

An update of Energy deposition around e-driven positron source

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CERN

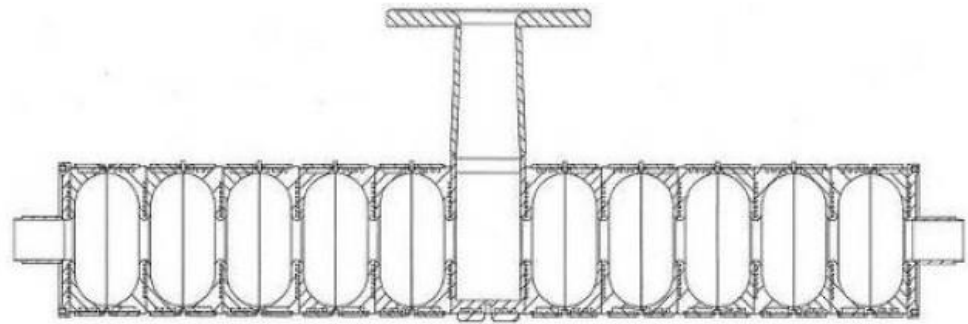
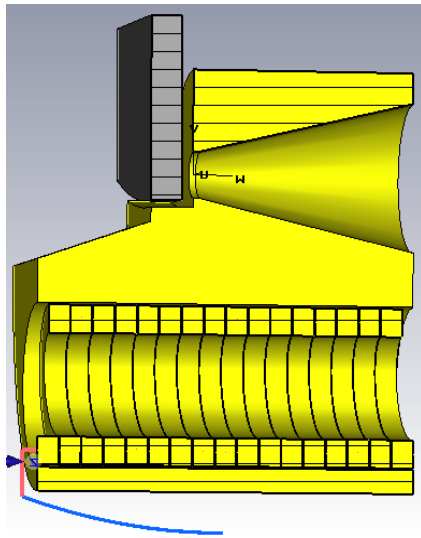
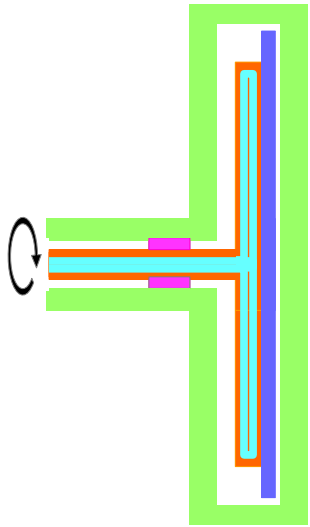
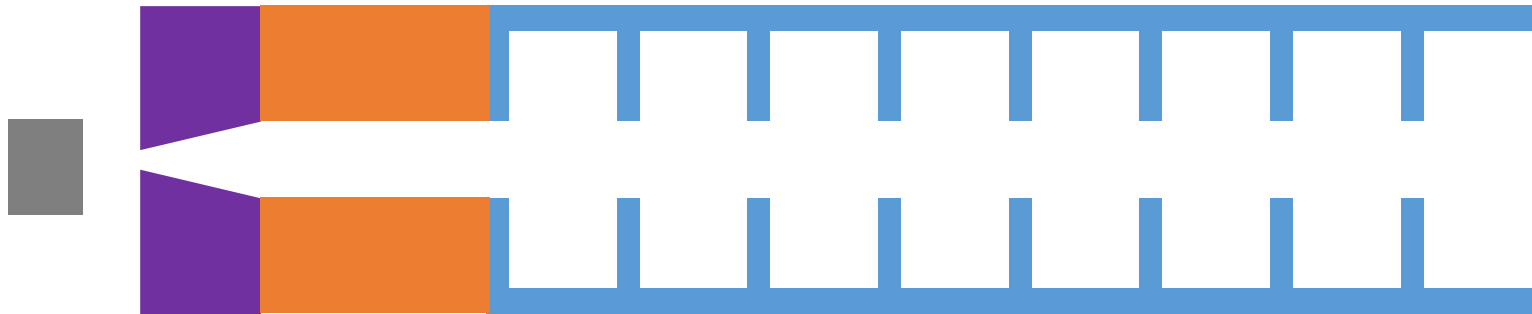
6 years ago, we were,,



Contents

- Parameters
- Geometry
- Results
- Further issues?

Geometry



Rotating Target

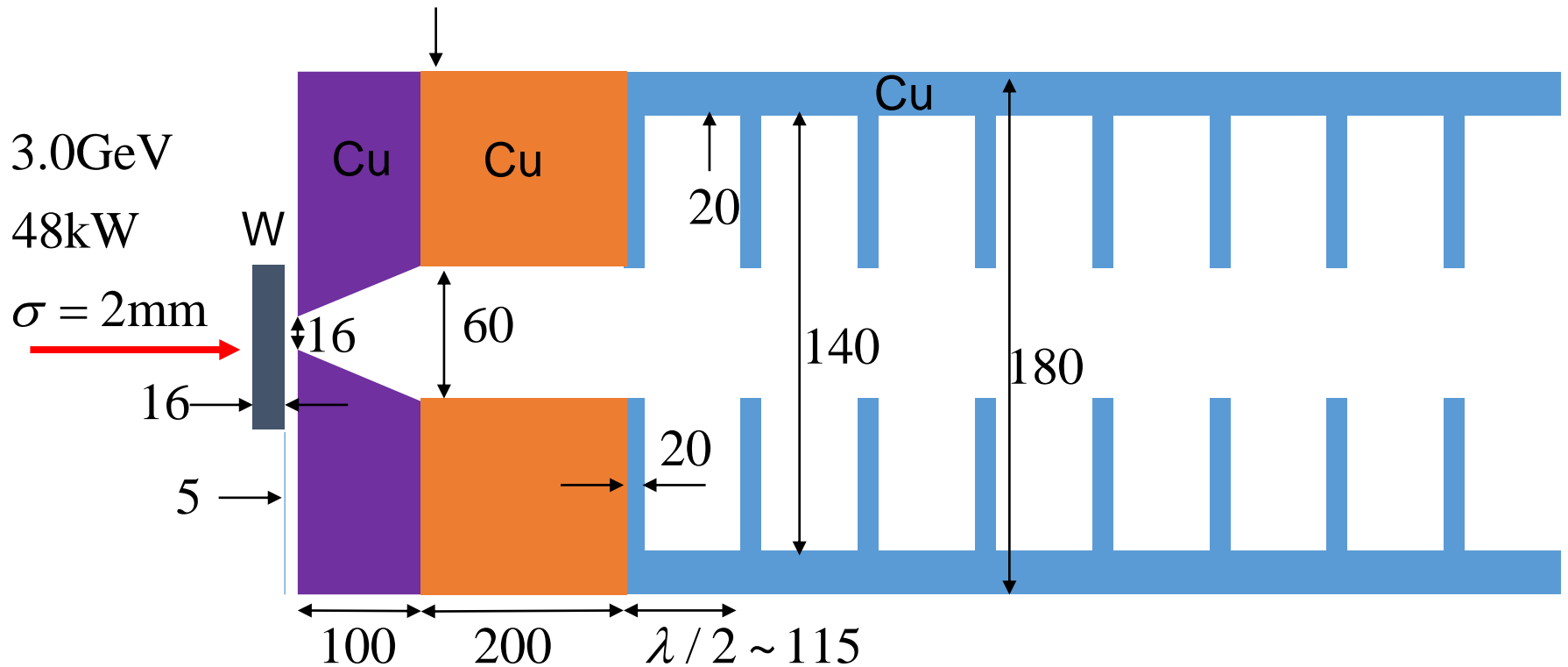
Flux Concentrator

capture linac

Parameters and geometry in Geant4

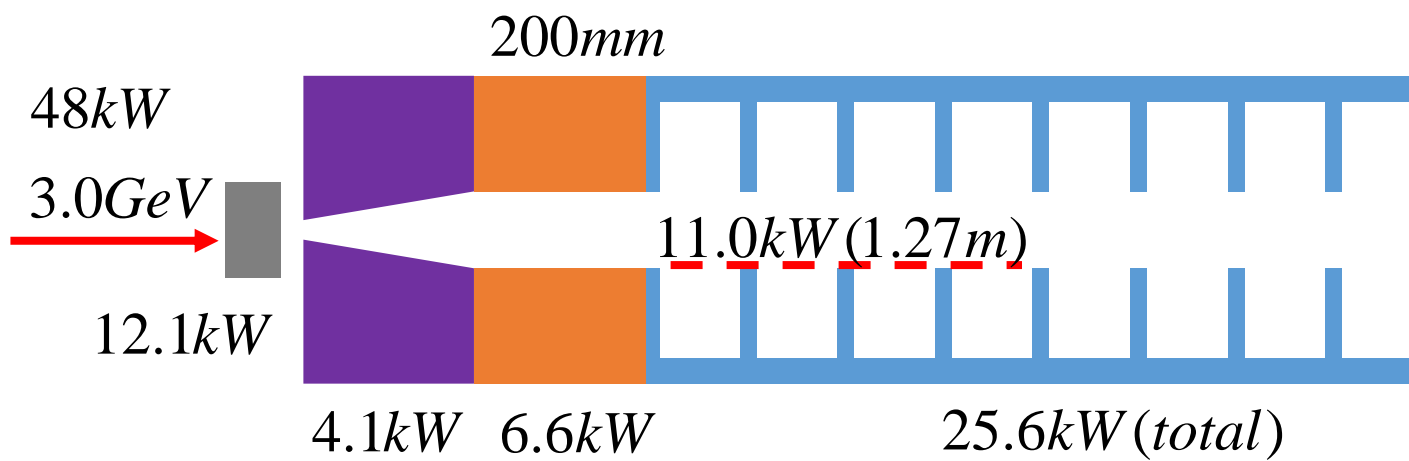
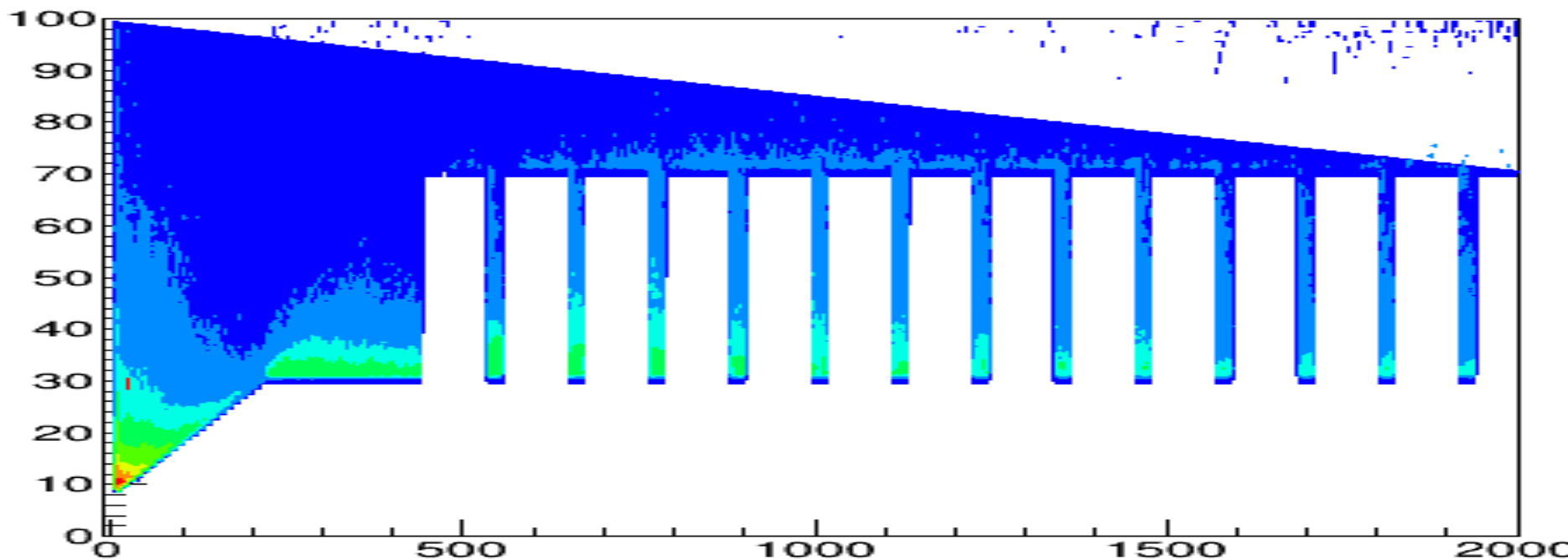
1320 bunches

| Ee | σ_{e^-} | e-/bunch | Beam Power | Total thickness |
|-----|----------------|----------|------------|-----------------|
| GeV | mm | nC | kW | mm |
| 3.0 | 2 | 2.4 | 48 | 16 |



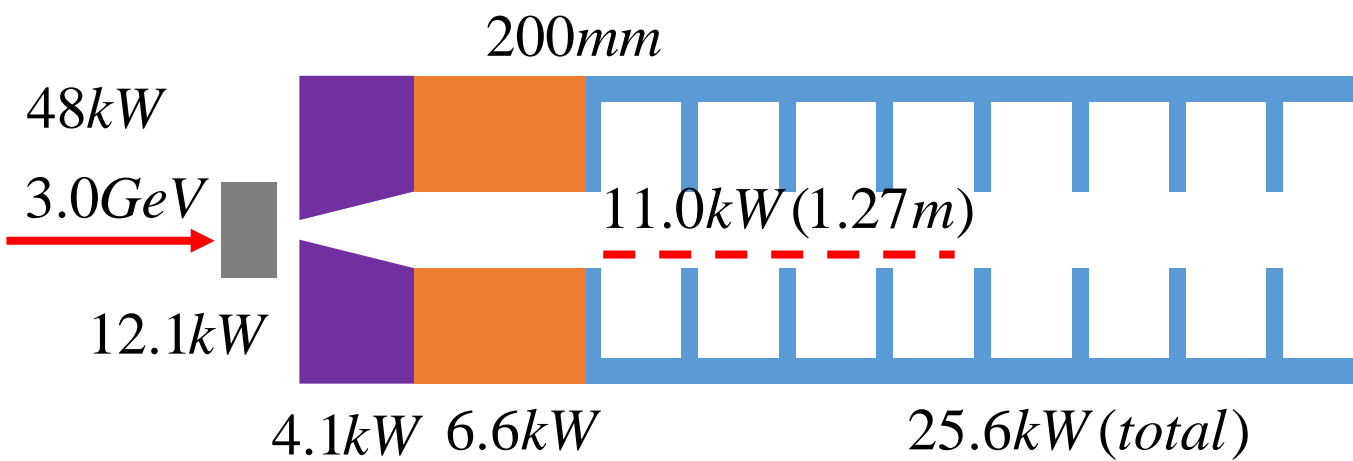
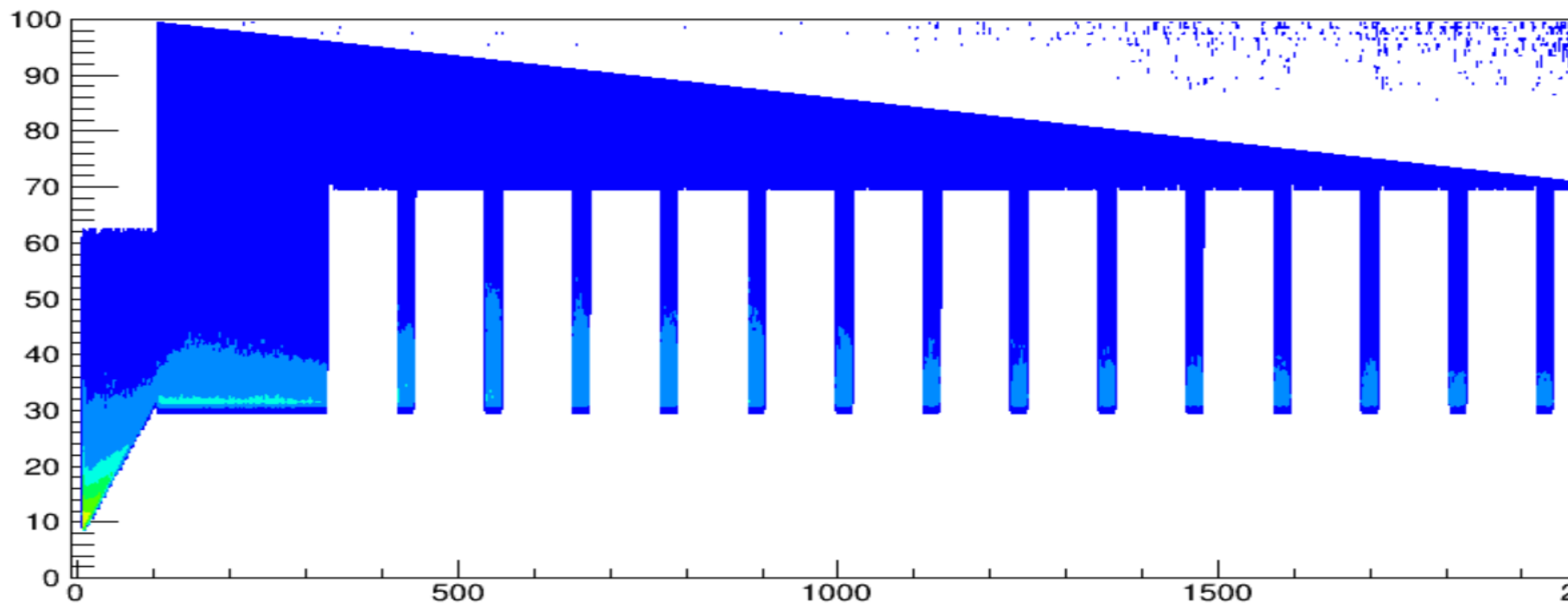
All parameters are consistent with Kuriki's tracking simulation

Summary of the calculation



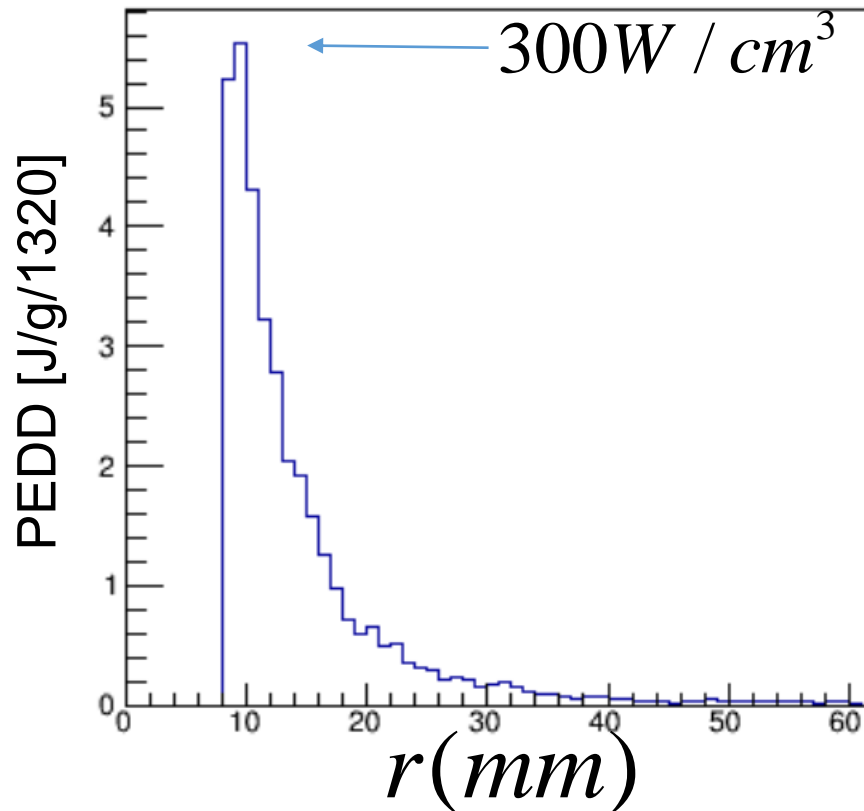
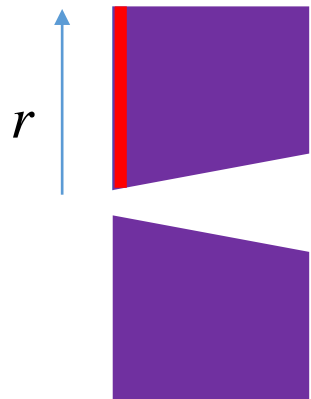
$$\sum loss = 48.4kW$$

Summary of the calculation



$$\sum loss = 48.4kW$$

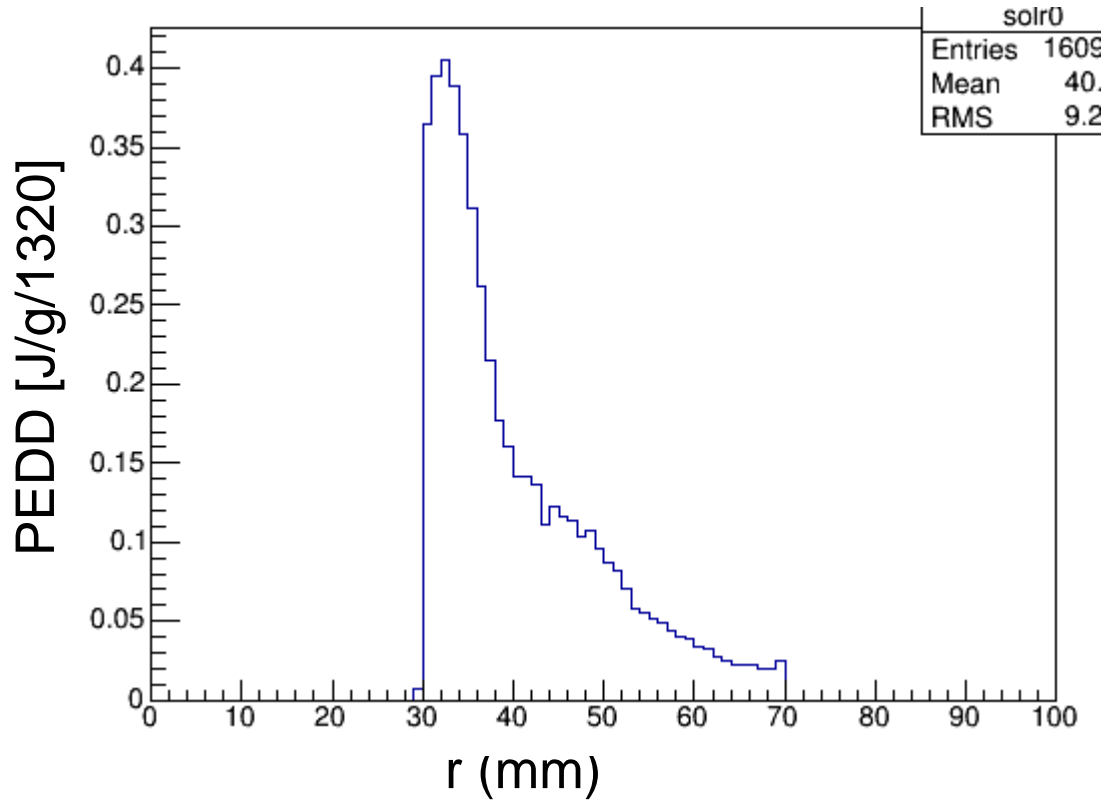
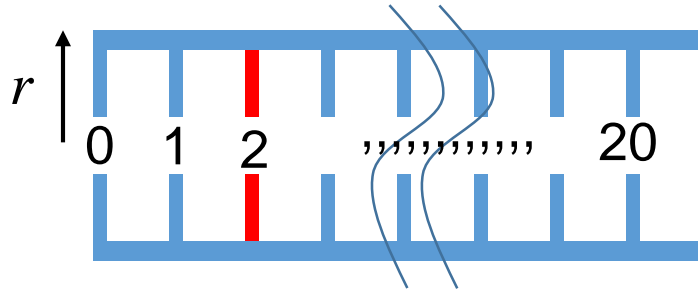
PEDD(1320 bunches) in FC



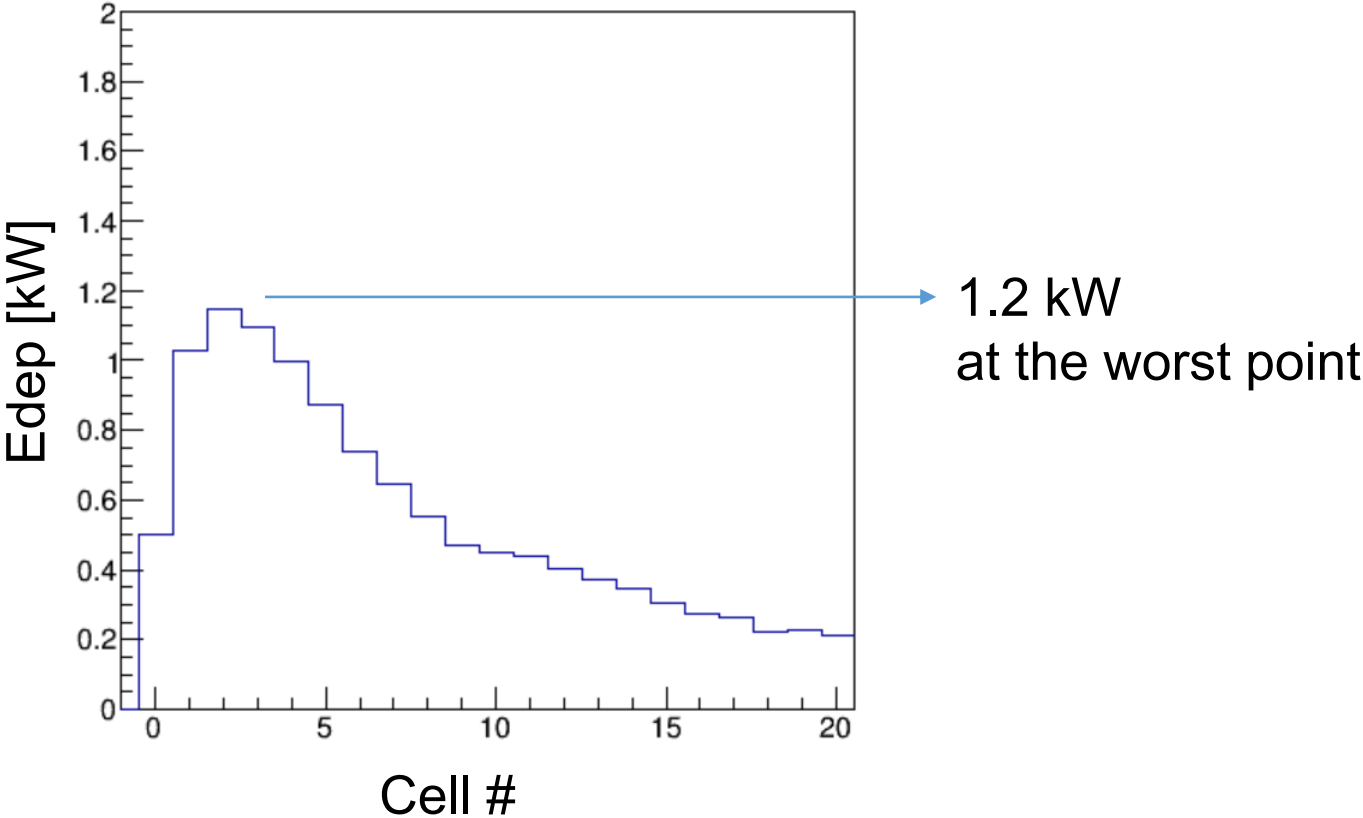
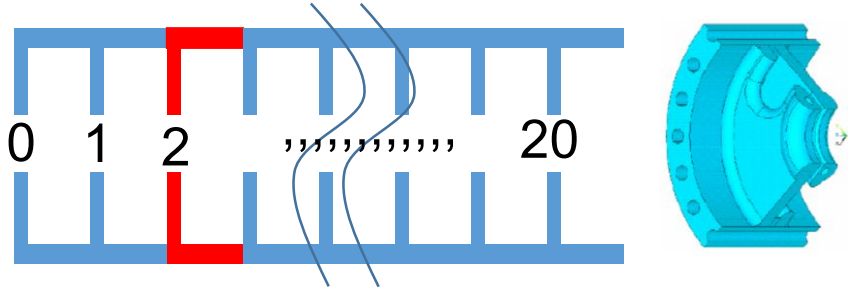
Less than the limit for Cu ($7\sim 12 \text{ J/g}$)*
with 1320 bunches ($\sim 64\text{ms}$).

*TESLA-FEL-2006-05

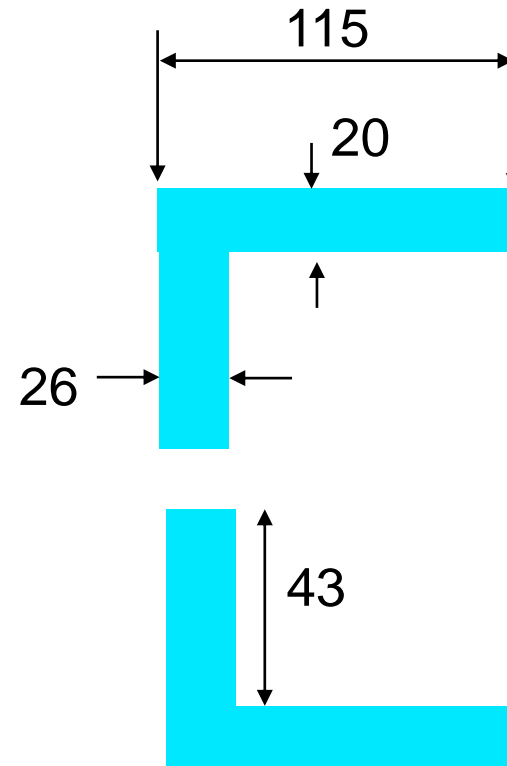
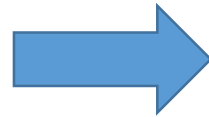
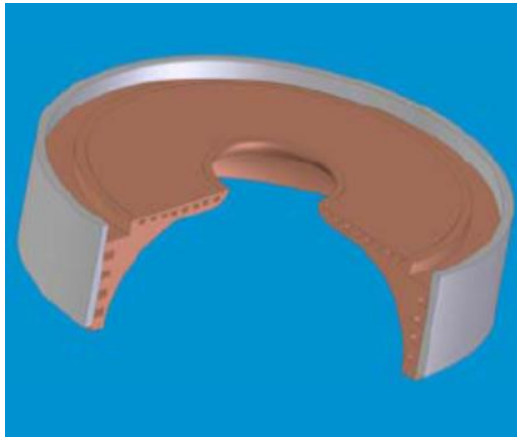
PEDD in irises the capture linac



Energy deposit in cells the capture linac



SLAC-PUB-11767

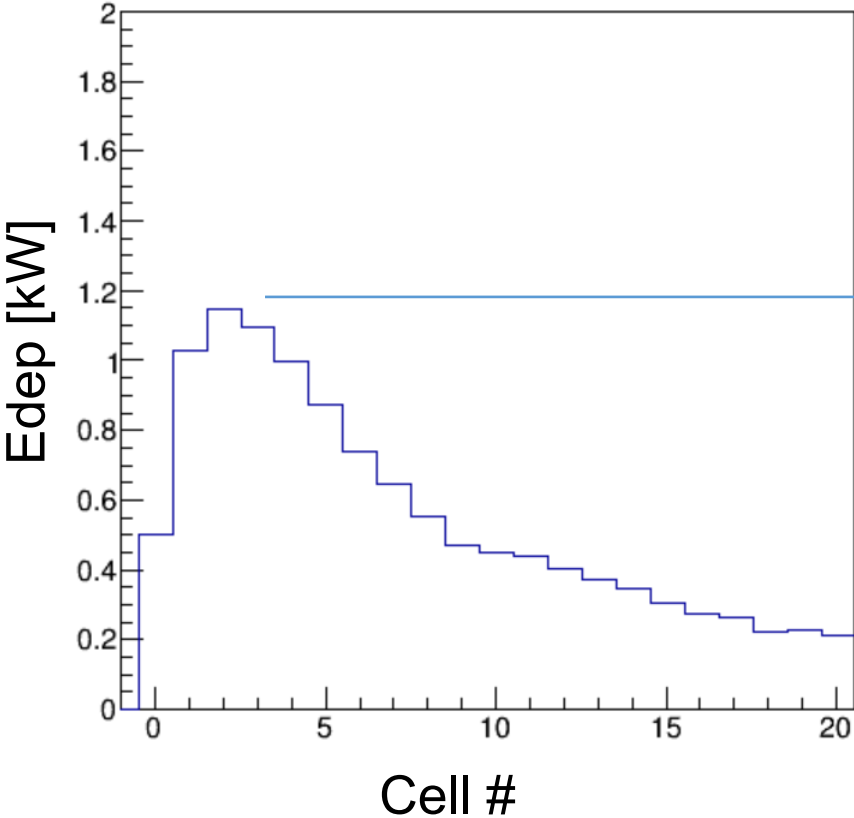
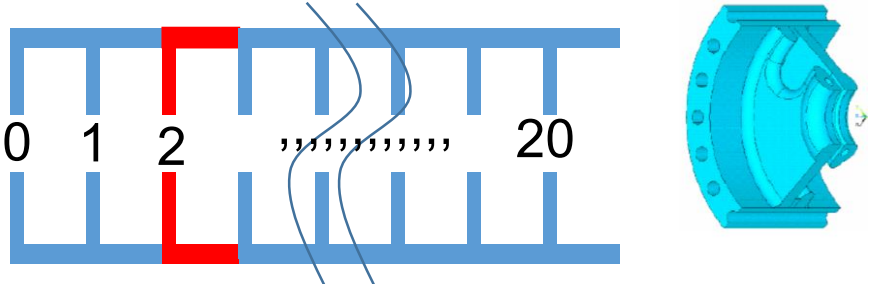


$$\Delta f = 38.2 \text{ kHz}$$

$$W(\text{cell}) = \int_{\text{vol}} H(r) dv \approx 16.7 \text{ kW}$$

$$H(r) = e^{((3-r)/1.5)} (\text{w} / \text{cm}^3)$$

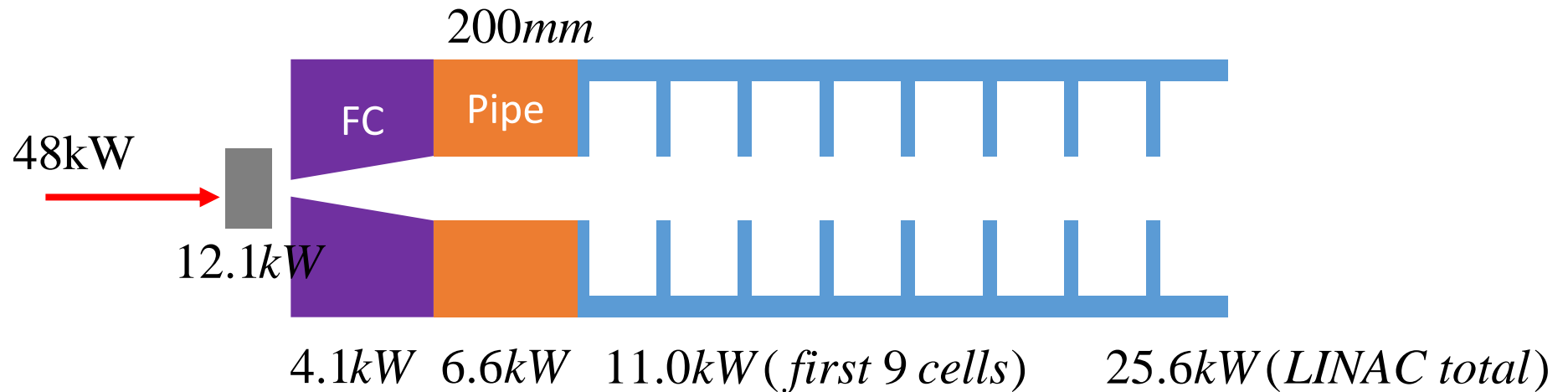
Energy deposit in irises the capture linac



Detuning $-38.2\text{kHz}/16.7\text{kW}$ in an iris
(an estimate from SLAC-PUB-11767)

$38.2 \times 1.2/16.7 = 2.7 \text{ kHz}$
at the worst point
is less than the bandwidth of 44 kHz

Summary of the energy deposition

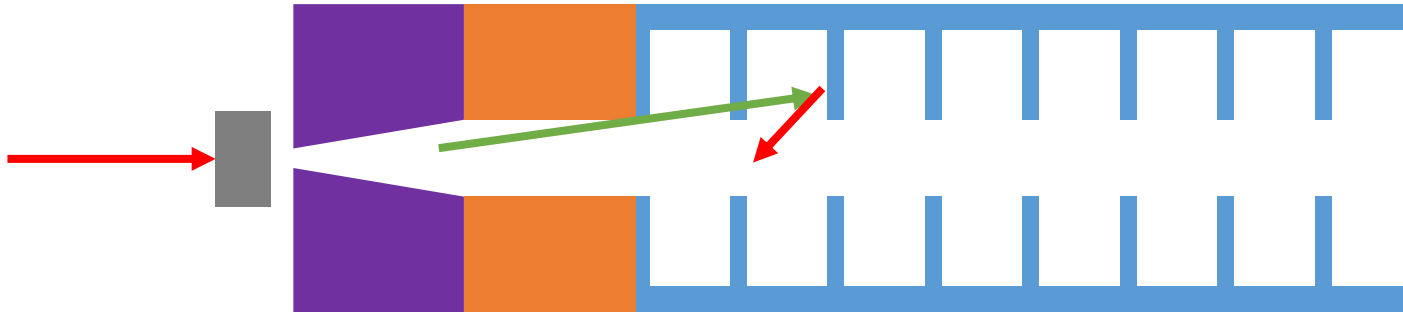


| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Target | 12.1kW |
| Pipe | 6.6kW |
| Flux Concentrator | 4.1kW (beam) + 14kW (ohmic) PEDD=6J/g(1320bunch)=0.3kW/cm ³ |
| Capture Linac | 11.0kW (beam) + 3.32kW (RF) in first 9Cell 25.6kW (total) |

Prospects

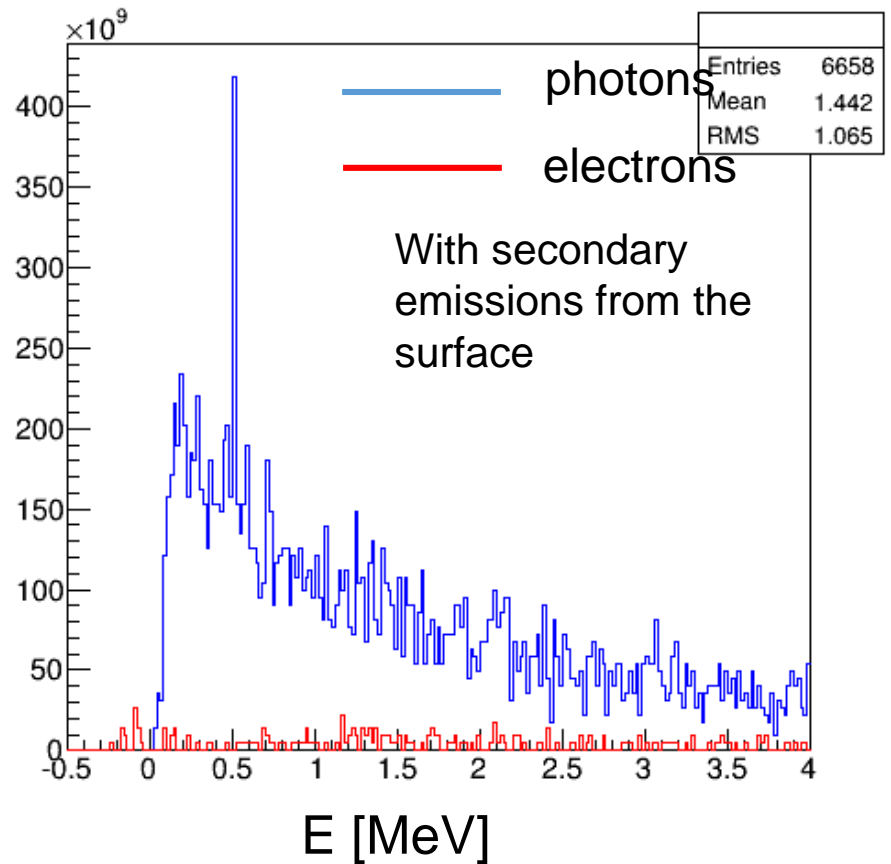
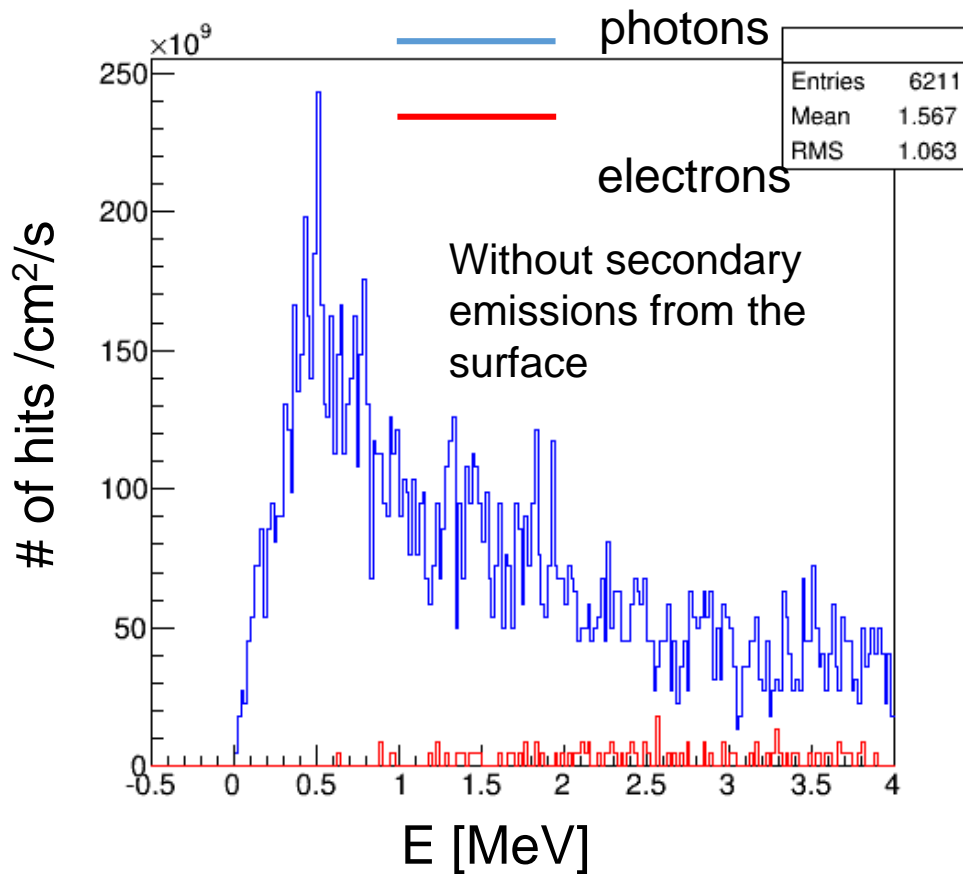
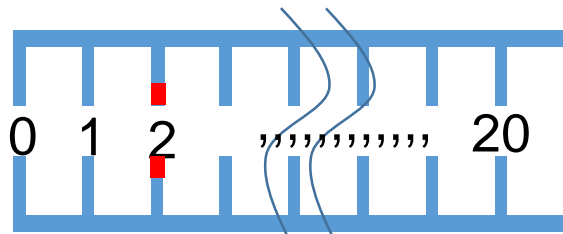
- Energy deposition themselves does not seem to be serious issues for e-driven target now, while engineering design of the cooling system is necessary.
- Further considerations are needed
 - Ohmic Loss
 - spatial profile -> time evolution
 - Secondary particles
 - SuperKEKB may a good experience
 - Radiation dose estimate
 - (Neutron Flux on FerroFuild)

Further issues



- Secondary emissions from the RF structure
 - Could be a source of discharge?
- Radiation dose
 - for shielding/handling design

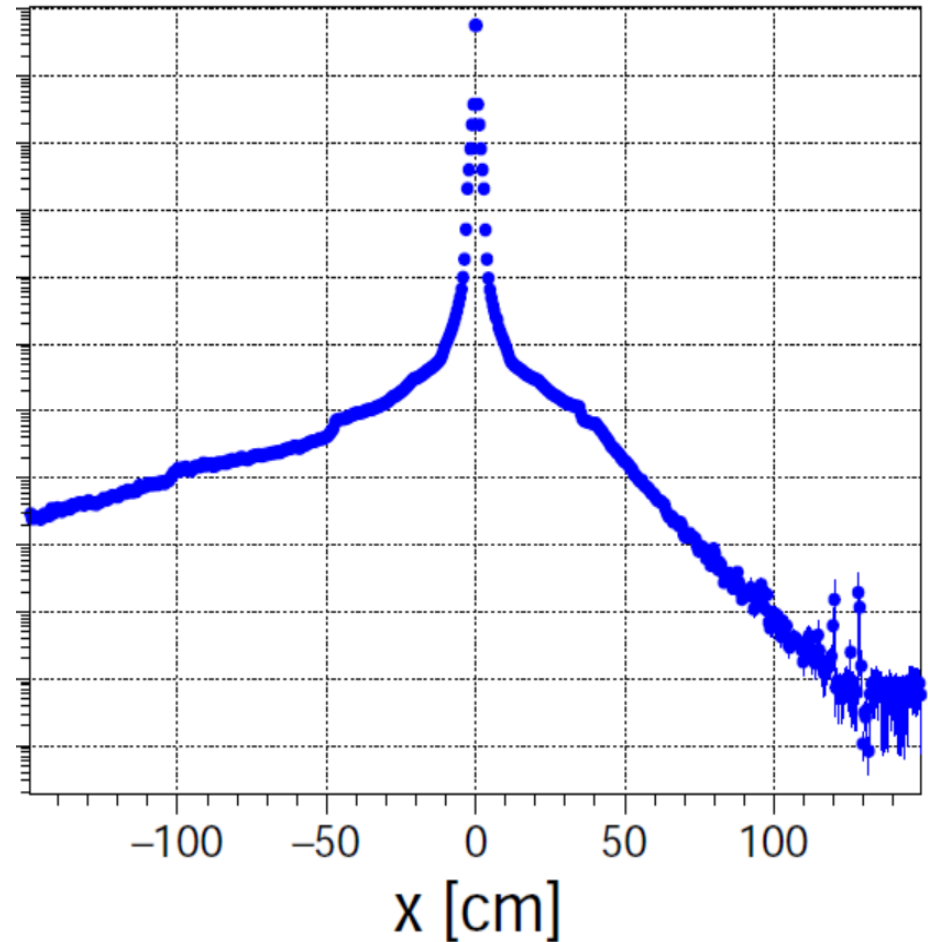
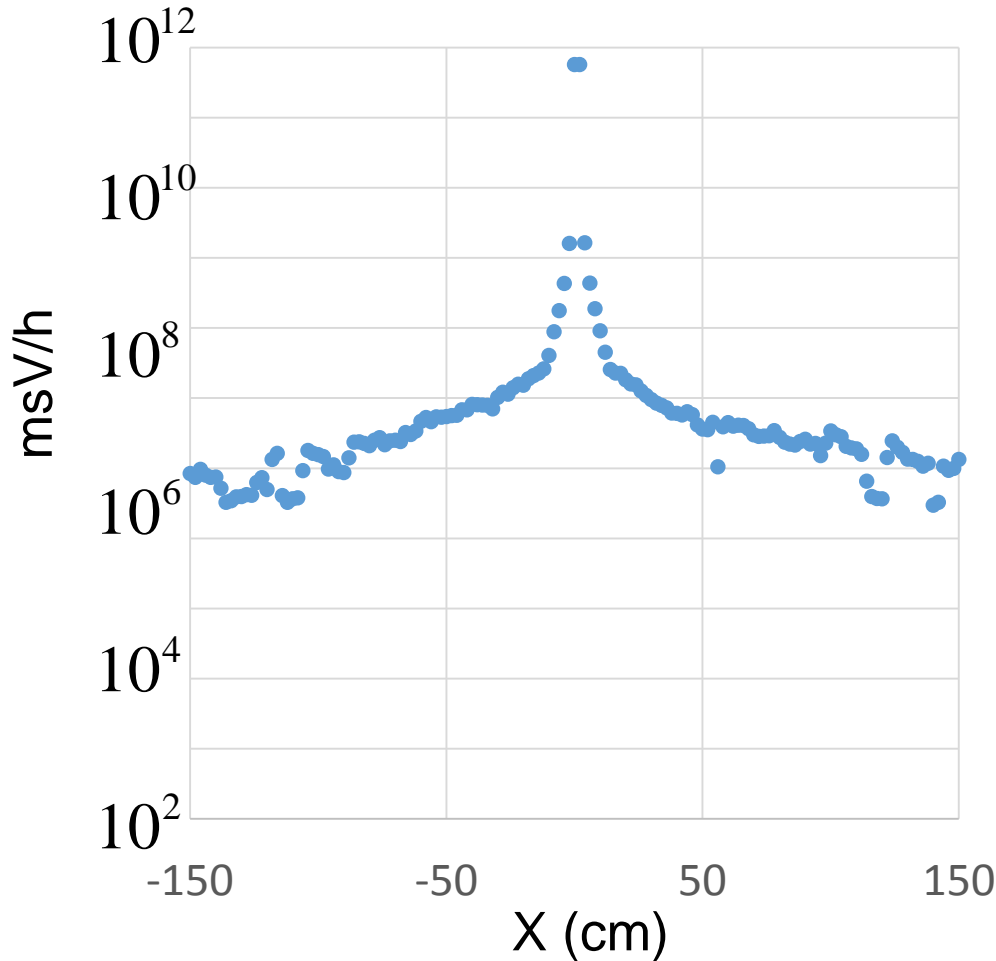
Particles hitting the RF surface



Simulation of low energy particles is tricky

Effective Dose(2600 bunch at LCWS2015)

Ushakov LCWS2015



Electron driven and undualtor: radiation levels are more or less the same
Deference at $x > 50$ cm due to difference of materials around the target

Effective Dose (2600 bunches at LCWS2015)

