ArgonCube 2x2: status and plans

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ArCube collaboration meeting

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b UNIVERSITÄT BERN

AEC ALBERT EINSTEIN CENTER FOR FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS



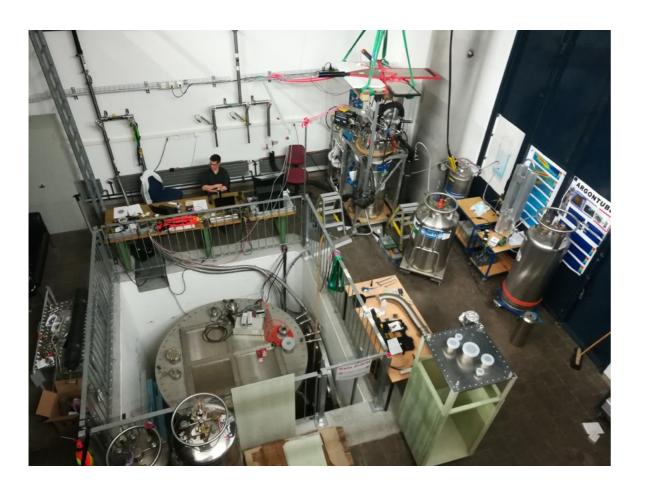
LHEP infrastructure

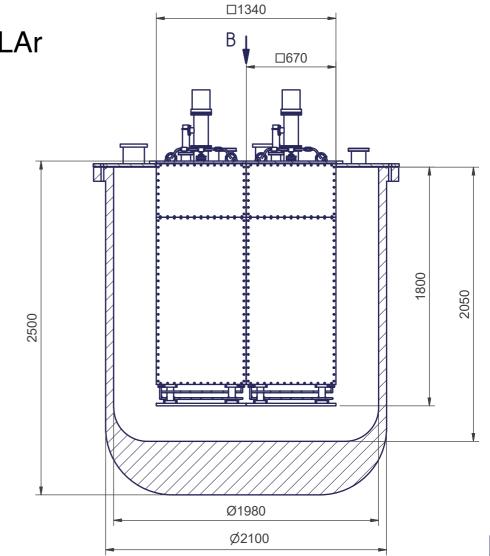
Laboratory:

- LN₂ dewar: 5000 l
- LAr dewar: 5000 I

2x2 cryostat:

- Total cryostat volume ~ 6300 l
- Active volume (4 modules, 8 TPCs) ~ 1440 I = 2 t of LAr



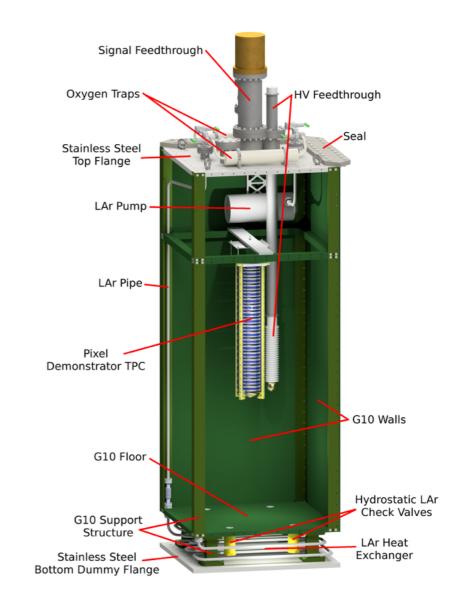


Goals:

- prove that the LAr inside the module can be purified enough after "hot" extraction and re-insertion into the bath
- validation of the cryogenic system

Prototype for DUNE-ND:

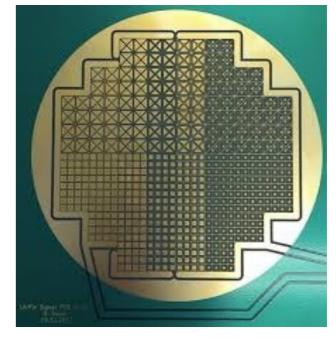
- Dimensions (67x67x181) cm³
- · G10 wall material
- Internal LAr separated by the bath and continuously purified in liquid phase
- LAr in the bath is potentially highly contaminated by electronegative impurities
- Testing with cosmic muons



TPC instrumentation:

- Charge detection:
 - LArPix (see talk from Dan)
- Light detection:
 - ArCLight: characterisation studies ongoing (see talk from Igor)
 - Light Collection Module (LCM): scintillation fibres (see talk from Alexandr)

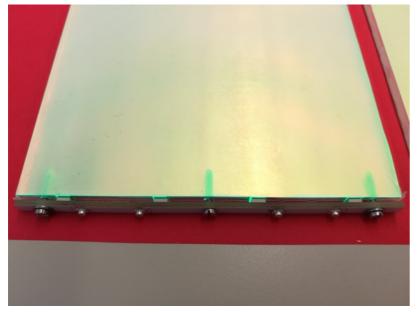
LArPix



LCM



ArCLight



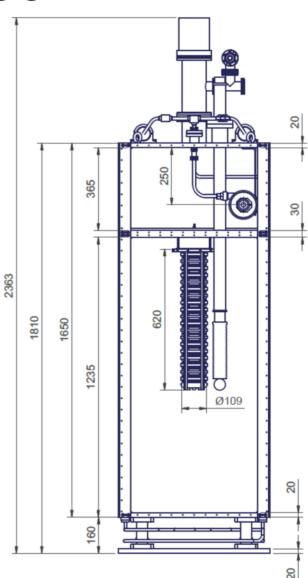
What is ready:

- Top flange with all the feedthroughs
- G10 structure: L-shaped pillars, middle frame, lateral big and small panels, floor, supports and G10 made screws
- Bottom dummy flange
- HV feedthrough
- Demonstrator TPC
- Electronic feedthrough (readout)
- Cryogenic recirculation pump
- LAr oxygen filters (2x)





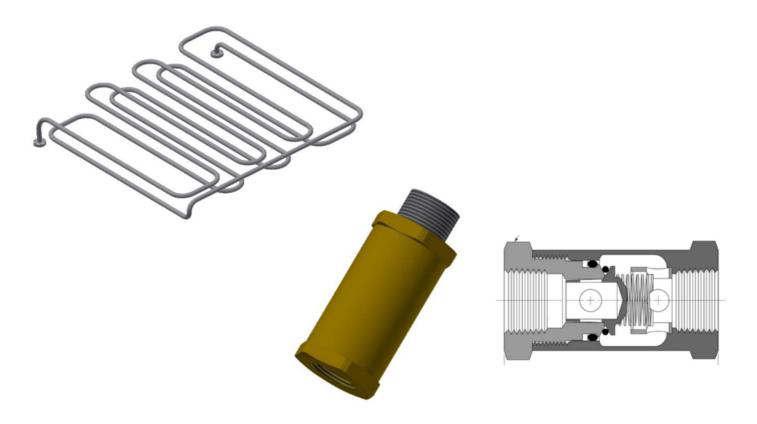






Under design/purchase:

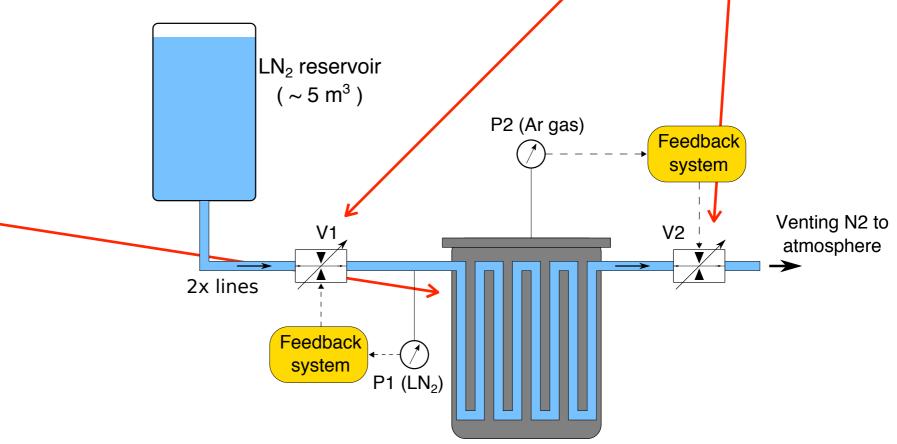
- $\cdot\,$ LAr internal pipes: end of June
- Heat exchanger is being designed: ready in August
- Check valves to fill and empty the module (~ 15 mbars overpressure): expected in August
- Pressure equalisation system (gas phase) between modules and cryostat: pipe outside the flanges with bidirectional valves



Cryogenic system:

- Working point: 85 K at 1.05 bar and above the Ar triple point (83.8 K)
- Required cooling power:
 - For module insertion: $\sim 2 \text{ kW} = 38 \text{ l/hr of } \text{LN}_2$ (from CERN)
 - Consumption during operations: ~ 80 W = 1.4 l/hr
- 4x LN₂ control valves (30 kEUR): purchased, delivered in 16 20 weeks
- Pressure sensors for cooling feedback





Monitor, control and alarm system:

- Liquid phase differential pressure between module and cryostat liquid phase
- Gas phase differential pressure between module and cryostat
- Recirculation flow: might influence the former parameters
- Pressure monitoring and stabilisation through feedback system (PID) for LN₂ flow regulation
- $\cdot\,$ Level meters: inside the module and in the cryostat

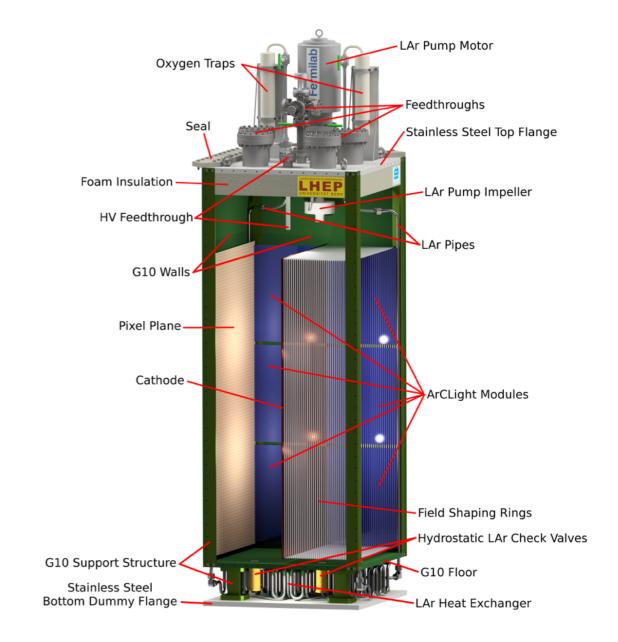
Fully instrumented module

ArgonCube final module:

- Minor modifications to the cryogenic setup
- LAr recirculation based on prior tests

Resistive shell:

- Maximum electron drift length: ~ 33 cm
- Maximise active volume
 - Option 1: resistive foil (see talk of Roman)
 - Option 2: conductive tracks on G10 walls

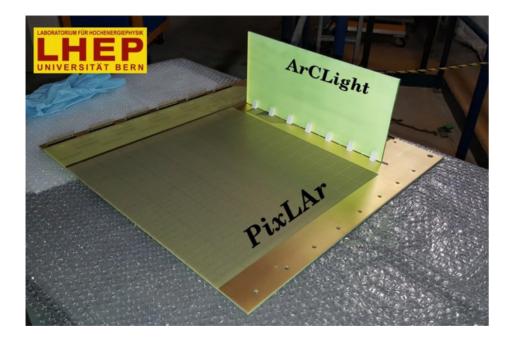


Only for illustration. Not actual design. The module is sealed on all the sides.

Fully instrumented module

TPC instrumentation:

- Charge detection: pixelated anode (PixLAr)
 - Electronics for readout: see talk from Dan
 - About 50 x 120 cm² with 3 mm pitch: ~ 10⁵ readout channels (see talk from Camilla)
- Light detection:
 - ArCLight readout already in place (see talk from Roman)
 - Total 6 ArCLight units (30 x 40 cm²) for a single ArCube module. Dimensions to be optimised for ND(see talk from Patrick)
 - Total 24 LCM units (30 x 10 cm²)





Fully instrumented module

- High voltage for cathode plane:
 - required about 33 kV for operation at 1 kV/cm
 - G10 laminated with resistive layer
- Recirculation pump from FNAL for 300 lpm
- Purification filters already designed and optimised
- Full instrumented module ready at about the end of 2018
- In 2019 the 2x2 ArgonCube setup will be deployed at FNAL and exposed to neutrino beam