

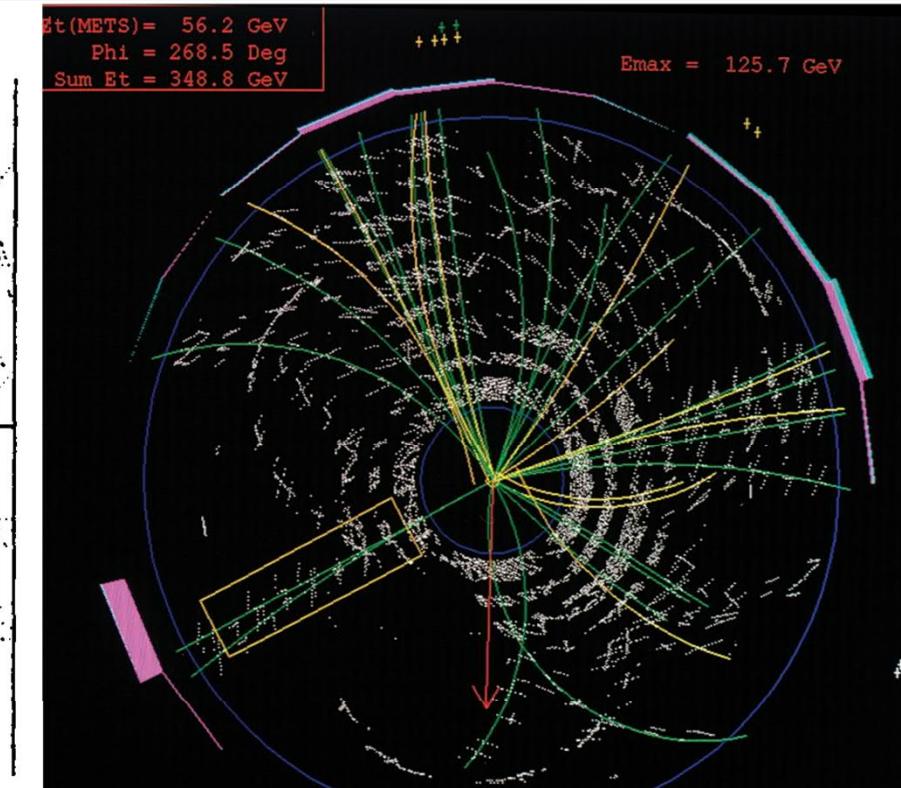
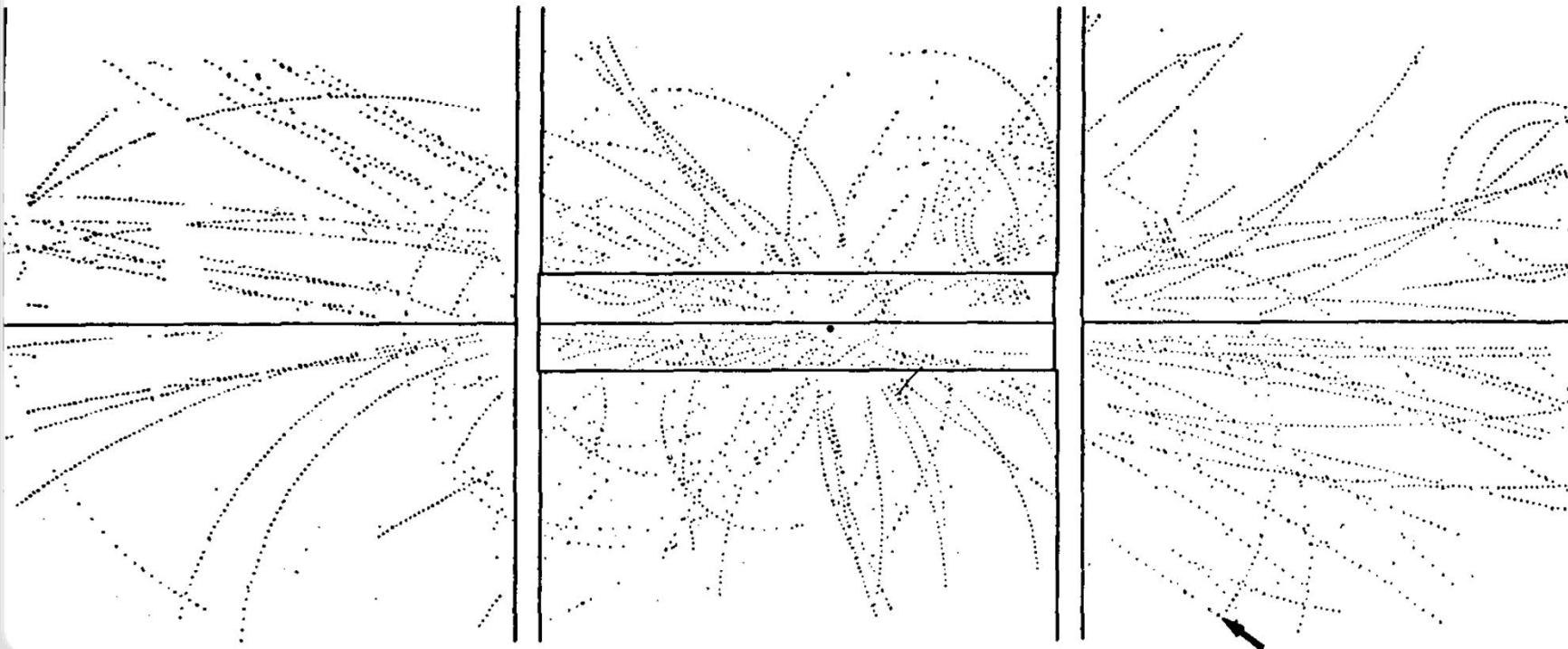
Developments in Multiboson Physics

BUE dark matter workshop

Matthias Mozer

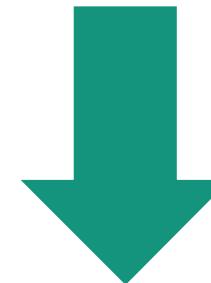
Institut für Experimentelle Teilchenphysik, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

EVENT 2958. 1279.

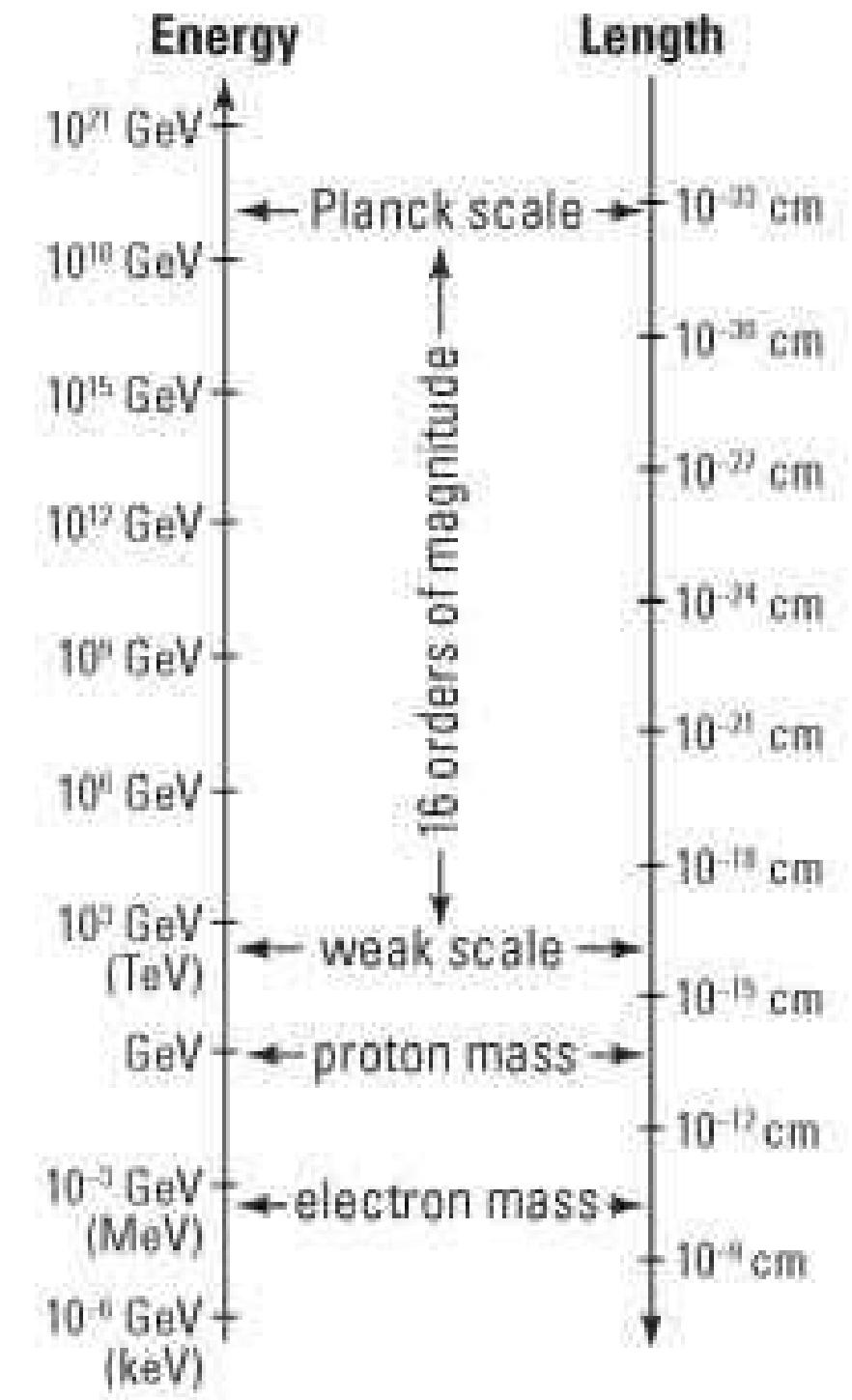


Why even bother?

- Hierarchy Problem
- Large difference between electroweak and Planck scales
- Whatever the solution: electroweak bosons likely to be involved
- Hard to reach at previous accelerators

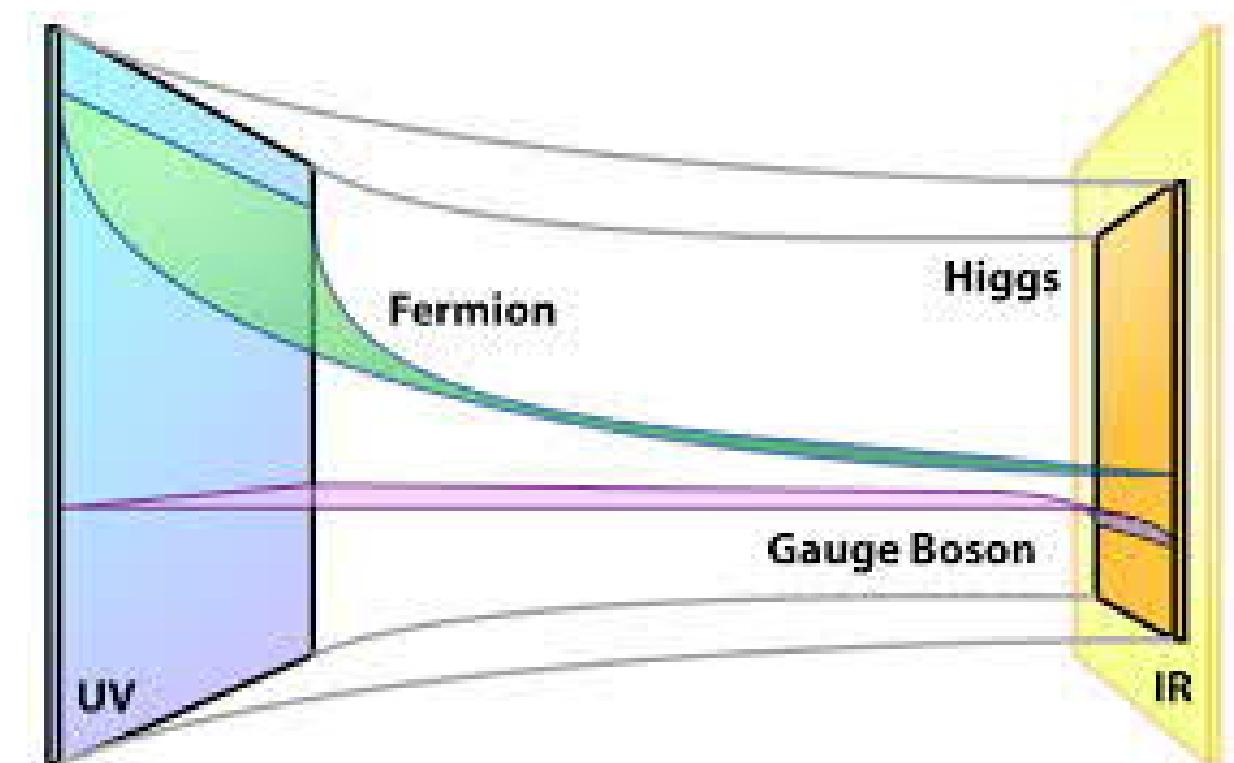
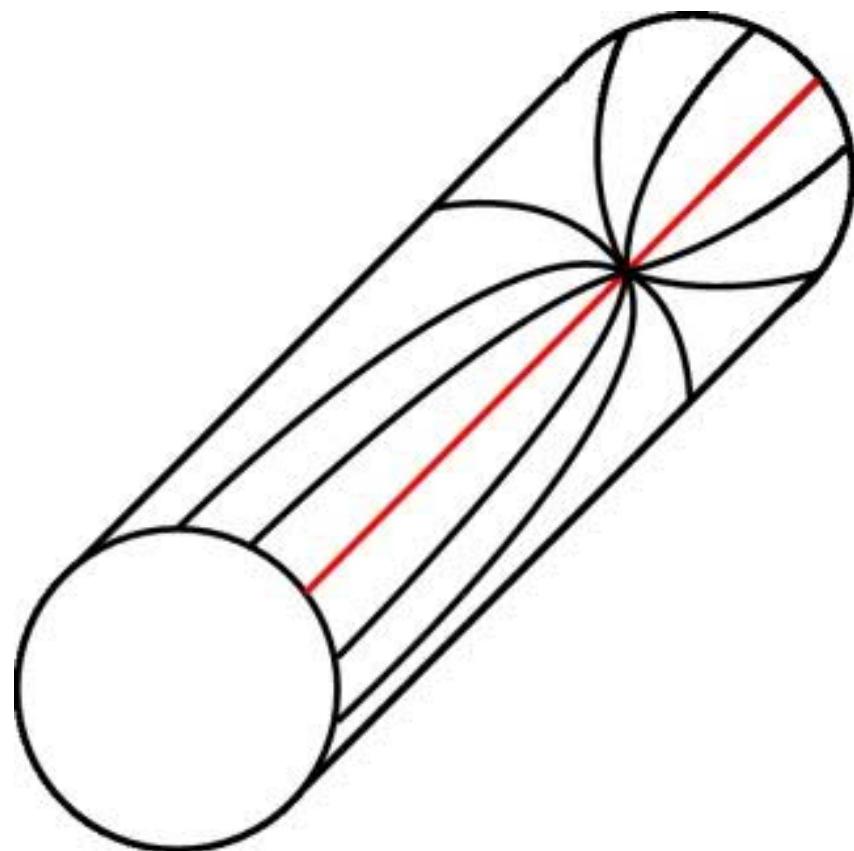


- Search for:
 - => new resonances
 - => deviations from SM in precision measurements



Potential Solution

- Extra Dimensions



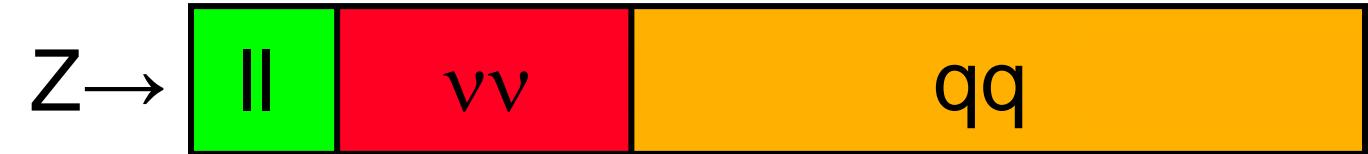
Gravity “diluted” in extra-dimension / by space-time-curvature-factor

=> expect Kaluza-Klein excitations of the graviton

=> can couple to Vector bosons

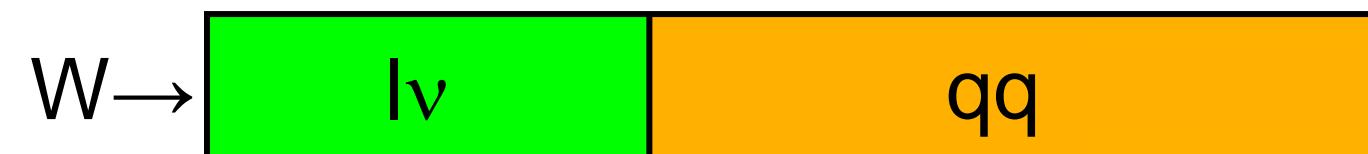
Promising Channels

- Searches largely driven by signal acceptance at high masses
=> prefer hadronic decays
- Hadronic decays difficult
=> high background
=> poor resolution
=> overlapping final state jets for energetic bosons



2 leptons: golden channel

- Easy to find
- High precision kinematics
- Low branching fraction

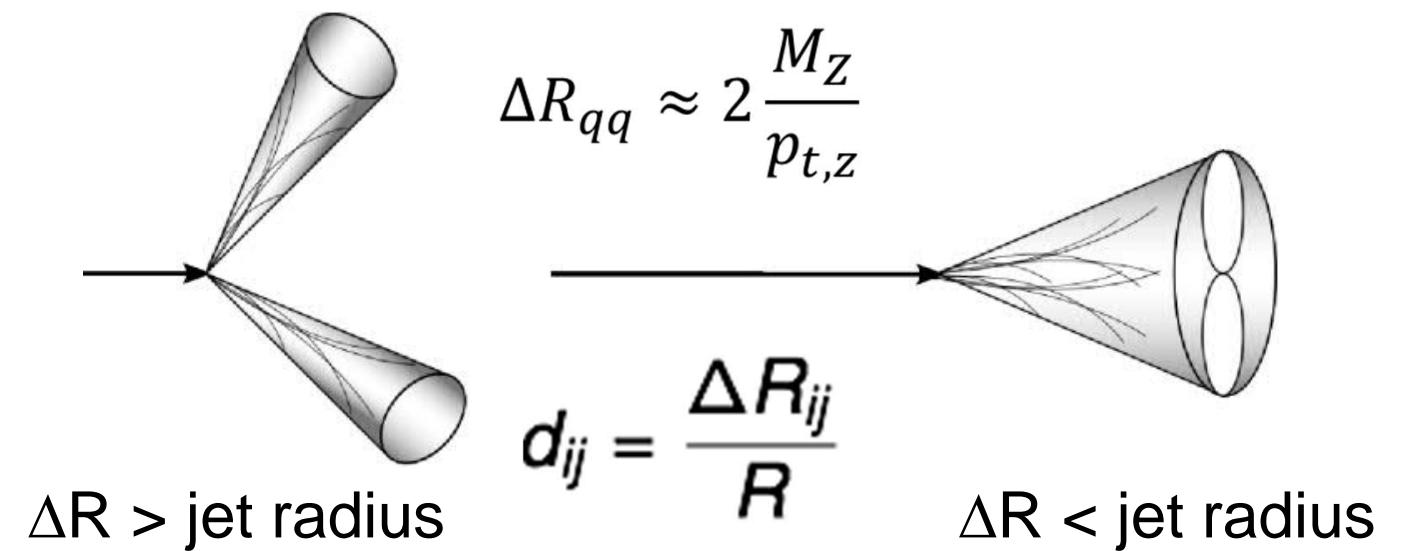


$l\nu$ channel preferred

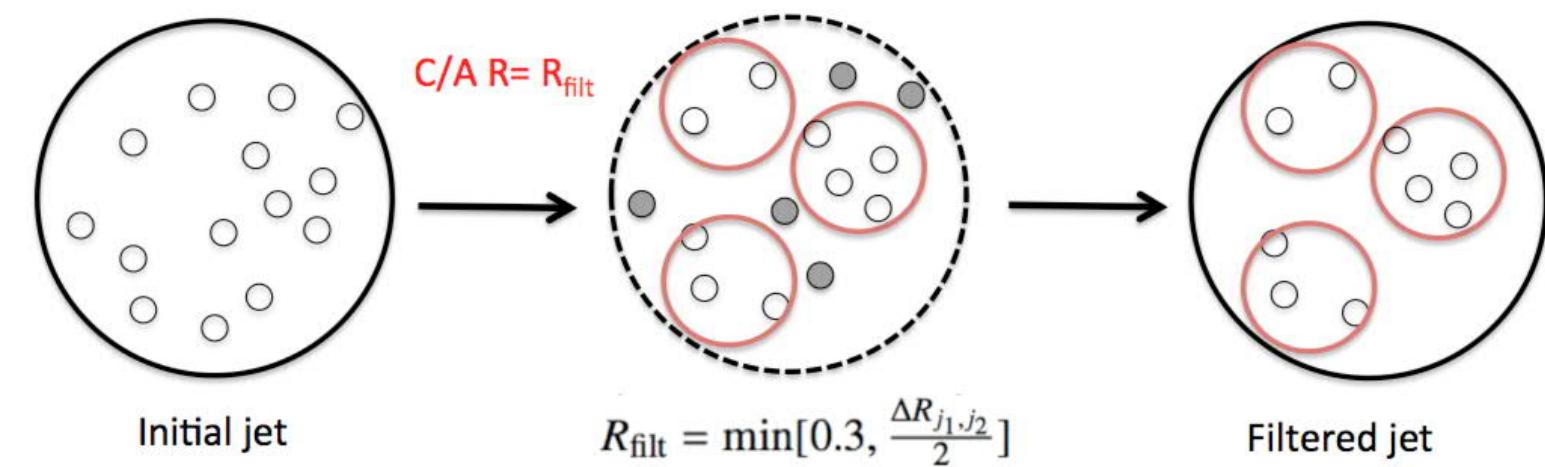
- Distinctive lepton signature
- Neutrino not measured

Jet Substructure Methods

- Highly boosted bosons:
jets overlap, reconstructed as single fat jet

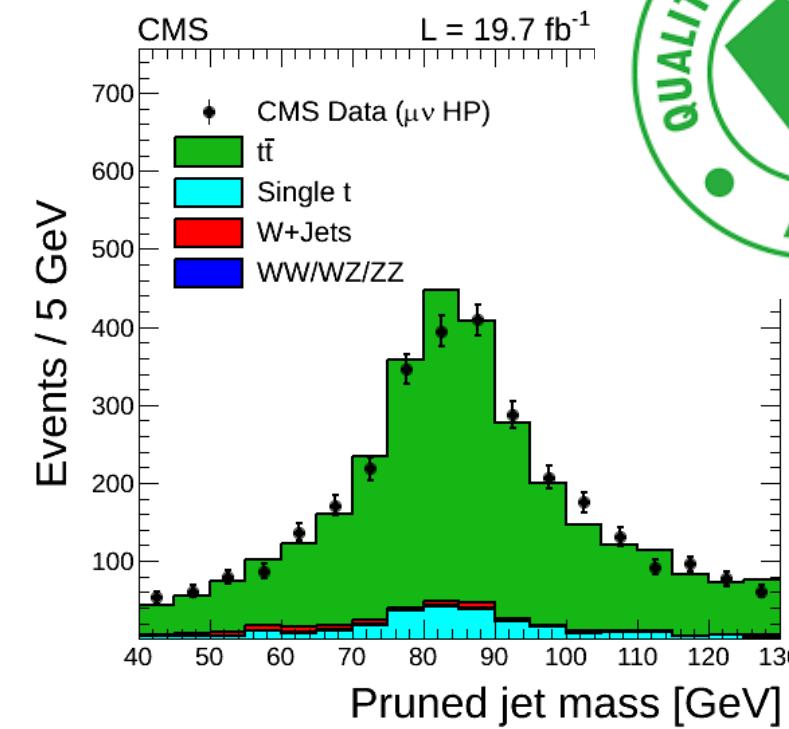
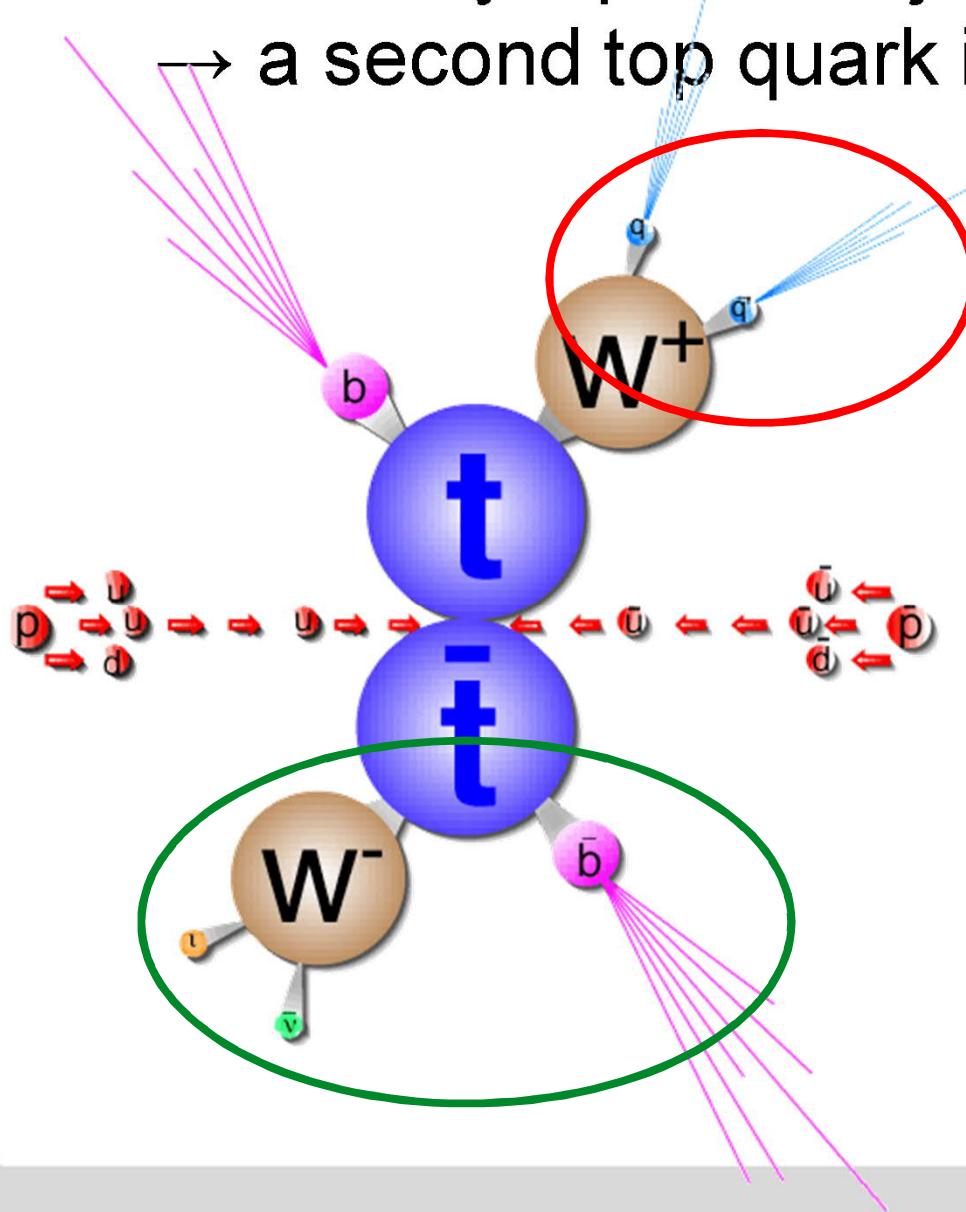


- Identify boosted decays by:
=> jet mass
=> two prong substructure

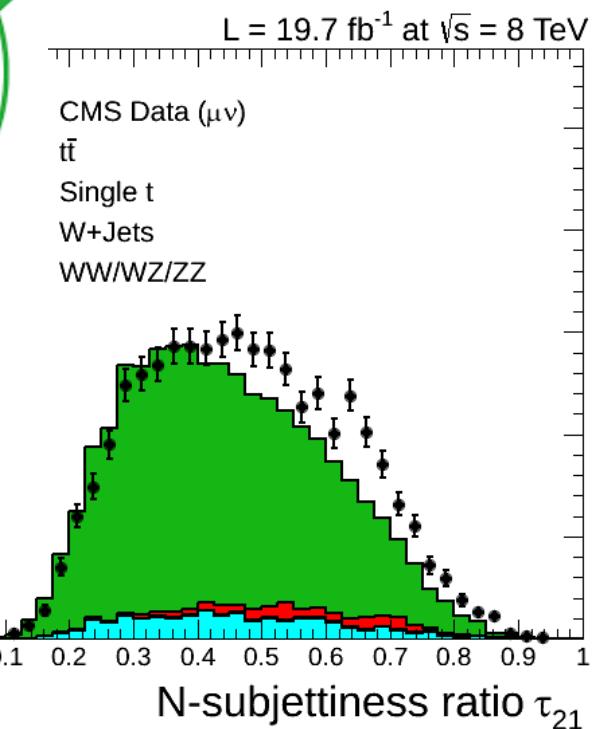


Does that really work?

- How to find hadronic W decays for validation?
- Look at top quark pairs
 - identify lepton + b-jet
 - a second top quark is likely in the event

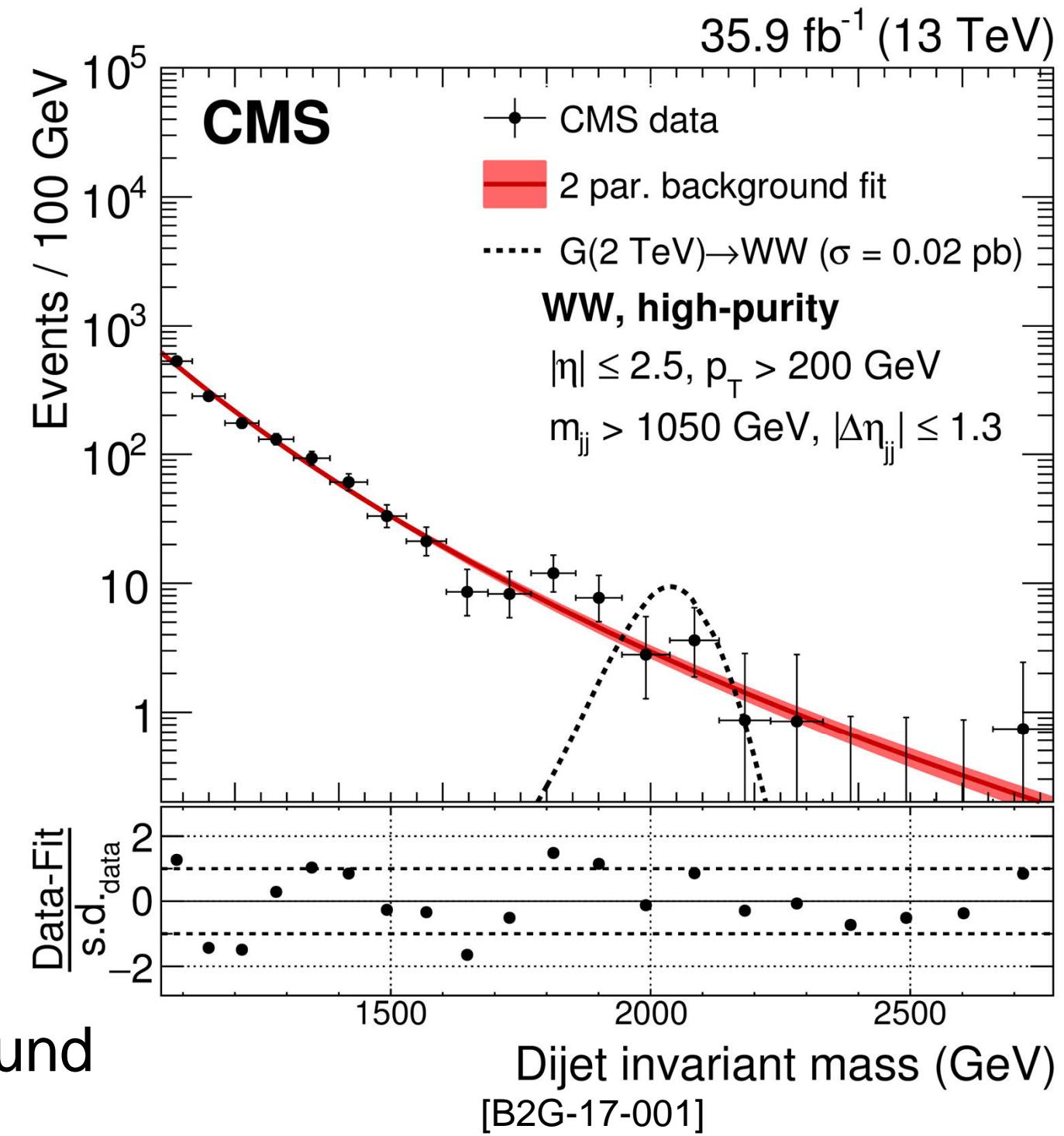


[JHEP 1408 (2014) 174]



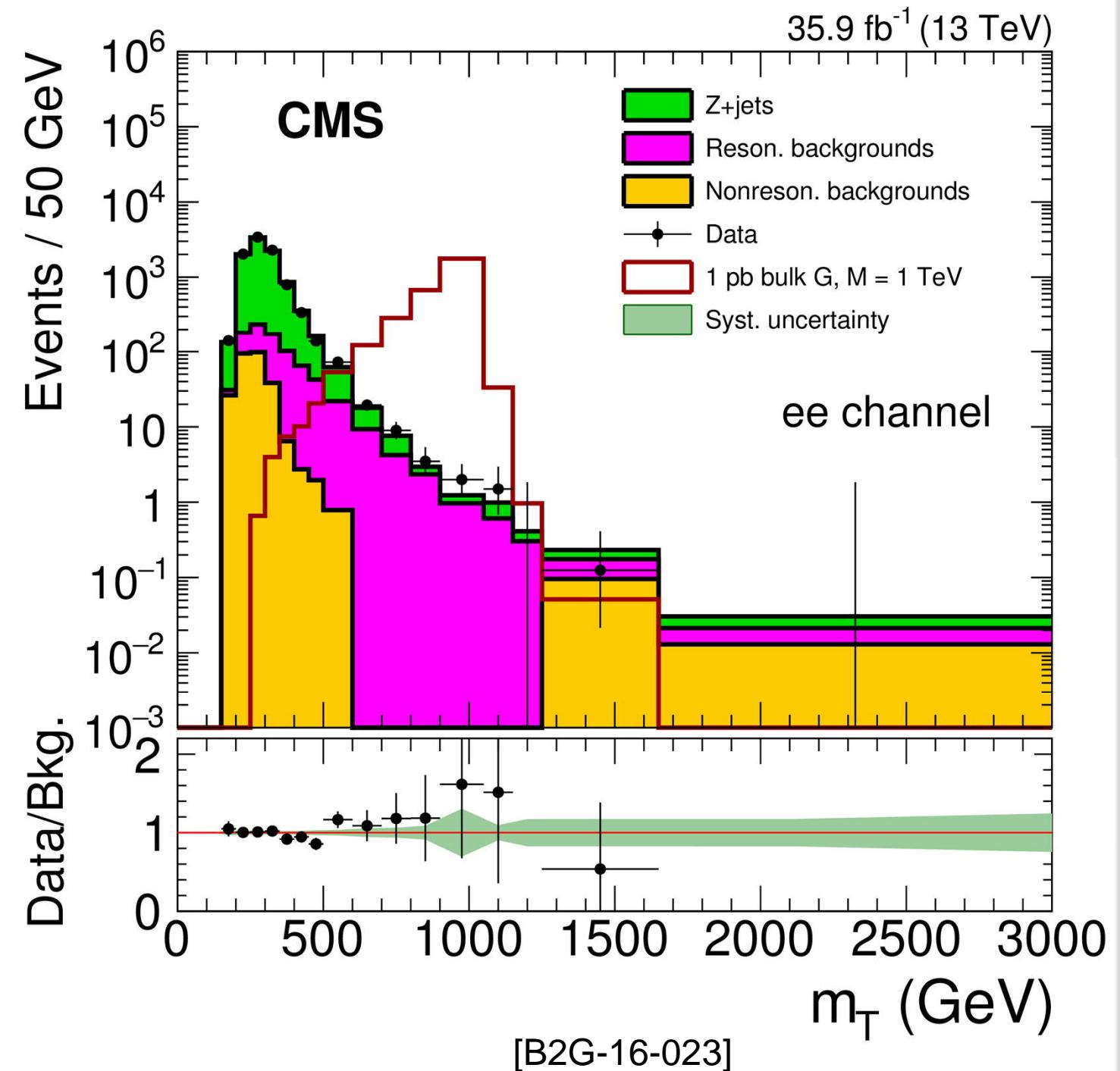
Example Analysis

- Straight forward:
=> select two fat-jets
=> look for bumps on smoothly falling dijet mass spectrum
- No resonance found:
=> currently best limit on Bulk Graviton
- Background from analytics fit to data:
=> more difficult with more data
=> trying to improve background estimate for 2017



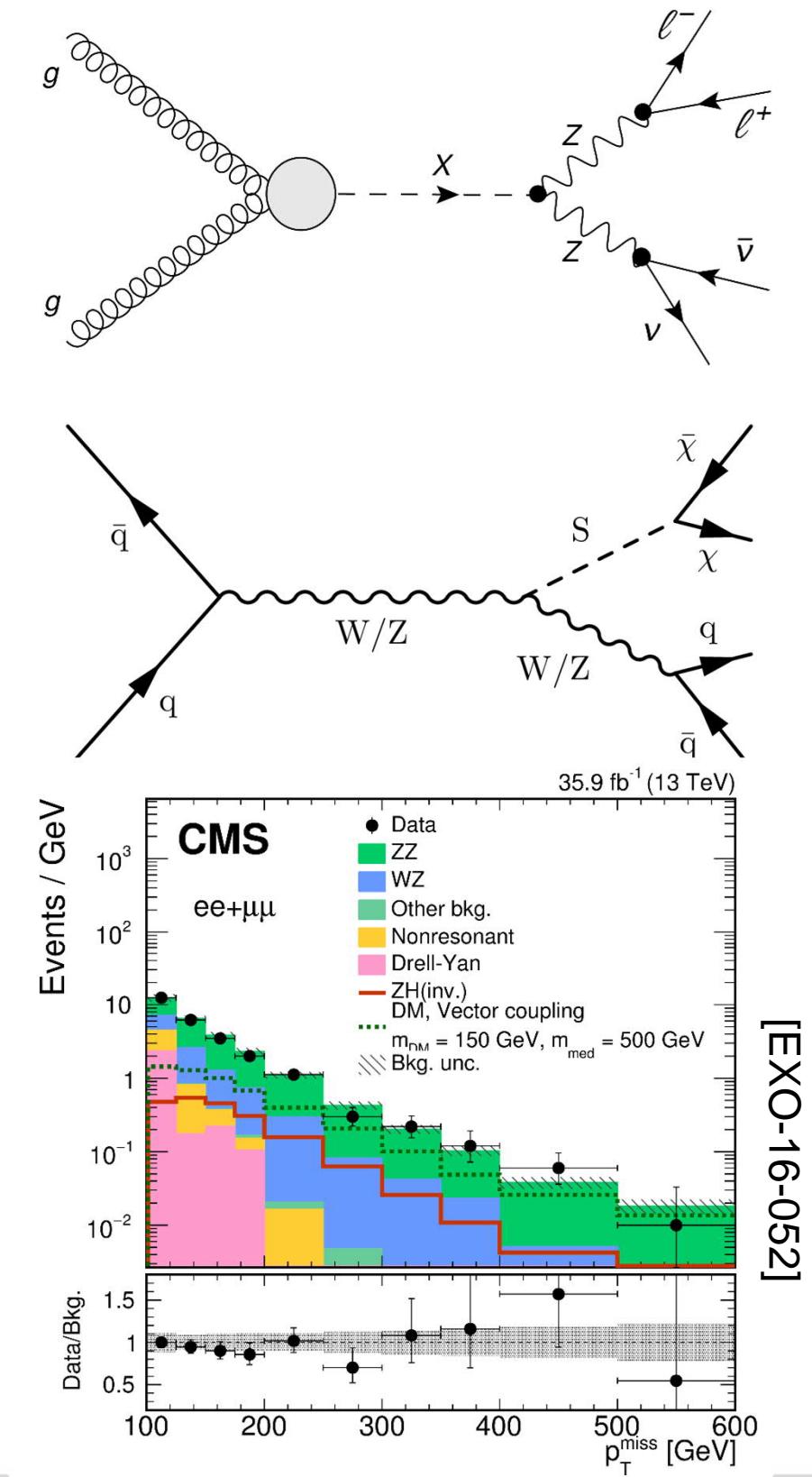
Another Example

- Looking for $ZZ \rightarrow llvv$
- Good BR from vv , but ll part limits acceptance
- High purity compared to hadronic channels
- Using MT distribution to find resonance
- Fake MET background particularly difficult

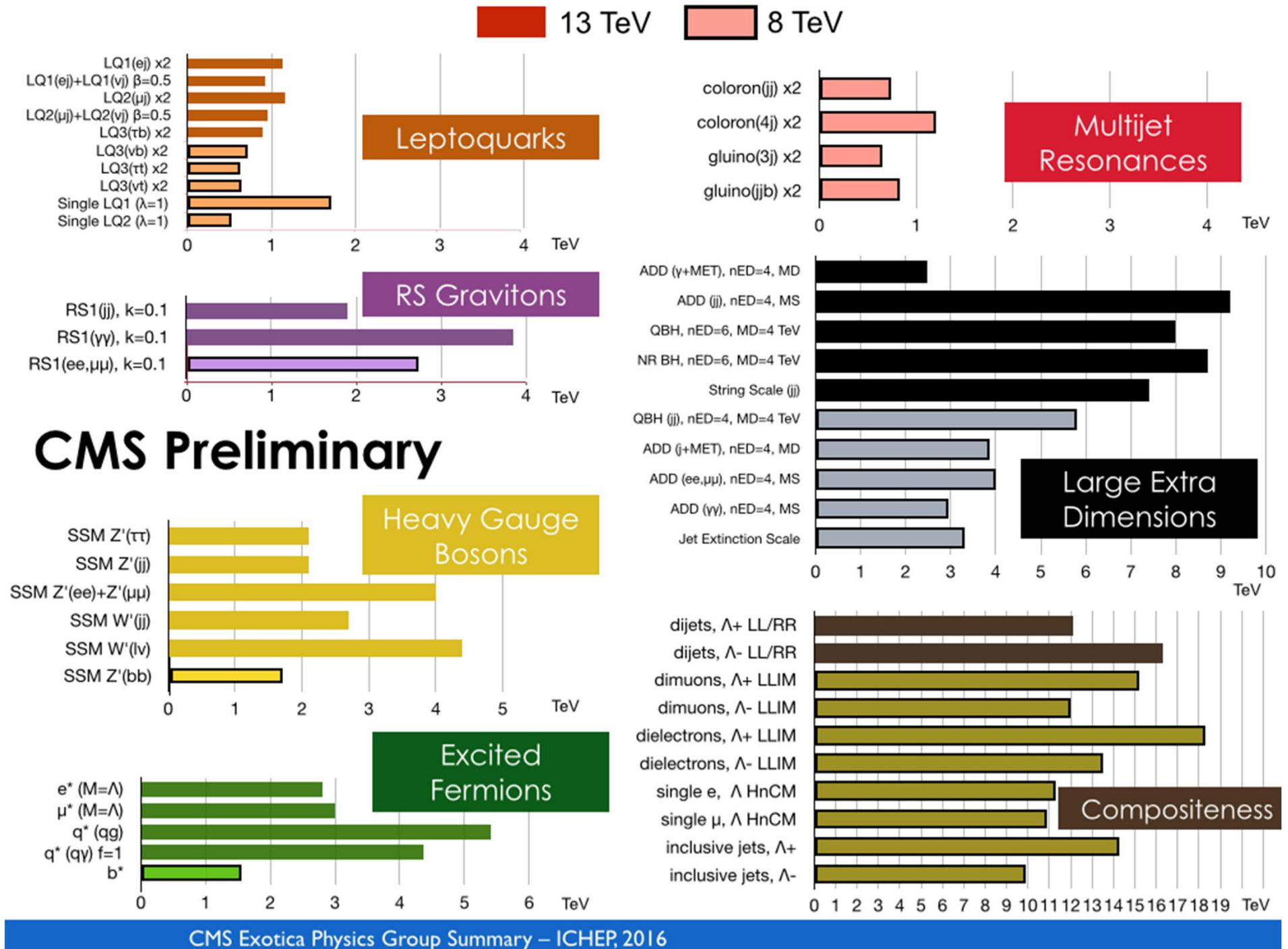


DM Interpretation

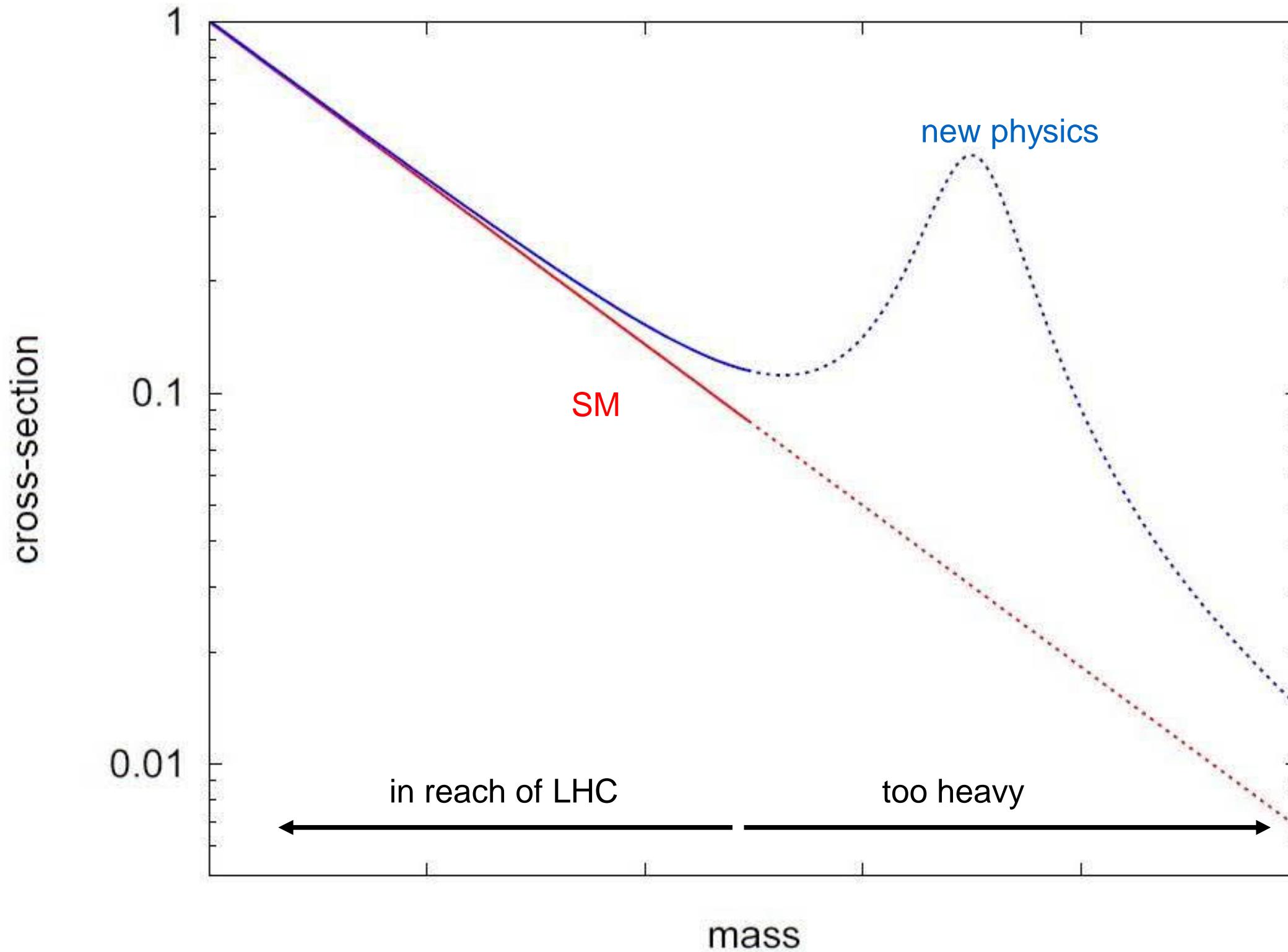
- $Z \rightarrow v\bar{v}$ is not observed
=> only p_T^Z (=MET) known
- Could be anything else:
=> DM mediator particle
- Very similar analysis can
be repurposed to search for DM
=> mostly sensitive to
models with weakly coupled
mediator
- Kinematics largely independent of
DM particle mass
=> important parameters are mediation
properties



Results



Indirect Measurements



Effective Field Theories

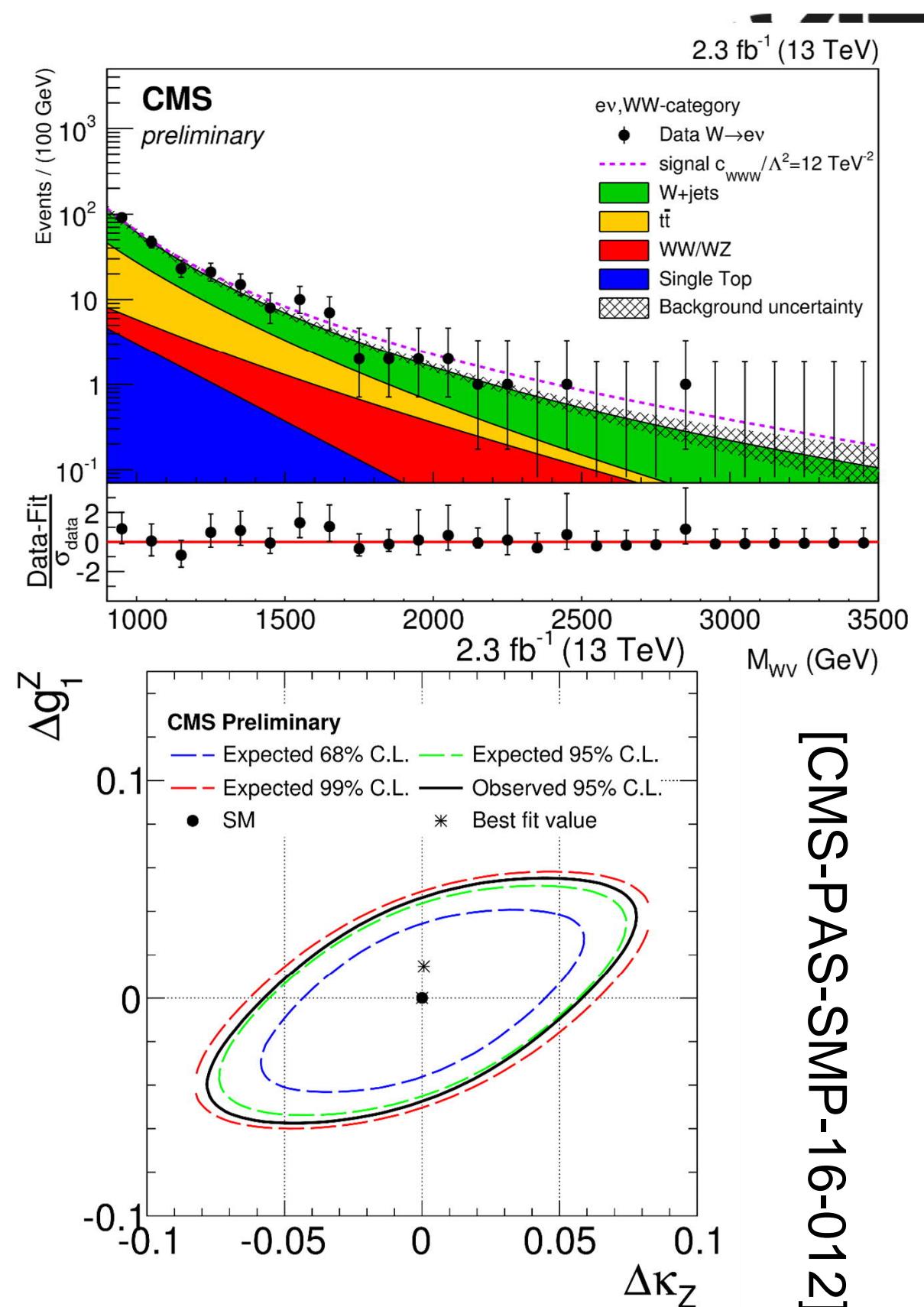
- Assume new physics at some scale Λ
- Parameterize new physics at lower scales by developing as power series in Λ^{-1}
- Adds new higher Dimension parameters to the Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda} \mathcal{L}_1 + \dots$$

- SM covers all dim. 4 operators
- Dim. 5 violates lepton number (of interest for neutrino masses)
- Dim. 6: includes triple gauge couplings
- Dim. 8: includes quartic gauge couplings

Example

- Typical analysis similar to resonance search
=> biggest difference is signal model
- Generally cannot simulate signal separately from SM diboson processes:
=> significant interference effects
- Results:
no deviation from SM found

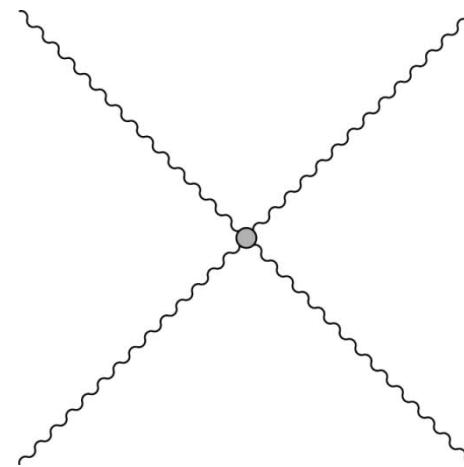


A Closer Look

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & (D_\mu \phi)^\dagger (D_\mu \phi) - \boxed{\frac{1}{4} W_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu}} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i \bar{l}'_{il} \not{D} l'_{il} \\
 & i \bar{q}'_{il} \not{D} q'_{il} + i \bar{u}'_{iR} \not{D} u'_{iR} + i \bar{d}'_{iR} \not{D} d'_{iR} \\
 & + L_{\text{yukawa}} + \mu^2 (\phi^\dagger \phi) - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

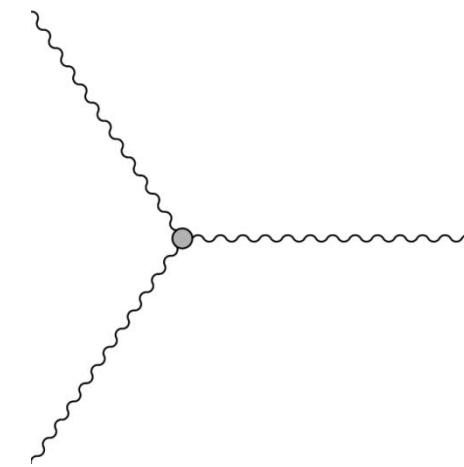
EWK Boson Interactions

$$\frac{1}{4} W_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu}$$



QGC

W,W,W,W
W,W,Z/ γ ,Z/ γ
~~Z/ γ ,Z/ γ ,Z/ γ ,Z/ γ~~



TGC

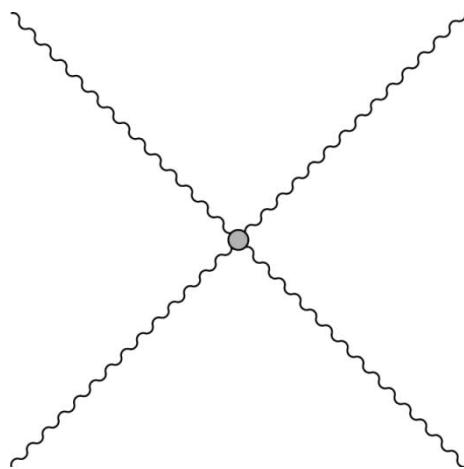
W,W,Z/ γ
~~Z/ γ ,Z/ γ ,Z/ γ~~



Propagator

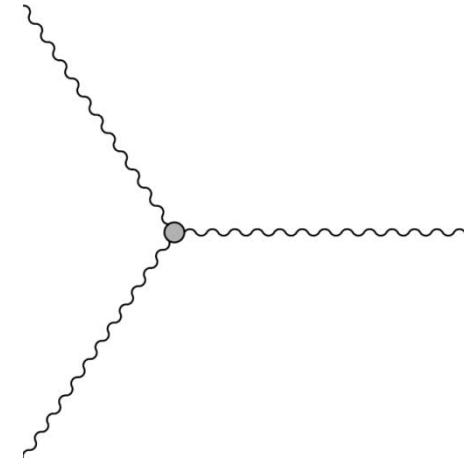
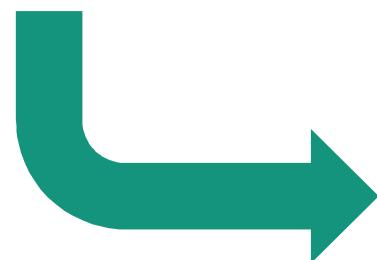
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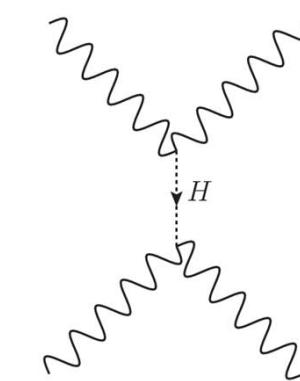
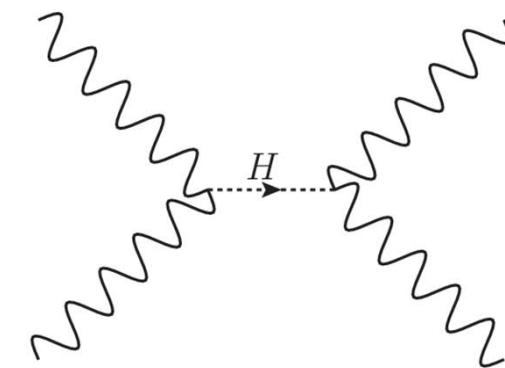
TGC

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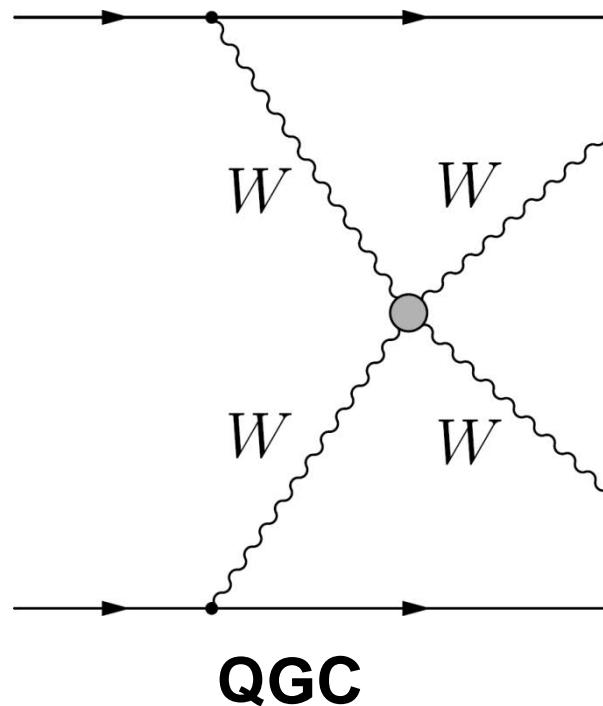
- Cross section rises with cms-energy => non-unitary scattering matrix
- In SM, unitarized by negative interference with Higgs diagrams
- Potentially large effects for non-SM Higgs scenarios
- Insight into ewk symmetry breaking



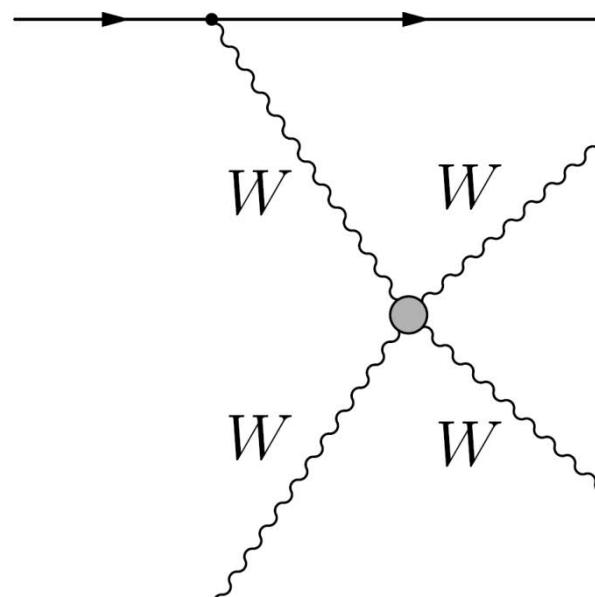
Propagator



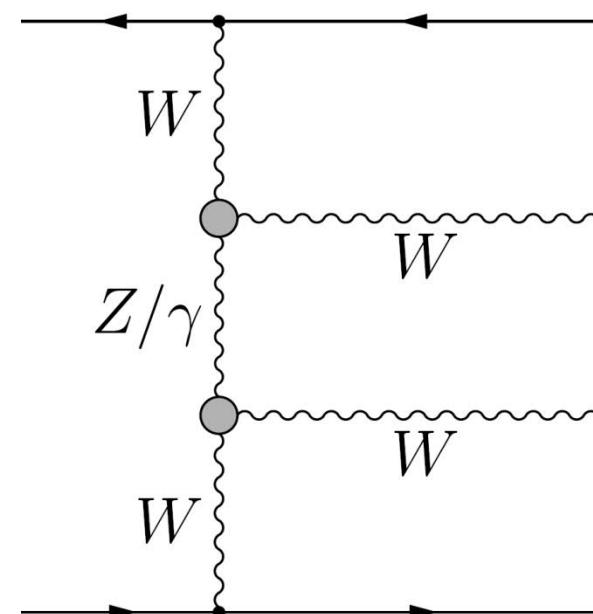
Vector Boson Scattering



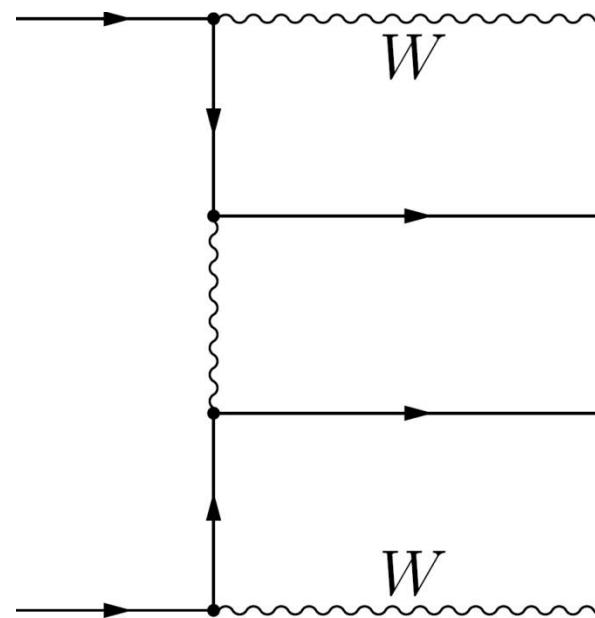
Vector Boson Scattering



QGC



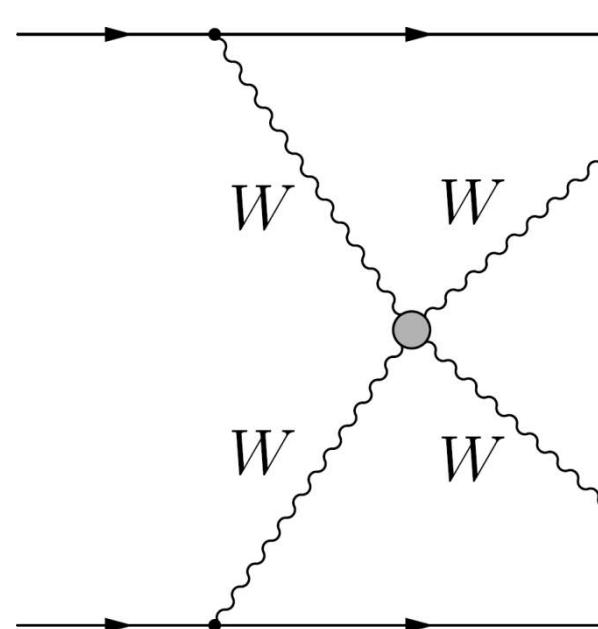
TGC



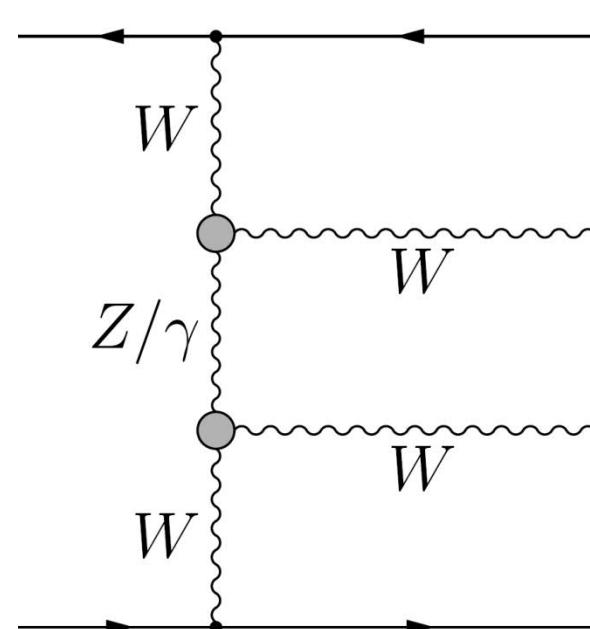
Double Brem

+ ... (other α^6)

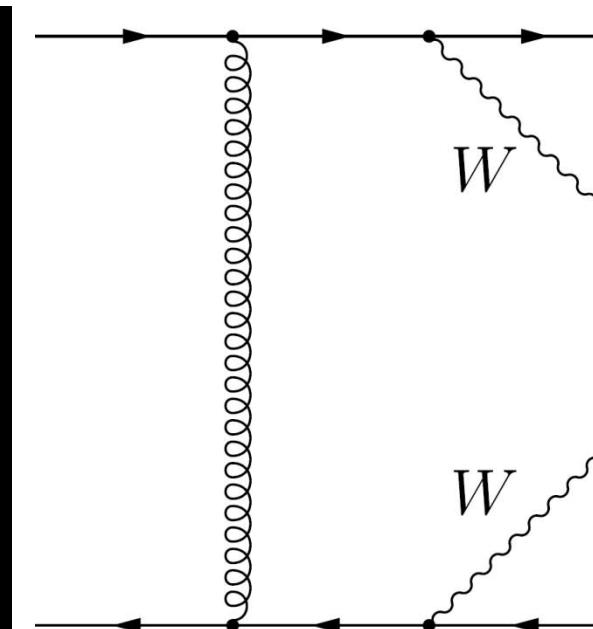
Vector Boson Scattering



QGC

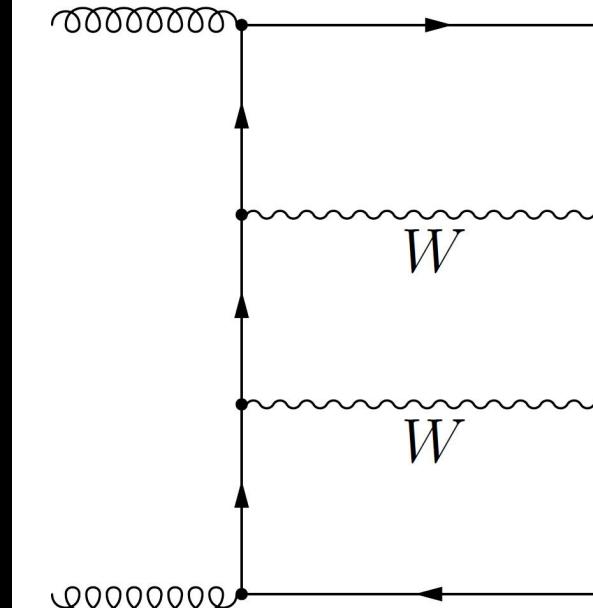


TGC



Double Brem

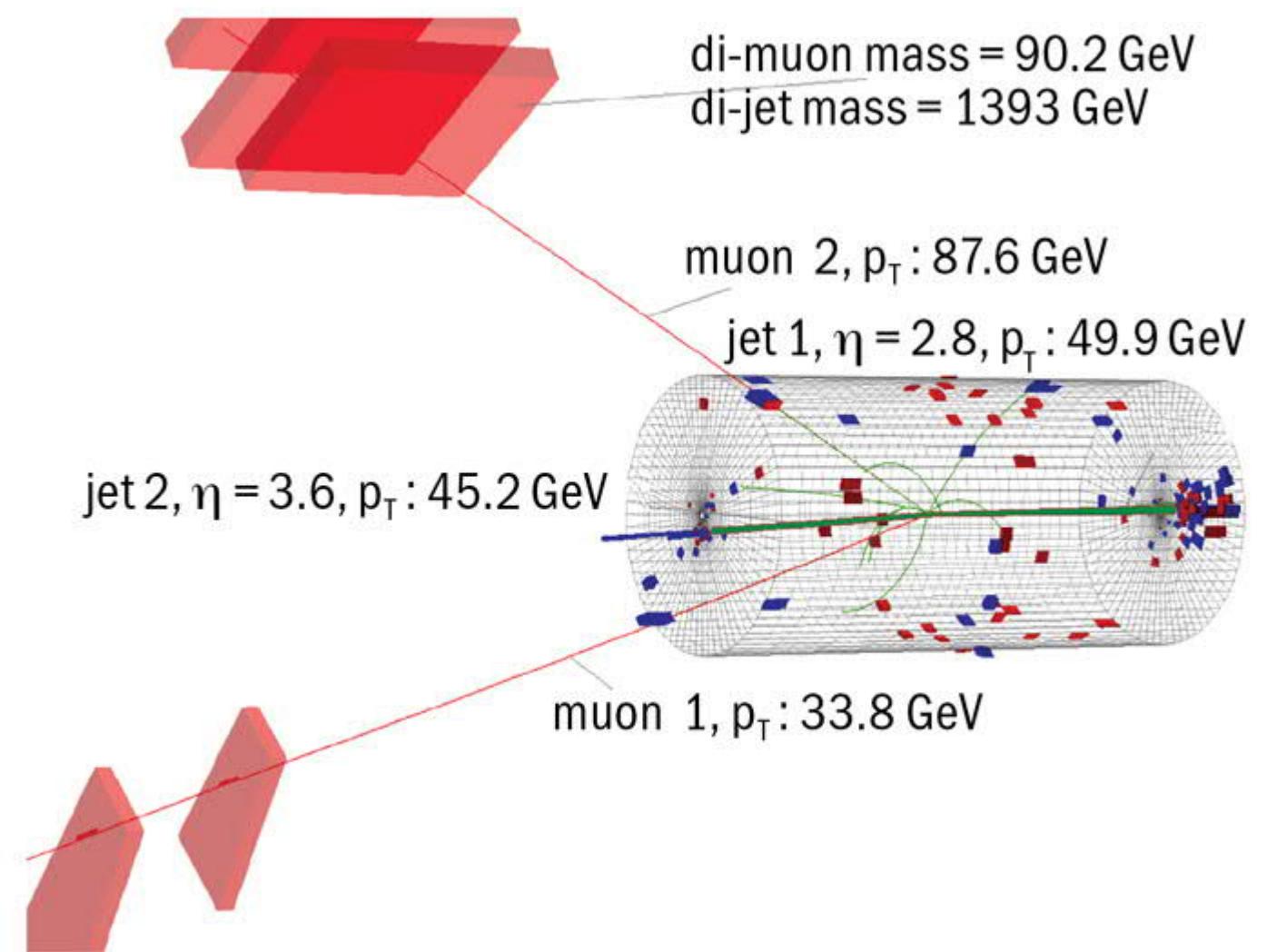
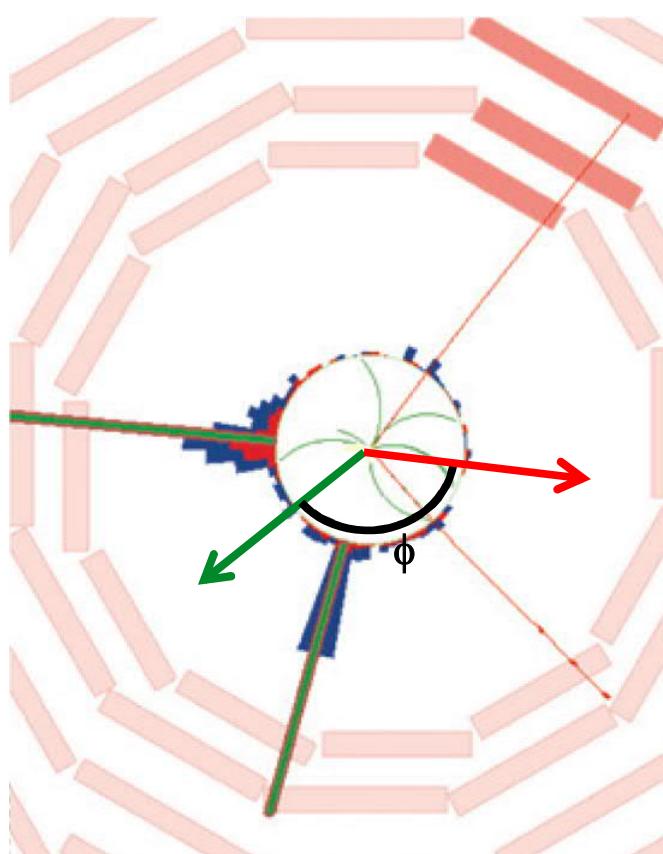
+ ... (other α^6)



+ ... (other $\alpha^4 \alpha_s^2$)

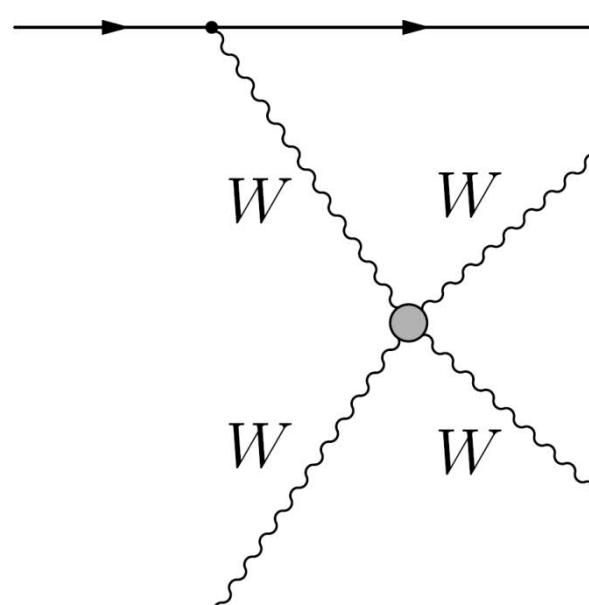
VBS - tagging

- Two tagging jets
=> large $\Delta\eta$
=> large M_{jj}
- Boson system
between jets in rapidity

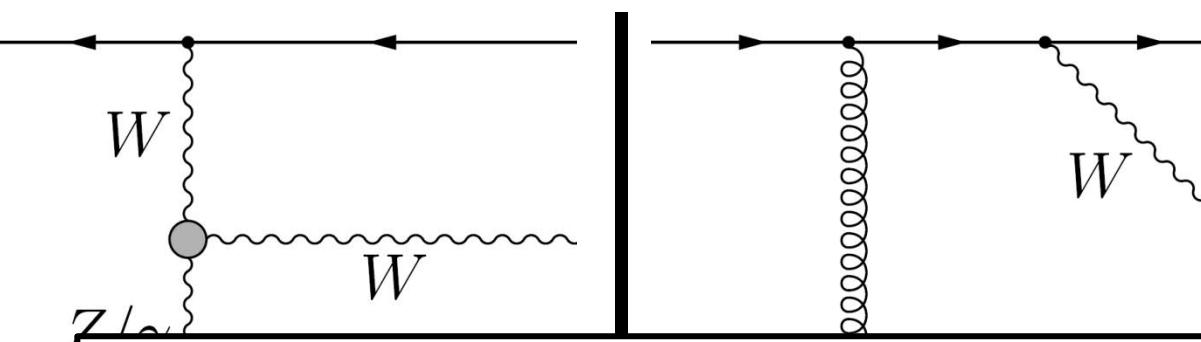


- Angle between dijet and EWK system

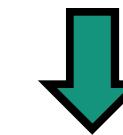
Same Sign WW



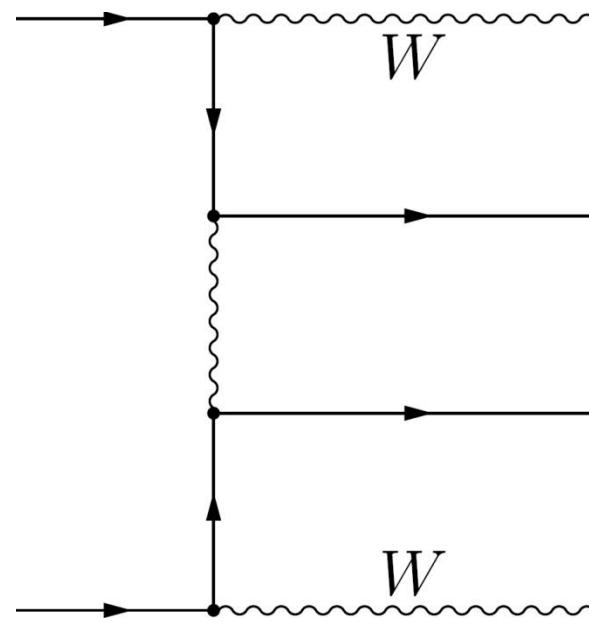
QGC



No gluon induced processes at LO

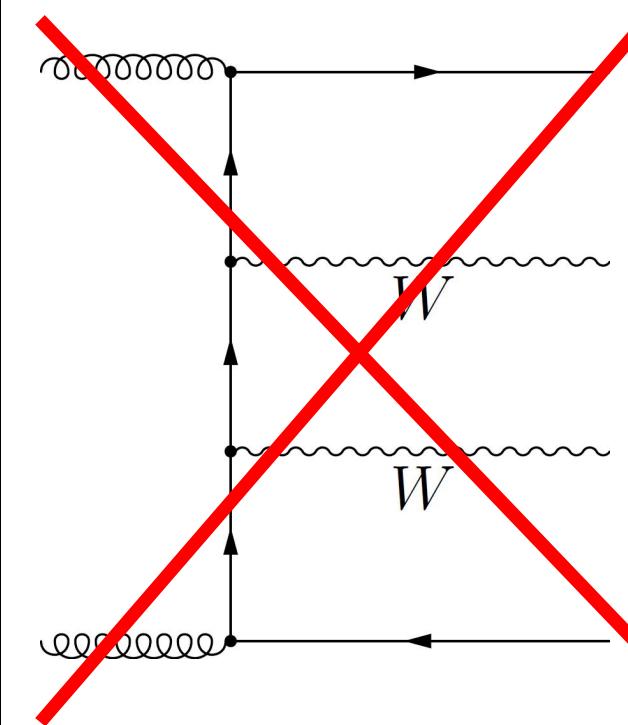


High purity



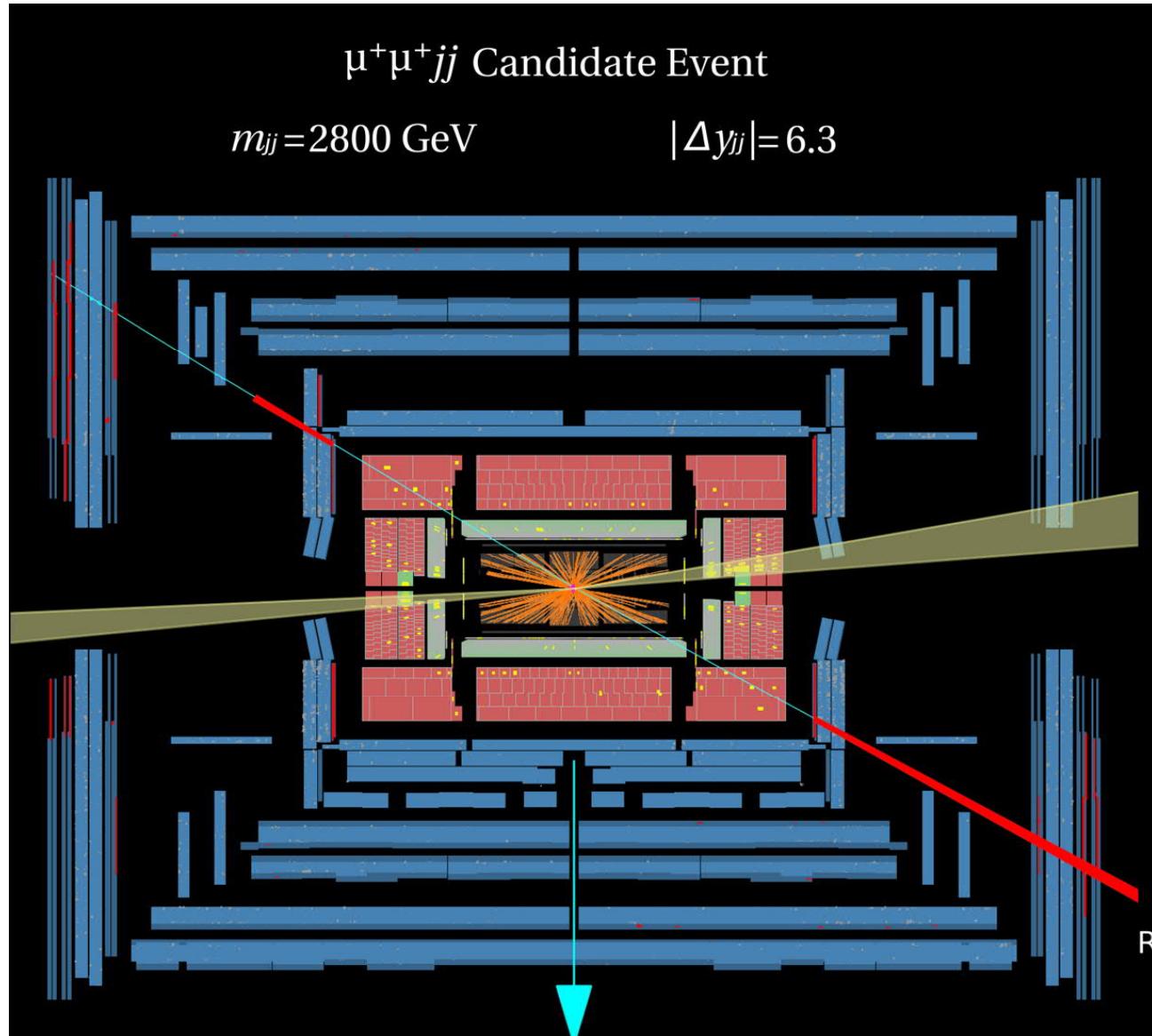
Double Brem

+ ... (other α^6)

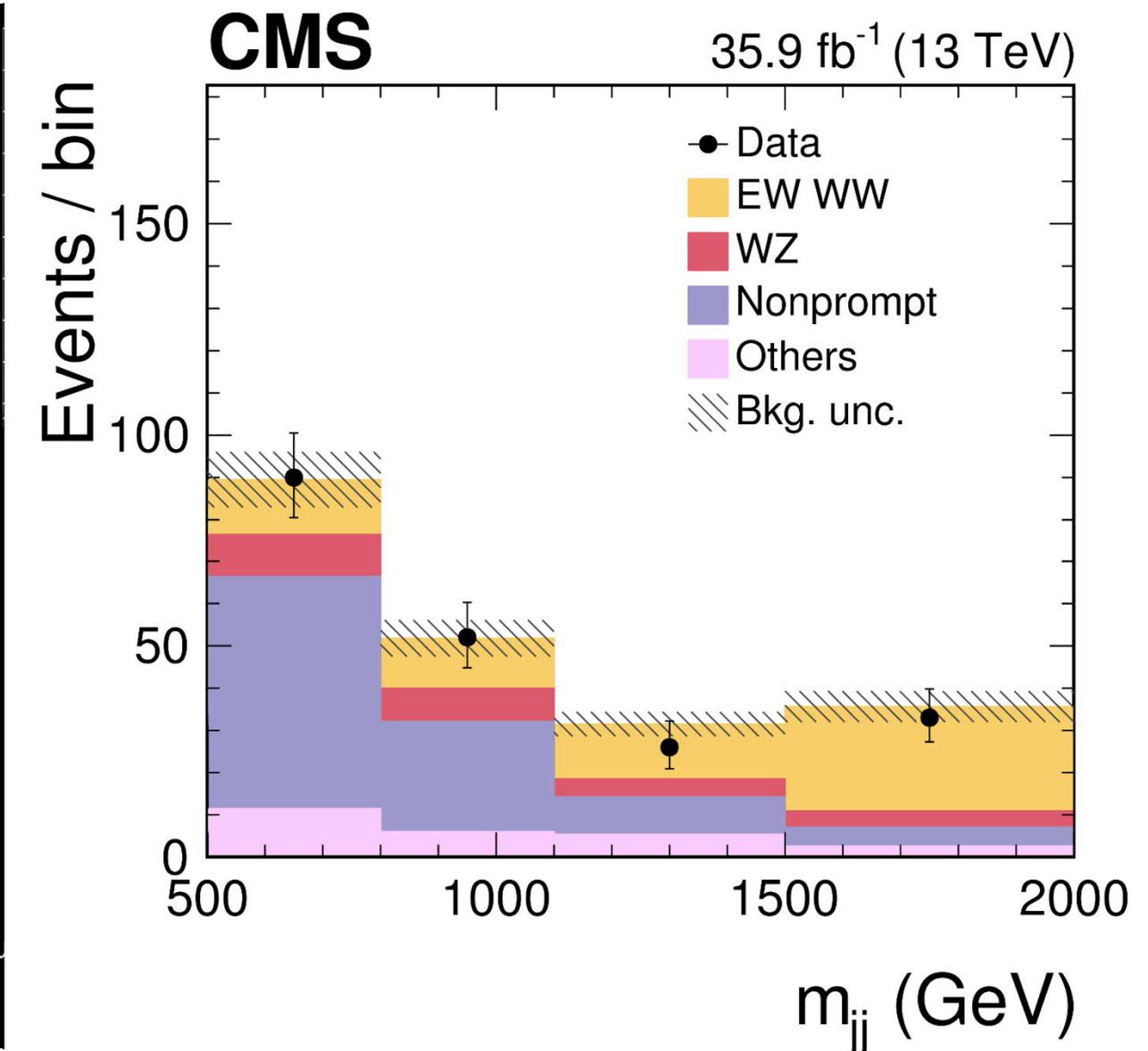


+ ... (other $\alpha^4 \alpha_s^2$)

Results



[Atlas-CONF-2014-013]



[CMS-SMP-17-004]

Summary

- Multi-Boson processes offer door to new physics at the LHC
 - => few measurements from older accelerators
 - => expect to see effects in weak bosons when answering hierarchy problem
- Many interesting topologies:
 - => resonances
 - => anomalous couplings
 - => vector boson scattering
- Still everything compatible with SM