

H. A. TANAKA SLAC ACTIVITIES ON DUNE ND





Office of Science

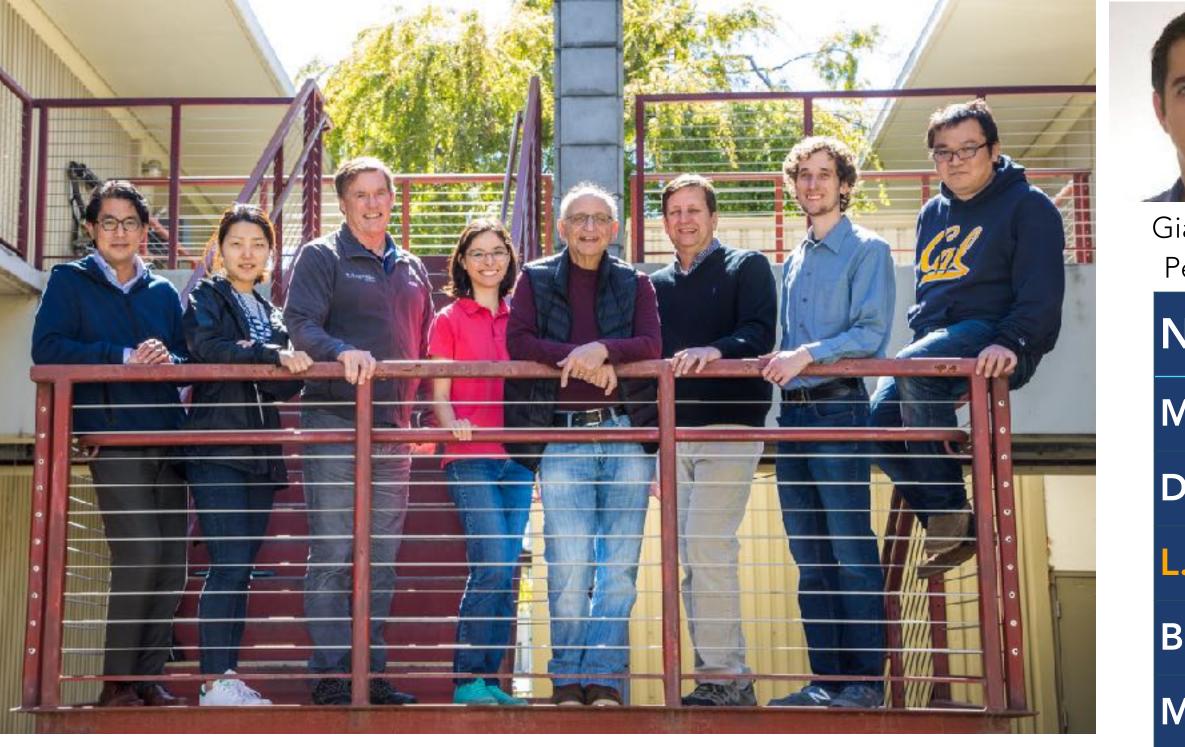


OVERVIEW

- SLAC beam neutrino group
 - members, status
- Current LArTPC-related activities
 - starting point for potential contributions/activities on ArgonCube
 - some new/different directions (prototyping, DUNE PRISM, etc.)

s on ArgonCube E PRISM, etc.)

SLAC NEUTRINO GROUP



Ji Won Laura Mark Kazu Tracy Domine Leon Park Convery Brandon Terao Hirohisa Rochester Usher Tanaka Eberly

- Diverse background
 - v: Double Chooz, Daya Bay, Minerva , MiniBooNE, T2K
 - Other: SLD, BaBar, D0, Fermi LAT, E787, and more . . .

P.





Yun-Tse



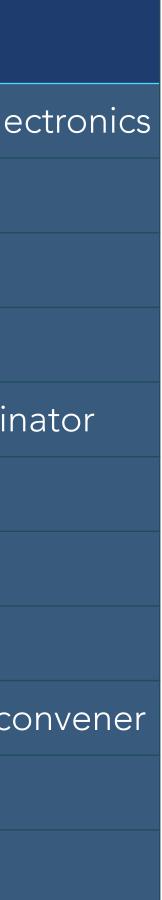
Gianluca Petrillo

Patrick Tsang

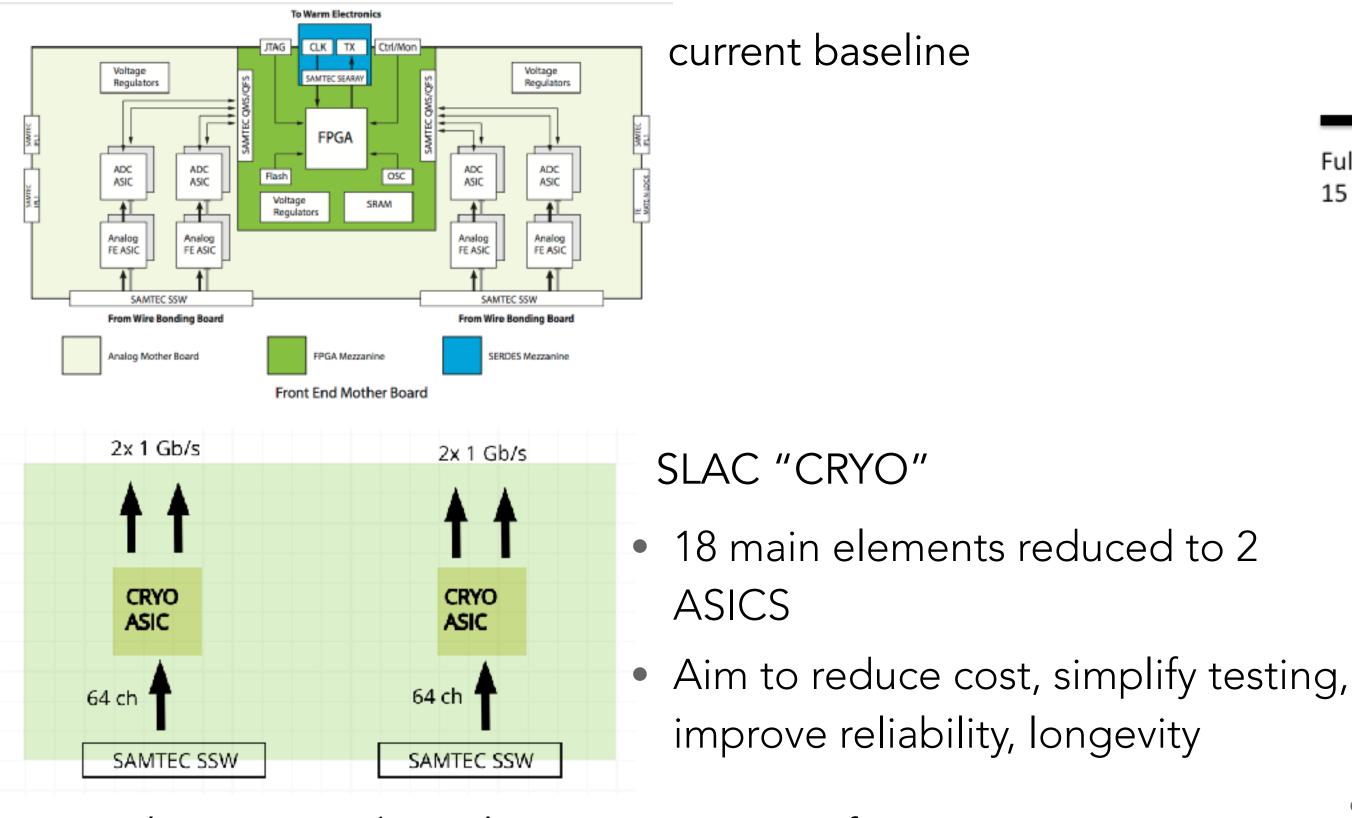
Group has roughly doubled in size over the past year and may continue to grow

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IAME		RESPONSIBILITIES
I. CONVERY	Staff	DUNE: 35 T analysis co-coodrinator, cold ele
. DOERING	Engineer	DUNE: CRYO cold basic
DOMINE	Grad. student	Machine learning, physics analysis
. EBERLY	RA	µB: Calibration+Det. Physics co-convener
I. GRAHAM	Staff	DUNE: ProtoDUNE/DUNE DAQ HW coordir
. PETRILLO	Assoc. Staff	Just arrived!
. A. TANAKA	Faculty	DUNE: Near Detector, Cold Electronics
. TERAO	Assoc. Staff	µB: Machine Learning, physics analysis
-T. TSAI	Assoc. Staff	µB: (DAQ leader), Astrophysics/Exotics co-co
TSANG	Proj. Scientist	DUNE : ProtoDUNE DAQ integration
USHER	Staff	µB: Analysis tools co-convener

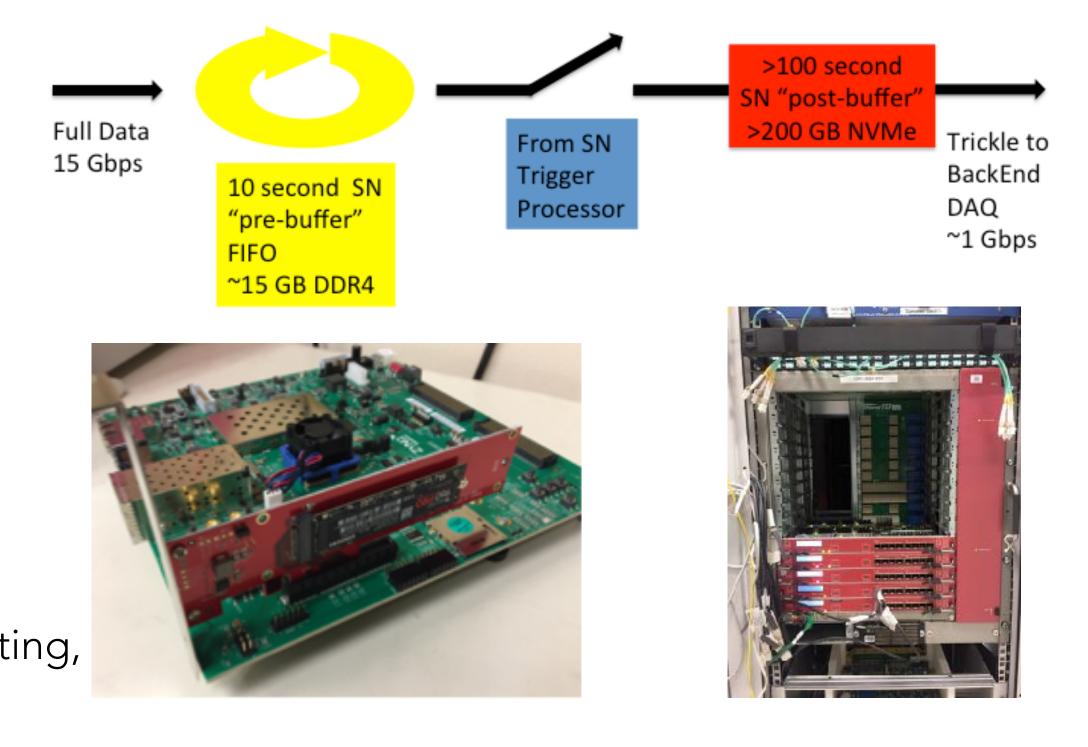




ELECTRONICS, DATA ACQUISITION

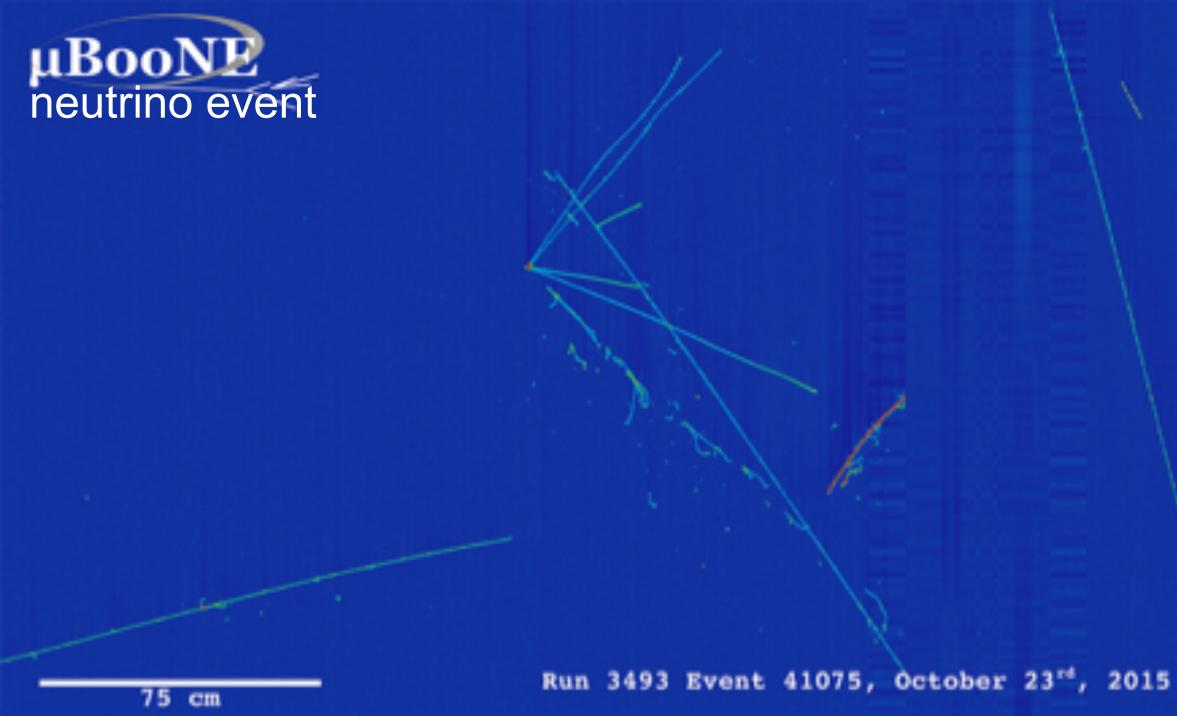


- Single-ASIC readout electronics "CRYO" for DUNE
- Challenge: 2MHz readout of O(10⁴) channels for decades in LAr
- Leverage:
- TID/AIR expertise, including Fermi-LAT
- joint effort with nEXO, university partners



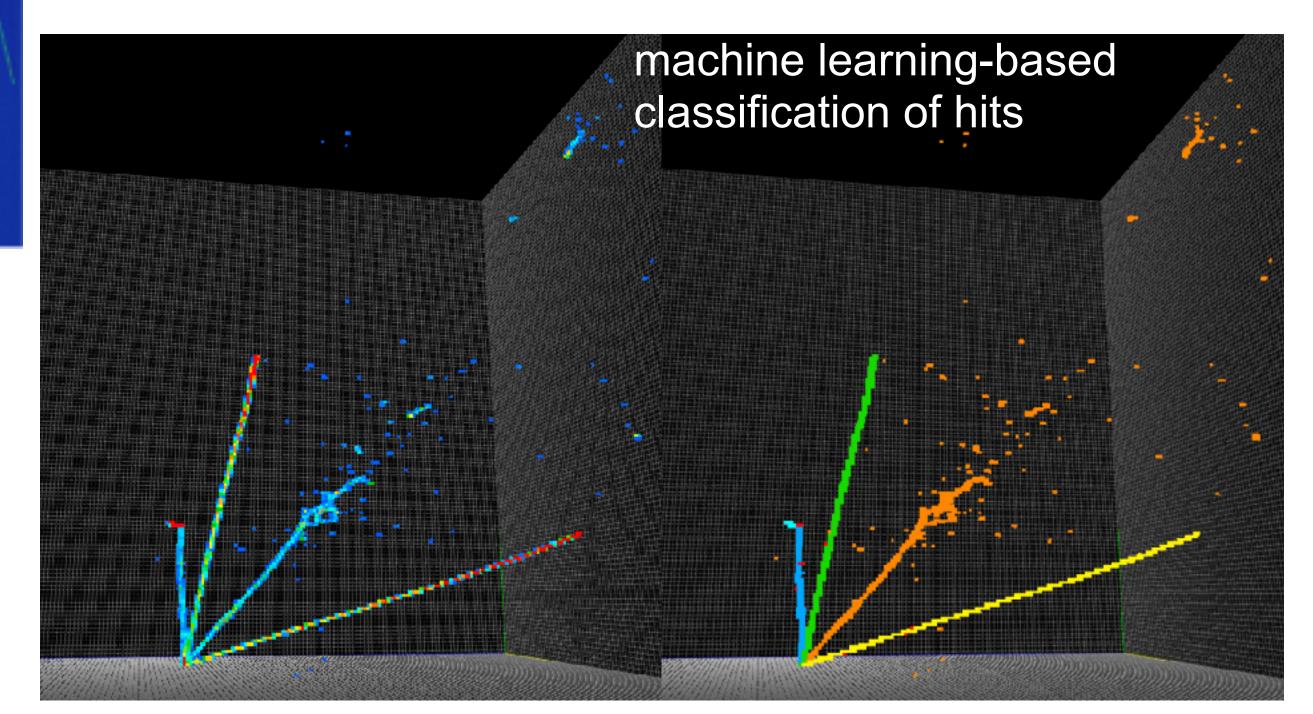
- Data acquisition for ProtoDUNE and DUNE
- Challenge: recording ~10 minutes of raw data from supernova neutrino burst
- Leverage:
- SLAC-developed RCE system (hardware)
- TID/AIR, collaboration with UK groups

SOFTWARE AND ANALYSIS



More from Kazu and Tracy on some of this

- Various related activities
 - calibration and signal processing
 - reconstruction with "traditional" methods + LArSoft
 - reconstruction with modern machine learning methods
 - optical simulation (scintillation, photosensors)
- lots of enthusiasm for native 3D space points!
- most activities are on SBN program (µBooNE, ICARUS)





SOME PERSONAL THOUGHTS:

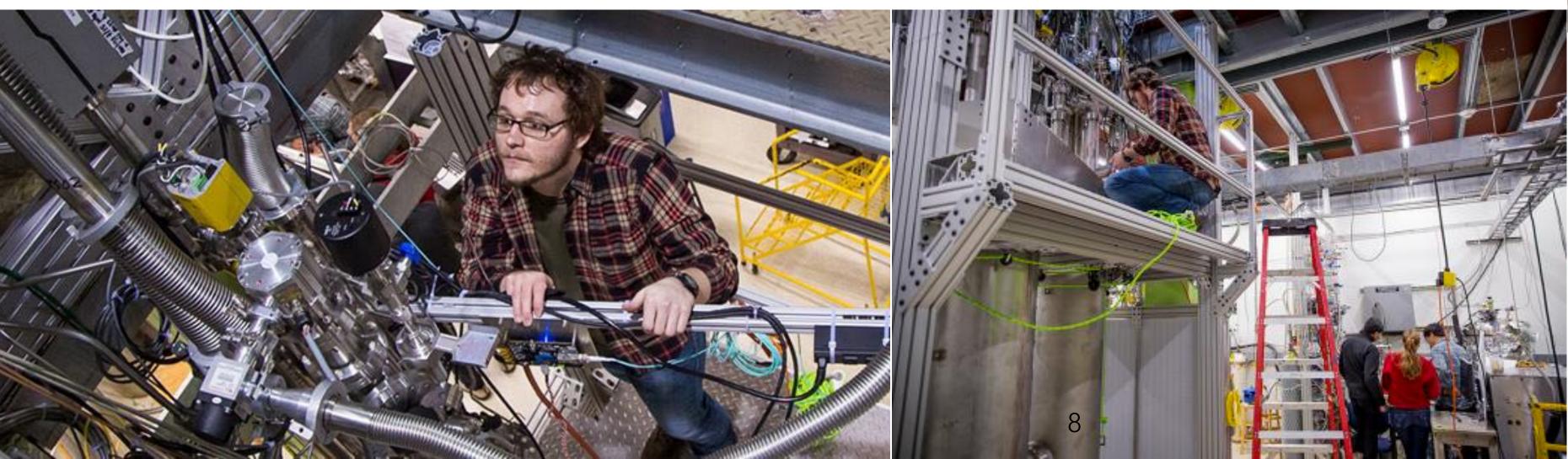
- Technical/Contribution view;
 - SLAC is involved with many things across any projects
 - DAQ, software, calibration, reconstruction, electronics, analysis
 - MicroBooNE, ICARUS, (Proto)DUNE and now DUNE ND
 - we would be looking to maximize synergy with existing activities and expertise
 - would need to think separately about two time scales:
 - contributions to 2x2 prototype (~year)
 - longer term development for DUNE ND
- Goals:
 - optimize overall detector design with respect to physics performance and cost/complexity
 - fully integrate with other components of near detector (MPT, calorimeter, side detectors, whatever else . .)

POTENTIAL DIRECTIONS

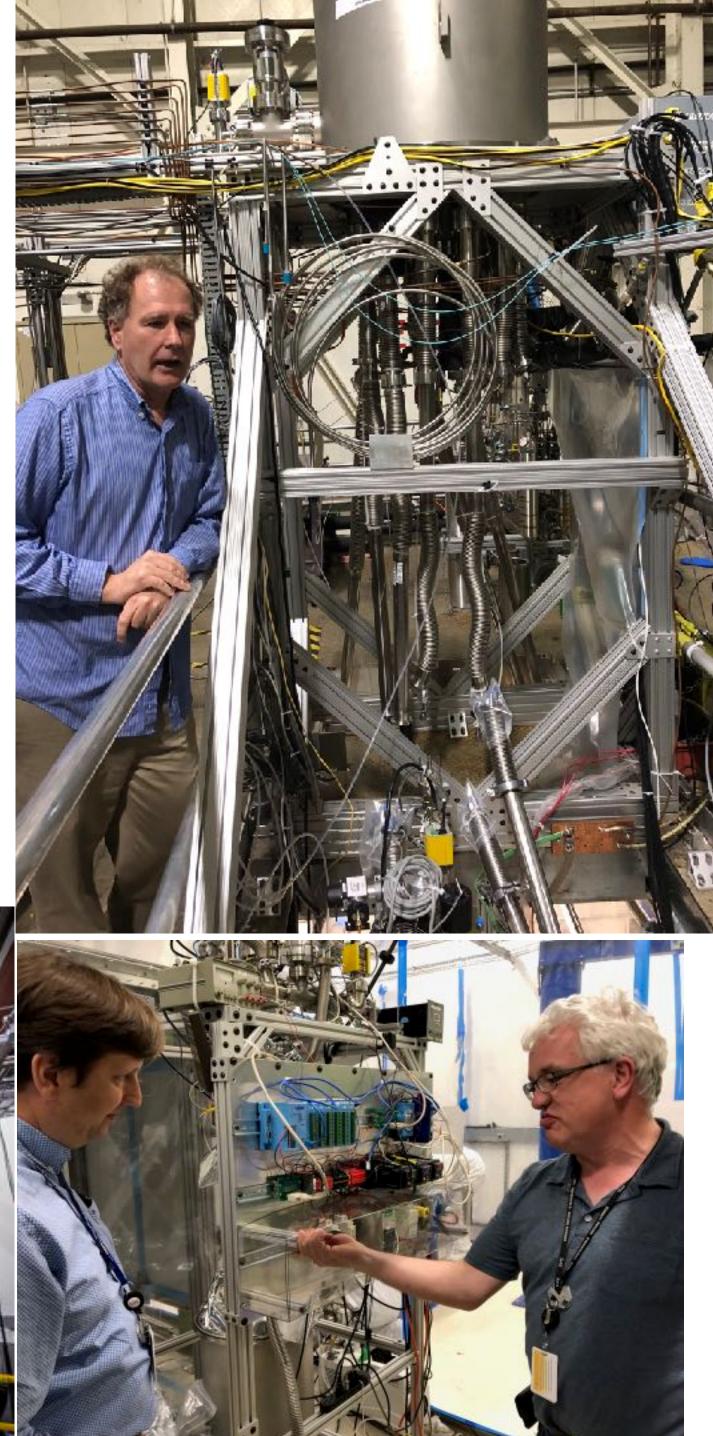
- Software/Analysis :
 - Pixel reconstruction and analysis:
 - do pixels and segmentation deliver on their "promise"?
 - Optical system simulation
 - Optimization studies for detector design guided by full(er) simulation:
 - module size, pixel geometry, minimization of dead material, etc.
 - check that expectations hold up with simulation/reconstruction
- Hardware:
 - build LAr capability towards operating TPCs for development/testing
 - prototyping, tests, etc.
 - electronics, DAQ
 - ideally, significant fraction of a module for the 2x2 prototype
 - need to build up technical expertise in group to operate cryogenics
 - DUNE PRISM Demonstrator (e.g. movable module)
- Organizational:
 - HO: Near detector design/strategy is one of the most important and challenging scientific issues in DUNE
 - it is important for US groups to have a major role
 - look forward to coordinating with US groups towards making a fundamental role in this effort.

LIQUID NOBLE GAS TEST STAND

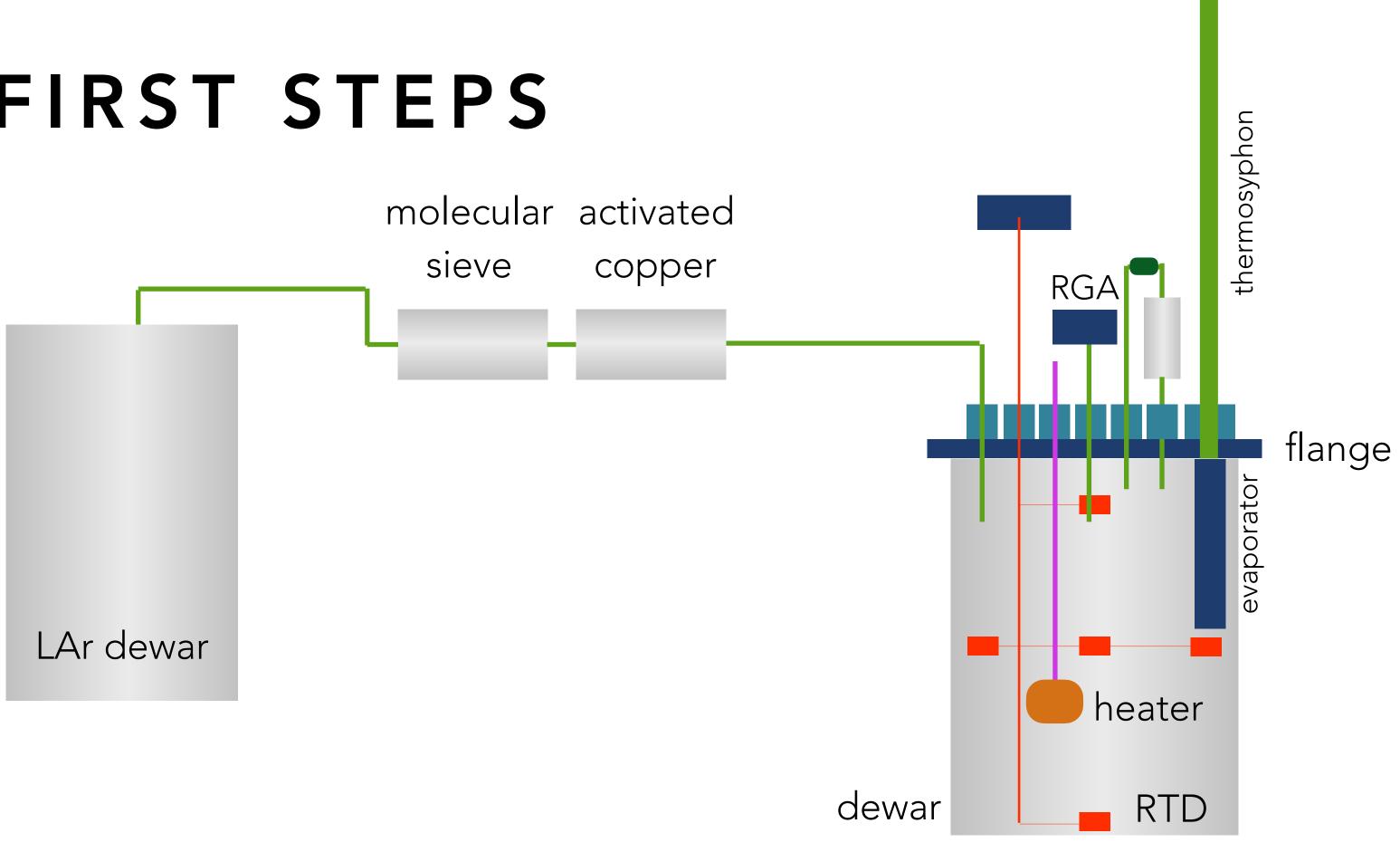
- Cryogenic facility at SLAC IR2 (former site of BaBar detector)
- Built by LZ group (D. Akerib, T. Shutt)
- Large LN thermosyphon system to cool independent cryostats
 - extensive and extendible control and monitoring infrastructure
- Two level ~10 x 10 m^2 deployment area for cryogenic setups
 - large areas occupied by LZ work, but still can accommodate additional setups
 - LZ work will wind down over the next several months.
- Extensive experience in cryogenics and HV (LZ, nEXO) in LXe



modate additional setups



FIRST STEPS



- LAr has never been cooled with the LNTF, only LXe
- Start with a small ~50 liter demonstrator to develop basic capabilities
 - first step: evaporator for LAr under design
 - design flange to accommodate successive steps
 - think about larger "industrial" setup and what is required to make meaningful R&D contributions

• Steps:

- Fill and cool LAr
- Introduce heater, verify cooling power
- study uniformity of temperature
- introduce RGA to measure contamination
- purification on initial fill
- purification in recirculation
- deploy purity monitor/small TPC



THINKING AHEAD

- Eventually aim to operate a full module at IR2
- Suggestion from D. Akerib and T. Shutt:
 - flange at fixed level on top platform supporting modules
 - dewar "lifted" into place
 - avoid movement/interference of cabling, etc.



