# SOURCES4A: EMPIRE3.2.3/2.19 vs TALYS1.9

Material	Cross-section	$^{238}\text{U} + ^{235}\text{U}$	$^{232}\text{Th}$
$\text{SiO}_2$	TALYS1.9	$1.54 \times 10^{-11}$	$6.75 \times 10^{-12}$
	EMPIRE2.19	$1.59 \times 10^{-11}$	$7.03 \times 10^{-12}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3	$2.07 \times 10^{-11}$	$8.61 \times 10^{-12}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3 +Experiment	$1.35 \times 10^{-11}$	$6.21 \times 10^{-12}$
Ti	TALYS1.9	$2.80 \times 10^{-11}$	$2.33 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE2.19	$2.55 \times 10^{-11}$	$2.15 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3	$3.39 \times 10^{-11}$	$2.48 \times 10^{-11}$
	EMPIRE3.2.3 +Experiment	$3.39 \times 10^{-11}$	$2.46 \times 10^{-11}$

Units: neutrons/g/s/ppb of the parent isotope. Only ( $\alpha$ ,  $n$ ) reactions, no SF.

# Conclusions

- All codes with recommended models (TALYS1.9 and EMPIRE2.19/3.2.3) give similar cross-sections (within 20%), at least for most critical isotopes.
- Data on cross-sections are not sufficient to make a choice of the code/model. Measured cross-sections have large variations. Using measured cross-sections makes the neutron yields bigger or smaller than using a model, depending on a specific measurement and the model.
- For most tested isotopes, EMPIRE3.2.3 and TALYS1.9 cross-sections give slightly higher neutron yields than EMPIRE2.19 but comparison with data does not allow us to select the best code/model.
- 20-25% difference between neutron yields obtained with SOURCES4A with cross-sections from 3 codes/models, has been found for  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ , PTFE,  $\text{SiO}_2$ , Ti. More materials are being tested.
- Bigger difference with NeuCBOT and USD tool even when the cross-sections from the same code/model (TALYS / TENDL libraries) are used.