Magnet Perturbation Error Analysis

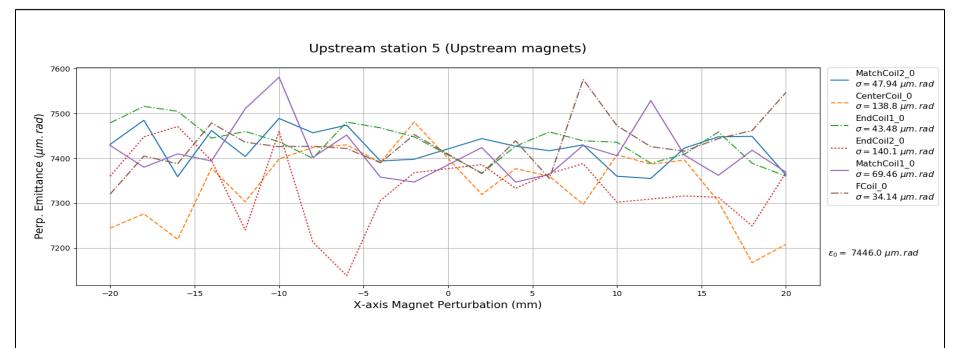
Overview

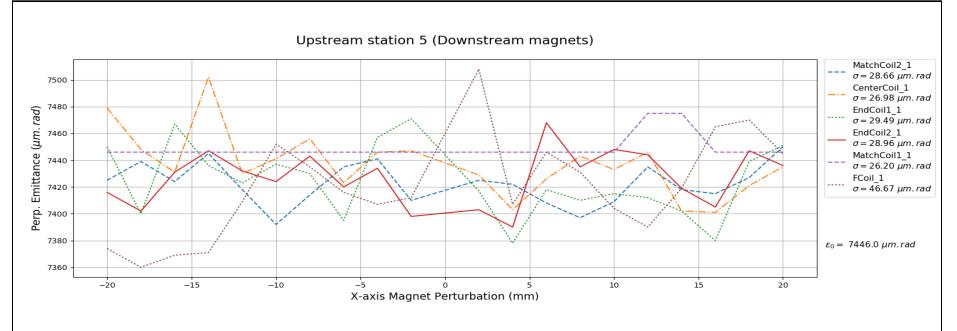
Task

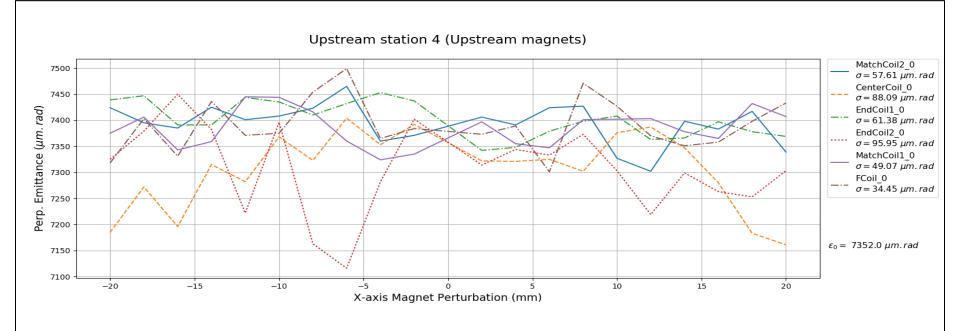
 How do emittance values change according to CC magnet perturbations

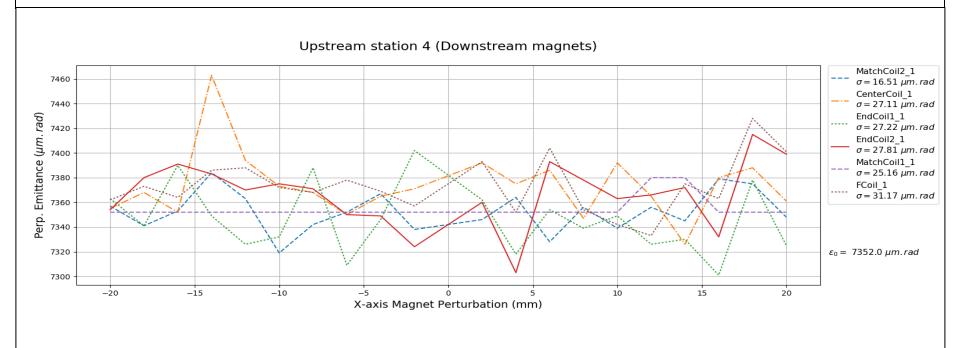
Method

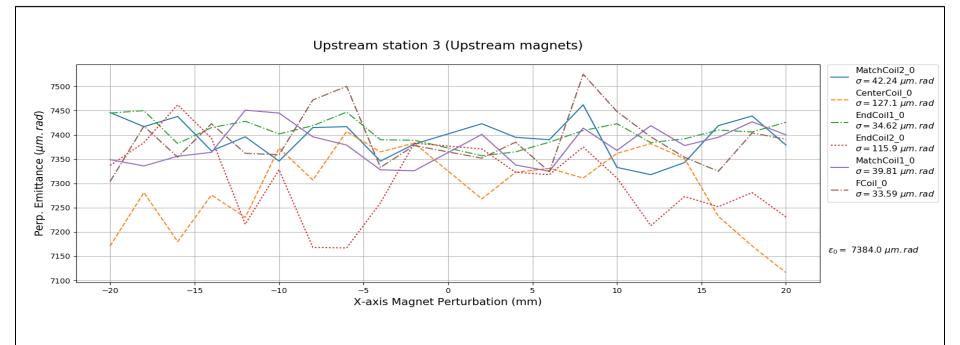
- Ran MC simulations on G4BL input data from MC Production page for run 9959 (6-140 MeV LH2)
- Perturbed each of the 12 cooling magnets from -20 to +20 mm in the x-direction in 2mm steps. Ran simulation for each perturbation
- Calculated transverse emittance from reconstructed simulation data using ecalcy routine for each SciFi station.
- o Plotted emittance vs. x-perturbation

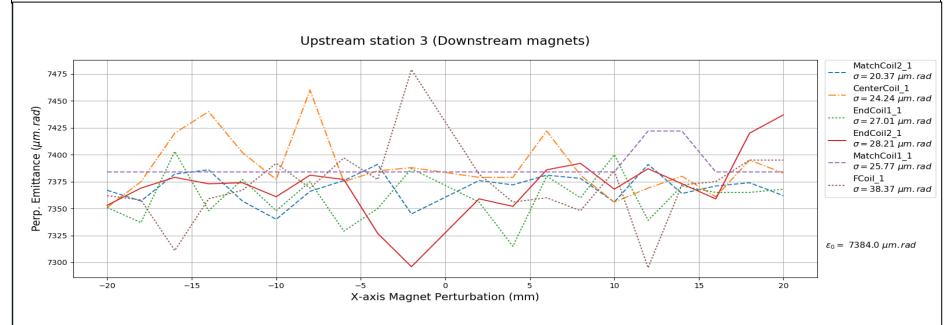


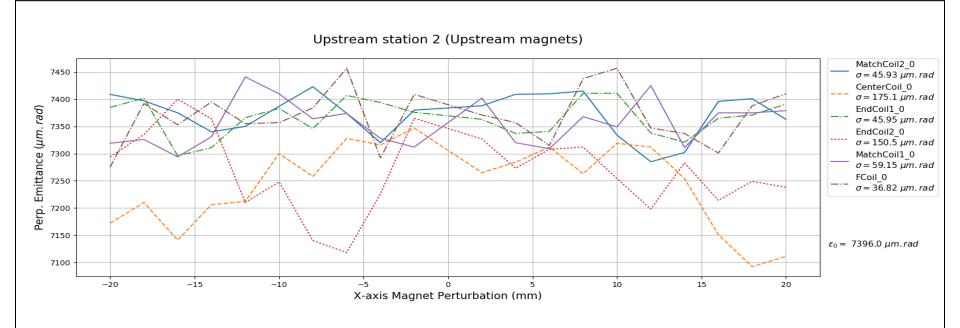


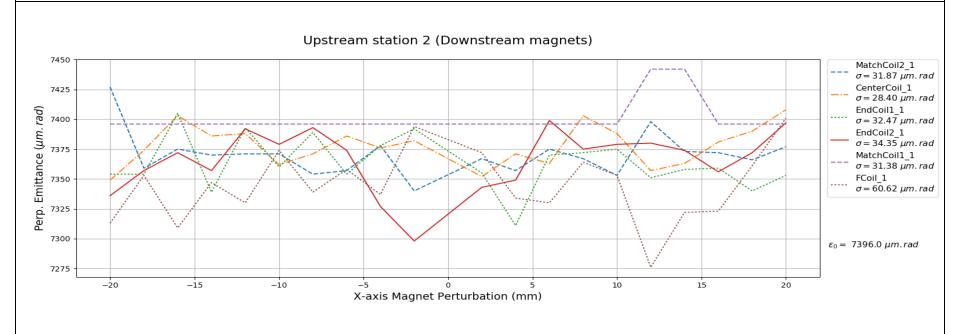


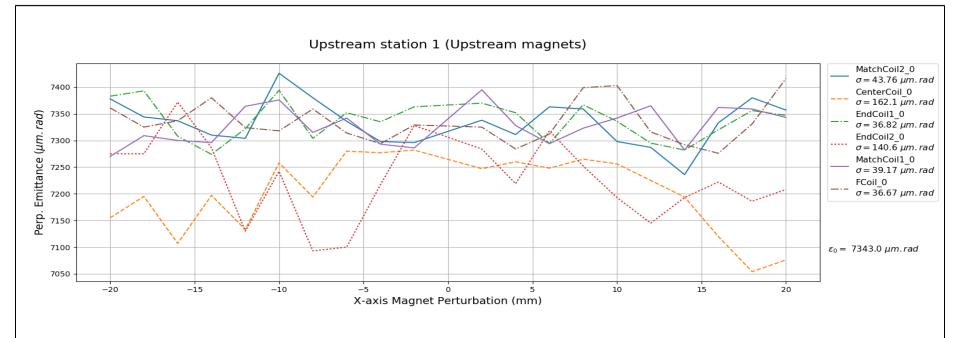


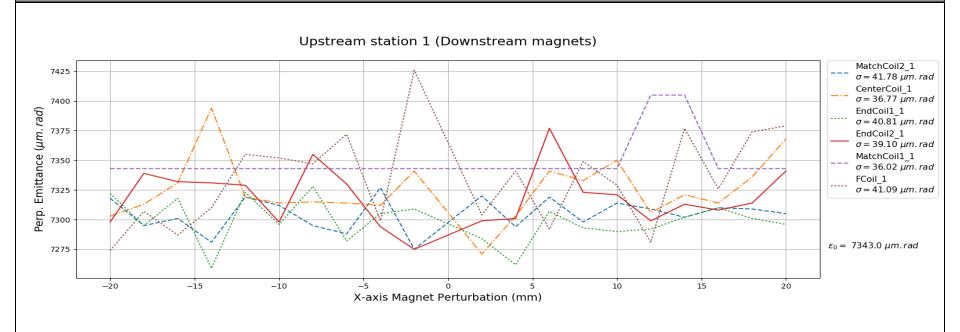


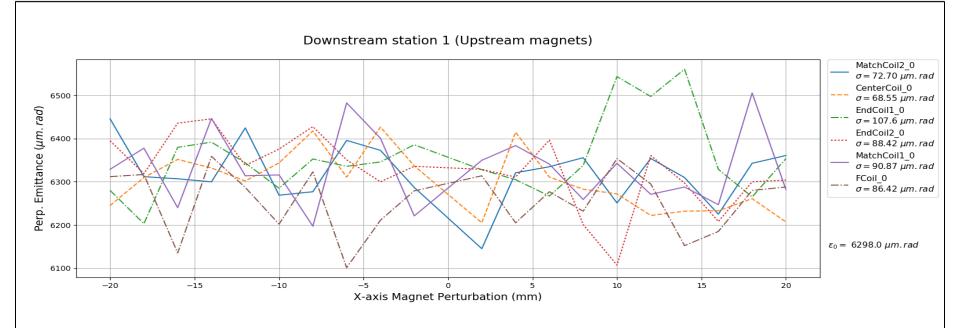


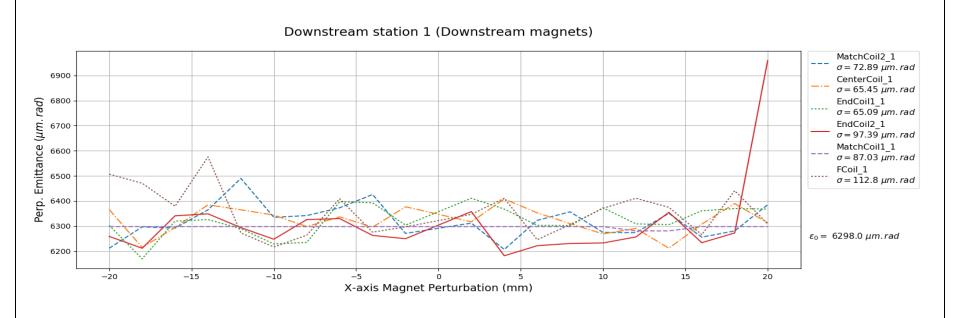


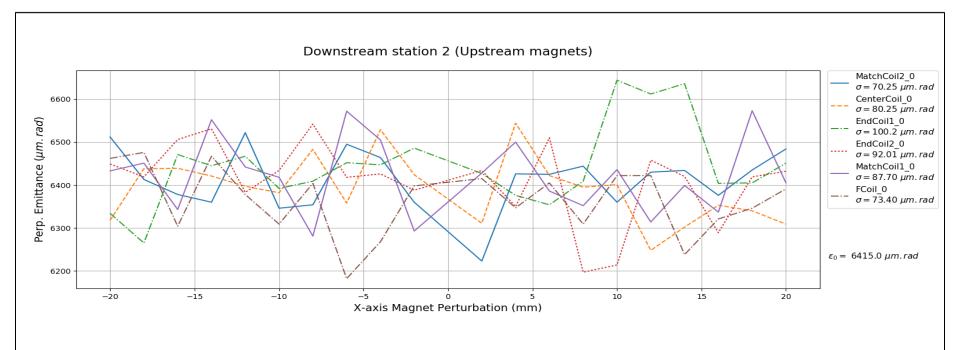


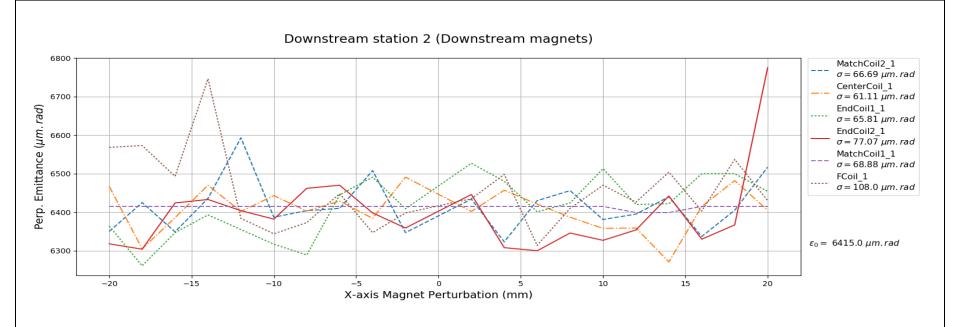


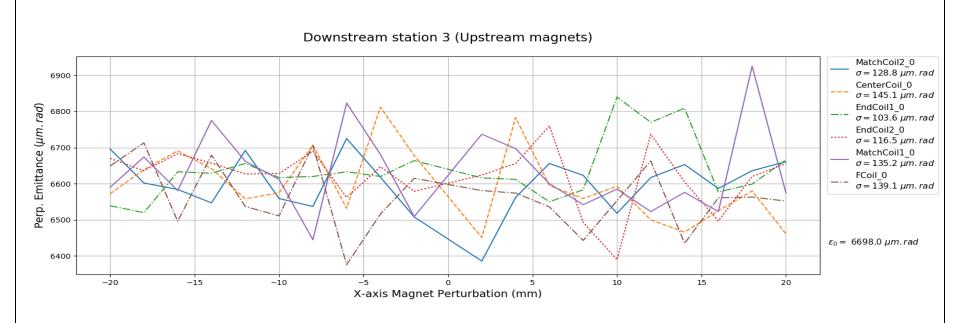


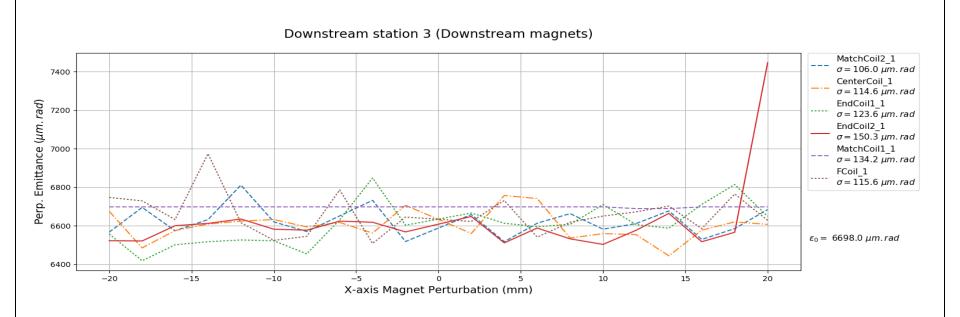


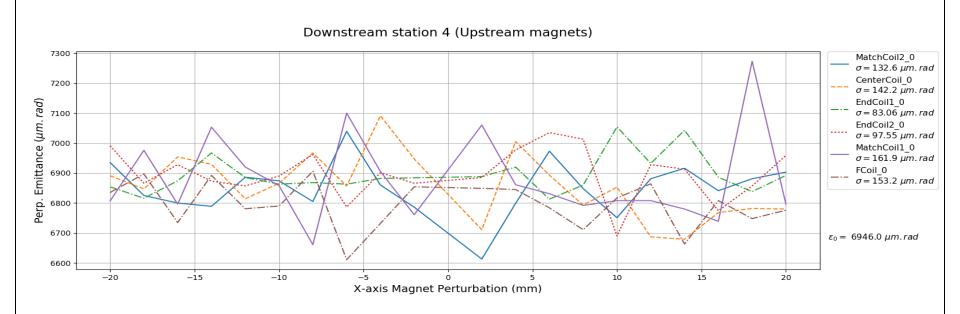


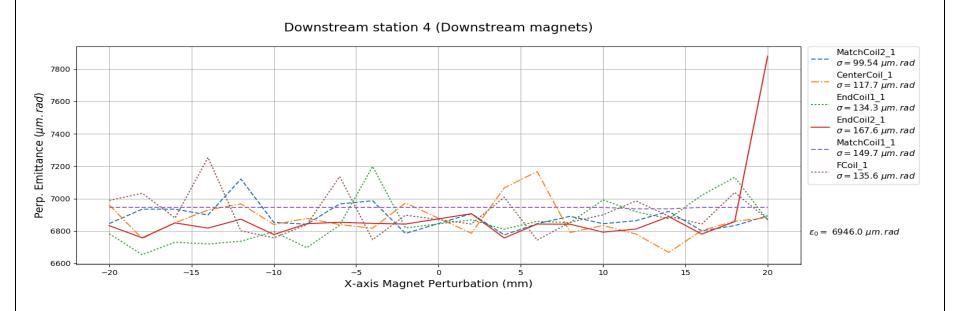


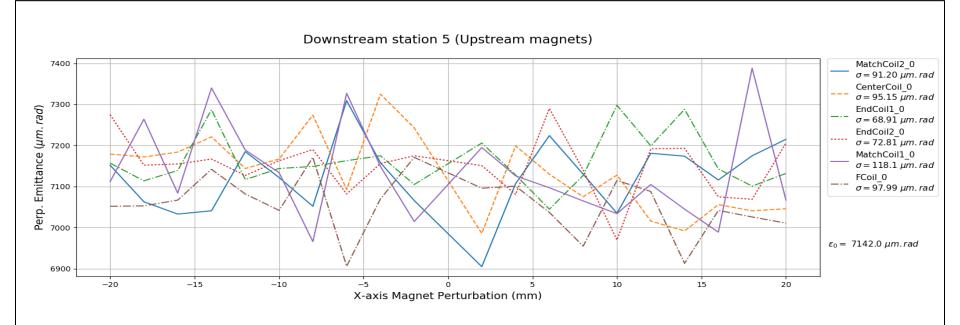


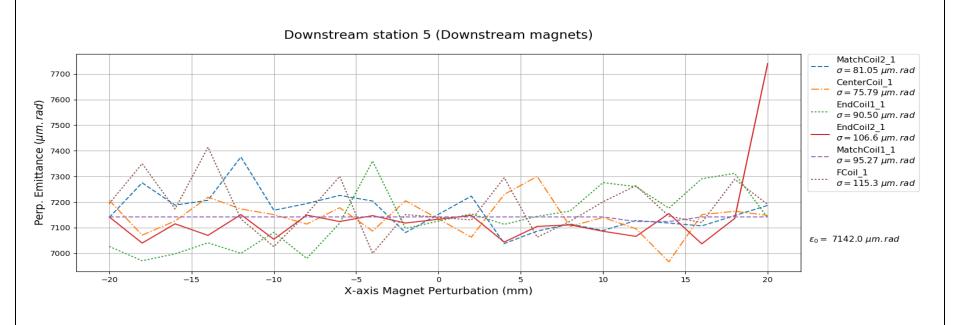












Results

- Resembles oscillatory distribution
- Mean transverse emittance decreases from upstream to downstream stations

Future Work

- Optimize curve fit
- Use random normal distribution for perturbation values, see how it affects emittance
- Perturb magnets in x and y