

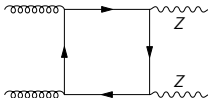
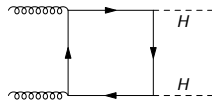
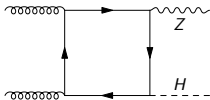
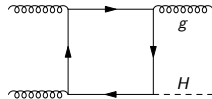
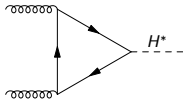
# Top mass effects in gluon fusion processes

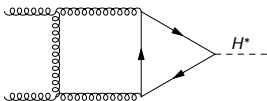
Andreas Maier

IPPP, Durham University

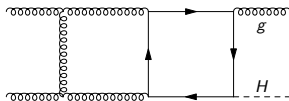
Ramona Gröber, AM, Thomas Rauh arXiv:1709.07799  
JHEP 1803 (2018) 020

# Gluon fusion processes at LO

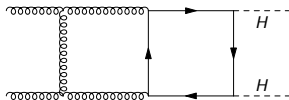
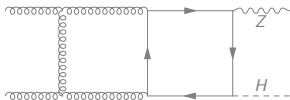




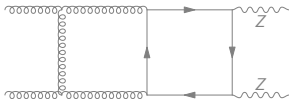
[Spira, Djouadi, Graudenz, Zerwas 1995; ...]



[Jones, Kerner, Luisoni 2018]

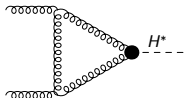


[Borowka et al. 2016]

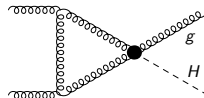


# Gluon fusion processes at NLO

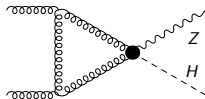
Large mass expansion (LME)  $m_t \gg \hat{s}$



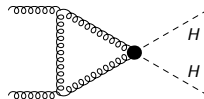
[Dawson 1991; Djouadi, Spira, Zerwas 1991]



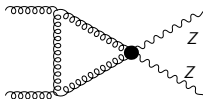
[Harlander, Neumann, Ozeren, Wiesemann 2012; ...]



[Hasselhuhn, Luthe, Steinhauser 2016]



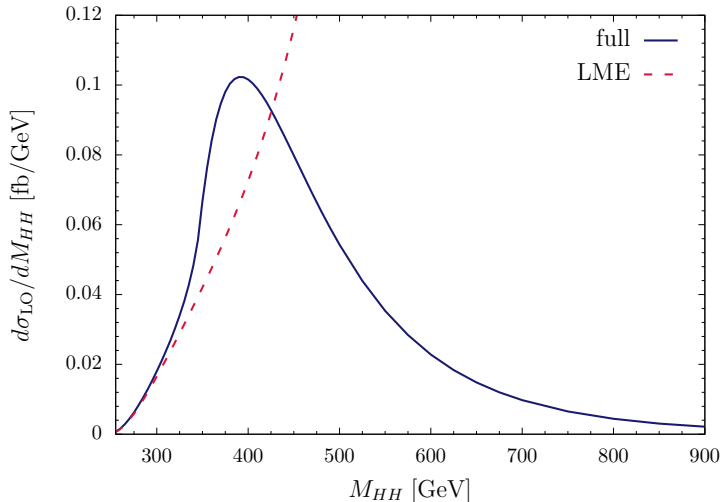
[Grigo, Hoff, Steinhauser 2015; Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber 2016]



[Melnikov, Dowling 2015; Campbell, Ellis, Czakon, Kirchner 2016; Caola et al. 2016]


# Validity of the large mass expansion

## Higgs pair production at LO



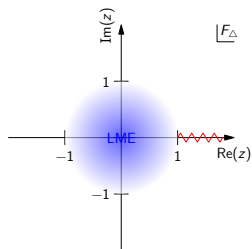
# Padé Approximation

[Broadhurst, Fleischer, Tarasov 1993; Fleischer, Tarasov 1994; ...]



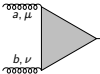
A diagram of a triangle representing a Padé approximant. The top vertex is labeled with  $a, \mu$  and the bottom vertex with  $b, \nu$ . A dashed line labeled  $H^*$  extends from the right side of the triangle.

$$H^* = \frac{y_t \hat{s}}{\sqrt{2m_t}} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \delta_{ab} T_F A_1^{\mu\nu} F_{\Delta}(z)$$
$$Z = \frac{\hat{s}}{4m_t^2}$$

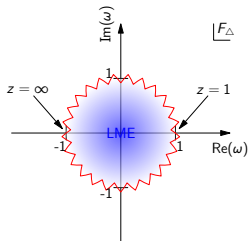


# Padé Approximation

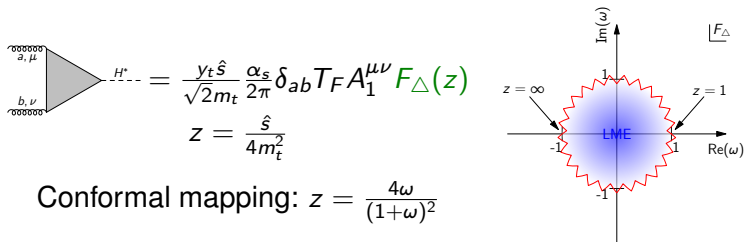
[Broadhurst, Fleischer, Tarasov 1993; Fleischer, Tarasov 1994; ...]


$$H^* = \frac{y_t \hat{s}}{\sqrt{2m_t}} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \delta_{ab} T_F A_1^{\mu\nu} F_\Delta(z)$$
$$z = \frac{\hat{s}}{4m_t^2}$$

Conformal mapping:  $z = \frac{4\omega}{(1+\omega)^2}$



[Broadhurst, Fleischer, Tarasov 1993; Fleischer, Tarasov 1994; ...]



Padé approximation:  $[n/m](\omega) = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^n a_i \omega^i}{1 + \sum_{i=1}^m b_i \omega^i}$

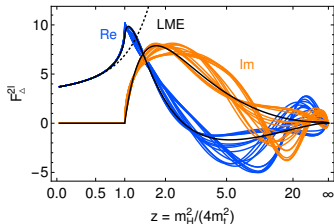
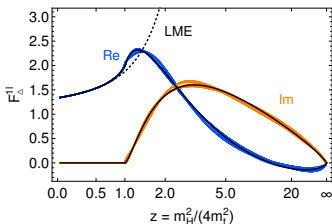
Ansatz:

$$F_\Delta(z) = \frac{[n/m](\omega(z))}{1 + a_R z}, \quad a_R \in [0.1, 10]$$

Fix  $a_i, b_i$  from LME

from  $F_\Delta \xrightarrow{z \rightarrow \infty} 0$

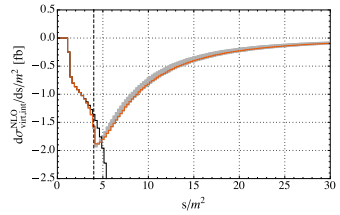
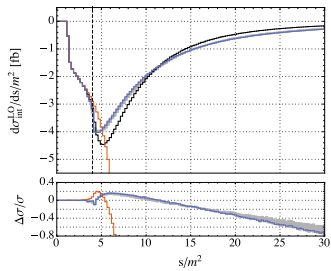
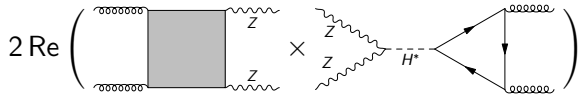




20 Padé approximants  $[1/3]$ ,  $[2/2]$ ,  $[3/1]$  from LME up to  $\frac{1}{m_t^8}$   
 Exclude approximants with poles for  
 $\text{Re}(z) \in [0, 8]$ ,  $\text{Im}(z) \in [-1, 1]$

# Padé Approximation for $gg(\rightarrow H^*) \rightarrow ZZ$

[Campbell, Ellis, Czakon, Kirchner 2016]

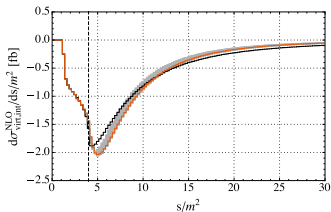
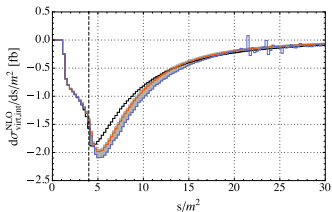
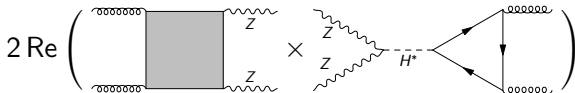


- exact
- LME up to  $\frac{1}{m_t^{12}}$
- [3/3]
- [n/m] with  $n, m \in \{2, 3\}$

- LME up to  $\frac{1}{m_t^{12}}$
- [3/3]
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# Padé Approximation for $gg(\rightarrow H^*) \rightarrow ZZ$

[Campbell, Ellis, Czakon, Kirchner 2016]



— [3/3]

—  $d\sigma_{\text{exact}}^{\text{LO}} \times \frac{d\sigma_{\text{LME}}^{\text{NLO}}}{d\sigma_{\text{LME}}^{\text{LO}}}$  up to  $\frac{1}{m_t^{\{2\dots 12\}}}$

— [3/3]

—  $d\sigma_{\text{exact}}^{\text{LO}} \times \frac{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{NLO}}}{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{LME}}}$

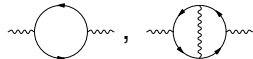
—  $d\sigma_{\text{exact}}^{\text{LO}} \times \frac{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{NLO}}}{d\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{LME}}}$

$$F_{\Delta} \xrightarrow{z \rightarrow 1} \sum_{i=4-n}^{\infty} \sum_{j \geq 0} K_{i,j} \sqrt{1-z}^i \log^j(1-z)$$

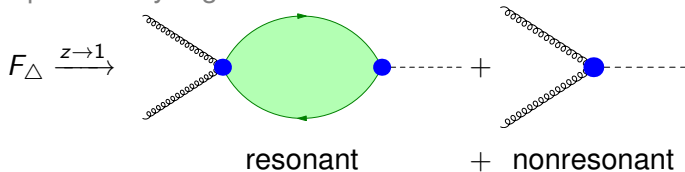
$\log(1-z)$  incompatible with Padé approximation  
 $\hookrightarrow$  extended ansatz

$$F_{\Delta} = \frac{[n/m](\omega(z))}{1 + a_R z} + s(z)$$

- $\log(1-z)$  absorbed into subtraction function  $s$
- $s$  analytic for  $z \rightarrow 0$ , constructed from



Expansion by regions or Nonrelativistic QCD:



resonant:

- on-shell, nonrelativistic  $t\bar{t}$  resonance
- $p_t^0 \sim m_t + m_t(z - 1)$ ,  $\mathbf{p}_t \sim m_t \sqrt{z - 1}$
- non-analytic terms with  $\sqrt{1 - z}$ ,  $\log(1 - z)$

nonresonant:

- off-shell  $t, \bar{t}$
- no imaginary part, analytic in  $(1 - z)$

Factorisation:


$$F_{\Delta}^{\text{res}} = \text{[Diagram 1]} \times \text{[Diagram 2]} \times \text{[Diagram 3]} + \dots$$

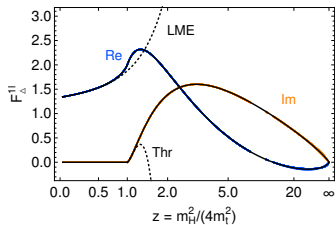
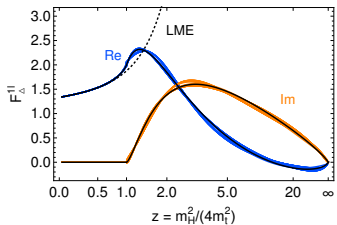
The diagram shows the factorisation of the resonant contribution  $F_{\Delta}^{\text{res}}$ . It is represented as a sum of terms. The first term is the product of three diagrams: 1) A vertex diagram with two incoming black lines and two outgoing green lines meeting at a blue dot. 2) A green oval loop diagram with two arrows on its top and bottom edges, representing a P-wave Coulomb Green Function. 3) A vertex diagram with two incoming green lines and one outgoing dotted line meeting at a blue dot. Ellipses follow the plus sign, indicating higher-order terms.

- P-wave Coulomb Green Function 

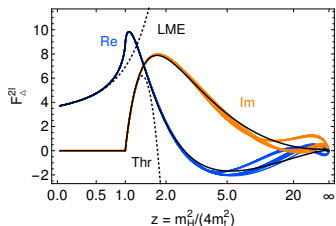
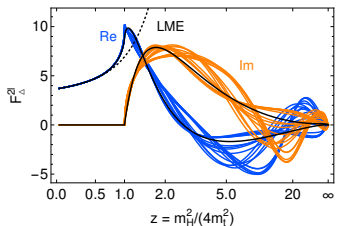
known to all orders in  $\alpha_s$

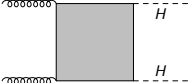
$\hookrightarrow$  leading term in threshold expansion

- only  depends on (colour singlet) final state



threshold  $\rightarrow$   
excl.  $(1-z)^i \log^0$





$$= y_t^2 \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \delta_{ab} T_F z [A_1^{\mu\nu} F_1 + A_2^{\mu\nu} F_2]$$

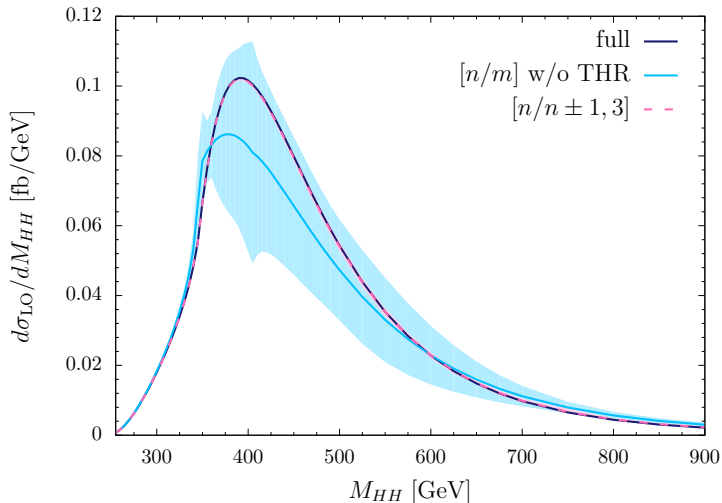
Three ratios:  $z = \frac{\hat{s}}{4m_t^2}$ ,  $r_H = \frac{m_H^2}{\hat{s}}$ ,  $r_{pT} = \frac{p_T^2}{\hat{s}}$

Given a phase space point  $(z, r_H, r_{pT})$ :

- 1 Compute threshold and large mass expansion for given  $r_H, r_{pT}$
- 2 Construct 100 approximants in  $z$
- 3 Evaluate approximants for given  $z$

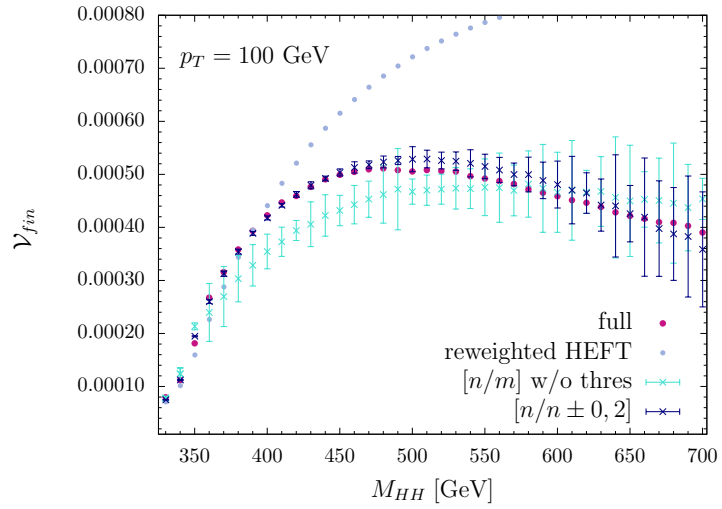


LO results



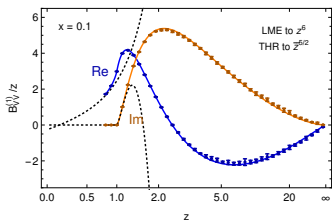
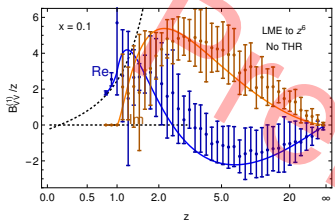
# Padé approximation for $gg \rightarrow HH$

NLO results compared to [Borowka et al. 2016]

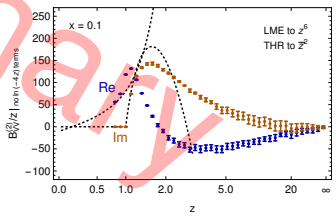
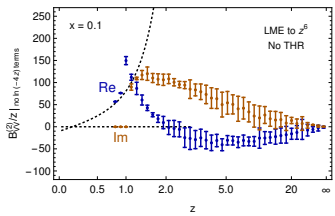


# Padé approximation for $gg \rightarrow ZZ$

## Vector coupling

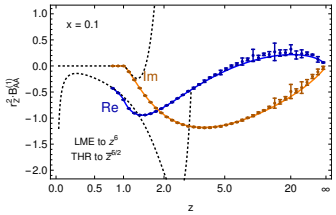
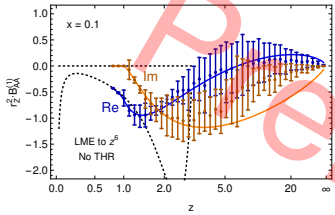


threshold  $\rightarrow$   
 excl.  $(1-z)^i \log^0$

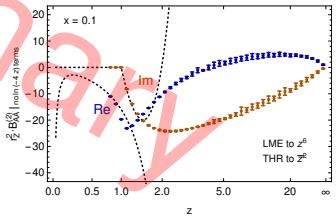
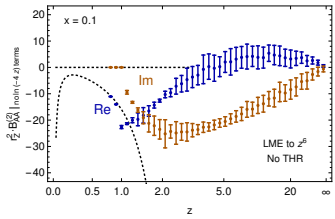


# Padé approximation for $gg \rightarrow ZZ$

## Axial-vector coupling



threshold  $\rightarrow$   
 excl.  $(1-z)^i \log^0$



- Padé approximations can capture top mass corrections in gluon fusion processes
- Threshold expansion is necessary to model the peak region
- Systematic improvement through more expansion terms (LME, threshold expansion, small mass expansion)

# Backup

# Padé approximation for vacuum polarisation

3 loop,  $n + m = 60$

