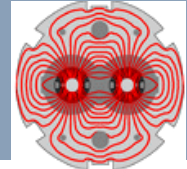
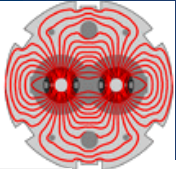


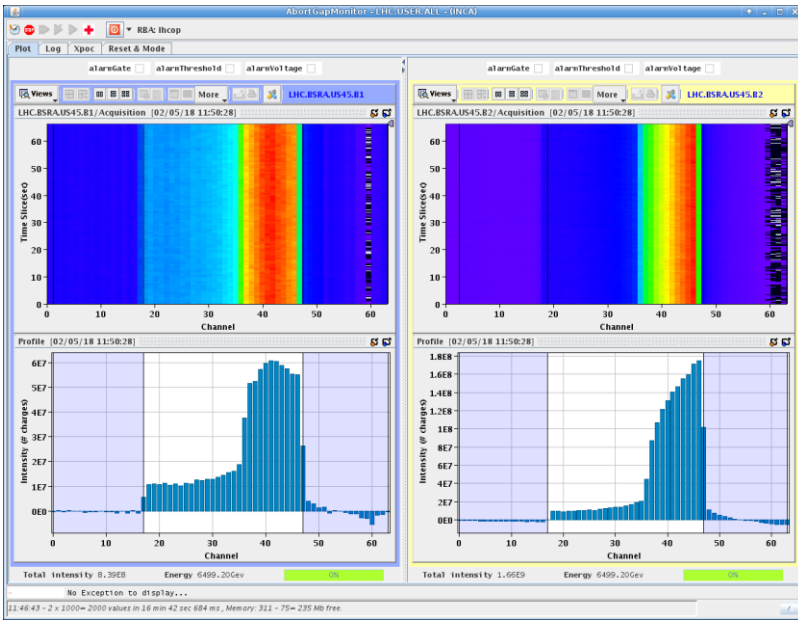
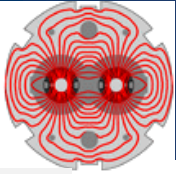
Abort gap cleaning in 2018

D. Valuch, J. Wenninger



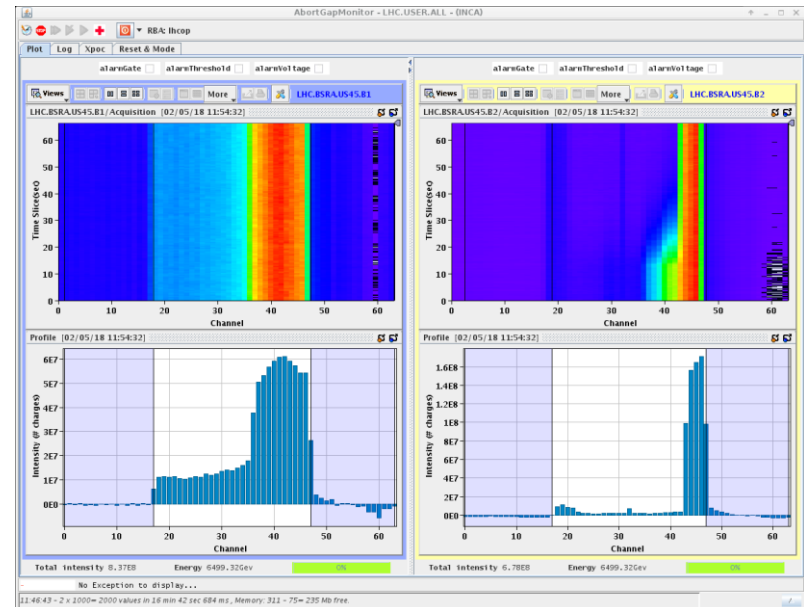
- ❑ During run 1 the abort gap cleaning at FT was tuned to avoid impacting the luminosity and bunches adjacent to the AG (basically the first buckets after the AG, i.e buckets $\sim 1 - 100$).
 - In view of continuous operation of AG cleaning during a fill.
- ❑ The same strategy was so far reused in run 2.
- ❑ To minimize the impact on the first buckets, the cleaning action did not cover the full abort gap (only $\sim 3/4$), the last $1/4$ on the bucket 1 side was not affected by the AG cleaning.
 - As a consequence, protons in that part of the AG were locked in place and could not be cleaned.
 - On some occasions this lead to a population $>$ AG cleaning limit, but not cleanable because out of AG cleaning reach.

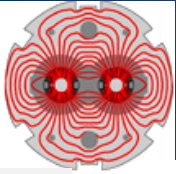
Example 02.05.2018



- Abort gap population before cleaning.

- Cleaning of B1 with old / run 1 style cleaning range.
 - Clear uncleanable region.



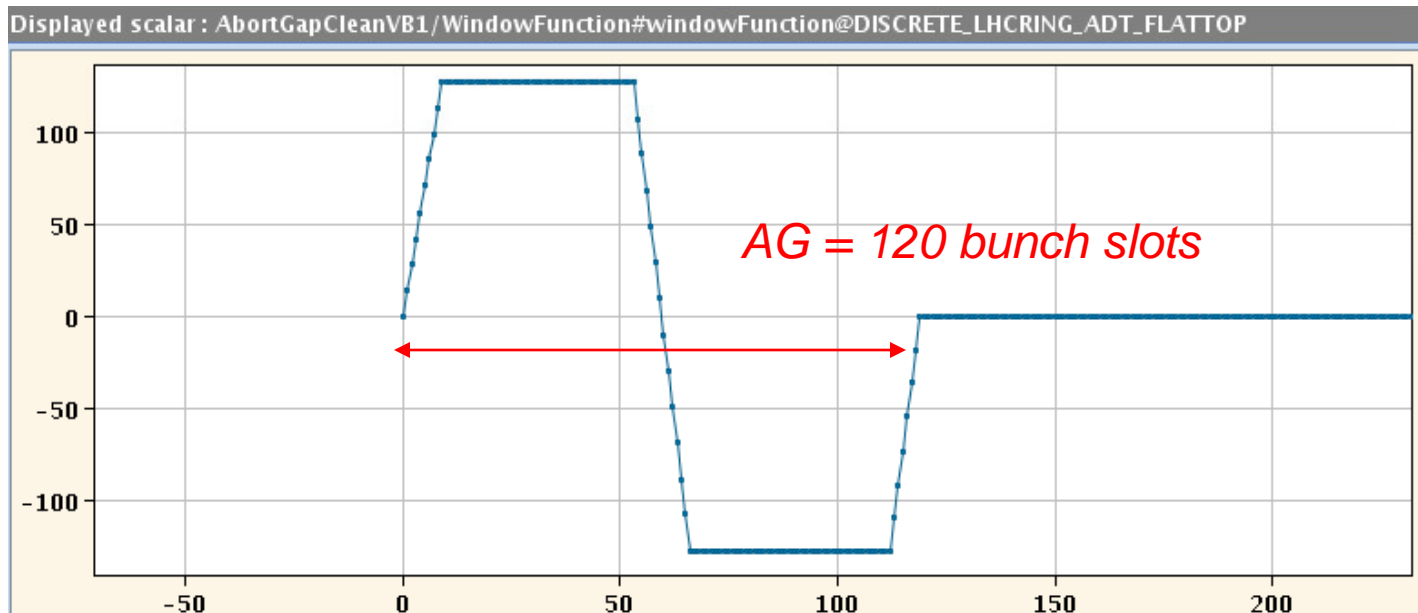


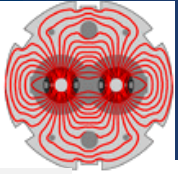
Abort gap cleaning



- Since in the large majority of cases the AG population is static, cleaning is only required for a few minutes.
 - One can be more relaxed concerning side effects.
- The cleaning range was extended to cover the full AG, no impact was observed on bucket 51 (bunch slot 6).

New cleaning amplitude envelope

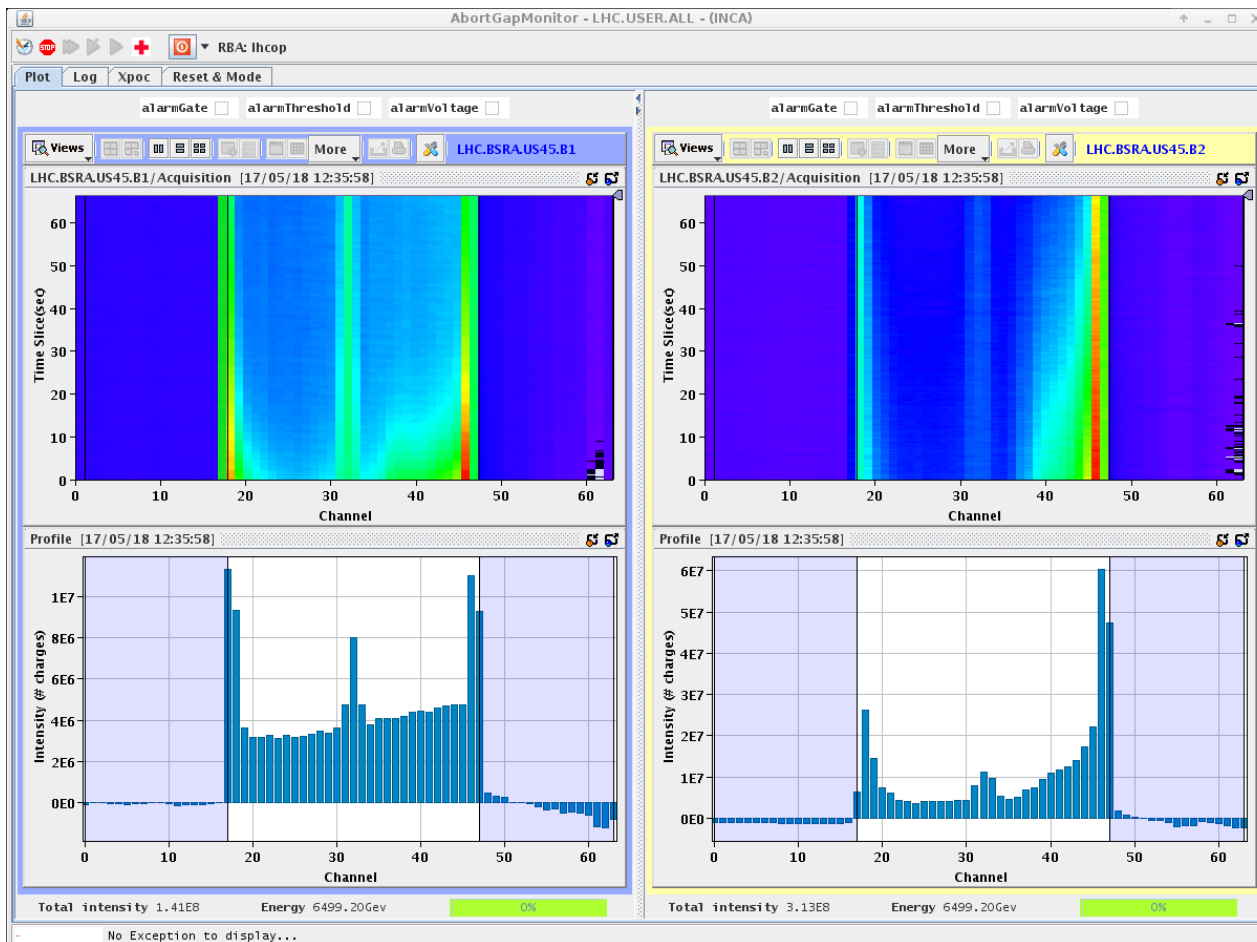


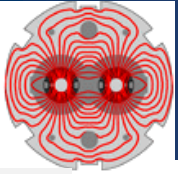


Cleaning example



- The cleaning covers now ~ the entire AG.
 - The central bin requires a longer time to clean,
 - Some residual on the edges (also clean very very slowly...).





Cleaning example



- We currently have typically $5E8$ to $2E9$ protons in the AG – static distribution.
- After cleaning for 2-3 minutes the population is reduced to $< 2E8$ protons.

