



X. Sarasola¹, P. Bruzzone¹, K. Sedlak¹, B. Stepanov¹, J. van Nugteren², G. Kirby², G. de Rijk², L. Bottura², L. Rossi²

¹ École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), Swiss Plasma Center (SPC), CH-5232 Villigen, Switzerland.

² European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN), CH-1211 Geneva, Switzerland.

SULTAN facility

Field generated by 3 pairs of **split solenoids**:

- $B_{max} = 10.905$ T in the test well
- Homogeneity (2%) along ± 200 mm

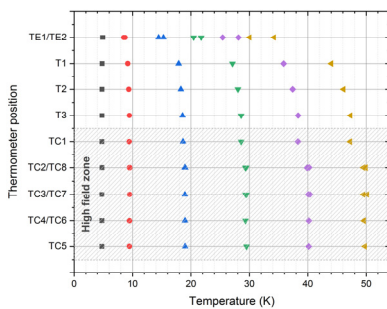
Nb-Ti trafo can supply **100 kA at 4.5 K** to sample.

Typically, samples are **Cable-in-Conduits**.

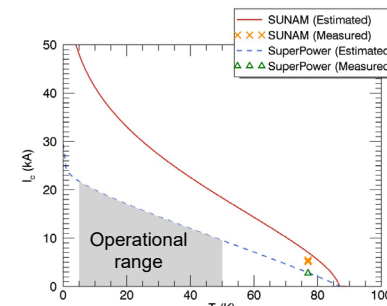
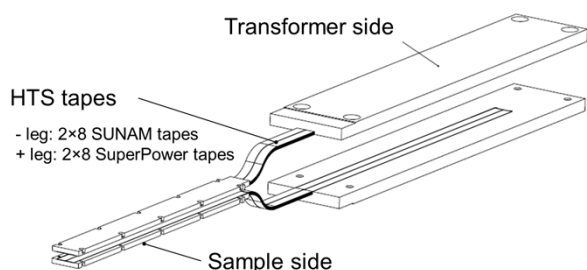


Sample counter cryostat

- Required for the test of the **FeaTHeR coils**
- Confines flow of He gas in a volume where **temperature is regulated: 4.8 to 50 K**
- Helium pressure: $p_{He} = 10$ bar
- 2880 mm-long cylindrical stainless steel chamber (OD 88.9 mm, ID 83.7 mm)



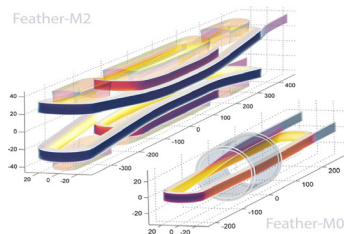
HTS current adapter



FeaTHeR coils

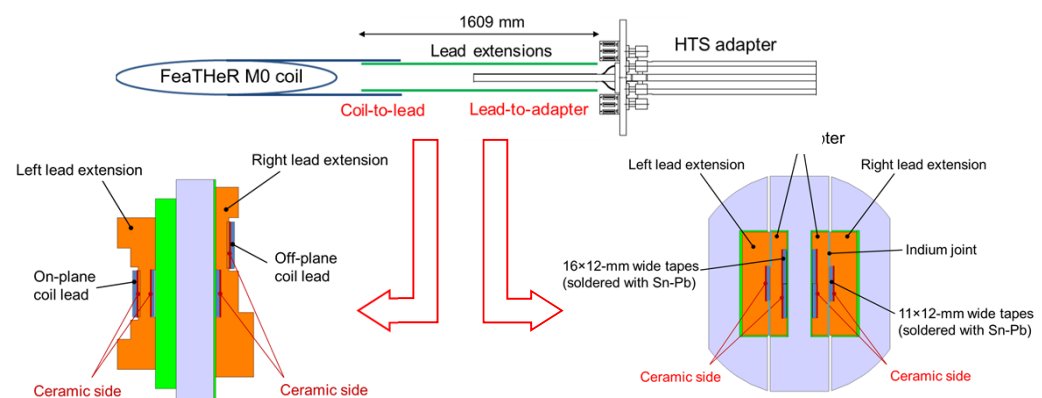
- **FeaTHeR-M0** are **sub-scale racetrack coils** wound with **REBCO-Roebel cable**.

Coil	Tape supplier	# tapes	tape width	cable width
FM0.4	Bruker	15	5.5 mm	12 mm
FM0.5	SuNAM	15	5.5 mm	12 mm



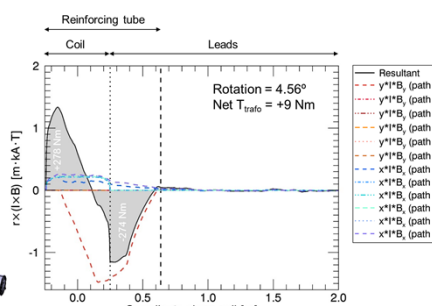
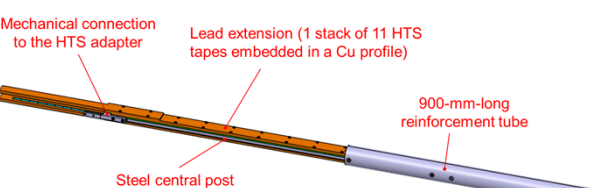
Lead extensions

- The lead extensions of the FeaTHeR coils have to be **unsoldered** and **replaced** by ~ 1.6 -m-long leads for the test in the high field region.
- Each lead extension is made of 11×12 -mm-wide tapes in a Cu profile.



Reinforced structure

- Coil rotated $\sim 4^\circ$ to cancel net torque

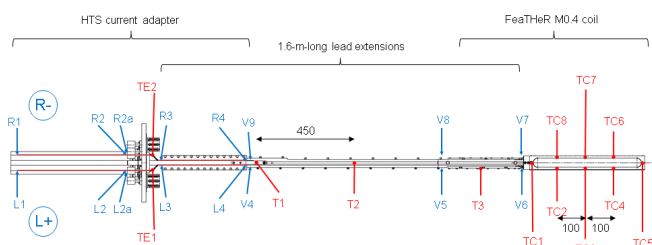


Instrumentation

- **Cernox temperature sensors**
- 8 coil sensors + 5 infrastructure

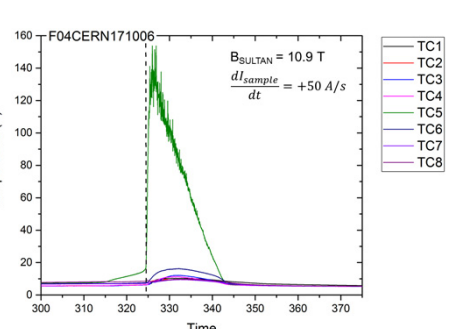
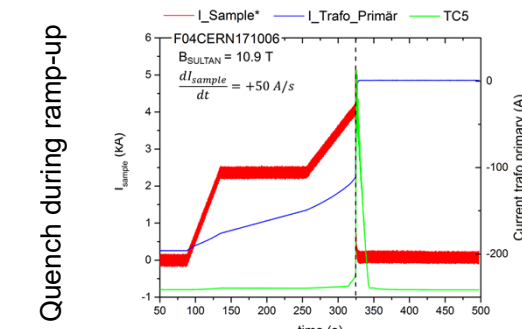
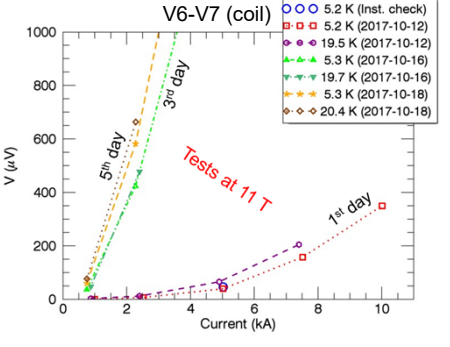
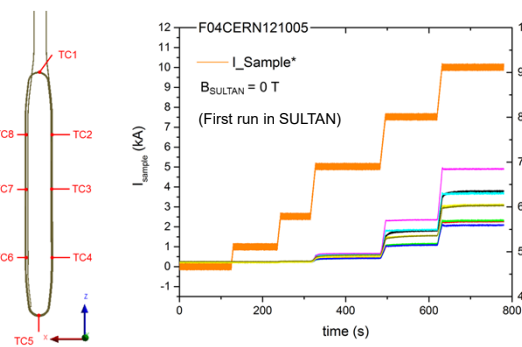
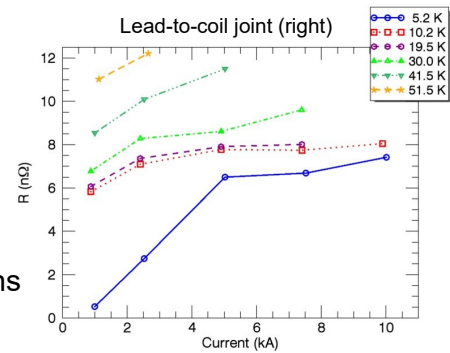
- **Voltage taps:**

- Paired consecutive V taps
- Additionally: V6-V7 (coil), V4-V9 (coil+ext) & L+-R- (overall)



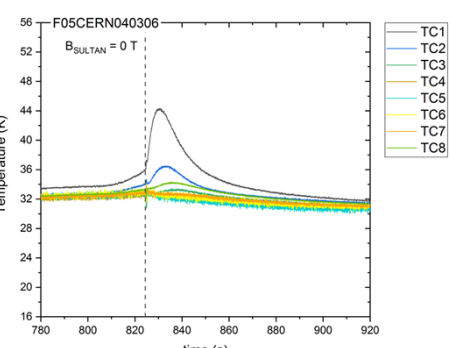
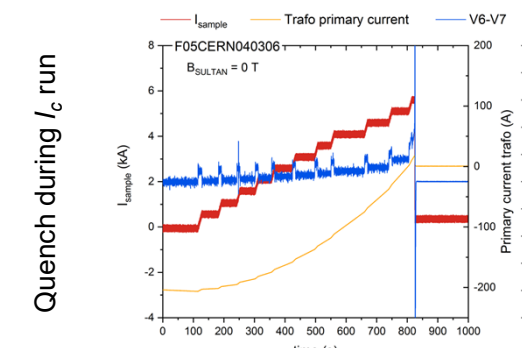
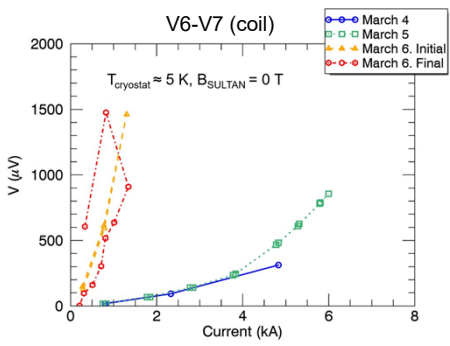
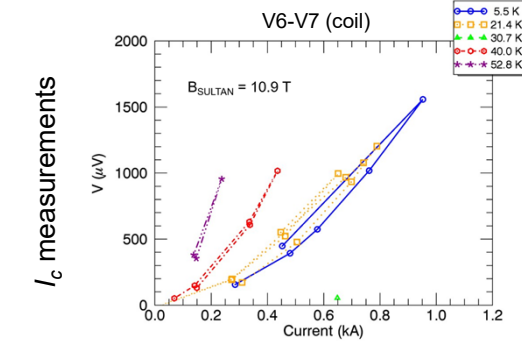
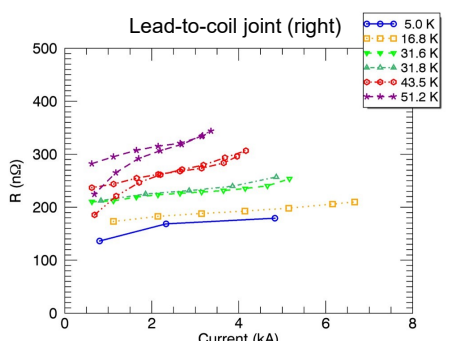
Test of FeaTHeR M0.4 (Oct 2017)

- Lead-to-adapter joints (indium): $R < 6$ n Ω
- Coil-to-lead joints (soldered): $R < 12$ n Ω
- **Largest contribution** to the overall sample resistance comes from the **coil**:
 - $R_{coil} = 35$ n Ω (at 5.2 K and 10 kA)
 - R_{coil} grows dramatically after high field runs
- **Heat generation** observed inside the coil.



Test of FeaTHeR M0.5 (Mar 2019)

- **FM05** is also **resistive** since the first run.
- $R_{coil} = 39$ n Ω (at 5.0 K and 5.0 kA), but also **grows** dramatically after **high field** runs.
- Largest contribution to R_{sample} comes from **coil-to-lead joints** (indium): $R > 100$ n Ω
- Pickup coils were installed, but no quench-related signals were found.



Summary

- **Two HTS demonstrator coils** have been tested at **variable temperature** and **high magnetic field** in SULTAN.
- Both tests were **limited** by the apparent resistance across the coil, which **increased** dramatically after the tests at **high field**.
- **Coil-to-lead resistance** was also a **few hundred n Ω** in the coil **FM0.5**:
 - No definite explanation is found
- **Heat generation** is observed inside both coils since the very first runs.

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